

New National Accounts 1988-1996

ESA 95

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DANMARKS
STATISTIK

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New National Accounts

1988-1996

ESA 95

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- Nil

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Due to rounding, the figures given for individual items do not necessarily add up to the corresponding totals shown.

Preface

In 1993 the UN's statistical commission adopted a new set of international guidelines for the compilation of national accounts. The adoption followed almost ten years of discussion among experts. All the OECD countries plan to change to the definitions and classifications of the new national accounts manual System of National Accounts (SNA93) within the next couple of years. The national accounts are the principal supplier of data for macroeconomic analyses. In order to assure international comparability it is therefore essential that all countries follow the same definitions in their national accounts.

Statistics Denmark decided in 1993 to initiate a general revision of the Danish national accounting system. This decision was taken both in order to ensure conformity with the new international guidelines and because more than 15 years had elapsed since the last systematic scrutiny of sources and methods underlying the national accounts. The result of the general revision, which is presented in this publication, is a new national accounting system based on the definitions in the new manuals, updated sources and methods, new classifications and a more recent base year for the figures at constant prices.

The development of the new national accounting system has involved several statisticians in the economic statistics directorate to a varying extent. The following present or former staff of the two units National Accounts and Finance and Prices have contributed to the construction of the new compilation system: Head of section Annette Thomsen (supply and use tables, main aggregates, public corporations), head of section Christoffer Eff (supply and use tables, software development, transition to NACE Rev.1 industries), head of section Therkild Therkildsen (accounting statistics database, private enterprises except manufacturing, institutional sectors), adviser, now head of unit Rewal Schmidt Sørensen (software and database design, manufacturing industries, product balancing software), adviser Carsten Petersen (general government), software specialist Annelise Northved Elf (software development), head of section Timmi Rølle Graversen (calculations at constant prices), head of section Morten Hjulsager (compensation of employees, employment), graduate student, now stock market analyst Svend Bang (dwellings, input of services), graduate student, now head of section Annette Søberg Roed (private consumption, retail trade margins), adviser Leo Meyer (monetary financial institutions), head of section Hans Bjering (other financial intermediaries), head of section Michael Osterwald-Lenum (insurance, accrued interest on bonds), adviser Tim Folke (symmetrical input-output tables), head of section Charlotte Lomholt (rest of the world account), graduate student Lasse Bergqvist Rasmussen (industry conversion keys), head of section Pernille Bang (conversion keys for consumption), head of section Søren Pedersen (dwellings), head of section, now research associate Frank Rasmussen (construction prices).

Statistics Denmark, September 1997

Jan Plovsing
/ Esben Dalgaard

Forord

I 1993 vedtog FN's statistiske kommission efter næsten 10 års forudgående ekspert-drøftelser et nyt sæt internationale retningslinier for opstilling af nationalregnskaber. Alle OECD-lande planlægger i løbet af de næste par år at gå over til definitionerne og klassifikationerne i den nye nationalregnskabsmanual System of National Accounts (SNA93). Af hensyn til international sammenlignelighed af nationalregnskabsdata, der udgør det centrale datagrundlag for makroøkonomiske analyser, er det afgørende, at alle lande følger et fælles sæt definitioner i nationalregnskabsopgørelserne.

Både for at sikre, at det danske nationalregnskab blev omlagt i overensstemmelse med de nye internationale normer, og fordi der var forløbet mere end 15 år siden den sidste systematiske gennemgang af kilder og metoder bag nationalregnskabet, besluttede Danmarks Statistik i 1993 at igangsætte en hovedrevision af det danske beregningssystem. Resultatet heraf, som fremlægges i denne publikation, er et nyt nationalregnskabssystem baseret på definitioner i overensstemmelse med de nye manualler, ajourførte kilder og metoder, nye klassifikationer samt et fremrykket basisår for fastprisberegningerne.

Udviklingen af det nye nationalregnskab har i større eller mindre omfang involveret mange medarbejdere i afdelingen for økonomisk statistik. Følgende nuværende og tidligere medarbejdere i Nationalregnskab samt Finanser og Priser har bidraget til udviklingen af det nye beregningssystem: Fuldmægtig Annette Thomsen (tilgangs- og anvendelsesmatricer, forsyningsbalance, offentligt kontrollerede selskaber), fuldmægtig Christoffer Eff (tilgangs- og anvendelsesmatricer, edb-systemer, overgang til DB93-brancher), fuldmægtig Therkild Therkildsen (regnskabsstatistisk database, private byerhverv ekskl. industri, institutionelle sektorer), specialkonsulent, nu kontorchef Rewal Schmidt Sørensen (overordnet edb-planlægning, industriberegninger, afstemningssystemer), specialkonsulent Carsten Petersen (offentlig forvaltning og service), programør/planlægger Annelise Northved Elf (programudvikling), fuldmægtig Timmi Rølle Graversen (fastprisberegninger), fuldmægtig Morten Hjulsager (løn og beskæftigelse), stud. polit., nu aktieanalytiker Svend Bang (boligberegninger, tjenesteinput), stud. polit., nu fuldmægtig Annette Søberg Roed (privat konsum, detailavancer), konsulent Leo Meyer (pengeinstitutter), fuldmægtig Hans Bjering (øvrige kreditinstitutioner), fuldmægtig Michael Osterwald-Lenum (forsikringsselskaber, emissionskurstab), konsulent Tim Folke (symmetriske input-output tabeller), fuldmægtig Charlotte Lomholt (konto for udlandet), stud. polit. Lasse Bergqvist Rasmussen (branchekonverteringsnøgler), fuldmægtig Pernille Bang (konsumkonverteringsnøgler), fuldmægtig Søren Pedersen (boligberegninger), fuldmægtig, nu forskningsstipendiat Frank Rasmussen (kvadratmeterpriser).

Danmarks Statistik, september 1997

Jan Plovsing
/ Esben Dalgaard

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New national accounts 1988 - 1996

ESA 95

1. Background

First in the EU

With this publication, Statistics Denmark has become the first statistical organisation in the EU to produce new national accounts compiled in accordance with the guidelines set out in the new European System of Accounts, ESA 95. Under Council Regulation (EC) No 2223/96, the EU countries are obliged to apply the ESA 95 by April 1999 at the latest. This new European System of Accounts is the European version of the UN's world-wide System of National Accounts (SNA 93) which was approved by the UN Statistical Commission in February 1993. Over the next few years, all major industrial countries outside the EU will change their national accounts to comply with the definitions in the SNA 93. So far, Norway is the only OECD country to have completed the changeover. The European system is fully consistent with the SNA 93, but is in several instances more precise. The greater precision in ESA 95 is necessary owing to the greater requirements for international comparability within the EU, where national accounts figures are used in a wide range of administrative and economic policy contexts. Generally speaking, the national accounts make up the core statistical data for macroeconomic analyses. In order to achieve international comparability, it is therefore essential for all countries to compile their accounts according to the same definitions.

Combination of four changes

In addition to the changeover to the new international guidelines, the new Danish national accounts incorporate three other changes, namely:

- a revision of sources and methods;
- new classifications;
- the changeover to 1990 as the base year for calculations at constant prices.

Consideration for users

Out of consideration for the users, Statistics Denmark chose to combine the above four changes into a single major round of revisions. The reasoning behind this decision was that the discontinuities in the time series which inevitably arise with any reorganisation of national accounts would be kept to a minimum. National accounts users would be able to undertake the necessary adaptations to their own computer systems for analysing the data in one single round, instead of several times over as would be the case with partial revisions. This publication presents consistent time series for the period 1988-96 in line with the new national accounts system. Under the ESA 95 Regulation, consistent time series back to 1970 must be compiled by the end of 1999. In Denmark's case the new series will go back to 1966, which was the first year for the national accounts system used hitherto. Work on extrapolating the time series back is expected to begin by the end of this year (1997).

Revision of sources and methods

Like the statistical offices of most other countries, Statistics Denmark decided to combine the changeover to the new international guidelines with a major revision of all sources and methods of calculation underlying the national accounts estimates. The figures published here are thus the result of a complete recalculation based on primary statistical data at the most detailed level and newly developed calculation

systems using the latest computer technology. All the new and improved basic statistics that have been introduced in the field of economic statistics over the past few years have been used more systematically than was possible in the previous national accounts. The same applies to the new business register. The present calculations are thus only to a very limited extent based on previous national accounts estimates. The sources and methods used to determine the levels of the individual variables in the previous national accounts - first published in 1978 (cf. Statistiske Efterretninger 1978, Series A, no 20) - were for the most part established at the end of the 1970s.

Levels and growth rates

Although the previous national accounts system did attempt to incorporate some new primary statistics as they became available, this was generally possible only as regards growth rates in the individual variables and not with respect to levels. In a system where national accounts figures are being produced continuously, compiling growth rates for the economy as accurately as possible must be the primary consideration. If - as a result of the emergence of new information, for example - it becomes clear that the level of a time series for a given variable is wrong, in an ongoing system it will not normally be possible to incorporate the new information about the correct level, since the result would be misleading growth rates. Instead, one has to make do with including the new source when previous levels are projected. A major revision including a complete overhaul of sources and methods is, however, an opportunity to examine all levels critically, so that recognised problems are eliminated and time series may be compiled in which both levels and growth rates are estimated as accurately as possible using the information available in the basic statistics.

Frequency of revisions of sources and methods

Since the vast majority of the levels in the previous national accounts were established at the end of the 1970s, over the years there has been a clear and increasingly urgent need for problems to be corrected. In some instances, also, the previous calculations contained such judgmental elements that improvements were desirable from the point of view of compiling GNI, which is the basis for a substantial part of Denmark's contribution to the EU. In principle, the sources and methods underlying the national accounts should be subject to critical analysis at least every ten years, the most common interval for major revisions in those countries with highly developed statistical systems, with which Denmark is usually compared. Owing to a combination of scarce resources and an urgent need to extend the scope of the national accounts by filling in gaps in the system, for which there has been great demand for the purposes of economic analyses, the last major revision was carried out almost 20 years ago. Over the past 10 - 15 years, priority has had to be given to compiling quarterly national accounts, implementing the GNP Directive in connection with EU own resources, expanding the system for the institutional sectors, investment matrices, capital stock and depreciation estimates. It is only since the mid-1990's that resources have been invested in the major revision, an extremely large-scale project. The new system published in this book is the fourth Danish system since work on compiling national accounts began in Denmark in 1935. The first publications for the three earlier systems were in 1945, 1962 and 1978 respectively.

New classifications

The new Danish national accounts work with a new classification of industries and a new grouping of household consumption. The new classification of industries is based on the DB 93, which is the Danish version of the EU's NACE Rev. 1 nomenclature, which in turn is the European version of the UN's classification of industries ISIC Rev. 3. Once all the OECD countries have adopted the new classification, internationally comparable statistics by industry covering the OECD area will be available for the first time. The EU countries have hitherto used their own classification of industries which differed from the earlier UN classification.

**Classification
of industries
based on DB 93...**

As from the 1993 reference year, primary statistics changed over to Statistics Denmark's new classification of industries, DB 93. By the very nature of things, national accounts are the last statistics in which an industry classification can change. With the introduction of this new classification, the national accounts are once again directly compatible with the primary statistics at the level of industry groupings. The new national accounts work with four standard groupings, of 130, 53, 27 and 9 industries. The last three of these are identical with Statistics Denmark's standard groupings, although the branch »Uoplyst« [= »No information available«] naturally does not occur in the national accounts. On the other hand, there is a notional industry for financial intermediation services indirectly measured (interest margins) - cf. Chapter 2.

**...but with a different
degree of detail**

The 130 grouping is based on the standard grouping of 111 industries, but there are certain differences and subdivisions required, inter alia, for the compilation of supply and use tables, input-output analyses and environment-related analyses.

**New grouping of
household
consumption**

In the new national accounts, household consumption is grouped according to the COICOP (Classification of Individual Consumption by Purpose), an international classification which is an integral part of the ESA 95 and the SNA 93. The same classification is used in the new household budget survey, for example, and will later be incorporated into the consumer price index. At the most detailed level, the new national accounts contain 72 headings for household consumption by purpose.

**Change of base
year for constant
price calculations**

In the new Danish national accounts, the base year for calculations at constant prices is 1990 as opposed to 1980 in the old system. The change of base year means that the constant price calculations provide a more accurate picture of growth in the economy than the old time series at 1980 prices. The weights used in compiling index series at constant prices are determined by the relative prices in the base year. As the relative prices in the new base year 1990 are closer to the relative price structure over the period 1988-1996 than the relative prices in the old base year 1980, the new time series at 1990 prices provide a better measure of growth rates over the entire period from an economic point of view. In addition to the change of base year, a number of improvements have been made in the constant price calculations, notably with respect to computers and other IT equipment and financial services.

**Provisional and
final figures**

The figures in this first publication of the new national accounts system are final figures for years 1988 to 1992, for which new calculations have been made on the basis of primary statistical data at the most detailed level. For these final years, supply and use are balanced in a detailed commodity-flow system which describes the supply and use of over 2,700 products at 6 different value levels (basic prices, wholesale trade margins, retail trade margins, net taxes on products excluding VAT, non-refundable VAT and purchasers' prices including non-refundable VAT).

The figures for 1993 - 1996 are provisional. As a rule, they have been compiled by extrapolating the new levels of the variables with changes in corresponding variables in the provisional national accounts constructed according to the previous system, after conversion of the data to the new classification of industries and individual consumption by purpose and with a balancing of supply and use at a more aggregate level. However, in several instances new primary statistics have been incorporated into the levels of the various components and the calculations for some industries have been carried out at a more detailed level than in the previous provisional national accounts. Similarly, in connection with the extrapolation, adjustments have been made as far as possible for differences in the definitions of the two sets of accounts. Efforts have also been made to incorporate the effect of the change in base

year for constant price calculations. Final figures for 1993 and 1994 compiled in line with the new national accounts system, with the associated input-output tables, are currently being processed.

2. New definitions in the national accounts

Previous national accounts compiled according to the SNA 1968

The new European system of accounts, ESA 95, uses several definitions which are different from those used in the old European system, ESA 79. The former Danish national accounts were compiled according to the guidelines in the old version of the UN national accounts manual, the SNA 68. The earlier edition of the European system, ESA 79, differs in only a few but important instances from the SNA 68. In the vast majority of cases, the definitions in the two versions match. Thus the vast majority of the definitional changes which now occur in Denmark with the change-over to ESA 95 also apply in those countries - primarily the six original Community countries - which up to now have been applying the ESA 79 in their official national estimates.

Continuity

It should be made clear from the outset that the new national accounts system is basically an update of the SNA 68/ESA 79, intended primarily to produce a better description of economic phenomena which either did not exist or were of little importance 20 to 30 years ago, such as software and financial leasing. In addition, there are cases - the lifetime of roads and bridges, for example - where it is now recognised that the previous conventions lead to unrealistic results. Basically, the new international manuals view the economy from the same perspective as the old manuals. The new system is first and foremost fuller, in that it goes all the way to the closing balance sheet, and it is geared to a greater extent to a description of an economy whose most important activity is the production of services.

Changes in definitions which may or may not affect GNI

Many of the changes in definition from the SNA 68/ESA 79 to ESA 95 have an impact on the main aggregates in general and on GDP and GNI in particular. In addition, there are a number of definitional changes which affect only the tables by industry or the sector accounts and not the economy as a whole. The former changes are the more important, of course, and the comments which follow will refer mainly to changes which have an effect on GDP or GNI. In order to ensure that the changes in the new European system are interpreted in the same way by everyone, the Commission, on the basis of a unanimous recommendation from the GNP Committee, which consists of Member States' representatives, adopted a Decision (97/178/EC, Euratom) which includes an exhaustive list of definitional changes which may affect GDP or GNI, and also presents an in-depth analysis of the effects throughout the system of accounts. This Commission Decision ensures that the EU countries are in full agreement as regards the principles for the changeover to the new system. The statistical implementation of these principles is, of course, a different matter, which will inevitably depend on the primary statistics available in the different countries. It is likely that the above Commission Decision will also be considered as normative by countries outside the EU.

The consequence of these changes for Danish figures

Those changes in definition which are of particular interest will be discussed below. Only the most important aspects will be dealt with here. For a more detailed analysis, reference should be made to the above-mentioned Commission Decision which was published in Official Journal No L 75 of 15 March 1997 and lists 23 points. There are a further three changes on which agreement was not reached until June 1997 and which will become binding at a later stage when the Decision is updated. The 26 definitional changes which will potentially affect GDP or GNI are given below, in the order in which they appear in the Commission Decision.

Construction in the rest of the world

1. Residence criteria

The most important change here is that investments (capital formation) in buildings and structures in country B by corporations or quasi-corporations resident in country A will in every case be considered as output in country B regardless of extent or duration. Denmark has always complied at national level with this principle, which has now become the rule in the ESA 95, and there is therefore no change compared with the previous accounts.

Interest margins

2. Financial intermediation services indirectly measured (FISIM)

Financial intermediation services, which are not paid for directly via charges but indirectly via interest margins, i.e. the difference between the lending and the borrowing rate of interest, will for the time being continue to be recorded in the national accounts as an input for a notional industry and sector which is therefore not included in GDP. The ESA 95 recommends that, wherever possible, the interest margin should be allocated to users such that the share which goes to final uses as consumption or net exports is included in GDP, as is the case with all other products. In principle, this improves the comparability of the GDP figures both over time and from one country to another. At EU level, however, it has been agreed that this breakdown should not be introduced straightforwardly, since there have been insufficient large-scale empirical analyses of the effect on the robustness of the time series. A Council Regulation is expected to be approved by the end of 1997, obliging the EU countries to make and to report this breakdown as a supplement to the official national accounts for a five-year trial period, after which the Council will reach a final Decision on the treatment of interest margins in the national accounts compiled according to the ESA 95. If the Council decides on a breakdown, there will have to be a small-scale partial revision of the national accounts in 2002. Provisional results indicate that the effect on GDP of a breakdown of interest margins will be between +1.5 and 2.5 percent.

Now an economically meaningful output value

3. Insurance

The new element here is that the output of insurance services includes the revenues from the corporations' investments of insurance technical reserves whether the insurance is life or non-life and not, as in the old system, only in the case of certain life insurance reserves. This change means that the figures are much more meaningful in economic terms, in keeping with the way in which the insurance industry and its customers view its activity, and either the chronically negative operating surplus arising under the old principles is reduced or it becomes positive. Effect on the 1992 level: a DKK 2,206 million or 0.26 percent increase in GDP.

Reinvestment of earnings in foreign subsidiaries

4. Reinvested earnings on foreign direct investment

Foreign direct investments comprise investments in foreign enterprises where the owner's share is more than 10 percent of the total voting stock. According to the ESA 95, the reinvested profits of foreign direct investments are included in estimates of flows of property income to and from the rest of the world. In the previous national accounts, only profits paid out to and from the rest of the world were included in the distribution of income account and the rest of the world account.

It should be emphasised that reinvested profits are seen as property income only in relation to foreign direct investments and not internally within the national economy, where they will be included in the net saving of the corporation earning the profit. The reason for the exception in the case of foreign direct investments is the desire to present a true picture of gross national income in cases where there are large foreign debts or large net financial claims abroad in the form of direct investments. Under these circumstances, the previous national accounts system could give a misleading

picture of the distribution of income from one country to another. Since Denmark's net position with regard to foreign direct investments is more or less neutral, this change does not greatly affect its figures.

Effect on the 1992 level: a DKK 150 million increase in net property income to the rest of the world, corresponding to 0.02 percent of GDP.

5. Interest received and paid

Actual interest in the national accounts

In the previous system, interest received was recorded when it became due, and not on an accrual basis. According to the ESA 95, interest received is to be recorded as it accrues, i.e. in accordance with the concept of effective interest rate. Effect on net property income to the rest of the world in 1992: nil.

6. Cultivated natural growth of plants and animals for slaughter

Agricultural production as an ongoing process

In the previous national accounts, the output value of agricultural crops was recorded as at the time of the harvest, forestry output as on the date of felling and the output of the agricultural sector in the form of animals for slaughter on the date on which the animals were sold or slaughtered. According to the ESA 95, on the other hand, production is to be considered as an ongoing process of growth whereby the growth in the biological mass of plants and animals over the period in question makes up the output of that period, which during the process of production is counted on the uses side as increases in inventories in the work-in-progress category, and when the process is completed as stocks of finished goods. When this output is sold or consumed, there is a corresponding reduction in inventories. Since the vast majority of the crops produced by the agricultural sector in Denmark are harvested in the calendar year in which they grow, this has no effect on the annual national accounts, but it does have a marked effect on non-seasonally adjusted quarterly national accounts, where virtually all the crop output has until now been shown in the third quarter. Where animal production is concerned, sales of animals for slaughter are considered for the time being to be a good approximation of output on an annual basis. If there are drastic changes in stocks of pigs and cattle, the output value will henceforth be calculated in a different manner from the sales value of animals for slaughter. For forestry, the effect of the definitional change for the years 1988-96 has not been calculated. In those years, the area under forestry was fairly stable, and there was little felling due to storm damage. If there are marked changes in the area under forestry or a great deal of felling because of storm damage, the output value of forestry will henceforth not be the same as the value of the year's felling. Effect on the 1992 level: nil in annual terms.

7. Software and large databases

Software as capital formation

In the previous national accounts, all purchased software other than pre-installed software supplied with hardware was counted as intermediate consumption. Pre-installed software was considered as capital formation (machinery) and recorded under capital formation together with the hardware on which it was installed. Similarly, own output of software was considered in the previous national accounts as an ancillary service which did not give rise to capital formation. According to the ESA 95, all purchases of software are to be considered as capital formation and own development of software and large databases shall be capitalised in all cases where the amounts involved are significant. Effect on the 1992 level: GDP up by DKK 7,634 million or 0.89 percent, gross fixed capital formation up by DKK 7,936 million or 5.93 percent.

Now capital formation for defence

Services may now give rise to changes in inventories

Research expenditure as capital formation

Depreciation on roads now included in government consumption

8. Military durables

Under the previous national accounts system, all purchases of durable goods by military authorities were by definition counted as intermediate consumption. According to the ESA 95, durable goods over a certain value - apart from weapons systems which, by convention, will continue to be considered as intermediate consumption - are considered as capital formation in line with the rule governing all other industries. Since defence is general government non-market production, where the output value is compiled from the costs point of view, the effect on GDP is equal to the resulting change in the consumption of fixed capital, whilst government consumption changes by the amount of the difference between the reclassified purchase of goods and the change in the consumption of fixed capital. Effect on the 1992 level: GDP up by DKK 520 million or 0.06 percent, government consumption down by DKK 188 million or 0.09 percent and gross fixed capital formation up by DKK 708 million or 0.53 percent.

9. Work in progress on services

In the previous national accounts, only the production of goods was considered as a process giving rise to stocks of products consisting of work-in-progress. In contrast, the output of services was recorded in connection with the supply of the final product. According to the ESA 95, services are to be dealt with in exactly the same way as goods. For example, the output of the services of consultant engineers on projects extending over several periods is to be recorded on the basis of the activity in the individual periods. In the absence of primary statistics supplying information on major ongoing projects involving consultant architects and engineers etc., it has not been possible to quantify the effect of the change explicitly. Since the main source for the relevant industries in the new national accounts is now business accounts, which will in many cases use an activity point of view when compiling results, it may be expected that business services activity in the branches in question will in the main be periodised in accordance with the principles set out in the ESA 95, even though, when none of the necessary primary statistics are available, it will not be possible for the time being to record services under uses as changes in inventories.

10. Mineral exploration expenditures

In the previous national accounts, all expenditures on the sinking of wells for the extraction of oil, gas etc. incurred prior to a decision to work a given deposit were regarded as intermediate consumption. Expenditures after the decision to work the deposit were recorded as gross fixed capital formation. In the new national accounts, all expenditures on mineral exploration are regarded as gross fixed capital formation. This latter figure is thus increased by an amount corresponding to exploration expenditure prior to the decision to work the deposit and thus, in particular, includes expenditure on abortive research under gross fixed capital formation. The reasoning behind this is that experience has shown that a certain percentage of research leads to the discovery of commercially exploitable deposits. Effect on the 1992 level: GDP up by DKK 928 million or 0.11 percent and gross fixed capital formation up by DKK 928 million or 0.69 percent.

11. Consumption of fixed capital on roads, bridges, dams, etc.

In the previous national accounts, no consumption of fixed capital was calculated for roads, bridges, dams, etc., since this type of capital good was considered to have an infinite life time, provided that it was maintained. According to the ESA 95, these fixed capital goods have a finite lifetime, and consequently the consumption of fixed capital has to be calculated, to be included in the estimate of the value of government non-market output from the costs points of view. Since roads and bridges etc. make up a large share of the capital stock of the general government sector, this

change in definition alone will mean a substantial upward adjustment in government consumption. Effect on the 1992 level: GDP up by DKK 6,567 million or 0.77 percent and government consumption up by DKK 6,567 million or 3.00 percent.

12. Government licences and fees

**If these are fees
for services, they
are not taxes**

In the previous national accounts, payments to public authorities in connection with permits and authorisations etc. were considered as taxes when the permits were compulsory in all cases where they could be used by the unit which paid for them. This was the case with both fees paid by households in their capacity as consumers - for passports and driving licences, for example - and safety checks etc. paid for by business enterprises. According to the ESA 95, these fees are to be considered as payment for services unless the permit is granted absolutely automatically upon payment and has no connection with any check or monitoring function, or the payment is out of all proportion to the cost of the checks carried out, in which case the payments continue to be considered as taxes. Where Denmark is concerned, most of the fees which have hitherto been considered to be taxes are reclassified as sales of services from government non-market units. This change in treatment leads to a drop in government consumption and a corresponding increase in intermediate consumption or in household consumption depending on whether the fees are paid by producers or consumers. Effect on the 1992 level: GDP down by DKK 1,618 million or 0.19 percent, government consumption down by DKK 2,102 million or 0.96 percent.

13. Valuation of output for own final use etc.

**Element of surplus
in the value of fixed
assets constructed
on own account**

In the previous national accounts, the value of the production of fixed assets on own account was recorded as the value of wages and materials used with no extra amount representing an element of net surplus. According to the ESA 95, wherever possible an extra amount should be added for the customary net operating surplus. Effect on the 1992 level: GDP up by DKK 294 million or 0.03 percent and gross fixed capital formation up by DKK 294 million or 0.22 percent.

14. Value threshold for capital goods

**Many small purchases
included as inputs**

In the previous national accounts, all durable goods purchased by producers with an expected use in production over a period longer than one year were recorded under fixed capital formation, provided that their value exceeded a threshold of ECU 100 in 1970 prices. This threshold applies to individual orders and not the individual goods in an order. Small purchases below the threshold were by definition considered to be intermediate consumption. In the ESA 95, the value threshold for intermediate consumption was fixed at ECU 500 in 1995 prices, an upward shift in real terms. Effect on the 1992 level: GDP down by DKK 1,425 million or 0.17 percent, government consumption up by DKK 918 million or 0.42 percent and gross fixed capital formation down by DKK 2,343 million or 1.75 percent.

15. Market/non-market criteria

Crucial dividing line

In the national accounts, the output value of non-market units is by convention recorded as the sum of production costs in the absence of market prices. The distinction between market and non-market producers is therefore a fundamental one in the national accounts.

**50 percent rule
now applies across
the board**

In the previous national accounts system, many activities (industries) were by definition considered to be either market or non-market. For the remainder consisting of certain service industries, a 50 percent criterion was used to classify the local kind-of-activity unit as a market producer if its income from sales covered over 50 percent of its costs, and otherwise as a non-market producer with an output value estimated using the costs approach. According to the ESA 95, the 50 percent rule is to

be applied throughout the economy regardless of the industry involved. This change in definitions means, for example, that heavily subsidised railway and bus companies may in the new system count as non-market producers, which, however, will not happen in Denmark's case for the time being. In Denmark, changes in definitions combined with the reclassification of government fees - c.f. point 12 - will mean, for example, that Finanstilsynet [the Danish Supervisory Authority for Financial Affairs] will be reclassified from a non-market producer in the general government sector to a market producer and a public quasi-corporation in the financial corporations sector. Effect on the 1992 level: GDP down by DKK 301 million or 0.04 percent and government consumption down by DKK 169 million or 0.08 percent.

Subsidies for public transport are now subsidies on products

16. Subsidies

The ESA 95 includes a few changes in definitions relating to subsidies which have a potential effect on GDP, and there is also a significant change in the delimitation of subsidies on products and other subsidies on production which has no effect on GDP. In Denmark's case, only the latter change is relevant. Hitherto, subsidies to cover the losses of publicly controlled corporations have been considered as other subsidies on production, i.e. not directly product-linked. According to the ESA 95, such subsidies are reclassified. For example, subsidies to the DSB [Danish State Railways] and public bus companies become subsidies on products and are included in output value at basic prices. Effect on the 1992 level: no effect on GDP, value added at basic prices up by DKK 4,507 million or 0.62 percent.

Two-stage process

17. Entertainment, literary and artistic originals

In the previous national accounts, the production of entertainment, literary and artistic originals etc. was not considered as production and accordingly royalty payments which authors etc. received for the right to use an original for copying were not considered as output of services. In the new national accounts, economic transactions connected with intellectual property rights are considered as a two-stage process: firstly, an original work such as a book, a musical composition or a computer program is created. This is considered as a produced intangible fixed asset, which yields a future flow of income on a par with a building or a machine. The value of the original is taken to be the present value of the expected future flow of income and is recorded as capital formation in the period in which the work was produced. Subsequently, ongoing royalty payments for the right to use the originals are considered to be sales of services produced in a process of production in which the original is included as capital stock. By analogy with other fixed assets, consumption of fixed capital is calculated for originals. Effect of capital formation for originals on the 1992 level: GDP up by DKK 778 million or 0.09 percent and gross fixed capital formation up by DKK 778 million or 0.58 percent.

Royalties now payments for services

18. Services associated with the use of entertainment, literary and artistic originals

The point at issue here is the royalty payments referred to above for the right to copy and distribute entertainment, literary and artistic originals. In the previous national accounts, these transactions were not considered as transactions relating to products but as distributive transactions in the category »income from land and intangible assets«. This was the logical consequence of not considering originals to be produced assets. In the new national accounts, these royalties are considered to be services. Effect on the 1992 level: no effect on GDP. Output value and intermediate consumption up by DKK 637 million.

Now an imputed rental value for garages, carports, etc.

Denmark has already been complying with the ESA 95 in this respect

Fringe benefits only exceptionally included in the previous national accounts

Royalties on patents now services

Denmark has already been complying in full with the ESA 95 principle

Financial leasing now treated as a loan

19. Garages

Hitherto, the rental value of separate garages and carports has not been included in the output value of dwellings. Garages were included only if they were part of the actual dwelling. According to the ESA 95, the rental value of separate garages, carports, etc. is to be included in the estimates of total actual and imputed rents of dwellings. Effect on the 1992 level: GDP up by DKK 2,448 million or 0.29 percent and household consumption up by DKK 2,448 million or 0.55 percent.

20. Car registration taxes paid by households

According to the old European system, the ESA 79, taxes on products could be paid only by producers and not by households in their capacity as consumers. As a result, that share of the car registration taxes etc. which belongs under private consumption should not, according to the ESA 79, be considered as taxes on products and thus included in GDP. In the ESA 95, all taxes linked to product transactions are defined as taxes on products regardless of who pays the tax. It is also explicitly stated that car registration taxes are taxes on products. Since the previous Danish national accounts already complied with the ESA 95 treatment in this respect, there is no change in the official Danish figures.

21. Wages and salaries in kind

According to the previous system, own-produced goods supplied to employees as payment were valued at production cost, the producer's profit by convention being equal to zero. According to the ESA 95, the value is now to be estimated at basic prices, i.e. including the usual element of net operating surplus. Since it was the exception in the previous national accounts (cf. Chapter 3) for payment in kind to be included in the compensation of employees, the effect of this change in definition cannot be quantified directly. The new national accounts include all fringe benefits and other payments in kind, and the calculation for own-produced goods is based on a valuation at basic prices, as required by the ESA 95.

22. Licences for the use of intangible non-produced assets

In the previous national accounts, payments on licences and patents were considered as distributive transactions, more precisely property income under the category »income from land and intangible assets«. In the new system they are treated as services. In the rest-of-the-world account, therefore, there is an increase in exports and imports of services with a corresponding drop in property income from or to the rest of the world. Effect on the 1992 level: GDP down by DKK 421 million or 0.05 percent, exports of services up by DKK 2,328 million or 4.32 percent and imports of services up by DKK 3,249 million or 6.99 percent.

23. Stamp taxes

According to the old European system, the ESA 79, stamp taxes were not taxes on products, which by convention they are in every case according to the ESA 95. Since the previous Danish national accounts already treated stamp taxes as taxes on products, there is no change in the official published national figures.

24. Financial leasing

In the previous national accounts, all payments on leasing contracts were treated as purchases or sales of services, regardless of whether the leasing was operating or financial. Operating leasing typically has a relatively short contract period and the lessor is responsible for repair and maintenance of the durable good in question. Financial leasing contracts, on the other hand, are usually for a protracted term. The lessee decides which durable goods the lessor shall purchase and is usually responsible for maintenance himself. According the ESA 95, payments on financial leasing

contracts are to be considered as consisting of principal repayments and interest, together with a (direct or indirect) payment to the leasing corporation for financial intermediation services. Whereas payments on financial leasing contracts in the previous national accounts were dealt with as 100 percent product transactions, in the new national accounts the interest share is treated as a distributive transaction and the capital repayment share as a financial transaction. Only payment for the financial intermediation service is treated as a product transaction. The new national accounts treatment of financial leasing is in line with international recommendations for the compilation of business accounts, which are expected to become accepted gradually by small companies as well as international concerns. Since the vast majority of payments on financial leasing contracts are made by units which are market producers, this change in definition implies first and foremost a substantial shift of output value, intermediate consumption and value added between industries, although the effect on GDP is minor. Effect on the 1992 level: GDP up by DKK 104 million or 0.01 percent.

25. Deep-discounted bonds, etc.

Economically meaningful estimate of interest

According to the ESA 95, all gains or losses on the issue prices of nominal bonds issued above or below par, together with index revaluations of the principal on index-linked bonds, are now to be treated as interest and recorded on an accrual basis, in other words, the effective rate of interest is estimated. In the previous national accounts, distributed losses on issue prices were generally treated as interest for the domestic sectors, but in the rest-of-the-world account only in the case of zero coupon and very short-term bonds. Furthermore, these discounts were distributed over time according to the repayment profile for the underlying bond loan, i.e. the effective rate of interest was not calculated. Any index revaluation of the principal of an index-linked loan was not included as interest in the previous national accounts. Effect on the 1992 level: interest, net, to the rest-of-the-world up by DKK 590 million or 0.07 percent of GDP.

26. Minor repair activity by owner-occupiers

Minor repairs and maintenance in owner-occupied dwellings now shown directly under final consumption

The ESA 95 states that minor, routine repair and maintenance work in owner-occupied dwellings, which corresponds to repair and maintenance expenditure which in rented dwellings is normally paid by the tenants, is to be recorded directly under private consumption, and thus not as an input in the dwellings branch. In the previous national accounts, expenditure on materials and craftsmen for these minor repairs was recorded as an input in the dwellings branch, but the calculated total rental for owner-occupied dwellings was also increased by the same amount, with the result that such expenditure on repairs was included in household consumption as a rental figure. As regards the main headings in the supply-use balance, the Danish treatment hitherto has been equivalent to that set out in the ESA 95. In the new national accounts, expenditure on minor repairs in owner-occupied dwellings is recorded directly under final uses as final household consumption in the new private consumption group 4300, regular repair and maintenance of the dwelling. Effect on the 1992 level: output value and intermediate consumption down by DKK 2,963 million.

Important changes in definition which have no effect on GDP

Apart from the above 26 changes in definitions covered by the Commission Decision in question because they may affect GDP or GNI, a few more changes in definition should be mentioned which, although they have no effect on GDP, do have a major impact on the published figures.

R & M paid by tenants now goes directly to final consumption

Refuse collection and insurance etc. now go directly to final consumption

Sickness benefits now go directly to final uses

Reclassification from final consumption to capital formation

I. Tenants' repair and maintenance

According to the ESA 95, tenants' expenditure on repairs in rented dwellings is to be considered as final household consumption. In the previous national accounts, such expenditure was treated as intermediate consumption in the dwellings branch, and when the output value was calculated, tenants' repairs and maintenance were added to actual rents paid. In this way, tenants' repairs and maintenance were recorded under final uses as private consumption by households in the final consumption group »Services produced by the ownership of dwellings«. As regards the main headings in the supply-use balance, this procedure is equivalent to the treatment in the ESA 95. Effect on the 1992 level: output value and intermediate consumption down by DKK 1,636 million.

II. Refuse collection, insurance, cleaning, chimney sweeping etc. for residential buildings

According to the ESA 95, these items are to be recorded directly under final uses as final household consumption provided that cleaning refers solely to the cleaning of staircases and communal areas. In the previous national accounts, they were considered as intermediate consumption in the »dwellings« branch. In the new national accounts, insurance on housing is recorded under uses in individual consumption group 9940, which covers all insurance. The other services are reported under uses in the new groups 4300, regular repair and maintenance of the dwelling and 4410, refuse collection, other services n.e.c. In Denmark, the above expenditure for rented housing is normally covered via rents, and thus the actual rents for rented dwellings and imputed rents for owner-occupied dwellings are reduced by the same amount. Effect on the 1992 level: output value and intermediate consumption down by DKK 5,375 million.

III. Social transfers in kind of market goods and services

The sickness benefits in question - e.g. medical or dental treatment or medicines - are purchased by the general government sector on the market and distributed to households in the form of full or partial payment to market producers for supplying certain specified products to households. Since these benefits are not included in any government production process, the ESA 95 states that the products shall be reported directly under final uses as government final consumption expenditure, i.e. not included in those branches which produce government services. In the previous national accounts, these benefits were first of all posted under intermediate consumption in the branches for government non-market production and then as the output of government non-market services which were reported under final uses as government final consumption. Consequently, total government final consumption expenditure is not affected by the change in treatment. Effect on the 1992 level: output value down by DKK 10,110 million or 0.74 percent, intermediate consumption down by DKK 10,110 million or 1.61 percent.

IV. Valuables

The ESA 95 introduces a totally new category for final uses known as net acquisitions of valuables. These are products acquired primarily as stores of value, and include precious metals, jewellery, genuine oriental carpets, paintings and antiques. Initially, this use is shown in the new main accounts under gross fixed capital formation, but it will be shown separately later. For the time being, the category is being shown separately in both the table of capital formation by type of goods and the input-output tables - see Tables 16 and 17 at the end of this publication. In Denmark's case, the reclassification is at present only from final consumption by households to the new uses category. Consequently, the change in definition has no effect on GDP. Effect on the 1992 level: private consumption down by DKK 2,012 million

or 0.45 percent and gross fixed capital formation up by DKK 2,012 million or 1.50 percent.

Imports and exports of goods now recorded in line with the general trade principle

In addition to the above-mentioned changes in definitions resulting from the changeover to the ESA 95, a different delimitation of exports and imports of goods has been introduced into the national accounts as a result of the changeover of external trade statistics to the general trade principle as from the 1993 reference year. The previous national accounts were based on the special trade principle for the year 1979 onwards. In contrast, the new national accounts are based on the general trade principle, which involves a delimitation of imports and exports which is broader in that goods placed in or removed from bonded warehouses etc. are recorded as imports or exports of goods in line with the general trade principle. This change became necessary with the reorganisation of external trade statistics in connection with the EU Single Market (Intrastat). Effect on the 1992 level: GDP up by DKK 775 million or 0.09 percent, imports of goods up by DKK 7,426 million or 3.63 percent, exports of goods up by DKK 6,394 million or 2.62 percent and changes in inventories up by DKK 1,808 million or 0.21 percent of GDP.

Summary table 1.

The effect of definitional changes on GDP and government consumption 1992

Definitional changes	GDP-effect	Effect on government consumption
	Pct.	
1 Residence criteria	-	-
2 Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	-	-
3 Insurance	0.26	-
4 Direct investment earnings	-	-
5 Interest income and interest expenditure	-	-
6 Cultivated natural growth and animals for slaughter	-	-
7 Software and large databases	0.89	-0.02
8 Military equipment and vehicles, other than weapons	0.06	-0.09
9 Work in progress on services	-	-
10 Mineral exploration expenditures	0.11	-
11 Consumption of fixed capital on roads, bridges, etc.	0.77	3.00
12 Government licences and fees	-0.19	-0.96
13 Valuation of output for own final use	0.03	
14 Value threshold for capital goods	-0.17	0.42
15 Market/non-market criteria	-0.04	-0.08
16 Subsidies	-	-
17 Entertainment, literary and artistic originals	0.09	-
18 Services assoc. w. the lic. to use entert., lit. and art. orig....	-	-
19 Garages	0.29	-
20 Car registration taxes paid by households	-	-
21 Wages and salaries in kind	-	-
22 Licences for the use of intangible non-produced assets	-0.05	-
23 Stamp taxes	-	-
24 Financial leasing	0.01	-
25 Deep-discounted bonds, etc.	-	-
26 Minor repair activity by owner-occupiers	-	-
27 Conversion from special trade to general trade	0.09	-
Total	2.16	2.27

3. New sources and methods

Aspect of revision requiring greatest resources

By far the most extensive procedure in a major national accounts revision is the systematic and critical analysis of sources and methods and the development of new systems of calculation based on the most detailed primary statistics. The main line of action here was to start with an analysis of areas where the previous national accounts were the least reliable or had the lowest level of coverage. The objective was to increase their reliability and coverage in the most cost-effective way. Thus an exhaustive list was compiled of all the new primary statistics which had either not

been used at all or not used to the full in the previous national accounts. The new calculation systems were then worked out on the basis of the need to exploit new primary economic statistics and the new business register effectively and at the same time ensure that all the major problems of levels identified in the previous calculations were solved. When priorities were decided for the use of resources, a quantitative approach was established, with improvements being ranked on the basis of how much they were expected to affect GDP.

Consistent definition of units

One of the fundamental requirements for optimum reliability and coverage in national accounts, bearing in mind the scope and quality of the primary statistics, is a consistent definition of the economic units involved. This ensures that all known production units are included in the calculations once and once only, i.e. there must be no omissions or double counting. This consistency must apply to the official sector of the economy, by far the larger sector. Special problems relating to the underground economy will be discussed later. In the previous national accounts, which had to do without systematic accounting statistics for a whole range of industries, primarily in services but also construction, it was not possible to fully document the transition from turnover and employment in the individual units as derived from the business register to the corresponding figures in the national accounts.

Now a fully documented link with the business register

The new national accounts have a verifiable link with the new business register. Where producers are concerned, they work with two basic units. For the compilation of output, intermediate consumption, taxes linked to production and subsidies, wages and salaries, employment, fixed capital formation and depreciation, the statistical unit is the local kind-of-activity unit. For the compilation of distributive and financial transactions, which cannot be divided up unambiguously among the individual kind-of-activity units belonging to a decision-making unit (enterprise), the unit is the larger institutional unit, which in most cases will be the same as the legal unit which is the enterprise. Both of these units in the new national accounts can be traced back to units in the new business register.

A few branches defined in terms of activity

In certain cases where it is particularly important to have homogeneous branches defined by activity, the new national accounts, like the previous ones, have a breakdown more closely geared to activities than the business register with its local kind-of-activity units. Thus the national accounts combine all trading activity into the activity-defined wholesale and retail trade industries, regardless of the industry in which the activity in question is classified in the primary statistics. The same applies to agricultural production etc., construction and motor vehicle repairs. With the exceptions already referred to, the statistical unit for the production and generation of income accounts is the local kind-of-activity unit. In the primary statistics, this unit is also referred to as the workplace. In everyday parlance it may also be known as the »business«.

Intermediate system with a common accounting plan

A major methodological innovation in the new national accounts is that all primary accounting statistics are converted to a common accounting plan before being transformed to national accounts concepts. This ensures that the conversion from the concepts of business accounts to the concepts used in national accounts is dealt with systematically and consistently. In the previous national accounts, the calculations for industries covered by accounting statistics were worked out separately for each industry on the basis of accounting plans for the individual industries which were often very different from one another.

Central accounting statistics database

Once an error check has been run on the primary statistics and they have been grossed up to cover the total population, all the accounting information which is used for both the functional and the institutional national accounts is collected to-

gether in an intermediate system with a common accounting plan based on the plans used in business accounts drawn up according to the kind-of expenditure accounting plans. Further specifications are also introduced, as required for compliance with national accounts concepts. All accounting information is systematically double-coded by industry at the most detailed DB 93 level and by institutional sector. In this way, the intermediate system in the new national accounts is the central accounting statistics database from which the target totals before balancing are derived for both the functional and the institutional accounts. This important methodological development in the national accounts calculations must be seen as a natural consequence of the fact that the new system has managed to ensure that all industries are covered by primary accounting statistics.

Centralised changeover to national accounts concepts

In the intermediate system, the corrections which have to be made to the business accounts to make them conform to national accounts concepts are also calculated according to principles which are identical for all industries. The two most important of these are the estimate of changes in inventories, and thus intermediate consumption, and insurance premiums.

Now genuine institutional sector accounts

As already stated, the new national accounts include a systematic dual classification of all transactions, both those from the primary statistics and those in the basis for the grossing up. They are classified by industry for the local kind-of-activity unit which is party to the transaction and by institutional sector for the legal unit to which the local kind-of-activity unit belongs. As a result, both the functional and the institutional parts of the new national accounts may be said to be worked out in a combined process which ensures that the two estimates and the primary statistics are consistent. In the previous national accounts, the breakdown of the non-financial sector excluding general government into a non-financial corporations sector and a household sector was based on the functional national accounts figures for value added and the total wage and salary bill etc. per industry. The breakdown was made via distribution keys derived from VAT statistics and wage and salary bill statistics by industry with a breakdown by form of ownership. As a result, the previous sector accounts were to some extent synthetic, since for the non-financial corporations sector and the household sector they were not compiled by aggregating institutional units. In the new national accounts, the sectoral aspect is thus considerably reinforced.

New primary statistics included in the estimates

The most important new sources which have been used to determine levels in the national accounts (following the revision) compared with the previous figures are:

- general accounting statistics for the urban trades
(published as from 1992, first year 1988)
- the new DB 93 business register (new industry codes incorporated 1991-92)
- enterprise statistics (published from 1996, first year 1993)
- statistics on employment (published from 1992, first year 1990)
- the new retail turnover statistics in levels (published from 1995, first year 1994)
- the new household budget survey (published from 1997, first year 1994)
- accounting statistics for public enterprises (published from 1997, first year 1991)
- breakdown of turnover in the motor vehicles industries
(published from 1993, first year 1991)
- statistics on securities (published from 1992, first year 1992)
- tax-oriented income statistics (published from 1978, first year 1976)
- labour costs surveys (published from 1994, first year 1992)
- new wholesale price index (published from 1994, first year 1990)
- labour force survey, with additional questions on work in the underground economy (one-off survey for 1992, not published)

Improvements in the functional national accounts

In order to see how the new sources and methods improve the reliability and coverage of the figures in the accounts for goods and services, in the production and generation of income account divided by industry and in the input-output tables, it is useful to view GDP from three approaches: output, final uses and income. The more reliable the figures seen from each of the three angles are in themselves and the more independent the estimates from the three angles are before they are balanced, the more reliable will the national accounts as a whole prove to be. A further point is that the more detailed the level at which the balancing can be made between the three sets of figures, the greater the possibility that the figures can be cross-checked from all three angles. As already mentioned, the balancing of the final Danish national accounts estimates takes place at a, in international terms, very detailed level within a fully integrated product balance system covering around 2,700 product balances. The best possible use is thus made of, for example, information about the connection between the kinds of products and their uses. This method also gives the best possible basis for constant price calculations. The detailed level of around 2,700 product balances is roughly the same as in the previous national accounts.

Value added of industries

If we first of all consider GDP from the output point of view, i.e. the estimates of the value added of the different industries, the most important improvement here is that the total economy is now covered by accounting statistics, which means that levels of value added for all the industries can be calculated annually. In the previous national accounts, where there were no accounting statistics for major sections of the economy, value added had to be computed using indirect methods, which led to a certain amount of uncertainty as to the levels involved. The indirect methods involved, for example, calculating output on the basis of turnover in VAT statistics or multiplying prices by quantities and then calculating intermediate consumption via an input percentage of the output calculated. In the previous national accounts, the input percentages for those areas of the economy not covered by accounting statistics were based either on purchases on which VAT was payable or on historical information on the industries from discontinued statistics or administrative sources.

SLS-E statistics the single most important new source

The most important of the new accounting statistics used in the new national accounts to fill in the gaps in the primary statistics which form the basis for the figures reported up to now are SLS-E, the general accounting statistics for urban trades, which are based on what are known as the »business forms« (SLS-E forms), standardised accounting forms which corporations and self-employed persons (with certain exceptions) have to send in to the tax authorities together with their tax returns. The unit in these statistics is the enterprise, i.e. normally the institutional unit. One of the reasons why 1988 is the first year for the new national accounts is that this is the first year for which statistically processed SLS-E accounts are available. Since the published accounting statistics are not directly usable for national accounts purposes, owing to both the grouping of forms of ownership and the grossing up method, an overall system of calculation has been developed for the new national accounts which deals with this accounting material at unit level. In this way, consistent treatment can be guaranteed for large enterprises, figures for which may overlap with accounting statistics for industry, which are the preferred source within manufacturing. The SLS-E accounting form for years 1988-90 includes a relatively detailed accounting plan with a breakdown by kind-of-expenditure. From 1991 onwards, the forms are somewhat less useful for information purposes since the classification of the accounts is more condensed. In processing the figures the detailed structural information for 1988-90 can be used in connection with the calculations for the following years. This is the traditional procedure for manufacturing, where extremely detailed accounting information on the structure of costs is collected approximately every fifth year.

New accounting statistics for publicly controlled corporations

The second most important new accounting statistics are those for industries dominated by publicly controlled corporations. These have been developed over the past few years and were published for the first time at the beginning of 1997. They are the main source for calculations on the utilities, passenger transport and post and telecommunications. One feature specific to these industries is that some of the public corporations' accounts are not compiled according to the legislation on annual accounts of corporations but are included in the accounts of central and local government. It is therefore natural that the accounting statistics for these industries should be produced in connection with the statistical system for general government.

New benchmark for the housing branch

Housing is the largest branch in the economy measured in terms of value added and this item is the largest component in the final consumption of households. It is therefore crucial for the accuracy of the GDP figures that housing should be estimated as accurately as possible. The output value of the housing industry consists of both rents actually paid for rented housing and the imputed rental value of owner-occupied housing. In the previous national accounts, the output value was calculated by projecting a benchmark for 1970 based on that year's population and housing census. This projection was checked against new levels compiled approximately every five years from surveys of housing rentals carried out as a basis for the general assessments of rateable values. When the last two comparisons were made with the new levels calculated, the discrepancy was found to be so large that the new levels could not be included in the ongoing national accounts compilations. Consequently, this point has been noted as a matter for major revision.

New data and improved method

In view of the industry's importance in quantity terms, the whole area of housing was analysed in detail for the major revision. In addition to including the 1991 survey of housing rentals and the ongoing censuses of the stock of dwellings, the method of calculation itself was improved considerably. First of all, a much more detailed stratification than that used in the previous calculations was worked out by type of housing and location. In particular, the area covered by HT [the Copenhagen transport network] was divided into three regions corresponding to the standard breakdown on the owner-occupied housing market, and thus was shown separately instead of being included with other major provincial cities. The new calculations also make a distinction between flats, terraced, linked and semi-detached houses and detached houses. An analysis of the calculations also showed that there were problems with the treatment of water supply and sewerage services in relation to the total housing rentals amount in the previous estimates. These problems have been exacerbated in recent years by the very large increase in payments for sewage treatment. The changeover to new sources and methods has in itself led to a slight upward adjustment in total rentals. The increase referred to above in water supply and sewerage charges, in combination with a downward adjustment in repairs and maintenance paid by tenants, has led to a downward revision in the output value of housing as a whole. The downward adjustment for water and sewerage charges is, however, offset by an upward adjustment in household consumption of water and sewage treatment.

New treatment of rents for non-residential buildings

The previous national accounts did not comply with the treatment of rents for premises other than housing as laid down in international manuals. According to both the old and the new manuals, the letting of non-residential premises should be considered as an output of services. Consequently, capital formation in non-residential buildings is recorded by ownership branch and not by user branch. The previous Danish national accounts used a »functional« recording of non-residential premises based on the industry of the user. The estimates were thus calculated as if the local kind-of-activity units in each industry themselves owned the premises which they rented, with the result that the branch for the letting of non-residential premises was

non-existent. Instead of actual rental payments, those industries in which rented premises were used for production were allocated as intermediate consumption only around 20 percent of the rental amount, the estimated expenditure on the running of the premises. The remaining 80 percent of the rent was recorded as interest and depreciation. The counterpart to this was that capital formation in buildings as opposed to in machinery was recorded by the industry of the user. The new national accounts now conform to international guidelines. They include a branch (702040, the letting of non-residential buildings) for the letting of non-residential premises and capital formation is recorded consistently by owner branch. The new treatment of non-residential rents is extremely important in quantity terms, but has no effect on GDP. In 1992, total non-residential rentals were a good DKK 21 billion or 2.4 percent of GDP.

