

Statistical Yearbook 2004

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Preface

This is the 108th edition of the Statistical Yearbook.

The Statistical Yearbook is a reference work, the purpose of which is to present comprehensible and illustrative information about social and economic conditions in Denmark. The Statistical Yearbook is also a guide to official statistics.

In addition to statistics compiled by Statistics Denmark, the Yearbook also includes data compiled by other Danish institutions or authorities (sources are indicated).

We always welcome any comments or suggestions from our users. Please e-mail your suggestions to mpb@dst.dk

The *printed* version of the Statistical Yearbook will only be available in Danish. However, an English version of the Yearbook will be accessible, free of charge, in electronic format on Statistics Denmark's homepage www.dst.dk. The Danish version of the Statistical Yearbook will also be located on this homepage.

This edition, as previous editions, includes two independent sections containing information in summary form about the Faeroe Islands and Greenland, as well as a concluding section with international tables.

The Yearbook concludes with a *complete* list of definitions and glossary in alphabetical order.

The tables and texts in the different sections of the Statistical Yearbook are compiled by those divisions in Statistics Denmark which cover the subjects concerned. The book is edited by Margrethe Pihl Bisgaard, Senior head clerk, and Philip Sonne, Head of section.

If there are any subsequent errors in the book, corrections to the page in question will be available on our web site at: www.dst.dk/yearbook.

Statistics Denmark, May 2004

Jan Plovsing / Leon Østergaard

Symbols

- » Repetition
- Nil
- Not applicable
- 0 Less than 0.5 the final digit shown
- 0,0 Less than 0.05 the final digit shown
- .. Available information not conclusive or withheld owing to nondisclosure practice
- ... Data not available
- * Provisional or estimated figures
- Break in a series, which means that data above the line are not fully comparable with data below the line

Due to rounding, the figures given for individual items do not necessarily add up the corresponding totals shown.

Environment and energy

1. Energy consumption

Denmark self-sufficient as regards energy

Since 1997, Denmark has been self-sufficient as regards energy thanks to the increased extraction of crude oil and natural gas from the North Sea. The own production of oil in 2001 was lower compared to 2000, due to an explosion in the Gorm oilfield, which hampered the oil production for a short period of time. This resulted in lower exports of oil in 2001, but the export rose again in 2002. 31 per cent of the Danish oil-production was exported in 2002.

More renewable energy sources

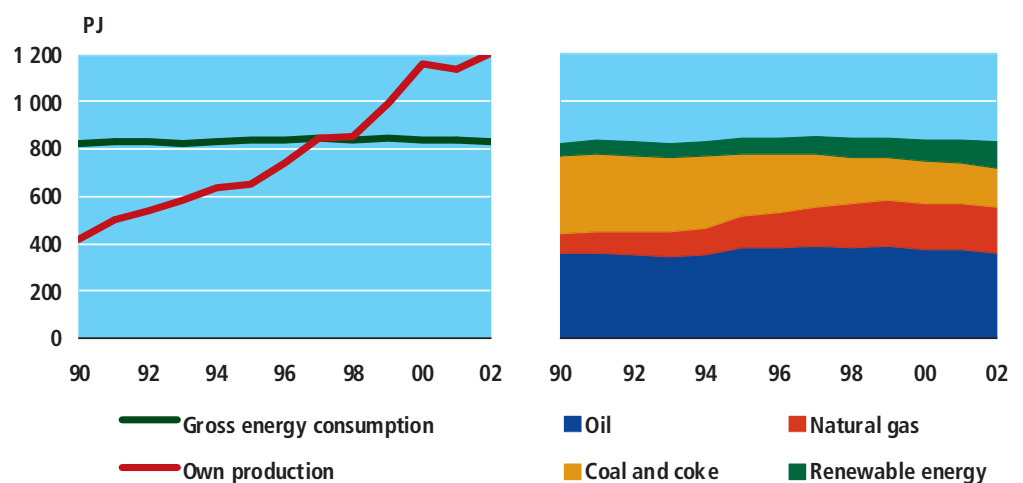
The consumption of oil and natural gas fell 5 per cent 2000 to 2001, while the consumption of natural gas remained constant during the same period. The consumption of renewable energy had a 9 per cent increase. This plays a particularly important part as regards environmental issues, as an increase in the use of such energy can cause a reduction in carbon dioxide emissions by replacing the use of fossil fuels such as coal and oil. Renewable energy sources include the carbon-dioxide free types of energy such as wind power and solar power as well as carbon-dioxide neutral fuels such as hay and wood, which absorb carbon dioxide from the atmosphere during growth, only to release it again when burnt.

Stable energy consumption in recent years

Gross energy consumption comprises the consumption of oil, natural gas, coal and renewable energy. When calculating gross energy consumption, adjustments are made to take into account imports and exports of electricity. Total gross energy consumption has remained stable in recent years, whereas the composition of fuels has changed markedly, resulting in an increase in the consumption of natural gas and renewable energy and a subsequent decrease in coal consumption.

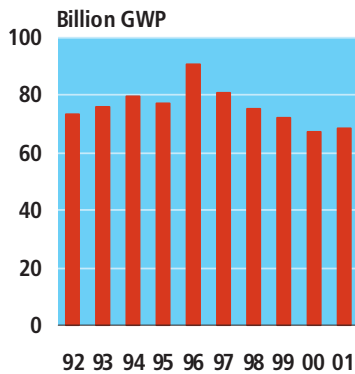
Figure 1

Gross energy consumption 1990-2002



2. Air pollution

Figure 2
Emissions of greenhouse gases 1992-2001



Greenhouse gases

The air and the environment are subjected to a significant pressure created by humans from the burning of fossil fuels, which entails emissions of greenhouse gases such as carbon dioxide (CO₂), laughing gas (N₂O), methane (CH₄), and chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs). Carbon dioxide is the most important of these substances. Greenhouse gases are not dangerous in themselves for human beings, but in greater quantities they are assumed to contribute to a gradual increase in average global temperatures.

Fall in emissions of greenhouse gases in recent years

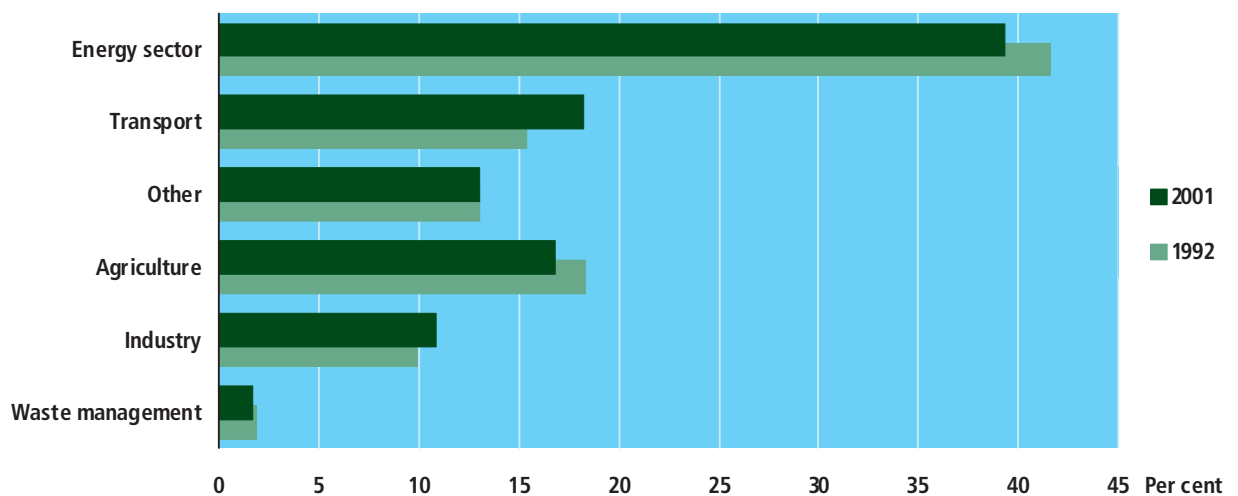
Denmark's emissions of carbon dioxide vary over the years, a fact which is partly due to the net exports of electricity. In the years where Denmark has a large export of electricity, carbon-dioxide emissions increase as power generation increases. However, reductions in the emissions of carbon dioxide have been achieved by replacing fossil fuels, such as coal, by natural gas and renewable energy and by an increase in energy effectiveness. The effect of the various greenhouse gases on the atmosphere varies. They are therefore converted to the so called GWPs (Global Warming Potential). GWP indicates the effect of the various greenhouse gases converted to the quantity of carbon dioxide that would have the same climatic impact – 1 kg carbon dioxide corresponds to 1 GWP.

The energy sector is the main source of emissions – but the share has declined

In 2001 the energy sector accounted for 39 per cent of the total greenhouse gases measured in GWP, but the share has fallen since 1992, where the energy sector accounted for 42 per cent of the total emissions. The transport sector was also a large contributor accounting for 18 per cent of the total emissions in 2001. The majority of emissions of methane (CH₄) come from agriculture and nature (e.g. emissions from ruminant animals and bogs). Emissions of laughing gas (N₂O) result mainly from the use of nitrogenous fertilisers. Agriculture contributed with 17 per cent of total emissions of greenhouse gases in 2001.

Figure 3

Emissions of greenhouse gases (GWP) by sectors

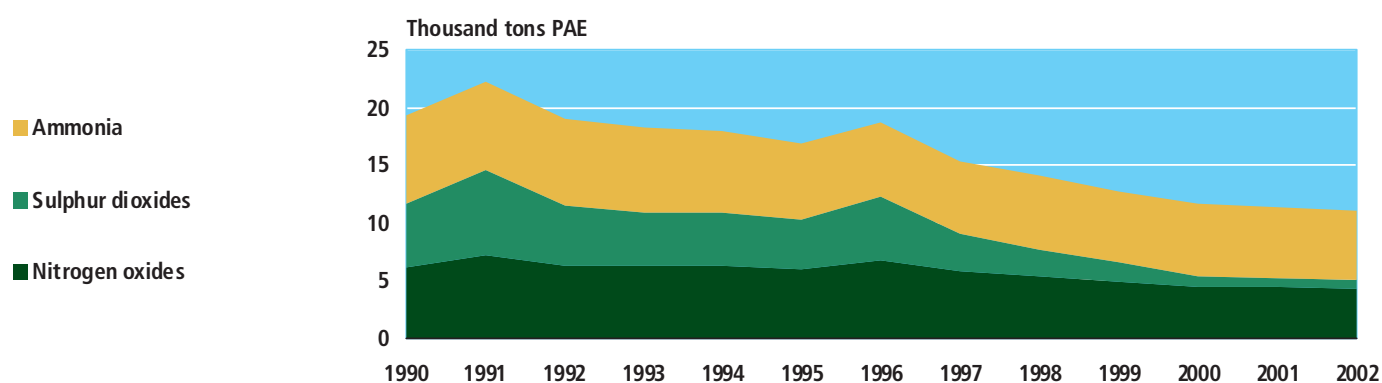


Acidification

The environment is also subjected to significant pressure from the increased acidity of the air. Acidification occurs when emissions of nitrogen and sulphur fall with precipitation in the form of ammonia (NH₃), nitrogen oxides (NO_x) and sulphur dioxides SO₂. Sulphur and nitrogen combine to form acidic chemical compounds which cause buildings to deteriorate and are harmful to plants and the aquatic environment. Acidification is calculated by means of Potential Acidification Equivalents (PAEs), which is a common acidification unit for all acidifying substances.

Figure 4

Acidification from Danish activities 1990-2002



Source: the National Environmental Research Institute of Denmark

The acidifying substances come mainly from agriculture, from energy conversion within the energy sector, and from the transport sector. In 1990, agriculture was the largest contributor, accounting for 40 per cent of the total Danish emissions. Energy conversion accounted for 32 per cent and the transport sector for 15 per cent. These percentages have changed: in 2002, agriculture accounted for the greater share of emissions, 52 per cent, while the transport sector accounted for 18 per cent and energy conversion accounted for 13 per cent. Emissions from the energy sector have declined due to the introduction of desulphurization plants and increasing consumption of natural gas at the expense of coal and oil.

Transboundary gases

Acidifying substances are transboundary in nature. They are carried far and wide by the wind, and thus emissions from one country may fall and cause acidification of the environment in a different country. This means that part of the acidification potential from Danish activity contributes to acidification of the environment in a number of neighbouring countries, most of which are situated to the east of Denmark. Similarly, the Danish environment is not just exposed to acidification from Danish emissions, but also exposed to foreign emissions brought to Denmark by the wind, mostly from west.

The environmental strain caused by the transport sector

Transport interlinks a society, but is also a strain on the environment. Construction of roads, railways, ports and airports is the prerequisite of transport, which may have a negative impact on our recreational natural resorts. The strain caused by transport in urban areas is, e.g. noise, particulates, laughing gas, nitrogen oxides, carbon monoxide, sulphur dioxide, volatile hydrocarbons (NMVOC), etc. In the present context, the transport sector is defined as overall road transport, railway transport, air and sea transport in Denmark.

A decrease in the environmental strain caused by the transport sector

One method in which to estimate the environmental strain caused by the transport sector is to look at the trends in emissions of the most important substances from the transport sector and the transport sector's energy consumption, compared to the social and economic activities in terms of the Gross National Product (GDP). It is assumed that there is a "national relaxation" of the negative environmental emissions from the transport sector in relation to the social and economic activities, provided that emissions are declining

Figure 5

Relaxation indicators for the transport sector 1990-2001(2)

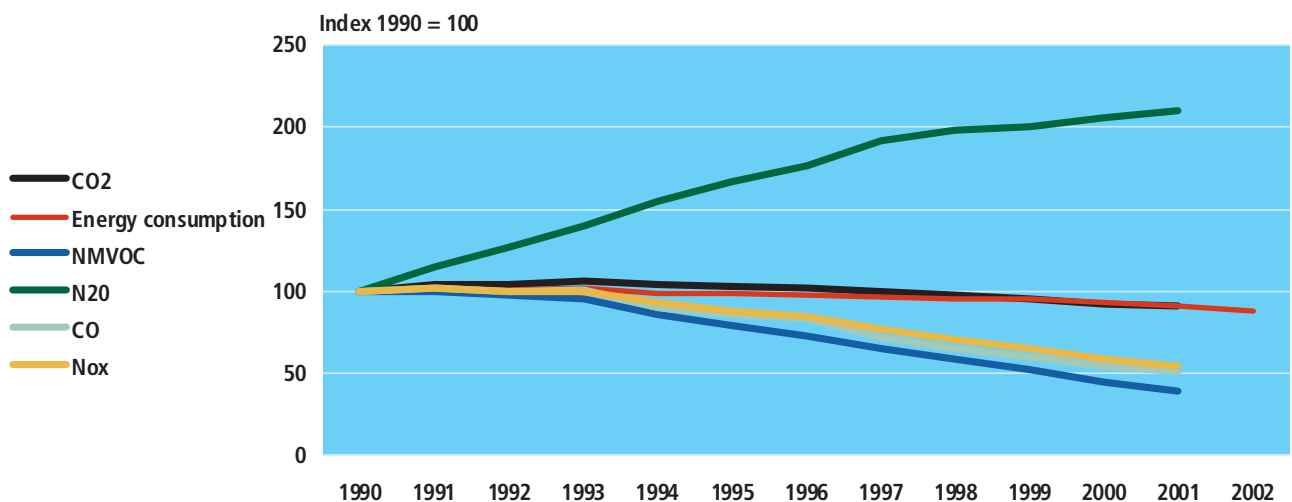
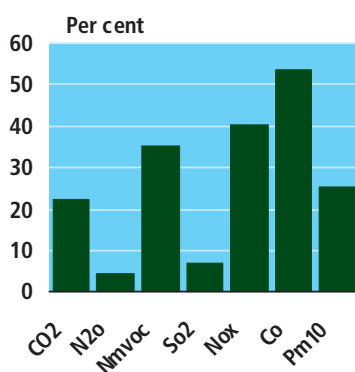


Figure 6
Percentage of all national emissions accounted for by the transport sector, 2001



Kilde: Danmarks Miljøundersøgelser

The period 1990 to 2001 saw a considerable relaxation of the most important environmental emissions from the transport sector. The greatest relaxation is attributed to volatile hydrocarbons, when emissions in 2001 only reached 40 pct. of the 1990 level. Since 1997 there has been a steady relaxation in emissions of carbon dioxide, whereas emissions of laughing gas accounted for a considerably higher increase in emissions from the transport sector than the increase in economic growth (GDP).