Now annual figures for the levels of private consumption expenditure

In terms of GDP as seen from the expenditure side, the most noticeable improvement is that it is now possible to compile levels of household private consumption expenditure directly. In the previous system, initial pre-balancing estimates of this expenditure were worked out by projecting levels from the previous year using indicators such as the retail price index. The last real check on levels in the previous system was for 1981, when, after various adjustments, the household budget survey was incorporated into the national accounts in full. It became possible to compile annual estimates of levels of household private consumption expenditure when the new retail sales statistics appeared, which also showed levels, and these could be combined with the annual household budget surveys. For that share of consumption which is accounted for by retail trade, the preferred source is retail sales (estimate of levels of sales) produced as an integral part of the new retail sales index. The household budget surveys are used as the source for the calculation of the initial estimates for certain services not covered by other statistics and as a distribution key for detailed product breakdowns. The new estimates of levels have led to substantial adjustments in the household consumption figures, especially at detailed level. Overall, there has been a moderate downward adjustment of consumption expenditure.

Fringe benefits and the underground economy

In contrast to the previous national accounts, the new system includes fringe benefits and a more extensive coverage of the underground economy. This improved coverage leads, other things being equal, to an increase in consumption. With the same degree of coverage as in the previous system, the downward adjustment of consumption would be somewhat more pronounced.

Still supply-based estimates of investment in machinery

With capital formation, it was not possible as it was with final consumption to develop an entirely independent estimate from the demand side. Such a calculation was to a large extent possible for investment in buildings, civil engineering works and transport equipment, but not for machinery, owing to gaps in the primary statistics. The standardised SLS-E accounting forms do not contain any information on capital formation as from 1991. In the next few years, Statistics Denmark plans to fill the gaps, one reason being the need to comply with the requirements of Council Regulation 58/97/EC on structural business statistics. The new national accounts calculation systems were developed with this extension of the primary statistics in mind. When the accounting statistics are extended, it will be possible to draw up independent demand-side estimates for investment in machinery as part of the overall estimates. It should be added, however, that such estimates in other countries have frequently brought to light a considerable undervaluation, largely as a result of incomplete coverage of new businesses, which invest heavily during the start-up phase. It will often be the supply-based estimates which tend to prevail in the process of balancing supply and uses of goods and services.

New prices per square metre

The national accounts calculations of capital formation relating to buildings fall into two groups depending on the industry making the investments. If industries have accounts providing information on the value of purchases and sales of buildings, then those accounts are the preferred source. For other industries, including dwellings, capital formation relating to buildings is calculated by multiplying the number of square metres of floor space constructed per type of building by the calculated average price per square metre. For the major revision of sources and methods, the square metre norms used hitherto, levels of which had last been updated in 1980, were analysed thoroughly and updated further. For the construction of dwellings, adjustments were made for the individual types of building, although the overall effect on housing construction was negligible. For non-residential buildings, the revision led to a substantial upward adjustment of the square metre norms which, in relation to the overall 1992 level, led to an upward adjustment of private non-residential buildings of just under DKK 800 million or 6 percent.

Now income-based GDP as well

In the previous national accounts, initial calculations of GDP from the output side and from the expenditure side, which were largely independent, were then balanced in a product balance system comprising some 2,700 products. However, owing to the lack of accounting statistics for many industries, there had not been any independent estimate from the income side. In the new national accounts, accounting statistics cover all industries and the intermediate system referred to above makes it possible to calculate operating surplus and mixed income directly from business accounts in a breakdown by sector. This surplus, combined with an employee-based estimate of the compensation of employees, gives an income-based measure of GDP. Internationally, great importance is attached to the possibility of estimating GDP more or less independently from all three approaches, since estimates from more than one side are considered to be one of the most important checks on both levels and growth rates. With the establishment of income-based GDP figures, Denmark is now one of the leading countries in the national accounts field in this respect, too. In most of the OECD countries, GDP is available from two sides only prior to balancing, normally output/expenditure or expenditure/income.

Compensation of employees

This is defined as the total remuneration, in cash or in kind, payable by an employer to an employee in return for work done by the latter, i.e. basic wages and salaries payable at regular intervals plus piecework and overtime payments, bonuses, long service gratuities, exceptional payments to employees who leave the enterprise and holiday pay for official or annual holidays. It also includes contributions paid by employers and employees to social insurance schemes such as pensions.

Compensation of employees DKK 487.6 billion in 1992

In 1992, this item totalled DKK 487,620 million - cf. Table 11. Over the period 1988 to 1996, the total rose from DKK 424,999 to 562,333 million. Seen in relation to employment, the average annual increase in the total wage bill per employee was 3.6 percent between 1988 and 1996 over the economy as a whole - see also the description below of labour inputs.

Levels now calculated from primary statistics

The compensation of employees is calculated primarily from the total wage bill as recorded in statistics on employment. Various employee and employer contributions to social schemes are added to these figures, together with the value of fringe benefits. There is a further addition for undeclared (»black«) wages. This covers the payments of wages etc. which are not reported on the statutory returns. The revised national accounts estimate levels of the compensation of employees directly from the primary statistical source. This is in contrast to the previous national accounts, which for the sake of continuity were based on a projection using trends in the primary statistics.

For 1992, the total wage bill revised upwards by 4.5 percent ...

Measured in terms of 1992 levels, the compensation of employees was 4.5 percent higher than in the previous national accounts. The annual percentage change for the period 1988 to 1992 was very similar in the revised and the previous accounts. The shift in levels does not result from the changeover to the ESA 95, and changes in the manual are of marginal importance for the compensation of employees.

... owing to the revision of data and methods

The upward revision is mainly caused by the revision of data and methods, which resulted both in a switch to the direct use of the primary statistics for levels and an explicit calculation of the value of fringe benefits. The inclusion of source material which is more comprehensive as regards the delimitation of the concept of the compensation of employees led to a general improvement in the quality of the figures.

Units in the register statistics and the national accounts

When the total wage bill by industry (and, incidentally, employment, too) in the national accounts is compared with the register statistics, it must be borne in mind that, as already mentioned, the national accounts - in contrast to the register statistics - use branches defined by activity for trade, construction and motor vehicle repairs. To convert from local kind-of-activity units to the activity-defined branches in the above-mentioned cases, the national accounts reallocate value added and wages and salaries and employment on the basis of accounting and product statistics.

Wages and salaries in kind - fringe benefits

Wages and salaries in kind consist of goods and services provided free or at reduced prices by employers to their employees as part of agreed conditions of employment. They are not required directly for the production process and can be used by the employees and their households in their own time and at their own discretion. Fringe benefits may either become the property of the employee concerned or be counted as loans.

Fringe benefits in the national accounts

The revised national accounts include an explicit calculation of the value of fringe benefits. They include benefits such as the free use of cars (»company cars«) and subsidised canteens which, because of the source material available, are largely measured in terms of their nominal value.

1992 value of fringe benefits DKK 6.3 billion

In 1992, fringe benefits were valued at DKK 6,266 million or 1.3 percent of the total compensation of employees, a rise of DKK 1,402 million (28.8 percent) over the period 1988 to 1992. In 1988, they accounted for 1.1 percent of the compensation of employees.

Fringe benefits are most common in the service industries

Over the period in question, it is generally the case that fringe benefits are most widely used in the services industries. Employees in wholesaling are the largest recipients in both absolute and relative terms.

Labour inputs

»Persons in employment« means all persons aged 15 or over employed in the production of goods and services. Employment is divided by industry, with a breakdown into employees on the one hand and the self-employed and family workers on the other.

Average number of persons in employment

The employment concept used in the national accounts is the average number of persons. Only a person's first job is counted.

Employees temporarily not at work

According to the ESA 95, persons temporarily not at work are still considered as being in employment, provided they have a formal job attachment. In order to be able to consider employment as a labour input for the production of goods and services, however, the Danish national accounts exclude this category.

But the system does also calculate numbers of employees who are temporarily not at work, in practice persons on leave - for example on maternity or parental leave, on leave for training purposes, to take care of children or on sabbatical leave. Employees temporarily not at work owing to sickness, strikes, official or other holidays are still included in the national accounts employment figures.

In 1992, 2,568,131 persons in employment

Tables 12 and 13 therefore show employees excluding persons temporarily not at work, which is the concept of employment generally used in this publication. In 1992, 2,568,131 persons were in employment in the economy as a whole, 2,325,877 of them employees. Over the period 1988 to 1996, numbers in employment fell by 46,500, including a drop of 118,300 between 1988 and 1994. Between 1994 and 1996, employment went up by 71,800.

Employment from register-based labour force statistics

Employment is calculated primarily from register-based labour force statistics (RAS). The revised national accounts estimate generally uses the basic sources directly for levels. In the previous national accounts, employment had, for the sake of continuity, been projected since 1980 using changes in the RAS. This was because employment levels were based on the 1970 population and housing survey in combination with the sample surveys of employment. Until 1979, i.e. prior to the establishment of the RAS in 1983 for 1980 onwards, these were the most important structural statistics for employment. With the advent of the register statistics, the differences in levels were too big for the register statistics to be incorporated into the previous national accounts.

Employment figures now consistent with register statistics

The employment figures in the previous national accounts were therefore not directly comparable with Statistics Denmark's structural statistics, i.e. Employment by Industry (EBS) and the RAS, when it came to providing information on employment. For the economy as a whole, the difference in the level was some 50,000 - 100,000 persons which the national accounts employment figures showed in excess of the register-based figures, after allowing for the fact that the previous national accounts did not include persons in employment who were only marginally involved in the production process, more precisely those employed for fewer than ten hours per week.

The RAS and the EBS work with a wage or salary limit for employees corresponding to 80 hours of employment a year. Those employed for fewer hours are excluded and are thus not included in employment in either the present or the previous national accounts.

In general, it should be pointed out that the problem of the levels has been solved in the new national accounts, where the employment figures are now consistent with register statistics.

Future extension of the national accounts employment figures

Within the next few years, the national accounts employment figures will use the results of the Labour Market Balance project. The labour market balances are intended to combine the many different labour market statistics to enable levels and trends in key labour market figures to be picked out more easily. This involves, among other things, volume figures for labour inputs measured in terms of hours of work.

4. New classifications

For industries

As mentioned above, there has been a changeover to new classifications along with the changeover to the new national accounts. The classification of industries in the

previous national accounts was based on Statistics Denmark's classification of industries of 1 April 1977 (DSE 77), which in turn was based on subdivisions of the UN classification, the ISIC Rev. 2 (from 1968). Since the ISIC Rev. 2 and the EU's NACE classification (from 1970) did not match exactly, it was not possible to make a direct comparison of statistics for the six original EU countries and the other OECD countries in a breakdown by industry unless the figures were first converted.

International comparisons now possible

The new national accounts classification of industries is based on Statistics Denmark's new classification of industries, Dansk Branchekode 1993 (DB 93), which is based on the EU's NACE Rev. 1 classification (that has applied since 1993), which in turn is a breakdown of the UN's new ISIC Rev. 3. Thus, as countries change over to the new classifications, it becomes possible to make international comparisons of industries without having to convert statistics.

Up-to-date industries

In addition to problems of international comparability, the previous classification was showing its age. As many as 82 of the 127 industries related to manufacturing, whereas many of the increasingly important services industries had hitherto been placed in a single industry, business services. The new classification of 130 industries is a more accurate reflection of the current structure of Denmark's economy.

Now a pure activity classification

The previous classification divided the economy into market and non-market, each of these parts then being subdivided into industries according to activity and function. For example, a single activity »repairs to buildings and structures« was recorded under two different industries depending on whether the output was market or non-market.

Market and non-market production spread over the different industries

It was decided at international level that the new classifications of industries, the ISIC Rev. 3, and the NACE Rev. 1, should be purely activity-based. The Danish classification, the DB 93, follows the NACE Rev. 1 and there is consequently no breakdown into market and non-market production when industries are classified, which means that it is no longer possible to find non-market production in the general government sector directly in the functional breakdown of the economy into industries. In the Danish national accounts, the general government sector includes only producers classified as (other) non-market producers whose output value is estimated from the point of view of costs. In both the previous and the new Danish national accounts, all publicly controlled market producers are included in the corporations sector. Consequently, output value, value added, the compensation of employees, capital formation and depreciation relating to that part of the economy which is made up of government non-market production can be seen in the sector accounts for the general government sector. In the industry tables showing wages and salaries and employment, total wages and salaries and employment in government non-market production are shown as memorandum items, so that the industry and sector tables taken together give a complete picture of production in government non-market units at current prices.

Market versus non-market

With the purely activity-based classification both market and non-market activities may in principle occur in all industries.

In three cases, however, the new national accounts classification of industries does introduce a split into market and other non-market activities, and there are thus two industries in the following areas which in principle cover exactly the same activities:

- research and development;
- adult education etc.;
- recreation, culture and sport.

This split was introduced for the sake of input-output analyses, since in these three cases the input structures in the market industries are very different from the non-market industries.

Innovations

The following are particularly important differences between the previous and the new classification of industries:

- the number of manufacturing industries falls from 82 to 55 and there is a more up-to-date grouping of activities;
- the sale of motor vehicles, motorcycles etc. and service stations are divided up into two separate industries and then combine with the repair of motor vehicles to form a motor vehicle group on their own;
- the remaining areas of retail trade are divided up into five industries;
- the number of industries in financial and insurance services increases from 2 to 5;
- separate industries have been introduced for real estate agents etc. and the letting of non-residential buildings, and these combine with dwellings to form a real estate group;
- the previous business services industry has been divided up into 12 industries:
 - real estate agents etc.
 - letting of non-residential buildings
 - computer activities exc. software consultancy and supply
 - software consultancy and supply
 - research and development (market)
 - legal activities
 - accounting, book-keeping, auditing, etc.
 - consulting engineers, architects, etc.
 - advertising
 - other business activities
 - activities of membership organisations n.e.c.
 - recreational, cultural and sporting activities (market)
- The previous 8 industries for non-market production of general government have been divided into 21 industries:
 - agricultural services, landscape gardeners, etc.
 - civil engineering
 - cargo handling, harbours, etc.; travel agencies
 - research and development (other non-market)
 - consulting engineers, architects, etc.
 - other business activities
 - general (overall) public service activities
 - regulation of public service activities except for business
 - regulation of and contribution to more efficient operation of business
 - provision of services to the community
 - primary education
 - secondary education
 - higher education
 - adult and other education (other non-market)
 - hospital activities
 - medical, dental, veterinary activities, etc.
 - social institutions etc. for children
 - social institutions etc. for adults
 - refuse collection and sanitation
 - activities of membership organisations n.e.c.
 - recreational, cultural, sporting activities (other non-market)

Private consumption	With a few well-defined exceptions, the classification of household consumption by purpose in the previous national accounts was aligned with the classification in the UN national accounts manual, the SNA 68. The EU used the SNA 68 classification directly. The new national accounts classification of household consumption by purpose is the COICOP, the new classification in both the SNA 93 and the ESA 95.
Innovations	There have been relatively few major changes in the new classification: <ul style="list-style-type: none">- the extremely large »housing« group has been divided into five:<ul style="list-style-type: none">actual rentals for housingimputed rentals for housingregular repair and maintenance of the dwellingrefuse collection, other services n.e.c.insurance (part).- All insurance services are collected together in a single consumption group.- The breakdown of the consumption of audio-visual, photographic and data processing equipment etc. has been updated.
Keys for the old and the new classifications	Tables 27 and 28 show conversion keys for the previous and the new industries and consumption groups. These keys, based on 1992, have been published to provide users with a simple method of converting figures from the old groups to the new branches and consumption groups.
Method actually used is more refined	It should be emphasised, however, that the changeover to new branches and consumption groups in the new national accounts has been implemented at a much more detailed level and that the method is technically more refined than the simple use of conversion keys.
5. New base year for the constant price calculations and better deflators	
1990 prices	In the new national accounts, the base year for constant price calculations is 1990. The change of base year alone results in a drop in growth rates for certain of the main aggregates in the supply-use balance for the period 1988-1996. This is due to substitution effects, i.e. the fact that the increase in quantity terms is greatest in those products whose relative prices are falling. The lower relative prices in 1990 than in 1980 for products whose quantities increased substantially mean a fall in the real growth rates for certain of the main aggregates, since these products thus have a lower weighting in the Laspeyres quantity index. The time series in constant prices are Laspeyres quantity indices.
Much improved price index for computer hardware	In addition to the change in base year, three important improvements have been made as regards deflation. Firstly, the deflators for mainframes, PCs and peripheral data processing equipment have been changed. Previously, the Danish wholesale price index was used, and this was extremely unsatisfactory when it came to capturing improvements in quality and falls in prices for data processing equipment. The systematic way of capturing quality improvements when a price index is compiled is to use regression analysis, which produces »hedonic« indices. Sizeable resources are required to produce such indices, and up to now Statistics Denmark has not been in a position to devote the necessary resources to compiling them for Denmark. Instead, it was decided to use the official American hedonic price indices for computers and data processing equipment, correcting for exchange rate movements. This change is extremely important.

**Productivity increase
versus improved
terms of trade**

In the USA, a large producer of computers and computer equipment, the use of hedonic price indices leads to a much greater increase in GDP and in capital formation in machinery than would be the case if traditional producer price indices were used. Most of the IT machinery and the associated equipment bought in Denmark is imported, and thus the much slighter price rise in the hedonic indices compared with the traditional deflators has only a limited effect on GDP in constant prices. The effect is seen primarily in imports of goods in constant prices and in capital formation in machinery. The counterpart to the less steep rise in import prices is improved terms of trade. The increase in prosperity measured as a result of the use of hedonic indices, which in the USA is reflected primarily in output and productivity, appears in Denmark's case mainly in the form of improved terms of trade.

**New wholesale price
index used for levels**

The other noticeable improvement in deflation practice is that the new national accounts use the new wholesale price index for levels as from the reference year 1990. In connection with the major revision, the figures were deflated afresh for years 1991 and 1992, whereas the estimates for 1988 and 1989 were produced by converting the revised figures in 1980 prices.

**Real output in financial
institutions**

Finally, the output of credit institutions, insurance corporations and pension funds was deflated in a way which makes much better economic sense. With the new deflation method, the output value of the financial sector in constant prices reflects changes in the volume of financial intermediation services produced.

**Constant price figures
for 1993-1996**

The constant price figures for the provisional years 1993-1996 were produced by deflation with the new 1992 deflators projected using price changes for 1992-96 taken from the previous provisional national accounts. Corrections have been made, however, for the changeover to the new method for deflating computers and IT equipment and the change in deflation method for financial services and insurance. The projection was made at the level of 53 industries and 72 consumption headings. The method means that the change in base year has an effect throughout all the aggregations from the 53/72 level up to GDP. On the other hand, substitution effects are not captured below the 53 industry aggregation level and the 72 consumption groups. This is possible only via deflation at product level as in the final national accounts.

6. Effect of the revision - functional accounts

**Actual versus
definitional changes**

When we look at the effect of the changeover from one national accounts system to another, it is important to distinguish between the effects of new statistical sources and methods of calculation on the one hand and of changes in definitions on the other. Only the first type of change is »actual« in the sense that it paints a different picture of the economic situation from that depicted by the previous figures. From time to time, revised results are published with no distinction between the two types of changes. This is unlikely to be as helpful from the user's point of view. When launching new national accounts systems, Statistics Denmark has attached particular importance to making a distinction possible between real and definitional changes, at least where the functional national accounts are concerned, i.e. that area which has to do with production, the generation of income and supply and uses of products. This tradition has been continued in connection with the changeover to the new national accounts.

Effect of the revision

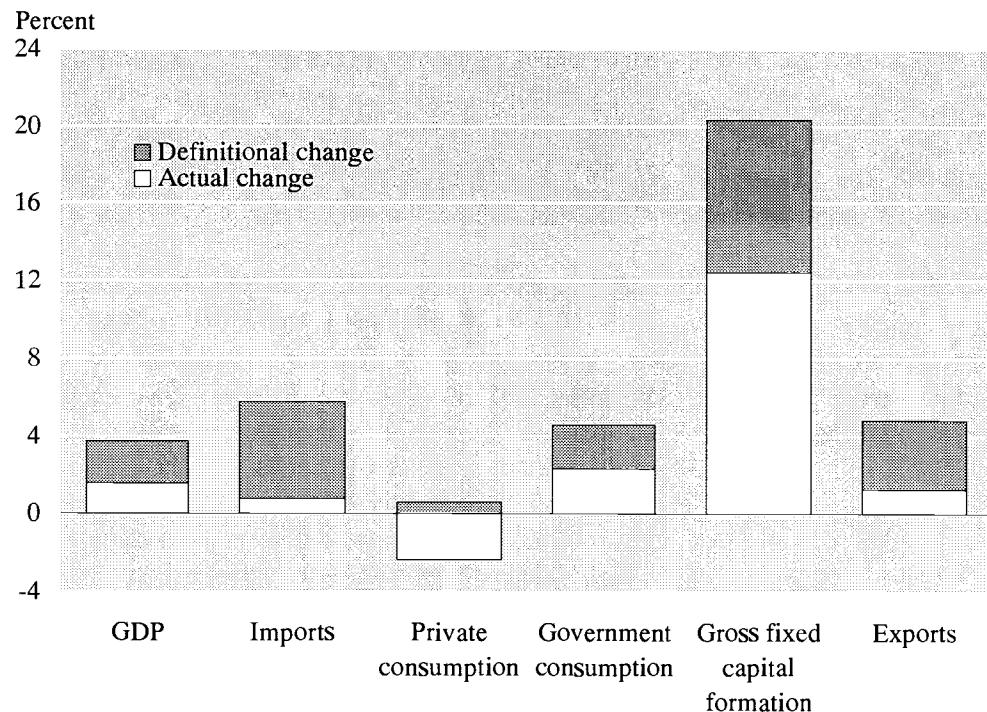
The comparison between the previous and the new system has been made for 1992, the latest year with final figures in both systems. A similar comparison was made for 1970, with the changeover in 1978 from the then previous system to the newer one. Summary table 2 below shows the effects on the main aggregates, whilst Summary tables 5 and 6 show the effects on the value added of the industries and private consumption by purpose respectively. These two aggregate tables have been compiled according to the new groupings for industries and consumption. Tables 18-20 in the section of tables at the end of this publication report in detail on the effects of the revision of sources and methods, i.e. actual changes, at the most detailed level in the previous system, i.e. 127 industries and 64 consumption groups. The detailed overview has been compiled using the old classifications to make the changes from the previous figures clearer for users. Finally, Summary table 3 in this section shows the functional distribution of income according to the previous and the new figures and Summary table 4 illustrates the effect of the revision on GNI.

Changes at various levels of aggregation

A look at Summary tables 2-6 below combined with Tables 18-20 in the section of tables at the end shows clearly that the revisions are smaller in relative terms the higher the level of aggregation. This reflects the fact that the inaccuracies in the levels of previous estimates were in both directions, so that many of those inaccuracies cancelled each other out as the figures became more highly aggregated up to the level of total GDP. For this total, the actual change was modest. The same occurred with the last major revision in 1978, when the actual change in GDP was +1 percent. Despite major revisions in the components of GDP, the Danish national accounts have therefore - over the past 35 years, at any rate - painted an accurate picture of the highest level of aggregation, namely society's total output.

Figure 1.

Changes in the main aggregates of supply and demand



Noticeable upward adjustment in capital formation

A look at Summary table 2 below, which shows changes in the main aggregates of supply and demand, shows that by far the most marked change compared with the previous figures is in gross fixed capital formation, which has been adjusted upward by a total of just under 20.5 percent - an actual change of just under 12.5 percent and a definitional change of 8 percent. Of gross fixed capital formation, the revision

of investment in buildings and civil engineering works has been modest, whereas the upward adjustments in investment in both machinery and transport equipment were substantial. The much higher investments in general and in machinery and transport equipment in particular is the most important area where the new national accounts paint a different picture of the economy than the previous estimates. When the significantly higher level in current prices is combined with the noticeably weaker price increases for capital formation, partly as a result of the new computer index, the picture of the economy which emerges is, all in all, rather more dynamic than in the previous national accounts. The higher figures for real capital formation show that the resources allocated to extending future production capacity are greater than appear in the previous figures.

Summary table 2.**Effect of the revision on the main aggregates of supply and demand, 1992**

	Previous value	New value	Change (2-1)	Actual change	Defini- tional change	Percentage actual change
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(4) as a pct. of (1)
Current prices, mill. DKK						
GDP	856 031	887 868	31 837	13 348	18 489	1.56
Imports of goods	204 675	212 101	7 426	0	7 426	0.00
Imports of services	46 467	53 471	7 004	1 940	5 064	4.18
Total supply	1 107 173	1 153 440	46 267	15 288	30 979	1.38
Private consumption	447 075	439 262	-7 813	-10 541	2 728	-2.36
Government consumption	219 099	229 156	10 057	5 090	4 967	2.32
Gross fixed capital formation ...	133 823	160 995	27 172	16 635	10 537	12.43
Machinery and equipment	46 675	67 176	20 501	10 957	9 544	23.48
Transport equipment	14 856	17 575	2 719	2 688	31	18.09
Construction	72 292	76 244	3 952	2 990	962	4.14
Changes in stocks ¹	-2 220	-220	2 000	192	1 808	0.02
Exports of goods	243 988	249 239	5 251	-1 143	6 394	-0.47
Exports of services	65 407	75 007	9 600	5 055	4 545	7.73
Total use	1 107 173	1 153 440	46 267	15 288	30 979	1.38

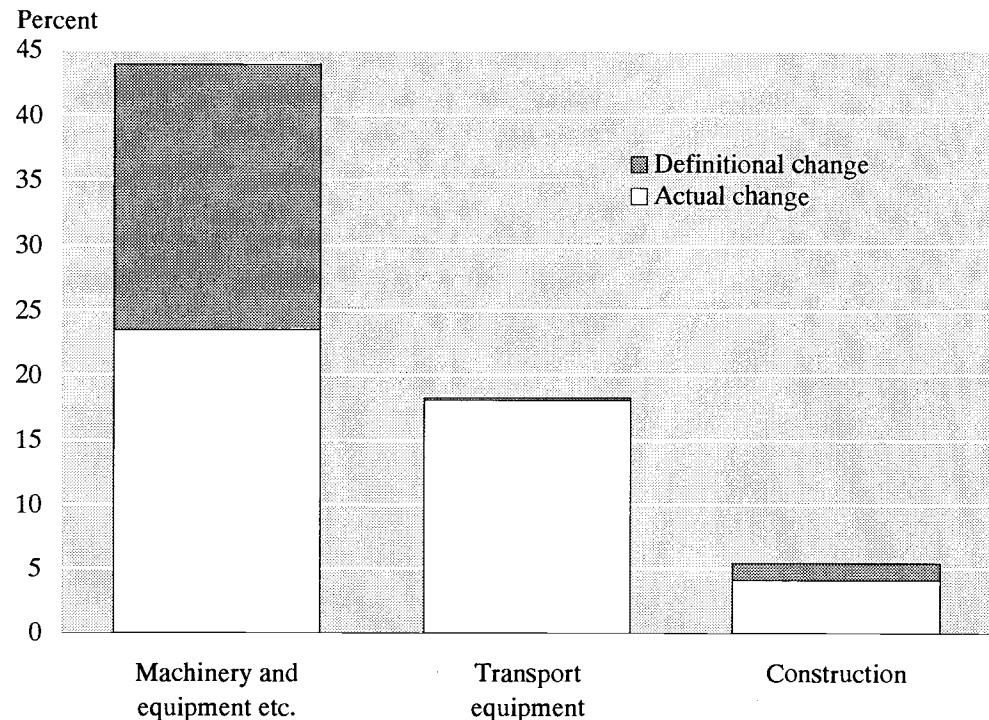
¹ Revision of changes in stocks as a percentage of GDP.

New product balances for capital goods

The revision of investment in machinery and transport equipment is the combined result of the adjustment of the product balances for capital goods and parts and accessories therefor. The product balances for machinery and transport equipment, parts and accessories have been changed primarily as a result of new information on wholesale trade in capital equipment.

Larger investment financed by domestic saving

Since the net lending of the total economy to the rest of the world remains almost unchanged in the new national accounts (cf. Chapter 7), the larger investment is financed by greater domestic saving, a factor which contributes to a picture of the economy in which greater resources are set aside to generate income in the future.

Figure 2.**Changes in gross fixed capital formation 1992**

Downward adjustment of private consumption

Private consumption has been revised downwards by 1.8 percent - an actual adjustment of 2.4 percent downwards and an upward adjustment of 0.6 percent resulting from changes in definitions. Without the improved coverage in the new national accounts of fringe benefits and the underground economy, the actual downward adjustment of private consumption would have been just under 5 percent. The significant downward adjustment prior to the addition of fringe benefits and the underground economy is reflected in the sector accounts in an increase in the saving rate of households, which again, together with the revisions in the sectoral breakdown of capital formation, is reflected in net lending/borrowing in the household sector.

Upward adjustment of government consumption

The upward adjustment of government consumption was just over 4.5 percent, divided almost evenly into actual and definitional changes. The largest share of the actual change is accounted for by the inclusion of new figures for consumption of fixed capital relating to buildings, machinery and transport equipment used in general government. Since this actual change relates to a figure calculated for the national accounts for which there is no counterpart payment, it does not alter the previous picture of government finances. The most important definitional change, which is partly responsible for the increase in government consumption, is the switch to calculating a consumption of fixed capital for roads, bridges, dams, etc.

Upward adjustment of imports and exports

Imports and exports of goods have been adjusted upwards as a result of the changeover to the general trade principle, which is treated in the tables in this section as a definitional change. The actual downward adjustment of exports of goods relates to ships whose export values have in certain cases proved to be inflated as a result of special loan arrangements. Imports and exports of services have been adjusted upwards as a result of revisions of data and methodology in the balance of payments statistics, not least because many items formerly recorded net are now recorded gross. The definitional changes in external trade in services relate to royalties for licences and patents which have now been reclassified as services. The above revisions taken together have only a negligible effect on the balance of goods and services.

Summary table 3.**Effect of the revision on the distribution of GDP, 1992**

	Previous value	New value	Change (2-1)	Actual change	Definitional change	Percentage actual change
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(4) as a pct. of (1)
————— Current prices, mill. DKK ————						
1. GDP	856 031	887 868	31 837	13 348	18 489	1.56
2. Taxes on production and imports, net	113 586	113 333	-253	1 081	-1 334	0.95
3. Compensation of employees	466 982	487 620	20 638	20 638	0	4.42
4. Operating surplus and mixed income..	275 463	286 915	11 452	-8 371	19 823	-3.04
5. Wage ratio (3/(3+4))	0.629	0.630	0.001	0.017	-0.016	

Slight upward adjustment in the wage ratio

Summary table 3 shows how GDP is divided into primary income components using the previous and the new figures, with the changes again broken down by cause. It can be seen that the overall ratio of wages to GDP at factor cost has seen a minor actual upward adjustment owing to the new sources and methods. As the definitional changes have the opposite effect, the published overall wage ratio remains virtually unchanged.

Summary table 4.**Effect of the revision on GNI, 1992**

	Previous value	New value	Change (2-1)	Actual change	Defini- tional change	Percentage actual change
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(4) as a pct. of (1)
————— Current prices, mill. DKK ————						
1. GDP	856 031	887 868	31 837	13 348	18 489	1.56
2. Comp. of employees from ROW, net	2 054	3 808	1 754	1 754	0	
3. Property income from ROW, net	-34 425	-32 996	1 429	2 169	-740	
4. GNP comp. acc. to SNA 68 (1+2+3)	823 659	858 680	35 021	17 271	17 750	2.10
5. Taxes on prod. and imp. from ROW, net		6 865	6 865	0	6 865	
6. GNI compiled acc. to ESA 95 (4+5)	(830 524)	865 545	(35 021)	(17 271)	(17 750)	(2.08)

Summary table 4 above shows the effect of the major revision on gross national income, GNI. It can be seen that the compensation of employees and net property income from the rest of the world have both been adjusted upwards as a result of the new sources and methods used. The actual change in GNI is consequently slightly larger than is the case with GDP. The definition of GNP/GNI has itself been changed in the meantime, since according to the ESA 95, when making the transition from GDP to GNI net taxes on production and imports from the rest of the world are added in. Where Denmark is concerned, the taxes are those collected by the EU institutions in Denmark and EU-financed subsidies. The amount remains positive, since subsidies exceed taxes.

Substantial revisions to the value added of industries

Summary table 5 shows that the revision of sources and methods of calculation has led to quite considerable revisions in the compilation of value added in a breakdown by groups of industries. Within manufacturing of food, beverages and tobacco, value added has been adjusted downwards by a substantial amount, while there have been minor increases in other manufacturing industries. Overall, the value added of these industries has remained virtually unchanged. Electricity, gas and water supply has been adjusted upwards by 20 percent. The main reason is improved statistical coverage of the supply of district heating and new accounting information for power stations and district heating plants. In contrast, the value added of the important

construction industry has been adjusted downwards by 17 percent. In the new national accounts, the value added of motor vehicle repairs is less than half of the previous figure, and this is the reason for the 29 percent actual fall in the sale and repair of motor vehicles etc. Other than in motor vehicle repairs, transport and renting activities (including of dwellings), the revision of sources and methods has led to upward adjustments in value added in the services industries.

Summary table 5.**Effect of the revision on the value added of industries, 1992**

	Previous value (1)	New value (2)	Change (2-1) (3)	Actual change (4)	Defini- tional change (5)	Percentage actual change (4) as a pct. of (1)
Current prices, mill. DKK						
Total gross value added	732 532	768 208	35 675	13 730	21 945	1.87
0109 Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	26 241	26 753	511	-26	537	0
0500 Fishing	2 203	2 714	511	508	3	23
1009 Mining and quarrying	7 934	8 217	283	-584	867	-7
1509 Mfr. of food, bev. and tobacco	29 686	26 496	-3 190	-3 494	304	-12
1709 Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather ...	6 029	6 380	351	316	35	5
2009 Mfr. of wood prod., printing, publ.....	18 043	18 923	880	1 327	-447	7
2309 Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products	18 261	18 714	453	505	-52	3
2600 Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral prod....	5 766	5 922	156	81	75	1
2709 Mfr. of basic metals, fabr. metal prod	50 214	52 118	1 904	1 078	826	2
3600 Mfr. of furniture; Mfr. n.e.c.....	9 276	9 201	-75	8	-83	0
4009 Electricity, gas and water supply.....	15 246	18 431	3 185	3 068	117	20
4500 Construction	44 876	37 985	-6 891	-7 546	655	-17
5000 Sale and repair of m. vehicles	17 436	11 884	-5 552	-5 005	-548	-29
5100 Ws. and com. trade, exc. of m. vehicles	54 213	56 621	2 408	4 154	-1 746	8
5200 Re. trade and repair work exc. of m. veh..	34 337	36 553	2 216	5 399	-3 184	16
5500 Hotels and restaurants	10 093	11 943	1 849	2 787	-938	28
6009 Transport	45 920	44 141	-1 779	-5 295	3 515	-12
6400 Post and telecommunications	16 441	17 659	1 218	977	241	6
6509 Financial intermed. and insurance etc.	13 949	36 944	22 995	20 575	2 420	147
7009 Real estate and renting activities.....	86 530	89 064	2 535	-8 658	11 193	-10
7209 Business activities etc.	44 598	53 285	8 687	6 420	2 267	14
7509 Public administration etc.	47 488	56 455	8 966	2 880	6 087	6
8000 Education.....	38 868	41 963	3 094	3 466	-372	9
8519 Health care activities	34 422	34 638	216	919	-702	3
8539 Social work activities	43 439	45 753	2 314	2 667	-353	6
9009 Other community, soc. and personal act..	26 495	29 866	3 371	2 092	1 279	8
9905 Fin. intermed. services ind. measured	-15 474	-30 415	-14 941	-14 890	-51	96

Change in the treatment of the credit institutions' provisions for bad debts

The most noticeable change is in financial intermediation and insurance, where value added has been adjusted upwards by almost 150 percent. The counterpart to this adjustment occurs mainly in the imputed industry Financial intermediation services indirectly measured (FISIM), i.e. the credit institutions' interest margins. The reason for this substantial revision is a change in the treatment of the accounting item »provisions for bad debts«. In the previous national accounts, this item was treated as negative property income when the output value of the credit institutions was calculated, owing in part to the institutions' own accounting practice. In accordance with both the previous and the new international guidelines, however, such provisions for bad debts should be posted either as extraordinary (»other«) changes in the volume of assets or as revaluations. The revision is as large as it is because the early 1990s saw unusually large losses and provisions made by banks and mortgage credit institutions. For 1992, the figure was just under DKK 16 billion. Owing to the way in which interest margins are being dealt with in the national accounts for the time

being (cf. Chapter 2), the revision concerning provisions for bad debts has no effect on GDP.

Whole of the financial area now covered

If, instead, the difference in the treatment of the accounting item »provisions for bad debts« were treated as a definitional change, the actual revision would be +34 percent. The reason for this upward revision is primarily that the former national accounts did not cover all areas of the financial sector. The new national accounts cover all activities in the financial field.

Summary table 6.

Effect of the revision on individual consumption by purpose, 1992

	Previous value	New value	Change (2-1)	Actual change	Defini- tional change	Per- cent- age actual change
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(4) as a pct. of (1)
Current prices, mill. DKK						
10 Food	62 591	56 806	-5 785	-5 785	0	-9
20 Beverages and tobacco	32 043	32 201	158	158	0	0
30 Clothing and footwear	23 243	23 430	187	187	0	1
41 Housing	99 988	97 831	-2 156	-2 753	596	-3
45 Electricity, gas and other fuels.....	26 439	25 418	-1 020	-1 020	0	-4
50 Furnishing, household equipment etc.....	25 142	24 080	-1 063	-280	-782	-1
60 Medical products, health services.....	8 033	10 774	2 742	2 742	0	34
71 Purchase of vehicles	15 786	15 835	49	49	0	0
72 Other transport and communication.....	46 325	44 222	-2 103	-2 103	0	-5
91 Recreation and culture	42 449	43 888	1 439	1 439	0	3
97 Other goods and services	62 026	63 588	1 561	-1 353	2 914	-2
Household consump. on Danish eco. territory	444 066	438 073	-5 993	-8 720	2 728	-2
9980 Cons. of non-residents on the eco. territory.....	-25 831	-25 831	0	0	0	0
9990 Consumption of residents in the ROW.....	23 229	19 872	-3 357	-3 357	0	-14
Non-profit institutions serving households	5 612	7 147	1 536	1 536	0	27
Total individual consumption	447 075	439 262	-7 813	-10 541	2 728	-2

Marked downward adjustment in the consumption of food

Summary table 6 above shows the effects of the revision on the major private consumption groups. There are substantial actual downward adjustments for food, other transport and communication and the consumption of residents in the rest of the world. In contrast, household expenditure on health services has been revised upwards by just over a third. Private consumption of non-profit institutions serving households has also been revised upwards by a substantial amount. Some of the downward adjustment in the groups »other transport and communication« and »consumption of residents in the ROW« is accounted for by the fact that in the new national accounts package holidays are estimated at the actual sales value of the holidays and not, as previously, divided up into the constituent types of expenditure. Most of the revision of the consumption of residents in the ROW is accounted for by the revision of the business and government institutions' share of the total expenditure of residents in the ROW on business trips etc.

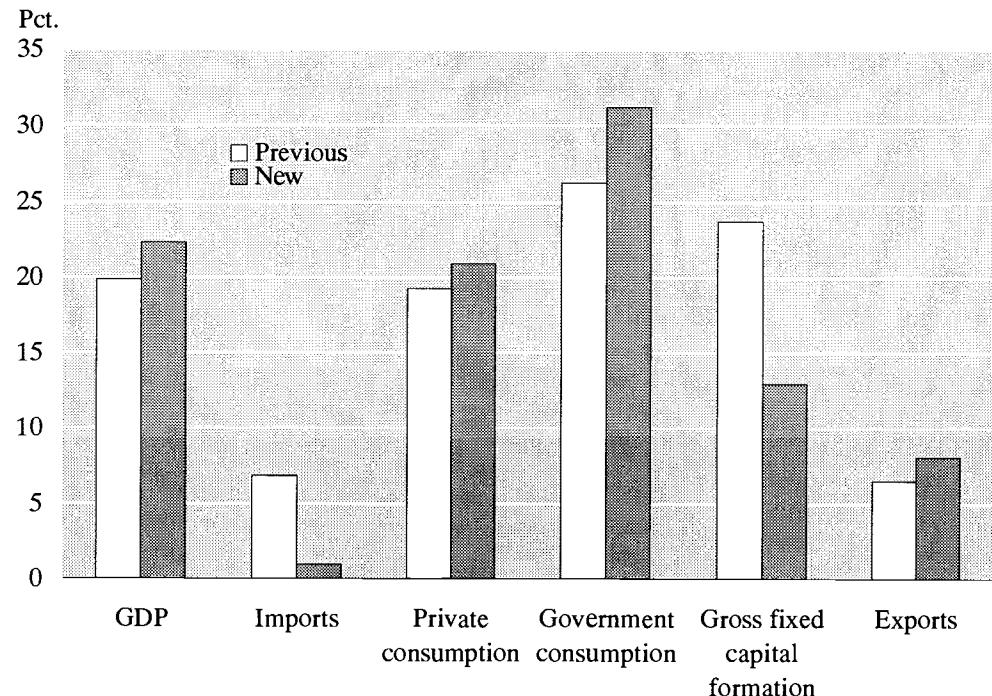
Three effects

Figure 3 shows the previous and new figures for the price rise over the total period 1988-96 in the main aggregates of supply and demand. The changes in prices result from a combination of three effects: (1) changes in values at current prices; (2) improved price indices at the detailed level, and (3) the change in base year for the constant price calculation. As regards the first point, the revisions in the current price figures change the price indices at aggregate level (all other things being equal), since the weights used to compute weighted averages for price indices at the detailed level change as a result. The implicit price indices in the national accounts

are Paasche indices, i.e. they have current weighting. With regard to the second point, the improvement in deflation practice - for computers and financial services, for example - has an effect, of course, on price changes at aggregate level. Finally, the change in base year means (again, all other things being equal) that the implicit price indices at aggregate level in the national accounts are different.

Figure 3.

Price increases 1988-96 in the main aggregates of supply and demand



Smaller price changes for capital formation

In general terms, the major revision has not changed the picture of price movements over the period 1988-96. However, the new figures indicate - as previously mentioned - much smaller price changes for gross fixed capital formation, mostly due to the new indices for computers etc. The difference in price increases of just under 11 percentage points reflects the fact that real (constant price) gross capital formation is correspondingly higher as a result of the new calculations. Apart from the difference in the price index for capital formation, it is apparent that the trend in the terms of trade, i.e. the ratio of export to import price indices, has been somewhat more favourable with the new figures than in the previous calculations, one of the reasons again being the new indices for computers etc.

Minor changes in growth rates at current prices

Whereas Summary tables 2 to 6 refer to the new levels, Summary tables 7 and 8 above show changes in growth rates during the period 1988-1996 as compared with the previous figures, in current prices and constant prices respectively. In the former, the growth rates follow the same overall pattern as in the previous estimates, although over the period as a whole growth is slightly higher in output, consumption and capital formation. Although the revision has thus led to considerable adjustments in levels, it has not greatly changed the picture of economic trends. Since the most important objective for a national accounts system in current production is to obtain growth rates which are as accurate as possible, this must be considered a relatively satisfactory result. The differences between present and previous figures for government consumption in years 1993-95 are due primarily to the new treatment of purchases of durable goods for the military and the improved treatment of imputed civil service pensions, i.e. the pensions entitlements accruing to civil servants.

Summary table 7.**Percentage growth 1989 - 1996, current prices**

		1989	1990	1991	1992	1993*	1994*	1995*	1996*
percentage change over previous year									
GDP	Previous	4.81	4.15	3.60	3.40	2.13	5.88	4.68	4.63
	New	5.39	4.66	3.92	3.52	2.06	6.06	5.23	5.37
Imports	Previous	11.19	0.63	6.29	-1.73	-4.05	13.63	8.70	2.91
	New	11.14	0.63	5.85	-1.16	-3.11	13.10	8.58	3.19
Private consumption	Previous	3.88	2.76	3.66	3.92	2.60	8.64	4.17	4.79
	New	4.64	2.97	4.47	3.84	2.54	9.42	4.13	4.85
Government consumption	Previous	4.28	3.03	4.29	3.74	5.11	3.58	2.25	4.66
	New	4.04	3.11	4.55	3.91	4.07	4.96	2.50	5.40
Gross fixed capital formation	Previous	5.09	0.29	-1.91	-2.10	-2.31	3.63	12.95	10.36
	New	5.35	1.70	-0.22	-2.78	1.34	2.33	12.62	9.92
Changes in stocks ¹	Previous	0.26	-0.12	-0.08	-0.27	-0.74	0.02	1.26	0.13
	New	0.43	0.21	-0.23	-0.03	-0.71	0.02	1.21	0.13
Exports	Previous	10.88	7.05	7.91	1.11	-2.44	8.34	3.68	3.47
	New	11.35	6.88	7.91	1.62	-1.99	7.57	4.70	4.85

¹ Changes in stocks as a percentage of the previous year's GDP

Summary table 8.**Percentage growth 1989 - 1996, constant prices**

		1989	1990	1991	1992	1993*	1994*	1995*	1996*
percentage change over previous year									
GDP	Previous	0.56	1.43	1.34	0.23	1.54	4.25	2.62	2.66
	New	0.26	1.21	1.39	1.28	1.25	3.52	3.11	3.38
Imports	Previous	4.48	1.18	4.13	0.77	-2.97	12.86	7.58	2.06
	New	4.23	1.52	3.87	0.17	-0.07	13.68	9.78	3.68
Private consumption	Previous	-0.40	0.04	1.18	1.87	1.98	6.87	2.15	2.59
	New	-0.33	0.25	1.77	2.57	2.09	6.63	2.00	2.25
Government consumption	Previous	-0.61	-0.43	-0.15	0.43	3.01	1.98	0.53	2.36
	New	-0.84	-0.25	0.66	0.85	1.99	3.34	0.78	3.08
Gross fixed capital formation	Previous	1.00	-1.75	-5.68	-4.21	-5.05	1.88	10.76	7.48
	New	0.24	-0.87	-2.72	-0.99	-0.25	0.80	13.83	7.79
Changes in stocks ¹	Previous	0.57	0.03	0.06	-0.40	-0.58	0.30	1.47	0.74
	New	0.52	0.20	-0.22	0.00	-0.32	0.16	0.81	0.41
Exports	Previous	4.16	6.94	7.68	1.35	-0.77	8.16	3.32	2.28
	New	4.27	6.18	7.00	-0.48	0.15	7.95	5.26	4.12

¹ Changes in stocks as a percentage of the previous year's GDP

Growth rates at constant prices affected by both revisions and the change of base year

At constant prices, the changes in the growth rates compared with the previous figures are somewhat larger. In general terms, the new figures change the previous picture of economic developments to any considerable extent only when it comes to capital formation. The more marked growth in gross fixed capital formation according to the new figures arises primarily from the new method of deflating computers and IT equipment, as well as from the higher growth in the current price figures. In general, a change in base year will affect growth rates, even if the current price figures are unchanged - cf. Chapter 5 above.

7. Effect of the revision - institutional sector accounts

Now an integrated calculation system

One of the most important methodological improvements in the new accounts is - as mentioned in Chapter 3 - the fact that the functional and the institutional accounts are now produced via an integrated system. This is of particular importance for the breakdown of the economy, excluding general government and financial corporations, into a non-financial corporations sector and a household sector.

Overall effect of the revision

Summary table 9 below illustrates the overall effect of the major revision on the most important balancing items in the system of accounts for the institutional sec-

tors. In contrast to the functional national accounts, the definitional changes in the institutional sector accounts are explicitly quantified only to the extent that they affect the compilation of GNI. The differences in present and previous figures are thus the result of both the major revision of sources and methods of calculation and the changeover to the definitions in the ESA 95. It should be noted that in the new national accounts there is a not unimportant change in the dividing line between the non-financial corporations sector and the household sector as regards the classification of partnerships. Whereas in the previous national accounts partnerships were, with certain exceptions, included in the household sector, in the new national accounts they are, without exception, assigned to the corporations sector.

Summary table 9.**Effect of the revision on the main balancing items by sector, 1992**

	Total economy	General government	Financial corporations	Non-financial corporations	Households and NPISH	Financial intermediation services indirectly measured (FISIM)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Current prices, billion DKK						
Gross value added, former figures	732.5	167.4	14.0	382.2	184.4	-15.5
Gross value added, new figures	768.2	179.9	36.9	431.6	150.2	-30.4
Gross value added, change	35.7	12.5	22.9	49.4	-34.2	-14.9
Gross disposable income, former figures.	817.6	216.3	-2.1	126.3	477.1	-
Gross disposable income, new figures	848.3	226.0	22.6	118.3	481.4	-
Gross disposable income, change	30.7	9.7	24.7	-8.0	4.3	-
Gross saving, former figures	151.4	-2.8	-7.2	126.3	35.1	-
Gross saving, new figures	179.9	-3.2	17.5	118.3	47.2	-
Gross saving, change	28.5	-0.4	24.7	-8.0	12.1	-
Net lending, former figures.....	19.8	-24.6	-7.7	52.0	0.2	-
Net lending, new figures	19.1	-19.7	12.3	8.9	17.6	-
Net lending, change.....	-0.7	4.9	20.0	-43.1	17.4	-

Gross saving revised upwards

For the economy as a whole, the 1992 level of gross saving has been adjusted upwards by DKK 28.5 billion, which corresponds roughly to the upward adjustment in capital formation. Thus the revision of the economy's overall saving rate amount to +2.7 percentage points. This revision reflects noticeable increases in the financial corporations and the household sector, whereas gross saving in the non-financial corporations has been revised slightly downwards. Saving in general government is roughly the same as in the previous calculations.

Sectoral breakdown of net lending

Summary table 9 and Figure 4 show that the major revision has led to a marked change in net lending among sectors, whereas total net lending - which is equal to the surplus on the balance of payments current account excluding the Faroe Islands and Greenland, plus capital transfers, net, from the rest of the world - remains virtually unchanged.

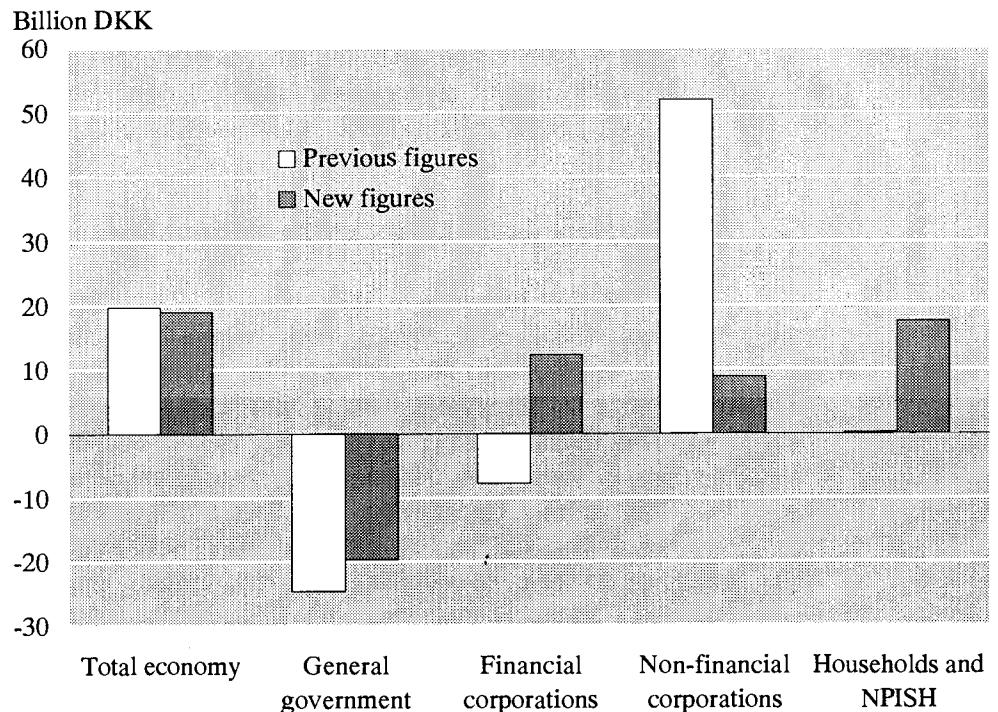
Reduction in the »general government deficit«

The deficit (negative net lending) of the general government sector has been reduced by some DKK 5 billion for 1992, owing mainly to definitional changes. In the previous national accounts, central and local government investment in equity of public quasi-corporations (e.g. DSB, the Danish State Railways) in connection with civil engineering works were counted as distributive transactions (capital transfers) with an impact on net lending. On the other hand, revenue from privatizations, i.e. the selling-off of whole public quasi-corporations or parts thereof, was considered to be capital transfers from the corporate to the general government sector. According to both the previous and the new international guidelines, however, such transactions

should be considered as purely financial, having no effect on net lending (general government deficit). The international manuals treat the provision of equity capital to public quasi-corporations as purchases of shares or other equity and the revenue from sales - from privatizations, for example - as revenue from sales of shares or other equities. With the major revision, the recording in the accounts was changed to conform with international guidelines.

Figure 4

Effect of the revision on net lending of the nation, by sector 1992



Reclassifications

In addition to purely definitional changes, the negative net lending of general government is affected by the fact that, following more detailed investigations of their activity, sales revenue and costs, certain units have been transferred from general government to the corporations sector and vice-versa. The most important examples are the Employees' Capital Pension Fund [Lønmodtagernes Dyrtsfond], which has been transferred to the financial corporations sector, and publicly controlled sewage removal and disposal activity, which has been transferred to the non-financial corporations sector.

Marked increase in net lending of the financial sector

The revision of the calculations for financial institutions has led to a substantial upward adjustment of their net lending, which must be seen in connection with the change in the treatment of the accounting item »provisions for bad debts« - cf. Chapter 6.

Substantial downward adjustment in net lending of non-financial corporations

One striking result of the revision is the sharp downward adjustment of the net lending of the non-financial corporations sector, due inter alia to the improvement in the basic data used for the institutional breakdown of the economy which results from the new sources and calculation systems - cf. Chapter 3.

Households better consolidated

A further, related point where the new national accounts paint a very different picture of the economic situation is net lending in the household sector. Whereas the previous national accounts for the period 1988-1994 showed considerable net borrowing of just under DKK 83 billion in the household sector, the new figures show net lending of DKK 46 billion over the same period. All in all, the new national ac-

counts thus paint a picture of households as being rather better consolidated financially than was suggested by the previous figures. It would appear that, overall, the change is largely an actual one and is only to a minor extent affected by the change in the sector to which partnerships are allocated.

Corporations, households and NPISH's taken together

The figures for the institutional sectors at detailed level have been carried forward to 1995 inclusive. For the general government sector, figures are available up to 1996 inclusive. The 1996 figures for corporations, households and non-profit institutions serving households taken together (formerly known as the private sector) can be derived by deducting the figures for the general government sector in Table 7 from the figures for the total economy in Table 2. For example, in 1996 the combined gross saving of corporations, households and non-profit institutions serving households (NPISH's) was DKK 214,055 million (221,058 million minus 7,003 million).

8. New terminology in the national accounts

With the changeover to the new national accounts system, various terms used in the previous Danish national accounts have been changed. Some of the changes result from changes in the wording of the international manuals, the SNA 93 and the ESA 95, and others from a change in the Danish translation of concepts from the main languages. These latter changes have been introduced to prevent misunderstandings when the Danish national accounts are compared with those of other countries. In this connection, attempts have been made to make the terminology used in all the Scandinavian languages coincide as closely as possible. Summary table 10 below shows the most important changes in terminology.

Summary table 10.

Former and new terminology in the Danish National accounts

Former terms	New terms	ESA 95-code
Units and sectors:		
Selskabslignende foretagender	Kvæsi-selskaber	(S.11+S.12)
Privat sektor	Selskaber, husholdninger og NPISH	S.11+S.12+ S.14+S.15
Offentlig sektor	Offentlig forvaltning og service	S.13
Det offentlige	Offentlig forvaltning og service	S.13
Det offentlige område	Den offentlige sektor	S.13+S.11001+S.12201+ S.12.301+S.12401+S.12501
Private ikke-udbyttegivende institutioner	Non-profit institutioner rettet mod husholdninger (NPISH)	S.15
Product transactions:		
Markedsmæssig produktion	Markedsmæssig produktion (del)	P.11
Markedsmæssig produktion	Produktion til eget brug (del)	P.12
Ikke-markedsmæssig produktion	Anden ikke-markedsmæssig produktion	P.13
Imputerede finansielle tjenester	Indirekte målte finansielle formidlingstjenester (FISIM)	P.119
Rå- og hjælpestoffer	Forbrug i produktionen	P.2
Distributive transactions:		
Lønninger og arbejdsgiverbidrag	Aflønning af ansatte	D.1
Indirekte skatter	Produktions- og importskatter	D.2
Varetilknyttede indirekte skatter	Produktskatter	D.21
Ikke-varetilknyttede indirekte skatter	Andre produktionsskatter	D.29
Varetilknyttede subsidier	Produktsubsidier	D.31
Ikke-varetilknyttede subsidier	Andre produktionssubsidier	D.39
Forøgelse af aktuarmæssige pensionsreserver	Korrektion for ændringer i hushold- ningernes formue i pensionskassereserver	D.8
Other flows:		
Køb af jord og rettigheder, netto	Anskaffelse af ikke-finansielle, ikke-producerede aktiver, netto	K.2
Balancing items etc.:		
Bruttofaktorindkomst	Primær indkomst (del)	B.5g
Varetilknyttede indirekte skatter, netto	Primær indkomst (del)	B.5g
Ikke-varetilknyttede indirekte skatter, netto	Primær indkomst (del)	B.5g
Bruttorestindkomst	Bruttooverskud af produktionen (del)	B.2g
Bruttorestindkomst	Blandet indkomst (del)	B.3g

The new Danish terms have been incorporated into the Danish translation from the English of the ESA 95 - cf. Eurostat: the European System of Accounts, Office for Official Publications of the European Communities, Luxembourg, 1996.

9. Special circumstances regarding the consumption of fixed capital

Consequences of the revision for capital formation

The consumption of fixed capital has been calculated in the national accounts inter alia from the series showing gross fixed capital formation. The revisions to capital formation therefore entail changes in the series for consumption of fixed capital. Like the statistical offices of other countries, Statistics Denmark has chosen to publish the new national accounts now rather than await completion of all the work involved in a recalculation of capital stock and consumption of fixed capital in a breakdown by industry.

Depreciation of roads and bridges etc. included

The figures for the consumption of fixed capital shown in the following tables are identical with previous figures apart from one quite substantial change. This is that the consumption of fixed capital relating to roads, bridges, dams, etc. introduced with the changeover to ESA 95 definitions has been added to the previously published figures. The level of fixed capital consumption for 1992 thus rose by DKK 6,567 million or 4.9 percent.

Normally important only for net figures

Generally, the consumption of fixed capital affects only net balancing items in the system of accounts, such as net domestic product. As a rule, international comparisons look at gross figures such as gross domestic product (GDP), since there is a great deal of uncertainty attached to estimates of depreciation.

Two important exceptions

There are two cases, however, where the consumption of fixed capital is included in the estimates of GDP. The first is the estimate of value added in non-market output and the second the calculation of subsidies to certain publicly controlled market producers. In the previous national accounts, it was not possible to include the new figures for the consumption of fixed capital published in 1995 in the estimates of non-market output and subsidies without breaks in the time series. Thus value added of general government and non-profit institutions in the previous estimates was not consistent with the new figures for the consumption of fixed capital.

New depreciation for non-market output

The major revision has made it possible to get rid of this inconsistency. In the new national accounts, both the new figures for the consumption of fixed capital published in 1995 and the changes resulting from the changeover to ESA 95 definitions have been incorporated into the estimate of the output value and value added of non-market output and the relevant subsidies. In all cases relating to the estimate of GDP, the new figures for the consumption of fixed capital compiled in accordance with the ESA 95 definitions have been incorporated.

Table 1. **Account 0: Goods and services**

	1988	1989	1990	1991
Current prices, mill DKK				
1 Output	1 250 377	1 332 335	1 390 114	1 430 578
2 Market output	1 001 795	1 071 383	1 119 256	1 149 071
3 Output for own final use	54 742	58 923	61 477	63 525
4 Other non-market output	193 839	202 029	209 381	217 983
5 Taxes less subsidies on products	114 517	114 853	115 196	116 878
6 Taxes on products	127 607	127 732	128 413	130 682
7 Subsidies on products	13 090	12 879	13 217	13 804
8 Imports of goods and services	226 951	252 236	253 832	268 677
9 Imports of goods	180 782	201 516	203 129	215 323
10 Imports of services	46 169	50 720	50 704	53 354
11 Resources (1 + 5 + 8)	1 591 845	1 699 424	1 759 142	1 816 133
12 Intermediate consumption	616 620	658 588	679 999	689 805
13 Final consumption expenditure	572 464	597 823	615 845	643 560
14 Private consumption expenditure	375 833	393 255	404 915	423 030
15 Government consumption expenditure	196 631	204 568	210 930	220 530
16 Government individual consumption expenditure	129 080	134 324	138 540	145 589
17 Government collective consumption expenditure	67 551	70 244	72 390	74 941
18 Gross fixed capital formation¹	154 887	163 175	165 954	165 591
19 Changes in inventories	-570	3 184	1 645	-1 912
20 Exports of goods and services	248 443	276 653	295 698	319 090
21 Exports of goods	190 327	213 634	226 615	240 239
22 Exports of services	58 116	63 018	69 083	78 851
23 Uses (12 + 13 + 18 + 19 + 20)	1 591 844	1 699 423	1 759 141	1 816 134
1990-prices, mill. DKK				
1 Output	1 364 600	1 367 116	1 390 114	1 396 235
2 Market output	1 101 359	1 104 741	1 126 443	1 131 634
3 Output for own final use	53 093	53 564	54 290	54 753
4 Other non-market output	210 147	208 811	209 381	209 848
5 Taxes less subsidies on products	118 001	116 286	115 196	119 230
6 Imports of goods and services	239 876	250 023	253 832	263 649
7 Imports of goods	190 780	200 826	203 129	213 318
8 Imports of services	49 096	49 197	50 704	50 331
9 Resources (1 + 5 + 6)	1 722 477	1 733 425	1 759 142	1 779 114
10 Intermediate consumption	669 303	667 962	679 999	678 665
11 Final consumption expenditure	618 515	615 363	615 845	624 418
12 Private consumption expenditure	405 258	403 904	404 915	412 091
13 Government consumption expenditure	213 257	211 459	210 930	212 327
14 Gross fixed capital formation¹	167 002	167 406	165 954	161 442
15 Changes in inventories	588	4 217	1 645	-1 819
16 Exports of goods and services	267 069	278 475	295 698	316 408
17 Exports of goods	207 030	217 925	226 615	239 316
18 Exports of services	60 039	60 550	69 083	77 092
19 Uses (10 + 11 + 14 + 15 + 16)	1 722 477	1 733 423	1 759 141	1 779 114

¹ Including acquisitions less disposals of valuables

Account 0: Goods and services**Table 1.**

1992	1993*	1994*	1995*	1996*		ESA-code
Current prices, mill. DKK						
1 467 742	1 496 417	1 582 008	1 654 172	1 724 893	Output	P.1
1 176 268	1 192 193	1 263 943	1 326 985	1 381 322	Market output	P.11
65 280	68 206	70 292	73 132	75 468	Output for own final use	P.12
226 194	236 018	247 773	254 055	268 103	Other non-market output	P.13
119 660	116 362	130 738	138 203	151 229	Taxes less subsidies on products	D.21-D.31
134 148	134 885	149 632	156 986	169 391	Taxes on products	D.21
14 488	18 523	18 894	18 783	18 162	Subsidies on products	D.31
265 572	257 305	291 002	315 977	326 055	Imports of goods and services	P.7
212 101	200 893	229 519	253 257	257 562	Imports of goods	P.71
53 471	56 412	61 483	62 720	68 493	Imports of services	P.72
1 852 974	1 870 084	2 003 748	2 108 352	2 202 177	Resources (1 + 5 + 8)	
699 534	706 591	751 679	781 046	810 442	Intermediate consumption	P.2
668 418	688 870	743 136	769 775	808 527	Final consumption expenditure	P.3
439 262	450 397	492 834	513 203	538 103	Private consumption expenditure	
229 156	238 473	250 302	256 572	270 424	Government consumption expenditure	
153 663	162 282	167 184	171 658	181 262	Government individual consumption expenditure	
75 493	76 191	83 118	84 914	89 162	Government collective consumption expenditure	
160 995	163 156	166 958	188 032	206 683	Gross fixed capital formation¹	P.51
-220	-6 320	147	11 620	1 274	Changes in inventories	P.52
324 246	317 786	341 829	357 880	375 251	Exports of goods and services	P.6
249 239	244 155	269 310	283 001	295 192	Exports of goods	P.61
75 007	73 631	72 519	74 879	80 059	Exports of services	P.62
1 852 973	1 870 083	2 003 749	2 108 353	2 202 177	Uses (12 + 13 + 18 + 19 + 20)	
1990-prices, mill. DKK						
1 406 214	1 422 643	1 477 879	1 521 533	1 554 672	Output	P.1
1 139 222	1 146 489	1 194 838	1 235 927	1 261 289	Market output	P.11
55 685	64 710	64 502	65 370	66 149	Output for own final use	P.12
211 307	211 444	218 540	220 236	227 235	Other non-market output	P.13
120 970	123 238	129 453	128 036	135 069	Taxes less subsidies on products	D.21-D.31
264 094	263 914	300 024	329 374	341 501	Imports of goods and services	P.7
214 265	211 711	241 273	266 851	275 954	Imports of goods	P.71
49 829	52 203	58 752	62 523	65 548	Imports of services	P.72
1 791 278	1 809 795	1 907 356	1 978 943	2 031 242	Resources (1 + 5 + 6)	
679 697	687 791	718 998	733 650	742 834	Intermediate consumption	P.2
636 801	649 873	685 790	696 768	714 321	Final consumption expenditure	P.3
422 669	431 489	460 118	469 335	479 877	Private consumption expenditure	
214 132	218 385	225 672	227 432	234 444	Government consumption expenditure	
159 844	159 449	160 730	182 964	197 222	Gross fixed capital formation¹	P.51
34	-2 678	1 393	7 202	3 736	Changes in inventories	P.52
314 901	315 361	340 446	358 360	373 129	Exports of goods and services	P.6
241 589	242 880	267 742	277 029	287 025	Exports of goods	P.61
73 312	72 481	72 704	81 331	86 104	Exports of services	P.62
1 791 277	1 809 796	1 907 357	1 978 944	2 031 242	Uses (10 + 11 + 14 + 15 + 16)	

Table 2.

Account 1-3: Production, generation of income etc.

	1988	1989	1990	1991
	Current prices, mill. DKK			
Account 1: Production				
1 Output	1 250 377	1 332 335	1 390 114	1 430 578
2 Taxes less subsidies on products	114 517	114 853	115 196	116 878
3 Resources from Denmark (1 + 2)	1 364 894	1 447 188	1 505 310	1 547 456
4 Intermediate consumption	616 620	658 588	679 999	689 805
5 Gross domestic product, GDP (3 - 4)	748 274	788 600	825 311	857 651
6 Consumption of fixed capital	115 646	123 234	128 959	135 521
7 Net domestic product, NDP (5 - 6)	632 628	665 366	696 352	722 130
Account 2.1.1: Generation of income				
1 Gross domestic product, GDP	748 274	788 600	825 311	857 651
2 Taxes less subsidies on products	114 517	114 853	115 196	116 878
3 Gross value added (1 - 2)	633 757	673 747	710 115	740 773
4 Other taxes less subsidies on production	4	-1 300	-2 190	-1 195
5 Gross domestic product at factor cost (3 - 4)	633 753	675 047	712 305	741 968
6 Compensation of employees (payable by res. prod.)	424 999	441 382	458 389	473 555
7 Gross operating surplus and mixed income (5 - 6)¹	208 754	233 665	253 916	268 413
Account 2.1.2: Allocation of primary income				
1 Gross operating surplus and mixed income	208 754	233 665	253 916	268 413
2 Compensation of employees (received by res. employees)	427 803	444 790	461 049	476 996
3 Taxes less subsidies on production and imports	121 499	119 730	119 484	122 028
4 Property income, net from ROW	-27 937	-31 247	-33 891	-36 180
5 Gross national income (1 + 2 + 3 + 4)¹	730 119	766 938	800 558	831 257
Account 2.2: Secondary distribution of income				
1 Gross national income	730 119	766 938	800 558	831 257
2 Current taxes on income, wealth etc., net from ROW	-466	-587	-382	-567
3 Other current transfers, net from ROW	-13 540	-14 552	-13 305	-15 832
4 Gross national disposable income (1 + 2 + 3)¹	716 113	751 799	786 871	814 858
Account 2.4: Use of disposable income				
1 Gross national disposable income	716 113	751 799	786 871	814 858
2 Final consumption expenditure	572 464	597 823	615 845	643 560
3 Gross saving (1 - 2)¹	143 649	153 976	171 026	171 298
Account 3.1: Capital				
1 Gross saving	143 649	153 976	171 026	171 298
2 Capital transfers, net from ROW	-6	1 101	505	-182
3 Chg. in net worth due to saving and c. trsf. (1 + 2)	143 643	155 077	171 531	171 116
4 Gross fixed capital formation ²	154 887	163 175	165 954	165 591
5 Changes in inventories	-570	3 184	1 645	-1 912
6 Net lending (3 - 4 - 5)	-10 674	-11 282	3 932	7 437
1990-prices, mill. DKK				
Account 1: Production				
1 Output	1 364 600	1 367 116	1 390 114	1 396 235
2 Taxes less subsidies on products	118 001	116 286	115 196	119 230
3 Resources from Denmark (1 + 2)	1 482 601	1 483 402	1 505 310	1 515 465
4 Intermediate consumption	669 303	667 962	679 999	678 665
5 Gross domestic product, GDP (3 - 4)	813 298	815 440	825 311	836 800
6 Consumption of fixed capital	126 094	126 616	128 959	130 769
7 Net domestic product, NDP (5 - 6)	687 204	688 824	696 352	706 031
Account 2.1.1: Generation of income				
1 Gross domestic product, GDP	813 298	815 440	825 311	836 800
2 Taxes less subsidies on products	118 001	116 286	115 196	119 230
3 Gross value added (1 - 2)¹	695 297	699 154	710 115	717 570

¹ The corresponding net aggregate is derived by subtracting consumption of fixed capital (line 6 in account 1)² Including acquisitions less disposals of valuables

Account 1-3: Production, generation of income etc.

Table 2.

1992	1993*	1994*	1995*	1996*	ESA-code
Current prices, mill. DKK					
1 467 742	1 496 417	1 582 008	1 654 172	1 724 894	P.1
119 660	116 362	130 738	138 203	151 229	Taxes less subsidies on products D.21-D.31
1 587 402	1 612 779	1 712 746	1 792 375	1 876 123	Resources from Denmark (1 + 2)
699 534	706 591	751 679	781 046	810 442	Intermediate consumption P.2
887 868	906 188	961 067	1 011 329	1 065 681	Gross domestic product, GDP (3 - 4) B.1*g
141 857	146 163	149 300	151 658	152 336	Consumption of fixed capital K.1
746 011	760 025	811 767	859 671	913 345	Net domestic product, NDP (5 - 6) B.1*n
Account 2.1.1: Generation of income					
887 868	906 188	961 067	1 011 329	1 065 681	Gross domestic product, GDP B.1*g
119 660	116 362	130 738	138 203	151 229	Taxes less subsidies on products D.21-D.31
768 208	789 826	830 329	873 126	914 452	Gross value added (1 - 2) B.1g
-6 327	436	-47	-971	-2 489	Other taxes less subsidies on production D.29-D.39
774 535	789 390	830 376	874 097	916 941	Gross domestic product at factor cost (3 - 4)
487 620	490 808	509 831	537 706	562 333	Compensation of employees (payable by res. prod.) D.1
286 915	298 582	320 545	336 391	354 608	Gross operating surplus and mixed income (5 - 6)¹ B.2g+B.3g
491 428	495 920	514 256	542 515	566 963	Compensation of employees (received by res. employees) D.1
120 198	126 100	139 083	145 380	156 344	Taxes less subsidies on production and imports D.2-D.3
-32 996	-30 168	-28 623	-24 658	-25 554	Property income, net from ROW D.4
865 545	890 434	945 261	999 628	1 052 361	Gross national income (1 + 2 + 3 + 4)¹ B.5*g
Account 2.2: Secondary distribution of income					
865 545	890 434	945 261	999 628	1 052 361	Gross national income B.5*g
-645	-938	-709	-828	-763	Current taxes on income, wealth etc., net from ROW D.5
-16 617	-18 769	-20 298	-20 525	-22 013	Other current transfers, net from ROW D.6+D.7
848 283	870 727	924 254	978 275	1 029 585	Gross national disposable income (1 + 2 + 3)¹ B.6g
Account 2.4: Use of disposable income					
848 283	870 727	924 254	978 275	1 029 585	Gross national disposable income B.6g
668 418	688 870	743 136	769 775	808 527	Final consumption expenditure P.3
179 865	181 857	181 118	208 500	221 058	Gross saving (1 - 2)¹ B.8g
Account 3.1: Capital					
179 865	181 857	181 118	208 500	221 058	Gross saving B.8g
40	244	-82	-369	139	Capital transfers, net from ROW D.9
179 905	182 101	181 036	208 131	221 197	Chg. in net worth due to saving and c. trsf. (1 + 2) B.10.1
160 995	163 156	166 958	188 032	206 683	Gross fixed capital formation ² P.51
-220	-6 320	147	11 620	1 274	Changes in inventories P.52
19 130	25 265	13 931	8 479	13 240	Net lending (3 - 4 - 5) B.9
1990-prices, mill. DKK					
Account 1: Production					
1 406 214	1 422 643	1 477 879	1 521 533	1 554 672	Output P.1
120 970	123 238	129 453	128 036	135 069	Taxes less subsidies on products D.21-D.31
1 527 183	1 545 881	1 607 332	1 649 569	1 689 741	Resources from Denmark (1 + 2)
679 697	687 791	718 998	733 650	742 834	Intermediate consumption P.2
847 486	858 090	888 334	915 920	946 907	Gross domestic product, GDP (3 - 4) B.1*g
132 389	132 544	132 944	134 988	136 331	Consumption of fixed capital K.1
715 097	725 547	755 390	780 931	810 575	Net domestic product, NDP (5 - 6) B.1*n
Account 2.1.1: Generation of income					
847 486	858 090	888 334	915 920	946 907	Gross domestic product, GDP B.1*g
120 970	123 238	129 453	128 036	135 069	Taxes less subsidies on products D.21-D.31
726 516	734 852	758 881	787 884	811 837	Gross value added (1 - 2)¹ B.1g

Table 3.**Account 4: Rest of the World (ROW)**

	1988	1989	1990	1991
	Current prices, mill. DKK			
1 Exports of goods	190 327	213 634	226 615	240 239
2 Income from tourism from ROW	18 533	18 855	22 676	24 208
3 Exports of other services	39 583	44 163	46 407	54 643
4 Compensation of employees from ROW	4 100	4 856	4 265	5 065
5 Subsidies from ROW	9 362	8 827	8 955	9 232
6 Property income from ROW	20 397	26 808	36 049	49 187
7 Current taxes on income, wealth, etc. from ROW	518	579	642	649
8 Other current transfers, etc. from ROW	7 540	7 751	9 402	12 010
9 Current income from ROW (1 + ... + 8)	290 360	325 473	355 011	395 233
10 Capital transfers, receivable from ROW	784	1 736	859	781
11 Total income from ROW (9 + 10)	291 144	327 209	355 870	396 014
12 Imports of goods	180 782	201 516	203 129	215 323
13 Expenditure on tourism in ROW	22 418	22 756	24 259	23 052
14 Imports of other services	23 751	27 964	26 445	30 302
15 Compensation of employees to ROW	1 296	1 448	1 605	1 624
16 Taxes on production and imports	2 384	2 650	2 476	2 886
17 Property income to ROW	48 334	58 055	69 940	85 367
18 Current taxes on income, wealth, etc. to ROW	984	1 166	1 024	1 216
19 Other current transfers, etc. to ROW	21 080	22 303	22 707	27 842
20 Current expenditure to ROW (12 + ... + 19)	301 029	337 858	351 585	387 612
21 Capital transfers, payable to ROW	790	635	354	963
22 Total expenditure to ROW (20 + 21)	301 819	338 493	351 939	388 575
23 External balance of goods (1 - 12)	9 545	12 118	23 486	24 916
24 External balance of services (2 + 3 - 13 - 14)	11 947	12 298	18 379	25 497
25 External balance of goods and services (23 + 24)	21 492	24 416	41 865	50 413
26 Current external balance (9 - 20)	-10 669	-12 385	3 426	7 621
27 Net lending (11 - 22)	-10 675	-11 284	3 931	7 439

Table 4.**Real gross national disposable income etc.**

	1988	1989	1990	1991
	Current prices, mill. DKK			
1 Gross domestic product	748 274	788 600	825 310	857 652
2 Comp. of employees, property income from ROW, net	-25 133	-27 839	-31 231	-32 739
3 Taxes on production and imports from ROW, net	6 978	6 177	6 479	6 346
4 Gross national income (1 + 2)	730 119	766 938	800 558	831 259
5 Current transfers from ROW, net	-14 006	-15 139	-13 687	-16 399
6 Gross disposable income (3 + 4)	716 113	751 799	786 871	814 860
	1990-prices, mill. DKK			
1 Gross domestic product	813 298	815 440	825 310	836 800
2 Comp. of employees, property income from ROW, net	-26 564	-27 595	-31 231	-32 126
3 Taxes on production and imports from ROW, net	7 375	6 123	6 479	6 227
4 Adjustments for changes in terms of trade	-4 477	-4 250	0	-3 289
5 Gross national income (1 + 2 + 3 + 4)	789 632	789 718	800 558	807 611
6 Current transfers from ROW, net	-14 804	-15 006	-13 687	-16 092
7 Gross disposable income (5 + 6)	774 828	774 712	786 871	791 519

Account 4: Rest of the World (ROW)**Table 3.**

1992	1993*	1994*	1995*	1996*		ESA-code
Current prices, mill. DKK						
249 239	244 155	269 310	283 001	295 192	Exports of goods	P.61
25 831	21 603	22 605	22 037	20 223	Income from tourism from ROW	
49 176	52 028	49 914	52 841	59 836	Exports of other services	
5 487	6 918	6 631	6 847	6 804	Compensation of employees from ROW	D.1
9 382	11 363	10 504	10 244	9 542	Subsidies from ROW	D.3
76 047	101 448	110 146	103 174	147 041	Property income from ROW	D.4
672	722	882	815	870	Current taxes on income, wealth, etc. from ROW	D.5
10 969	10 819	9 649	10 079	10 504	Other current transfers, etc. from ROW	D.6+D.7
426 803	449 056	479 641	489 038	550 012	Current income from ROW (1 + ... + 8)	
723	843	932	1 091	587	Capital transfers, receivable from ROW	D.9
427 526	449 899	480 573	490 129	550 599	Total income from ROW (9 + 10)	
212 101	200 893	229 519	253 257	257 562	Imports of goods	P.71
24 755	19 912	21 639	22 803	22 272	Expenditure on tourism in ROW	
28 716	36 500	39 844	39 917	46 220	Imports of other services	
1 679	1 805	2 206	2 038	2 174	Compensation of employees to ROW	D.1
2 517	2 061	2 113	2 096	1 938	Taxes on production and imports	D.2
109 043	131 616	138 769	127 832	172 595	Property income to ROW	D.4
1 317	1 660	1 591	1 643	1 633	Current taxes on income, wealth, etc. to ROW	D.5
27 586	29 588	29 947	30 604	32 517	Other current transfers, etc. to ROW	D.6+D.7
407 714	424 035	465 628	480 190	536 911	Current expenditure to ROW (12 + ... + 19)	
683	599	1 014	1 460	448	Capital transfers, payable to ROW	D.9
408 397	424 634	466 642	481 650	537 359	Total expenditure to ROW (20 + 21)	
37 138	43 262	39 791	29 744	37 630	External balance of goods (1 - 12)	
21 536	17 219	11 036	12 158	11 567	External balance of services (2 + 3 - 13 - 14)	
58 674	60 481	50 827	41 902	49 197	External balance of goods and services (23 + 24)	B.11
19 089	25 021	14 013	8 848	13 101	Current external balance (9 - 20)	B.12
19 129	25 265	13 931	8 479	13 240	Net lending (11 - 22)	B.9

Real gross national disposable income etc.**Table 4.**

1992	1993*	1994*	1995*	1996*		ESA-code
Current prices, mill. DKK						
887 868	906 187	961 067	1 011 329	1 065 680	Gross domestic product	B.1*g
-29 188	-25 055	-24 198	-19 849	-20 924	Comp. of employees, property income from ROW, net	D.1+D.4
6 865	9 302	8 391	8 148	7 604	Taxes on production and imports from ROW, net	D.2-D.3
865 545	890 434	945 260	999 628	1 052 360	Gross national income (1 + 2)	B.5*g
-17 262	-19 707	-21 007	-21 353	-22 776	Current transfers from ROW, net	D.5+D.6+D.7
848 283	870 727	924 253	978 275	1 029 584	Gross disposable income (3 + 4)	B.6g
1990-prices, mill. DKK						
847 486	858 090	888 334	915 920	946 907	Gross domestic product	B.1*g
-29 026	-25 699	-24 948	-20 691	-21 915	Comp. of employees, property income from ROW, net	D.1+D.4
6 827	9 541	8 651	8 493	7 964	Taxes on production and imports from ROW, net	D.2-D.3
7 540	10 588	11 980	14 693	19 899	Adjustments for changes in terms of trade	
832 828	852 520	884 017	918 415	952 855	Gross national income (1 + 2 + 3 + 4)	B.5*g
-17 166	-20 213	-21 658	-22 258	-23 855	Current transfers from ROW, net	D.5+D.6+D.7
815 662	832 307	862 358	896 157	929 000	Gross disposable income (5 + 6)	B.6g

Table 5. Non-financial corporations

	1988	1989	1990	1991
— Current prices, mill. DKK —				
Account 1: Production				
1 Output	776 380	830 499	877 978	905 850
2 Intermediate consumption	433 599	464 207	483 658	491 491
3 Gross value added (1 - 2)	342 781	366 292	394 320	414 359
4 Consumption of fixed capital	61 872	66 307	70 259	74 537
5 Net value added (3 - 4)	280 909	299 985	324 061	339 822
Account 2.1.1: Generation of income				
1 Gross value added	342 781	366 292	394 320	414 359
2 Other taxes less subsidies on production	-2 134	-3 149	-4 125	-3 256
3 Gross domestic product at factor cost	344 915	369 441	398 445	417 615
4 Compensation of employees (payable by resident producers)	233 300	242 850	254 059	263 471
5 Gross operating surplus (3 - 4)¹	111 615	126 591	144 386	154 144
Account 2.1.2: Allocation of primary income				
1 Gross operating surplus	111 615	126 591	144 386	154 144
2 Property income, net	-26 501	-34 507	-37 762	-32 570
3 Of which distributed income of corporations, payable	21 523	24 539	14 654	17 531
4 Gross entrepreneurial income (1 + 2 + 3)	106 637	116 623	121 278	139 105
5 Gross primary income (4 - 3)¹	85 114	92 084	106 624	121 574
Account 2.2: Secondary distribution of income				
1 Gross primary income	85 114	92 084	106 624	121 574
2 Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	0	0	0	0
3 Social contributions	0	0	0	0
4 Social benefits other than transfers in kind	0	0	0	0
5 Other current transfers	8 641	9 257	9 601	12 454
6 Gross total income (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5)	93 755	101 341	116 225	134 028
7 Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	8 694	13 996	11 285	11 054
8 Social contributions	0	0	0	0
9 Social benefits other than transfers in kind	0	0	0	0
10 Other current transfers	9 088	9 021	10 312	11 525
11 Gross total expenditure (7 + 8 + 9 + 10)	17 782	23 017	21 597	22 579
12 Gross disposable income (6 - 11)¹	75 973	78 324	94 628	111 449
Account 2.4: Use of disposable income				
1 Gross disposable income	75 973	78 324	94 628	111 449
2 Final consumption expenditure	0	0	0	0
3 Gross saving (1 - 2)¹	75 973	78 324	94 628	111 449
Account 3.1: Capital				
1 Gross saving	75 973	78 324	94 628	111 449
2 Capital transfers, net	805	732	1 308	1 924
3 Change in net worth due to saving and capital transfers (1 + 2)	76 778	79 056	95 936	113 373
4 Gross fixed capital formation ²	101 689	113 905	114 262	112 199
5 Changes in inventories	1 023	4 169	1 214	-1 909
6 Acquisitions of non-financial non-produced assets, net	-211	720	298	-513
7 Net lending (3 - 4 - 5 - 6)	-25 723	-39 738	-19 838	3 596

¹ The corresponding net aggregate is derived by subtracting consumption of fixed capital (line 6 in account 1)² Including acquisitions less disposals of valuables

Non-financial corporations

Table 5.

1992	1993*	1994*	1995*	ESA-code
— Current prices, mill. DKK —				
930 701	938 151	990 634	1042503	P.1
499 138	498 988	531 271	556 543	P.2
431 563	439 163	459 363	485 960	B.1g
80 191	82 224	83 181	86 582	K.1
351 372	356 939	376 182	399 378	B.1n
Account 1: Production				
			Output	
			Intermediate consumption	
			Gross value added (1 - 2)	
			Consumption of fixed capital	
			Net value added (3 - 4)	
Account 2.1.1: Generation of income				
431 563	439 163	459 363	485 960	B.1g
-7 529	-4 710	-4 822	-5 461	D.29-D.39
439 092	443 873	464 185	491 421	Gross domestic product at factor cost
270 894	269 731	281 191	301 079	Compensation of employees (payable by resident producers)
168 198	174 142	182 994	190 342	Gross operating surplus (3 - 4)¹
Account 2.1.2: Allocation of primary income				
168 198	174 142	182 994	190 342	Gross operating surplus
-39 206	-38 868	-35 961	-23 671	Property income, net
27 041	21 204	18 807	13 253	Of which distributed income of corporations, payable
156 033	156 478	165 840	179 924	Gross entrepreneurial income (1 + 2 + 3)
128 992	135 274	147 033	166 671	Gross primary income (4 - 3)¹
Account 2.2: Secondary distribution of income				
128 992	135 274	147 033	166 671	Gross primary income
0	0	0	0	Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.
0	0	0	0	Social contributions
0	0	0	0	Social benefits other than transfers in kind
13 522	14 927	15 506	9 770	Other current transfers
142 514	150 201	162 539	176 441	Gross total income (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5)
12 026	13 882	14 990	15 340	Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.
0	0	0	0	Social contributions
0	0	0	0	Social benefits other than transfers in kind
12 216	12 831	12 680	11 580	Other current transfers
24 242	26 713	27 670	26 920	Gross total expenditure (7 + 8 + 9 + 10)
118 272	123 488	134 869	149 521	Gross disposable income (6 - 11)¹
Account 2.4: Use of disposable income				
118 272	123 488	134 869	149 521	Gross disposable income
0	0	0	0	Final consumption expenditure
118 272	123 488	134 869	149 521	Gross saving (1 - 2)¹
Account 3.1: Capital				
118 272	123 488	134 869	149 521	Gross saving
1 902	2 210	2 445	2 212	Capital transfers, net
120 174	125 698	137 314	151 733	Change in net worth due to saving and capital transfers (1 + 2)
111 416	112 978	115 045	131 813	Gross fixed capital formation ²
-30	-5 884	351	11 958	Changes in inventories
-107	-2 879	-356	-804	Acquisitions of non-financial non-produced assets, net
8 895	21 483	22 274	8 766	Net lending (3 - 4 - 5 - 6)

Table 6. **Financial corporations**

	1988	1989	1990	1991
	Current prices, mill. DKK			
Account 1: Production				
1 Output	50 137	58 316	58 979	57 511
2 Intermediate consumption	17 641	19 649	20 518	20 174
3 Gross value added (1 - 2)	32 496	38 667	38 461	37 337
4 Consumption of fixed capital	2 051	2 147	2 344	2 728
5 Net value added (3 - 4)	30 445	36 520	36 117	34 609
Account 2.1.1: Generation of income				
1 Gross value added	32 496	38 667	38 461	37 337
2 Other taxes less subsidies on production	990	837	1 206	1 741
3 Gross domestic product at factor cost (1 - 2 - 3)	31 506	37 830	37 255	35 596
4 Compensation of employees (payable by resident producers)	20 639	21 929	22 953	23 696
5 Gross operating surplus (4 - 5)¹	10 867	15 901	14 302	11 900
Account 2.1.2: Allocation of primary income				
1 Gross operating surplus	10 867	15 901	14 302	11 900
2 Property income, net	38 696	43 857	44 290	39 236
3 Of which distributed income of corporations, payable	6 954	5 037	5 935	9 961
4 Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	28 733	33 117	33 800	31 680
5 Gross entrepreneurial income (1 + 2 + 3 - 4)	27 784	31 678	30 727	29 417
6 Gross primary income (5 - 3)¹	20 830	26 641	24 792	19 456
Account 2.2: Secondary distribution of income				
1 Gross primary income	20 830	26 641	24 792	19 456
2 Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	0	0	0	0
3 Social contributions	16 253	16 973	19 535	19 741
4 Social benefits other than transfers in kind	0	0	0	0
5 Other current transfers	23 856	23 623	25 951	29 514
6 Gross total income (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5)	60 939	67 237	70 278	68 711
7 Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	6 910	2 132	1 131	2 349
8 Social contributions	0	0	0	0
9 Social benefits other than transfers in kind	11 044	12 339	14 240	14 633
10 Other current transfers	23 882	23 634	25 956	29 602
11 Gross total expenditure (7 + 8 + 9 + 10)	41 836	38 105	41 327	46 584
12 Gross disposable income (6 - 11)¹	19 103	29 132	28 951	22 127
Account 2.4: Use of disposable income				
1 Gross disposable income	19 103	29 132	28 951	22 127
2 Adjustments for the change in net equity of households in pension funds reserves	5 209	4 634	5 296	5 109
3 Gross saving (1 - 2)¹	13 894	24 498	23 655	17 018
Account 3.1: Capital				
1 Gross saving	13 894	24 498	23 655	17 018
2 Capital transfers, net	-627	-679	-947	-800
3 Change in net worth due to saving and capital transfers (1 + 2)	13 267	23 819	22 708	16 218
4 Gross fixed capital formation ²	4 842	2 579	3 675	5 153
5 Changes in inventories	0	0	0	0
6 Acquisitions of non-financial non-produced assets, net	265	272	169	-140
7 Net lending (3 - 4 - 5 - 6)	8 160	20 968	18 864	11 205

¹ The corresponding net aggregate is derived by subtracting consumption of fixed capital (line 6 in account 1)² Including acquisitions less disposals of valuables

Financial corporations

Table 6.

1992	1993*	1994*	1995*	ESA-code
Current prices, mill. DKK				
57 312	65 819	72 491	70 326	
20 368	21 969	23 106	21 404	P.1 P.2
36 944	43 850	49 385	48 922	B.1g
2 720	2 911	2 919	275	K.1
34 224	40 939	46 466	48 647	B.1n
Account 1: Production				
			Output	P.1
			Intermediate consumption	P.2
			Gross value added (1 - 2)	B.1g
			Consumption of fixed capital	K.1
			Net value added (3 - 4)	B.1n
Account 2.1.1: Generation of income				
36 944	43 850	49 385	48 922	Gross value added
1 976	2 416	2 530	2 364	Other taxes less subsidies on production
34 968	41 434	46 855	46 558	Gross domestic product at factor cost (1 - 2 - 3)
24 127	23 818	23 946	24 311	Compensation of employees (payable by resident producers)
10 841	17 616	22 909	22 247	Gross operating surplus (4 - 5)¹
Account 2.1.2: Allocation of primary income				
10 841	17 616	22 909	22 247	Gross operating surplus
38 856	43 022	41 913	41 562	Property income, net
10 043	9 363	4 223	10 520	Of which distributed income of corporations, payable
30 415	31 942	32 192	30 742	Financial intermediation services indirectly measured
29 325	38 059	36 853	43 587	Gross entrepreneurial income (1 + 2 + 3 - 4)
19 282	28 696	32 630	33 067	Gross primary income (5 - 3)¹
Account 2.2: Secondary distribution of income				
19 282	28 696	32 630	33 067	Gross primary income
0	0	0	0	Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.
21 377	24 885	21 540	25 501	Social contributions
0	0	0	0	Social benefits other than transfers in kind
29 128	31 761	29 199	32 691	Other current transfers
69 787	85 342	83 369	91 259	Gross total income (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5)
1 746	5 152	2 624	4 661	Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.
0	0	0	0	Social contributions
16 269	17 862	17 724	19 108	Social benefits other than transfers in kind
29 145	31 786	29 231	27 938	Other current transfers
47 160	54 800	49 579	51 707	Gross total expenditure (7 + 8 + 9 + 10)
22 627	30 542	33 790	39 552	Gross disposable income (6 - 11)¹
Account 2.4: Use of disposable income				
22 627	30 542	33 790	39 552	Gross disposable income
5 108	7 023	3 815	6 393	Adjustments for the change in net equity of households in pension funds reserves
17 519	23 519	29 975	33 159	Gross saving (1 - 2)¹
Account 3.1: Capital				
17 519	23 519	29 975	33 159	Gross saving
-2 668	-1 467	-1 029	-1 848	Capital transfers, net
14 851	22 052	28 946	31 311	Change in net worth due to saving and capital transfers (1 + 2)
2 533	2 585	2 630	3 015	Gross fixed capital formation ²
0	0	0	0	Changes in inventories
16	0	0	0	Acquisitions of non-financial non-produced assets, net
12 302	19 467	26 316	28 296	Net lending (3 - 4 - 5 - 6)

Table 7. General government

	1988	1989	1990	1991
	Current prices, mill. DKK			
Account 1: Production				
1 Output	207 760	217 196	225 909	236 047
2 Intermediate consumption	53 501	56 211	59 378	62 839
3 Gross value added (1 - 2)	154 259	160 985	166 531	173 208
4 Consumption of fixed capital	17 806	18 917	19 864	20 839
5 Net value added (3 - 4)	136 453	142 068	146 667	152 369
Account 2.1.1: Generation of income				
1 Gross value added	154 259	160 985	166 531	173 208
2 Other taxes less subsidies on production	388	385	382	346
3 Gross domestic product at factor cost	153 871	160 600	166 149	172 862
4 Compensation of employees (payable by resident prod.)	136 065	141 682	146 286	152 023
5 Gross operating surplus (3 - 4)¹	17 806	18 918	19 863	20 839
Account 2.1.2: Allocation of primary income				
1 Gross operating surplus	17 806	18 918	19 863	20 839
2 Taxes on production and imports	137 035	136 883	138 015	140 380
3 Subsidies	-15 536	-17 153	-18 531	-18 352
4 Property income, net	-24 322	-20 176	-21 734	-24 700
5 Gross primary income (1 + 2 + 3 + 4)¹	114 983	118 472	117 613	118 167
Account 2.2: Secondary distribution of income				
1 Gross primary income	114 983	118 472	117 613	118 167
2 Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	226 999	236 323	233 735	244 463
3 Social contributions	16 200	16 989	18 825	19 566
4 Social benefits other than transfers in kind	0	0	0	0
5 Other current transfers	4 024	3 822	4 715	5 187
6 Gross total income (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5)	362 206	375 606	374 888	387 383
7 Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	0	0	0	0
8 Social contributions	0	0	0	0
9 Social benefits other than transfers in kind	127 017	140 425	147 423	157 653
10 Other current transfers	14 925	15 617	14 744	17 807
11 Gross total expenditure (7 + 8 + 9 + 10)	141 942	156 042	162 167	175 460
12 Gross disposable income (6 - 11)¹	220 264	219 564	212 721	211 923
Account 2.3: Redistribution of income in kind				
1 Gross disposable income	220 264	219 564	212 721	211 923
2 Social transfers in kind	129 080	134 324	138 540	145 589
3 Adjusted gross disposable income (1 - 2)¹	91 184	85 240	74 181	66 334
Account 2.4.1: Use of disposable income				
1 Gross disposable income	220 264	219 564	212 721	211 923
2 Final consumption expenditure	196 631	204 568	210 930	220 530
3 Gross saving (1 - 2)¹	23 633	14 996	1 791	-8 607
Account 2.4.2: Use of adjusted disposable income				
1 Gross adjusted disposable income	91 184	85 240	74 181	66 334
2 Actual collective consumption	67 551	70 244	72 390	74 941
3 Gross saving (1 - 2)¹	23 633	14 996	1 791	-8 607
Account 3.1: Capital				
1 Gross saving	23 633	14 996	1 791	-8 607
2 Capital transfers, net	1 277	725	2 823	799
3 Chg. in net worth due to saving and c. trsf. (1 + 2)	24 910	15 721	4 614	-7 808
4 Gross fixed capital formation ²	15 590	14 594	13 387	12 932
5 Changes in inventories	-844	-534	412	192
6 Acquisitions of non-financial non-produced assets, net	-934	-738	-792	-340
7 Net lending (3 - 4 - 5 - 6)	11 098	2 399	-8 393	-20 592

¹ The corresponding net aggregate is derived by subtracting consumption of fixed capital (line 6 in account 1)² Including acquisitions less disposals of valuables

Table 7.

General government					ESA-code
1992	1993*	1994*	1995*	1996*	
Current prices, mill. DKK					
					Account 1: Production
245 692	256 440	269 675	279 086	295 664	Output
65 778	69 750	75 738	78 733	85 328	Intermediate consumption
179 914	186 690	193 937	200 353	210 336	Gross value added (1 - 2)
21 887	22 775	24 514	25 325	27 637	Consumption of fixed capital
158 027	163 915	169 423	175 028	182 699	Net value added (3 - 4)
					Account 2.1.1: Generation of income
179 914	186 690	193 937	200 353	210 336	Gross value added
332	1 897	1 320	1 723	360	Other taxes less subsidies on production
179 582	184 793	192 617	198 630	209 976	Gross domestic product at factor cost
157 696	162 018	168 104	173 305	182 339	Compensation of employees (payable by resident prod.)
21 886	22 775	24 513	25 325	27 637	Gross operating surplus (3 - 4)¹
					Account 2.1.2: Allocation of primary income
21 886	22 775	24 513	25 325	27 637	Gross operating surplus
144 610	149 734	164 553	171 390	184 176	Taxes on production and imports
-24 412	-23 634	-25 470	-26 010	-27 832	Subsidies
-13 711	-17 891	-21 446	-27 307	-22 062	Property income, net
128 373	130 984	142 150	143 398	161 919	Gross primary income (1 + 2 + 3 + 4)¹
					Account 2.2: Secondary distribution of income
128 373	130 984	142 150	143 398	161 919	Gross primary income
257 438	271 138	295 610	305 501	318 793	Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.
21 227	22 594	25 726	26 409	27 717	Social contributions
0	0	0	0	0	Social benefits other than transfers in kind
4 923	6 347	5 659	6 492	6 290	Other current transfers
411 961	431 063	469 145	481 800	514 719	Gross total income (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5)
0	0	0	0	0	Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.
0	0	0	0	0	Social contributions
167 748	178 430	204 290	208 503	212 363	Social benefits other than transfers in kind
18 234	20 840	22 671	22 749	24 929	Other current transfers
185 982	199 270	226 961	231 252	237 292	Gross total expenditure (7 + 8 + 9 + 10)
225 979	231 793	242 184	250 548	277 427	Gross disposable income (6 - 11)¹
					Account 2.3: Redistribution of income in kind
225 979	231 793	242 184	250 548	277 427	Gross disposable income
153 663	162 282	167 184	171 658	181 262	Social transfers in kind
72 316	69 511	75 000	78 890	96 165	Adjusted gross disposable income (1 - 2)¹
					Account 2.4.1: Use of disposable income
225 979	231 793	242 184	250 548	277 427	Gross disposable income
229 156	238 473	250 302	256 572	270 424	Final consumption expenditure
-3 177	-6 680	-8 118	-6 024	7 003	Gross saving (1 - 2)¹
					Account 2.4.2: Use of adjusted disposable income
72 316	69 511	75 000	78 890	96 165	Gross adjusted disposable income
75 493	76 191	83 118	84 914	89 162	Actual collective consumption
-3 177	-6 680	-8 118	-6 024	7 003	Gross saving (1 - 2)¹
					Account 3.1: Capital
-3 177	-6 680	-8 118	-6 024	7 003	Gross saving
399	127	-807	5 187	535	Capital transfers, net
-2 778	-6 553	-8 925	-837	7 538	Chg. in net worth due to saving and c. trsf. (1 + 2)
16 751	16 609	17 656	17 356	19 827	Gross fixed capital formation ²
133	-6	-249	-463	-100	Changes in inventories
-4	2 229	-294	154	-394	Acquisitions of non-financial non-produced assets, net
-19 658	-25 385	-26 038	-17 884	-11 795	Net lending (3 - 4 - 5 - 6)

Table 8. Households and non-profit institutions serving households (NPISH)

	1988	1989	1990	1991
	Current prices, mill. DKK			
Account 1: Production				
1 Output	216 100	226 324	227 247	231 170
2 Intermediate consumption	83 146	85 404	82 645	83 621
3 Gross value added (1 - 2)	132 954	140 920	144 602	147 549
4 Consumption of fixed capital	33 917	35 863	36 492	37 417
5 Net value added (3 - 4)	99 037	105 057	108 110	110 132
Account 2.1.1: Generation of income				
1 Gross value added	132 954	140 920	144 602	147 549
2 Other taxes less subsidies on production	760	626	346	-26
3 Gross domestic product at factor cost	132 194	140 294	144 256	147 575
4 Compensation of employees (payable by resident producers)	34 996	34 921	35 091	34 365
5 Gross operating surplus and mixed income (3 - 4)¹	97 198	105 373	109 165	113 210
Account 2.1.2: Allocation of primary income				
1 Gross operating surplus and mixed income	97 198	105 373	109 165	113 210
2 Compensation of employees (rec. by res. employees)	427 803	444 790	461 049	476 996
3 Taxes on production and imports	0	0	0	0
4 Subsidies	0	0	0	0
5 Property income, net	-15 810	-20 421	-18 684	-18 146
6 Gross primary income (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5)¹	509 191	529 742	551 530	572 060
Account 2.2: Secondary distribution of income				
1 Gross primary income	509 191	529 742	551 530	572 060
2 Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	0	0	0	0
3 Social contributions	0	0	0	0
4 Social benefits other than transfers in kind	138 322	153 046	162 153	172 836
5 Other current transfers	9 312	8 547	9 769	9 948
6 Gross total income (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5)	656 825	691 335	723 452	754 844
7 Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	211 861	220 782	221 701	231 627
8 Social contributions	33 280	34 944	39 214	40 329
9 Social benefits other than transfers in kind	0	0	0	0
10 Other current transfers	10 912	10 829	11 965	13 529
11 Gross total expenditure (7 + 8 + 9 + 10)	256 053	266 555	272 880	285 485
12 Gross disposable income (6 - 11)¹	400 772	424 780	450 572	469 359
Account 2.3: Redistribution of income in kind				
1 Gross disposable income	400 772	424 780	450 572	469 359
2 Social transfers in kind	129 080	134 324	138 540	145 589
3 Adjusted gross disposable income (1 - 2)¹	529 852	559 104	589 112	614 948
Account 2.4.1: Use of disposable income				
1 Gross disposable income	400 772	424 780	450 572	469 359
2 Adjustments for the change in net equity of households in pension funds reserves	5 209	4 634	5 296	5 109
3 Individual consumption expenditure	375 833	393 255	404 915	423 030
4 Gross saving (1 + 2 - 3)¹	30 148	36 159	50 953	51 438
Account 2.4.2: Use of adjusted disposable income				
1 Gross adjusted disposable income	529 852	559 104	589 112	614 948
2 Adjustments for the change in net equity of households in pension funds reserves	5 209	4 634	5 296	5 109
3 Actual individual consumption	504 913	527 579	543 455	568 619
4 Gross saving (1 + 2 - 3)¹	30 148	36 159	50 953	51 438
Account 3.1: Capital				
1 Gross saving	30 148	36 159	50 953	51 438
2 Capital transfers, net	-1 461	320	-2 682	-2 103
3 Change in net worth due to saving and capital transfers (1 + 2)	28 687	36 479	48 271	49 335
4 Gross fixed capital formation ²	32 766	32 096	34 628	35 306
5 Changes in inventories	-749	-451	19	-195
6 Acquisitions of non-financial non-produced assets, net	880	-254	325	993
7 Net lending (3 - 4 - 5 - 6)	-4 210	5 088	13 299	13 231

¹ The corresponding net aggregate is derived by subtracting consumption of fixed capital (line 6 in account 1)² Including acquisitions less disposals of valuables

Households and non-profit institutions serving households (NPISH)

Table 8.