The transport sector accounts for the highest share of emissions of carbon monoxide

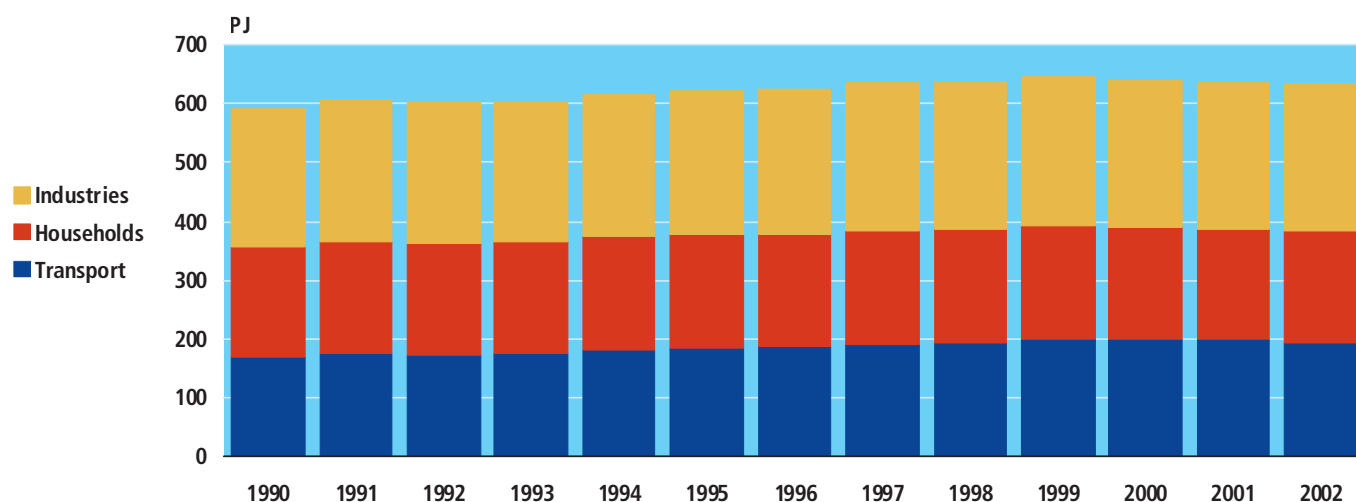
The transport sector's share of total national emissions in 2001 was the highest for carbon monoxide reaching 54 pct. and the lowest for laughing gas reaching 4 pct. The largest contributor to emissions of carbon monoxide is the transport sector. The shares do not reflect absolute emissions measured in tonnes or the damaging effects on the environment.

The transport sector accounts for an increasing share of energy consumption

Comparisons of energy consumption in terms of energy units by the transport sector with energy consumption by households and industries over the period 1990 to 2002 show that there is a minor increase in the transport sector's share of total energy consumption, whereas the share of industries has remained constant and the share of households shows a minor fall. The transport sector's share has increased from 29 pct. of total energy consumption in 1990 to 31 pct. in 2002.

Figure 7

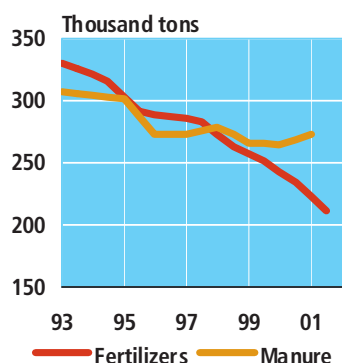
Final energy consumption by sector 1990-2002



Source: Danish Energy Authority

3. Agriculture

Figure 8
Nitrogen in manure and commercial fertilizers
1993-2002



Declining use of fertilizers in agriculture

Agricultural production of animal and vegetable products involves the use of manure and commercial fertilizers. This causes large quantities of nitrogen and small quantities of phosphorus to be discharged into the soil. Some nitrogen and phosphorus is not received by plants and as a consequence is leached from the soil, leading to a discharge of these substances into the ocean via the water run offs. The adverse effects include undesirable algae growth, resulting in an undesirable environmental state. The use of especially commercial fertilizers has declined over the last decade.

Aquatic Environment Action Plan II

The Aquatic Environment Action Plan II constitutes a response to this state. The leaching of nitrogen is to be reduced by measures such as extending wetlands, organic farming, and sowing crops after harvesting to absorb nitrogen from the soil. Another measure concerns stricter "harmony requirements", i.e. stricter regulations to ensure greater balance between the amount of manure produced and the corresponding land farmed at individual farms.

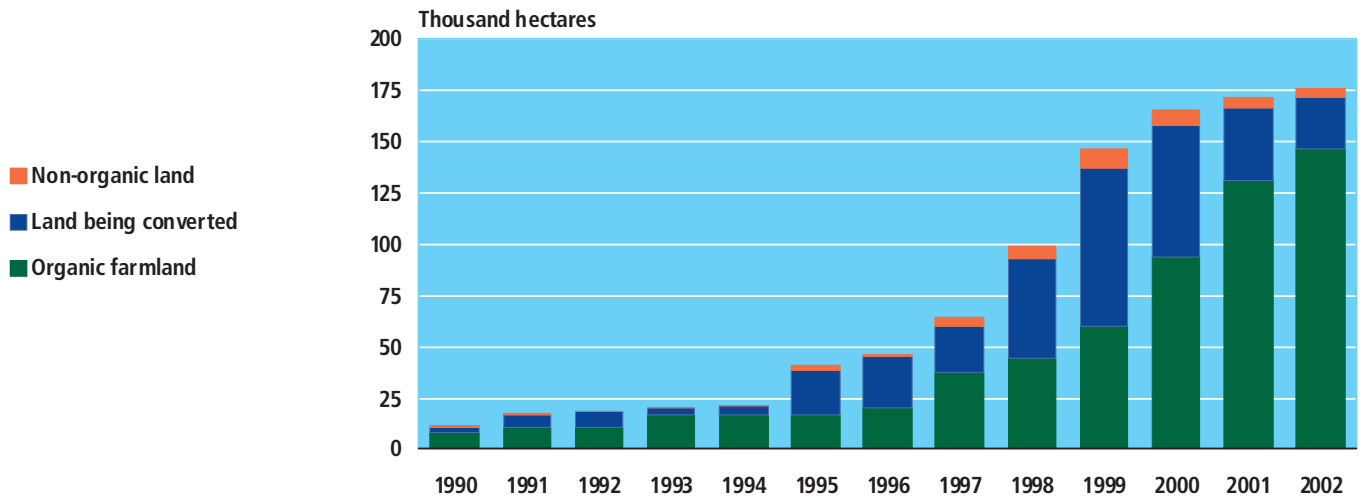
More organic farmland

The proportion of organic farmland has increased significantly during recent years. For example, the amount of land used for organic farming doubled from 1994 to 1995 and again from 1997 to 1999. The amount of land used for organic farming increased by 40 per cent from 2000 to 2001 and by 12 per cent from 2001 to 2002. It now covers 145,000 ha. In addition 25,000 ha of land is being relayed to organic farming. Thus, organic farming accounted for 6 per cent of all Danish farmland in 2002.

Environment and energy

Figure 9

Total areal extent of organic farms 1990-2002



Source: the Plant Directorate. Note: the areal extent includes forests.

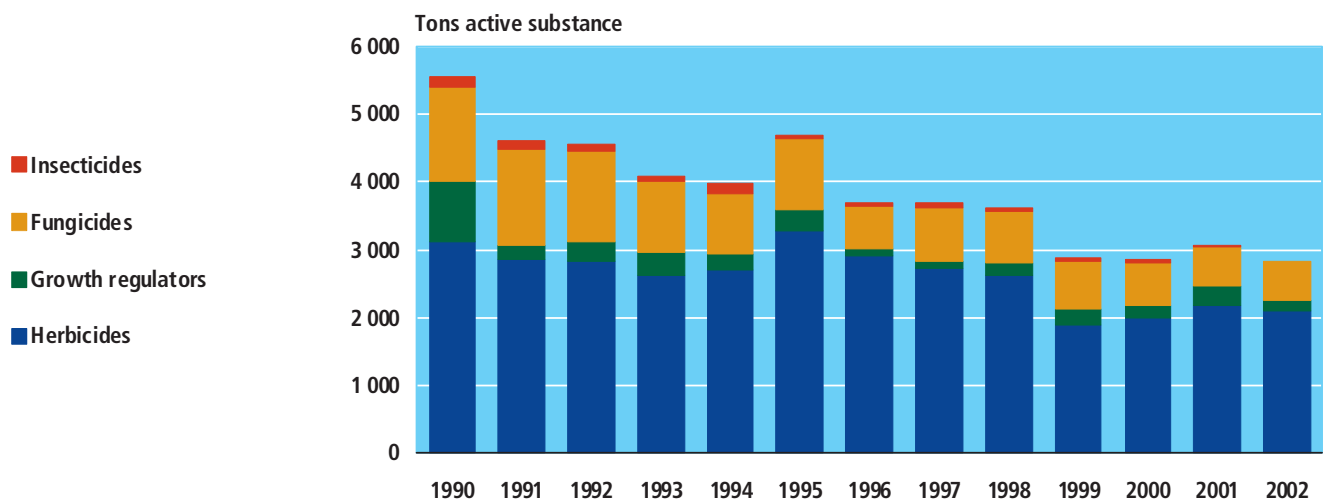
Combat of weeds, pests, and fungi is harmful for the environment

Pesticides are chemical products which are mainly used within agriculture to combat weeds, fungi, and insects. Effective control of pests, weeds, and fungi in fields has had an indirect effect on the number of animals, which feed on insects. The effect might be fatal or entail a reduction in the reproductive abilities of the relevant animals. Such harmful pressure on the environment entails a reduction in global biodiversity.

Pesticides are divided into products, which protect crops against weeds, herbicides, against fungus infection, fungicides, and against insects, insecticides. There are also products, which shorten crops, growth regulators.

Figure 10

Pesticide sales to agriculture 1990-2002



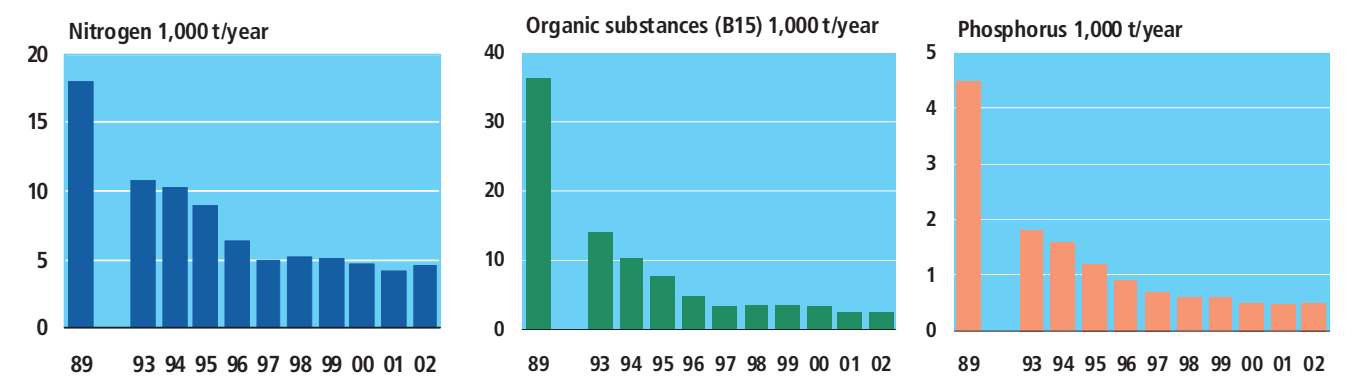
Source: the Danish Environmental Protection Agency

4. Waste water

Emissions of nitrogen, organic substances, and phosphorus

The majority of all buildings in Denmark are connected to sewers, and most wastewater passes through municipal sewage treatment plants before being discharged into lakes, watercourses, or the ocean. Discharges of organic substances, nitrogen and phosphorus from sewage treatment plants were increased from 2001 to 2002.

Figure 11 Discharges from sewage treatment plants 1989-2002



Source: the Danish Environmental Protection Agency

When rainfall goes up, water quantities in sewage treatment plants also rise. This entails a reduction in the effectiveness of the measures to remove nitrogen and organic substances, whereas the removal of phosphorus is not affected.

Almost 90 per cent of all Danish residential properties are connected to a municipal sewerage system. In the sewers, waste water from households is mixed with industrial effluents and water from the special drains for rainwater. A few enterprises have their own discharge points because of their distant location.

5. Waste

Household waste increases

In 2002, the Danes produced 3.1 million tons of household waste. This corresponds to 580 kg per citizen. The total waste quantities were 13.1 million tons. This constituted a minor decrease of 3 per cent in relation to 2001. Changes were seen in several sectors. Manufacturing and construction produced 12 per cent less waste in 2002 compared to 2001. The sewage treatment plants accounted for the largest decrease, as the quantity of sludge from sewage treatment plants decreased by 10 per cent in relation to 2001. The power plants produced 1 per cent more waste from 2001 to 2002, while the wholesale and retail trade generated 4 per cent more waste in the same period. The construction industry generated a 19 per cent larger amount of waste for recycling. This was mainly due to an increase in the amount of soil and rocks – roughly 636.000 tons – from seven new plants for treatment of soil.

Environment and energy

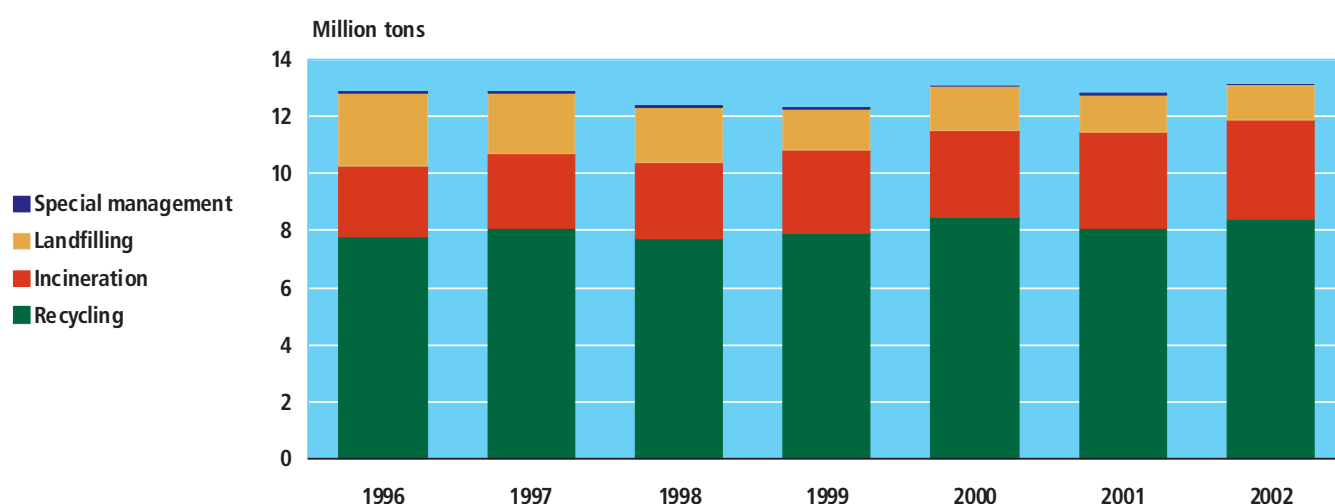
The most commonly used treatment of waste is recycling

In 2002, 64 pct. of the total amount of waste was recycled. The amount of incinerated waste made up 26 pct., and 9 pct. of the waste was deposited in refuse dumps and the like. Less than 1 pct. of the waste was subjected to special treatment. When it was decided to stop the depositing of waste suitable for incineration, the power plants were granted an exemption to make use of a temporary possibility of "storing" the waste until the refuse incineration plants had idle capacity.