1992	1993*	1994*	1995*	ESA-code
Current prices, mill. DKK				
				Account 1: Production
234 037	236 006	249 208	262 257	Output
83 835	83 942	89 372	93 624	Intermediate consumption
150 202	152 064	159 836	168 633	Gross value added (1 - 2)
37 059	38 253	38 686	39 476	Consumption of fixed capital
113 143	113 811	121 150	129 157	Net value added (3 - 4)
				Account 2.1.1: Generation of income
150 202	152 064	159 836	168 633	Gross value added
-1 105	833	925	400	Other taxes less subsidies on production
151 307	151 231	158 911	168 233	Gross domestic product at factor cost
34 904	35 240	36 590	39 011	Compensation of employees (payable by resident producers)
116 403	115 991	122 321	129 222	Gross operating surplus and mixed income (3 - 4)¹
				Account 2.1.2: Allocation of primary income
116 403	115 991	122 321	129 222	Gross operating surplus and mixed income
491 428	495 920	514 256	542 515	Compensation of employees (rec. by res. employees)
0	0	0	0	Taxes on production and imports
0	0	0	0	Subsidies
-18 936	-16 431	-13 129	-15 242	Property income, net
588 895	595 480	623 448	656 495	Gross primary income (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5)¹
				Account 2.2: Secondary distribution of income
588 895	595 480	623 448	656 495	Gross primary income
0	0	0	0	Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.
0	0	0	0	Social contributions
184 574	196 917	222 686	228 248	Social benefits other than transfers in kind
10 730	12 344	13 139	12 956	Other current transfers
784 199	804 741	859 273	897 699	Gross total income (1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5)
244 311	253 042	278 705	286 328	Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.
43 712	48 885	48 601	53 295	Social contributions
0	0	0	0	Social benefits other than transfers in kind
14 774	17 910	18 556	19 420	Other current transfers
302 797	319 837	345 862	359 043	Gross total expenditure (7 + 8 + 9 + 10)
481 402	484 904	513 411	538 656	Gross disposable income (6 - 11)¹
				Account 2.3: Redistribution of income in kind
481 402	484 904	513 411	538 656	Gross disposable income
153 663	162 282	167 184	171 658	Social transfers in kind
635 065	647 186	680 595	710 314	Adjusted gross disposable income (1 - 2)¹
				Account 2.4.1: Use of disposable income
481 402	484 904	513 411	538 656	Gross disposable income
5 108	7 023	3 815	6 393	Adjustments for the change in net equity of households in pension funds reserves
439 262	450 397	492 834	513 203	Individual consumption expenditure
47 248	41 530	24 392	31 846	Gross saving (1 + 2 - 3)¹
				Account 2.4.2: Use of adjusted disposable income
635 065	647 186	680 595	710 314	Gross adjusted disposable income
5 108	7 023	3 815	6 393	Adjustments for the change in net equity of households in pension funds reserves
592 925	612 679	660 018	684 861	Actual individual consumption
47 248	41 530	24 392	31 846	Gross saving (1 + 2 - 3)¹
				Account 3.1: Capital
47 248	41 530	24 392	31 846	Gross saving
409	-627	-691	-5 921	Capital transfers, net
47 657	40 903	23 701	25 925	Change in net worth due to saving and capital transfers (1 + 2)
30 295	30 983	31 627	35 848	Gross fixed capital formation ²
-323	-430	45	125	Changes in inventories
95	650	650	650	Acquisitions of non-financial non-produced assets, net
17 590	9 700	-8 621	-10 698	Net lending (3 - 4 - 5 - 6)

Table 9. Output by kind of activity

		1988	1989	1990	1991
Current prices, mill. DKK —					
1	Total	1 250 377	1 332 335	1 390 114	1 430 578
1	Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	67 395	75 014	75 205	74 020
0109	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	55 512	60 697	59 974	58 125
0500	Fishing	4 689	5 141	4 987	5 101
1009	Mining and quarrying	7 195	9 176	10 245	10 794
2	Manufacturing	333 669	358 474	370 126	376 004
1509	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	100 749	107 749	110 037	110 646
1709	Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather	16 522	16 131	16 214	16 310
2009	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.	42 498	44 597	44 466	45 565
2309	Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.	43 114	48 246	49 842	50 257
2600	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	13 081	13 501	13 566	13 232
2709	Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	100 666	109 967	116 746	119 120
3600	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	17 039	18 283	19 256	20 875
3	Electricity, gas and water supply	22 044	24 822	25 797	29 746
4	Construction	102 786	103 852	103 411	97 535
5	Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	165 816	169 279	183 885	193 061
5000	Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.	21 011	21 211	22 543	24 190
5100	Ws. and commis. trade, except of motor vehicles	83 222	85 039	91 049	95 927
5200	Re. trade and repair work except of motor vehicles	40 334	41 223	47 133	49 058
5500	Hotels and restaurants	21 249	21 806	23 161	23 887
6	Transport, storage and communication	103 948	116 675	117 415	125 382
6009	Transport	83 756	94 989	94 628	101 806
6400	Post and telecommunications	20 192	21 686	22 786	23 576
7	Financial intermediation, business activities	214 755	234 543	248 575	257 053
6509	Financial intermediation and insurance etc.	50 137	58 316	58 979	57 511
7009	Real estate and renting activities	96 162	102 637	110 177	116 636
7209	Business activities etc.	68 455	73 589	79 419	82 906
8	Public and personal services	239 964	249 676	265 700	277 777
7500	Public administration etc.	67 739	69 299	72 527	75 902
8000	Education	46 990	49 147	50 027	53 039
8519	Health care activities	39 966	40 949	43 973	45 904
8539	Social work activities	47 128	51 054	53 257	54 663
9009	Other community, social and personal act.	38 140	39 228	45 915	48 268
1990-prices, mill. DKK —					
1	Total	1 364 600	1 367 116	1 390 114	1 396 235
1	Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	70 258	73 252	75 205	75 671
0109	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	55 758	57 422	59 974	58 899
0500	Fishing	5 484	5 764	4 987	4 803
1009	Mining and quarrying	9 016	10 066	10 245	11 969
2	Manufacturing	361 305	366 913	370 126	371 384
1509	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	105 333	105 425	110 037	110 958
1709	Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather	17 583	16 870	16 214	16 017
2009	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.	47 719	47 070	44 466	44 234
2309	Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.	47 968	49 887	49 842	49 704
2600	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	14 411	14 178	13 566	12 877
2709	Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	109 718	114 404	116 746	117 092
3600	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	18 574	19 079	19 256	20 503
3	Electricity, gas and water supply	25 091	25 026	25 797	29 270
4	Construction	113 651	108 876	103 411	94 111
5	Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	188 773	177 079	183 885	190 066
5000	Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.	23 954	22 638	22 543	22 921
5100	Ws. and commis. trade, except of motor vehicles	98 500	89 323	91 049	95 560
5200	Re. trade and repair work except of motor vehicles	43 596	42 597	47 133	48 380
5500	Hotels and restaurants	22 723	22 521	23 161	23 204
6	Transport, storage and communication	111 479	116 728	117 415	119 455
6009	Transport	88 898	94 201	94 628	96 384
6400	Post and telecommunications	22 581	22 526	22 786	23 071
7	Financial intermediation, business activities	232 880	240 939	248 575	248 733
6509	Financial intermediation and insurance etc.	52 342	57 963	58 979	57 240
7009	Real estate and renting activities	107 884	107 870	110 177	111 704
7209	Business activities etc.	72 654	75 106	79 419	79 789
8	Public and personal services	261 163	258 303	265 700	267 545
7500	Public administration etc.	73 306	71 354	72 527	73 560
8000	Education	51 132	50 903	50 027	51 003
8519	Health care activities	42 982	42 050	43 973	44 379
8539	Social work activities	50 982	52 919	53 257	52 124
9009	Other community, social and personal act.	42 762	41 077	45 915	46 479

Output by kind of activity

Table 9.

1992	1993*	1994*	1995*	1996*	
— Current prices, mill. DKK —					
1 467 742	1 496 417	1 582 008	1 654 172	1 724 894	Total
74 440	71 574	71 134	74 086	78 150	Agriculture, fishing and quarrying
58 313	56 116	55 171	58 254	58 671	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry
4 940	3 764	3 942	4 112	4 069	Fishing
11 188	11 694	12 021	11 720	15 410	Mining and quarrying
385 293	377 903	401 911	430 977	439 274	Manufacturing
116 382	113 029	111 621	109 951	110 006	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco
17 336	16 217	17 384	18 477	17 331	Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather
45 263	44 917	49 978	58 318	58 173	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.
52 054	51 730	55 193	60 377	65 125	Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.
13 364	12 810	15 084	15 883	16 491	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products
120 276	118 570	129 188	143 737	147 903	Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.
20 618	20 631	23 462	24 234	24 245	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.
29 454	30 120	30 054	30 634	32 659	Electricity, gas and water supply
99 834	97 470	99 794	108 241	119 673	Construction
199 506	200 707	219 866	230 845	240 526	Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants
24 993	24 981	29 613	31 601	33 470	Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.
95 784	97 506	105 542	113 245	116 650	Ws. and commis. trade, except of motor vehicles
53 133	52 558	56 460	58 045	60 890	Re. trade and repair work except of motor vehicles
25 596	25 662	28 251	27 954	29 515	Hotels and restaurants
126 808	135 887	144 350	143 824	149 224	Transport, storage and communication
101 457	109 601	115 817	115 964	123 390	Transport
25 350	26 287	28 534	27 860	25 834	Post and telecommunications
262 375	278 911	295 910	305 391	315 380	Financial intermediation, business activities
57 312	65 820	72 492	70 326	70 895	Financial intermediation and insurance etc.
118 544	120 252	125 600	129 544	133 058	Real estate and renting activities
86 520	92 839	97 818	105 521	111 427	Business activities etc.
290 032	303 845	318 988	330 174	350 007	Public and personal services
81 490	85 079	89 433	92 532	98 014	Public administration etc.
54 224	56 569	59 440	61 511	65 111	Education
47 596	49 746	51 704	53 210	55 896	Health care activities
56 691	59 188	62 226	64 398	68 217	Social work activities
50 031	53 262	56 184	58 522	62 768	Other community, social and personal act.
— 1990-prices, mill. DKK —					
1 406 214	1 422 643	1 477 879	1 521 533	1 554 672	Total
76 143	80 371	81 364	83 134	83 890	Agriculture, fishing and quarrying
58 187	62 131	61 166	62 997	62 665	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry
5 192	3 910	4 820	4 425	3 640	Fishing
12 764	14 330	15 378	15 713	17 585	Mining and quarrying
373 740	371 094	388 528	405 979	407 603	Manufacturing
113 564	116 562	113 051	108 442	106 868	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco
16 707	15 483	16 226	16 876	15 922	Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather
43 089	42 784	46 808	51 178	50 687	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.
51 866	51 528	56 277	60 725	63 459	Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.
12 662	11 831	12 809	13 068	13 384	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products
116 563	113 617	122 017	134 065	136 206	Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.
19 290	19 287	21 340	21 624	21 077	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.
30 643	32 409	33 243	34 919	36 052	Electricity, gas and water supply
94 243	89 969	90 301	95 344	102 628	Construction
192 849	190 675	206 142	213 860	220 916	Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants
23 526	22 538	26 397	27 448	28 253	Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.
92 796	93 143	99 391	105 647	110 349	Ws. and commis. trade, except of motor vehicles
51 938	50 832	54 206	55 565	56 230	Re. trade and repair work except of motor vehicles
24 588	24 162	26 148	25 201	26 085	Hotels and restaurants
121 474	127 558	134 564	136 580	138 963	Transport, storage and communication
96 940	102 090	107 200	107 736	112 316	Transport
24 534	25 467	27 364	28 844	26 647	Post and telecommunications
245 824	251 978	255 481	257 907	260 565	Financial intermediation, business activities
53 243	55 824	57 870	54 881	54 762	Financial intermediation and insurance etc.
110 220	108 517	109 117	109 679	110 394	Real estate and renting activities
82 362	87 637	88 494	93 347	95 409	Business activities etc.
271 296	278 590	288 258	293 810	304 053	Public and personal services
76 364	78 109	80 779	82 187	85 034	Public administration etc.
50 572	51 664	53 460	54 393	56 244	Education
44 701	45 817	46 832	47 414	48 637	Health care activities
52 588	53 721	55 650	56 622	58 576	Social work activities
47 071	49 279	51 537	53 193	55 563	Other community, social and personal act.

Table 10. Gross value added by kind of activity

		1988	1989	1990	1991	
		Current prices, mill. DKK				
1	Total	633 757	673 747	710 115	740 773	
1	Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	32 713	39 150	39 302	38 187	
0109	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	25 223	29 655	29 056	27 724	
0500	Fishing	2 521	2 751	2 553	2 784	
1009	Mining and quarrying	4 970	6 744	7 693	7 680	
2	Manufacturing	115 855	122 375	128 455	131 559	
1509	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	22 585	22 724	23 997	25 030	
1709	Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather	6 221	5 948	5 987	6 210	
2009	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.	16 571	17 730	17 496	18 141	
2309	Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.	14 539	16 385	17 347	17 222	
2600	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	5 647	6 007	5 885	5 639	
2709	Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	43 002	45 766	49 723	50 321	
3600	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	7 290	7 815	8 021	8 995	
3	Electricity, gas and water supply	11 806	14 232	15 136	17 795	
4	Construction	39 030	38 700	37 211	36 823	
5	Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	94 173	95 512	104 605	113 123	
5000	Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.	9 188	9 369	10 270	11 346	
5100	Ws. and commis. trade, except of motor vehicles	47 128	47 494	50 752	55 847	
5200	Re. trade and repair work except of motor vehicles	28 140	28 363	32 480	34 371	
5500	Hotels and restaurants	9 716	10 286	11 102	11 559	
6	Transport, storage and communication	49 033	53 609	56 706	58 301	
6009	Transport	35 811	39 405	40 949	42 325	
6400	Post and telecommunications	13 223	14 205	15 757	15 975	
7	Financial intermediation, business activities	145 482	162 567	170 153	176 196	
6509	Financial intermediation and insurance etc.	32 496	38 667	38 462	37 337	
7009	Real estate and renting activities	72 194	78 052	82 469	87 266	
7209	Business activities etc.	40 792	45 847	49 222	51 593	
8	Public and personal services	174 398	180 718	192 347	200 470	
7500	Public administration etc.	47 141	49 023	50 495	52 481	
8000	Education	36 901	38 167	38 762	40 928	
8519	Health care activities	29 932	30 409	32 641	33 940	
8539	Social work activities	38 428	40 989	42 630	44 069	
9009	Other community, social and personal act.	21 997	22 131	27 819	29 052	
9	Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	-28 733	-33 117	-33 800	-31 680	
		1990-prices, mill. DKK				
1	Total	695 297	699 154	710 115	717 570	
1	Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	35 023	38 880	39 302	40 229	
0109	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	25 081	27 801	29 056	28 934	
0500	Fishing	3 123	3 355	2 553	2 468	
1009	Mining and quarrying	6 819	7 723	7 693	8 827	
2	Manufacturing	126 143	130 443	128 455	127 247	
1509	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	23 640	23 790	23 997	24 545	
1709	Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather	6 650	6 485	5 987	6 096	
2009	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.	19 138	19 099	17 496	16 963	
2309	Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.	16 033	16 912	17 347	16 981	
2600	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	6 071	6 502	5 885	5 431	
2709	Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	46 849	49 384	49 723	48 501	
3600	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	7 760	8 272	8 021	8 732	
3	Electricity, gas and water supply	13 918	14 436	15 136	17 138	
4	Construction	42 350	40 917	37 211	35 071	
5	Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	111 435	101 430	104 605	111 647	
5000	Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.	11 262	10 591	10 270	10 269	
5100	Ws. and commis. trade, except of motor vehicles	59 152	50 520	50 752	56 666	
5200	Re. trade and repair work except of motor vehicles	30 269	29 325	32 480	34 043	
5500	Hotels and restaurants	10 752	10 993	11 102	10 668	
6	Transport, storage and communication	51 352	53 260	56 706	55 772	
6009	Transport	36 394	38 450	40 949	39 900	
6400	Post and telecommunications	14 959	14 810	15 757	15 872	
7	Financial intermediation, business activities	157 704	167 071	170 153	169 732	
6509	Financial intermediation and insurance etc.	33 885	38 292	38 462	37 512	
7009	Real estate and renting activities	81 494	82 431	82 469	82 819	
7209	Business activities etc.	42 325	46 347	49 222	49 401	
8	Public and personal services	190 015	187 660	192 347	192 246	
7500	Public administration etc.	51 012	50 703	50 495	51 004	
8000	Education	40 016	39 473	38 762	39 233	
8519	Health care activities	32 077	31 290	32 641	32 720	
8539	Social work activities	41 739	42 789	42 630	41 682	
9009	Other community, social and personal act.	25 171	23 404	27 819	27 606	
9	Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	-32 643	-34 943	-33 800	-31 513	

Gross value added by kind of activity

Table 10.

1992	1993*	1994*	1995*	1996*	
Current prices, mill. DKK					
768 208	789 825	830 329	873 126	914 451	Total
37 684	33 401	34 977	38 854	42 574	Agriculture, fishing and quarrying
26 753	23 832	25 223	28 857	29 190	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry
2 714	1 715	1 688	1 993	2 479	Fishing
8 217	7 854	8 067	8 004	10 905	Mining and quarrying
137 754	139 799	146 739	157 749	162 399	Manufacturing
26 496	26 989	24 137	24 574	23 285	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco
6 380	5 667	5 824	6 348	5 946	Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather
18 923	19 383	21 565	25 463	26 055	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.
18 714	19 183	20 358	21 572	22 198	Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.
5 922	6 246	7 444	7 717	8 459	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products
52 118	52 704	56 510	61 211	65 336	Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.
9 201	9 627	10 901	10 864	11 120	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.
18 431	18 832	19 029	19 269	20 465	Electricity, gas and water supply
37 985	37 571	37 387	40 775	45 100	Construction
117 000	118 948	128 488	135 601	142 916	Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants
11 884	11 908	13 783	14 757	15 832	Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.
56 621	58 343	62 159	66 775	69 773	Ws. and commis. trade, except of motor vehicles
36 553	36 209	38 588	39 510	41 722	Re. trade and repair work except of motor vehicles
11 943	12 488	13 959	14 559	15 588	Hotels and restaurants
61 800	63 601	65 631	67 319	68 154	Transport, storage and communication
44 141	45 827	46 588	48 892	51 210	Transport
17 659	17 774	19 043	18 427	16 944	Post and telecommunications
179 294	192 511	203 780	210 590	218 050	Financial intermediation, business activities
36 944	43 851	49 386	48 922	50 010	Financial intermediation and insurance etc.
89 064	90 897	94 706	96 914	98 753	Real estate and renting activities
53 285	57 763	59 689	64 754	69 286	Business activities etc.
208 675	217 104	226 490	233 709	245 618	Public and personal services
56 455	58 470	60 607	62 586	65 594	Public administration etc.
41 963	43 430	45 329	46 882	49 311	Education
34 638	36 174	37 262	38 308	39 904	Health care activities
45 753	47 570	49 626	51 297	54 027	Social work activities
29 866	31 459	33 667	34 636	36 783	Other community, social and personal act.
-30 415	-31 942	-32 192	-30 742	-30 826	Financial intermediation services indirectly measured
1990-prices, mill. DKK					
726 516	734 852	758 881	787 884	811 837	Total
41 144	43 613	45 770	48 057	49 509	Agriculture, fishing and quarrying
28 428	31 076	32 272	34 127	34 687	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry
3 040	2 086	2 674	2 447	2 234	Fishing
9 676	10 450	10 824	11 483	12 588	Mining and quarrying
125 085	124 774	126 580	132 899	136 497	Manufacturing
23 822	22 571	21 796	19 719	19 636	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco
6 043	5 604	5 331	5 543	5 415	Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather
16 570	17 229	18 228	19 998	20 050	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.
17 823	17 892	18 742	19 976	21 214	Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.
5 342	5 499	5 255	5 205	5 534	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products
47 668	47 673	48 645	53 949	56 278	Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.
7 816	8 306	8 582	8 509	8 371	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.
19 119	19 996	19 799	21 180	22 307	Electricity, gas and water supply
34 954	33 361	34 184	36 234	38 561	Construction
113 824	113 929	119 946	127 347	134 134	Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants
10 928	10 032	11 805	12 464	12 954	Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.
55 943	57 695	59 786	64 788	70 084	Ws. and commis. trade, except of motor vehicles
36 152	34 902	36 807	38 147	38 696	Re. trade and repair work except of motor vehicles
10 801	11 300	11 549	11 947	12 400	Hotels and restaurants
60 207	60 799	63 395	66 092	67 158	Transport, storage and communication
42 878	43 348	44 829	45 610	47 628	Transport
17 329	17 451	18 566	20 482	19 529	Post and telecommunications
166 204	167 168	170 724	173 075	175 253	Financial intermediation, business activities
33 329	35 234	37 192	35 957	36 708	Financial intermediation and insurance etc.
81 994	79 098	79 986	80 363	80 459	Real estate and renting activities
50 881	52 836	53 547	56 755	58 087	Business activities etc.
194 207	196 491	201 999	205 796	211 461	Public and personal services
52 902	53 308	54 506	55 469	56 877	Public administration etc.
38 912	39 239	40 413	41 154	42 319	Education
32 388	32 962	33 410	33 849	34 464	Health care activities
42 283	42 842	44 095	44 864	46 181	Social work activities
27 723	28 140	29 575	30 460	31 619	Other community, social and personal act.
-28 227	-25 279	-23 517	-22 797	-23 042	Financial intermediation services indirectly measured

Table 11. Compensation of employees by kind of activity

		1988	1989	1990	1991
		Current prices, mill. DKK			
	Total	424 999	441 382	458 389	473 555
1	Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	7 657	7 992	8 000	8 275
0109	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	5 699	5 995	6 054	6 232
0500	Fishing	1 096	1 132	1 050	1 148
1009	Mining and quarrying	862	864	897	895
2	Manufacturing	87 243	90 090	94 292	96 108
1509	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	16 550	16 472	16 978	17 441
1709	Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather	4 356	4 304	4 274	4 227
2009	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.	13 564	13 853	14 277	14 548
2309	Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.	9 008	9 627	10 200	10 805
2600	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	4 144	4 083	4 125	4 183
2709	Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	34 598	36 350	38 725	39 016
3600	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	5 023	5 401	5 713	5 889
3	Electricity, gas and water supply	3 462	3 573	3 983	4 116
4	Construction	29 566	29 116	29 000	28 487
5	Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	63 549	65 707	68 133	70 045
5000	Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.	6 816	6 719	6 949	7 417
5100	Ws. and commis. trade, except of motor vehicles	31 854	33 199	34 370	35 264
5200	Re. trade and repair work except of motor vehicles	18 485	19 039	19 735	19 997
5500	Hotels and restaurants	6 394	6 750	7 077	7 367
6	Transport, storage and communication	32 758	34 033	35 244	36 783
6009	Transport	23 246	24 235	25 407	26 507
6400	Post and telecommunications	9 512	9 798	9 837	10 276
7	Financial intermediation, business activities	51 656	56 130	58 376	61 084
6509	Financial intermediation and insurance etc.	20 639	21 929	22 953	23 696
7009	Real estate and renting activities	4 597	5 012	5 207	5 496
7209	Business activities etc.	26 420	29 189	30 216	31 893
8	Public and personal services	149 109	154 740	161 361	168 655
7500	Public administration etc.	38 203	39 325	40 313	42 111
8000	Education	33 662	34 650	35 163	37 066
8519	Health care activities	25 697	26 196	28 008	29 011
8539	Social work activities	35 029	37 480	38 973	40 167
9009	Other community, social and personal act.	16 519	17 089	18 905	20 298
Memo: General government		136 065	141 682	146 286	152 023

Compensation of employees by kind of activity

Table 11.

1992	1993*	1994*	1995*	1996*	
Current prices, mill. DKK					
487 620	490 808	509 831	537 706	562 333	Total
8 309	7 844	8 033	8 361	8 668	Agriculture, fishing and quarrying
6 298	6 028	6 241	6 493	6 767	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry
1 083	868	821	848	858	Fishing
928	948	971	1 020	1 043	Mining and quarrying
98 109	95 156	98 991	106 186	108 484	Manufacturing
17 734	17 421	17 891	18 610	18 725	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco
4 275	4 021	4 052	3 996	3 819	Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather
14 568	14 204	14 560	15 240	15 700	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.
11 638	11 696	11 939	13 005	13 650	Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.
4 110	3 934	4 171	4 543	4 501	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products
39 728	37 751	39 638	43 582	44 811	Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.
6 056	6 128	6 739	7 210	7 279	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.
4 514	4 500	4 489	4 728	4 805	Electricity, gas and water supply
28 543	28 813	30 787	32 990	33 774	Construction
72 438	72 613	75 560	81 653	86 155	Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants
7 682	7 845	8 243	8 853	9 518	Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.
36 339	36 121	37 531	40 642	42 723	Ws. and commis. trade, except of motor vehicles
20 773	20 685	21 508	23 278	24 507	Re. trade and repair work except of motor vehicles
7 646	7 962	8 278	8 879	9 407	Hotels and restaurants
38 211	37 775	39 069	40 907	43 636	Transport, storage and communication
27 259	26 967	27 897	29 432	30 692	Transport
10 952	10 808	11 172	11 475	12 944	Post and telecommunications
61 936	62 869	65 171	68 735	72 022	Financial intermediation, business activities
24 127	23 818	23 946	24 311	24 771	Financial intermediation and insurance etc.
5 630	5 716	6 014	6 454	6 834	Real estate and renting activities
32 179	33 335	35 211	37 970	40 417	Business activities etc.
175 560	181 237	187 730	194 146	204 789	Public and personal services
45 434	46 830	48 517	49 975	52 563	Public administration etc.
37 925	39 117	40 535	41 753	43 927	Education
29 656	30 641	31 793	32 813	34 564	Health care activities
41 515	42 816	44 319	45 683	48 082	Social work activities
21 031	21 833	22 566	23 922	25 654	Other community, social and personal act.
157 696	162 018	168 104	173 305	182 340	Memo: General government

Table 12. Gross operating surplus and mixed income by kind of activity

		1988	1989	1990	1991
		Current prices, mill. DKK			
1	Total	208 754	233 666	253 916	268 414
1	Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	25 696	31 731	31 858	30 444
0109	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	20 108	24 158	23 484	21 972
0500	Fishing	1 478	1 688	1 574	1 689
1009	Mining and quarrying	4 110	5 885	6 800	6 783
2	Manufacturing	29 917	34 161	35 919	36 558
1509	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	6 413	6 804	7 496	7 929
1709	Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather	1 942	1 744	1 808	2 041
2009	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.	3 197	4 128	3 463	3 745
2309	Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.	5 639	6 942	7 281	6 503
2600	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	1 520	1 961	1 795	1 463
2709	Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	8 861	10 057	11 655	11 697
3600	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	2 344	2 525	2 421	3 179
3	Electricity, gas and water supply	8 317	10 642	11 139	13 638
4	Construction	9 780	9 962	8 440	8 450
5	Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	31 231	30 625	37 433	43 492
5000	Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.	2 489	2 762	3 447	4 008
5100	Ws. and commis. trade, except of motor vehicles	15 463	14 581	16 668	20 687
5200	Re. trade and repair work except of motor vehicles	9 776	9 518	13 044	14 591
5500	Hotels and restaurants	3 504	3 764	4 274	4 206
6	Transport, storage and communication	16 727	20 180	22 937	23 086
6009	Transport	12 984	15 694	16 962	17 377
6400	Post and telecommunications	3 743	4 486	5 975	5 709
7	Financial intermediation, business activities	89 979	102 979	108 457	111 976
6509	Financial intermediation and insurance etc.	10 867	15 901	14 303	11 901
7009	Real estate and renting activities	64 560	70 212	74 895	80 193
7209	Business activities etc.	14 551	16 866	19 259	19 883
8	Public and personal services	25 841	26 501	31 533	32 449
7500	Public administration etc.	8 742	9 501	9 997	10 197
8000	Education	3 229	3 401	3 486	3 756
8519	Health care activities	4 334	4 337	4 762	5 034
8539	Social work activities	3 373	3 489	3 629	3 873
9009	Other community, social and personal act.	6 162	5 773	9 659	9 588
9	Financial intermediation services indirectly measured	-28 733	-33 117	-33 800	-31 680

Gross operating surplus and mixed income by kind of activity**Table 12.**

1992	1993*	1994*	1995*	1996*	
Current prices, mill. DKK					
286 915	298 582	320 545	336 394	354 608	Total
30 538	26 112	27 557	31 190	34 747	Agriculture, fishing and quarrying
21 506	18 270	19 502	22 964	23 157	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry
1 721	920	944	1 224	1 708	Fishing
7 312	6 922	7 112	7 001	9 882	Mining and quarrying
41 936	46 215	49 410	53 325	55 917	Manufacturing
9 483	10 106	6 811	6 554	5 222	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco
2 203	1 712	1 843	2 427	2 213	Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather
4 651	5 387	7 224	10 454	10 616	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.
7 339	7 661	8 603	8 764	8 774	Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.
1 852	2 317	3 280	3 187	3 977	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products
13 131	15 443	17 392	18 184	21 159	Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.
3 276	3 588	4 257	3 755	3 956	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.
14 007	14 370	14 582	14 590	15 722	Electricity, gas and water supply
10 034	9 158	7 024	8 235	11 840	Construction
47 195	48 152	54 848	55 981	59 069	Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants
4 485	4 250	5 738	6 115	6 556	Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.
21 843	23 433	25 893	27 447	28 515	Ws. and commis. trade, except of motor vehicles
16 391	15 821	17 406	16 601	17 659	Re. trade and repair work except of motor vehicles
4 475	4 649	5 811	5 818	6 338	Hotels and restaurants
25 469	27 180	27 987	27 911	26 208	Transport, storage and communication
18 637	20 143	20 039	20 873	22 108	Transport
6 832	7 038	7 949	7 037	4 100	Post and telecommunications
114 247	123 086	132 145	135 863	140 526	Financial intermediation, business activities
10 842	17 365	22 757	22 023	22 562	Financial intermediation and insurance etc.
81 806	80 975	84 572	86 693	88 678	Real estate and renting activities
21 599	24 746	24 816	27 147	29 285	Business activities etc.
33 903	36 251	39 183	40 041	41 404	Public and personal services
10 852	11 415	11 863	12 392	12 805	Public administration etc.
3 954	4 191	4 672	5 012	5 264	Education
5 143	5 654	5 595	5 626	5 488	Health care activities
4 208	4 712	5 265	5 574	5 903	Social work activities
9 746	10 279	11 788	11 436	11 944	Other community, social and personal act.
-30 415	-31 942	-32 192	-30 742	-30 826	Financial intermediation services indirectly measured

Table 13. Total employment¹ by kind of activity

	1988	1989	1990	1991
	Persons			
Total	2 644 573	2 626 093	2 605 651	2 590 819
1 Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	161 661	153 846	145 378	142 063
0109 Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	149 281	141 915	134 131	130 920
0500 Fishing	8 342	8 112	7 483	7 604
1009 Mining and quarrying	4 038	3 819	3 764	3 539
2 Manufacturing	485 747	479 550	479 512	470 273
1509 Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	95 387	92 440	91 704	90 385
1709 Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather	32 943	30 311	28 965	27 743
2009 Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.	71 662	71 362	70 370	69 649
2309 Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.	42 989	43 354	43 589	43 896
2600 Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	22 540	21 234	19 914	19 207
2709 Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	186 397	187 129	190 794	185 728
3600 Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	33 829	33 720	34 176	33 665
3 Electricity, gas and water supply	16 446	16 324	17 334	17 205
4 Construction	166 541	158 795	151 523	145 956
5 Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	476 045	471 144	469 448	466 288
5000 Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.	64 033	59 996	59 510	61 610
5100 Ws. and commis. trade, except of motor vehicles	162 195	163 130	162 579	160 377
5200 Re. trade and repair work except of motor vehicles	185 651	183 021	181 078	177 366
5500 Hotels and restaurants	64 166	64 997	66 281	66 935
6 Transport, storage and communication	181 582	181 372	180 267	181 000
6009 Transport	125 645	126 045	126 539	126 904
6400 Post and telecommunications	55 937	55 327	53 728	54 096
7 Financial intermediation, business activities	280 164	288 809	281 906	283 404
6509 Financial intermediation and insurance etc.	86 836	87 688	86 155	84 319
7009 Real estate and renting activities	38 741	39 644	38 543	38 589
7209 Business activities etc.	154 587	161 477	157 208	160 496
8 Public and personal services	876 387	876 253	880 283	884 630
7500 Public administration etc.	194 797	194 104	191 873	191 234
8000 Education	189 918	187 405	182 605	183 701
8519 Health care activities	144 972	145 518	151 113	153 635
8539 Social work activities	237 452	241 165	243 609	241 238
9009 Other community, social and personal act.	109 248	108 061	111 083	114 822
Memo: General government	768 220	772 185	771 491	769 562

¹ Wage and salary earners temporarily on leave are not included.

Total employment¹ by kind of activity

Table 13.

1992	1993*	1994*	1995*	1996*	
Persons					
2 568 131	2 533 339	2 526 235	2 565 511	2 598 053	Total
138 718	128 616	121 794	118 316	117 227	Agriculture, fishing and quarrying
128 010	118 956	112 703	109 208	108 398	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry
7 276	6 235	5 694	5 682	5 434	Fishing
3 432	3 425	3 397	3 426	3 395	Mining and quarrying
459 588	439 135	440 411	453 126	447 430	Manufacturing
88 206	86 313	84 995	84 429	83 084	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco
26 658	24 890	24 180	22 983	20 858	Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather
67 852	64 832	64 733	65 515	65 499	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.
44 983	44 511	43 467	45 757	46 510	Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.
18 818	17 857	18 258	18 947	18 254	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products
179 529	167 633	169 975	179 844	178 389	Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.
33 542	33 099	34 803	35 651	34 836	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.
18 076	17 749	17 060	17 338	16 947	Electricity, gas and water supply
141 596	139 685	142 956	147 189	147 086	Construction
463 163	457 177	457 747	473 448	484 853	Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants
60 836	61 323	63 295	64 897	66 869	Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.
158 584	153 847	153 670	159 683	163 271	Ws. and commis. trade, except of motor vehicles
176 461	172 516	171 467	177 160	180 761	Re. trade and repair work except of motor vehicles
67 282	69 491	69 315	71 708	73 952	Hotels and restaurants
181 798	178 568	178 551	180 750	185 078	Transport, storage and communication
127 205	125 549	125 685	127 970	127 810	Transport
54 593	53 019	52 866	52 780	57 268	Post and telecommunications
279 428	278 873	278 836	285 077	290 885	Financial intermediation, business activities
80 721	78 123	75 789	73 974	73 087	Financial intermediation and insurance etc.
38 850	38 376	38 071	38 823	39 789	Real estate and renting activities
159 857	162 374	164 976	172 280	178 009	Business activities etc.
885 764	893 536	888 880	890 267	908 547	Public and personal services
199 770	201 191	200 210	199 816	203 415	Public administration etc.
178 838	180 165	179 320	179 043	182 360	Education
152 723	153 760	153 162	153 071	156 215	Health care activities
239 162	240 919	239 484	239 179	243 658	Social work activities
115 271	117 501	116 704	119 158	122 899	Other community, social and personal act.
767 832	773 290	768 757	769 324	784 198	Memo: General government

Table 14. Wage and salary earners¹ by kind of activity

		1988	1989	1990	1991
		Persons			
	Total	2 378 448	2 370 971	2 366 446	2 352 650
1	Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	61 235	60 270	57 520	56 954
0109	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	52 283	51 583	49 326	48 716
0500	Fishing	5 114	5 058	4 603	4 857
1009	Mining and quarrying	3 838	3 629	3 591	3 381
2	Manufacturing	467 896	462 588	463 549	455 067
1509	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	92 634	89 798	89 227	88 063
1709	Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather	30 745	28 313	27 177	25 963
2009	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.	68 924	68 760	67 926	67 291
2309	Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.	42 573	42 929	43 187	43 531
2600	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	21 605	20 376	19 132	18 426
2709	Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	180 434	181 358	185 344	180 524
3600	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	30 981	31 054	31 556	31 269
3	Electricity, gas and water supply	16 446	16 324	17 334	17 205
4	Construction	146 009	139 407	133 708	127 961
5	Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	414 106	411 556	413 669	409 926
5000	Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.	54 366	51 093	50 993	52 396
5100	Ws. and commis. trade, except of motor vehicles	151 766	153 097	153 004	150 718
5200	Re. trade and repair work except of motor vehicles	152 336	150 812	151 971	148 420
5500	Hotels and restaurants	55 638	56 554	57 701	58 392
6	Transport, storage and communication	167 034	167 078	166 738	167 539
6009	Transport	111 424	112 110	113 374	113 934
6400	Post and telecommunications	55 610	54 968	53 364	53 605
7	Financial intermediation, business activities	247 548	255 291	251 044	252 560
6509	Financial intermediation and insurance etc.	86 621	87 443	86 008	84 171
7009	Real estate and renting activities	27 963	28 602	28 223	28 502
7209	Business activities etc.	132 964	139 246	136 813	139 887
8	Public and personal services	858 174	858 457	862 884	865 438
7500	Public administration etc.	194 717	194 033	191 800	191 149
8000	Education	189 045	186 557	181 767	182 723
8519	Health care activities	139 532	139 560	145 094	146 678
8539	Social work activities	237 452	241 165	243 609	241 238
9009	Other community, social and personal act.	97 428	97 142	100 614	103 650
Memo: General government		768 220	772 185	771 491	769 562

¹ Wage and salary earners temporarily on leave are not included.

Wage and salary earners¹ by kind of activity**Table 14.**

1992	1993*	1994*	1995*	1996*	
Persons					
2 325 877	2 297 230	2 298 897	2 342 355	2 376 941	Total
54 610	49 072	48 417	48 677	48 944	Agriculture, fishing and quarrying
46 867	41 987	41 726	41 950	42 358	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry
4 462	3 807	3 425	3 416	3 301	Fishing
3 281	3 278	3 266	3 311	3 285	Mining and quarrying
444 308	424 433	426 613	439 701	434 224	Manufacturing
85 961	84 034	82 907	82 433	81 153	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco
24 772	23 182	22 668	21 547	19 423	Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather
65 457	62 548	62 626	63 439	63 434	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.
44 608	44 159	43 129	45 423	46 173	Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.
17 984	17 070	17 517	18 261	17 562	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products
174 230	162 535	165 033	174 976	173 562	Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.
31 296	30 905	32 733	33 622	32 917	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.
18 076	17 749	17 060	17 338	16 947	Electricity, gas and water supply
124 038	122 513	125 863	130 087	130 124	Construction
405 142	399 152	400 676	416 954	428 668	Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants
51 202	51 363	52 052	53 777	55 946	Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.
148 240	143 578	143 900	150 198	153 876	Ws. and commis. trade, except of motor vehicles
147 408	143 989	144 436	150 638	154 511	Re. trade and repair work except of motor vehicles
58 292	60 222	60 288	62 341	64 335	Hotels and restaurants
168 314	165 206	164 659	167 005	171 796	Transport, storage and communication
114 282	112 764	112 395	114 831	115 115	Transport
54 032	52 442	52 264	52 174	56 681	Post and telecommunications
246 076	245 722	246 421	251 874	257 275	Financial intermediation, business activities
80 549	77 949	75 634	73 813	72 905	Financial intermediation and insurance etc.
28 122	28 223	28 667	29 797	30 688	Real estate and renting activities
137 405	139 550	142 120	148 264	153 682	Business activities etc.
865 313	873 383	869 188	870 719	888 963	Public and personal services
199 671	201 068	200 037	199 643	203 248	Public administration etc.
177 753	179 064	178 194	177 859	181 170	Education
144 615	145 845	145 435	145 510	148 614	Health care activities
239 162	240 919	239 484	239 179	243 658	Social work activities
104 112	106 487	106 038	108 528	112 273	Other community, social and personal act.
767 832	773 290	768 757	769 324	784 198	Memo: General government

Table 15. Private consumption expenditure by purpose and durability

		1988	1989	1990	1991	
		Current prices, mill. DKK —				
Total private consumption expenditure	.....	375 833	393 255	404 915	423 030
10 Food	.....	48 375	51 437	52 733	54 214
20 Beverages and tobacco	.....	30 466	29 775	30 580	31 498
30 Clothing and footwear	.....	22 237	21 617	22 524	23 650
40 Housing	.....	77 619	83 849	89 619	94 337
45 Electricity, gas and other fuels	.....	21 597	21 766	21 955	24 271
50 Furnishing, household equipment etc.	.....	22 664	22 411	22 553	23 348
60 Medical products, health services	.....	8 518	9 038	10 407	10 135
71 Purchase of vehicles	.....	14 024	13 547	13 779	15 038
79 Other transport and communication	.....	37 986	40 504	40 473	42 683
91 Recreation and culture	.....	36 032	38 545	40 072	42 048
97 Other goods and services	.....	51 601	55 563	57 211	60 755
Balance of tourism, net	.....	-872	-746	-3 330	-5 739
9980 Income from tourism	.....	-18 533	-18 855	-22 676	-24 208
9990 Expenditure on tourism	.....	17 661	18 109	19 346	18 469
Membership organizations etc.	.....	5 586	5 950	6 342	6 793
Household consumption on Danish territory	.....	371 119	388 051	401 904	421 976
Goods	.....	201 912	205 182	210 170	219 100
Durable	.....	33 673	33 448	34 027	36 064
Semi-durable	.....	45 317	45 618	46 873	49 401
Non-durable	.....	122 922	126 116	129 270	133 635
Services	.....	169 207	182 869	191 734	202 877
Housing	.....	77 619	83 849	89 619	94 337
Other services	.....	91 588	99 020	102 115	108 540
————— 1990-prices, mill. DKK —————						
Total private consumption expenditure	.....	405 258	403 904	404 915	412 091
10 Food	.....	52 888	54 179	52 733	53 714
20 Beverages and tobacco	.....	31 617	30 242	30 580	32 060
30 Clothing and footwear	.....	23 303	22 190	22 524	23 141
40 Housing	.....	87 993	88 775	89 619	90 528
45 Electricity, gas and other fuels	.....	22 700	21 521	21 955	23 512
50 Furnishing, household equipment etc.	.....	24 241	23 025	22 553	22 198
60 Medical products, health services	.....	9 297	9 495	10 407	9 993
71 Purchase of vehicles	.....	15 367	14 189	13 779	14 401
79 Other transport and communication	.....	40 278	40 823	40 473	42 131
91 Recreation and culture	.....	38 742	39 380	40 072	41 169
97 Other goods and services	.....	53 385	55 112	57 211	59 953
Balance of tourism, net	.....	-662	-1 282	-3 330	-7 337
9980 Income from tourism	.....	-19 646	-19 185	-22 676	-24 723
9990 Expenditure on tourism	.....	18 985	17 903	19 346	17 386
Membership organizations etc.	.....	6 107	6 255	6 342	6 629
Household consumption on Danish territory	.....	399 812	398 931	401 904	412 799
Goods	.....	214 121	209 809	210 170	217 313
Durable	.....	36 004	34 442	34 027	35 238
Semi-durable	.....	47 790	46 619	46 873	49 211
Non-durable	.....	130 326	128 749	129 270	132 863
Services	.....	185 692	189 122	191 734	195 487
Housing	.....	87 993	88 775	89 619	90 528
Other services	.....	97 698	100 347	102 115	104 959

Private consumption expenditure by purpose and durability**Table 15.**

1992	1993*	1994*	1995*	1996*	
Current prices, mill. DKK					
439 262	450 397	492 834	513 203	538 103	Total private consumption expenditure
56 806	56 953	60 043	63 851	65 211	Food
32 201	32 251	33 027	33 281	34 692	Beverages and tobacco
23 430	24 004	26 698	27 390	29 122	Clothing and footwear
97 831	100 894	105 660	109 052	112 129	Housing
25 418	26 583	27 253	27 900	30 241	Electricity, gas and other fuels
24 080	24 387	26 649	27 109	28 474	Furnishing, household equipment etc.
10 774	11 500	11 873	12 177	12 881	Medical products, health services
15 835	15 502	28 847	27 553	29 917	Purchase of vehicles
44 222	46 429	51 117	55 344	56 597	Other transport and communication
43 888	45 046	49 174	51 798	56 098	Recreation and culture
63 588	64 766	69 593	72 828	75 818	Other goods and services
-5 959	-5 763	-5 391	-3 898	-2 506	Balance of tourism, net
-25 831	-21 603	-22 605	-22 037	-20 223	Income from tourism
19 872	15 840	17 214	18 140	17 717	Expenditure on tourism
7 147	7 845	8 291	8 818	9 429	Membership organizations etc.
438 073	448 315	489 933	508 282	531 180	Household consumption on Danish territory
1990-prices, mill. DKK					
422 669	431 489	460 118	469 335	479 877	Total private consumption expenditure
56 160	56 903	59 768	61 748	61 892	Food
31 999	32 666	32 552	32 128	32 482	Beverages and tobacco
22 519	22 950	25 059	25 748	27 258	Clothing and footwear
91 054	91 181	91 841	92 115	92 544	Housing
24 563	25 918	26 675	27 399	28 096	Electricity, gas and other fuels
22 632	23 077	24 905	24 641	25 510	Furnishing, household equipment etc.
10 439	11 183	11 578	11 775	12 434	Medical products, health services
14 576	14 393	26 340	24 736	26 349	Purchase of vehicles
43 716	45 967	48 976	50 794	50 068	Other transport and communication
43 815	45 060	48 144	50 597	53 739	Recreation and culture
60 579	61 018	62 418	62 894	63 978	Other goods and services
-6 254	-5 963	-5 710	-3 038	-2 507	Balance of tourism, net
-24 802	-20 855	-21 500	-21 016	-18 913	Income from tourism
18 548	14 892	15 791	17 977	16 406	Expenditure on tourism
6 870	7 135	7 571	7 797	8 036	Membership organizations etc.
422 053	430 316	458 257	464 577	474 348	Household consumption on Danish territory
222 437	229 398	252 050	254 869	262 323	Goods
37 505	38 652	53 785	52 944	55 973	Durable
48 692	49 221	52 268	53 510	56 085	Semi-durable
136 240	141 524	145 997	148 416	150 265	Non-durable
199 616	200 918	206 207	209 708	212 025	Services
91 054	91 181	91 841	92 115	92 544	Housing
108 562	109 738	114 366	117 593	119 481	Other services

Table 16. Capital formation by type of goods

	1988	1989	1990	1991
Current prices, mill DKK —				
1 Machines and equipment	47 561	53 554	56 126	57 107
2 Transport	15 075	17 732	17 414	21 971
3 Buildings; facilities and installations	83 451	82 600	81 662	74 769
4 Housing	34 773	33 552	31 158	28 444
5 Other buildings	29 030	26 657	26 522	24 958
6 Civil engineering works	19 648	22 391	23 982	21 367
7 Livestock	-181	-53	234	-72
8 Valuables, net	1 705	1 501	1 653	1 843
9 Purchased and own-account computer software	6 222	6 693	7 134	8 148
10 Entertainment, literary or artistic originals	662	809	1 241	936
11 Mineral exploration	392	339	489	888
12 Total gross fixed capital formation (1 + 2 + 3 + 7 +...+ 11)	154 887	163 175	165 954	165 591
13 Change in stocks, net	-570	3 184	1 645	-1 912
14 Total gross capital formation (12 + 13)	154 317	166 360	167 599	163 678
15 Consumption of fixed capital	115 646	123 234	128 959	135 521
16 Total net capital formation (14 - 15)	38 671	43 126	38 640	28 157
1990-prices, mill. DKK —				
1 Machines and equipment	51 375	54 702	56 126	57 260
2 Transport	15 956	18 169	17 414	20 952
3 Buildings; facilities and installations	91 668	86 186	81 662	72 510
4 Housing	37 932	34 934	31 158	27 689
5 Other buildings	32 193	27 896	26 522	24 086
6 Civil engineering works	21 544	23 357	23 982	20 735
7 Livestock	-177	-47	234	-83
8 Valuables, net	1 665	1 405	1 653	1 783
9 Purchased and own-account computer software	5 414	5 822	7 134	7 088
10 Entertainment, literary or artistic originals	719	834	1 241	1 016
11 Mineral exploration	382	335	489	915
12 Total gross fixed capital formation (1 + 2 + 3 + 7 +...+ 11)	167 002	167 406	165 954	161 442
13 Change in stocks, net	588	4 217	1 645	-1 819
14 Total gross capital formation (12 + 13)	167 590	171 623	167 599	159 623
15 Consumption of fixed capital	126 094	126 616	128 959	130 769
16 Total net capital formation (14 - 15)	41 497	45 007	38 640	28 854

Capital formation by type of goods**Table 16.**

1992	1993*	1994*	1995*	1996*	
Current prices, mill. DKK					
55 580	58 949	63 739	71 557	75 335	Machines and equipment
17 575	19 126	15 620	19 627	21 290	Transport
76 244	70 556	71 777	79 258	92 362	Buildings; facilities and installations
29 030	...	...	...	...	Housing
25 313	...	...	...	...	Other buildings
21 901	...	...	...	...	Civil engineering works
-56	44	-137	53	-16	Livestock
2 012	2 114	2 260	2 185	2 190	Valuables, net
7 936	11 400	12 590	14 230	14 233	Purchased and own-account computer software
778	764	784	810	850	Entertainment, literary or artistic originals
927	204	326	312	438	Mineral exploration
160 995	163 156	166 958	188 032	206 683	Total gross fixed capital formation (1 + 2 + 3 + 7 +...+ 11)
-220	-6 320	147	11 620	1 274	Change in stocks, net
160 775	156 836	167 105	199 652	207 957	Total gross capital formation (12 + 13)
141 857	146 163	149 300	151 658	152 336	Consumption of fixed capital
18 918	10 673	17 805	47 994	55 621	Total net capital formation (14 - 15)
1990-prices, mill. DKK					
57 723	62 922	67 072	78 523	83 172	Machines and equipment
16 976	16 510	12 583	16 461	16 860	Transport
72 063	64 978	65 069	70 283	79 891	Buildings; facilities and installations
27 194	...	...	...	...	Housing
23 444	...	...	...	...	Other buildings
21 425	...	...	...	...	Civil engineering works
-76	61	-154	55	-2	Livestock
1 892	2 056	2 198	2 126	2 131	Valuables, net
9 625	11 994	12 840	14 381	13 882	Purchased and own-account computer software
757	719	740	774	795	Entertainment, literary or artistic originals
883	209	382	360	494	Mineral exploration
159 844	159 449	160 730	182 964	197 222	Total gross fixed capital formation (1 + 2 + 3 + 7 +...+ 11)
34	-2 678	1 393	7 202	3 736	Change in stocks, net
159 878	156 770	162 123	190 166	200 958	Total gross capital formation (12 + 13)
132 389	132 544	132 944	134 988	136 331	Consumption of fixed capital
27 490	24 227	29 178	55 178	64 627	Total net capital formation (14 - 15)

Table 17. Input-output table 1992 (New industries and definitions)

Output by industry	Input by industry										
	0109	0500	1009	1509	1709	2009	2309	2600	2709	3600	4009
	Current prices, mill. DKK										
0109 Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	7 301	0	0	37 295	4	663	143	1	12	98	29
0500 Fishing	70	41	-	2 590	-	-	5	-	-	-	-
1009 Mining and quarrying	85	0	110	70	5	13	2 734	454	36	0	1 971
1509 Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	2 317	200	4	19 561	53	95	903	13	107	20	12
1709 Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather	12	32	5	37	2 292	41	152	48	158	148	11
2009 Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.	177	10	43	1 990	239	7 114	823	185	1 478	1 354	128
2309 Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.	1 312	314	78	1 005	553	562	2 663	334	2 003	748	102
2600 Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products ...	9	0	21	263	7	148	271	785	297	28	2
2709 Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	2 364	241	123	1 558	256	556	993	360	16 712	551	225
3600 Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.c.c.	6	5	3	17	67	139	76	43	218	742	4
4009 Electricity, gas and water supply	990	1	41	1 310	134	344	760	257	985	139	1 093
4500 Construction	1 107	28	75	342	50	210	154	72	466	60	2 101
5000 Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.	478	21	10	142	25	64	48	63	401	50	49
5100 Ws. and commis. trade, exc. of m. vehicles	3 978	194	96	3 290	1 033	2 997	1 278	958	7 235	1 952	123
5200 Re. trade and repair work exc. of m. vehicles ..	142	8	22	203	36	131	147	43	343	48	49
5500 Hotels and restaurants	14	0	7	169	92	143	240	51	559	76	11
6009 Transport	185	591	899	2 029	327	1 355	1 022	565	1 160	343	31
6400 Post and telecommunications	248	16	21	261	58	480	218	90	472	82	83
6509 Financial intermediation and insurance etc.	389	73	37	141	5	94	120	45	200	44	448
7009 Real estate and renting activities	194	38	51	786	149	627	549	127	1 414	295	70
7209 Business activities	1 999	66	395	3 213	314	1 364	2 137	356	2 670	610	446
7500 Public administration etc.	157	14	14	206	27	112	242	42	306	27	90
8000 Education	11	1	2	36	6	34	52	9	97	6	5
8519 Health care activities	385	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
8539 Social work activities	0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9009 Other community, social and personal act.	193	12	16	729	121	831	262	126	738	100	77
Total use of domestic products	24 124	1 907	2 075	77 243	5 852	18 116	15 992	5 029	38 068	7 521	7 160
Imports of specific goods and services	8 137	296	431	12 261	4 951	8 331	17 021	2 289	29 141	3 731	2 902
Unspecified. imports for oil-activities	-	-	170	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tourism; provisions for foreign ships	8	0	4	122	57	94	145	31	434	81	7
Danish ships' expenditures in foreign harbours	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General/special trade	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unspecified government imports	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total foreign transactions	8 145	297	605	12 383	5 008	8 425	17 166	2 320	29 575	3 813	2 909
Taxes on products, net	-772	21	288	168	55	-256	104	74	337	57	945
Value added tax	63	1	3	92	42	54	78	19	178	28	9
Use at market prices	31 560	2 226	2 971	89 886	10 956	26 339	33 341	7 442	68 158	11 417	11 023
Other production taxes, net	-1 051	-90	-23	-720	-98	-296	-264	-40	-741	-132	-89
Compensation of employees	6 298	1 083	928	17 734	4 275	14 568	11 638	4 110	39 728	6 056	4 514
Gross operating surplus and mixed income	21 506	1 721	7 312	9 483	2 203	4 651	7 339	1 852	13 131	3 276	14 007
Gross output at basic prices	58 313	4 940	11 188	116 382	17 336	45 263	52 054	13 364	120 276	20 618	29 454
Input by industry (continued)											
Final uses											
Government consumption											
Gross fixed capital form.											
Output by industry	8000	8519	8539	9009	FISIM	Total input	Private consumption	Individual market	Other	Machinery and equipment ¹	Transport equipment
	Current prices, mill. DKK										
0109 Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	72	46	83	30	-	46 808	3 389	-	879	-41	-
0500 Fishing	2	5	7	0	-	2 794	79	-	-	-	-
1009 Mining and quarrying	8	4	13	2	-	6 182	110	-	-	8	-
1509 Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	182	350	983	188	-	30 328	28 161	2	-	35	-
1709 Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather	26	48	52	77	-	3 594	4 846	-	-	454	0
2009 Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.	888	312	431	1 025	-	32 209	4 600	14	-	973	3
2309 Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.	214	478	222	316	-	17 806	4 435	376	-	476	-
2600 Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products ...	3	4	4	2	-	9 541	309	-	-	79	-
2709 Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	208	267	131	547	-	38 799	3 113	264	-	12 953	5 261
3600 Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.c.c.	61	131	118	48	-	2 473	2 558	-	-	2 008	1
4009 Electricity, gas and water supply	803	485	521	612	-	14 526	13 181	-	-	-	-
4500 Construction	351	372	413	773	-	26 326	4 382	-	5 135	-	-
5000 Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.	34	43	43	180	-	8 298	13 521	-	-	85	2 643
5100 Ws. and commis. trade, exc. of m. vehicles	338	697	339	968	-	40 287	17 573	377	-	8 888	52
5200 Re. trade and repair work exc. of m. vehicles ..	194	737	281	153	-	5 735	41 591	719	-	4 405	1
5500 Hotels and restaurants	212	53	305	461	-	7 738	17 561	-	-	-	-
6009 Transport	945	572	578	606	-	45 791	16 104	-	1 036	-	-
6400 Post and telecommunications	573	431	410	974	-	17 984	6 269	-	-	-	-
6509 Financial intermediation and insurance etc.	88	77	66	129	30 415	44 577	11 210	-	-	-	-
7009 Real estate and renting activities	924	704	338	1 904	-	32 019	85 079	-	-	-	-
7209 Business activities	1 257	1 011	780	4 006	-	61 751	4 507	435	5 216	2 763	-
7500 Public administration etc.	523	1 081	597	495	-	10 546	1 271	-	69 297	-	-
8000 Education	340	293	370	154	-	2 534	4 359	-	47 140	-	-
8519 Health care activities	61	24	24	31	-	947	5 257	6 208	35 182	-	-
8539 Social work activities	36	39	40	14	-	243	8 729	-	47 716	-	-
9009 Other community, social and personal act.	738	535	582	3 114	-	14 637	26 346	7	7 445	-	-
Total use of domestic products	9 081	8 800	7 731	16 808	30 415	524 471	328 540	8 402	219 046	33 085	7 960
Imports of specific goods and services	852	1 673	908	2 072	-	122 513	36 728	1 015	-	20 693	4 821
Unspecified. imports for oil-activities	-	-	-	-	-	616	-	-	-	-	-
Tourism; provisions for foreign ships	53	9	28	114	-	4 883	-5 959	-	-	-	-
Danish ships' expenditures in foreign harbours	-	-	-	-	-	19 915	-	-	-	-	-
General/special trade	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unspecified government imports	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total foreign transactions	920	1 708	951	2 191	-	148 030	30 769	1 015	-	20 693	4 821
Taxes on products, net	467	405	511	203	-	9 578	25 608	-	-	18	3 938
Value added tax	1 793	2 046	1 745	963	-	17 456	54 346	693	-	1 728	856
Use at market prices	12 262	12 958	10 938	20 165	30 415	699 534	439 262	10 110	219 046	55 524	17 575
Other production taxes, net	84	-161	30	-911	-	-6 327	-	-	-	-	-
Compensation of employees	37 925	29 656	41 515	21 031	-	487 620	-	-	-	-	-
Gross operating surplus and mixed income	3 954	5 143	4 208	9 746	-30 415	286 915	-	-	-	-	-
Gross output at basic prices	54 224	47 596	56 691	50 031	-	1 467 742	-	-	-	-	-

¹ Changes in agricultural breeding stocks included under GFCF in machinery and equipment

Input-output table 1992 (New industries and definitions)

Table 17.

Input by industry (continued)

4500	5000	5100	5200	5500	6009	6400	6509	7009	7209	7500	
Current prices, mill. DKK											
718	1	3	3	164	7	1	2	4	16	111	0109 Agriculture, horticulture and forestry
0	-	-	-	70	-	-	-	-	0	5	0500 Fishing
644	0	0	0	12	4	0	0	1	2	16	1009 Mining and quarrying
30	13	40	37	4 681	27	14	22	32	61	381	1509 Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco
127	14	43	37	8	28	11	16	46	45	80	1709 Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather
2 860	287	1 980	796	80	444	225	289	984	7 232	833	2009 Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.
2 474	693	965	570	113	1 288	70	58	86	279	304	2309 Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.
7 620	15	37	4	0	12	1	1	1	2	5	2600 Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products
8 370	806	887	328	16	1 316	165	90	76	535	1 119	2709 Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.
478	81	28	32	22	42	4	5	9	30	64	3600 Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.
413	276	842	939	415	398	187	511	399	768	905	4009 Electricity, gas and water supply
1 516	219	892	582	222	1 481	2 040	595	9 379	670	2 155	4500 Construction
1 001	1 430	650	357	63	2 264	147	72	172	318	171	5000 Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.
8 221	1 716	1 190	647	751	734	199	98	164	658	430	5100 Ws. and commis. trade, exc. of m. vehicles
1 055	59	133	113	810	120	38	52	169	334	314	5200 Re. trade and repair work exc. of m. vehicles
222	119	1 385	280	26	1 140	66	244	500	944	418	5500 Hotels and restaurants
1 832	771	12 940	1 083	25	13 985	675	113	670	1 089	1 401	6009 Transport
666	321	1 377	386	163	1 586	1 373	1 485	1 808	3 056	1 348	6400 Post and telecommunications
451	98	447	265	86	737	223	8 338	1 035	326	199	6509 Financial intermediation and insurance etc.
1 209	1 073	3 372	4 684	1 488	1 615	144	1 663	3 373	2 855	2 371	7009 Real estate and renting activities
10 672	1 218	6 286	2 943	571	3 015	814	2 255	4 480	6 856	2 016	7209 Business activities
594	152	1 058	396	165	964	164	591	429	909	1 192	7500 Public administration etc.
150	12	43	27	9	70	12	30	30	108	627	8000 Education
15	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	0	58	348	8519 Health care activities
13	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	5	94	8539 Social work activities
424	203	831	399	338	494	161	447	632	1 845	689	9009 Other community, social and personal act.
51 774	9 576	35 430	14 909	10 299	31 776	6 735	16 977	24 479	29 000	17 595	Total use of domestic products
8 361	3 297	1 891	1 088	1 726	2 669	648	877	892	2 905	3 160	Imports of specific goods and services
446	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Unspecified imports for oil-activities
184	77	950	206	9	1 362	37	28	235	306	302	Tourism; provisions for foreign ships
-	-	-	-	-	19 915	-	-	-	-	-	Danish ships' expenditures in foreign harbours
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	General/special trade
5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	Unspecified government imports
8 996	3 374	2 841	1 294	1 735	23 947	685	905	1 127	3 213	3 497	Total foreign transactions
427	104	532	258	1 608	612	105	436	1 653	515	724	Taxes on products, net
651	55	360	120	12	981	168	2 050	2 220	507	3 220	Value added tax
61 849	13 109	39 163	16 580	13 654	57 316	7 692	20 368	29 479	33 235	25 035	Use at market prices
-593	-283	-1 561	-611	-178	-1 755	-125	1 976	1 628	-493	169	Other production taxes, net
28 543	7 682	36 339	20 773	7 646	27 259	10 952	24 127	5 630	32 179	45 434	Compensation of employees
10 034	4 485	21 843	16 391	4 475	18 637	6 832	10 842	81 806	21 599	10 852	Gross operating surplus and mixed income
99 834	24 993	95 783	53 133	25 596	101 457	25 350	57 312	118 544	86 520	81 490	Gross output at basic prices

Final uses (continued)

Total

Gross fixed capital formation (continued)

Dwellings	Non-res. buildings	Civil engineering	Valuables	Software	Originals	Mineral exploration	Changes in inventories	Exports	Total	final uses	
Current prices, mill. DKK											
-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-607	7 885	11 505	58 313	0109 Agriculture, horticulture and forestry
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	136	1 930	2 145	4 940	0500 Fishing
-	-	-	-	6	-	560	46	4 276	5 006	11 188	1009 Mining and quarrying
-	-	-	-	14	-	-	1 224	56 619	86 055	116 382	1509 Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco
-	-	-	-	1	1	-	24	8 414	13 742	17 336	1709 Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather
-	-	-	-	62	-	-	-462	7 866	13 054	45 263	2009 Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.
-	-	-	-	100	-	-	38	28 823	34 248	52 054	2309 Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.
-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-256	3 678	3 823	13 364	2600 Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products
-	-	-	-	296	-	-	56	59 534	81 477	120 276	2709 Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.
-	-	-	-	296	47	-	-87	13 322	18 145	20 618	3600 Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.
-	-	-	-	6	-	-	43	1 698	14 928	29 454	4009 Electricity, gas and water supply
21 752	21 799	20 386	-	15	-	-	-	39	73 508	99 834	4500 Construction
-	-	-	69	10	-	-	-1	369	16 695	24 993	5000 Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.
-	-	-	104	108	-	-	-20	28 415	55 497	95 783	5100 Ws. and commis. trade, exc. of m. vehicles
-	-	-	659	28	-	-	-4	-	47 399	53 133	5200 Re. trade and repair work exc. of m. vehicles
-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	297	17 859	25 596	5500 Hotels and restaurants
-	-	-	-	37	-	-	-	38 489	55 666	101 457	6009 Transport
-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	1 094	7 366	25 350	6400 Post and telecommunications
-	-	-	-	502	-	-	-	1 023	12 735	57 312	6509 Financial intermediation and insurance etc.
983	441	-	-	21	-	-	-	1	86 525	118 544	7009 Real estate and renting activities
724	678	-	-	5 257	-	-	0	5 191	24 769	86 520	7209 Business activities
70	66	-	-	180	-	-	-	59	70 944	81 490	7500 Public administration etc.
-	-	-	-	70	-	-	-	122	51 691	54 224	8000 Education
-	-	-	-	0	-	-	-	1	46 649	47 596	8519 Health care activities
-	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	56 448	56 691	8539 Social work activities
-	-	-	-	436	25	778	-11	369	35 394	50 031	9009 Other community, social and personal act.
23 529	22 983	20 386	1 564	6 805	778	560	119	269 513	943 271	1 467 742	Total use of domestic products
-	-	-	132	939	-	-	-2 182	29 766	91 911	214 424	Imports of specific goods and services
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	368	-46	414	1 030	Unspecified imports for oil-activities
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25 831	19 872	24 755	Tourism; provisions for foreign ships
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19 915	Danish ships' expenditures in foreign harbours
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1 807	5 619	7 426	General/special trade
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	103	Unspecified government imports
-	-	-	132	939	-	368	-374	61 262	119 623	267 653	Total foreign transactions
312	403	-	-	-	-	-	34	-6 529	23 785	33 362	Taxes on products, net
5 188	1 927	1 516	316	192	-	-	-	-	66 761	84 217	Value added tax
29 030	25 313	21 901	2 012	7 936	778	927	-220	324 246	1 153 439	1 852 974	Use at market prices
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Other production taxes, net
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Compensation of employees
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Gross operating surplus and mixed income
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Gross output at basic prices

Table 18. Actual changes in GDP calculated from the output side, 1992

	Output		Intermediate consumption		Gross value added			Actual change in gross value added	Percentage actual change
	Previous	New	Previous	New	Previous	New	Difference		
Current prices, mill. DKK									
11101	Agriculture	45 451	45 423	25 309	25 614	20 142	19 809	-333	-333
11103	Horticulture	4 937	5 263	2 320	2 425	2 617	2 838	221	226
11109	Fur farming, etc.	1 112	1 113	769	769	343	344	1	0
11200	Agricultural services	1 864	3 263	259	1 637	1 605	1 627	22	42
12000	Forestry and logging	1 127	1 969	158	1 085	969	884	-85	-71
13000	Fishing	4 137	4 940	1 933	2 243	2 204	2 697	493	508
20099	Extraction of coal, oil and gas	8 506	8 510	1 837	1 847	6 669	6 663	-6	-5
29000	Other mining	1 514	1 544	487	534	1 027	1 010	-17	4
31113	Slaughtering etc. of pigs and cattle	36 366	39 996	27 009	33 294	9 357	6 702	-2 654	-2 640
31117	Poultry killing, dressing, packing	2 097	2 042	1 600	1 547	497	495	-2	4
31121	Dairies	17 984	17 475	14 199	15 155	3 785	2 320	-1 465	-1 443
31123	Processed cheese, condensed milk	4 259	4 292	3 490	4 066	769	226	-543	-538
31124	Ice cream manufacturing	1 512	1 527	1 013	1 004	499	523	24	35
31130	Processing of fruit and vegetables	3 069	3 113	2 259	2 315	810	798	-11	3
31140	Processing of fish	8 085	8 336	6 465	6 650	1 620	1 686	66	153
31151	Oil mills	1 834	1 580	1 600	1 277	234	302	69	88
31152	Margarine manufacturing	958	999	735	752	223	247	24	26
31153	Fish meal manufacturing	2 646	2 625	2 219	2 207	427	418	-9	15
31160	Grain mill products	1 898	1 881	1 554	1 554	344	327	-16	-14
31171	Bread factories	1 545	1 524	813	799	732	725	-7	27
31173	Cake factories	2 671	2 660	1 813	1 802	858	858	-0	13
31174	Bakeries	3 105	3 207	1 595	1 402	1 510	1 805	295	360
31180	Sugar factories and refineries	2 843	2 794	2 106	2 034	737	760	24	24
31190	Chocolate and sugar confectionery	3 461	3 387	2 191	2 150	1 270	1 237	-33	-18
31210	Manufacture of food products n.e.c.	3 889	4 563	2 514	2 921	1 375	1 642	267	271
31229	Manuf. of prepared animal feeds	2 448	2 588	1 711	1 751	737	837	100	102
31310	Distilling and blending spirits	527	813	386	610	141	203	62	65
31338	Breweries	7 544	7 612	4 833	5 195	2 711	2 416	-294	-217
31400	Tobacco manufactures	2 171	2 362	1 332	1 337	839	1 025	186	186
32118	Spinning, weaving etc. textiles	3 873	3 968	2 587	2 613	1 286	1 356	70	71
32120	Manuf. of made-up textile goods	2 077	2 161	1 347	1 366	730	795	64	64
32130	Knitting mills	3 455	3 432	2 232	2 194	1 223	1 238	15	32
32158	Cordage, rope and twine industries	886	918	535	550	351	368	17	17
32200	Manufacture of wearing apparel	5 481	5 509	3 354	3 331	2 127	2 177	51	82
32300	Manufacture of leather products	564	471	371	298	193	173	-20	-10
32400	Manufacture of footwear	1 435	1 530	1 080	1 160	355	370	15	15
33100	Manuf. of wood products,excl.furnit.	9 185	9 045	5 814	5 645	3 371	3 400	29	47
33200	Manuf. of wooden furniturte, etc.	12 102	11 818	7 367	7 098	4 735	4 719	-16	74
34110	Manuf. of pulp, paper, paperboard	1 588	1 540	1 089	1 074	499	466	-34	-29
34128	Manuf. of paper containers,wallpaper	7 294	7 592	4 222	4 371	3 072	3 221	149	189
34210	Reproducing and composing services	2 007	1 889	793	740	1 214	1 148	-65	-36
34221	Book printing	4 684	4 889	2 722	2 815	1 962	2 074	112	185
34222	Offset printing	4 463	4 456	2 378	2 408	2 085	2 049	-36	-18
34223	Other printing	2 352	2 359	1 361	1 447	991	912	-79	-37
34230	Bookbinding	893	877	414	369	479	509	29	40
34240	Newspaper printing and publishing	6 507	6 607	3 277	3 340	3 230	3 267	36	59
34291	Book and art publishing	1 394	2 014	1 102	1 404	292	610	317	365
34292	Magazine publishing	1 827	1 476	1 232	1 018	595	458	-137	-120
34293	Other publishing	3 116	3 218	2 610	1 948	506	1 270	764	801
35110	Manuf. of basic industrial chemicals	6 778	7 060	3 722	4 094	3 056	2 965	-91	-14
35120	Manuf. of fertilizers and pesticides	1 098	1 143	771	786	327	357	29	34
35130	Manuf. of basic plastic materials	5 141	5 097	3 221	3 163	1 920	1 934	13	13
35210	Manuf. of paints and varnishes	2 340	2 804	1 632	1 888	708	916	208	238
35220	Manufacture of drugs and medicines	11 369	11 252	5 300	5 232	6 069	6 019	-50	-11
35230	Manufacture of soap and cosmetics	2 203	2 789	1 661	2 121	542	668	126	126
35290	Manuf. of chemical products n.e.c.	1 993	1 768	1 429	1 174	564	593	29	38
35300	Petroleum refineries	8 752	8 718	8 540	8 521	212	196	-15	32
35400	Manuf. of asphalt and roofing mater.	2 195	2 226	1 448	1 469	747	757	10	30
35510	Tyre and tube industries	357	404	209	250	148	154	6	4
35590	Manuf. of rubber products n.e.c.	1 149	1 172	582	589	567	583	15	15
35600	Manuf. of plastic products n.e.c.	8 966	8 953	4 944	4 965	4 022	3 988	-33	44
36100	Manuf. of earthenware and pottery	579	596	199	195	380	401	21	22
36200	Manuf. of glass and glass products	1 565	1 605	861	880	704	725	21	36
36910	Manuf. of structural clay products	815	831	442	438	373	393	20	20
36920	Manuf. of cement, lime and plaster	1 708	1 724	908	927	800	797	-2	2
36993	Concrete products and stone cutting	4 944	5 299	2 836	3 073	2 108	2 226	118	151
36998	Non-metallic mineral products n.e.c.	2 783	2 758	1 506	1 494	1 277	1 264	-13	-12

Table 18 (continued).

Actual changes in GDP calculated from the output side, 1992

	Output		Intermediate consumption		Gross value added			Actual change in gross value added	Percentage actual change
	Previous	New	Previous	New	Previous	New	Difference		
Current prices, mill. DKK									
37101	Iron and steel works	1 922	1 943	1 258	1 238	664	706	41	42
37102	Iron and steel casting	873	898	449	458	424	440	16	17
37201	Non-ferrous metal works	521	535	416	419	105	115	10	10
37202	Non-ferrous metal casting	641	666	311	330	330	335	5	6
38121	Manufacture of metal furniture	2 860	2 897	1 523	1 550	1 337	1 347	10	12
38138	Manuf. of structural metal products	12 514	12 955	7 684	7 868	4 830	5 086	256	312
38191	Manuf. of metal cans and containers	2 723	2 893	1 799	1 892	924	1 001	77	77
38198	Manuf. of other fabr. metal products	11 196	10 944	5 700	5 463	5 496	5 481	-15	31
38220	Manuf. of agricultural machinery	3 356	3 393	1 894	1 973	1 462	1 421	-41	-7
38238	Manufacture of industrial machinery	10 174	10 185	5 642	5 792	4 532	4 393	-139	-56
38280	Repair of machinery	4 974	5 063	2 894	2 841	2 080	2 222	142	200
38293	Manufacture of household machinery	3 886	4 042	2 501	2 590	1 385	1 452	67	78
38298	Manuf. of refrigerators, accessories	22 434	21 851	12 117	11 565	10 317	10 285	-32	43
38320	Manuf. of telecommunication equip.	7 477	7 687	4 529	4 626	2 948	3 061	112	184
38330	Manuf. of electrical home appliances	779	769	484	468	295	302	7	7
38392	Manuf. of accumulators and batteries	246	241	109	126	137	115	-22	-18
38398	Manuf. of other electrical supplies	8 683	8 658	4 877	4 869	3 806	3 789	-17	133
38410	Ship building and repairing	12 765	12 099	8 200	8 139	4 565	3 960	-605	-550
38438	Railroad and automobile equipment	5 060	5 208	3 297	3 440	1 763	1 768	6	14
38498	Manufacture of cycles, mopeds, etc.	1 034	1 079	693	721	341	358	17	21
38500	Professional and measuring equipm.	7 238	7 725	3 659	3 858	3 579	3 867	289	369
39010	Manufacture of jewellery, etc.	521	592	274	264	247	328	80	87
39098	Manuf. of toys, sporting goods, etc.	5 890	5 826	2 549	2 746	3 341	3 080	-261	-154
41010	Electric light and power	12 383	12 643	4 475	3 761	7 908	8 882	973	973
41020	Gas manufacture and distribution	4 106	5 361	1 341	2 575	2 765	2 786	21	22
41030	Steam and hot water supply	8 319	9 411	4 562	3 779	3 757	5 632	1 875	1 875
42000	Water works and supply	1 283	2 033	467	1 019	816	1 014	198	199
51000	Building	25 781	26 736	13 656	16 016	12 125	10 720	-1 404	-1 283
52001	Repair of buildings	29 204	30 281	12 014	14 090	17 190	16 191	-999	-755
52002	Materials for own building repair	11 839	10 073	11 839	10 073	0	0	0	0
53000	Construction	28 470	27 108	16 100	18 832	12 371	8 276	-4 095	-3 973
61000	Wholesale trade	82 595	101 650	24 989	41 934	57 606	59 716	2 110	4 423
62000	Retail trade	47 326	56 425	10 281	17 598	37 045	38 827	1 782	5 698
63000	Restaurants and hotels	23 056	25 595	12 963	13 733	10 093	11 862	1 769	2 791
71118	Railway and bus transport, etc.	8 523	10 275	4 089	5 762	4 434	4 513	78	116
71138	Other land transport	28 346	28 336	6 914	14 049	21 432	14 287	-7 145	-6 916
71210	Ocean and coastal water transport	29 662	32 020	22 686	23 358	6 976	8 662	1 686	1 705
71230	Supporting services to water trsp.	2 293	2 333	726	765	1 567	1 568	2	1
71300	Air transport	11 405	11 199	6 651	6 789	4 754	4 409	-345	-232
71509	Services allied to transport, etc.	23 131	16 564	14 495	9 091	8 636	7 473	-1 163	-945
72000	Communication	22 544	24 212	6 928	7 353	15 616	16 859	1 243	1 243
81000	Financial institutions	24 006	43 391	11 654	12 435	12 352	30 956	18 603	19 297
82000	Insurance	5 127	6 286	3 530	3 645	1 597	2 641	1 044	1 278
83110	Dwellings	98 544	90 883	23 232	21 474	75 312	69 410	-5 903	-5 903
83115	Letting of non-residential property	0	20 956	0	5 293	0	15 663	15 663	-1 186
83509	Business services	74 908	92 614	26 579	43 286	48 329	49 328	1 000	2 719
93109	Education, market services	1 040	1 562	263	787	777	776	-1	44
93300	Health, market services	11 090	12 835	1 869	3 452	9 221	9 383	162	557
94000	Recreational and cultural services	11 291	13 617	4 087	7 090	7 204	6 527	-676	-395
95130	Repair of motor vehicles	20 954	14 002	10 345	9 443	10 609	4 558	-6 051	-5 870
95299	Household services	15 514	23 149	4 927	9 045	10 587	14 104	3 517	3 739
95400	Domestic services	1 014	1 143	0	0	1 014	1 143	129	13
97099	Private non-profit institutions	5 612	7 202	907	1 701	4 705	5 501	797	1 139
98100	Public: General public services	27 293	27 966	9 519	9 454	17 774	18 512	738	1 931
98200	Public: Defence	17 817	17 247	8 003	7 964	9 814	9 283	-531	-458
98300	Public: Education and research	57 207	58 943	14 509	14 346	42 698	44 597	1 899	2 542
98400	Public: Health	45 687	47 082	18 683	18 856	27 004	28 226	1 222	1 243
98500	Public: Social security and welfare services	60 824	62 773	12 520	12 385	48 304	50 388	2 084	2 098
98600	Public: Housing and community amenities	3 829	1 781	2 569	1 080	1 260	701	-559	-547
98700	Public: Recreational and cultural services	10 500	10 900	3 498	3 513	7 002	7 387	385	420
98800	Public: Economic services	21 213	21 791	7 640	7 784	13 573	14 008	435	598
99005	Financial interm. services indirectly measured	0	0	15 474	30 364	-15 474	-30 364	-14 890	-14 890
Total		1 360 980	1 465 894	628 449	689 269	732 530	746 261	13 730	13 730
Taxes on products, net						123 499	123 893	394	394
General/special trade						0	-775	0	0
GDP from the output side						856 031	869 379	13 348	13 348

Table 19. Actual changes in private consumption expenditure, 1992

		Previous	New	Actual change	Percentage actual change
		Current prices, mill. DKK			
001	Bread and cereals	7 692	8 400	707	9
002	Meat	19 303	15 354	-3 949	-20
003	Fish	2 151	2 826	674	31
004	Eggs	1 187	828	-359	-30
005	Milk, cream, yoghurt, etc.	5 207	4 711	-495	-10
006	Cheese	3 635	2 769	-866	-24
007	Butter	1 232	1 091	-141	-11
008	Margarine and lard	966	756	-210	-22
009	Fruits and vegetables	9 000	8 655	-345	-4
010	Potatoes, etc.	1 983	1 448	-535	-27
011	Sugar	508	375	-133	-26
012	Coffee, tea, cocoa	2 686	2 635	-51	-2
013	Ice cream	1 483	1 501	17	1
014	Chocolate and sugar confectionary	6 187	6 433	246	4
015	Other foods	3 313	2 832	-482	-15
120	Non-alcoholic beverages	2 770	2 998	228	8
131	Beer	7 053	6 880	-173	-2
132	Wine and spirits	6 119	6 185	66	1
140	Tobacco	12 160	12 331	171	1
210	Clothing	19 436	18 540	-895	-5
220	Footwear	3 593	4 547	954	27
311	Gross rents	98 544	90 946	-7 599	-8
312	Water charges	775	5 544	4 768	615
321	Electricity	9 907	9 919	12	0
322	Gas	2 642	2 681	39	1
323	Liquid fuels	5 817	5 255	-562	-10
324	Other fuels	7 985	7 459	-526	-7
410	Furniture, fixtures, carpets, etc.	8 744	8 121	-624	-7
420	Household textiles, furnishings etc.	3 267	3 073	-194	-6
431	Major household appliances	4 235	3 662	-573	-14
432	Repairs to major househ. appliances	682	398	-284	-42
440	Glassware, tableware,househ.utensils	3 147	3 802	655	21
451	Non-durable household goods	4 443	5 282	839	19
452	Household services	1 644	2 033	389	24
460	Domestic services	1 240	1 303	64	5
510	Medical and pharmaceutical products	2 764	3 230	466	17
520	Therapeutic appliances and equipm.	2 146	2 285	139	6
530	Physicians, dentists, etc.	3 186	4 872	1 686	53
540	Hospital care and the like	865	1 877	1 012	117
550	Accident and health insurance	359	320	-39	-11
610	Personal transport equipment	16 403	16 448	45	0
621	Maintenance of transport equipment	16 736	11 556	-5 180	-31
622	Gasoline and oils for trsp. equipm.	10 139	11 243	1 104	11
623	Other expenditure on trsp. equipm.	2 937	5 045	2 108	72
630	Purchased transport	13 039	12 496	-543	-4
640	Communication	8 571	8 269	-302	-4
711	Wireless and tv sets, gramophones	4 143	3 615	-528	-13
712	Photo and musical equipment, boats	2 623	3 581	958	37
713	Other recreational goods	10 901	11 318	417	4
714	Maintenance of recreational goods	878	648	-230	-26
720	Entertainment, cultural services,etc	13 069	13 849	780	6
730	Books, newspapers and magazines	5 822	6 172	350	6
740	Education	3 946	3 660	-285	-7
750	Day-care institutions for children	4 779	4 776	-3	-0
811	Barbers, beauty shops, etc.	2 983	3 318	334	11
812	Goods for personal care	4 371	4 767	396	9
821	Jewellery, watches, rings, etc.	1 763	1 919	155	9
822	Other personal goods	1 570	1 511	-59	-4
823	Writing and drawing equipment	685	856	170	25
831	Expenditure in restaurants	23 575	23 473	-102	-0
832	Expenditure for hotels and lodging	2 851	2 858	7	0
850	Financial services, n.e.c.	6 952	7 133	180	3
860	Services, n.e.c.	5 273	2 683	-2 590	-49
994	Cons. of non-residents on Danish econ. territory	-25 831	-25 831	0	-0
995	Consumption of non-residents in the ROW	23 229	19 872	-3 357	-14
	Total household consumption.	441 464	429 387	-12 077	-3

Table 20.**Actual changes in GDP from the expenditure side, 1992**

	Previous	New	Actual change	Percentage actual change
————— Current prices, mill. DKK ————				
1 Total household consumption	441 464	429 387	-12 077	-3
2 Membership organisations, institutions etc.	5 612	7 147	1 536	27
3 Collective consumption	219 099	224 189	5 090	2
4 Investment in machinery and equipment etc.	46 731	57 688	10 957	23
5 Investment in transport equipment	14 856	17 544	2 687	18
6 Investment in construction and civil engineering	72 292	75 282	2 990	4
7 Investment in agricultural breeding stock	-56	-56	0	0
8 Changes in stocks	-2 220	-220	2 000	147
9 of which in bonded warehouses	0	1 807	1 807	0
10 Exports of Danish output	275 873	279 830	3 957	1
11 Re-exports	33 523	39 871	6 348	19
12 Imports c.i.f.	251 141	260 508	9 366	4
13 Customs	1 954	1 954	0	0
14 Agricultural import and export taxes	127	127	0	0
15 General/special trade	0	-775	0	0
16 GDP from the expenditure side (1 + ... + 11 - 9 - 12 + 15)	856 032	869 379	13 348	1.56

Table 21.

Input-output table 1992 (Revision of data and methods)

Output by industry	Input by industry										
	11000	12000	13000	20000	31000	32000	33000	34000	35000	36000	37000
Current prices, mill. DKK											
11000 Agriculture, horticulture, etc.	6 630	0	0	0	37 358	5	1	2	79	1	0
12000 Forestry and logging	2	619	-	-	1	-	385	1	0	0	-
13000 Fishing	70	-	41	-	2 590	-	-	-	5	-	-
20000 Mining and quarrying	102	0	2	82	62	3	0	12	2 750	358	11
31000 Manuf. of food, beverages, tobacco	2 206	0	198	3	19 531	54	52	52	897	12	3
32000 Textile, clothing, leather industry	10	0	35	3	36	2 488	135	30	90	13	4
33000 Manuf. of wood products, incl. furniture	12	17	0	3	53	40	1 933	20	58	41	7
34000 Manuf. of paper; printing, publishing	140	5	9	31	1 962	218	409	6 488	799	151	22
35000 Chemical and petroleum industries	1 396	7	313	62	971	451	328	460	3 129	241	53
36000 Non-metallic mineral products	4	0	0	14	272	7	122	40	274	756	15
37000 Basic metal industries	1	0	0	0	12	13	20	8	19	31	144
38000 Manuf. of fabricated metal products	2 397	19	250	164	1 732	302	643	306	1 150	349	319
39000 Other manufacturing industries	4	0	1	2	16	61	18	17	35	9	2
40000 Electricity, gas and water	983	2	1	23	1 299	144	139	287	798	253	184
50000 Construction	1 077	17	28	140	341	52	110	143	165	68	34
60099 Wholesale and retail trade	4 139	7	197	66	3 436	1 105	2 617	2 138	1 398	1 005	447
63000 Restaurants and hotels	12	1	0	4	166	99	66	119	244	50	7
71000 Transport and storage	159	49	593	407	2 232	389	404	1 394	1 113	633	27
72000 Communication	202	28	15	18	152	53	62	297	183	50	6
80099 Financing and insurance	373	17	78	36	91	-11	19	81	113	43	-7
83110 Dwellings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
83115 Letting of non-residential buildings	31	17	18	27	527	61	135	428	379	67	3
83509 Business services	2 171	133	110	462	3 396	473	469	1 803	2 615	462	114
93009 Market services of education, health	386	0	0	0	25	5	3	23	41	7	-
94000 Recreational and cultural services	0	0	-	0	11	2	1	18	5	1	0
95009 Household services incl. auto repair	604	40	38	32	969	128	102	190	322	165	75
95399 Other producers, excl. government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
98099 Producers of government services	107	20	13	9	138	20	15	99	185	35	4
Total use of domestic products	23 221	999	1 940	1 590	77 379	6 163	8 187	14 456	16 848	4 802	1 473
Imports of specific goods and services	7 971	80	281	237	12 052	5 186	4 428	6 234	17 080	2 089	960
Unspecified, imports for oil-activities	-	-	-	538	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tourism; provisions for foreign ships	7	1	0	2	120	62	62	80	145	30	4
Danish ships' expenditures in foreign harbours	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General/special trade	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unspecified government imports	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total foreign transactions	7 977	81	281	776	12 172	5 248	4 490	6 314	17 225	2 119	964
Taxes on products, net	-778	4	21	12	181	57	43	117	102	67	6
Value added tax	25	1	1	2	90	44	23	46	80	18	3
Use at market prices	30 445	1 085	2 243	2 380	89 822	11 511	12 743	20 933	34 254	7 006	2 445
Other production taxes, net	-1 054	-366	-89	254	-667	-95	-120	-237	-244	-30	-14
Compensation of employees	5 060	562	1 083	783	17 329	4 462	6 073	11 840	11 822	3 918	1 190
Gross operating surplus and mixed income	20 611	688	1 702	6 636	8 894	2 111	2 166	4 379	7 553	1 919	421
Gross output at basic prices	55 062	1 969	4 940	10 054	115 377	17 989	20 862	36 916	53 385	12 813	4 042

Output by industry	Input by industry (continued)								Final uses		
	83509	93009	94000	95009	95399	98099	FISIM	Total input	Private consumption	Government consumption	
Current prices, mill. DKK											
11000 Agriculture, horticulture, etc.	6	0	20	2	0	399	-	45 220	3 131	-	-
12000 Forestry and logging	-	-	-	-	-	6	-	1 204	255	-	-
13000 Fishing	-	-	0	-	-	19	-	2 794	79	-	-
20000 Mining and quarrying	0	0	1	0	0	50	-	5 850	111	-	-
31000 Manuf. of food, beverages, tobacco	68	5	159	19	3	1 930	-	30 162	28 158	-	-
32000 Textile, clothing, leather industry	49	4	20	46	2	220	-	3 691	4 885	-	-
33000 Manuf. of wood products, incl. furniture	11	1	6	140	0	39	-	6 252	1 522	-	-
34000 Manuf. of paper; printing, publishing	8 114	78	124	384	315	2 573	-	27 272	4 357	-	-
35000 Chemical and petroleum industries	163	58	35	877	9	1 642	-	19 358	4 498	-	-
36000 Non-metallic mineral products	1	1	1	15	0	19	-	8 762	316	-	-
37000 Basic metal industries	0	0	0	11	0	28	-	1 853	47	-	-
38000 Manuf. of fabricated metal products	123	25	176	1 304	7	2 219	-	38 224	3 224	-	-
39000 Other manufacturing industries	16	1	6	30	1	83	-	728	1 326	-	-
40000 Electricity, gas and water	886	159	137	546	12	2 890	-	14 526	13 181	-	-
50000 Construction	485	109	106	609	48	5 221	-	30 795	305	-	-
60099 Wholesale and retail trade	488	229	428	3 767	18	4 045	-	48 216	64 441	-	-
63000 Restaurants and hotels	1 493	19	107	74	131	1 088	-	7 738	17 561	-	-
71000 Transport and storage	1 811	50	195	408	19	4 645	-	48 616	13 622	-	-
72000 Communication	4 696	187	131	490	67	2 849	-	16 920	6 234	-	-
80099 Financing and insurance	434	47	38	80	22	456	30 364	42 106	8 336	-	-
83110 Dwellings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90 883	-	-
83115 Letting of non-residential buildings	2 149	537	351	504	415	2 614	-	20 919	36	-	-
83509 Business services	14 815	1 067	1 622	3 578	267	5 355	-	80 496	2 552	-	-
93009 Market services of education, health	7	456	31	4	0	6 821	-	7 916	6 482	-	-
94000 Recreational and cultural services	1 202	0	2 242	2	0	893	-	4 488	9 018	-	-
95009 Household services incl. auto repair	1 778	196	228	728	51	3 341	-	19 888	17 267	-	-
95399 Other producers, excl. government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8 345	-	-
98099 Producers of government services	1 172	112	95	228	16	5 345	-	10 506	13 532	224 189	-
Total use of domestic products	39 969	3 342	6 257	13 845	1 405	54 790	30 364	544 502	323 704	224 189	-
Imports of specific goods and services	1 858	346	618	4 328	54	7 447	-	119 936	35 908	-	-
Unspecified imports for oil-activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	984	-	-	-
Tourism; provisions for foreign ships	475	10	49	36	7	289	-	4 883	-5 959	-	-
Danish ships' expenditures in foreign harbours	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19 915	-	-	-
General/special trade	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unspecified government imports	-	-	-	-	-	103	-	103	-	-	-
Total foreign transactions	2 333	356	666	4 363	61	7 840	-	145 821	29 949	-	-
Taxes on products, net	688	108	-5	143	12	2 238	-	9 663	29 636	-	-
Value added tax	297	433	171	137	222	10 515	-	19 647	53 245	-	-
Use at market prices	43 286	4 238	7 090	18 488	1 701	75 382	30 364	719 633	436 534	224 189	-
Other production taxes, net	-505	-234	-1 143	-535	154	332	-	-9 227	-	-	-
Compensation of employees	28 826	6 875	4 870	9 093	5 846	157 696	-	487 620	-	-	-
Gross operating surplus and mixed income	21 007	3 518	2 800	10 104	645	15 073	-30 364	267 867	-	-	-
Gross output at basic prices	92 614	14 397	13 617	37 151	8 345	248 483	-	1 465 894	-	-	-

Input-output table 1992 (Revision of data and methods)

Table 21.

Input by industry (continued)											
38000	39000	40000	50000	60099	63000	71000	72000	80099	83110	83115	
5	0	29	506	7	164	2	1	2	0	0	11000 Agriculture, horticulture, etc.
8	1	-	181	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	12000 Forestry and logging
-	-	-	-	-	70	-	-	-	-	-	13000 Fishing
7	0	1 971	423	0	12	4	0	0	1	0	20000 Mining and quarrying
104	5	12	17	82	4 681	28	14	22	3	3	31000 Manuf. of food, beverages, tobacco
172	24	11	127	79	7	29	11	16	26	3	32000 Textile, clothing, leather industry
577	44	4	3 021	172	11	33	2	4	2	1	33000 Manuf. of wood products, incl. furniture
1 056	176	126	194	2 809	67	442	219	286	43	32	34000 Manuf. of paper, printing, publishing
1 896	451	102	3 499	1 632	128	1 326	50	58	14	6	35000 Chemical and petroleum industries
338	12	2	6 811	43	0	12	1	1	0	0	36000 Non-metallic mineral products
1 413	5	1	138	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	37000 Basic metal industries
15 368	112	288	7 912	1 393	17	1 313	179	114	8	34	38000 Manuf. of fabricated metal products
109	129	4	132	26	1	12	4	5	1	1	39000 Other manufacturing industries
818	38	1 093	321	1 906	415	405	185	511	84	10	40000 Electricity, gas and water
442	9	2 101	546	1 545	222	1 309	2 038	595	11 040	2 196	50000 Construction
7 513	303	153	9 427	2 172	1 564	1 126	232	146	28	23	60099 Wholesale and retail trade
558	24	11	193	1 761	26	1 181	53	244	4	1	63000 Restaurants and hotels
1 218	72	43	1 764	15 117	33	15 243	437	138	18	7	71000 Transport and storage
444	13	72	506	1 755	158	1 470	1 337	1 462	131	87	72000 Communication
152	18	448	402	683	86	698	215	4 753	1 893	483	80099 Financing and insurance
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	83110 Dwellings
924	142	2	609	7 786	1 278	789	-	1 126	-	-	83115 Letting of non-residential buildings
3 965	374	549	11 704	12 027	777	5 539	1 135	3 009	1 100	1 406	83509 Business services
80	2	0	6	8	1	6	1	1	0	0	93009 Market services of education, health
4	1	0	2	69	13	8	2	11	0	-	94000 Recreational and cultural services
808	29	178	1 097	2 088	544	2 614	241	317	2 769	215	95009 Household services incl. auto repair
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	95399 Other producers, excl. government
284	9	80	332	943	112	525	145	452	5	4	98099 Producers of government services
38 263	1 991	7 279	49 869	54 108	10 389	34 116	6 501	13 273	17 170	4 513	Total use of domestic products
28 566	958	2 895	8 086	2 858	1 716	2 600	582	281	106	40	Imports of specific goods and services
-	-	-	446	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Unspecified imports for oil-activities
435	30	7	176	1 225	9	1 576	17	28	2	1	Tourism; provisions for foreign ships
-	-	-	-	-	-	19 915	-	-	-	-	Danish ships' expenditures in foreign harbours
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	General/special trade
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Unspecified government imports
29 001	988	2 902	8 708	4 083	1 726	24 091	599	309	107	41	Total foreign transactions
340	21	945	342	839	1 608	630	92	436	1 078	318	Taxes on products, net
177	10	9	91	502	11	979	162	2 061	3 118	420	Value added tax
67 781	3 010	11 135	59 010	59 532	13 733	59 815	7 353	16 080	21 474	5 293	Use at market prices
-710	-41	-80	-705	-1 864	-122	-4 892	-129	2 179	712	1 017	Other production taxes, net
40 002	1 783	4 514	26 959	62 282	7 646	27 819	10 630	25 124	3 091	443	Compensation of employees
10 616	1 665	13 879	8 933	38 125	4 338	17 984	6 358	6 294	65 607	14 203	Gross operating surplus and mixed income
117 689	6 418	29 448	94 197	158 075	25 595	100 727	24 212	49 677	90 883	20 956	Gross output at basic prices

Table 22.

Input-output table 1992 (Before revision)

Output by industry	Input by industry											Final uses
	11000	12000	13000	20000	31000	32000	33000	34000	35000	36000	37000	
11000 Agriculture, horticulture, etc.	4 561	0	0	0	37 048	129	1	2	80	1	0	-
12000 Forestry and logging	2	-	-	-	1	-	293	1	0	0	-	-
13000 Fishing	57	-	-	-	2 109	-	-	-	5	-	-	-
20000 Mining and quarrying	99	0	0	69	55	3	0	11	2 743	360	10	-
31000 Manuf. of food, beverages, tobacco	2 331	0	26	2	11 882	40	48	27	690	8	2	-
32000 Textile, clothing, leather industry	10	0	19	3	33	2 366	161	29	83	12	4	-
33000 Manuf. of wood products, incl. furniture	18	0	0	3	59	39	2 131	21	63	47	8	-
34000 Manuf. of paper, printing, publishing	155	5	9	35	2 238	243	509	7 135	885	179	24	-
35000 Chemical and petroleum industries	1 485	5	282	61	1 062	437	339	499	2 892	241	48	-
36000 Non-metallic mineral products	3	0	0	12	272	7	150	38	278	741	15	-
37000 Basic metal industries	1	0	0	0	10	12	23	8	17	31	141	-
38000 Manuf. of fabricated metal products	2 510	18	474	169	1 971	307	694	289	1 192	363	334	-
39000 Other manufacturing industries	3	0	1	2	17	59	21	18	35	10	2	-
40000 Electricity, gas and water	893	2	0	23	1 288	143	139	286	796	252	184	-
50000 Construction	1 077	17	26	192	386	61	130	171	192	81	38	-
60099 Wholesale and retail trade	3 627	6	119	56	3 591	1 261	2 024	1 964	1 451	757	438	-
63000 Restaurants and hotels	10	0	0	3	137	86	64	104	199	44	6	-
71000 Transport and storage	288	19	642	476	2 520	523	558	1 553	1 319	647	36	-
72000 Communication	155	6	10	22	176	63	83	386	206	60	7	-
80099 Financing and insurance	649	10	17	19	87	22	26	72	74	26	6	-
83110 Dwellings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
83115 Letting of non-residential buildings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
83509 Business services	1 468	23	62	366	3 402	410	640	1 569	2 418	416	101	-
93009 Market services of education, health	336	0	0	0	14	3	2	13	23	4	-	-
94000 Recreational and cultural services	1	0	-	0	29	3	4	22	13	2	0	-
95000 Household services incl. auto repair	774	24	36	19	707	74	91	171	220	148	35	-
95399 Other producers, excl. government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
98099 Producers of government services	175	6	9	11	341	52	24	133	252	53	10	-
Total use of domestic products	20 688	140	1 732	1 542	69 435	6 343	8 151	14 522	16 127	4 481	1 451	-
Imports of specific goods and services	8 726	11	173	226	11 584	4 984	4 906	6 393	16 948	2 139	970	-
Unspecified imports for oil-activities	-	-	-	538	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tourism; provisions for foreign ships	9	0	0	2	124	73	48	88	174	39	5	-
Danish ships' expenditures in foreign harbours	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General/special trade	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unspecified government imports	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total foreign transactions	8 734	11	173	766	11 707	5 057	4 955	6 481	17 122	2 178	975	-
Taxes on products, net	-796	6	26	13	212	78	51	152	138	75	5	-
Value added tax	30	1	1	2	84	29	24	45	71	18	3	-
Use at market prices	28 657	158	1 933	2 324	81 438	11 507	13 181	21 199	33 458	6 752	2 434	-
Other production taxes, net	-1 078	-194	-89	257	-680	-98	-124	-243	-255	-36	-15	-
Compensation of employees	4 826	589	995	662	16 727	4 414	5 964	11 746	11 234	3 729	1 156	-
Gross operating surplus and mixed income	20 959	574	1 297	6 777	13 427	1 948	2 266	3 422	7 905	1 948	383	-
Gross output at basic prices	53 363	1 127	4 137	10 020	110 912	17 771	21 287	36 125	52 342	12 393	3 958	-
Input by industry (continued)												Final uses
Output by industry	83509	93009	94000	95009	95399	98099	FISIM	Total input	Private	Government	consumption	consumption
11000 Agriculture, horticulture, etc.	5	0	7	1	0	409	-	42 954	3 108	-	-	-
12000 Forestry and logging	-	-	-	-	-	7	-	464	140	-	-	-
13000 Fishing	-	-	0	-	-	14	-	2 234	36	-	-	-
20000 Mining and quarrying	0	0	0	0	0	50	-	4 750	100	-	-	-
31000 Manuf. of food, beverages, tobacco	41	3	62	12	2	2 661	-	22 697	31 164	-	-	-
32000 Textile, clothing, leather industry	44	3	18	34	2	204	-	3 494	4 893	-	-	-
33000 Manuf. of wood products, incl. furniture	10	1	3	117	1	71	-	5 997	1 802	-	-	-
34000 Manuf. of paper, printing, publishing	6 375	61	86	399	207	2 819	-	26 460	4 651	-	-	-
35000 Chemical and petroleum industries	178	40	28	489	10	1 488	-	18 306	4 187	-	-	-
36000 Non-metallic mineral products	1	1	1	16	0	19	-	8 267	235	-	-	-
37000 Basic metal industries	0	0	0	12	0	28	-	1 801	28	-	-	-
38000 Manuf. of fabricated metal products	117	24	145	1 186	8	2 200	-	38 515	2 773	-	-	-
39000 Other manufacturing industries	17	1	3	26	1	87	-	757	1 340	-	-	-
40000 Electricity, gas and water	507	122	82	327	12	2 517	-	12 027	13 391	-	-	-
50000 Construction	881	109	413	389	15	5 385	-	33 966	-	-	-	-
60099 Wholesale and retail trade	420	108	158	3 788	19	2 876	-	38 730	58 320	-	-	-
63000 Restaurants and hotels	143	4	24	44	5	962	-	3 235	19 524	-	-	-
71000 Transport and storage	826	18	62	431	16	5 219	-	50 529	14 251	-	-	-
72000 Communication	3 225	85	92	461	53	4 280	-	15 124	7 419	-	-	-
80099 Financing and insurance	518	24	44	193	4	182	15 474	21 810	7 884	-	-	-
83110 Dwellings	-	-	-	-	-	1 447	-	1 447	97 097	-	-	-
83115 Letting of non-residential buildings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
83509 Business services	8 337	372	732	2 543	250	7 572	-	64 195	3 827	-	-	-
93009 Market services of education, health	2	339	0	2	0	6 888	-	7 686	4 443	-	-	-
94000 Recreational and cultural services	873	0	1 502	4	0	582	-	3 113	8 072	-	-	-
95009 Household services incl. auto repair	1 192	120	94	656	46	3 127	-	18 138	18 335	-	-	-
95399 Other producers, excl. government	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6 626	-	-	-
98099 Producers of government services	793	58	67	304	28	4 496	-	10 859	14 209	219 099	-	-
Total use of domestic products	24 505	1 493	3 622	11 434	680	55 589	15 474	457 556	327 855	219 099	-	-
Imports of specific goods and services	1 231	231	369	3 519	46	6 919	-	117 240	38 101	-	-	-
Unspecified imports for oil-activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	984	-	-	-	-
Tourism; provisions for foreign ships	116	4	16	30	6	322	-	2 165	-2 602	-	-	-
Danish ships' expenditures in foreign harbours	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19 915	-	-	-	-
General/special trade	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unspecified government imports	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total foreign transactions	1 347	234	385	3 549	52	7 241	-	140 304	35 499	-	-	-
Taxes on products, net	626	136	-7	193	16	2 171	-	9 340	30 706	-	-	-
Value added tax	101	269	87	95	159	11 940	-	21 247	53 016	-	-	-
Use at market prices	26 579	2 132	4 087	15 272	907	76 941	15 474	628 448	447 075	219 099	-	-
Other production taxes, net	-429	-233	-1 121	-517	154	918	-	-9 913	-	-	-	-
Compensation of employees	24 057	2 927	4 598	12 136	5 291	157 953	-	466 982	-	-	-	-
Gross operating surplus and mixed income	24 700	7 303	3 727	9 577	274	8 558	-15 474	275 463	-	-	-	-
Gross output at basic prices	74 908	12 130	11 291	36 468	6 626	244 370	-	1 360 980	-	-	-	-

Input-output table 1992 (Before revision)

Table 22.