The construction industry accounted for the highest amount of waste

The majority of waste was collected from the construction industry, i.e. 31 per cent of total waste in 2002. This was closely followed by the household sector with 24 per cent. Manufacturing produced 18 per cent, wholesale and retail trade and clerical occupations produced 10 per cent. The sewage-treatment plants produced 8 per cent, while the power plants cent produced 9 per cent of the total amount of waste.

Figure 12 Total waste quantities 1996-2002



Note: improved data input is one of the causes of the significant increase up until 1996.

Source: the Danish Environmental Protection Agency

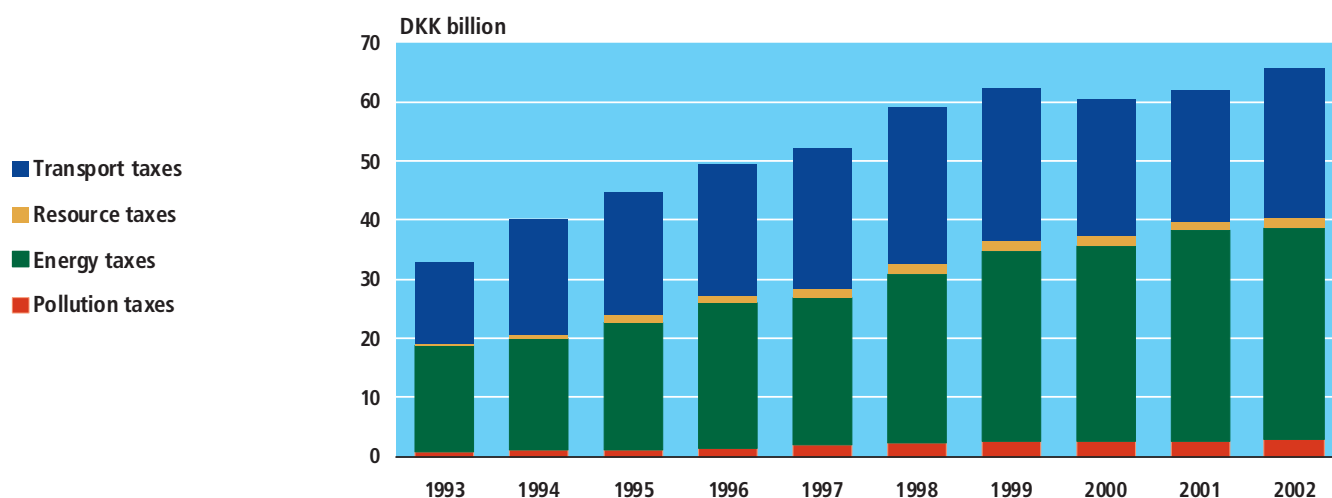
6. Public sector response

Environmental taxes

Denmark's environmental policy involves an increasing use of environmental taxes. Environmental taxes comprise pollution taxes, energy taxes, resource taxes and transport taxes. In 2002, the total revenue generated from these taxes was DKK 65.7 billion, corresponding to 10 per cent of total revenues from taxes and duties. Energy taxes accounted for the greatest increase. Total revenue generated from energy taxes amounted to 35.8 billion in 2002, corresponding to 55 per cent of total revenue from the environmental taxes. In the same year, transport taxes accounted for DKK 25.3 billion or 39 per cent of environmental taxes. Pollution taxes accounted for 4 per cent and resource taxes 3 per cent

Environment and energy

Figure 13 Environmental taxes 1993-2002



Energy taxes comprise taxes and duties on carbon dioxide, sulphur dioxide, electricity, natural gas, petrol and specific petroleum products. Transport taxes comprise taxes and duties on tyres, third-party liability insurance and sales of number plates for motor vehicles, weight duties and registration duties and passenger duties. Pollution taxes comprise taxes and duties on CFCs, PVCs, phthalates, chlorinate solvents, growth stimulants, pesticides, specific retail containers, nickel/cadmium batteries, and waste and waste water. Resource taxes comprise taxes and duties on game and fishing licence, quarrying and imports of raw materials, and piped water.

Table 1

Area, population and coastline 2004

	Land and inland water area km ²	Population 1. januar	Density of popula- tion per km ²	Number of islands	Inland water area 1959 km ²	Coastline 1959 km
Denmark	43 098.31 ¹	5 397 640	125.2	407	700	7 314
Regions						
Zealand	7 450.59 ¹	2 273 215	305.1	99	184	1 735
Lolland-Falster	1 795.34	113 717	63.3	45	24	587
Bornholm	588.55	43 774	74.4	9	3	141
Funen	3 485.84	475 082	136.3	100	26	1 130
The Islands, total	13 320.32	2 905 788	218.1	252	237	3 593
Jutland	29 777.99	2 491 852	83.7	154	463	3 721
Counties						
Copenhagen Municipality	88.25	501 664	5684.6	2	3	92
Frederiksberg Municipality	8.77	91 721	10458.5	•	0	•
Copenhagen County	528.26	618 407	1170.6	3	15	121
Frederiksborg County	1 347.44 ¹	373 688	277.3	14	80	248
Roskilde County	891.42	237 089	266.0	18	7	154
West Zealand County	2 983.77	302 479	101.4	28	66	608
Storstrøm County	3 398.02	261 884	77.1	77	36	1 099
Bornholm Municipality	588.55	43 774	74.4	9	3	141
Funen County	3 485.84	475 082	136.3	100	27	1 130
South Jutland County	3 939.12	252 936	64.2	14	119	567 ²
Ribe County	3 131.66	224 595	71.7	4	23	207
Vejle County	2 996.64	355 691	118.7	10	26	264
Ringkøbing County	4 853.95	274 830	56.6	23	80	598
Århus County	4 560.73	653 472	143.3	40	77	635
Viborg County	4 122.51	234 659	56.9	15	90	646
North Jutland County	6 173.38	495 669	80.3	46	48	804
Faroe Islands ³	1 398.85	48 228	34.5	17 ⁴	...	1 117 ⁵
Greenland ⁶	410 449.00 ⁷	56 854	0.1	...	...	...

Note 1. The most southern point in Denmark is Gedserodde on Falster, 11°58'15" east, 54°33'35" north, the most northerly point is near Skagen 10°36'11" east, 57°45'07" north, the most westerly point is Blåvandshuk 08°04'22" east, 55°33'36" north, and the most easterly point is Christiansø (Østerskær), 15°11'55" east, 55°19'17" north. *European Datum, 1950.*

Note 2. The basic measurements were carried out by the Geodætisk Institut between 1953-1959 on the topographical maps current at that time (1:20,000), cf. *Danmarks Areal* (Statistiske Meddelelser 1968:4). Areas were transferred by Statistics Denmark in planimetric measurements to the current 4 cm maps (1:25,000).

Note 3. Areas in column 1 include all areas within the contours of the country. Fjords and inlets which have free passage to the sea (e.g. Ringkøbing fjord), are not included in the figures.

Note 4. The figures in columns 5 and 6 are from the 1959 planimetric measurements and they have not been transferred to more modern maps. In column 6, 4 lakes and 2 closed fjords, each of over 100 hectares (10 km²) are included: these are Arresø, Esrumsø, Mossø, Tissø, Saltbæk Vig and Stadil Fjord. There are 53 named islands in the Danish lakes with a total area of 1.97 km². The coastline is divided into counties according to the local authority allocation of 1 April 1970.

Note 5. Named lakes, water courses, etc. in parishes which were divided into municipalities, each in its own county, on 1 April 1970 are included in that county with the largest part of the parish.

¹ Frederikssund has got 2 ha from Roskilde Fjord. ² The border with Germany was measured as 67.7 km. In length ³ 1/2 2004 ⁴ Inhabited islands. ⁵ Measured in 1955.

⁶ January the 1. st 2004 ⁷ Only the part of Greenland free of ice is included. The total area of Greenland is 2,166,086 km², of which 81 pct. is covered by inland ice.

Source: National Survey and Cadastra.

Table 2

Administrative division of Denmark 2004

	Municipalities	Parishes	Customs and tax regions	Assessment districts	Valuation districts	Constituencies ¹		Judicial districts
						Counties and large constituencies	Constituencies	
Total	271	2 123	27	27	224	17	103	82
The Islands	130	893	14	14	121	10	58	40
Copenhagen Municipality	1	71	1	1	13	3	{ 16	1
Frederiksberg Municipality	1	10					{ 3	1
Copenhagen County	18	70	3 ²	2	22	1	9	10
Frederiksborg County	19	78	2	2	17	1	4	5
Roskilde County	11	68	1 ³	1	10	1	3	2
West Zealand County	23	167	2 ³	2	17	1	6	7
Storstrøm County	24	182	2 ³	2	16	1	6	6
Bornholm Municipality	1 ⁴	22	1	1	3	1	2	1
Funen County	32	225	2	3	23	1	9	7
Jutland	141	1 230	13	13	103	7	45	42
South Jutland County	23	116	2	2	12	1	7	6
Ribe County	14	88	1	1	9	1	4	5 ⁵
Vejle County	16	135	1 ^{6,7}	2	13	1	6	5 ⁵
Ringkøbing County	18	143	2 ⁷	1	12	1	4	6
Århus County	26	285	3	3	22	1	10	6
Viborg County	17	223	2 ⁸	2	14	1	5	5 ¹⁰
North Jutland County	27	240	2 ⁹	2	21	1	9	9 ¹⁰

Note 1. Judicial system: There are two High-Court districts and 15 jury districts. The East High-Court District covers the Islands, which are divided into 9 jury districts. The West High-Court District covers Jutland and is divided into 6 jury districts.

Note 2. Conscription districts: There are 6 conscription districts, 2 east and 4 west of the Great Belt. With regard to ecclesiastical matters, there are 10 parishes (111 rural deans and 1,345 reverends).

Note 3. Danish Working Environment Service: There are 14 Inspection Districts: Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipality comprise 1 district, Roskilde and Bornholm county comprise 1 district, while the remaining part of Denmark's 12 counties each comprises 1 district.

Note 4. The Public Employment Office: There are 14 public employment offices: Copenhagen and Frederiksberg municipality and Copenhagen county which has 1 office, while the remaining part of Denmark's 13 counties each has 1 office.

Note 5. There are 8 Customs and Tax Regions 4 on the Islands 4 in Jutland.

¹ In accordance with Act no. 488 of 11 June 1998 regarding election to the Folketing. ² Copenhagen County is part of Customs and Tax Region Copenhagen, South Zealand and North Zealand-Bornholm. ³ Roskilde County, West Zealand and Storstrøms County belong to Customs and Tax Region South Zealand. ⁴ With the exception of Christiansø, which is not comprised by the division of municipalities; the island is administered by the Ministry of Defence. ⁵ Part of judicial district 51, Grindsted, is in Vejle County. ⁶ Brædstrup, Gedved, Hedensted, Horsens, Juelsminde and Tørring-Uldum municipalities, Vejle County, belongs to Customs and Tax Region East Jutland. ⁷ Nørre Snede municipality, Vejle County belong to Customs and Tax Region West Jutland. ⁸ Viborg County is part of Customs and Tax Region North Jutland and East Jutland. ⁹ Farsø, Hobro, Nørager and Aars Municipalities, North Jutland County, are part of customs and Tax Region East Jutland the remaining part belongs to Customs and Tax Region North Jutland. ¹⁰ Part of Judicial District 78, Hobro, and part of Police District 52, Hobro, are located in Viborg County.

Table 3

Area and population. Regions and inhabited islands

Municipality code	Area in ha 2004	Population		Municipality code	Area in ha 2004	Population	
		1. januar 2003	1. januar 2004			1. januar 2003	1. januar 2004
Whole country¹	4 309 831	5 383 507	5 397 640	Funen and its islands	348 584	473 471	475 082
Zealand and its islands¹	745 059	2 266 894	2 273 215	Funen	298 456	441 795	443 533
Zealand ¹	703 132	2 096 449	2 101 919	431 Avernakø	586	121	119
331 Agersø	684	253	255	443 Birkholm	92	8	8
- Amager	9 629	156 377	157 237	431 Bjørnø	150	33	35
365 Bogø	1 307	1 061	1 056	421 Bågø	623	35	39
331 Egholm	99	3	2	479 Drejø	426	72	76
373 Enø	340	263	265	445 Fænø	394	2	2
229 Eskilsø	139	2	3	479 Hjortø	90	14	14
365 Farø	93	3	3	Langeland	28 384	14 148	14 081
373 Gavnø	575	26	25	431 Lyø	605	146	150
331 Glænsø	559	57	49	487 Siø	131	22	25
221 Hesselø	71	2	2	479 Skarø	197	39	31
361 Langø	127	5	5	475 Strynø	488	216	193
365 Lindholm	7	3	4	479 Thurø	753	3 655	3 649
397 Masnedø	168	151	154	447 Tornø	21	2	3
365 Møn	21 775	10 580	10 618	479 Tåsinge	6 979	6 111	6 127
301 Nekselø	223	24	25	423 Æbelø	232	2	2
365 Nyord	499	50	50	Ærø	8 807	7 050	6 995
331 Omø	452	193	194	82 named islands	1 170	•	•
315 Orø	1 502	977	950	Jutland	2 977 799	2 484 896	2 491 852
185 Saltholm	1 599	3	3	- Jutland peninsular	2 387 430	2 091 186	2 098 815
301 Sejerø	1 237	387	372	- Vendsyssel-Thy	468 573	306 373	305 828
101 Slotsholmen	21	22	21	773 Agerø	385	31	32
361 Tærø	175	3	3	727 Alrø	751	149	157
76 named islands	646	•	•	Als	31 222	51 533	51 597
Lolland, Falster and their islands	179 534	114 186	113 717	707 Anholt	2 237	157	165
Lolland	124 286	69 796	69 360	545 Barsø	266	25	25
Falster	51 376	43 537	43 498	851 Egholm	600	52	59
363 Askø	282	56	55	615 Endelave	1 308	177	172
379 Fejø	1 600	615	630	563 Fanø	5 578	3 169	3 169
379 Femø	1 138	156	149	783 Fur	2 229	939	914
363 Lilleø	86	15	15	813 Hirsholm	17	4	4
379 Skalø	106	7	7	619 Hjarnø	321	119	111
379 Vejlø	37	1	1	675 Jegindø	791	562	518
379 Vejrø	157	3	2	529 Kalvø	18	11	11
36 named islands	465	•	•	827 Livø	331	8	7
Bornholm and its islands	58 855	44 060	43 774	825 Læsø	10 122	2 228	2 177
400 Bornholm	58 815	43 956	43 673	571 Mandø	763	60	59
411 Christiansø ²	25	104	101	773 Mors	36 331	22 641	22 604
411 Frederiksø ²	4	•	•	531 Rømø	12 886	729	710
411 6 named islands	11	•	•	741 Samsø	11 206	4 221	4 197
				503 Store Okseø	11	4	0
				727 Tunø	352	108	112
				671 Venø	646	206	212
				609 Vorsø	58	0	1
				515 Årø	566	204	196
				128 named islands	2 801	•	•

Note. Als includes the following municipalities: 501, 523, 535 plus 24,424 people in Sønderborg Municipality. - Amager includes the following habitants municipalities: 155 and 185 (excl. Saltholm) plus 104,629 people in Copenhagen Municipality. - Falster includes the following municipalities: 369 (excl. Toreby parish), 375, 391 and 395. - Langeland includes the following municipalities: 475 (excl. the island of Strynø), 481 and 487 (excl. the island of Siø). - Lolland includes the following municipalities: 355, 359, 363 (excl. the islands of Askø and Lilleø), Toreby parish in Nykøbing F. Municipality, 367, 371, 379 (excl. the islands of Fejø, Femø, Skalø, Vejlø and Vejrø, 381, 383 and 387.- Vendsyssel-Thy includes the following municipalities: 675 (excl. the island of Jegindø), 765, 785, 787, 803, 805, 807, 811, 813 (excl. Hirsholm), 817, 819, 821, 829, 835, 839, 841, 847, 849 plus 37,711 people in Aalborg Municipality, Aggersborg parish 505 people in Løgstør Municipality. - Ærø includes municipality 443 (excl. the island of Birkholm) and municipality 493. In total 328 named islands are without inhabitants.