Input by industry (continued)

38000	39000	40000	50000	60099	63000	71000	72000	80099	83110	83115
Current prices, mill. DKK										
4	1	132	428	6	134	2	1	2	0	11000 Agriculture, horticulture, etc.
7	0	-	153	-	-	-	-	-	1	12000 Forestry and logging
-	-	-	-	-	49	-	-	-	-	13000 Fishing
7	0	911	419	0	10	1	0	0	1	20000 Mining and quarrying
82	3	8	15	53	4 659	17	10	13	2	31000 Manuf. of food, beverages, tobacco
161	19	11	130	73	7	25	12	14	18	32000 Textile, clothing, leather industry
581	41	5	2 609	127	8	25	3	4	2	33000 Manuf. of wood products, incl. furniture
1 217	199	149	251	2 015	87	382	304	450	45	34000 Manuf. of paper, printing, publishing
1 804	439	105	3 495	1 227	126	1 394	58	62	14	35000 Chemical and petroleum industries
318	8	3	6 349	27	0	6	1	1	0	36000 Non-metallic mineral products
1 371	5	1	135	3	0	2	0	0	0	37000 Basic metal industries
16 327	100	327	6 858	1 329	21	1 202	214	126	8	38000 Manuf. of fabricated metal products
117	127	5	153	28	1	12	5	6	1	39000 Other manufacturing industries
813	38	906	147	1 265	406	258	165	379	79	40000 Electricity, gas and water
526	10	2 586	252	2 394	630	1 472	2 051	715	13 766	50000 Construction
6 297	322	148	4 697	1 523	1 566	1 183	188	122	21	60099 Wholesale and retail trade
497	20	11	117	301	26	283	51	92	3	63000 Restaurants and hotels
1 391	82	91	3 255	11 518	42	18 093	662	207	35	71000 Transport and storage
533	15	78	524	752	183	669	314	2 537	148	72000 Communication
163	9	395	357	930	110	643	185	338	1 234	80099 Financing and insurance
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	83110 Dwellings
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	83115 Letting of non-residential buildings
3 869	353	650	12 540	5 550	1 054	2 257	1 324	5 369	548	83509 Business services
49	1	0	3	2	1	1	1	2	0	93009 Market services of education, health
13	3	1	5	23	15	4	5	9	0	94000 Recreational and cultural services
744	30	239	1 358	1 757	493	3 323	278	566	1 817	95009 Household services incl. auto repair
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	95399 Other producers, excl. government
421	12	179	349	614	187	260	207	690	1 128	98099 Producers of government services
37 309	1 838	6 939	44 600	31 516	9 813	31 514	6 040	11 704	18 870	Total use of domestic products
29 274	932	2 930	7 822	2 108	1 656	2 252	583	229	79	Imports of specific goods and services
-	-	-	446	-	-	-	-	-	-	Unspecified imports for oil-activities
438	18	11	193	298	11	66	23	47	2	Tourism; provisions for foreign ships
-	-	-	-	-	19 915	-	-	-	-	Danish ships' expenditures in foreign harbours
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	General/special trade
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Unspecified government imports
29 712	950	2 941	8 461	2 406	1 667	22 233	606	276	81	Total foreign transactions
405	25	955	448	1 101	1 469	887	117	586	252	Taxes on products, net
175	10	9	99	245	13	928	165	2 618	4 029	Value added tax
67 602	2 823	10 845	53 608	35 269	12 963	55 561	6 928	15 184	23 232	Use at market prices
-732	-41	-149	-697	-485	-34	-5 845	-150	2 195	-192	Other production taxes, net
39 193	1 788	4 223	30 384	54 261	7 183	26 379	7 203	24 848	2 515	Compensation of employees
11 336	1 841	11 173	11 998	40 877	2 944	27 266	8 563	-13 094	72 990	Gross operating surplus and mixed income
117 400	6 411	26 091	95 294	129 921	23 056	103 360	22 544	29 133	98 544	Gross output at basic prices

Final uses (continued)

Total

Gross fixed capital formation

Machinery and equipment	Transport equipment	Dwellings	Non-residential buildings	Civil engineering	Total construction	Agricultural breeding stocks	Changes in inventories	Exports	Total final uses		
Current prices, mill. DKK											
-	-	...	...	...	-34	-332	7 666	10 409	53 363	11000 Agriculture, horticulture, etc.
-	-	...	...	...	-	-1	523	662	1 127	12000 Forestry and logging
-	-	...	...	...	-	129	1 737	1 902	4 137	13000 Fishing
3	-	...	...	...	-	106	5 061	5 270	10 020	20000 Mining and quarrying
56	-	...	...	...	-	1 101	55 895	88 215	110 912	31000 Manuf. of food, beverages, tobacco
428	0	...	...	...	-	-9	8 966	14 278	17 771	32000 Textile, clothing, leather industry
2 075	3	...	...	...	-	-298	11 709	15 290	21 287	33000 Manuf. of wood products, incl. furniture
344	-	...	...	...	-	-114	4 785	9 666	36 125	34000 Manuf. of paper, printing, publishing
427	-	...	...	...	-	89	29 333	34 036	52 342	35000 Chemical and petroleum industries
92	-	...	...	...	-	-147	3 948	4 127	12 393	36000 Non-metallic mineral products
53	-	...	...	...	-	-18	2 092	2 157	3 958	37000 Basic metal industries
12 810	5 078	...	...	...	-	-557	58 781	78 884	117 400	38000 Manuf. of fabricated metal products
286	0	...	...	...	-	-65	4 093	5 654	6 411	39000 Other manufacturing industries
-	-	...	...	...	-	-	673	14 064	26 091	40000 Electricity, gas and water
-	-	...	...	...	61 328	-	-	61 328	95 294	50000 Construction
7 928	2 369	...	...	...	-	-9	22 582	91 191	129 921	60099 Wholesale and retail trade
-	-	...	...	...	-	-	297	19 821	23 056	63000 Restaurants and hotels
-	-	...	...	...	-	-	38 581	52 832	103 360	71000 Transport and storage
-	-	...	...	...	-	-	-	7 419	22 544	72000 Communication
-	-	...	...	...	-	-	-561	7 323	29 133	80099 Financing and insurance
-	-	...	...	...	-	-	-	97 097	98 544	83110 Dwellings
1 021	-	...	...	2 406	-	0	3 459	10 713	74 908	83509 Business services
-	-	...	...	-	-	-	-	4 443	12 130	93009 Market services of education, health
-	-	...	...	-	-	-13	118	8 178	11 291	94000 Recreational and cultural services
-	-	...	...	-	-	-5	-	18 330	36 468	95009 Household services incl. auto repair
-	-	...	...	-	-	-	-	6 626	6 626	95399 Other producers, excl. government
-	-	...	...	-	-	-	-203	233 511	244 370	98099 Producers of government services
25 521	7 450	...	...	63 734	-34	-145	259 943	903 424	1 360 980	Total use of domestic products
19 379	4 180	...	...	-	-23	-2 098	30 104	89 644	206 884	Imports of specific goods and services
-	-	...	...	-	-	-	-	46	1 030	Unspecified imports for oil-activities
-	-	...	...	-	-	-	-	25 831	23 229	Tourism; provisions for foreign ships
-	-	...	...	-	-	-	-	-	19 915	Danish ships' expenditures in foreign harbours
-	-	...	...	-	-	-	-	-	-	General/special trade
-	-	...	...	-	-	-	-	-	-	Unspecified government imports
19 379	4 180	...	...	-	-23	-2 098	55 981	112 918	253 223	Total foreign transactions
16	2 813	...	...	-	834	22	-6 529	27 861	37 201	Taxes on products, net
1815	414	...	...	-	7 724	-	-	62 969	84 217	Value added tax
46 731	14 856	-	72 292	-56	-2 220	309 395	1 107 173	1 735 620	Use at market prices
-	-	...	...	-	-	-	-	-	-	Other production taxes, net
-	-	...	...	-	-	-	-	-	-	Compensation of employees
-	-	...	...	-	-	-	-	-	-	Gross operating surplus and mixed income
-	-	...	...	-	-	-	-	-	-	Gross output at basic prices

Table 23.

Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity

	Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Compensation of employees	Gross operating surplus, mixed income		
					Bruttooverskud af produktionen og blandet indkomst		
			Current prices, mill. DKK Årets priser i mio. kr.				
	Produktion	Forbrug i produktionen	Bruttoværditilvækst	Aflønning af ansatte	Bruttooverskud af produktionen og blandet indkomst		
Total	1988	1 250 377	616 620	633 757	424 999	208 754	
	1989	1 332 335	658 588	673 747	441 382	233 666	
	1990	1 390 114	679 999	710 115	458 389	253 916	
	1991	1 430 578	689 805	740 773	473 555	268 414	
	1992	1 467 742	699 534	768 208	487 620	286 915	
01109 Agriculture	1988	45 265	25 718	19 547	2 553	17 563	
	1989	49 733	26 267	23 466	2 573	21 359	
	1990	48 394	25 679	22 715	2 598	20 563	
	1991	46 334	25 001	21 333	2 653	19 110	
	1992	46 550	26 356	20 194	2 670	18 438	
01129 Horticulture, orchards etc.	1988	3 723	1 655	2 068	1 134	974	
	1989	3 994	1 732	2 262	1 259	1 051	
	1990	4 261	1 919	2 342	1 275	1 122	
	1991	4 391	1 939	2 452	1 309	1 199	
	1992	4 492	2 013	2 479	1 362	1 208	
01400 Agricultural services	1988	4 594	1 965	2 628	1 459	1 180	
	1989	4 824	2 021	2 803	1 615	1 207	
	1990	5 005	2 128	2 877	1 647	1 251	
	1991	5 030	2 206	2 825	1 696	1 150	
	1992	4 915	2 130	2 785	1 704	1 146	
02000 Forestry	1988	1 931	951	980	553	390	
	1989	2 145	1 021	1 124	548	541	
	1990	2 314	1 191	1 122	533	549	
	1991	2 370	1 255	1 114	574	514	
	1992	2 355	1 060	1 295	562	713	
05000 Fishing	1988	4 689	2 168	2 521	1 096	1 478	
	1989	5 141	2 391	2 751	1 132	1 688	
	1990	4 987	2 434	2 553	1 050	1 574	
	1991	5 101	2 317	2 784	1 148	1 689	
	1992	4 940	2 226	2 714	1 083	1 721	
11000 Extraction of crude petroleum etc.	1988	4 869	1 384	3 485	316	3 170	
	1989	6 890	1 629	5 261	314	4 949	
	1990	8 283	1 804	6 478	362	6 119	
	1991	8 778	2 238	6 539	357	6 183	
	1992	9 075	2 131	6 944	379	6 584	
14009 Extraction of gravel, clay, salt etc.	1988	2 326	841	1 485	546	940	
	1989	2 286	803	1 483	550	936	
	1990	1 962	748	1 214	535	682	
	1991	2 017	876	1 141	538	601	
	1992	2 113	840	1 272	549	728	
15009 Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	1988	100 749	78 164	22 585	16 550	6 413	
	1989	107 749	85 025	22 724	16 472	6 804	
	1990	110 037	86 040	23 997	16 978	7 496	
	1991	110 646	85 616	25 030	17 441	7 929	
	1992	116 382	89 886	26 496	17 734	9 483	
151000 Production etc. of meat and meat products	1988	36 929	30 614	6 315	5 218	1 213	
	1989	39 467	33 371	6 096	5 237	1 022	
	1990	39 934	33 407	6 527	5 307	1 368	
	1991	38 528	32 237	6 291	5 402	986	
	1992	42 827	35 309	7 518	5 602	2 155	
152000 Processing etc. of fish and fish products	1988	9 239	7 033	2 206	1 414	824	
	1989	9 203	7 259	1 944	1 396	594	
	1990	9 922	7 822	2 100	1 508	638	
	1991	10 356	8 063	2 293	1 512	814	
	1992	10 211	8 215	1 996	1 489	553	
153000 Processing etc. of fruit and vegetables	1988	3 067	2 247	820	534	293	
	1989	3 159	2 251	907	554	365	
	1990	3 371	2 498	873	550	335	
	1991	3 512	2 603	909	615	302	
	1992	3 872	2 799	1 073	683	403	

Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity

Table 23.

Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Total employ- ment	Self-employed	Wage and salary earners ¹	
Produktion	Forbrug i produktionen	Brutto-værditilvækst	Samlet antal beskæftigede	Selvstændige	Lønmodtagere ¹	
1990-prices, mill. DKK 1990-priser i mio. kr.		Persons Antal personer				
1 364 600	669 303	695 297	2 644 573	266 125	2 378 448	Total
1 367 116	667 962	699 154	2 626 093	255 122	2 370 971	
1 390 114	679 999	710 115	2 605 651	239 205	2 366 446	
1 396 235	678 665	717 570	2 590 819	238 169	2 352 650	
1 406 214	679 697	726 516	2 568 131	242 254	2 325 877	
44 814	25 687	19 127	122 144	89 958	32 186	Agriculture
46 097	24 673	21 424	114 082	83 499	30 583	
48 394	25 679	22 715	107 430	78 360	29 070	
47 238	24 674	22 564	104 386	75 911	28 475	
46 347	24 663	21 683	101 689	74 693	26 996	
3 902	1 788	2 113	11 934	3 476	8 458	Horticulture, orchards etc.
4 051	1 768	2 283	12 478	3 331	9 147	
4 261	1 919	2 342	12 045	3 180	8 865	
4 330	1 890	2 441	11 831	3 080	8 751	
4 671	1 998	2 672	11 872	3 070	8 802	
4 987	2 145	2 842	10 803	2 906	7 897	Agricultural services
5 037	2 100	2 937	11 038	2 783	8 255	
5 005	2 128	2 877	10 594	2 623	7 971	
4 852	2 134	2 718	10 469	2 533	7 936	
4 685	2 043	2 642	10 299	2 565	7 734	
2 056	1 057	999	4 400	658	3 742	Forestry
2 237	1 080	1 157	4 317	719	3 598	
2 314	1 191	1 122	4 062	642	3 420	
2 479	1 268	1 211	4 234	680	3 554	
2 484	1 054	1 430	4 150	815	3 335	
5 484	2 361	3 123	8 342	3 228	5 114	Fishing
5 764	2 409	3 355	8 112	3 054	5 058	
4 987	2 434	2 553	7 483	2 880	4 603	
4 803	2 335	2 468	7 604	2 747	4 857	
5 192	2 152	3 040	7 276	2 814	4 462	
6 418	1 267	5 150	1 037	0	1 037	Extraction of crude petroleum etc.
7 649	1 528	6 121	988	0	988	
8 283	1 804	6 478	1 082	0	1 082	
10 011	2 280	7 730	992	0	992	
10 810	2 268	8 542	969	0	969	
2 599	930	1 669	3 001	200	2 801	Extraction of gravel, clay, salt etc.
2 417	815	1 602	2 831	190	2 641	
1 962	748	1 214	2 682	173	2 509	
1 958	861	1 097	2 547	158	2 389	
1 954	820	1 134	2 463	151	2 312	
105 333	81 693	23 640	95 387	2 753	92 634	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco
105 425	81 635	23 790	92 440	2 642	89 798	
110 037	86 040	23 997	91 704	2 477	89 227	
110 958	86 413	24 545	90 385	2 322	88 063	
113 564	89 742	23 822	88 206	2 245	85 961	
38 850	32 014	6 836	25 669	154	25 515	Production etc. of meat and meat products
36 903	30 647	6 257	25 342	139	25 203	
39 934	33 407	6 527	24 615	138	24 477	
39 339	33 339	6 000	24 215	151	24 064	
42 692	35 684	7 008	24 080	165	23 915	
9 049	7 761	1 288	8 695	118	8 577	Processing etc. of fish and fish products
9 084	7 800	1 284	8 530	125	8 405	
9 922	7 822	2 100	8 904	114	8 790	
10 213	7 833	2 380	8 576	97	8 479	
9 971	8 316	1 655	8 039	98	7 941	
3 108	2 266	841	3 210	12	3 198	Processing etc. of fruit and vegetables
3 124	2 362	762	3 065	12	3 053	
3 371	2 498	873	2 911	10	2 901	
3 485	2 577	908	3 052	7	3 045	
3 662	2 708	955	3 284	8	3 276	

¹ Wage and salary earners temporarily on leave are not included.

Table 23 (cont).**Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**

		Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Compensation of employees	Gross operating surplus, mixed income
Current prices, mill. DKK						
154000 Mfr. of vegetable and animal oils and fats	1988	2 805	1 646	1 159	459	704
	1989	3 620	2 187	1 433	490	954
	1990	3 367	1 978	1 389	495	903
	1991	2 995	1 827	1 168	425	746
	1992	2 331	1 839	493	298	203
155000 Mfr. of dairy products	1988	21 484	19 090	2 394	2 489	-46
	1989	23 287	20 906	2 382	2 300	191
	1990	23 631	20 958	2 673	2 448	285
	1991	22 823	20 218	2 605	2 595	47
	1992	23 309	20 292	3 017	2 697	398
156009 Mfr. of starch, chocolate and sugar products	1988	9 392	6 570	2 822	1 795	1 050
	1989	10 146	7 127	3 019	1 922	1 133
	1990	10 632	7 337	3 295	2 138	1 192
	1991	11 349	7 896	3 453	2 260	1 214
	1992	12 266	8 335	3 931	2 239	1 738
158109 Mfr. of bread, cakes and biscuits	1988	2 915	1 901	1 014	826	194
	1989	3 402	2 295	1 107	884	234
	1990	3 670	2 331	1 340	913	438
	1991	3 828	2 353	1 474	951	529
	1992	4 023	2 503	1 521	1 009	528
158120 Bakers' shops	1988	3 159	1 480	1 679	1 098	627
	1989	3 128	1 451	1 677	1 099	622
	1990	3 139	1 360	1 779	1 131	691
	1991	3 244	1 375	1 869	1 203	700
	1992	3 207	1 385	1 821	1 234	648
158300 Manufacture of sugar	1988	2 825	1 754	1 072	429	737
	1989	3 203	2 277	926	418	615
	1990	2 808	1 910	898	413	591
	1991	2 772	1 874	898	412	593
	1992	2 619	1 883	736	374	484
159000 Mfr. of beverages	1988	7 188	4 609	2 579	1 908	668
	1989	7 200	4 606	2 594	1 788	810
	1990	7 578	4 983	2 595	1 666	930
	1991	8 699	5 797	2 903	1 709	1 187
	1992	9 020	6 002	3 018	1 758	1 290
160000 Manufacture of tobacco products	1988	1 747	1 221	526	380	148
	1989	1 933	1 295	638	382	262
	1990	1 984	1 457	528	408	125
	1991	2 539	1 373	1 166	357	811
	1992	2 698	1 326	1 373	350	1 083
17009 Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather	1988	16 522	10 301	6 221	4 356	1 942
	1989	16 131	10 184	5 948	4 304	1 744
	1990	16 214	10 228	5 987	4 274	1 808
	1991	16 310	10 099	6 210	4 227	2 041
	1992	17 336	10 956	6 380	4 275	2 203
170000 Mfr. of textiles and textile products	1988	8 688	5 620	3 068	2 235	866
	1989	8 722	5 670	3 051	2 241	858
	1990	8 691	5 585	3 106	2 242	909
	1991	8 523	5 441	3 082	2 272	837
	1992	9 092	5 714	3 378	2 305	1 124
180000 Mfr. of wearing apparel; dressing etc. of fur	1988	6 269	3 665	2 604	1 717	925
	1989	5 757	3 412	2 344	1 681	709
	1990	5 647	3 385	2 262	1 639	665
	1991	5 904	3 491	2 413	1 564	878
	1992	6 270	3 812	2 459	1 562	933
190000 Mfr. of leather and leather products	1988	1 565	1 016	550	404	152
	1989	1 653	1 101	552	383	177
	1990	1 876	1 258	618	392	234
	1991	1 883	1 168	715	392	327
	1992	1 973	1 430	543	407	146
20000 Mfr. of wood and wood products	1988	8 542	5 517	3 025	2 160	897
	1989	10 138	6 174	3 964	2 246	1 764
	1990	8 516	5 531	2 984	2 341	690
	1991	8 557	5 452	3 106	2 427	709
	1992	8 689	5 444	3 245	2 519	777

Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**Table 23 (cont.).**

Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Total employment	Self-employed	Wage and salary earners ¹
1990-prices, mill. DKK					
2 921	1 762	1 159	2 220	0	2 220 Mfr. of vegetable and animal oils and fats
3 300	1 944	1 355	2 273	0	2 273
3 367	1 978	1 389	2 186	0	2 186
2 865	2 009	857	1 794	0	1 794
2 175	1 803	371	1 204	0	1 204
22 957	19 765	3 191	12 081	20	12 061 Mfr. of dairy products
23 676	20 275	3 401	10 796	23	10 773
23 631	20 958	2 673	11 293	20	11 273
23 121	20 424	2 697	11 353	16	11 337
22 760	20 582	2 178	11 290	17	11 273
9 794	6 815	2 979	9 501	2	9 499 Mfr. of starch, chocolate and sugar products
10 046	7 015	3 030	9 471	2	9 469
10 632	7 337	3 295	10 106	0	10 106
11 351	7 856	3 496	10 292	2	10 290
11 916	8 188	3 728	9 900	2	9 898
3 090	1 992	1 098	4 657	58	4 599 Mfr. of bread, cakes and biscuits
3 477	2 225	1 252	4 830	59	4 771
3 670	2 331	1 340	4 742	56	4 686
3 715	2 374	1 341	4 789	51	4 738
3 813	2 407	1 406	4 719	50	4 669
3 376	1 528	1 848	16 519	2 380	14 139 Bakers' shops
3 207	1 375	1 832	15 973	2 271	13 702
3 139	1 360	1 779	15 728	2 132	13 596
3 135	1 387	1 747	15 746	1 996	13 750
3 068	1 332	1 736	15 568	1 904	13 664
2 738	1 662	1 076	2 280	0	2 280 Manufacture of sugar
3 133	2 075	1 059	2 301	0	2 301
2 808	1 910	898	2 176	0	2 176
2 912	1 624	1 288	2 013	0	2 013
2 560	1 493	1 067	1 810	0	1 810
7 516	4 850	2 666	8 493	9	8 484 Mfr. of beverages
7 358	4 675	2 683	7 856	11	7 845
7 578	4 983	2 595	7 053	7	7 046
8 421	5 632	2 789	6 887	2	6 885
8 366	5 833	2 533	6 717	1	6 716
1 936	1 278	659	2 062	0	2 062 Manufacture of tobacco products
2 116	1 242	874	2 003	0	2 003
1 984	1 457	528	1 990	0	1 990
2 400	1 357	1 043	1 668	0	1 668
2 581	1 395	1 186	1 595	0	1 595
17 583	10 933	6 650	32 943	2 198	30 745 Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather
16 870	10 385	6 485	30 311	1 998	28 313
16 214	10 228	5 987	28 965	1 788	27 177
16 017	9 921	6 096	27 743	1 780	25 963
16 707	10 664	6 043	26 658	1 886	24 772
9 281	5 938	3 343	14 735	715	14 020 Mfr. of textiles and textile products
9 049	5 729	3 320	13 969	649	13 320
8 691	5 585	3 106	13 420	568	12 852
8 333	5 370	2 963	13 229	563	12 666
8 679	5 596	3 082	12 804	590	12 214
6 541	3 901	2 640	15 194	1 246	13 948 Mfr. of wearing apparel; dressing etc. of fur
6 039	3 514	2 525	13 620	1 129	12 491
5 647	3 385	2 262	12 937	1 026	11 911
5 729	3 386	2 343	12 053	1 036	11 017
5 979	3 646	2 333	11 443	1 119	10 324
1 761	1 094	668	3 014	237	2 777 Mfr. of leather and leather products
1 782	1 142	640	2 722	220	2 502
1 876	1 258	618	2 608	194	2 414
1 955	1 166	789	2 461	181	2 280
2 050	1 422	628	2 411	177	2 234
9 826	5 963	3 863	13 238	660	12 578 Mfr. of wood and wood products
10 930	6 429	4 501	13 261	606	12 655
8 516	5 531	2 984	13 425	580	12 845
8 471	5 565	2 905	13 338	584	12 754
8 569	5 712	2 858	13 102	573	12 529

¹ Wage and salary earners temporarily on leave are not included.

Table 23 (cont).**Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**

		Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Compensation of employees	Gross operating surplus, mixed income
Current prices, mill. DKK						
21009 Mfr. of paper prod.; printing and publish.	1988	33 956	20 409	13 546	11 404	2 300
	1989	34 459	20 694	13 765	11 607	2 363
	1990	35 950	21 439	14 511	11 936	2 774
	1991	37 007	21 972	15 036	12 121	3 036
	1992	36 573	20 895	15 678	12 050	3 874
210000 Mfr. of pulp, paper and paper products	1988	8 546	5 449	3 097	2 277	844
	1989	8 941	5 761	3 181	2 398	822
	1990	9 306	5 997	3 310	2 574	775
	1991	10 012	6 178	3 834	2 730	1 125
	1992	9 787	5 815	3 972	2 648	1 377
221200 Publishing of newspapers	1988	5 790	2 817	2 973	2 784	233
	1989	5 963	2 913	3 050	2 761	339
	1990	6 133	2 973	3 160	2 825	384
	1991	6 175	3 043	3 132	2 890	275
	1992	6 325	3 062	3 263	2 901	414
221309 Publishing activities, excluding newspapers	1988	8 727	5 961	2 766	2 151	647
	1989	8 664	5 879	2 785	2 222	607
	1990	8 952	6 038	2 914	2 227	725
	1991	9 252	6 502	2 750	2 300	474
	1992	9 300	6 131	3 169	2 317	905
222009 Printing activities etc.	1988	10 893	6 183	4 710	4 192	577
	1989	10 891	6 141	4 750	4 227	595
	1990	11 558	6 430	5 128	4 311	889
	1991	11 568	6 250	5 319	4 202	1 163
	1992	11 161	5 887	5 274	4 183	1 179
23000 Mfr. of refined petroleum products etc.	1988	7 668	7 272	395	282	133
	1989	9 640	8 461	1 179	303	912
	1990	9 745	8 949	796	325	504
	1991	9 717	9 422	295	322	-3
	1992	9 177	8 820	357	352	103
24000 Mfr. of chemicals and man-made fibres etc.	1988	22 527	13 540	8 987	5 168	3 864
	1989	24 380	14 941	9 439	5 555	3 967
	1990	24 619	14 414	10 205	5 952	4 291
	1991	26 167	15 229	10 938	6 188	4 769
	1992	28 510	16 434	12 077	6 782	5 379
241109 Mfr. of industrial gases and inorganic basic chemicals	1988	381	199	182	95	87
	1989	450	244	207	116	92
	1990	488	273	215	134	82
	1991	515	272	243	134	111
	1992	509	270	238	219	21
241209 Mfr. of dyes, pigments and organic basic chemicals	1988	2 660	1 542	1 118	456	677
	1989	2 988	1 773	1 215	513	722
	1990	3 359	2 028	1 331	619	733
	1991	3 501	2 112	1 389	605	800
	1992	4 274	2 496	1 779	1 144	669
241500 Manufacture of fertilizers etc.	1988	1 585	1 123	462	263	193
	1989	1 542	1 145	396	276	117
	1990	1 402	956	446	242	199
	1991	1 247	839	408	262	139
	1992	1 024	700	324	261	58
241617 Mfr. of plastics and synthetic rubber	1988	767	502	265	157	110
	1989	787	514	273	151	125
	1990	805	496	308	139	171
	1991	698	424	274	151	125
	1992	694	411	283	159	127
242000 Mfr. of pesticides and other agro-chemical products	1988	1 497	877	620	65	555
	1989	1 507	882	625	65	560
	1990	1 175	684	491	53	438
	1991	1 236	700	536	53	483
	1992	928	526	403	64	337
243000 Mfr. of paints, printing ink and mastics	1988	2 659	1 839	821	638	184
	1989	3 027	2 090	937	636	306
	1990	3 068	2 085	983	628	360
	1991	3 044	2 119	925	646	280
	1992	3 657	2 493	1 165	780	393

Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**Table 23 (cont.).**

Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Total employ-ment	Self-employed	Wage and salary earners ¹	
	1990-prices, mill. DKK		Persons			
37 893	22 617	15 276	58 424	2 078	56 346	Mfr. of paper prod.; printing and publish.
36 140	21 542	14 598	58 101	1 996	56 105	
35 950	21 439	14 511	56 945	1 864	55 081	
35 763	21 705	14 058	56 311	1 774	54 537	
34 520	20 807	13 713	54 750	1 822	52 928	
9 554	6 032	3 522	11 024	171	10 853	Mfr. of pulp, paper and paper products
9 291	5 922	3 369	11 198	172	11 026	
9 306	5 997	3 310	11 453	165	11 288	
9 805	6 261	3 544	11 511	149	11 362	
9 447	6 056	3 391	11 144	151	10 993	
6 168	3 016	3 152	16 316	2	16 314	Publishing of newspapers
6 193	3 080	3 112	15 641	1	15 640	
6 133	2 973	3 160	15 246	1	15 245	
5 899	2 958	2 941	15 207	1	15 206	
5 810	2 981	2 828	14 788	2	14 786	
9 709	6 750	2 959	10 696	425	10 271	Publishing activities, excluding newspapers
9 048	6 191	2 857	11 163	439	10 724	
8 952	6 038	2 914	10 749	422	10 327	
8 833	6 326	2 507	10 897	460	10 437	
8 563	5 882	2 681	10 774	520	10 254	
12 462	6 819	5 642	20 388	1 480	18 908	Printing activities etc.
11 608	6 349	5 259	20 099	1 384	18 715	
11 558	6 430	5 128	19 497	1 276	18 221	
11 227	6 160	5 067	18 696	1 164	17 532	
10 700	5 888	4 812	18 044	1 149	16 895	
10 072	9 262	810	1 081	0	1 081	Mfr. of refined petroleum products etc.
10 310	9 442	868	1 111	0	1 111	
9 745	8 949	796	1 155	0	1 155	
10 016	9 436	580	1 071	1	1 070	
10 333	9 488	845	1 141	1	1 140	
23 972	14 465	9 507	22 618	105	22 513	Mfr. of chemicals and man-made fibres etc.
25 032	15 137	9 895	22 844	115	22 729	
24 619	14 414	10 205	23 106	111	22 995	
25 689	14 910	10 779	22 742	107	22 635	
27 468	16 109	11 359	23 815	113	23 702	
398	218	180	425	2	423	Mfr. of industrial gases and inorganic basic chemicals
459	244	215	489	2	487	
488	273	215	524	1	523	
478	266	212	501	1	500	
447	260	187	742	1	741	
2 763	1 683	1 080	2 047	1	2 046	Mfr. of dyes, pigments and organic basic chemicals
2 977	1 776	1 202	2 180	2	2 178	
3 359	2 028	1 331	2 453	2	2 451	
3 756	2 068	1 688	2 308	2	2 306	
4 535	2 384	2 151	3 937	3	3 934	
1 555	1 161	393	1 092	0	1 092	Manufacture of fertilizers etc.
1 514	1 228	286	1 082	0	1 082	
1 402	956	446	912	0	912	
1 203	817	386	940	0	940	
1 075	698	377	894	0	894	
776	527	249	757	3	754	Mfr. of plastics and synthetic rubber
775	504	271	692	3	689	
805	496	308	610	3	607	
685	426	259	611	3	608	
677	437	240	603	3	600	
1 664	955	709	287	1	286	Mfr. of pesticides and other agro-chemical products
1 552	882	670	272	1	271	
1 175	684	491	207	1	206	
1 216	685	531	199	1	198	
881	507	374	218	1	217	
2 987	2 008	979	2 949	6	2 943	Mfr. of paints, printing ink and mastics
3 177	2 145	1 033	2 703	5	2 698	
3 068	2 085	983	2 570	4	2 566	
2 916	2 063	853	2 462	3	2 459	
3 417	2 440	977	2 885	10	2 875	

¹ Wage and salary earners temporarily on leave are not included.

Table 23 (cont).**Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**

		Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Compensation of employees	Gross operating surplus, mixed income
Current prices, mill. DKK						
244000 Mfr. of pharmaceuticals etc.	1988	7 475	3 740	3 736	2 450	1 307
	1989	8 326	4 397	3 929	2 693	1 275
	1990	8 420	3 905	4 515	2 966	1 546
	1991	9 652	4 456	5 196	3 114	2 079
	1992	11 043	5 169	5 874	2 731	3 161
245070 Mfr. of detergents and other chemical products	1988	5 502	3 719	1 783	1 044	749
	1989	5 753	3 896	1 857	1 104	770
	1990	5 902	3 986	1 916	1 171	761
	1991	6 273	4 307	1 967	1 222	752
	1992	6 382	4 370	2 011	1 423	612
25000 Mfr. of rubber and plastic products	1988	12 920	7 763	5 157	3 557	1 643
	1989	14 226	8 458	5 767	3 769	2 063
	1990	15 477	9 132	6 345	3 922	2 487
	1991	14 374	8 384	5 989	4 295	1 737
	1992	14 367	8 087	6 280	4 504	1 858
251122 Mfr. of rubber products and plastic packing goods etc.	1988	8 358	5 176	3 181	2 303	903
	1989	9 382	5 748	3 634	2 441	1 232
	1990	9 947	6 088	3 858	2 491	1 404
	1991	9 150	5 530	3 620	2 713	930
	1992	8 572	5 012	3 560	2 667	940
252300 Mfr. of builders' ware of plastic	1988	902	484	418	272	150
	1989	911	493	418	270	152
	1990	1 006	539	468	288	185
	1991	999	520	479	336	147
	1992	1 129	567	563	394	175
252400 Manufacture of other plastic products n.e.c.	1988	3 661	2 103	1 558	983	591
	1989	3 932	2 217	1 715	1 058	679
	1990	4 524	2 505	2 019	1 143	898
	1991	4 225	2 334	1 891	1 247	661
	1992	4 666	2 508	2 157	1 444	743
26000 Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	1988	13 081	7 434	5 647	4 144	1 520
	1989	13 501	7 494	6 007	4 083	1 961
	1990	13 566	7 681	5 885	4 125	1 795
	1991	13 232	7 592	5 639	4 183	1 463
	1992	13 364	7 442	5 922	4 110	1 852
261126 Mfr. of glass and ceramic goods etc.	1988	2 538	1 362	1 176	996	182
	1989	2 644	1 369	1 275	1 006	278
	1990	2 745	1 391	1 353	1 038	325
	1991	2 752	1 423	1 329	1 077	254
	1992	3 004	1 494	1 510	1 063	457
263053 Mfr. of cement, bricks, tiles, flags etc.	1988	1 685	852	833	484	345
	1989	1 945	973	971	484	487
	1990	1 632	853	779	444	334
	1991	1 764	905	859	474	381
	1992	1 850	979	871	460	412
266080 Mfr. of concrete, cement, asphalt and rockwool products	1988	8 859	5 220	3 639	2 664	992
	1989	8 912	5 151	3 761	2 592	1 197
	1990	9 189	5 436	3 753	2 644	1 137
	1991	8 716	5 265	3 451	2 632	828
	1992	8 510	4 969	3 541	2 587	983
27009 Mfr. and processing of basic metals	1988	26 774	15 907	10 867	8 406	2 577
	1989	29 777	17 888	11 889	9 130	2 922
	1990	31 002	18 018	12 984	9 703	3 452
	1991	32 061	18 534	13 527	9 729	3 908
	1992	32 304	18 372	13 932	10 018	4 128
271000 Mfr. of basic ferrous metals	1988	2 334	1 539	795	443	356
	1989	2 621	1 780	841	454	394
	1990	2 262	1 391	871	430	448
	1991	2 220	1 437	783	466	320
	1992	1 912	1 112	801	492	315
272030 First processing of iron and steel	1988	2 277	1 399	878	502	387
	1989	2 346	1 430	916	488	444
	1990	2 475	1 455	1 020	529	507
	1991	2 943	1 757	1 186	630	566
	1992	3 132	1 821	1 311	688	645

Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**Table 23 (cont.).**

Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Total employment	Self-employed	Wage and salary earners ¹	
1990-prices, mill. DKK		Persons				
7 927	3 961	3 966	9 785	6	9 779	Mfr. of pharmaceuticals etc.
8 675	4 449	4 226	10 094	6	10 088	
8 420	3 905	4 515	10 547	7	10 540	
9 412	4 337	5 076	10 454	7	10 447	
10 249	5 050	5 200	8 974	9	8 965	
5 902	3 951	1 951	5 276	86	5 190	Mfr. of detergents and other chemical products
5 903	3 910	1 993	5 332	96	5 236	
5 902	3 986	1 916	5 283	93	5 190	
6 021	4 248	1 773	5 267	90	5 177	
6 187	4 333	1 855	5 562	86	5 476	
13 924	8 207	5 717	19 290	311	18 979	Mfr. of rubber and plastic products
14 545	8 396	6 149	19 399	310	19 089	
15 477	9 132	6 345	19 328	291	19 037	
13 998	8 376	5 622	20 083	257	19 826	
14 064	8 446	5 618	20 027	261	19 766	
8 715	5 461	3 254	12 320	171	12 149	Mfr. of rubber products and plastic packing goods etc.
9 406	5 693	3 713	12 455	165	12 290	
9 947	6 088	3 858	12 163	153	12 010	
8 948	5 521	3 427	12 563	144	12 419	
8 573	5 241	3 332	11 656	139	11 517	
1 050	511	539	1 475	15	1 460	Mfr. of builders' ware of plastic
982	490	492	1 375	13	1 362	
1 006	539	468	1 409	13	1 396	
965	521	444	1 564	12	1 552	
1 073	595	478	1 753	14	1 739	
4 158	2 235	1 923	5 495	125	5 370	Manufacture of other plastic products n.e.c.
4 158	2 214	1 944	5 569	132	5 437	
4 524	2 505	2 019	5 756	125	5 631	
4 085	2 334	1 751	5 956	101	5 855	
4 418	2 610	1 808	6 618	108	6 510	
14 411	8 340	6 071	22 540	935	21 605	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products
14 178	7 676	6 502	21 234	858	20 376	
13 566	7 681	5 885	19 914	782	19 132	
12 877	7 447	5 431	19 207	781	18 426	
12 662	7 319	5 342	18 818	834	17 984	
2 721	1 512	1 209	6 334	587	5 747	Mfr. of glass and ceramic goods etc.
2 744	1 405	1 339	6 002	516	5 486	
2 745	1 391	1 353	5 895	470	5 425	
2 631	1 396	1 235	5 896	495	5 401	
2 820	1 513	1 307	5 641	546	5 095	
1 910	921	990	2 412	11	2 401	Mfr. of cement, bricks, tiles, flags etc.
2 080	926	1 154	2 345	24	2 321	
1 632	853	779	2 061	22	2 039	
1 683	890	793	2 062	20	2 042	
1 721	968	753	1 987	14	1 973	
9 780	5 907	3 872	13 794	337	13 457	Mfr. of concrete, cement, asphalt and rockwool products
9 354	5 345	4 009	12 887	318	12 569	
9 189	5 436	3 753	11 958	290	11 668	
8 564	5 160	3 403	11 249	266	10 983	
8 121	4 838	3 282	11 190	274	10 916	
29 328	17 369	11 959	49 388	3 463	45 925	Mfr. and processing of basic metals
30 728	17 877	12 850	50 165	3 322	46 843	
31 002	18 018	12 984	51 174	3 155	48 019	
31 895	18 571	13 324	49 633	2 947	46 686	
32 502	18 915	13 587	48 699	2 955	45 744	
2 472	1 750	722	2 306	15	2 291	Mfr. of basic ferrous metals
2 713	1 810	904	2 229	16	2 213	
2 262	1 391	871	2 023	16	2 007	
2 366	1 472	895	2 110	17	2 093	
2 097	1 203	894	2 164	18	2 146	
2 672	1 522	1 151	2 633	16	2 617	First processing of iron and steel
2 439	1 434	1 005	2 402	15	2 387	
2 475	1 455	1 020	2 516	15	2 501	
2 780	1 768	1 013	2 895	16	2 879	
2 979	1 896	1 083	3 029	18	3 011	

¹ Wage and salary earners temporarily on leave are not included.

Table 23 (cont).**Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**

		Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Compensation of employees	Gross operating surplus, mixed income
— Current prices, mill. DKK —						
274000 Mfr. of basic non-ferrous metals	1988	2 262	1 360	903	479	429
	1989	2 538	1 559	979	517	471
	1990	2 439	1 485	954	496	467
	1991	2 617	1 547	1 070	512	562
	1992	2 697	1 598	1 100	525	587
275000 Casting of metal products	1988	266	132	134	186	-50
	1989	322	166	156	203	-45
	1990	314	157	157	213	-54
	1991	303	151	152	209	-56
	1992	309	153	157	199	-40
281009 Mfr. of construct. materials of metal etc.	1988	10 110	6 217	3 893	4 075	-126
	1989	11 535	7 011	4 524	4 572	24
	1990	12 282	7 183	5 099	4 917	262
	1991	12 503	7 231	5 272	4 894	438
	1992	13 098	7 616	5 481	5 103	474
286009 Mfr. of hand tools, metal packaging etc.	1988	9 525	5 260	4 265	2 722	1 581
	1989	10 415	5 942	4 473	2 895	1 635
	1990	11 228	6 347	4 882	3 118	1 822
	1991	11 475	6 411	5 065	3 019	2 078
	1992	11 155	6 072	5 083	3 011	2 147
29000 Mfr. of machinery and equipment n.e.c.	1988	36 447	19 960	16 488	12 942	3 717
	1989	39 627	22 155	17 472	13 774	3 940
	1990	41 746	22 885	18 862	14 699	4 407
	1991	42 550	23 484	19 067	14 987	4 225
	1992	42 391	22 963	19 428	15 587	4 107
291000 Mfr. af marine engines, compressors etc.	1988	8 539	4 475	4 064	3 629	478
	1989	9 597	5 110	4 486	3 985	565
	1990	10 227	5 250	4 977	4 285	753
	1991	10 924	5 531	5 393	4 273	1 151
	1992	11 068	5 486	5 583	4 511	1 142
292000 Mfr. of other general purpose machinery	1988	10 627	5 764	4 863	3 706	1 207
	1989	11 352	6 243	5 109	3 863	1 315
	1990	11 651	6 258	5 393	4 067	1 394
	1991	12 081	6 599	5 482	4 079	1 443
	1992	11 687	6 311	5 376	4 131	1 319
293000 Mfr. of agricultural and forestry machinery	1988	4 156	2 398	1 759	1 415	365
	1989	4 289	2 455	1 833	1 406	455
	1990	4 719	2 827	1 892	1 443	480
	1991	4 221	2 485	1 736	1 310	446
	1992	3 862	2 203	1 658	1 327	356
294009 Mfr. of machinery for industries etc.	1988	9 360	4 990	4 371	3 340	1 074
	1989	10 201	5 669	4 532	3 609	982
	1990	10 506	5 698	4 808	3 902	967
	1991	10 646	6 010	4 635	3 903	770
	1992	10 643	5 818	4 825	4 015	874
297000 Mfr. of domestic appliances n.e.c.	1988	3 764	2 334	1 431	852	593
	1989	4 189	2 677	1 512	911	622
	1990	4 644	2 852	1 792	1 001	812
	1991	4 677	2 858	1 819	1 423	415
	1992	5 131	3 145	1 986	1 604	415
30009 Mfr. of electrical and optical equipment	1988	24 176	13 067	11 110	9 484	1 731
	1989	26 909	15 002	11 907	9 742	2 321
	1990	27 782	15 888	11 893	10 118	1 932
	1991	27 667	15 356	12 310	9 843	2 549
	1992	27 927	15 115	12 811	9 422	3 553
300000 Mfr. of office machinery and computers	1988	1 813	931	882	556	336
	1989	2 088	1 118	969	622	360
	1990	1 923	1 018	905	598	321
	1991	1 793	936	856	526	339
	1992	2 037	1 051	985	621	378
310000 Manufacture of other electrical machinery and apparatus	1988	9 787	5 358	4 429	3 723	736
	1989	10 482	5 858	4 625	3 763	909
	1990	10 350	6 118	4 231	3 902	379
	1991	10 098	5 637	4 461	3 473	1 008
	1992	10 052	5 527	4 525	2 920	1 652

Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**Table 23 (cont.).**

Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Total employment	Self-employed	Wage and salary earners ¹	
1990-prices, mill. DKK		Persons				
2 364	1 508	856	2 525	7	2 518	Mfr. of basic non-ferrous metals
2 420	1 471	949	2 578	8	2 570	
2 439	1 485	954	2 395	7	2 388	
2 742	1 560	1 183	2 354	7	2 347	
2 935	1 662	1 273	2 323	8	2 315	
288	144	144	1 159	61	1 098	Casting of metal products
324	158	166	1 186	57	1 129	
314	157	157	1 195	50	1 145	
309	153	155	1 140	46	1 094	
328	162	166	1 044	46	998	
11 115	6 717	4 398	24 635	2 470	22 165	Mfr. of construct. materials of metal etc.
12 038	7 045	4 993	25 667	2 400	23 267	
12 282	7 183	5 099	26 454	2 283	24 171	
12 238	7 198	5 040	25 528	2 163	23 365	
13 066	7 787	5 279	25 281	2 177	23 104	
10 416	5 728	4 688	16 130	894	15 236	Mfr. of hand tools, metal packaging etc.
10 793	5 959	4 834	16 103	826	15 277	
11 228	6 347	4 882	16 591	784	15 807	
11 459	6 420	5 039	15 606	698	14 908	
11 097	6 206	4 891	14 858	688	14 170	
40 017	21 903	18 114	67 608	877	66 731	Mfr. of machinery and equipment n.e.c.
41 495	22 600	18 895	68 975	878	68 097	
41 746	22 885	18 862	70 723	846	69 877	
41 127	23 260	17 867	70 003	845	69 158	
39 871	23 030	16 841	68 534	873	67 661	
9 399	4 851	4 548	18 975	80	18 895	Mfr. of marine engines, compressors etc.
10 168	5 137	5 031	19 887	85	19 802	
10 227	5 250	4 977	20 816	83	20 733	
10 650	5 517	5 133	20 057	80	19 977	
10 425	5 565	4 860	19 838	82	19 756	
11 790	6 283	5 507	19 302	309	18 993	Mfr. of other general purpose machinery
11 906	6 331	5 575	19 284	312	18 972	
11 651	6 258	5 393	19 601	297	19 304	
11 679	6 553	5 126	19 232	287	18 945	
11 075	6 356	4 719	18 041	280	17 761	
4 478	2 619	1 859	8 081	214	7 867	Mfr. of agricultural and forestry machinery
4 419	2 502	1 917	7 832	203	7 629	
4 719	2 827	1 892	7 604	191	7 413	
4 070	2 416	1 653	6 741	204	6 537	
3 573	2 150	1 424	6 497	214	6 283	
10 152	5 603	4 549	16 766	256	16 510	Mfr. of machinery for industries etc.
10 609	5 925	4 684	17 293	246	17 047	
10 506	5 698	4 808	17 857	243	17 614	
10 247	5 927	4 320	17 436	242	17 194	
10 019	5 793	4 227	17 254	267	16 987	
4 199	2 548	1 651	4 484	18	4 466	Mfr. of domestic appliances n.e.c.
4 392	2 704	1 688	4 679	32	4 647	
4 644	2 852	1 792	4 845	32	4 813	
4 482	2 846	1 636	6 537	32	6 505	
4 779	3 167	1 612	6 904	30	6 874	
25 991	14 043	11 948	49 020	1 144	47 876	Mfr. of electrical and optical equipment
27 771	15 122	12 649	48 696	1 091	47 605	
27 782	15 888	11 893	48 544	993	47 551	
27 780	15 482	12 298	45 626	987	44 639	
27 695	15 357	12 338	41 803	1 045	40 758	
1 878	1 005	873	2 882	76	2 806	Mfr. of office machinery and computers
2 164	1 128	1 037	3 097	77	3 020	
1 923	1 018	905	2 879	67	2 812	
1 871	937	934	2 475	57	2 418	
2 399	1 067	1 332	2 706	67	2 639	
10 451	5 769	4 682	19 872	688	19 184	Manufacture of other electrical machinery and apparatus
10 651	5 889	4 762	19 242	649	18 593	
10 350	6 118	4 231	19 305	595	18 710	
10 005	5 664	4 340	16 824	570	16 254	
9 677	5 596	4 081	13 904	573	13 331	

¹ Wage and salary earners temporarily on leave are not included.

Table 23 (cont).**Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**

		Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Compensation of employees	Gross operating surplus, mixed income	
		Current prices, mill. DKK					
320000	Mfr. of radio and communicat. equipm. etc.	1988	5 481	3 186	2 294	2 071	252
		1989	6 485	3 889	2 596	2 120	520
		1990	7 667	4 545	3 122	2 235	928
		1991	7 464	4 390	3 073	2 416	681
		1992	7 374	4 297	3 077	2 449	678
330000	Mfr. of medical and optical instrum. etc.	1988	7 096	3 592	3 504	3 134	407
		1989	7 854	4 136	3 717	3 238	532
		1990	7 842	4 207	3 635	3 383	305
		1991	8 312	4 392	3 920	3 428	522
		1992	8 463	4 241	4 223	3 432	844
35009	Mfr. of transport equipment	1988	13 268	8 731	4 537	3 766	836
		1989	13 654	9 157	4 498	3 705	874
		1990	16 216	10 232	5 984	4 205	1 865
		1991	16 841	11 425	5 417	4 457	1 015
		1992	17 654	11 708	5 946	4 701	1 344
340000	Manufacture of motor vehicles etc.	1988	5 224	3 383	1 842	1 148	718
		1989	5 530	3 677	1 853	1 195	687
		1990	5 494	3 486	2 008	1 128	910
		1991	5 876	3 924	1 953	1 124	850
		1992	5 886	3 850	2 036	1 136	941
351000	Building and repairing of ships and boats	1988	7 055	4 833	2 222	2 379	-122
		1989	7 033	4 858	2 175	2 225	-7
		1990	9 182	5 818	3 364	2 621	790
		1991	9 189	6 362	2 828	2 814	43
		1992	9 883	6 656	3 227	3 021	250
352050	Manufacture of transport equipment excl. ships, motor vehicles etc.	1988	988	515	473	239	240
		1989	1 091	621	470	285	194
		1990	1 541	928	612	456	165
		1991	1 775	1 139	636	519	123
		1992	1 885	1 202	683	545	152
36000	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	1988	17 039	9 750	7 290	5 023	2 344
		1989	18 283	10 468	7 815	5 401	2 525
		1990	19 256	11 235	8 021	5 713	2 421
		1991	20 875	11 880	8 995	5 889	3 179
		1992	20 618	11 417	9 201	6 056	3 276
361000	Mfr. of furniture	1988	11 847	7 056	4 791	3 590	1 256
		1989	12 683	7 528	5 155	3 835	1 399
		1990	13 251	8 018	5 233	4 034	1 278
		1991	14 153	8 365	5 788	4 091	1 747
		1992	14 548	8 561	5 987	4 367	1 708
362060	Mfr. of toys, gold and silver articles etc.	1988	4 916	2 576	2 339	1 326	1 035
		1989	5 303	2 812	2 491	1 449	1 074
		1990	5 721	3 093	2 628	1 570	1 090
		1991	6 449	3 403	3 046	1 696	1 373
		1992	5 822	2 757	3 065	1 594	1 510
370000	Recycling of waste and scrap	1988	276	117	159	106	53
		1989	297	128	169	117	53
		1990	284	124	160	109	52
		1991	274	112	161	102	60
		1992	248	99	149	95	58
40009	Electricity, gas and water supply	1988	22 044	10 238	11 806	3 462	8 317
		1989	24 822	10 590	14 232	3 573	10 642
		1990	25 797	10 661	15 136	3 983	11 139
		1991	29 746	11 951	17 795	4 116	13 638
		1992	29 454	11 023	18 431	4 514	14 007
401000	Production and distribution of electricity	1988	9 807	3 829	5 978	1 829	4 157
		1989	11 720	3 992	7 728	1 859	5 889
		1990	12 051	3 818	8 232	2 222	6 031
		1991	13 479	4 865	8 614	2 396	6 222
		1992	12 647	3 760	8 887	2 675	6 292
402000	Manufacture and distribution of gas	1988	3 214	2 091	1 123	470	639
		1989	3 791	2 126	1 665	492	1 159
		1990	4 362	2 275	2 086	561	1 512
		1991	5 440	2 320	3 120	490	2 614
		1992	5 361	2 575	2 786	505	2 289

Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**Table 23 (cont.)**

Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Total employment	Self-employed	Wage and salary earners ¹	
	1990-prices, mill. DKK		Persons			
5 710	3 407	2 303	10 812	115	10 697	Mfr. of radio and communicat. equipm. etc.
6 680	3 919	2 761	10 902	112	10 790	
7 667	4 545	3 122	10 794	107	10 687	
7 757	4 449	3 308	11 063	119	10 944	
7 565	4 409	3 156	10 803	144	10 659	
7 952	3 861	4 091	15 454	265	15 189	Mfr. of medical and optical instrum. etc.
8 277	4 187	4 089	15 455	253	15 202	
7 842	4 207	3 635	15 566	224	15 342	
8 147	4 432	3 716	15 264	241	15 023	
8 053	4 285	3 768	14 390	261	14 129	
14 382	9 554	4 828	20 381	479	19 902	Mfr. of transport equipment
14 411	9 421	4 990	19 293	480	18 813	
16 216	10 232	5 984	20 353	456	19 897	
16 289	11 278	5 011	20 466	425	20 041	
16 495	11 593	4 902	20 493	426	20 067	
5 877	3 694	2 183	6 527	145	6 382	Manufacture of motor vehicles etc.
5 848	3 755	2 093	6 453	151	6 302	
5 494	3 486	2 008	5 719	121	5 598	
5 789	3 910	1 879	5 429	104	5 325	
5 468	3 818	1 650	5 279	100	5 179	
7 447	5 289	2 158	12 412	315	12 097	Building and repairing of ships and boats
7 433	5 034	2 399	11 219	286	10 933	
9 182	5 818	3 364	12 209	277	11 932	
8 788	6 236	2 552	12 420	263	12 157	
9 235	6 593	2 642	12 553	267	12 286	
1 058	572	486	1 442	19	1 423	Manufacture of transport equipment excl. ships, motor vehicles etc.
1 130	633	497	1 621	43	1 578	
1 541	928	612	2 425	58	2 367	
1 712	1 131	580	2 617	58	2 559	
1 793	1 182	611	2 661	59	2 602	
18 574	10 814	7 760	33 829	2 848	30 981	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.
19 079	10 807	8 272	33 720	2 666	31 054	
19 256	11 235	8 021	34 176	2 620	31 556	
20 503	11 771	8 732	33 665	2 396	31 269	
19 290	11 473	7 816	33 542	2 246	31 296	
13 024	7 803	5 221	23 979	1 390	22 589	Mfr. of furniture
13 125	7 789	5 336	23 691	1 255	22 436	
13 251	8 018	5 233	23 959	1 162	22 797	
13 829	8 323	5 506	23 280	1 133	22 147	
13 527	8 714	4 813	24 059	1 145	22 914	
5 264	2 883	2 381	9 305	1 422	7 883	Mfr. of toys, gold and silver articles etc.
5 456	2 886	2 570	9 454	1 375	8 079	
5 721	3 093	2 628	9 705	1 428	8 277	
6 366	3 340	3 026	9 924	1 236	8 688	
5 391	2 666	2 725	9 069	1 075	7 994	
286	128	158	545	36	509	Recycling of waste and scrap
498	132	366	575	36	539	
284	124	160	512	30	482	
308	109	200	461	27	434	
371	93	278	414	26	388	
25 091	11 173	13 918	16 446	0	16 446	Electricity, gas and water supply
25 026	10 590	14 436	16 324	0	16 324	
25 797	10 661	15 136	17 334	0	17 334	
29 270	12 132	17 138	17 205	0	17 205	
30 643	11 525	19 119	18 076	0	18 076	
11 304	4 235	7 069	8 280	0	8 280	Production and distribution of electricity
11 115	3 785	7 331	8 064	0	8 064	
12 051	3 818	8 232	9 285	0	9 285	
13 215	4 690	8 524	9 584	0	9 584	
13 333	3 833	9 500	10 253	0	10 253	
3 813	2 230	1 583	1 735	0	1 735	Manufacture and distribution of gas
4 083	2 386	1 697	1 727	0	1 727	
4 362	2 275	2 086	1 896	0	1 896	
5 399	2 689	2 710	1 594	0	1 594	
5 612	2 812	2 800	1 582	0	1 582	

¹ Wage and salary earners temporarily on leave are not included.

Table 23 (cont).**Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**

		Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Compensation of employees	Gross operating surplus, mixed income
		Current prices, mill. DKK				
403000	Steam and hot water supply	1988	7 238	3 484	3 754	588
		1989	7 455	3 607	3 848	618
		1990	7 519	3 708	3 811	637
		1991	8 828	3 833	4 995	656
		1992	9 413	3 764	5 648	748
410000	Collection and distribution of water	1988	1 785	834	951	575
		1989	1 856	865	991	604
		1990	1 866	860	1 006	563
		1991	1 998	933	1 065	574
		1992	2 033	923	1 110	586
45000	Construction	1988	102 786	63 756	39 030	29 566
		1989	103 852	65 152	38 700	29 116
		1990	103 411	66 200	37 211	29 000
		1991	97 535	60 712	36 823	28 487
		1992	99 834	61 849	37 985	28 543
450001	Construction of new buildings	1988	37 111	22 942	14 169	11 454
		1989	33 877	20 727	13 149	10 578
		1990	32 087	20 348	11 739	9 524
		1991	28 430	16 701	11 729	9 525
		1992	26 744	15 830	10 914	9 113
450002	Repair and maintenance of buildings	1988	26 714	12 168	14 545	11 566
		1989	27 097	12 612	14 485	11 764
		1990	26 954	12 883	14 071	11 896
		1991	27 645	13 244	14 402	12 337
		1992	30 399	13 947	16 452	12 567
450003	Civil engineering	1988	29 913	19 598	10 315	6 546
		1989	33 824	22 758	11 066	6 774
		1990	35 330	23 928	11 402	7 581
		1991	32 288	21 597	10 692	6 625
		1992	32 618	21 999	10 619	6 863
450004	Construction materials	1988	9 048	9 048	0	-
		1989	9 054	9 054	0	-
		1990	9 040	9 040	0	-
		1991	9 171	9 171	0	-
		1992	10 073	10 073	0	-
50000	Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.	1988	21 011	11 823	9 188	6 816
		1989	21 211	11 842	9 369	6 719
		1990	22 543	12 273	10 270	6 949
		1991	24 190	12 844	11 346	7 417
		1992	24 993	13 109	11 884	7 682
501009	Sale of motor vehicles, motorcycles etc.	1988	7 599	2 641	4 957	4 223
		1989	7 483	2 698	4 785	4 200
		1990	8 402	3 023	5 379	4 388
		1991	9 294	3 164	6 130	4 725
		1992	9 813	3 439	6 374	4 911
502000	Repair and maintenance of motor vehicles	1988	12 501	8 914	3 588	1 853
		1989	12 898	8 890	4 008	1 837
		1990	13 193	8 959	4 234	1 859
		1991	13 799	9 358	4 441	1 905
		1992	14 003	9 309	4 694	1 959
505000	Service stations	1988	911	268	643	740
		1989	830	254	576	681
		1990	948	290	658	702
		1991	1 096	321	775	788
		1992	1 176	361	816	811
51000	Ws. and commis. trade, exc. of m. vehicles	1988	83 222	36 094	47 128	31 854
		1989	85 039	37 545	47 494	33 199
		1990	91 049	40 296	50 752	34 370
		1991	95 927	40 080	55 847	35 264
		1992	95 784	39 163	56 621	36 339
52109	Retail trade of food etc.	1988	14 526	4 259	10 267	6 196
		1989	15 113	4 599	10 514	6 510
		1990	16 862	5 130	11 732	6 560
		1991	18 349	5 330	13 019	6 950
		1992	20 926	6 360	14 566	7 576

Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**Table 23 (cont.).**

Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Total employment	Self-employed	Wage and salary earners ¹	
	1990-prices, mill. DKK		Persons			
7 985	3 779	4 206	2 724	0	2 724	Steam and hot water supply
7 874	3 533	4 341	2 763	0	2 763	
7 519	3 708	3 811	2 758	0	2 758	
8 811	3 850	4 961	2 707	0	2 707	
9 830	3 989	5 841	2 958	0	2 958	
1 989	929	1 060	3 707	0	3 707	Collection and distribution of water
1 953	886	1 067	3 770	0	3 770	
1 866	860	1 006	3 395	0	3 395	
1 846	902	943	3 320	0	3 320	
1 868	890	978	3 283	0	3 283	
113 651	71 300	42 350	166 541	20 532	146 009	Construction
108 876	67 959	40 917	158 795	19 388	139 407	
103 411	66 200	37 211	151 523	17 815	133 708	
94 111	59 039	35 071	145 956	17 995	127 961	
94 243	59 290	34 954	141 596	17 558	124 038	
41 172	25 704	15 469	65 088	6 245	58 843	Construction of new buildings
35 591	21 652	13 939	58 733	5 708	53 025	
32 087	20 348	11 739	51 384	4 904	46 480	
27 496	16 187	11 309	49 857	4 783	45 074	
24 849	15 033	9 815	46 298	4 453	41 845	
29 551	13 718	15 832	73 715	13 405	60 310	Repair and maintenance of buildings
28 583	13 239	15 344	72 726	12 953	59 773	
26 954	12 883	14 071	70 892	12 133	58 759	
26 831	12 805	14 027	71 638	12 576	59 062	
28 386	13 290	15 096	70 731	12 447	58 284	
32 712	21 663	11 049	27 738	882	26 856	Civil engineering
35 113	23 478	11 635	27 336	727	26 609	
35 330	23 928	11 402	29 247	778	28 469	
30 845	21 109	9 736	24 461	636	23 825	
31 258	21 215	10 042	24 567	658	23 909	
10 215	10 215	0	-	-	-	Construction materials
9 590	9 590	0	-	-	-	
9 040	9 040	0	-	-	-	
8 939	8 939	0	-	-	-	
9 751	9 751	0	-	-	-	
23 954	12 692	11 262	64 033	9 667	54 366	Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.
22 638	12 047	10 591	59 996	8 903	51 093	
22 543	12 273	10 270	59 510	8 517	50 993	
22 921	12 652	10 269	61 610	9 214	52 396	
23 526	12 598	10 928	60 836	9 634	51 202	
9 075	2 883	6 192	32 593	2 873	29 720	Sale of motor vehicles, motorcycles etc.
8 232	2 786	5 446	30 689	2 572	28 117	
8 402	3 023	5 379	30 897	2 450	28 447	
8 704	3 075	5 628	32 172	2 602	29 570	
9 381	3 254	6 127	31 332	2 545	28 787	
13 797	9 517	4 281	20 074	5 227	14 847	Repair and maintenance of motor vehicles
13 490	8 999	4 490	19 268	4 990	14 278	
13 193	8 959	4 234	18 605	4 800	13 805	
13 109	9 263	3 846	18 602	5 224	13 378	
12 911	9 001	3 911	18 783	5 685	13 098	
1 082	293	789	11 366	1 567	9 799	Service stations
916	262	654	10 039	1 341	8 698	
948	290	658	10 008	1 267	8 741	
1 109	313	795	10 836	1 388	9 448	
1 234	343	891	10 721	1 404	9 317	
98 500	39 348	59 152	162 195	10 429	151 766	Ws. and commis. trade, exc. of m. vehicles
89 323	38 803	50 520	163 130	10 033	153 097	
91 049	40 296	50 752	162 579	9 575	153 004	
95 560	38 893	56 666	160 377	9 659	150 718	
92 796	36 853	55 943	158 584	10 344	148 240	
16 367	4 655	11 712	61 496	10 081	51 415	Retail trade of food etc.
16 464	4 745	11 719	61 959	9 954	52 005	
16 862	5 130	11 732	60 204	9 158	51 046	
17 964	5 195	12 769	61 596	9 448	52 148	
19 779	6 050	13 729	64 556	10 199	54 357	

¹ Wage and salary earners temporarily on leave are not included.

Table 23 (cont).**Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**

		Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Compensation of employees	Gross operating surplus, mixed income
		Current prices, mill. DKK				
52299 Department stores	1988	4 394	1 293	3 101	2 131	984
	1989	4 163	1 275	2 888	2 039	875
	1990	6 707	2 044	4 663	2 967	1 736
	1991	6 143	1 792	4 352	2 635	1 744
	1992	7 167	2 187	4 980	2 949	2 113
52300 Re. sale of phar. goods, cosmetic art. etc.	1988	1 941	571	1 370	1 129	246
	1989	2 025	620	1 405	1 189	224
	1990	2 083	639	1 443	1 105	352
	1991	2 325	681	1 644	1 196	457
	1992	2 385	734	1 651	1 177	501
52419 Re. sale of clothing, footwear etc.	1988	4 925	1 443	3 482	2 389	1 104
	1989	4 643	1 415	3 228	2 273	975
	1990	5 238	1 597	3 641	2 317	1 355
	1991	5 438	1 585	3 854	2 333	1 543
	1992	5 603	1 712	3 892	2 305	1 650
52449 Other retail sale, repair work	1988	14 549	4 628	9 921	6 640	3 322
	1989	15 279	4 951	10 328	7 028	3 363
	1990	16 243	5 242	11 001	6 788	4 305
	1991	16 803	5 300	11 502	6 885	4 687
	1992	17 051	5 587	11 464	6 766	4 898
55000 Hotels and restaurants	1988	21 249	11 533	9 716	6 394	3 504
	1989	21 806	11 520	10 286	6 750	3 764
	1990	23 161	12 060	11 102	7 077	4 274
	1991	23 887	12 328	11 559	7 367	4 206
	1992	25 596	13 654	11 943	7 646	4 475
551009 Hotels etc.	1988	6 667	3 606	3 061	2 005	1 112
	1989	7 092	3 736	3 356	2 195	1 232
	1990	7 082	3 678	3 404	2 162	1 319
	1991	7 124	3 673	3 452	2 197	1 259
	1992	7 873	4 194	3 679	2 352	1 382
553009 Restaurants etc.	1988	14 582	7 927	6 656	4 389	2 392
	1989	14 714	7 784	6 930	4 556	2 532
	1990	16 079	8 382	7 697	4 915	2 955
	1991	16 763	8 656	8 107	5 170	2 947
	1992	17 724	9 460	8 264	5 294	3 093
60000 Land transport; transport via pipelines	1988	35 167	16 199	18 968	12 161	7 160
	1989	36 609	17 093	19 516	12 313	7 653
	1990	36 660	16 782	19 878	12 609	8 572
	1991	38 810	17 909	20 901	13 017	9 338
	1992	40 523	18 826	21 696	13 641	9 653
601000 Transport via railways	1988	5 829	2 249	3 580	2 452	1 502
	1989	6 192	2 543	3 649	2 522	1 529
	1990	7 399	2 828	4 571	3 172	2 189
	1991	7 796	2 550	5 246	3 139	2 914
	1992	8 222	2 704	5 518	3 376	2 899
602100 Other scheduled passenger land transport	1988	7 074	3 622	3 453	3 576	271
	1989	7 145	3 452	3 693	3 544	571
	1990	5 155	2 689	2 466	2 844	455
	1991	5 488	2 888	2 600	2 906	544
	1992	5 559	2 952	2 607	2 981	423
602223 Taxi operation and coach services	1988	3 440	1 621	1 819	1 032	722
	1989	3 643	1 756	1 887	1 063	763
	1990	3 836	1 804	2 032	1 137	845
	1991	3 992	1 962	2 030	1 182	817
	1992	4 251	2 105	2 146	1 253	900
602409 Freight transport by road and via pipelines	1988	18 823	8 707	10 116	5 101	4 665
	1989	19 629	9 341	10 287	5 184	4 790
	1990	20 270	9 461	10 809	5 457	5 083
	1991	21 533	10 509	11 025	5 790	5 063
	1992	22 491	11 066	11 425	6 031	5 431
61000 Water transport	1988	23 070	17 801	5 269	3 022	2 290
	1989	30 030	23 179	6 851	3 400	3 499
	1990	28 875	21 428	7 447	3 781	3 752
	1991	33 918	25 487	8 431	4 105	4 430
	1992	32 210	23 413	8 798	4 447	4 474

Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**Table 23 (cont.).**

Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Total employment	Self-employed	Wage and salary earners ¹	
	1990-prices, mill. DKK		Persons			
4 539	1 412	3 126	17 378	2	17 376	Department stores
4 092	1 315	2 778	16 025	2	16 023	
6 707	2 044	4 663	22 694	2	22 692	
6 171	1 747	4 424	19 459	2	19 457	
7 428	2 080	5 348	20 874	5	20 869	
2 130	624	1 505	10 508	1 342	9 166	Re. sale of phar. goods, cosmetic art. etc.
2 190	640	1 550	10 630	1 325	9 305	
2 083	639	1 443	9 554	1 128	8 426	
2 357	665	1 692	9 983	1 184	8 799	
2 305	698	1 607	9 438	1 137	8 301	
4 829	1 578	3 252	25 737	5 647	20 090	Re. sale of clothing, footwear etc.
4 440	1 460	2 980	23 446	4 990	18 456	
5 238	1 597	3 641	22 949	4 646	18 303	
5 303	1 545	3 758	22 325	4 529	17 796	
5 312	1 628	3 684	21 244	4 402	16 842	
15 731	5 058	10 674	70 532	16 243	54 289	Other retail sale, repair work
15 411	5 112	10 299	70 961	15 938	55 023	
16 243	5 242	11 001	65 677	14 173	51 504	
16 586	5 185	11 401	64 003	13 783	50 220	
17 114	5 331	11 784	60 349	13 310	47 039	
22 723	11 971	10 752	64 166	8 528	55 638	Hotels and restaurants
22 521	11 528	10 993	64 997	8 443	56 554	
23 161	12 060	11 102	66 281	8 580	57 701	
23 204	12 536	10 668	66 935	8 543	58 392	
24 588	13 788	10 801	67 282	8 990	58 292	
7 322	3 743	3 579	18 220	1 196	17 024	Hotels etc.
7 439	3 738	3 700	19 211	1 253	17 958	
7 082	3 678	3 404	18 419	1 155	17 264	
6 777	3 734	3 043	18 175	1 108	17 067	
7 290	4 235	3 054	18 817	1 222	17 595	
15 401	8 228	7 173	45 946	7 332	38 614	Restaurants etc.
15 083	7 789	7 293	45 786	7 190	38 596	
16 079	8 382	7 697	47 862	7 425	40 437	
16 427	8 802	7 625	48 760	7 435	41 325	
17 299	9 552	7 746	48 465	7 768	40 697	
38 134	17 553	20 581	74 851	12 648	62 203	Land transport; transport via pipelines
38 515	17 606	20 910	73 584	12 297	61 287	
36 660	16 782	19 878	72 364	11 680	60 684	
36 993	17 305	19 687	72 040	11 675	60 365	
37 325	17 917	19 407	72 191	11 539	60 652	
6 383	2 530	3 853	12 300	2	12 298	Transport via railways
6 528	2 576	3 952	12 439	3	12 436	
7 399	2 828	4 571	15 260	3	15 257	
7 268	2 495	4 774	14 512	2	14 510	
7 463	2 688	4 775	14 811	4	14 807	
7 502	3 934	3 568	18 245	327	17 918	Other scheduled passenger land transport
7 343	3 591	3 752	17 773	313	17 460	
5 155	2 689	2 466	13 912	232	13 680	
5 209	2 780	2 428	13 677	246	13 431	
5 007	2 778	2 230	13 326	254	13 072	
3 818	1 740	2 078	8 354	2 675	5 679	Taxi operation and coach services
3 842	1 810	2 032	8 271	2 633	5 638	
3 836	1 804	2 032	8 325	2 548	5 777	
3 949	1 894	2 055	8 307	2 501	5 806	
4 148	1 989	2 159	8 460	2 501	5 959	
20 431	9 349	11 082	35 952	9 644	26 308	Freight transport by road and via pipelines
20 802	9 628	11 174	35 101	9 348	25 753	
20 270	9 461	10 809	34 867	8 897	25 970	
20 567	10 136	10 431	35 544	8 926	26 618	
20 707	10 463	10 244	35 594	8 780	26 814	
22 068	19 153	2 915	15 230	439	14 791	Water transport
25 789	22 129	3 660	16 427	511	15 916	
28 875	21 428	7 447	17 608	383	17 225	
32 226	23 646	8 579	18 184	132	18 052	
33 184	21 802	11 382	19 621	116	19 505	

¹ Wage and salary earners temporarily on leave are not included.

Table 23 (cont.).**Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**

		Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Compensation of employees	Gross operating surplus, mixed income
Current prices, mill. DKK						
62000 Air transport	1988	9 392	4 662	4 731	2 845	1 907
	1989	10 212	6 015	4 197	2 831	1 399
	1990	10 518	6 361	4 158	3 085	1 104
	1991	10 487	6 926	3 561	3 365	216
	1992	10 328	6 286	4 041	2 982	1 079
63000 Support, trans. activities; travel agencies	1988	16 127	9 284	6 843	5 219	1 628
	1989	18 138	9 298	8 839	5 690	3 143
	1990	18 575	9 108	9 466	5 933	3 534
	1991	18 591	9 159	9 432	6 020	3 393
	1992	18 397	8 791	9 606	6 190	3 431
631130 Cargo handling, harbours etc.; travel agencies	1988	9 539	5 139	4 400	3 292	1 119
	1989	10 398	5 001	5 397	3 526	1 867
	1990	10 589	4 882	5 707	3 543	2 165
	1991	11 583	5 555	6 029	3 832	2 191
	1992	10 842	4 999	5 843	3 715	2 143
634000 Activities of other transport agencies	1988	6 588	4 145	2 443	1 927	509
	1989	7 740	4 297	3 443	2 164	1 277
	1990	7 986	4 226	3 760	2 389	1 370
	1991	7 008	3 604	3 404	2 187	1 203
	1992	7 555	3 792	3 763	2 475	1 288
64000 Post and telecommunications	1988	20 192	6 969	13 223	9 512	3 743
	1989	21 686	7 481	14 205	9 798	4 486
	1990	22 786	7 030	15 757	9 837	5 975
	1991	23 576	7 601	15 975	10 276	5 709
	1992	25 350	7 692	17 659	10 952	6 832
65000 Financial intermediation	1988	34 733	8 735	25 998	14 137	11 263
	1989	39 942	10 817	29 124	14 929	13 698
	1990	41 109	11 682	29 427	15 433	13 314
	1991	40 535	11 646	28 889	16 178	11 690
	1992	39 643	11 113	28 530	16 308	11 097
651000 Monetary intermediation	1988	29 081	6 301	22 780	11 071	11 266
	1989	32 732	7 679	25 052	11 695	12 980
	1990	35 323	8 276	27 047	12 090	14 451
	1991	32 815	7 927	24 887	12 674	11 450
	1992	31 869	7 568	24 301	12 776	10 673
652000 Other financial intermediation	1988	5 651	2 434	3 217	3 066	-3
	1989	7 210	3 138	4 072	3 233	718
	1990	5 786	3 406	2 381	3 343	-1 137
	1991	7 720	3 718	4 002	3 504	239
	1992	7 774	3 545	4 229	3 532	424
66000 Insurance and pension funding	1988	12 754	6 678	6 076	5 012	823
	1989	13 721	6 190	7 531	5 471	1 852
	1990	12 450	5 956	6 494	5 915	226
	1991	10 926	5 720	5 206	5 776	-1 018
	1992	11 856	6 552	5 304	6 076	-1 320
660102 Life insurance and pension funding	1988	2 869	1 310	1 559	457	1 047
	1989	2 531	911	1 620	409	1 143
	1990	2 531	920	1 611	524	1 006
	1991	2 951	1 174	1 776	601	1 054
	1992	3 026	1 339	1 686	783	723
660300 Non-life insurance	1988	9 885	5 368	4 517	4 555	-224
	1989	11 190	5 279	5 911	5 062	709
	1990	9 919	5 036	4 883	5 390	-781
	1991	7 976	4 546	3 430	5 176	-2 072
	1992	8 830	5 212	3 618	5 293	-2 044
67000 Activities auxiliary to finan. intermediat.	1988	2 650	2 227	422	1 490	-1 219
	1989	4 654	2 642	2 012	1 529	351
	1990	5 421	2 880	2 541	1 605	763
	1991	6 050	2 808	3 242	1 741	1 229
	1992	5 813	2 703	3 110	1 743	1 066
70000 Real estate activities	1988	85 375	15 194	70 181	3 876	63 222
	1989	91 585	15 894	75 692	4 212	68 602
	1990	99 079	17 359	81 720	4 369	74 917
	1991	104 341	18 465	85 877	4 608	79 640
	1992	108 435	19 158	89 277	4 807	82 734

Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**Table 23 (cont).**

Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Total employment	Self-employed	Wage and salary earners ¹	
1990-prices, mill. DKK			Persons			
10 910	5 530	5 381	9 852	40	9 812	Air transport
10 666	6 380	4 286	9 370	46	9 324	
10 518	6 361	4 158	9 837	49	9 788	
9 222	6 762	2 460	10 323	63	10 260	
9 070	6 084	2 985	8 801	72	8 729	
17 786	10 269	7 517	25 712	1 094	24 618	Support, trans. activities; travel agencies
19 231	9 637	9 594	26 664	1 081	25 583	
18 575	9 108	9 466	26 730	1 053	25 677	
17 944	8 770	9 173	26 357	1 100	25 257	
17 362	8 259	9 103	26 592	1 196	25 396	
10 916	5 676	5 240	15 921	823	15 098	Cargo handling, harbours etc.; travel agencies
11 317	5 187	6 130	16 248	806	15 442	
10 589	4 882	5 707	15 772	775	14 997	
11 289	5 330	5 959	16 616	823	15 793	
10 385	4 708	5 677	15 782	850	14 932	
6 871	4 594	2 277	9 791	271	9 520	Activities of other transport agencies
7 914	4 450	3 465	10 416	275	10 141	
7 986	4 226	3 760	10 958	278	10 680	
6 655	3 440	3 215	9 741	277	9 464	
6 977	3 551	3 426	10 810	346	10 464	
22 581	7 623	14 959	55 937	327	55 610	Post and telecommunications
22 526	7 716	14 810	55 327	359	54 968	
22 786	7 030	15 757	53 728	364	53 364	
23 071	7 199	15 872	54 096	491	53 605	
24 534	7 204	17 329	54 593	561	54 032	
39 140	9 646	29 494	63 890	0	63 890	Financial intermediation
41 957	11 225	30 732	64 176	0	64 176	
41 109	11 682	29 427	62 501	0	62 501	
39 967	11 256	28 711	62 055	0	62 055	
36 978	10 985	25 993	58 841	0	58 841	
32 763	6 969	25 795	53 478	0	53 478	Monetary intermediation
34 374	7 965	26 409	53 721	0	53 721	
35 323	8 276	27 047	52 320	0	52 320	
32 343	7 631	24 712	51 947	0	51 947	
29 733	7 532	22 202	49 259	0	49 259	
6 376	2 677	3 699	10 412	0	10 412	Other financial intermediation
7 583	3 260	4 323	10 455	0	10 455	
5 786	3 406	2 381	10 181	0	10 181	
7 624	3 625	3 999	10 108	0	10 108	
7 244	3 453	3 791	9 582	0	9 582	
10 352	6 350	4 002	18 527	132	18 395	Insurance and pension funding
11 238	5 710	5 528	19 145	180	18 965	
12 450	5 956	6 494	19 418	145	19 273	
11 409	5 766	5 643	17 867	83	17 784	
10 715	6 241	4 474	17 694	71	17 623	
2 330	1 332	998	1 697	20	1 677	Life insurance and pension funding
2 074	900	1 174	1 456	37	1 419	
2 531	920	1 611	1 744	35	1 709	
3 090	1 167	1 923	1 872	23	1 849	
2 720	1 321	1 399	2 295	23	2 272	
8 022	5 018	3 004	16 830	112	16 718	Non-life insurance
9 164	4 810	4 354	17 689	143	17 546	
9 919	5 036	4 883	17 674	110	17 564	
8 318	4 599	3 720	15 995	60	15 935	
7 995	4 921	3 074	15 399	48	15 351	
2 850	2 461	389	4 419	83	4 336	Activities auxiliary to finan. intermediat.
4 768	2 736	2 032	4 367	65	4 302	
5 421	2 880	2 541	4 236	2	4 234	
5 865	2 706	3 159	4 397	65	4 332	
5 550	2 688	2 863	4 186	101	4 085	
95 648	16 715	78 933	32 447	7 925	24 522	Real estate activities
96 278	16 432	79 846	33 020	8 040	24 980	
99 079	17 359	81 720	32 127	7 511	24 616	
99 541	18 228	81 313	32 043	7 230	24 813	
100 231	18 402	81 828	32 705	7 927	24 778	

¹ Wage and salary earners temporarily on leave are not included.

Table 23 (cont).**Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**

		Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Compensation of employees	Gross operating surplus, mixed income
Current prices, mill. DKK						
701109 Real estate agents etc.	1988	2 845	1 634	1 212	928	288
	1989	3 058	1 614	1 445	1 033	420
	1990	3 550	1 688	1 862	1 138	734
	1991	3 948	1 908	2 040	1 256	789
	1992	4 088	1 956	2 132	1 272	883
702009 Dwellings	1988	66 906	9 546	57 359	2 578	52 726
	1989	71 806	9 981	61 825	2 780	57 193
	1990	76 475	10 787	65 687	2 826	61 425
	1991	80 405	11 425	68 979	2 931	65 400
	1992	83 387	11 813	71 574	3 091	67 741
702040 Letting of non-residential buildings	1988	15 624	4 014	11 610	370	10 207
	1989	16 721	4 300	12 422	399	10 989
	1990	19 054	4 884	14 170	405	12 758
	1991	19 989	5 131	14 858	420	13 451
	1992	20 961	5 390	15 571	443	14 111
71000 Renting of machinery and equipment etc.	1988	10 788	8 775	2 013	721	1 339
	1989	11 052	8 691	2 361	800	1 610
	1990	11 098	10 349	749	838	-22
	1991	12 294	10 905	1 389	888	553
	1992	10 108	10 321	-213	823	-928
72000 Computer and related activities	1988	12 324	5 151	7 173	4 440	2 770
	1989	13 178	5 103	8 075	4 946	3 170
	1990	14 498	5 672	8 826	5 188	3 698
	1991	15 254	6 014	9 240	5 475	3 812
	1992	15 130	5 884	9 246	5 296	4 033
721009 Computer activities exc. software consultancy and supply	1988	5 212	2 212	3 000	1 593	1 432
	1989	5 477	2 168	3 309	1 756	1 574
	1990	6 011	2 438	3 574	1 830	1 781
	1991	6 152	2 471	3 681	1 874	1 841
	1992	5 984	2 356	3 628	1 769	1 893
722000 Software consultancy and supply	1988	7 113	2 940	4 173	2 847	1 338
	1989	7 701	2 935	4 767	3 190	1 596
	1990	8 487	3 234	5 253	3 358	1 917
	1991	9 102	3 543	5 559	3 601	1 971
	1992	9 146	3 528	5 618	3 527	2 140
73000 Research and development	1988	4 224	1 169	3 055	2 450	607
	1989	4 524	1 329	3 195	2 593	610
	1990	4 818	1 446	3 372	2 736	643
	1991	5 239	1 622	3 617	2 954	669
	1992	4 819	1 535	3 284	2 564	734
730001 Research and development (market)	1988	1 080	292	788	480	324
	1989	1 105	303	802	521	301
	1990	1 231	345	886	565	340
	1991	1 310	359	951	621	346
	1992	1 496	418	1 077	700	401
730002 Research and development (other non-market)	1988	3 143	877	2 267	1 970	284
	1989	3 418	1 026	2 393	2 072	310
	1990	3 587	1 101	2 486	2 171	303
	1991	3 929	1 262	2 666	2 333	323
	1992	3 323	1 117	2 206	1 864	333
74000 Consultancy etc. and cleaning activities	1988	51 907	21 343	30 564	19 530	11 174
	1989	55 888	21 311	34 577	21 650	13 086
	1990	60 104	23 079	37 024	22 293	14 917
	1991	62 413	23 678	38 736	23 464	15 402
	1992	66 570	25 815	40 755	24 319	16 832
741100 Legal activities	1988	4 041	660	3 381	1 591	1 796
	1989	4 519	666	3 852	1 844	2 020
	1990	4 880	711	4 170	1 890	2 293
	1991	5 256	774	4 482	2 015	2 475
	1992	5 433	991	4 442	2 044	2 428
741200 Accounting, book-keeping, auditing etc.	1988	6 325	1 394	4 931	3 007	1 935
	1989	7 410	1 389	6 020	3 632	2 407
	1990	8 664	1 633	7 030	4 051	3 000
	1991	9 144	1 713	7 431	4 226	3 216
	1992	8 851	1 652	7 199	4 020	3 228

Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**Table 23 (cont.)**

Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Total employ- ment	Self- employed	Wage and salary earners ¹	
1990-prices, mill. DKK			Persons			
3 047	1 795	1 252	6 474	2 265	4 209	Real estate agents etc.
3 048	1 670	1 378	6 826	2 364	4 462	
3 550	1 688	1 862	7 014	2 334	4 680	
3 078	1 849	1 230	7 464	2 489	4 975	
3 456	1 849	1 606	7 539	2 664	4 875	
75 539	10 686	64 852	20 028	2 800	17 228	Dwellings
75 885	10 424	65 460	20 252	2 807	17 445	
76 475	10 787	65 687	19 554	2 553	17 001	
77 113	11 488	65 625	19 257	2 332	16 925	
77 186	11 576	65 610	19 606	2 594	17 012	
17 063	4 234	12 829	5 945	2 860	3 085	Letting of non-residential buildings
17 346	4 337	13 008	5 942	2 869	3 073	
19 054	4 884	14 170	5 559	2 624	2 935	
19 350	4 892	14 458	5 322	2 409	2 913	
19 589	4 977	14 612	5 560	2 669	2 891	
12 235	9 674	2 561	6 294	2 853	3 441	Renting of machinery and equipment etc.
11 592	9 007	2 585	6 624	3 002	3 622	
11 098	10 349	749	6 416	2 809	3 607	
12 162	10 657	1 506	6 546	2 857	3 689	
9 989	9 823	166	6 145	2 801	3 344	
12 502	5 644	6 859	22 112	1 735	20 377	Computer and related activities
12 815	5 263	7 552	23 412	1 825	21 587	
14 498	5 672	8 826	23 467	1 715	21 752	
14 290	5 841	8 449	23 953	1 770	22 183	
16 198	5 608	10 590	22 605	1 835	20 770	
5 612	2 413	3 199	8 148	45	8 103	Computer activities exc. software
5 581	2 226	3 355	8 478	49	8 429	consultancy and supply
6 011	2 438	3 574	8 538	46	8 492	
5 943	2 402	3 541	8 494	47	8 447	
5 987	2 263	3 724	7 772	56	7 716	
6 890	3 231	3 660	13 964	1 690	12 274	Software consultancy and supply
7 234	3 037	4 197	14 934	1 776	13 158	
8 487	3 234	5 253	14 929	1 669	13 260	
8 348	3 439	4 908	15 459	1 723	13 736	
10 211	3 345	6 866	14 833	1 779	13 054	
4 556	1 283	3 273	9 693	1 113	8 580	Research and development
4 675	1 380	3 295	9 949	1 105	8 844	
4 818	1 446	3 372	10 022	1 085	8 937	
5 060	1 571	3 489	10 443	1 210	9 233	
4 546	1 462	3 085	9 156	1 421	7 735	
1 156	317	839	2 825	1 113	1 712	Research and development (market)
1 131	311	821	2 848	1 105	1 743	
1 231	345	886	2 896	1 085	1 811	
1 281	350	931	3 095	1 210	1 885	
1 436	403	1 033	3 435	1 421	2 014	
3 401	966	2 434	6 868	0	6 868	Research and development (other non-market)
3 544	1 069	2 475	7 101	0	7 101	
3 587	1 101	2 486	7 126	0	7 126	
3 779	1 221	2 558	7 348	0	7 348	
3 111	1 059	2 052	5 721	0	5 721	
55 595	23 403	32 193	122 782	18 775	104 007	Consultancy etc. and cleaning activities
57 616	22 116	35 500	128 116	19 301	108 815	
60 104	23 079	37 024	123 719	17 595	106 124	
60 439	22 975	37 464	126 100	17 629	108 471	
61 617	24 411	37 206	128 096	19 196	108 900	
4 205	720	3 485	9 426	690	8 736	Legal activities
4 586	687	3 899	10 412	870	9 542	
4 880	711	4 170	10 099	763	9 336	
5 123	750	4 373	10 390	808	9 582	
4 965	937	4 027	10 363	1 000	9 363	
6 590	1 536	5 054	15 777	2 447	13 330	Accounting, book-keeping, auditing etc.
7 519	1 439	6 080	18 160	2 840	15 320	
8 664	1 633	7 030	19 164	2 858	16 306	
8 913	1 660	7 253	19 294	2 862	16 432	
8 097	1 565	6 532	18 048	2 882	15 166	

¹ Wage and salary earners temporarily on leave are not included.

Table 23 (cont).**Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**

		Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Compensation of employees	Gross operating surplus, mixed income
Current prices, mill. DKK						
742009 Consulting engineers, architects etc.	1988	15 890	5 641	10 249	6 589	3 683
	1989	17 342	5 654	11 688	7 360	4 367
	1990	19 470	6 638	12 832	7 854	5 021
	1991	20 088	6 829	13 260	8 067	5 216
	1992	20 006	6 790	13 216	7 883	5 435
744000 Advertising	1988	9 727	6 757	2 970	1 534	1 450
	1989	10 288	6 755	3 533	1 680	1 878
	1990	11 062	7 693	3 370	1 714	1 684
	1991	11 313	7 586	3 727	1 741	2 002
	1992	12 449	8 281	4 168	1 873	2 364
747000 Industrial cleaning	1988	3 989	1 585	2 404	2 917	-482
	1989	4 337	1 670	2 667	3 060	-369
	1990	4 513	1 658	2 855	3 078	-190
	1991	4 788	1 771	3 017	3 616	-560
	1992	4 995	1 790	3 206	3 826	-567
748009 Other business activities	1988	11 935	5 306	6 629	3 893	2 791
	1989	11 992	5 176	6 816	4 074	2 783
	1990	11 514	4 746	6 768	3 706	3 108
	1991	11 824	5 006	6 818	3 799	3 054
	1992	14 836	6 311	8 525	4 673	3 944
75000 Public administration and defence etc.	1988	67 739	20 599	47 141	38 203	8 742
	1989	69 299	20 276	49 023	39 325	9 501
	1990	72 527	22 033	50 495	40 313	9 997
	1991	75 902	23 421	52 481	42 111	10 197
	1992	81 490	25 035	56 455	45 434	10 852
751100 General (overall) public service activities	1988	17 388	5 281	12 107	10 971	1 066
	1989	17 489	5 458	12 030	10 800	1 170
	1990	17 628	5 845	11 782	10 480	1 244
	1991	18 595	6 005	12 590	11 222	1 311
	1992	20 743	6 381	14 363	12 867	1 438
751209 Regulation of public service activities exc. for business	1988	12 321	3 297	9 024	8 439	566
	1989	12 837	3 590	9 247	8 626	600
	1990	13 671	3 980	9 691	8 973	695
	1991	14 116	3 728	10 387	9 749	617
	1992	16 107	4 021	12 086	11 146	921
751300 Regulation of and contribution to more efficient operation of business	1988	12 238	2 082	10 156	4 157	5 996
	1989	12 555	1 672	10 883	4 490	6 378
	1990	13 237	1 844	11 393	4 788	6 597
	1991	13 954	2 455	11 499	4 749	6 742
	1992	15 691	3 340	12 350	5 447	6 891
752000 Provision of services to the community	1988	25 792	9 939	15 853	14 636	1 115
	1989	26 418	9 556	16 862	15 409	1 353
	1990	27 991	10 363	17 628	16 072	1 461
	1991	29 237	11 233	18 004	16 392	1 527
	1992	28 949	11 294	17 656	15 974	1 602
80000 Education	1988	46 990	10 089	36 901	33 662	3 229
	1989	49 147	10 980	38 167	34 650	3 401
	1990	50 027	11 265	38 762	35 163	3 486
	1991	53 039	12 111	40 928	37 066	3 756
	1992	54 224	12 262	41 963	37 925	3 954
801000 Primary education	1988	24 740	4 074	20 665	19 102	1 505
	1989	25 877	4 481	21 396	19 655	1 695
	1990	25 725	4 506	21 219	19 422	1 745
	1991	26 083	4 259	21 824	19 938	1 845
	1992	26 853	4 398	22 455	20 501	1 915
802000 Secondary education	1988	10 008	2 557	7 451	6 781	633
	1989	10 475	2 816	7 659	6 977	641
	1990	10 942	2 904	8 038	7 312	691
	1991	12 070	3 332	8 738	7 967	737
	1992	12 772	3 609	9 163	8 311	817
803000 Higher education	1988	6 509	1 248	5 260	4 736	505
	1989	6 814	1 376	5 438	4 872	543
	1990	7 286	1 504	5 782	5 168	595
	1991	8 028	1 739	6 289	5 627	644
	1992	8 213	1 900	6 312	5 600	694

Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**Table 23 (cont).**

Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Total employment	Self-employed	Wage and salary earners ¹	
1990-prices, mill. DKK						
			Persons			
17 210	6 217	10 993	32 282	3 584	28 698	Consulting engineers, architects etc.
17 981	5 854	12 126	34 457	3 783	30 674	
19 470	6 638	12 832	34 993	3 623	31 370	
19 396	6 619	12 778	34 764	3 557	31 207	
18 551	6 433	12 119	33 302	3 671	29 631	
10 574	7 350	3 224	9 182	2 439	6 743	Advertising
10 671	7 034	3 637	9 554	2 496	7 058	
11 062	7 693	3 370	9 163	2 270	6 893	
10 951	7 300	3 651	8 975	2 207	6 768	
11 470	7 717	3 752	9 561	2 521	7 040	
4 307	1 733	2 575	27 016	4 134	22 882	Industrial cleaning
4 475	1 725	2 750	26 734	4 087	22 647	
4 513	1 658	2 855	25 721	3 970	21 751	
4 594	1 755	2 839	28 007	4 060	23 947	
4 676	1 751	2 925	28 319	4 230	24 089	
12 709	5 847	6 861	29 099	5 481	23 618	Other business activities
12 384	5 375	7 008	28 799	5 225	23 574	
11 514	4 746	6 768	24 579	4 111	20 468	
11 461	4 891	6 570	24 670	4 135	20 535	
13 859	6 008	7 851	28 503	4 892	23 611	
73 306	22 294	51 012	194 797	80	194 717	Public administration and defence etc.
71 354	20 651	50 703	194 104	71	194 033	
72 527	22 033	50 495	191 873	73	191 800	
73 560	22 556	51 004	191 234	85	191 149	
76 364	23 463	52 902	199 770	99	199 671	
18 820	5 702	13 118	67 792	0	67 792	General (overall) public service activities
18 019	5 598	12 422	65 789	0	65 789	
17 628	5 845	11 782	62 176	0	62 176	
17 815	5 816	11 999	63 872	0	63 872	
19 362	5 934	13 429	70 163	0	70 163	
13 324	3 573	9 751	22 446	0	22 446	Regulation of public service activities
13 385	3 706	9 679	22 851	0	22 851	exc. for business
13 671	3 980	9 691	23 252	0	23 252	
13 514	3 628	9 886	23 437	0	23 437	
15 108	3 807	11 301	25 516	0	25 516	
13 383	2 268	11 115	36 093	0	36 093	Regulation of and contribution to more efficient operation of business
13 062	1 740	11 322	36 885	0	36 885	
13 237	1 844	11 393	38 281	0	38 281	
14 234	2 355	11 879	36 504	0	36 504	
14 897	3 130	11 767	40 593	0	40 593	
27 778	10 751	17 028	68 466	80	68 386	Provision of services to the community
26 889	9 608	17 281	68 579	71	68 508	
27 991	10 363	17 628	68 164	73	68 091	
27 998	10 757	17 241	67 421	85	67 336	
26 997	10 592	16 406	63 498	99	63 399	
51 132	11 117	40 016	189 918	873	189 045	Education
50 903	11 430	39 473	187 405	848	186 557	
50 027	11 265	38 762	182 605	838	181 767	
51 003	11 769	39 233	183 701	978	182 723	
50 572	11 660	38 912	178 838	1 085	177 753	
27 023	4 489	22 533	98 007	0	98 007	Primary education
26 804	4 663	22 140	98 529	0	98 529	
25 725	4 506	21 219	95 275	0	95 275	
25 048	4 153	20 895	95 236	0	95 236	
24 966	4 182	20 784	92 731	0	92 731	
10 845	2 820	8 025	39 860	0	39 860	Secondary education
10 854	2 933	7 921	38 461	0	38 461	
10 942	2 904	8 038	37 644	0	37 644	
11 607	3 232	8 375	37 643	0	37 643	
11 921	3 436	8 485	36 903	0	36 903	
7 091	1 377	5 715	28 106	0	28 106	Higher education
7 050	1 433	5 617	27 120	0	27 120	
7 286	1 504	5 782	26 543	0	26 543	
7 731	1 686	6 045	26 543	0	26 543	
7 684	1 809	5 875	25 811	0	25 811	

¹ Wage and salary earners temporarily on leave are not included.

Table 23 (cont).**Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**

		Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Compensation of employees	Gross operating surplus, mixed income
		Current prices, mill. DKK				
804001	Adult and other education (market)	1988	939	410	530	382
		1989	968	348	620	396
		1990	1 048	448	600	454
		1991	1 177	495	683	527
		1992	1 287	567	720	585
804002	Adult and other education (other non-market)	1988	4 794	1 800	2 994	2 661
		1989	5 013	1 959	3 054	2 751
		1990	5 024	1 902	3 123	2 807
		1991	5 680	2 287	3 394	3 007
		1992	5 100	1 787	3 313	2 928
85109	Health care activities	1988	39 966	10 034	29 932	25 697
		1989	40 949	10 540	30 409	26 196
		1990	43 973	11 332	32 641	28 008
		1991	45 904	11 965	33 940	29 011
		1992	47 596	12 958	34 638	29 656
851100	Hospital activities	1988	28 392	6 776	21 616	20 244
		1989	28 774	7 327	21 447	20 000
		1990	30 291	7 552	22 739	21 200
		1991	31 108	7 955	23 153	21 579
		1992	32 401	9 219	23 182	21 789
851209	Medical, dental, veterinary activities etc.	1988	11 575	3 258	8 316	5 453
		1989	12 175	3 213	8 961	6 196
		1990	13 682	3 780	9 902	6 808
		1991	14 797	4 010	10 786	7 433
		1992	15 195	3 739	11 456	7 867
85319	Social institutions etc. for children	1988	14 821	1 629	13 192	13 134
		1989	13 846	1 556	12 290	12 164
		1990	15 706	2 272	13 434	13 321
		1991	17 996	2 481	15 515	15 414
		1992	18 248	2 566	15 682	15 591
85329	Social institutions etc. for adults	1988	32 307	7 071	25 236	21 894
		1989	37 208	8 509	28 699	25 316
		1990	37 551	8 355	29 196	25 652
		1991	36 667	8 113	28 554	24 753
		1992	38 443	8 371	30 072	25 924
90000	Sewage and refuse disp. and similar act	1988	7 124	3 086	4 037	2 026
		1989	8 225	3 365	4 860	2 259
		1990	9 802	3 870	5 932	2 580
		1991	10 358	4 104	6 255	3 017
		1992	10 577	4 075	6 502	3 123
900010	Sewage removal and disposal	1988	2 895	1 152	1 743	853
		1989	3 758	1 447	2 311	1 068
		1990	4 120	1 510	2 610	1 132
		1991	4 585	1 695	2 890	1 393
		1992	4 727	1 692	3 035	1 457
900020	Refuse collection and sanitation	1988	3 436	1 621	1 815	940
		1989	3 614	1 590	2 024	948
		1990	4 595	1 964	2 632	1 150
		1991	4 684	2 006	2 678	1 293
		1992	4 754	1 992	2 763	1 328
900030	Refuse dumps and refuse disposal plants	1988	793	314	479	234
		1989	853	328	526	243
		1990	1 087	397	690	299
		1991	1 089	402	687	331
		1992	1 096	391	704	338
91000	Activities of membership organiza. n.e.c.	1988	11 341	4 367	6 974	5 833
		1989	9 102	4 360	4 741	5 386
		1990	12 410	4 940	7 469	6 564
		1991	12 827	5 062	7 766	6 884
		1992	13 429	5 246	8 183	7 191
92000	Recreational, cultural, sporting activities	1988	14 291	6 972	7 320	5 891
		1989	16 448	7 690	8 758	6 692
		1990	18 173	7 668	10 506	7 021
		1991	19 144	8 274	10 870	7 302
		1992	20 235	9 185	11 050	7 644

Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**Table 23 (cont).**

Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Total employment	Self-employed	Wage and salary earners ¹	
	1990-prices, mill. DKK		Persons			
1 007	447	560	3 751	873	2 878	Adult and other education (market)
995	359	635	3 695	848	2 847	
1 048	448	600	3 928	838	3 090	
1 144	480	664	4 371	978	3 393	
1 226	531	695	4 680	1 085	3 595	
5 167	1 984	3 182	20 194	0	20 194	Adult and other education (other non-market)
5 201	2 041	3 160	19 600	0	19 600	
5 024	1 902	3 123	19 215	0	19 215	
5 474	2 219	3 255	19 908	0	19 908	
4 775	1 702	3 074	18 713	0	18 713	
42 982	10 905	32 077	144 972	5 440	139 532	Health care activities
42 050	10 759	31 290	145 518	5 958	139 560	
43 973	11 332	32 641	151 113	6 019	145 094	
44 379	11 659	32 720	153 635	6 957	146 678	
44 701	12 313	32 388	152 723	8 108	144 615	
30 763	7 401	23 363	95 713	22	95 691	Hospital activities
29 694	7 569	22 124	93 167	23	93 144	
30 291	7 552	22 739	96 708	24	96 684	
30 007	8 204	21 803	96 625	27	96 598	
30 332	8 671	21 661	94 404	31	94 373	
12 218	3 504	8 714	49 259	5 418	43 841	Medical, dental, veterinary activities etc.
12 356	3 190	9 166	52 351	5 935	46 416	
13 682	3 780	9 902	54 405	5 995	48 410	
14 372	3 455	10 916	57 010	6 930	50 080	
14 369	3 642	10 727	58 319	8 077	50 242	
16 114	1 611	14 504	105 211	0	105 211	Social institutions etc. for children
14 369	1 427	12 942	107 666	0	107 666	
15 706	2 272	13 434	110 730	0	110 730	
17 100	2 445	14 656	112 770	0	112 770	
16 875	2 418	14 457	104 885	0	104 885	
34 867	7 632	27 236	132 241	0	132 241	Social institutions etc. for adults
38 550	8 702	29 847	133 499	0	133 499	
37 551	8 355	29 196	132 879	0	132 879	
35 024	7 997	27 026	128 468	0	128 468	
35 713	7 887	27 826	134 277	0	134 277	
8 870	3 369	5 501	6 284	134	6 150	Sewage and refuse disp. and similar act
8 884	3 488	5 396	6 469	144	6 325	
9 802	3 870	5 932	7 307	170	7 137	
9 890	4 049	5 841	7 807	169	7 638	
9 865	3 956	5 910	7 641	175	7 466	
3 149	1 258	1 891	1 564	42	1 522	Sewage removal and disposal
3 924	1 495	2 429	1 849	54	1 795	
4 120	1 510	2 610	1 873	57	1 816	
4 392	1 681	2 711	2 159	62	2 097	
4 420	1 655	2 765	2 151	66	2 085	
4 611	1 768	2 843	2 909	90	2 819	Refuse collection and sanitation
4 004	1 655	2 349	2 847	88	2 759	
4 595	1 964	2 632	3 348	109	3 239	
4 461	1 970	2 491	3 477	104	3 373	
4 423	1 918	2 504	3 381	105	3 276	
1 110	343	767	1 811	2	1 809	Refuse dumps and refuse disposal plants
956	338	618	1 773	2	1 771	
1 087	397	690	2 086	4	2 082	
1 037	398	638	2 171	3	2 168	
1 023	383	640	2 109	4	2 105	
12 314	4 751	7 562	30 594	91	30 503	Activities of membership organiza. n.e.c.
9 512	4 490	5 022	28 567	22	28 545	
12 410	4 940	7 469	32 333	77	32 256	
12 498	4 915	7 583	32 745	71	32 674	
12 860	4 979	7 881	33 335	75	33 260	
15 841	7 592	8 249	37 243	1 176	36 067	Recreational, cultural, sporting activities
17 101	7 957	9 144	39 766	1 243	38 523	
18 173	7 668	10 506	39 441	1 248	38 193	
18 438	8 147	10 291	40 234	1 511	38 723	
18 972	8 791	10 181	41 492	1 868	39 624	

¹ Wage and salary earners temporarily on leave are not included.