¹ Frederikssund has got 2 ha from Roskilde Fjord. ² Not included in the division of municipalities, administered by the Ministry of Defence.

Table 4

Land cover¹

	Km ²	Per cent
Total area	43 560.76	100.00
Artificial surfaces	4 246.46	9.75
Urban fabric, industrial and commercial units ²	3 154.63	7.24
Motorway	43.96	0.10
Expressway	9.10	0.02
Road broader than 6 metre	269.02	0.62
Road 3 –6 metre	551.58	1.27
Railway	58.22	0.13
Bridge	0.02	0.00
Embankment	2.64	0.01
Runway	3.31	0.01
Mineral extraction sites	19.94	0.05
Technically sites	17.46	0.04
Cemetery	6.96	0.02
Sport facilities	52.18	0.12
Leisure facilities	57.44	0.13
Agricultural areas	28 897.85	66.34
Arable land	28 615.01	65.69
Market garden	33.87	0.08
Pastures	155.18	0.36
Pastures in urban areas	93.72	0.22
Land principally occupied by agriculture, with significant areas of natural vegetation	0.07	0.00
Forests and semi-natural areas	6 788.32	15.58
Forest	1 829.48	4.20
Broad-leaved forest	1 309.40	3.01
Coniferous forest	2 147.34	4.93
Mixed forest	7.98	0.02
Natural grassland	391.92	0.90
Moors and heathland	981.76	2.25
Beaches, dunes and sand plains	51.21	0.12
Sparsely vegetated areas	69.23	0.16
Wetlands	2 274.89	5.22
Meadows	808.89	1.86
Inland wetlands	205.66	0.47
Peatbogs	875.60	2.01
Salt marshes	384.74	0.88
Water bodies	670.59	1.54
Lake	616.49	1.42
Stream width 8- 12 metre	49.42	0.11
Reeds	0.34	0.00
Fish farm	4.34	0.01
Unclassified	682.65	1.57

Note. The Primary data are *arealanvendelseskortet; Areal Information System*, (The Ministry of Environment). Further information can be obtained on www.dmu.dk. The figures are a revision (not an update) of the collected data. The National Environmental Research Institute has done the revision in 2001. The classification is based on the tree digit *CORINE land cover nomenclature*, as a 4th. number is added for national purpose.

¹ The figures are based on different primary data covering the period from the end of the 1980's to the middle of the 1990's. ² Include city center, human locality area with low buildings, human locality area with high buildings, Built-up area in rural areas and industrial area. Roads are not included.

Source: National Environmental Research Institute.

Table 5 Denmark's largest lakes

Lake's name	Location	1980-89	1999-2003	Lake's name	Location	1980-89	1999-2003
		————— km ² —————				————— km ² —————	
Arresø	Zealand	39.5	39.5	Søndersø	Lolland	8.5	8.4
Esrum Lake	Zealand	17.4	17.4	Tystrup Lake	Zealand	...	6.7
Stadil Fjord ¹	West Jutland	18.5	17.3	Tømmerby Fjord	North Jutland	...	6.0
Mossø	East Jutland	16.6	16.6	Vejlen/Ulvedyb	North Jutland	...	5.9
Saltbæk Vig ¹	Zealand	15.6	16.1	Julso	East Jutland	...	5.8
Tissø	Zealand	12.7	12.7	Tange Lake	West Jutland	5.5	5.5
Furesø	Zealand	9.3	9.3	Lund Fjord	North Jutland	5.4	5.1
Skanderborg Lake	East Jutland	8.0	8.6				

Note. 1980–89: Areas are calculated on the basis of the latest edition of the Geodetic Institute 4 cm maps up to 1988–89. The measurement basis spans from revised older maps, where the degree of revision is unknown, to modern photogrametric maps. Named lakes are lakes which are named on maps.

¹ Area of brackish water.

Source: National Survey and Cadastre.

Table 6

Meteorological conditions. Temperature and degree-days

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	All year
Maximum temperature¹													
1874-2003 Temp.	12.0	15.8	22.2	28.6	32.8	35.5	35.3	36.4	32.3	24.1	18.5	14.5	36.4
Measured during the years	<i>1999</i>	<i>1990</i>	<i>1990</i>	<i>1993</i>	<i>1892</i>	<i>1947</i>	<i>1941</i>	<i>1975</i>	<i>1906</i>	<i>1978</i>	<i>1968</i>	<i>1953</i>	<i>1975</i>
2003	10.2	9.3	17.7	22.3	25.9	27.8	31.3	32.0	28.0	17.7	12.8	10.5	32.0
Average daily temperature²													
Normal (1961-1990)	2.0	2.2	4.9	9.6	15.0	18.7	19.8	20.0	16.4	12.1	7.0	3.7	10.9
2003	2.4	1.4	7.5	11.4	15.2	19.6	22.2	22.3	18.0	10.2	8.6	6.0	12.1
Mean temperature													
Normal (1961-1990)	0.0	0.0	2.1	5.7	10.8	14.3	15.6	15.7	12.7	9.1	4.7	1.6	7.7
2003	0.4	-1.1	3.5	7.1	11.4	15.8	18.2	17.8	14.1	6.7	6.7	3.9	8.7
Average nightly temperature¹													
Normal (1961-1990)	-2.9	-2.8	-0.8	2.1	6.5	9.9	11.5	11.3	9.1	6.1	2.3	-0.7	4.3
2003	-2.2	-3.9	-0.2	3.0	7.7	12.2	14.4	13.4	10.1	2.6	4.5	1.2	5.2
Minimum temperature²													
1874-2003 Temp.	-31.2	-29.0	-27.0	-19.0	-8.0	-3.5	-0.9	-2.0	-5.6	-11.9	-21.3	-25.6	-31.2
Measured during the years	<i>1982</i>	<i>1942</i>	<i>1888</i>	<i>1922</i>	<i>1900</i>	<i>1936</i>	<i>1903</i>	<i>1885</i>	<i>1886</i>	<i>1880</i>	<i>1973</i>	<i>1981</i>	<i>1982</i>
2003	-21.0	-14.0	-6.8	-8.9	-1.0	4.7	8.1	1.3	-1.2	-7.8	-3.6	-11.9	-21.0
Degree-days													
Normal (1971-1990)	516	473 ³	452	339	186	...	...	...	136	251	361	461	3 175
2003	514	505	419	297	172	(44)	(13)	(23)	90	320	311	407	3 033

Note. Daily measurements at a number of stations throughout the country - as a rule 40 stations - have been used as the basis for the monthly national averages in the table. Annual values may take account of decimals which are not included in the monthly averages. Normals are averages for a number of years, as a rule 30, and they state the expected figures for a day in January, February, etc.

¹ A maximum/minimum thermometer registers the *highest/lowest temperature* in a day from all the about 150 stations. Absolute maximum/minimum in the years 1874-2001 are found by extracting the highest/lowest temperature from the about 150 stationer (approx. 100 before 1960). Measured during the most recent year the temperature occurred. ³ 28 days, 506 when there are 29 days in February. ² The average day temperature/night temperature is calculated from the highest/lowest daily temperatures at 30 stations. *Mean temperature* is calculated from 3 or 8 daily observations. *Degree days* are used as a measurement for heating needs in the heating season (1 September –31 May). Degree days in the summer period are in brackets. This is because degree days only very seldom are used during the summer period and for the same reason no normals are calculated for this period. Degree days are shade-temperature days and they are stated as averages for the whole country. The degree-days figure is the sum of the degree days for individual months. The size of the degree-days figure is converted to a percentage of the normal to give consumption in the individual heating season.

Source: Danish Meteorological Institute.

Table 7

Meteorological conditions. Precipitation, sunshine hours, etc. 2003

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Year total
Precipitation													
	mm												
Normal (1961-1990)	57	38	46	41	48	55	66	67	73	76	79	68	712
All Denmark	48	12	17	58	73	81	73	43	40	57	55	72	630
Cph Municipality, Frb.Municipality, Cph. County, Fr.borg County, and Roskilde County	60	7	11	55	55	43	90	43	51	40	45	56	556
West Zealand County	45	5	9	55	61	55	83	34	46	30	41	47	511
Storstrøm County	43	3	9	33	61	61	66	25	37	50	34	44	466
Bornholm Municipality	41	12	11	39	31	36	48	46	58	80	54	64	520
Funen County	43	6	12	51	57	70	55	32	30	42	42	49	489
South Jutland County	54	15	20	54	81	79	67	40	39	78	47	71	645
Ribe County	49	18	21	55	87	84	50	63	43	82	59	85	696
Vejle County	54	11	18	52	71	88	67	56	35	68	45	78	643
Ringkøbing County	53	18	22	63	80	107	63	52	41	68	73	92	732
Aarhus County	46	11	14	63	66	61	78	38	35	50	44	73	579
Viborg County	51	16	21	63	81	111	76	32	43	58	76	84	712
North Jutland County	31	13	21	81	77	93	101	32	43	49	73	85	699
	per cent												
Relative humidity, all Denmark¹													
Normal (1961-1990)	91	90	87	80	75	77	79	79	83	87	89	90	84
2003	90	89	81	71	81	80	80	74	80	82	91	87	82
Cloud cover, all Denmark²													
Normal (1961-1990)	79	73	69	63	60	59	62	59	63	70	74	77	67
2003	85	68	60	53	69	63	56	51	60	54	80	74	64
	hours												
Bright sunshine, all Denmark³													
Normal (1961-1990)	43	69	110	162	209	209	196	186	128	87	54	43	1 495
2003	45	90	186	240	186	222	239	250	170	144	48	50	1 869
	hPa												
Mean air pressure (sea level)													
Aalborg	1 009.3	1 023.5	1 022.5	1 018.2	1 013.9	1 013.3	1 014.0	1 014.4	1 017.2	1 011.1	1 014.3	1 011.3	1 015.3
Copenhagen Airport	1 010.7	1 024.6	1 023.7	1 018.0	1 015.7	1 014.3	1 014.4	1 014.8	1 018.5	1 011.3	1 016.3	1 012.8	1 016.3
	m/sec												
Frequently winddirection													
Normal (1961-1990)	V19	Ø18	V22	V20	V20	V29	V35	V28	V28	V22	V22	V23	V24
2003	SV24	SØ26	SØ19	Ø22	V27	V35	V25	V34	V22	V19	SØ29	SV28	V20
Mean wind force⁵													
Normal (1961-1990)	6.5	6.1	6.3	5.6	5.2	5.1	5.3	5.0	5.8	6.0	6.5	6.5	5.8
2003	5.8	3.9	4.7	5.5	4.5	5.0	4.1	4.4	4.5	4.5	5.1	6.0	4.8

Note. *Precipitation* is stated as the height the surface of water would rise if it could not run away or evaporate. The figures stated are national averages of approximately 100 stations throughout the country. Totals for months and years are calculated taking account of decimals. Account is taken of area for the individual counties. See also note to the table on temperature and degree days. 'All Denmark' does not include Bornholm.

Air pressure is the weight of a column of air with a cross-sectional area of 1 cm² which rests on a horizontal plane. It is measured in hPa = hectopascals = millibar.

¹ *Humidity* states, in percent, the relationship between the actual water vapour in the air and the amount which would be necessary to saturate the air at the given temperature. ² *Cloud cover* is the percentage of the sky which is covered by clouds. ³ *Sunshine hours* (bright sunshine, i.e. 200 watt pr. m²). DMI now observed the hours of bright sunshine using measurements of global radiation instead of measurements from a traditional Campbell-Stokes sunshine recorder. The new method is without questions more precise than the old one, but implies at the same time that "new" and old hours of sunshine not directly can be compared. Typical values are lower during the summertime and higher during winter compares to the "old" values. ⁴ *Wind incidence* from 10 coastal stations states the percentage distribution of the daily observations in the 8 wind directions and no wind < means less than 0.5 %. ⁵ *Mean wind force* m/s from 10 coastal stations.

Source: Danish Meteorological Institute.

Table 8

Meteorological conditions. Daily information 2003

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Year total
Number of days within a month													
all Denmark													
Summer days (max. >25°)													
Normal (1961-1990)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	1.9	2.6	2.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.2
2003	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	5.4	6.8	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.4
Ice days (max. <0°)													
Normal (1961-1990)	8.6	7.5	2.2	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	4.0	23.0
2003	10.3	7.6	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	20.5
Frost days (min. <0°)													
Normal (1961-1990)	19.0	19.0	15.0	6.6	0.7	<	0.0	0.0	0.2	1.8	7.3	15.0	84.0
2003	14.0	26.4	17.5	6.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	9.2	1.7	10.6	85.9
Days with fog													
Normal (1961-1990)	10.0	9.3	9.2	7.5	5.1	2.6	2.6	3.2	4.3	7.0	5.7	7.0	74.0
2003	9.8	14.0	14.5	2.7	8.2	6.7	10.3	8.5	11.3	11.5	11.6	6.5	115.4
Precipitation days (R ³ 0.1 mm)													
Normal (1961-1990)	17	13	14	12	12	12	13	13	15	16	18	17	171
2003	18.4	5.4	7.9	9.6	15.9	14.0	12.2	11.2	11.8	14.0	17.2	16.2	153.8
Heavy precipitation days (R ³ 10 mm)													
Normal (1961-1990)	1.1	0.5	0.7	0.7	1.1	1.5	1.8	1.8	2.0	2.2	2.0	1.6	17.0
2003	0.4	0.2	0	2.0	1.9	2.3	2.7	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.1	2.1	16.1
Days with snow													
Normal (1961-1990)	7.6	6.4	5.3	2.6	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	2.3	5.8	30.0
2003	6.2	3.8	1.6	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	2.9	16.6
Windy days in pct.													
Normal (1961-1990)	15	11	13	8	6	5	5	5	9	12	15	15	10
2003	9	2	4	6	3	6	1	4	3	5	3	11	5
Days with thunder													
Normal (1961-1990)	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	1.3	2.0	2.3	2.2	1.3	0.6	0.3	0.1	11.0
2003	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.2	1.7	4.8	3.2	2.9	1.6	0.1	0.1	0.0	15.0

Note 1. *Summer days* are days where the highest temperature is over 25° Celsius. *Ice days* are days where the highest temperature is under 0° Celsius. *Frost days* are days where the lowest temperature is under 0° Celsius. *Days with fog* are days where fog is observed around the station. *Precipitation days* are days with precipitation of 0.1 mm or more. *Heavy precipitation days* are days with precipitation of 10 mm or more. *Days with snow* are days with snowfall of 0.1 mm or more measured after melting. *Windy days* have wind of more than 10.8 m/sec. Registered at coastal stations. *Days with thunder* are a national average of thunder days from individual stations. When the number of days is less than 10, a tenth is included.

< means less than 0.1 but greater than 0.0. See also the note to the table on temperature and degree days.

Note 2: The national monthly average is calculated on the basis of the daily measurements recorded by a number of variously located stations –usually approximately 40 stations. Decimals, which are not included in the monthly average of the table, may have been taken into account when the annual value is calculated. The standard figures are the average figure covering a number of years, usually 30 years, and they indicate the expected figures for, respectively January, February, etc.

Source: Danish Meteorological Institute.

Table 9**Air pollution in cities**

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
	µg/m ³ sulphur dioxide									
Copenhagen	11.5	8.7	9.0	7.0	4.6	4.3	4.0	3.3	... ¹	...
Ålborg	6.6	4.6	4.0	5.0	2.7	2.7	1.8	...	...¹	...
Odense	6.5	4.3	3.8	4.9	2.6	2.1	1.7	1.3	... ¹	...
	µg/m ³ nitrogen dioxide									
Copenhagen	43.4	46.7	53.0	44.7	42.6	42.9	46.8	42.0	40.0	46.6
Ålborg	38.0	36.1	37.4	37.6	33.6	34.2	40.1	35.1	34.7	33.0
Odense	36.6	35.8	34.4	34.0	35.5	31.6	32.9	31.2	31.2	37.0
Århus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	44.2
	ng/m ³ lead									
Copenhagen	119.1	37.1	26.0	24.8	16.6	16.4	16.6	29.6	23.4 ²	17.5 ²
Ålborg	140.1	44.7	31.4	18.6	13.9	13.0	12.5	...	12.5 ²	10.5 ²
Odense	96.5	31.9	22.3	22.0	14.9	14.5	13.6	13.0	11.3 ²	12.0 ²
Århus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8.5 ²
	µg/m ³ particulates									
Copenhagen	69.6	64.7	61.1	65.3	46.8	45.5	47.2	48.7	34.1 ²	36.0 ²
Ålborg	63.5	61.1	55.7	68.9	53.7	50.7	51.3	...	28.8 ²	31.8 ²
Odense	62.1	55.6	53.2	62.7	61.4	45.6	46.6	47.6	30.8 ²	33.2 ²
Århus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29.6 ²

Note. µg/ m³ corresponds to a millionth of a gram per cubic meter, while ng/m³ corresponds to a billionth of a gram per cubic meter.

¹ Due to the low concentration of sulphur dioxide in the air, measurements have been discontinued. ² Definition has been changed from Total Suspended Particles to PM10.

Source: National Environmental Research Institute.

Table 10**Ozone layer over Denmark**

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	All year
	DU ¹												
1980	354	357	396	417	403	376	367	327	300	308	302	323	353
1985	375	383	392	395	371	366	339	311	296	265	300	321	343
1990	310	344	361	380	356	351	340	317	294	274	297	308	328
1995	321	357	372	358	350	324	311	294	297	269	277	307	320
2000	305	339	340	352	348	335	336	306	280	279	282	326	319
2001	326	359	389	397	357	359	324	306	304	275	272	299	331
2002	300	358	364	375	338	342	321	304	283	301	295	273	321
2003	329	345	341	378	363	341	336	315	299	294	290	280	326

¹ The ozone layer in Dobson units (DU). This measurement states how many hundredths of a millimetre thick the ozone layer would be if it was collected at the surface of the earth.

Source: Danish Meteorological Institute.

Table 11**Emissions and depositions in Denmark 2000**

	Danish emissions transported to selected countries			Depositions in Denmark from selected countries		
	Sulphur from SO ₂	Nitrogen from NO _x	Nitrogen from NH ₃	Sulphur from SO ₂	Nitrogen from NO _x	Nitrogen from NH ₃
	tons					
Denmark	1 400	800	18 300	1 400	800	18 300
Sweden	2 200	6 700	7 800	100	500	300
Norway	700	3 700	4 900	100	600	100
Finland	300	3 400	1 400	100	100	0
United Kingdom	100	700	600	5 300	5 600	1 500
Germany	500	2 000	3 100	4 900	5 200	8 000
Netherlands	0	100	200	800	2 300	2 000
Belgium	0	100	0	1 200	1 300	800
France	0	400	300	1 900	3 300	2 900
Poland	800	3 300	3 100	2 300	800	800
Czech Republic and Slovakia	100	400	400	600	500	200
Former USSR, European part	1 700	13 600	7 800	800	300	200
Sea areas	5 500	20 600	34 000	7 400	5 900	-400
Other	100	1 900	900	3 600	2 500	2 000

Source: EMEP/the Norwegian Meteorological Institute.

Table 12

Emissions from the transport sector 2001

	CO ₂	NO _x	SO ₂	CO
	thousand tons			
Total¹	12 077	82	1,7	315
Road transport	11 273	72	0,4	302
Railway transport	211	2	0,0	0
Air transport	168	1	0,0	1
Sea transport	424	7	1,4	11
	per cent			
Total¹	100	100	100	100
Road transport	93	78	20	96
Railway transport	2	2	0	0
Air transport	1	1	1	0
Sea transport	4	8	79	3

¹ Emissions from military not included.

Source: National Environmental Research Institute.

Table 13**Emission of greenhouse gases¹**

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
	— mia. GWP —									
Total	73	76	80	77	90	80	75	72	67	69
Transport	11	11	12	12	12	13	13	13	12	13
Manufacturing and production	7	7	8	8	8	8	8	8	7	7
Energy sector	30	32	36	33	45	36	32	29	26	27
Waste disposal	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Agriculture	13	14	13	13	13	12	12	12	12	12
Other	10	10	10	10	10	10	9	10	9	9

¹ Carbon dioxide, laughing gas and methane.

Source: National Environmental Research Institute.

Table 14**Emission of acidification¹**

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
	thousand tons PAE									
Total	18	18	17	19	15	14	13	12	11	11
Transport	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2
Manufacturing and production	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Energy sector	6	6	5	7	4	3	2	2	1	1
Waste disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Agriculture	7	7	7	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Other	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1

¹ Sulphur dioxide, nitrogen oxides and ammonia.

Source: The National Environmental Research Institute of Denmark

Table 15**Decoupling indicators for the transport sector**

	1995	2000	2001
	Index 1990 = 100		
CO ₂	102.7	91.9	90.9
Energy consumption	98.3	93.0	91.5
NM VOC	78.8	44.2	39.5
N ₂ O	166.7	205.5	210.1
CO	85.3	53.9	51.7
NO _x	88.2	58.5	54.3

Note. The indicators express the development in emissions from the transport sector in relation to the development in the economy expressed in the Gross domestic product (GDP).

www.statbank.dk/term6 For further information visit

Table 16**Final energy consumption by sector**

	1990	2000	2002
		PJ	
Transport	170	199	194
Households	186	190	190
Industry	236	249	250

Note. Figures are clima-corrected which means that variations in the clima are incorporated.

 For further information www.statbank.dk/term1

Table 17
Bathing water quality

	Monitoring stations	Acceptable water quality	Unacceptable water quality	Beach areas where bathing is forbidden
1985	1 374	1 017	288	69
1990	1 370	1 251	70	49
1991	1 338	1 230	70	38
1992	1 307	1 225	54	28
1993	1 282	1 206	55	21
1994	1 288	1 234	33	21
1995	1 301	1 227	54	20
1996	1 299	1 223	57	19
1997	1 310	1 275	18	17
1998	1 307	1 244	45	18
1999	1 307	1 260	30	17
2000	1 295	1 250	28	17
2001	1 279	1 247	17	15
2002	1 275	1 222	38	15
2003	1 269	1 223	30	16
2004	1 256	1 219	23	16 ¹

¹ Two closed beach areas are maintained without any monitoring stations.

Source: Environmental Protection Agency.

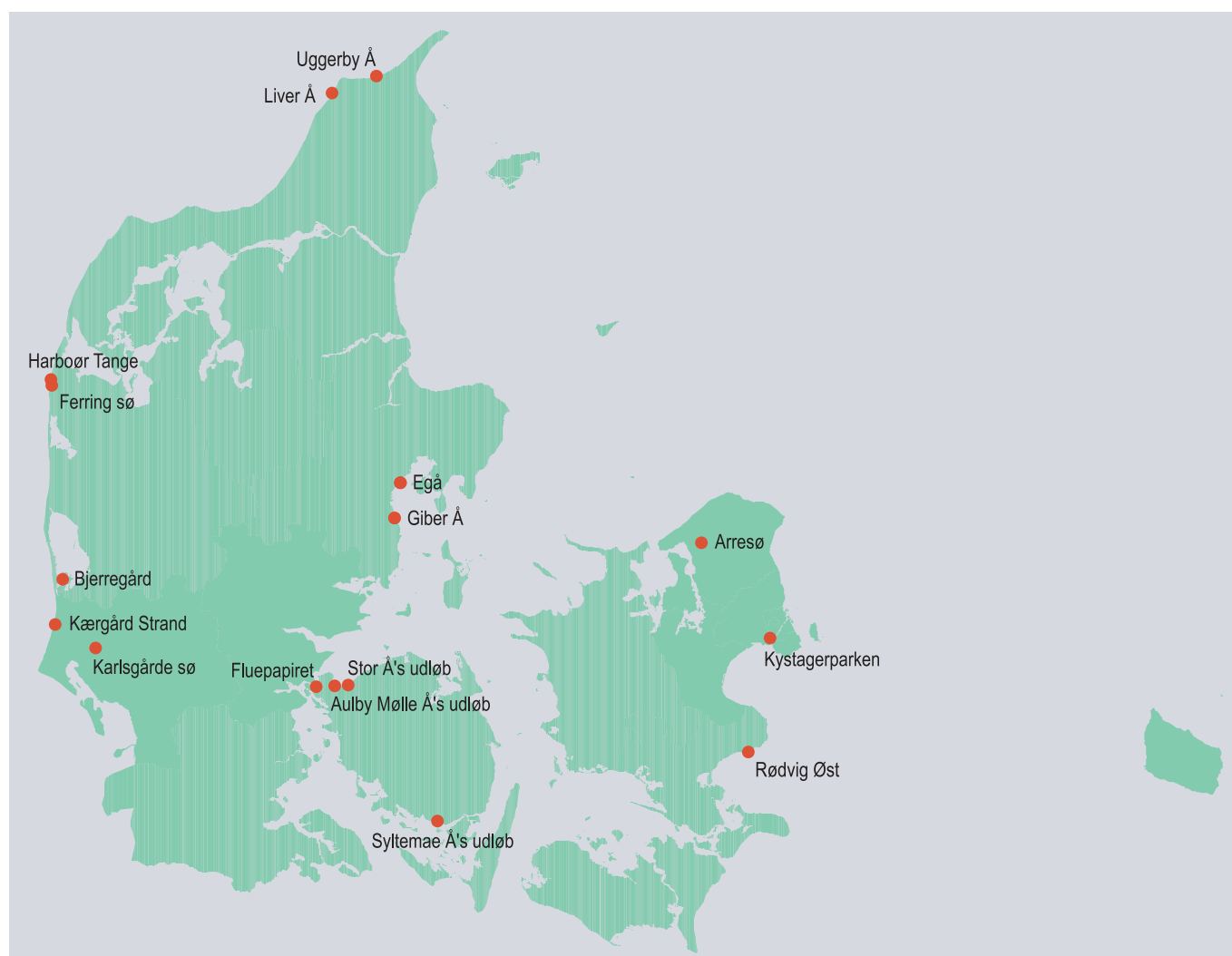
Beach areas where bathing is forbidden 2004


Table 18

Consumption of drinking water by counties

	2000	2001	2002
	m ³ in mio.		
All Denmark	705.6	686.3	645.8
Copenhagen County ¹	99.6	90.9	90.9
Frederiksborg County	26.0	26.3	25.4
Roskilde County	23.1	21.4	22.7
West Zealand County	31.3	27.8	28.6
Storstrøm County	23.9	22.5	21.8
Bornholm County	4.2	4.1	4.0
Funen County	43.5	46.1	41.1
South Jutland County	59.2	56.6	39.8
Ribe County	68.8	66.5	55.7
Vejle County	55.4	61.6	55.4
Ringkøbing County	102.7	100.7	96.6
Aarhus County	57.3	56.5	56.2
Viborg County	35.7	33.8	31.9
North Jutland County	74.9	71.5	75.7

¹ Copenhagen County includes Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities.

For further information www.statbank.dk/vand1

Table 19**Consumption of drinking water by purpose**

	2000	2001	2002
	m ³ in mio.		
All Denmark	705.6	686.3	645.8
Households	265.0	255.7	247.7
Industry and institutions	223.3	212.3	215.4
Irrigation	190.1	192.1	157.6
Losses, etc.	27.2	26.3	25.0

 For further information www.statbank.dk/vand1

Table 20

Waterworks by content of nitrates in drinking water 2002

	Waterworks by content of nitrates per litre			
	0.0 - 4.9 mg	5.0 - 24.9 mg	25.0 - 49.9 mg	50.0- mg
	per cent			
All Denmark	79	14	6	1
Copenhagen County ¹	77	17	2	4
Frederiksborg County	81	16	1	2
Roskilde County	91	5	2	2
West Zealand County	87	10	2	1
Storstrøm County	82	15	2	1
Bornholm County	86	14	-	-
Funen County	88	11	1	-
South Jutland County	83	15	2	-
Ribe County	81	19	-	-
Vejle County	86	11	2	1
Ringkøbing County	84	8	6	2
Aarhus County	75	16	7	2
Viborg County	70	18	10	2
North Jutland County	48	20	28	4

Note. The limit value is 50 mg/l.

¹ Copenhagen County includes Copenhagen and Frederiksborg Municipalities.


 For further information www.statbank.dk/vand2

Table 21**Amount of waste analysed by type of source and treatment 2002**

	Recycling	Incineration	Landfilling	Special treatment	Storage	Total
	thousand tons					
Total	8 382	3 344	1 194	22	163	13 105
Households	970	1 849	215	9	78	3 121
Institutions, wholesale and retail trade	509	672	144	4	62	1 391
Manufacturing	1 403	363	520	10	15	2 311
Construction	3 735	72	229	0	8	4 044
Waste water treatment plants	575	388	48	0	0	1 011
Power plants	1 190	0	38	0	0	1 228

Note The data originates from the information system on waste and recycling (ISAG) which is kept by the Danish Environmental Protection Agency.

Source: Environmental Protection Agency, sugar factories, the recycling industry, and power plants.

Table 22

Amount of waste analysed by type of waste and treatment 2002

	Recycling	Incine- ration	Landfilling	Special treatment	Storage	Total
	thousand tons					
Total	8 382	3 344	1 194	22	163	13 105
Daily refuse	195	1 557	41	0	0	1 793
Bulky waste	1 877	386	403	0	1	2 667
Garden waste	111	311	161	1	71	656
Commercial and industrial waste	655	1	9	0	0	665
Hazardous and hospital waste	5 300	991	500	0	91	6 882
Processing residue	41	82	77	22	0	221
Packingwaste	200	1	0	0	0	201
Not known	2	14	3	0	0	20

Note The data originates from the information system on waste and recycling (ISAG) which is kept by the Danish Environmental Protection Agency.

Source: Environmental Protection Agency, sugar factories, the recycling industry, and power plants.

Table 23**Sales of pesticides**

	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
	tons					
Sales of pesticide products¹						
Total sale	14 825	14 179	12 445	12 141	12 120	12 090
Repellents	59	56	84	35	23	30
Fungicides	2 105	1 911	1 999	1 757	1 625	1 684
Rodenticides	306	375	441	458	625	422
Herbicides	7 584	7 320	5 740	5 641	6 368	6 340
Insecticides	1 030	1 185	900	746	672	803
Soil disinfectants	3	0	4	2	10	6
Combined fungicides and insecticides	19	26	16	15	12	23
Algicides	0	0	1	4	5	3
Slimicides for use in paper pulp	50	39	60	61	54	39
Products against pests on farm animals	355	141	111	134	189	250
Products for the protection of woodwork	3 044	2 756	2 657	2 869	1 992	2 234
Plant growth regulators	271	369	432	420	546	256
Of which active ingredients²						
Active ingredients, total	4 582	4 326	3 605	3 551	3 687	3 556
Repellents	4	4	6	7	4	4
Fungicides	1 027	891	884	734	654	683
Rodenticides	4	4	3	6	2	4
Herbicides	2 923	2 781	2 059	2 136	2 364	2 369
Insecticides	97	102	86	77	87	89
Soil disinfectants	3	0	4	2	9	5
Combined fungicides and insecticides	3	3	2	4	6	11
Algicides	0	0	0	1	1	1
Slimicides for use in paper pulp	33	33	42	42	33	32
Products against pests on farm animals	2	2	1	1	2	2
Products for the protection of woodwork	346	297	261	295	189	197
Plant growth regulators	140	209	257	245	337	158

¹ A pesticide product comprises one or more effective substances, emulators, adhesives and inactive fillers. ² That part of the product, which has a toxic effect.