Table 23 (cont).**Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**

		Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Compensation of employees	Gross operating surplus, mixed income
		Current prices, mill. DKK				
920001	Recreational, cultural, sporting activities (market)	1988	10 185	5 194	4 992	3 743
		1989	12 125	6 032	6 092	4 255
		1990	13 655	5 951	7 704	4 464
		1991	14 451	6 490	7 961	4 656
		1992	15 349	7 352	7 997	4 867
920002	Recreational, cultural, sporting activities (other non-market)	1988	4 106	1 778	2 328	2 147
		1989	4 324	1 658	2 666	2 437
		1990	4 518	1 716	2 802	2 558
		1991	4 693	1 784	2 909	2 645
		1992	4 885	1 833	3 053	2 778
93009	Other service activities	1988	5 384	1 718	3 666	2 768
		1989	5 453	1 681	3 772	2 752
		1990	5 530	1 618	3 912	2 739
		1991	5 939	1 777	4 162	3 096
		1992	5 791	1 659	4 132	3 072
930009	Service activities n.e.c.	1988	4 330	1 718	2 612	1 714
		1989	4 372	1 681	2 691	1 671
		1990	4 428	1 618	2 810	1 637
		1991	4 812	1 777	3 035	1 969
		1992	4 648	1 659	2 989	1 929
950000	Private households with employed persons	1988	1 054	0	1 054	0
		1989	1 081	0	1 081	0
		1990	1 102	0	1 102	0
		1991	1 127	0	1 127	0
		1992	1 143	0	1 143	0
99005	Financial intermediation services indirectly measured (FISIM)	1988	0	28 733	-28 733	-28 733
		1989	0	33 117	-33 117	-33 117
		1990	0	33 800	-33 800	-33 800
		1991	0	31 680	-31 680	-31 680
		1992	0	30 415	-30 415	-30 415

Production, generation of income and employment by kind of activity**Table 23 (cont.)**

Production	Intermediate consumption	Gross value added	Total employment	Self-employed	Wage and salary earners ¹			
1990-prices, mill. DKK			Persons					
11 312	5 641	5 671	22 422	1 176	21 246	Recreational, cultural, sporting activities (market)		
12 610	6 226	6 384	23 618	1 243	22 375			
13 655	5 951	7 704	23 118	1 248	21 870			
13 877	6 385	7 492	24 026	1 511	22 515			
14 342	7 039	7 303	25 179	1 868	23 311			
4 529	1 951	2 578	14 821	0	14 821	Recreational, cultural, sporting activities (other non-market)		
4 491	1 731	2 760	16 148	0	16 148			
4 518	1 716	2 802	16 323	0	16 323			
4 561	1 762	2 799	16 208	0	16 208			
4 630	1 752	2 878	16 313	0	16 313			
5 737	1 878	3 859	35 127	10 419	24 708	Other service activities		
5 579	1 737	3 842	33 259	9 510	23 749			
5 530	1 618	3 912	32 002	8 974	23 028			
5 653	1 761	3 892	34 036	9 421	24 615			
5 374	1 623	3 751	32 803	9 041	23 762			
4 598	1 878	2 721	24 460	10 419	14 041	Service activities n.e.c.		
4 461	1 737	2 724	22 457	9 510	12 947			
4 428	1 618	2 810	21 096	8 974	12 122			
4 569	1 761	2 808	23 006	9 421	13 585			
4 307	1 623	2 684	21 694	9 041	12 653			
1 138	0	1 138	10 667	0	10 667	Private households with employed persons		
1 119	0	1 119	10 802	0	10 802			
1 102	0	1 102	10 906	0	10 906			
1 084	0	1 084	11 030	0	11 030			
1 067	0	1 067	11 109	0	11 109			
0	32 643	-32 643	-	-	-	Financial intermediation services indirectly measured (FISIM)		
0	34 943	-34 943	-	-	-			
0	33 800	-33 800	-	-	-			
0	31 513	-31 513	-	-	-			
0	28 227	-28 227	-	-	-			

¹ Wage and salary earners temporarily on leave are not included.

Table 24.**Private consumption by purpose and durability**

		1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
		Current prices, mill. DKK Årets priser i mio. kr.				
Total private consumption expenditure		375 833	393 255	404 915	423 030	439 262
Final consumption of households on the economic territory		371 119	388 051	401 904	421 976	438 073
110	Food	48 375	51 437	52 733	54 214	56 806
1110	IV Bread and cereals	7 768	7 797	8 006	8 350	8 593
1120	IV Meat	12 921	14 599	14 858	13 970	15 310
1130	IV Fish	2 326	2 360	2 494	2 676	2 826
1141	IV Eggs	777	805	804	792	828
1142	IV Milk, cream, yoghurt etc.	4 115	4 495	4 647	4 532	4 711
1143	IV Cheese	2 135	2 538	2 718	2 758	2 769
1150	IV Butter, oils and fats	1 933	1 850	1 733	1 791	1 896
1160	IV Fruit and vegetables except potatoes	6 281	6 432	6 737	7 557	7 483
1171	IV Potatoes etc.	1 136	1 254	1 179	1 343	1 464
1181	IV Sugar	574	518	381	383	375
1182	IV Ice cream, chocolate and confectionery	6 779	7 116	7 218	7 740	8 191
1190	IV Food products n.e.c.	1 628	1 672	1 958	2 322	2 360
120	Non-alcoholic beverages	6 352	6 475	6 254	6 409	6 805
1210	IV Coffee, tea and cocoa	2 806	2 701	2 429	2 622	2 635
1220	IV Mineral waters, soft drinks and juices	3 546	3 774	3 826	3 787	4 170
210	Alcoholic beverages	13 070	12 601	12 806	13 396	13 065
2110	IV Wine and spirits	6 071	5 752	5 751	6 351	6 185
2130	IV Beer	6 999	6 850	7 055	7 046	6 880
220	IV Tobacco	11 044	10 699	11 520	11 692	12 331
310	Clothing	17 960	17 477	18 113	19 085	18 883
3110	HV Garments and clothing materials etc.	17 386	16 935	17 552	18 533	18 276
3140	T Laundering, dry cleaning etc.	574	542	561	552	607
320	HV Footwear	4 277	4 140	4 411	4 566	4 547
410	T Actual rentals for housing	23 250	24 902	26 470	27 823	28 845
420	T Imputed rentals for housing	43 640	46 948	50 026	52 606	54 569
430	T Regular maintenance and repair of the dwelling	4 326	4 674	4 818	5 055	5 139
440	Other services relating to the dwelling	6 403	7 325	8 304	8 853	9 278
4410	T Refuse collection, other services n.e.c.	2 521	2 696	3 374	3 438	3 735
4430	T Water supply and sewerage services	3 882	4 630	4 931	5 414	5 544
450	Electricity, gas and other fuels	21 597	21 766	21 955	24 271	25 418
4510	IV Electricity	7 885	8 846	8 760	9 245	9 919
4520	IV Gas	1 513	1 690	1 865	2 437	2 681
4530	IV Liquid fuels	6 300	5 279	5 399	5 328	5 255
4540	IV Hot water, steam etc.	5 900	5 950	5 930	7 260	7 564
510	V Furniture, furnishings, carpets etc.	8 087	7 973	7 872	7 628	7 611
520	HV Household textiles	2 491	2 361	2 448	2 577	2 737
530	Major household appliances and repairs	3 429	3 174	3 408	3 704	3 712
5310	V Major household appliances	3 062	2 835	3 031	3 317	3 314
5330	T Repair of major household appliances	366	339	377	387	398
540	HV Glass, tableware and household utensils	2 453	2 519	2 460	2 754	2 725
550	HV Tools and equipment for house and garden	1 780	1 808	1 736	1 853	1 845
560	Goods and services for routine household maint.	4 425	4 575	4 629	4 832	5 449
5610	IV Non-durable household goods	2 923	3 083	3 119	3 340	3 610
5620	T Domestic services and home care services	1 502	1 493	1 510	1 491	1 839
610	Medical products, appliances and equipment	4 067	4 311	5 344	4 857	4 942
6111	IV Medical and pharmaceutical products	2 504	2 583	3 451	2 933	2 856
6112	V Therapeutic appliances and equipment	1 563	1 728	1 894	1 923	2 086
620	T Out-patient services	3 813	4 060	4 358	4 529	5 036
630	T Hospital services	638	667	704	750	796

Private consumption by purpose and durability**Table 24.**

1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	
1990-prices, mill. DKK 1990-priser i mio. kr.					
405 258	403 904	404 915	412 091	422 669	Total private consumption expenditure
399 812	398 931	401 904	412 799	422 053	Final consumption of households on the economic territory
52 888	54 179	52 733	53 714	56 160	Food
8 337	7 998	8 006	8 105	8 204	Bread and cereals
14 883	15 785	14 858	14 166	15 523	Meat
2 864	2 919	2 494	2 686	2 877	Fish
822	782	804	820	857	Eggs
4 540	4 761	4 647	4 548	4 476	Milk, cream, yoghurt etc.
2 271	2 596	2 718	2 658	2 541	Cheese
2 295	2 002	1 733	1 855	1 911	Butter, oils and fats
6 669	6 743	6 737	7 262	7 559	Fruit and vegetables except potatoes
1 172	1 302	1 179	1 289	1 398	Potatoes etc.
396	382	381	390	383	Sugar
7 012	7 235	7 218	7 656	8 192	Ice cream, chocolate and confectionery
1 628	1 675	1 958	2 279	2 240	Food products n.e.c.
6 347	6 333	6 254	6 585	6 404	Non-alcoholic beverages
2 723	2 587	2 429	2 626	2 398	Coffee, tea and cocoa
3 624	3 746	3 826	3 960	4 006	Mineral waters, soft drinks and juices
13 594	12 547	12 806	14 154	14 178	Alcoholic beverages
6 432	5 622	5 751	6 710	6 562	Wine and spirits
7 162	6 925	7 055	7 443	7 616	Beer
11 676	11 362	11 520	11 321	11 417	Tobacco
18 630	17 851	18 113	18 482	17 917	Clothing
18 017	17 290	17 552	17 949	17 336	Garments and clothing materials etc.
613	561	561	534	580	Laundering, dry cleaning etc.
4 673	4 339	4 411	4 658	4 603	Footwear
26 274	26 331	26 470	26 577	26 602	Actual rentals for housing
49 244	49 600	50 026	50 559	50 605	Imputed rentals for housing
4 916	4 970	4 818	4 971	5 179	Regular maintenance and repair of the dwelling
7 560	7 874	8 304	8 421	8 668	Other services relating to the dwelling
3 308	3 035	3 374	3 282	3 491	Refuse collection, other services n.e.c.
4 252	4 839	4 931	5 139	5 177	Water supply and sewerage services
22 700	21 521	21 955	23 512	24 563	Electricity, gas and other fuels
7 294	7 861	8 760	9 149	9 497	Electricity
1 562	1 665	1 865	2 371	2 534	Gas
7 469	5 774	5 399	4 672	4 583	Liquid fuels
6 375	6 220	5 930	7 321	7 949	Hot water, steam etc.
8 882	8 314	7 872	7 121	7 052	Furniture, furnishings, carpets etc.
2 596	2 441	2 448	2 558	2 658	Household textiles
3 402	3 172	3 408	3 546	3 471	Major household appliances and repairs
3 009	2 819	3 031	3 171	3 091	Major household appliances
393	353	377	375	380	Repair of major household appliances
2 713	2 610	2 460	2 611	2 557	Glass, tableware and household utensils
1 944	1 859	1 736	1 819	1 723	Tools and equipment for house and garden
4 703	4 629	4 629	4 543	5 172	Goods and services for routine household maintenance
3 096	3 089	3 119	3 103	3 442	Non-durable household goods
1 608	1 540	1 510	1 440	1 729	Domestic services and home care services
4 537	4 650	5 344	4 859	4 793	Medical products, appliances and equipment
2 690	2 801	3 451	2 825	2 684	Medical and pharmaceutical products
1 847	1 848	1 894	2 034	2 108	Therapeutic appliances and equipment
4 080	4 164	4 358	4 422	4 907	Out-patient services
680	681	704	712	739	Hospital services

Table 24 (cont.).

Privat konsum fordelt efter formål og varighed

			1988	1989	1990	1991	1992
			Current prices, mill. DKK Årets priser i mio. kr.				
710	V	Purchase of vehicles	14 024	13 547	13 779	15 038	15 835
720		Operation of personal transport equipment	24 531	25 331	25 106	25 844	27 035
7210	T	Maintenance and repairs of motor vehicles	10 252	10 664	10 933	11 450	12 190
7220	IV	Fuels and lubricants	11 304	11 663	11 045	11 005	11 243
7240	T	Other services in respect of pers. transport equip.	2 975	3 004	3 127	3 389	3 602
730	T	Transport services	7 224	8 053	8 232	9 336	8 746
810	T	Communications	6 231	7 120	7 135	7 503	8 441
910		Audio-visual, photogr. and data proc. equip. etc.	5 879	6 588	7 192	8 011	8 805
9110	V	Radio and television sets etc.	3 340	3 593	3 823	4 158	3 815
9120	V	Photographic equipment etc.	418	438	401	388	457
9130	V	Data processing equipment	553	717	1 086	1 387	2 355
9140	HV	Recording media for pictures and sound	1 115	1 364	1 418	1 623	1 730
9150	T	Repair of a/v and data processing equipment	454	476	463	455	448
920	V	Other major durables for recreation and culture	1 976	2 041	1 668	1 588	1 559
930	HV	Other recreational items and equipment	7 960	8 381	8 682	8 876	9 094
940	T	Recreational and cultural services	9 491	10 833	11 560	12 911	13 849
950		Newspapers, books and stationery	6 919	6 981	7 316	7 312	7 051
9510	IV	Books, newspapers and periodicals	5 754	5 809	6 387	6 374	5 919
9530	HV	Stationery and drawing materials etc.	1 165	1 172	929	939	1 131
960	T	Package holidays	3 807	3 721	3 654	3 349	3 531
970	T	Education	2 862	3 110	3 276	3 486	3 660
981	T	Catering	19 412	19 766	21 190	22 445	23 473
982	T	Accommodation services	1 802	2 393	2 527	2 597	2 858
991		Personal care	8 132	8 446	8 795	9 348	9 675
9911	T	Hairdressing salons etc.	2 947	3 018	3 106	3 260	3 318
9912	HV	Appliances, articles and products for personal care	5 185	5 428	5 689	6 088	6 357
992		Personal effects n.e.c.	2 154	2 086	2 021	2 229	2 411
9921	V	Jewellery, clocks and watches	651	576	474	636	689
9922	HV	Other personal effects	1 503	1 510	1 548	1 593	1 722
993		Social protection services	4 556	4 764	5 029	5 360	5 692
9931	T	Retirement homes, day-care centres etc.	733	767	810	863	916
9932	T	Kindergartens, creches etc.	3 823	3 997	4 220	4 497	4 776
994	T	Insurance	7 393	8 631	8 263	8 009	8 276
995	T	Financial services n.e.c.	2 411	3 030	2 710	3 684	4 147
996	T	Other services n.e.c.	2 878	3 337	3 398	3 597	3 396
998		Consump. of non-residents on the eco. territory	-18 533	-18 855	-22 676	-24 208	-25 831
999		Consumption of residents in the ROW	17 661	18 109	19 346	18 469	19 872
		Non-profit inst. serving households (NPISH)	5 586	5 950	6 342	6 793	7 147
		Goods	201 912	205 182	210 170	219 100	225 939
V		Durable	33 673	33 448	34 027	36 064	37 721
HV		Semi-durable	45 317	45 618	46 873	49 401	50 165
IV		Non-durable	122 922	126 116	129 270	133 635	138 053
T		Services	169 207	182 869	191 734	202 877	212 134
		Housing	77 619	83 849	89 619	94 337	97 831
		Other services	91 588	99 020	102 115	108 540	114 303

Private consumption by purpose and durability**Table 24 (cont).**

1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	
1990-prices, mill. DKK 1990-priser i mio. kr.					
15 367	14 189	13 779	14 401	14 576	Purchase of vehicles
25 581	25 205	25 106	25 925	27 189	Operation of personal transport equipment
11 213	11 003	10 933	10 988	11 555	Maintenance and repairs of motor vehicles
10 544	10 794	11 045	11 608	11 936	Fuels and lubricants
3 824	3 407	3 127	3 330	3 698	Other services in respect of personal transport equipment
7 846	8 376	8 232	8 885	8 239	Transport services
6 852	7 242	7 135	7 321	8 288	Communications
5 414	6 306	7 192	8 190	10 522	Audio-visual, photographic and data proc. equipment etc.
2 882	3 274	3 823	4 172	3 802	Radio and television sets etc.
404	453	401	447	537	Photographic equipment etc.
415	647	1 086	1 672	4 202	Data processing equipment
1 221	1 438	1 418	1 458	1 541	Recording media for pictures and sound
492	493	463	441	440	Repair of a/v and data processing equipment
2 563	2 346	1 668	1 615	1 481	Other major durables for recreation and culture
8 377	8 485	8 682	9 232	9 093	Other recreational items and equipment
10 138	11 066	11 560	11 904	12 755	Recreational and cultural services
8 106	7 295	7 316	6 978	6 544	Newspapers, books and stationery
6 791	6 121	6 387	6 040	5 455	Books, newspapers and periodicals
1 315	1 174	929	938	1 089	Stationery and drawing materials etc.
4 143	3 881	3 654	3 249	3 420	Package holidays
3 105	3 192	3 276	3 326	3 385	Education
20 857	20 177	21 190	22 074	23 074	Catering
1 992	2 518	2 527	2 459	2 629	Accommodation services
8 595	8 636	8 795	9 527	9 597	Personal care
3 262	3 193	3 106	3 063	3 064	Hairdressing salons etc.
5 333	5 443	5 689	6 465	6 533	Appliances, articles and products for personal care
2 236	2 090	2 021	2 129	2 216	Personal effects n.e.c.
635	551	474	606	656	Jewellery, clocks and watches
1 601	1 540	1 548	1 523	1 560	Other personal effects
4 915	4 936	5 029	5 028	5 192	Social protection services
783	783	810	820	851	Retirement homes, day-care centres etc.
4 132	4 153	4 220	4 208	4 341	Kindergartens, creches etc.
6 096	7 151	8 263	8 412	7 515	Insurance
2 624	3 131	2 710	3 525	3 899	Financial services n.e.c.
2 967	3 281	3 398	3 472	3 073	Other services n.e.c.
-19 646	-19 185	-22 676	-24 723	-24 802	Consumption of non-residents on the economic territory
18 985	17 903	19 346	17 386	18 548	Consumption of residents in the ROW
6 107	6 255	6 342	6 629	6 870	Non-profit institutions serving households (NPISH)
214 121	209 809	210 170	217 313	222 437	Goods
36 004	34 442	34 027	35 238	37 505	Durable
47 790	46 619	46 873	49 211	48 692	Semi-durable
130 326	128 749	129 270	132 863	136 240	Non-durable
185 692	189 122	191 734	195 487	199 616	Services
87 993	88 775	89 619	90 528	91 054	Housing
97 698	100 347	102 115	104 959	108 562	Other services

Table 25. New classification of industries

Groupings				Danish industrial classification 1993 (DB93)
9	27	53	130	
1	Landbrug, fiskeri og råstofudvinding			Agriculture, fishing and quarrying
0109	Landbrug, hortneri og skovbrug			Agriculture, horticulture and forestry
01109 011009	Landbrug		53-standard	Agriculture
01129 011209	Gartnerier, planteskoler og frugtplantager		53-standard	Horticulture, orchards etc.
01400 014000	Maskinstationer, anlægsgartnerere mv.		53-standard	Agricultural services; landscape gardeners etc.
02000 020000	Skovbrug mv.		53-standard	Forestry
0500 05000 050000	Fiskeri mv.		27-standard	Fishing
1009	Råstofudvinding			Mining and quarrying
11000 110000	Udvinding af råolier og naturgas mv.		53-standard	Extr. of crude petroleum, natural gas etc.
14009 140009	Udvinding af grus, ler, sten, salt mv.		53-standard	Extr. of gravel, clay, stone and salt etc.
2	Fremstillingsvirksomhed			Manufacturing
1509 15009	Nærings- og nydelsesmiddelindustri			Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco
151000	Slagterier mv.		111-standard	Production etc. of meat and meat products
152000	Forarbejdning og konservering af fisk og fiskeprodukter		152010-30	Processing etc. of fish and fish products
153000	Forarbejdning og konservering af frugt og grønsager		153100-153300	Processing etc. of fruit and vegetables
154000	Fremstilling af vegetabiliske og animalske olieer samt fedtstoffer		154100-154300	Mfr. of vegetable and animal oils and fats
155000	Mejerier og isfabrikker		111-standard	Mfr. of dairy products
156009	Fremstilling af stivelsesprodukter, chokolade- og sukkervarer mv.		156-157,1584-89	Mfr. of starch, chocolate and sugar products
158109	Fremstilling af brød, kager og kiks		158110, 158200	Mfr. of bread, cakes and biscuits
158120	Bagerforretninger		111-standard	Bakers' shops
158300	Sukkerfabrikker og - raffinaderier		158300	Manufacture of sugar
159000	Drikkevareindustri		111-standard	Mfr. of beverages
160000	Tobaksindustri		111-standard	Manufacture of tobacco products
1709 17009	Tekstil-, beklædnings- og læderindustri			Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather
170000	Tekstilindustri		111-standard	Mfr. of textiles and textile products
180000	Beklædningsindustri		111-standard	Mfr. of wearing apparel; dressing etc. of fur
190000	Læder- og fodtøjssindustri		111-standard	Mfr. of leather and leather products
2009	Træ-. papir- og grafisk industri			Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.
20000 200000	Træindustri		53-standard	Mfr. of wood and wood products
21009	Papir og grafisk industri			Mfr. of paper prod.; printing and publish.
210000	Papirindustri		111-standard	Mfr. of pulp, paper and paper products
221200	Udgivelse af dagblade		111-standard	Publishing of newspapers
221309	Udgiver- og forlagsvirksomhed ekskl. dagblade		111-standard	Publishing activities, excluding newspapers
222009	Trykkerier		111-standard	Printing activities etc.
2309	Mineralolie-, kemisk- og plastindustri. mv.			Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.
23000 230000	Mineralolieindustri mv.		53-standard	Mfr. of refined petroleum products etc.
24000	Kemisk industri			Mfr. of chemicals and man-made fibres etc.
241109	Fremstilling af industrigasser og uorganiske basiskemikalier		241100, 241300	Mfr. of industrial gases and inorganic basic chemicals
241209	Fremstilling af farvestoffer, pigmenter samt organiske basiskemikalier		241200, 241400	Mfr. of dyes, pigments and organic basic chemicals
241500	Fremstilling af kunstgødning		241500	Manufacture of fertilizers etc.
241617	Fremstilling af basisplast og syntetisk gummi		241600-241700	Mfr. of plastics and synthetic rubber
242000	Fremstilling af pesticider og andre agrokemiske produkter		242000	Manufacture of pesticides and other agro-chemical products
243000	Fremstilling af maling, lak, trykfärver mv. samt tætningsmateriale		243000	Mfr. of paints, printing ink and mastics
244000	Medicinalindustri		111-standard	Mfr. of pharmaceuticals etc.
245070	Fremstilling af rengøringsmidler samt øvrige kemiske produkter		245110-247000	Mfr. of detergents and other chemical products

Table 25 (cont).**New classification of industries**

Groupings				Danish industrial classification 1993 (DB93)
9	27	53	130	
	25000	Gummi- og plastindustri		Mfr. of rubber and plastic products
	251122	Fremstilling af gummidprodukter samt plastemballage mv.	251100-252200	Mfr. of rubber products and plastic packing goods etc.
	252300	Fremstilling af bygningsartikler af plast	252310-252390	Mfr. of builders' ware of plastic
	252400	Fremstilling af andre plastprodukter	252410-252490	Manufacture of other plastic products n.e.c.
2600	26000	Sten-, ler- og glasindustri mv.		Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products
	261126	Glas- og keramisk industri	261100-262600	Mfr. of glass and ceramic goods etc.
	263053	Fremstilling af cement, mursten, tagsten, fliser, kakler mv.	263000-265300	Mfr. of cement, bricks, tiles, flags etc.
	266080	Fremstilling af produkter af beton, cement, asfalt, stenuld mv.	266110-268290	Mfr. of concrete, cement, asphalt and rockwool products
2709		Jern- og metalindustri		Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.
	27009	Fremstilling og forarbejdning af metal		Mfr. and processing of basic metals
	271000	Jern- og stålværker	271000	Mfr. of basic ferrous metals
	272030	Forarbejdning af jern og stål	272100-273500	First processing of iron and steel
	274000	Fremstilling af ikke-jernholdige metaller	274100-274500	Mfr. of basic non-ferrous metals
	275000	Støbning af metalprodukter	275100-275400	Casting of metal products
	281009	Fremstilling af byggematerialer af metal	111-standard	Mfr. of construct. materials of metal etc.
	286009	Fremstilling af håndværktøj, metalemballage mv.	111-standard	Mfr. of hand tools, metal packaging etc.
	29000	Maskinindustri		Mfr. of machinery and equipment n.e.c.
	291000	Fremstilling af skibsmotorer, kompressorer mv.	111-standard	Mfr. of marine engines, compressors etc.
	292000	Fremstilling af maskiner til generelle formål	111-standard	Mfr. of other general purpose machinery
	293000	Fremstilling af landbrugsmaskiner	111-standard	Mfr. of agricultural and forestry machinery
	294009	Fremstilling af maskiner til industri mv.	111-standard	Mfr. of machinery for industries etc.
	297000	Fremstilling af husholdningsapparater	111-standard	Mfr. of domestic appliances n.e.c.
	30009	Elektronikindustri		Mfr. of electrical and optical equipment
	300000	Fremstilling af kontormaskiner og edb-udstyr	300100-300200	Mfr. of office machinery and computers
	310000	Fremstilling af andre elektriske maskiner og apparater	311010-316290	Mfr. of other electrical machinery and apparatus
	320000	Fremstilling af telemateriel mv.	111-standard	Mfr. of radio and communicat. equipm. etc.
	330000	Fremstilling af medicinsk udstyr, instrumenter, ure mv.	111-standard	Mfr. of medical and optical instrum. etc.
	35009	Transportmiddelindustri		Mfr. of transport equipment
	340000	Fremstilling af biler mv.	341000-343000	Manufacture of motor vehicles etc.
	351000	Skibs værfier og bådebryggerier	111-standard	Building and repairing of ships and boats
	352050	Fremstilling af transportmidler ekskl. skibe og biler mv.	352000-355000	Mfr. of transport equipment excl. ships, motor vehicles etc.
3600	36000	Møbelindustri og anden industri		Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.
	361000	Møbelindustri	111-standard	Mfr. of furniture
	362060	Fremstilling af legetøj, guld- og sølvvarer mv.	362100-366390	Mfr. of toys, gold and silver articles etc.
	370000	Genbrug af affaldsprodukter	371000-372000	Recycling of waste and scrap
3	4009	Energi- og vandforsyning		Electricity, gas and water supply
	401000	Elforsyning	111-standard	Production and distribution of electricity
	402000	Gasforsyning	111-standard	Manufacture and distribution of gas
	403000	Varmeforsyning	111-standard	Steam and hot water supply
	410000	Vandforsyning	111-standard	Collection and distribution of water
4	4500	Bygge- og anlægsvirksomhed		Construction
	450001	Nybyggeri	NR-definition	Construction of new buildings
	450002	Reparation og vedligeholdelse af bygninger	NR-definition	Repair and maintenance of buildings
	450003	Anlægsvirksomhed	NR-definition	Civil engineering
	450004	Materiale	NR-definition	Construction materials

Table 25 (cont).**New classification of industries**

Groupings				Danish industrial classification 1993 (DB93)	
9	27	53	130		6.7.3
5	Handel, hotel- og restaurationsvirks. mv.				Wholesale and retail trade; hotels, restaurants
5000	50000	Handel m. biler, autorep., servicestationer			Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.
	501009	Handel med biler, motorcykler mv.	111-standard		Sale of motor vehicles, motorcycles etc.
	502000	Autoreparation	111-standard		Repair and maintenance of motor vehicles
	505000	Servicestationer	111-standard		Service stations
5100	51000	510000 Engros- og agenturhandel undt. m. biler	27-standard		Ws. and commis. trade, exc. of m. vehicles
5200		Detailh. og reparationsvirks. undt. biler			Re. trade and repair work exc. of m. vehicles
	52109	521090 Detailhandel med fødevarer mv.	53-standard		Retail trade of food etc.
	52299	522990 Varehus og stormagasiner	53-standard		Department stores
	52300	523000 Apoteker, parfumerier og materialister mv.	53-standard		Re. sale of phar. goods, cosmetic art. etc.
	52419	524190 Detailhandel m. beklædning og fodtøj	53-standard		Re. sale of clothing, footwear etc.
	52449	524490 Detailhandel i øvrigt, reparationsvirksomhed mv.	53-standard		Other retail sale, repair work
5500	55000	Hotel- og restaurationsvirksomhed mv.			Hotels and restaurants
	551009	Hoteller mv.	111-standard		Hotels etc.
	553009	Restauranter mv.	111-standard		Restaurants etc.
6	Transportvirksomhed, post og telekommunikation				Transport, storage and communication
6009		Transportvirksomhed			Transport
60000		Landtransport, rørtransport			Land transport; transport via pipelines
	601000	Jernbaner	601000		Transport via railways
	602100	Bustrafik mv., rutefart	602100		Other scheduled passenger land transport
	602223	Taxi- og turistvognmænd	602200-602300		Taxi operation and coach services
	602409	Fragtvognmænd mv., rørtransport	111-standard		Freight transport by road and via pipelines
61000	610000	Skibsfart	53-standard		Water transport
62000	620000	Luftrtransport	53-standard		Air transport
63000		Godsbehandling, havne mv., rejsebureauer			Support. trans. activities; travel agencies
	631130	Hjælpevirksomhed i forb. m. transport, rejsebureauvirksomhed	631100-633040		Cargo handling, harbours etc.; travel agencies
	634000	Anden transportformidling	634010-634090		Activities of other transport agencies
6400	64000	640000 Post og telekommunikation	27-standard		Post and telecommunications
7	Finansieringsvirksomhed mv., forretningsservice				Financial intermediation, business activities
6509		Finansierings- og forsikringsvirksomhed			Financial intermediation and insurance etc.
65000		Finansieringsvirksomhed			Financial intermediation
	651000	Pengeinstitutter	111-standard		Monetary intermediation
	652000	Realkreditinstitutter mv.	111-standard		Other financial intermediation
66000		Forsikringsvirksomhed			Insurance and pension funding
	660102	Livs- og pensionsforsikring	660100-660290		Life insurance and pension funding
	660300	Anden forsikringsvirksomhed	660310-660390		Non-life insurance
	67000	670000 Servicevirksomhed for finanssektoren mv.	53-standard		Activities auxiliary to finan. intermediat.
7009		Udlejning og ejendomsformidling			Real estate and renting activities
70000		Ejendomsudlejning og -formidling			Real estate activities
	701109	Ejendomsmæglervirksomhed mv.	7011;7012;7031; 703210		Real estate agents etc.
	702009	Boliger	702010-702030; 703220		Dwellings
	702040	Udlejning af erhvervsejendomme mv.	702040		Letting of non-residential buildings
71000	710000	Udlejning undtagen af fast ejendom			Renting of machinery and equipment etc.

Table 25 (cont.).**New classification of industries**

Groupings				Danish industrial classification 1993 (DB93)
9	27	53	130	
7209			Forretningsservice mv.	
72000			Databehandlingsvirksomhed	
721009			Databehandlingsvirksomhed bortset fra levering af software mv.	721,723-726
722000			Levering af programmel og konsulentbistand i.f.b.m. software	722000
73000			Forskning og udvikling	
730001			Forskning og udvikling (markedsmæssig)	NR-definition
730002			Forskning og udvikling (anden ikke-markedsmæssig)	NR-definition
74000			Rådgivningsvirks. mv., rengøringsvirks.	
741100			Advokatvirksomhed	111-standard
741200			Revisions- og bogføringsvirksomhed	111-standard
742009			Rådgivende ingeniører, arkitekter mv.	111-standard
744000			Reklame- og markedsføring	111-standard
747000			Rengøringsvirksomhed	111-standard
748009			Anden forretningsservice	111-standard
8			Offentlige og personlige tjenesteydelser	Public and personal services
7500	75000		Offentlig administration mv.	Public administration etc.
751100			Generel offentlig administration	111-standard
751209			Offentlig sektoradm. bortset fra vedr. erhverv og infrastruktur mv.	7512;7514;7530
751300			Offentlig administration vedrørende erhverv, infrastruktur mv.	751300
752000			Forsvar, politi og retsvæsen	111-standard
8000	80000		Undervisning	Education
801000			Folkeskoler	111-standard
802000			Gymnasier, erhvervsfaglige skoler	111-standard
803000			Videregående uddannelsesinstitutioner	111-standard
804001			Voksenundervisning mv. (markedsmæssig)	NR-definition
804002			Voksenundervisning mv. (anden ikke-markedsmæssig)	NR-definition
8519	85109		Sundhedsvæsen mv.	Health care activities
851100			Hospitaler	111-standard
851209			Læger, tandlæger, dyrlæger mv.	111-standard
8539			Sociale institutioner mv.	Social work activities
853109			Sociale institutioner mv. for børn og unge	Social institutions etc. for children
853209			Sociale institutioner mv. for voksne	Social institutions etc. for adults
9009			Renovation, foreninger og forlystelser mv.	Other community, social and personal act.
90000			Renovationsvæsen	Sewage and refuse disp. and similar act.
900010			Kloakvæsen og rensningsanlæg	900010
900020			Renovation og renholdelse	900020
900030			Lossepladser og forbrændingsanstalter	900030
91000	910000		Organisationer og foreninger	Activities of membership organiza. n.e.c.
92000			Forlystelser, kultur og sport	Recreational, cultural, sporting activities
920001			Forlystelser, kultur og sport (markedsmæssig)	NR-definition
920002			(anden ikke-markedsmæssig)	NR-definition
93000			Anden servicevirksomhed	Other service activities
930009			Servicevirksomhed i øvrigt	9300
950000			Private husholdninger med ansat medhjælp	950000

Table 26. New classification of individual consumption

Groupings			
13	41	72	Durability
10	110		Fødevarer
	1110	IV	Mel, gryn, brød og kager
	1120	IV	Kød
	1130	IV	Fisk
	1141	IV	Æg
	1142	IV	Mælk, fløde, yoghurt mv.
	1143	IV	Ost
	1150	IV	Smør, margarine og olie mv.
	1160	IV	Frugt og grøntsager
	1171	IV	Kartofler mv.
	1181	IV	Sukker
	1182	IV	Flødeis, chokolade og sukkervarer
	1190	IV	Salt, krydderier, supper mv.
20			Drikkevarer og tobak
120			Ikke-alkoholiske drikkevarer
	1210	IV	Kaffe, te og kakao
	1220	IV	Mineralvand og sodavand
210			Alkoholiske drikkevarer
	2110	IV	Vin og spiritus
	2130	IV	Øl
220	2210	IV	Tobak
30			Beklædning og fodtøj
310			Beklædning
	3110	HV	Beklædning
	3140	T	Vask, rensning
320	3200	HV	Fodtøj
40			Boligbenyttelse
410	4100	T	Husleje
420	4200	T	Beregnet husleje af egen bolig
430	4300	T	Reparation og vedligeholdelse af boliger
440			Tjenester i forb. med boliger
	4410	T	Renovation mv.
	4430	T	Vand og vandafledningsafgift
45	450		Elektricitet og brændsel
	4510	IV	Elektricitet
	4520	IV	Gas
	4530	IV	Flydende brændsel
	4540	IV	Fjernvarme mv.
50			Boligudstyr, husholdningstjenester mv.
510	5100	V	Møbler og gulvtæpper mv.
520	5200	HV	Gardiner, sengelinned mv.
530			Husholdningsmaskiner mv.
	5310	V	Husholdningsmaskiner
	5330	T	Reparation af husholdningsmaskiner
540	5400	HV	Service, køkkenudstyr
550	5500	HV	Husholdnings- og haveredskaber
560			Andre varer og tjenester til husholdningen
	5610	IV	Rengøringsmidler mv.
	5620	T	Hushjælp mv.
60			Medicin, lægeudgifter o.l.
610			Medicin, vitaminer, briller mv.
	6111	IV	Medicin, vitaminer mv.
	6112	V	Briller, høreapparater mv.
620	6200	T	Læge, tandlæge mv.
630	6300	T	Hospitaler, sanatorier
			Food
			Bread and cereals
			Meat
			Fish
			Eggs
			Milk, cream, yoghurt etc.
			Cheese
			Butter, oils and fats
			Fruit and vegetables except potatoes
			Potatoes etc.
			Sugar
			Ice cream, chocolate and confectionery
			Food products n.e.c.
			Beverages and tobacco
			Non-alcoholic beverages
			Coffee, tea and cocoa
			Mineral waters, soft drinks and juices
			Alcoholic beverages
			Wine and spirits
			Beer
			Tobacco
			Clothing and footwear
			Clothing
			Garments and clothing materials etc.
			Laundering, dry cleaning etc.
			Footwear
			Housing
			Actual rentals for housing
			Imputed rentals for housing
			Regular maintenance and repair of the dwelling
			Other services relating to the dwelling
			Refuse collection, other services n.e.c.
			Water supply and sewerage services
			Electricity, gas and other fuels
			Electricity
			Gas
			Liquid fuels
			Hot water, steam etc.
			Furnishing, household equipment etc.
			Furniture, furnishings, carpets etc.
			Household textiles
			Major household appliances and repairs
			Major household appliances
			Repair of major household appliances
			Glass, tableware and household utensils
			Tools and equipment for house and garden
			Goods and services for routine household maintenance
			Non-durable household goods
			Domestic services and home care services
			Medical products, health services
			Medical products, appliances and equipment
			Medical and pharmaceutical products
			Therapeutic appliances and equipment
			Out-patient services
			Hospital services

Table 26 (cont).**New classification of individual consumption**

Groupings				Durability	
13	41	72			
71	710	7100	V	Anskaffelse af køretøjer	Purchase of vehicles
79				Anden transport og kommunikation	Other transport and communication
	720			Drift af individuelle transportmidler	Operation of personal transport equipment
	7210	T		Vedligeholdelse af køretøjer	Maintenance and repairs of motor vehicles
	7220	IV		Benzin og olie til køretøjer	Fuels and lubricants
	7240	T		Biludlejning, køretimer mv.	Other services in respect of personal transport equipment
	730	7300	T	Køb af transportydelser	Transport services
	810	8100	T	Telefon, telefax og porto mv.	Communications
91				Fritidsudstyr, underholdning og rejser	Recreation and culture
	910			Elektronisk fritidsudstyr mv.	Audio-visual, photographic and data proc. equipment etc.
	9110	V		Radio- og tv-apparater mv.	Radio and television sets etc.
	9120	V		Fotoudstyr, videokameraer mv.	Photographic equipment etc.
	9130	V		Pc'ere mv.	Data processing equipment
	9140	HV		Cd'ere, videobånd mv.	Recording media for pictures and sound
	9150	T		Reparation af radio, tv, pc mv.	Repair of a/v and data processing equipment
	920	9200	V	Musikinstrumenter, både mv.	Other major durables for recreation and culture
	930	9300	HV	Sportsudstyr, legetøj, kæledyr mv.	Other recreational items and equipment
	940	9400	T	Forlystelser, tv-licens mv.	Recreational and cultural services
	950			Bøger, blade, papir mv.	Newspapers, books and stationery
	9510	IV		Bøger, aviser og blade	Books, newspapers and periodicals
	9530	HV		Papir og skriveudstyr mv.	Stationery and drawing materials etc.
	960	9600	T	Pakkede ferierejsjer	Package holidays
97				Andre varer og tjenester	Other goods and services
	970	9700	T	Undervisning	Educatiou
	981	9810	T	Udgifter på restauranter mv.	Catering
	982	9820	T	Udgifter til hoteller mv.	Accommodation services
	991			Personligt pleje	Personal care
	9911	T		Frisører mv.	Hairdressing salons etc.
	9912	HV		Toiletartikler, barbermaskiner mv.	Appliances, articles and products for personal care
	992			Personlige effekter	Personal effects n.e.c.
	9921	V		Smykker og ure mv.	Jewellery, clocks and watches
	9922	HV		Kufferter, tasker mv.	Other personal effects
	993			Sociale foraustaltninger	Social protectiou services
	9931	T		Plejehjem, dagcentre mv.	Retirement homes, day-care centres etc.
	9932	T		Daginstitutioner for børn	Kindergartens, creches etc.
	994	9940	T	Forsikring	Insurance
	995	9950	T	Fiuausielle tjensteydelser	Financial services n.e.c.
	996	9960	T	Advokater, andre tjenesteydelser	Other services n.e.c.
99				Turistbalance	Balance of tourism, net
	998	9980		Turistindtægter mv.	Consumption of nou-residents on the economic territory
	999	9990		Turistudgifter mv.	Consumption of resideuts in the ROW
			V	Varige	Durable
			HV	Halvvarende	Semi-durable
			IV	Ikke varige	Non-durable
			T	Tjenester	Services

Table 27.**Key for converting 127 old industries to 130 new industries**

Previous	New	Share	Previous	New	Share	Previous	New	Share
11101	011009	1.00000	34110	200000	0.06701	35600	361000	0.02862
11103	011209	0.85361	34110	210000	0.93299	36100	261126	1.00000
11103	014000	0.14639	34128	210000	0.96167	36200	261126	1.00000
11109	011009	1.00000	34128	274000	0.03833	36910	140009	0.21122
11200	014000	1.00000	34210	222009	1.00000	36910	261126	0.06937
12000	020000	1.00000	34221	210000	0.06577	36910	263053	0.71941
13000	050000	1.00000	34221	221309	0.11519	36920	140009	0.14423
20099	110000	1.00000	34221	222009	0.81904	36920	263053	0.72637
29000	140009	1.00000	34222	210000	0.14939	36920	266080	0.12940
31113	151000	0.99623	34222	221309	0.21714	36993	266080	1.00000
31113	156009	0.00377	34222	222009	0.63348	36998	170000	0.03976
31117	151000	1.00000	34223	210000	0.05880	36998	261126	0.26930
31121	155000	1.00000	34223	221309	0.27721	36998	266080	0.63393
31123	155000	1.00000	34223	222009	0.66399	36998	281009	0.05701
31124	155000	1.00000	34230	221309	0.21327	37101	271000	0.78981
31130	153000	0.90375	34230	222009	0.78673	37101	272030	0.21019
31130	159000	0.09625	34240	221200	0.93559	37102	275000	0.09313
31140	152000	1.00000	34240	221309	0.02916	37102	286009	0.90687
31151	154000	1.00000	34240	222009	0.03526	37201	274000	1.00000
31152	154000	0.75180	34291	221309	1.00000	37202	275000	0.33918
31152	156009	0.24820	34292	221309	1.00000	37202	286009	0.47645
31153	152000	0.70301	34293	221309	1.00000	37202	340000	0.18437
31153	156009	0.29699	35110	156009	0.04404	38121	252400	0.03968
31160	156009	1.00000	35110	241109	0.06796	38121	271000	0.03235
31171	158109	1.00000	35110	241209	0.52234	38121	274000	0.07243
31173	151000	0.03984	35110	242000	0.12111	38121	330000	0.07955
31173	158109	0.96016	35110	245070	0.24455	38121	361000	0.77509
31174	158120	1.00000	35120	241500	0.89129	38138	272030	0.16731
31180	158300	0.92926	35120	242000	0.05437	38138	274000	0.03560
31180	241209	0.07074	35120	244000	0.05434	38138	281009	0.65143
31190	153000	0.05670	35130	241617	0.11619	38138	286009	0.05821
31190	156009	0.94330	35130	245070	0.08638	38138	292000	0.01081
31210	153000	0.20398	35130	251122	0.68328	38138	297000	0.03900
31210	156009	0.79603	35130	252300	0.03540	38138	310000	0.03764
31229	151000	0.31534	35130	252400	0.05323	38191	274000	0.15010
31229	156009	0.68466	35130	320000	0.02552	38191	286009	0.84990
31310	159000	1.00000	35210	243000	1.00000	38198	272030	0.03792
31338	159000	1.00000	35220	156009	0.02138	38198	274000	0.06358
31400	160000	1.00000	35220	241617	0.00814	38198	281009	0.10487
32118	170000	0.87895	35220	244000	0.95496	38198	286009	0.43866
32118	245070	0.12105	35220	245070	0.01553	38198	291000	0.22928
32120	170000	0.88881	35230	245070	1.00000	38198	294009	0.01454
32120	286009	0.11119	35290	243000	0.51455	38198	310000	0.11115
32130	170000	0.73442	35290	245070	0.31881	38220	286009	0.04331
32130	180000	0.26558	35290	362060	0.16664	38220	292000	0.17539
32158	170000	0.85951	35300	230000	1.00000	38220	293000	0.72770
32158	294009	0.14049	35400	140009	0.05814	38220	294009	0.05360
32200	170000	0.03257	35400	230000	0.21202	38238	286009	0.03947
32200	180000	0.96743	35400	241209	0.13711	38238	292000	0.15340
32300	180000	0.06056	35400	266080	0.59274	38238	293000	0.02074
32300	190000	0.93944	35510	251122	0.94797	38238	294009	0.77462
32400	190000	1.00000	35510	340000	0.05203	38238	310000	0.01177
33100	200000	0.94607	35590	251122	1.00000	38280	281009	0.40559
33100	361000	0.05393	35600	251122	0.41364	38280	293000	0.19441
33200	200000	0.00966	35600	252300	0.09340	38280	721009	0.40000
33200	320000	0.01068	35600	252400	0.43614	38293	292000	0.12067
33200	361000	0.97966	35600	310000	0.02821	38293	297000	0.87933

Table 27 (cont).**Key for converting 127 old industries to 130 new industries**

Previous	New	Share	Previous	New	Share	Previous	New	Share
38298	271000	0.00894	62000	505000	0.02085	94000	920002	0.00882
38298	272030	0.00521	62000	521090	0.37062	95130	502000	1.00000
38298	281009	0.04228	62000	522990	0.12702	95299	524490	0.08543
38298	286009	0.01238	62000	523000	0.04226	95299	710000	0.02616
38298	291000	0.36158	62000	524190	0.09930	95299	747000	0.21571
38298	292000	0.37363	62000	524490	0.24052	95299	748009	0.05814
38298	293000	0.01104	62000	710000	0.00104	95299	900010	0.20421
38298	294009	0.07979	63000	551009	0.30757	95299	900020	0.16327
38298	297000	0.01499	63000	553009	0.69243	95299	900030	0.04732
38298	300000	0.07195	71118	601000	0.53111	95299	930009	0.19975
38298	330000	0.00782	71118	602100	0.46889	95400	950000	1.00000
38298	340000	0.01040	71138	602223	0.15003	97099	853209	0.16219
38320	286009	0.01742	71138	602409	0.77651	97099	910000	0.83781
38320	300000	0.01490	71138	631130	0.03378	98100	751100	0.60726
38320	310000	0.05290	71138	640000	0.03851	98100	751209	0.03785
38320	320000	0.84738	71138	744000	0.00099	98100	752000	0.35490
38320	330000	0.06741	71138	748009	0.00018	98200	752000	1.00000
38330	294009	0.10485	71210	610000	1.00000	98300	730002	0.04741
38330	297000	0.89515	71230	610000	0.08067	98300	751209	0.04542
38392	310000	1.00000	71230	631130	0.91270	98300	751300	0.02616
38398	286009	0.01818	71230	634000	0.00663	98300	801000	0.43836
38398	292000	0.02630	71300	620000	0.91985	98300	802000	0.21627
38398	294009	0.03416	71300	631130	0.08015	98300	803000	0.13910
38398	310000	0.82744	71509	631130	0.35104	98300	804002	0.08232
38398	320000	0.05645	71509	634000	0.45477	98300	920002	0.00496
38398	330000	0.03747	71509	710000	0.07774	98400	751209	0.03105
38410	281009	0.03290	71509	752000	0.11646	98400	851100	0.68070
38410	291000	0.00934	72000	640000	1.00000	98400	851209	0.26281
38410	292000	0.01069	81000	651000	0.60799	98400	853209	0.02544
38410	340000	0.12105	81000	652000	0.19450	98500	751100	0.05323
38410	351000	0.82602	81000	670000	0.19752	98500	751209	0.05166
38438	292000	0.02681	82000	660102	0.31350	98500	801000	0.01023
38438	340000	0.76116	82000	660300	0.64421	98500	851209	0.01563
38438	352050	0.21203	82000	670000	0.04229	98500	853109	0.29460
38498	292000	0.17911	83110	702009	1.00000	98500	853209	0.57466
38498	340000	0.13436	83115	702040	1.00000	98600	751100	0.22740
38498	352050	0.68653	83509	701109	0.04414	98600	751209	0.59003
38500	245070	0.02364	83509	710000	0.16487	98600	751300	0.18258
38500	300000	0.04360	83509	721009	0.03432	98700	014000	0.08085
38500	330000	0.93276	83509	722000	0.09620	98700	751209	0.16538
39010	362060	1.00000	83509	730001	0.00070	98700	801000	0.02521
39098	252400	0.04827	83509	741100	0.05866	98700	804002	0.02184
39098	286009	0.10701	83509	741200	0.09541	98700	910000	0.29967
39098	362060	0.84472	83509	742009	0.19899	98700	920002	0.40706
41010	401000	1.00000	83509	744000	0.13398	98800	450003	0.23509
41020	402000	1.00000	83509	748009	0.12431	98800	631130	0.04780
41030	403000	1.00000	83509	910000	0.04386	98800	730002	0.02426
42000	410000	1.00000	83509	920001	0.00457	98800	742009	0.04135
51000	450001	1.00000	93109	748009	0.17626	98800	748009	0.06017
52001	450002	1.00000	93109	804001	0.82374	98800	751209	0.21773
52002	450004	1.00000	93300	730001	0.11024	98800	751300	0.33598
53000	450003	1.00000	93300	851100	0.00288	98800	900020	0.03763
61000	370000	0.00244	93300	851209	0.88514			
61000	501009	0.04183	93300	930009	0.00174			
61000	510000	0.94109	94000	710000	0.01789			
61000	524490	0.01464	94000	748009	0.00962			
62000	501009	0.09839	94000	920001	0.96366			

Table 28.**Key for converting 66 old groups of private consumption to 72 new groups**

Previous	New	Share	Previous	New	Share	Previous	New	Share
001	1110	0.99739	431	5310	0.90380	630	7210	0.01040
001	1120	0.00077	431	5400	0.01388	630	7300	0.67583
001	1171	0.00184	431	5500	0.08232	630	9600	0.30590
002	1120	0.99660	432	5330	1.00000	630	9940	0.00788
002	1130	0.00002	440	4300	0.01713	640	8100	1.00000
002	1150	0.00337	440	5100	0.00010	711	9110	1.00000
003	1130	1.00000	440	5200	0.00262	712	5500	0.01556
004	1141	1.00000	440	5310	0.00105	712	8100	0.04771
005	1142	1.00000	440	5400	0.71233	712	9120	0.11929
006	1143	1.00000	440	5500	0.25708	712	9130	0.65894
007	1150	1.00000	440	5610	0.00060	712	9200	0.15850
008	1150	0.99910	440	9912	0.01039	713	3140	0.00035
008	5610	0.00090	440	9921	-0.00130	713	4300	0.02911
009	1160	0.86049	451	4300	0.02151	713	5100	0.00405
009	1220	0.13951	451	4540	0.01988	713	5500	0.01062
010	1171	1.00000	451	5100	0.00018	713	9120	0.00002
011	1181	1.00000	451	5200	0.00193	713	9140	0.15345
012	1210	1.00000	451	5610	0.67889	713	9200	0.02235
013	1182	1.00000	451	9300	0.04687	713	9300	0.78006
014	1182	0.96981	451	9530	0.00831	714	5500	0.03663
014	1190	0.03019	451	9912	0.22243	714	9110	0.01264
015	1110	0.07582	452	3140	0.29665	714	9150	0.66577
015	1182	0.15742	452	4410	0.10398	714	9200	0.28495
015	1190	0.76675	452	5620	0.34684	720	9400	0.99247
120	1220	1.00000	452	9940	0.15128	720	9960	0.00753
131	2130	1.00000	452	9960	0.10125	730	9510	0.95335
132	2110	1.00000	460	5620	0.87009	730	9530	0.04665
140	2210	1.00000	460	9960	0.12991	740	9700	1.00000
210	3110	0.98573	510	6111	0.88476	750	9932	1.00000
210	5100	0.00441	510	9912	0.11524	811	9911	1.00000
210	5200	0.00100	520	6112	0.91104	812	9912	1.00000
210	5500	0.00886	520	9922	0.08896	821	9300	0.00066
220	3200	1.00000	530	6200	1.00000	821	9921	0.99934
311	4100	0.35535	540	6200	0.08736	822	5500	0.01587
311	4200	0.64465	540	6300	0.42438	822	5610	0.00093
312	4430	1.00000	540	9931	0.48826	822	9922	0.98320
321	4510	1.00000	550	9940	0.92849	823	5100	0.00975
322	4520	1.00000	550	9960	0.07151	823	5500	0.00492
323	4530	1.00000	610	6112	0.00020	823	9300	0.01029
324	4540	1.00000	610	7100	0.96238	823	9510	0.04776
410	4300	0.00098	610	7210	0.00265	823	9530	0.92728
410	5100	0.99902	610	9200	0.03477	831	9810	1.00000
420	4300	0.00667	621	5610	0.00175	832	9820	1.00000
420	5100	0.03522	621	7210	0.98147	850	9940	0.39039
420	5200	0.87801	621	9110	0.01678	850	9950	0.60276
420	5500	0.05803	622	7220	1.00000	850	9960	0.00685
420	8100	0.00001	623	7210	0.26160	860	9960	1.00000
420	9120	0.00904	623	7240	0.44424	994	9980	1.00000
420	9921	0.00200	623	9940	0.29036	995	9990	1.00000
420	9922	0.01103	623	9960	0.00380			