Source: Danish Environmental Protection Agency.

For further information www.statbank.dk/pest2

Table 24

Extraction of raw materials

	1990	1995	2000	2001	2002
	m ³ in thousands				
Extraction of raw materials, total	33 976	34 211	40 945	38 258	36 970
Extraction from land area:	28 106	28 558	33 809	32 859	31 188
Stone, gravel, sand	22 534	21 721	27 587	27 056	25 555
Granite	810	662	199	166	193
Chalk, limestone	2 924	4 049	3 405	3 480	3 240
Clay	462	739	788	720	663
Plastic clay and bentonite	303	311	313	234	221
Quartz sand	186	191	479	488	464
Moler	195	186	227	231	254
Peat and sphagnum	399	259	247	287	336
Other raw materials	292	440	563	197	262
Extraction from sea area					
Sand, gravel, sand for land filling etc.	5 870	5 652	7 136	5 399	5 782

Source: Extraction from sea area is collected in the National Forest and Nature Agency.

Table 25

Expenditure and revenue by environmental domains. General government

	1998	2000	2002*
	DKK mio.		
Current and capital expenditure, total	21 904	23 974	24 438
Air and climate	2 475	2 325	1 439
Waste water	5 436	5 575	6 012
Waste	6 622	7 521	8 064
Soil and ground water	585	530	583
Biodiversity and landscape	2 082	2 565	2 787
Research and development	1 468	1 585	1 567
Environmental assistance	1 514	1 842	1 952
Other ¹	1 721	2 031	2 033
Current and capital revenue, total²	12 593	15 600	16 728
Air and climate	20	21	27
Waste water	5 027	5 868	6 171
Waste	6 303	8 171	8 401
Soil and ground water	145	168	118
Biodiversity and landscape	215	323	960
Research and development	549	620	617
Other ¹	333	429	435

Note. Includes market services.

¹ Including administration. ² Excluding environmental taxes.


 For further information www.statbank.dk/mreg2

Table 26

Environmental expenditure and revenues. General government

	1998	2000	2002*
	DKK mio.		
Current and capital expenditure, total	21 904	23 974	24 438
Current expenditure, total	16 605	19 296	20 063
Compensation of employees	3 569	3 936	4 110
Consumption of fixed capital	598	722	762
Intermediate consumption	8 714	10 633	11 153
Current transfers, total	3 724	4 005	4 037
Capital expenditure, total	5 299	4 678	4 375
Fixed gross investments	3 887	3 181	3 546
Other capital expenditure	1 412	1 497	829
Current and capital revenue, total¹	12 593	15 600	16 728
Capital revenue, total	12 286	15 162	16 197
Sales of goods and services	10 527	12 868	13 326
Gross residual income	1 054	1 317	1 412
Current transfers, total	705	977	1 460
Compulsory contributions	5	6	6
Other current transfers	700	972	1 453
Capital revenue, total	307	438	531

¹ Excluding environmental taxes.


 For further information www.statbank.dk/mreg2

Table 27

Expenditure and revenue by environmental domains 2002

Subsectors

	Central government	Counties	Municipalities	General government sector, total ¹
DKK mio.				
Current and capital expenditure, total	7 392	1 380	15 666	24 438
Air and climate	1 439	0	0	1 439
Waste water	7	0	6 005	6 012
Waste	236	0	7 828	8 064
Soil and ground water	194	312	78	583
Biodiversity and landscape	1 451	986	350	2 787
Research and development	1 567	0	0	1 567
Environmental assistance	1 952	0	0	1 952
Other ³	545	83	1 405	2 033
Current and capital revenue, total²	1 783	230	14 715	16 728
Air and climate	27	0	0	27
Waste water	1	0	6 170	6 171
Waste	190	0	8 211	8 401
Soil and ground water	72	38	8	118
Biodiversity and landscape	835	70	55	960
Research and development	617	0	0	617
Other ³	42	122	271	435

¹ Unconsolidated. ² Excluding environmental taxes. ³ Including administration.


 For further information www.statbank.dk/mreg2

Table 28

Environmental expenditure and revenues 2002. Subsectors

	Central government	Counties	Municipalities	General government, total ¹
	DKK mio.			
Current and capital expenditure, total	7 392	1 380	15 666	24 438
Current expenditure, total	6 156	1 302	12 605	20 063
Compensation of employees	1 273	420	2 418	4 110
Consumption of fixed capital	96	46	620	762
Intermediate consumption	1 132	739	9 283	11 153
Current transfers, total	3 655	97	285	4 037
Capital expenditure, total	1 236	78	3 061	4 375
Fixed gross investments	415	74	3 057	3 546
Other capital expenditure	821	4	4	829
Current and capital revenue, total²	1 783	230	14 715	16 728
Capital revenue, total	1 668	222	14 308	16 197
Sales of goods and services	426	84	12 817	13 326
Gross residual income	96	46	1 269	1 412
Current transfers, total	1 146	92	222	1 460
Compulsory contributions	0	0	6	6
Other current transfers	1 146	92	216	1 453
Capital revenue, total	115	8	407	531

¹ Unconsolidated. ² Excluding environmental taxes.

 For further information www.statbank.dk/mreg2

Table 29**Convictions for offences against environmental legislation**

	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
	number of convictions							
Total	411	406	693	583	590	647	727	749
Environmental Protection Act	230	170	253	208	209	177	228	202
Nature Conservation Act	45	60	58	54	91	95	78	64
Washington Convention	28	16	9	14	16	39	60	112
Marine Environment Act	4	2	1	-	2	1	8	4
Forestry Act	-	-	1	2	1	-	-	-
Act on Urban and Rural Areas	30	17	43	43	76	93	151	125
Act on Holiday Dwellings and Camping	4	13	108	22	5	6	3	1
Act on Chemical Compounds and Products	-	2	12	7	15	6	8	24
Other acts relating to the environment	70	126	208	233	175	230	191	217

Table 30

Denmark's fauna and flora

1997 - 2003	Total number of known species	Total number of 'listed species'		Species extinct in Denmark ¹	Species requiring special protection		
		number	per cent		Directly endangered ²	Vulnerable species ³	Rare species ⁴
Total	10 598	3 142	30	343	611	997	1 191
Flora							
Fungi / Lichens	3 950	1 452	37	112	268	453	619
Fungi	3 000	878	29	31	157	248	442
Lichens	950	574	60	81	111	205	177
Vascular plants	1 050	220	21	23	36	66	95
Fauna							
Insects	5 289	1 359	26	190	285	450	434
Ephemeroptera	42	20	48	5	8	4	3
Plecoptera	25	10	40	2	2	3	3
Odonata	50	21	42	4	4	7	6
Pentatomoidea	56	15	27	0	2	7	6
Trichoptera	168	54	32	10	3	12	29
Beetles	3 674	964	26	144	233	328	259
Butterflies	73	36	49	9	8	18	1
Moths	900	141	16	13	12	45	71
Zygaenidae	8	5	63	1	1	3	0
Syrphidae	269	86	32	2	10	21	53
Simuliidae	24	7	29	0	2	2	3
Vertebrates	309	111	36	18	22	28	43
Freshwater fish	38	15	39	2	5	1	7
Amphibians	14	5	36	0	1	3	1
Reptiles	7	2	29	2	0	0	0
Birds	200	74	37	14	15	14	31
Mammals	50	15	30	0	1	10	4

Note. Definitions of categories are identical to those which are used in the 'red lists'. These are national lists of the status of endangered animal and plant species. National Forest and Nature Agency is working with a revision of the red lists in 2004.

¹ Species which are regarded as extinct in Denmark after 1850. ² Species which are regarded as in danger of extinction in Denmark in the near future if the negative factors which are currently affecting them continue. ³ Species which are expected to be directly endangered in Denmark if the negative factors which are currently affecting them continue. ⁴ Species which are so few in number that they are particularly sensitive to random man-made or natural fluctuations and negligence.

Source: National Forest and Nature Agency.

Table 31

Breeding pairs of the 20 most common birds in Denmark 2003

No.	Species	Number of breeding pairs	Trend
1	Blackbird	2 000 000 –2 500 000	Stable
2	Chaffinch	1 500 000 –2 000 000	Stable
3	Skylark	1 100 000 –1 300 000	Falling
4	Great tit	700 000 –1 000 000	Stable
5	House sparrow	500 000 –1 000 000	Falling
6	European greenfinch	500 000 –700 000	Rising
7	Starling	400 000 –600 000	Falling
8	Willow warbler	400 000 –600 000	Falling
9	Yellowhammer	400 000 –600 000	Falling
10	Tree sparrow	400 000 –600 000	Fluctuating
11	Wren	300 000 –500 000	Fluctuating
12	Whitethroat	300 000 –450 000	Fluctuating
13	Blackcap	300 000 –450 000	Rising
14	Wood pigeon	250 000 –300 000	Rising
15	Chiff chaff	200 000 –300 000	Rising
16	Robin	200 000 –300 000	Fluctuating
17	Song thrush	200 000 –300 000	Stable
18	Magpie	200 000 –300 000	Rising
19	Bluetit	200 000 –250 000	Fluctuating
20	Swallow	200 000 –250 000	Fluctuating

Source: The Danish Ornithological Society. *Ynglefuglebestande i Danmark 2003*.

 For further information www.dof.dk

Table 32

Breeding pairs of the 20 rarest birds in Denmark 2003

No.	Species	Number of breeding pairs	Trend
1	Gullbilled tern ¹	0	Disappeared
2	Fulmar ²	0-3	-
3	White stork	1	Falling
4	Golden eagle ²	1	-
5	Osprey	1-3	Fluctuating
6	Great reedwarbler	1-7	Falling
7	Golden plover	2	Falling
8	Little gull	2-3	Fluctuating
9	Crested lark	2-3	Falling
10	Red-crested pochard	3	Fluctuating
11	Blackheaded gull	4	Rising
12	European serin	4-5	Fluctuating
13	Short-eared owl	5	Falling
14	Whitethroated dipper	5	Fluctuating
15	Bee eater	5	Rising
16	Hobby	6-7	Fluctuating
17	Spoonbill	12	Rising
18	White-tailed eagle	10	Rising
19	Savi's warbler	10-15	Fluctuating
20	Tawny pipit	15	Falling

Note. A bird is not considered an established Danish breeding bird until it has bred for at least 5 consecutive years. Protection of wild birds is regulated in accordance with the Danish administrative game legislation and the Danish Protection of Nature Act.

¹ The last breeding pair was registered in 2001 ² New breeding bird having bred for less than 5 years in Denmark.

Source: The Danish Ornithological Society: 'Threatened Breeding pairs', 2000. *Threatened Breeding pairs 2000, Dansk Ornitologisk Forenings Tidsskrift*. 97 (2003): pages 175-192 and unpublished data from 2003.

Table 33

Energy balance sheet for Denmark 2002*

	Crude oil and semi- manufac- tured oil	Coal, coke, etc.	Oil products	Natural gas	Other gas	Renewable energy resources	Electricity	District heating
	thousand tons			mig Nm ³	thousand tons	TJ	GWh	TJ
Production	18 156	-	8 562	8 148	498	87 463	37 262	127 415
Imports	3 507	6 455	5 158	-	3	3 956	8 938	-
Stock	10	-705	1 555	66	-24	-	-	-
Waste and cable losses	85	64	97	3	5	496	2 467	25 514
Exports	13 167	98	4 051	3 208	119	23	11 011	-
Total domestic consumption	8 401	6 998	8 017	4 871	400	90 901	32 722	101 901
Households	-	2	2 497	688	51	11 315	10 132	63 151
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	-	69	835	751	6	2 054	2 095	1 889
Agriculture, horticulture, and forestry	-	48	575	108	5	2 054	1 939	1 885
Fishing	-	-	220	-	0	-	58	-
Mining and quarrying	-	21	40	643	0	-	98	5
Manufacturing	8 401	340	970	939	325	6 391	9 429	7 274
Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	-	107	213	340	5	163	2 286	1 344
Mfr. of textile and leather	-	-	8	32	1	3	205	248
Mfr. of wood products, printing and publishing	-	-	33	89	2	4 311	1 053	1 826
Mfr. of chemicals and plastic products	8 401	17	310	163	298	12	2 148	1 693
Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	-	215	288	135	7	499	850	123
Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal products	-	1	101	164	11	136	2 382	1 794
Mfr. of furniture and manufacturing n.e.c.	-	-	16	17	1	1 267	504	247
Electricity, gas and water supply	-	6 587	1 215	2 122	0	71 141	551	16
Construction	-	-	337	5	6	-	293	-
Wholesale and retail trade, hotels, restaurants	-	-	311	123	5	-	3 959	9 976
Sale and repair of motor vehicles, sale of auto. fuel	-	-	67	13	1	-	390	1 063
Wholesale, except of motor vehicles	-	-	173	50	2	-	1 353	4 036
Retail trade and repair work, exc. of m. vehicles	-	-	56	32	1	-	1 623	2 616
Hotels and restaurants	-	-	15	28	1	-	593	2 260
Transport, post and telecommunications	-	-	1 566	14	3	-	1 606	1 150
Transport	-	-	1 537	7	3	-	1 280	543
Post and telecommunications	-	-	29	8	0	-	327	607
Finance and business activities	-	-	96	61	1	-	1 165	4 934
Finance and insurance	-	-	6	11	-	-	231	900
Letting and sale of real estate	-	-	26	9	0	-	132	696
Business activities	-	-	64	41	1	-	801	3 338
Public and personal services	-	-	191	167	4	-	3 492	13 512
Public administration	-	-	74	20	2	-	403	1 646
Education	-	-	26	38	1	-	786	3 063
Human health activities	-	-	12	23	0	-	476	1 855
Social institutions etc.	-	-	24	38	0	-	790	3 078
Refuse disposal, organisations, entertainment, etc.	-	-	56	48	1	-	1 037	3 870

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ene1

Table 34

Energy consumption in Denmark

	1995	2000	2002
Energy consumption, gross	thousand tons		
Hard coal etc.	10 987	6 571	6 959
Coke and furnace coke	51	41	37
Brown coal etc.	9	2	2
Waste	2 314	2 905	3 195
Fuel wood, etc.	1 255	1 338	1 796
Straw	843	843	1 085
Kerosene	14	4	6
Jet fuel	657	535	563
Motor gasoline ¹	1 887	1 965	1 912
Other petrol and oil products ²	750	1 251	876
Gas/Diesel oil	3 897	3 493	3 454
Fuel oil	998	596	725
Petroleum-coke	176	224	256
Liquid gas (LPG)	87	76	68
Refinery gas	370	294	297
	mio. Nm ³		
Natural gas ³	3 009	4 205	4 289
	thousand GJ		
Biogas	1 277	1 433	1 517
Wind energy and water power	4 347	15 375	17 660
Electricity supply	mio. kWh		
Electricity sold, public works	31 470	32 835	32 713
Dwellings	9 549	9 592	9 599
Agriculture, etc.	2 544	2 568	2 428
Manufacturing	9 451	9 831	9 543
Other industries, public administration, etc.	9 892	10 973	10 313
Crude oil and natural gas	thousand tons		
Crude oil, Danish production	9 263	17 780	18 143
	mio. Nm ³		
Natural gas, Danish production	5 165	7 883	8 148

¹ 1995 corrected for cross-border trade. ² Including waste oil and orimulsion. ³ Excl. consumption on North-Sea platforms.

Source: Association of Danish Energy Companies.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ene1

Table 35**Production of renewable energy**

	1990	2000	2002
	TJ		
Total production	52 631	89 314	103 119
Solar heat	100	331	355
Wind power	2 197	15 268	17 557
Water power	101	109	114
Straw	12 481	12 220	15 733
Wood chips	1 724	2 744	3 722
Wood	8 757	11 655	11 291
Wood pills	1 575	2 984	3 181
Wood waste	6 191	6 898	10 352
Biogas	752	2 912	3 362
Waste combustion	15 499	30 501	33 541
Fish oil	744	49	126
Geothermal heat ¹	2 510	3 643	3 786

¹ Heat pumps and geothermy.

Source: Danish Energy Authority.

Table 36

Manufacturers' energy consumption 2001

		Solid fuel	Liquid fuel	Gas	Electricity	District heating
		thousand GJ				
	Manufacturing, total^{1,2}	16 736	22 185	56 081	31 043	5 910
14009	Extraction of gravel and clay etc.	655	925	2 580	272	1
15009	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco²	3 494	6 711	14 204	7 189	1 267
151000	Production etc. of meat and meat products	-	1 043	2 105	1 975	126
155000	Mfr. of dairy products	-	587	3 646	1 323	6
158909	Mfr. of other food products	3 494	4 782	5 796	3 152	791
159000	Mfr. of beverages	-	282	2 550	661	334
160000	Mfr. of tobacco products	-	18	106	78	10
17009	Mfr. of textiles and leather	2	85	1 160	599	168
170000	Mfr. of textiles	1	75	1 076	525	141
180000	Mfr. of wearing apparel	1	3	41	44	26
190000	Mfr. of leather and footwear	-	7	43	31	1
20000	Mfr. of wood and wood products	3 572	397	195	831	12
21009	Mfr. of paper prod.; printing and publ.	38	255	3 359	2 066	1 390
210000	Mfr. of pulp, paper and paper products	38	220	3 059	1 255	1 136
221200	Publishing of newspapers	-	1	14	142	86
221309	Publishing activities, excluding newspapers	-	4	83	133	67
222009	Printing activities	-	29	204	536	102
23000	Mfr. of refined petroleum products etc.	-	1 388	15 441	556	252
24000	Mfr. of chemicals	533	1 324	5 285	4 605	1 184
241009	Mfr. of chemical raw materials	4	480	3 358	2 300	525
243009	Mfr. of paints and soap	529	69	1 041	989	91
244000	Mfr. of pharmaceuticals	-	775	886	1 316	568
25000	Mfr. of rubber and plastic products	8	167	1 285	2 058	96
26000	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral prod.	7 345	9 187	5 882	2 810	79
261009	Mfr. of glass and ceramic goods	-	25	1 771	671	17
263009	Mfr. of tiles, bricks cement and concrete	7 345	9 161	4 111	2 139	61
27009	Mfr. and processing of basic metal	56	625	3 437	4 522	312
270000	Mfr. of basic metal	24	147	2 151	2 861	112
281009	Mfr. of building materials of metal	21	351	557	829	131
286009	Mfr. of various metal products	10	126	729	831	70
29000	Mfr. of machinery and equipment	1	643	1 567	2 157	533
291000	Mfr. of marine engines and compressors	-	130	721	1 100	241
292000	Mfr. of ovens and cold-storage plants	-	250	285	467	116
293000	Mfr. of agricultural machinery	-	122	253	139	18
294009	Mfr. of machinery for industries	-	118	240	331	88
297000	Mfr. of domestic appliances	-	24	67	121	69
30009	Mfr. of electronic components	42	151	594	1 277	358
300009	Mfr. of computers and electric motors	1	95	259	529	190
320000	Mfr. of radio and communication equipment	40	14	218	348	40
330000	Mfr. of medical and optical instruments	1	41	118	400	129
35009	Mfr. of transport equipment	5	143	618	681	121
351000	Building of ships and boats	3	61	321	325	46
352009	Mfr. of transport equipment, excl. ships	3	83	296	356	75
36000	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	985	185	476	1 420	138
361000	Mfr. of furniture	981	170	351	1 101	68
365009	Mfr. of toys and jewellery	4	15	124	319	70

Note. The table includes workplaces in firms with 20 or more employed in the industry.

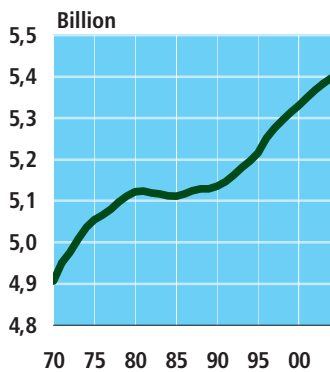
¹ Incl. extraction of gravel, clay, stone and salt, etc. ² Excl. bakeries.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ene1

Population and elections

1. Danish population trends

Figure 1
Population 1970-2004



Population size

Since the mid-1970s, Denmark has had a population of approximately five million inhabitants. The size of the population has seen a slow but steady increase since 1970 and 1. January 2004 it was 5.4 millions. However, during the early 1980s the population fell - partly due to reductions in the number of births.

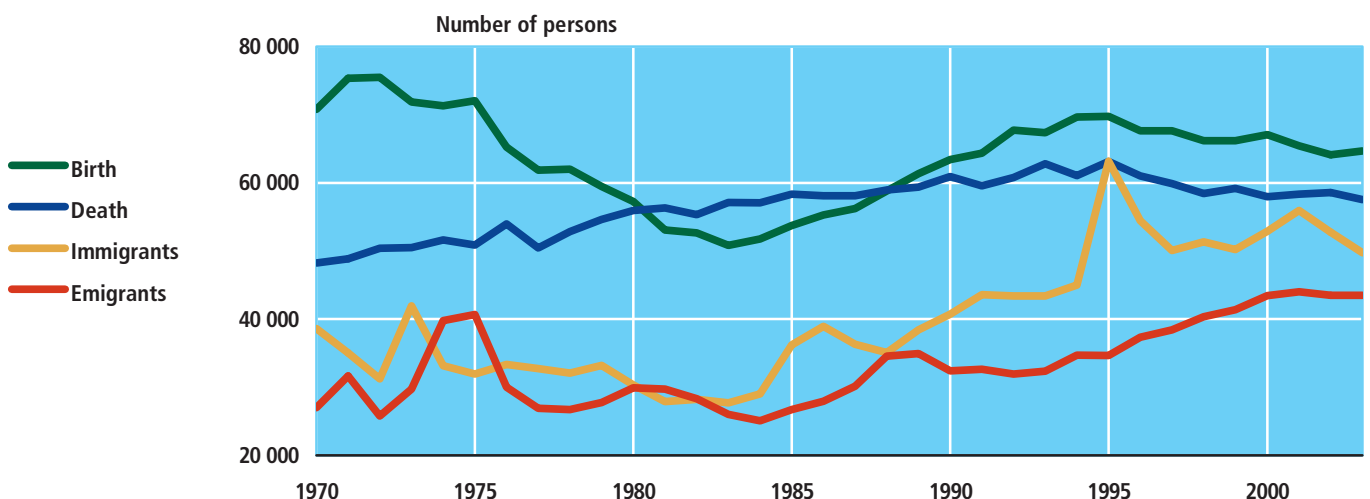
Women are in majority

Even though more boys than girls are born every year, women comprise slightly more than half of the Danish population (50.5 per cent). This is because of higher mortality rates among men. There are more men than women in all age groups up to and including 59 years, but women take over in all subsequent age groups. The 95 and over age group comprises almost four times as many women as men.

More births than deaths

Population developments depend on four component elements: the number of live births, the number of deaths, immigration, and emigration (external migration). Figure 2 shows how the population increase during recent years is the result of two things: positive natural increase (births ÷ deaths) and positive net migration (immigration ÷ emigration). Positive net migration means that more people enter this country than leave it.

Figure 2
Population trends 1970-2003



We are growing older

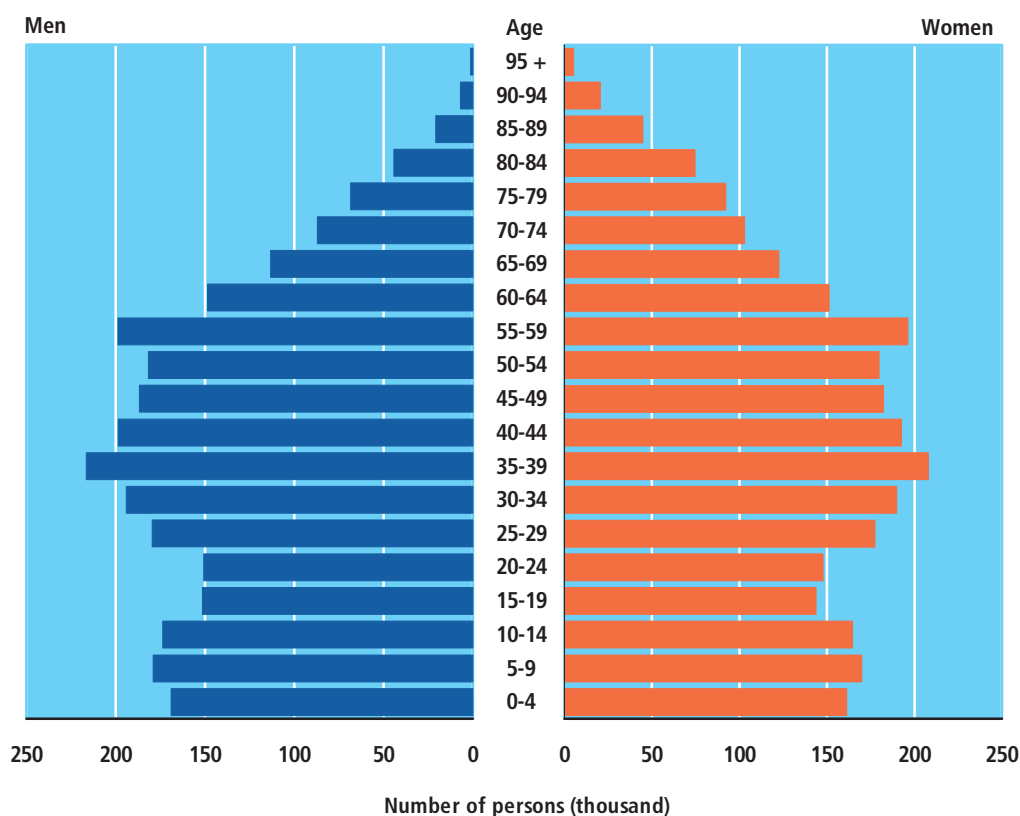
The Danish population is getting older. The average age in Denmark is 39.5 years as of 1 January 2004. For men, this figure is 38.3 years, whereas the corresponding figure for women is 40.6 years. When examining 1980 figures, the average age was more than two years lower (an overall average age of 36.7 years; 35.5 years for men, 38.0 years for women).

Population and elections

This increase in the average age is partly caused by an increase in the number of people over the age of 80. It is, however, also occasioned by the fact that the large generations from the mid-1940s have now reached their fifties, as well as the fact that the large generations from the mid-1960s are now being classified to an older age group and are replaced by smaller generations.

Figure 3

The Danish population, 1 January 2004



2. The demographic dependency ratio in Denmark

How many individuals will need support in future?

The demographic dependency ratio is calculated on the basis of the population distribution by age. Dependency ratio shows the relationship between the number of persons outside the economically active population and the number of persons available to support them.

The demographic dependency ratio is growing

If the economically active (working) population is calculated as those within the 20 - 59 age group, the dependency ratio is 0.83. That is to say that for every 100 economically active individuals, 83 persons need support. On the basis of the most recent forecasts on population development, the demographic dependency ratio will increase to 0.90 in 2010 and reach 1.0 in 2030. In 1960, the demographic dependency ratio was 0.79. This is to say that more and more people will need support in the years to come, a development which is linked to the fact that the number of elderly people will continue to increase in future.

One of the lowest demographic dependency ratio in the EU

It is possible to compare the dependency ratio for the Member State of the EU for 2000. Here, the economically active population has also been defined as the 20-59-age group. These figures show that Denmark has one of the lowest demographic dependency ratios within the EU at 0.77. Netherlands has the lowest demographic dependency ratio at 0.74. The average for the EU is 0.81. Sweden has the highest demographic dependency ratio at 0.86, followed by Ireland at 0.85. Ireland is the only country in EU where the biggest part of the population, who need support is young people between 0-19 year.

3. Births

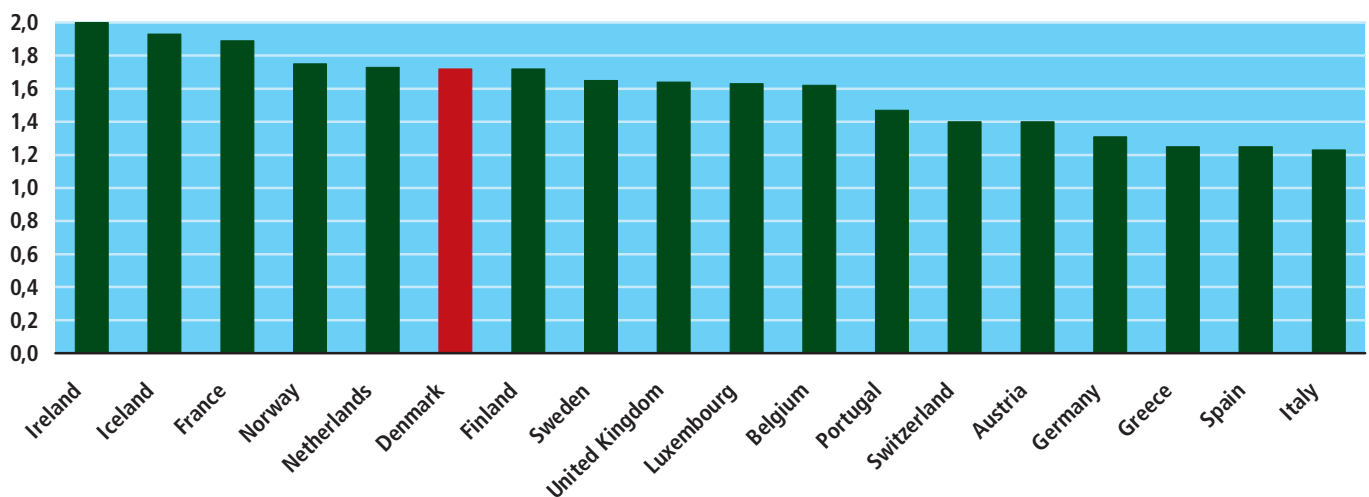
How many children are born each year?

During recent years, the number of live births has been approximately 65,000 a year. The number of births during a given period depends on the number of women of childbearing age and on the number of children born to each woman. The *total fertility rate*, i.e. the average number of live births per woman, is 1.7 in Denmark.

High fertility rate in Denmark

With 1.7 children per woman, Denmark has one of the highest fertility rates in the EU. In 2001 the total fertility rate for the EU was 1.5. Ireland had the highest fertility rate (2.0) and Italy the lowest (1.2). In comparison Somali has a total fertility rate at 7.2, Iraq (5.4), China (1.7) and USA (2.0).

Figure 4 Fertility rates in European countries 2002



Older mothers

Over the years, women have become increasingly mature before becoming mothers. In 2002, the average age of women giving birth for the first time was 30.1 years. This development has been especially pronounced since 1970, when the total average age of women giving birth was 26.7 years. The average for first-time mothers was 28.3 in 2001.

Population and elections

4. Adoptions

Many adopted children were born abroad

In recent years the annual number of adoptions has ranged around 1,200 to 1,400. In about 50 pct. of the cases, the child adopted is either a child of one of the spouses or a child of the registered partner. More than 50 pct. of the children adopted come from abroad. In 2003, 599 out of 1,249 children were born abroad. During the past few years most children have come from China and India but also a large number from Colombia and South Korea.

5. Living arrangements

Postponed marriages

The way in which Danes form families has changed during the last 30 years. The forms of partnership have changed; but marriage is still the dominant form of partnership. 78 per cent of all couples living together are married. However, this percentage is decreasing, especially among the younger generations. In 1970, 88 per cent of all 30 year-old women were married. In 2003, the corresponding figure is only 46 per cent for all 30 year-old women. Simultaneously, the average age of women when they first get married has increased from 22.8 years to 30.5 years and from 25.1 years to 32.9 years for men.

We still live as couples

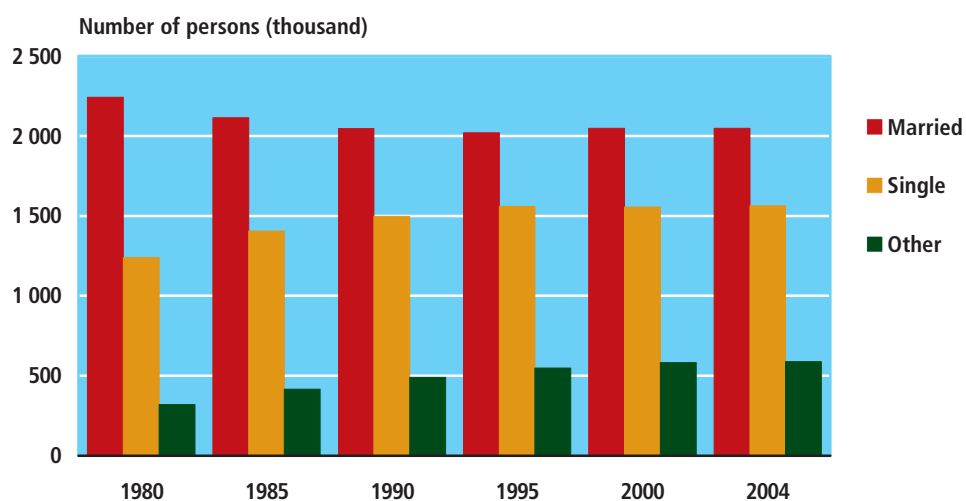
The fact that people get older before they get married does not mean that they do not live as couples. It does, however, mean that it becomes increasingly common for couples to live together without being married. This is especially true of the younger generations.

Fewer singles

After a long period with an increasing number of singles, the last couple of years have seen a slight decrease in the number of single-person households. However, more than one third of all adults live alone, and women comprise the majority of this group (53 per cent). Of those individuals with no partner, 73 per cent of the women and approximately 60 per cent of the male population live completely alone. The rest live with other persons, who - depending on the age of the person in question - are often parents or children.

Figure 5

Development in adult family types 1980-2004



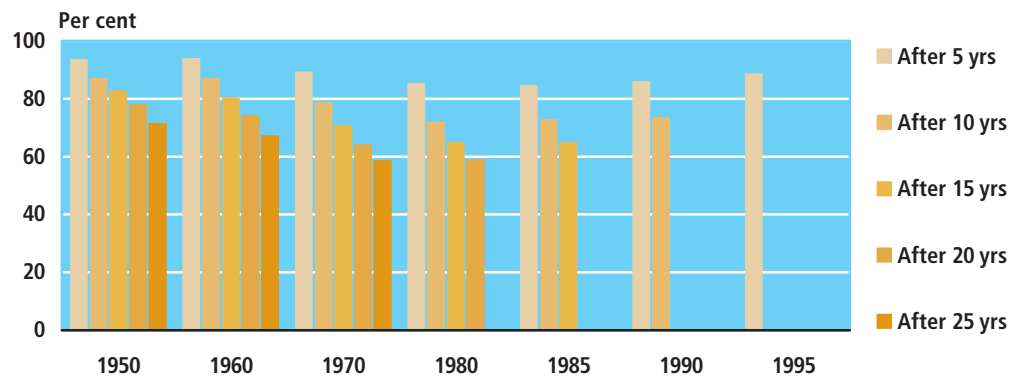
Note: 1 January

More marriages end in divorce

18 per cent of all marriages entered into in 1950 had been dissolved by divorce after a period of 25 years. The same held true for 37 per cent of the marriages entered into in 1975. Thus, there is an increase in the number of marriages which end in divorce. At present, it would appear that the tide is turning for those marriages which were entered into in 1990 or later. As yet, these marriages have lower divorce rates than the 1985 marriages. The percentage of marriages entered into in 1985 which remain after 5 years, was approximately 85 per cent, while the corresponding percentage was 89 per cent for marriages entered into in 1995.

Figure 6

The percentage of marriages entered into in 1950-1995, which remain after 5-25 years



6. Mortality

Most of the people in Denmark live past 60

In recent years, the number of deaths in Denmark has been approximately 58.000 deaths a year. Most people die after having passed the age of 60. In 2003, more than 85 per cent of all deaths occurred in the over-60 age group.

Excess mortality for men compared to women

More men than women die within practically all age groups. This is to say that there is an excess mortality for men in relation to women. The infant mortality rate is one-third higher for boys than for girls. An even greater difference is evident in the 15-35 age group, where the mortality rate for men is up to two or three times higher than that for women.

Life expectancy reflects the health of a population

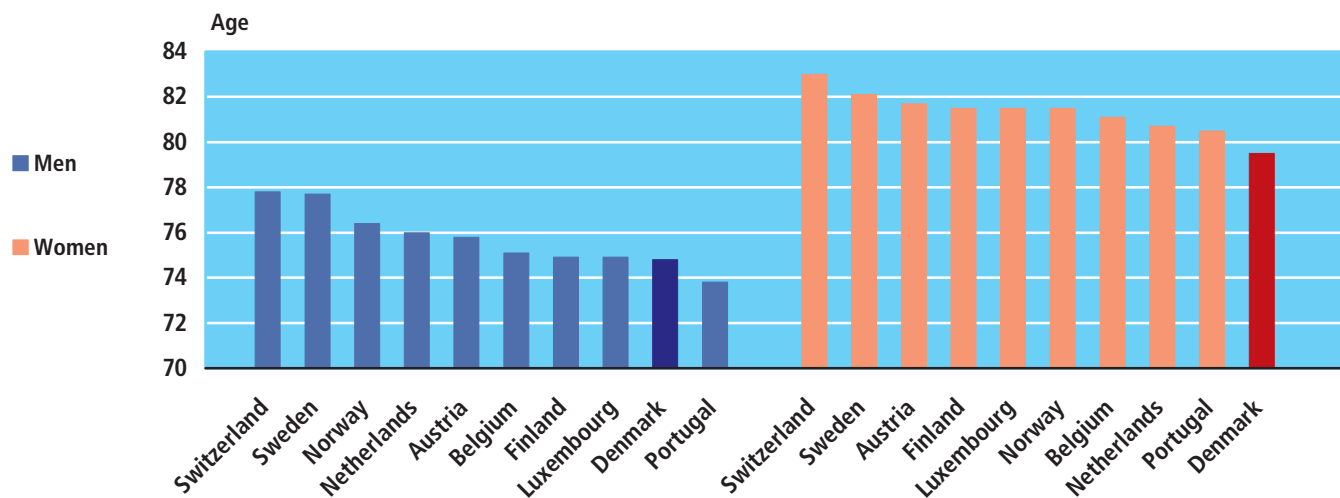
Life expectancy is one of the most commonly used statistics for assessing the health of a population. Life expectancy is the average number of years that a person can expect to live, based on the latest figures for mortality. The latest life-expectancy has been calculated at 74.7 for men and 79.2 for women.

Higher life expectancy rates

The trend as regards life expectancy has not been as positive in Denmark as it has in many other countries. The trend towards stagnation in life expectancy was especially pronounced among Danish women. In the 1960s, Denmark was among the countries with the highest life expectancy in the world, but later on Danish life expectancy was among the lowest in Western Europe. However, life expectancy has again increased during recent years. A comparison of life expectancy for 1995/96 and 2001/2002, shows an increase of 1.8 year for men and 1.2 year for women.

Population and elections

Figure 7 Life expectancy rates in selected countries, 2002



Source: EUROSTAT: *European Social Statistics, Demography, 2001*.
 Note: United Kingdom and Germany concerns the year 1999

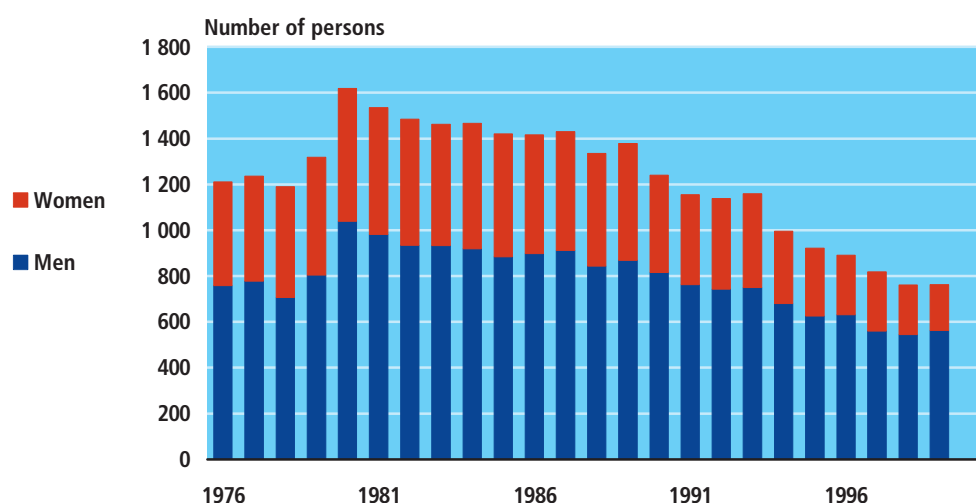
One quarter of all deaths are caused by cancer

Cancer, heart diseases and cardio-vascular disorders are the three main causes of death. Almost two thirds of all deaths are caused by one of these conditions. The number of deaths from heart disease has fallen in recent years, whereas the number of deaths by cancer shows the opposite tendency.

Fewer suicides

The number of suicides has been decreasing for some years, and the latest figures show 762 suicides in 1999, corresponding to approximately 1.3 per cent of all deaths. Suicide is more than twice as common among men as among women.

Figure 8 Number of suicides, 1970-1999



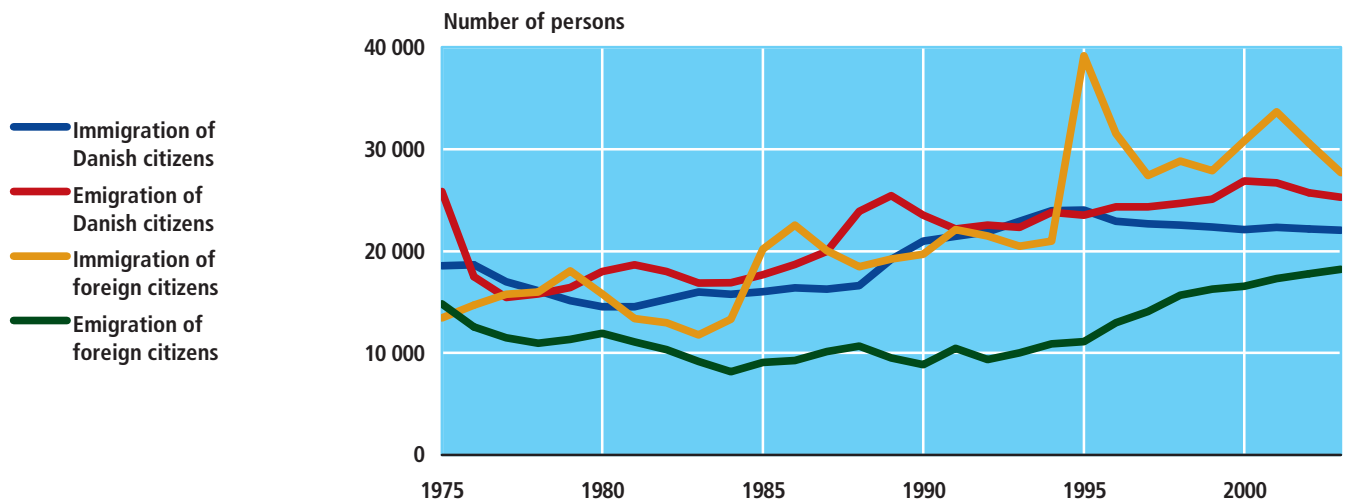
7. Internal and external migration

Immigration and emigration (external migration)

Denmark has more immigrants than emigrants. The level of immigration is, however, relatively low when compared to immigration statistics for countries such as Sweden and Germany. Immigration is often thought of as immigration of foreign citizens, but Danes can also be immigrating. Approximately half of all immigrants are Danish citizens returning after a shorter or longer period abroad.

Figure 9

Immigration and emigration 1970-2003



The Danes emigrate - and then come back

When studying the Danish emigration statistics, it appears that the majority of emigrants - approximately two-thirds - are Danish citizens. These are usually individuals who go abroad for a period of time to study or work. Thus, most of these people will subsequently appear in the statistics as immigrants.

More immigrants from remote countries

Previously, foreign citizens who migrated to Denmark came mainly from the other Nordic countries, the EU countries or the USA, and to some extent from Turkey and the former Yugoslavia. During the 1980s and 1990s, a large proportion of all immigrants continued to come from these countries; a new trend did, however, emerge: an increase in immigration from Asian countries such as Iran, Iraq and Afghanistan as well as African countries such as Somalia and Ethiopia. These groups consist mainly of refugees (and their families) who have been granted Danish residence permits.

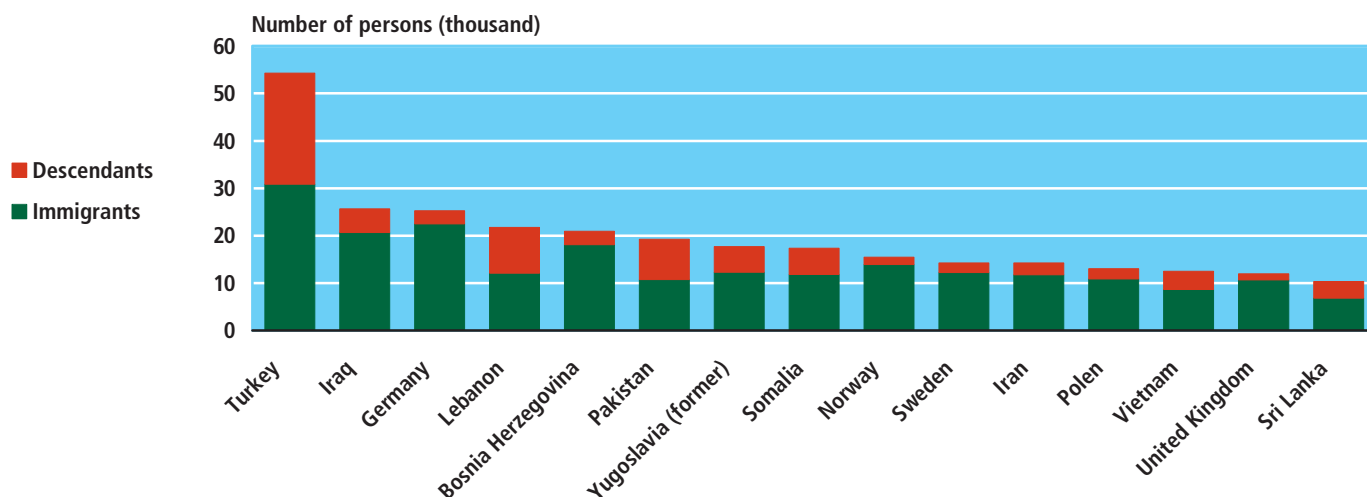
Population and elections

Immigrants and descendants

Immigrants and descendants comprise 8 per cent of the total Danish population (442.036) – 6.3 per cent are immigrants and 1.9 per cent are descendants. More than half of all immigrants and descendants originate from a European country. The majority originated in Turkey, Germany, or Iraq. However, a substantial number come from Norway, Sweden, Lebanon, Bosnia-Hercegovina, Pakistan, Iran, and Somalia.

Figure 10

Immigrants and descendants after country of origin 2004



One in six people move each year

In 2003, more than 866,000 internal migrations are registered. This corresponds to one in six people moving each year. However, more than 100,000 people move twice or more within the span of a year. Almost two thirds of registered migrations are migrations within a single municipality.

8. Elections

Election types

Statistics are published on a number of different election types; general elections (to the Folketing), elections to county councils, elections to municipality councils, elections to the European Parliament, and elections to local church councils. Statistics on referendums are also available.

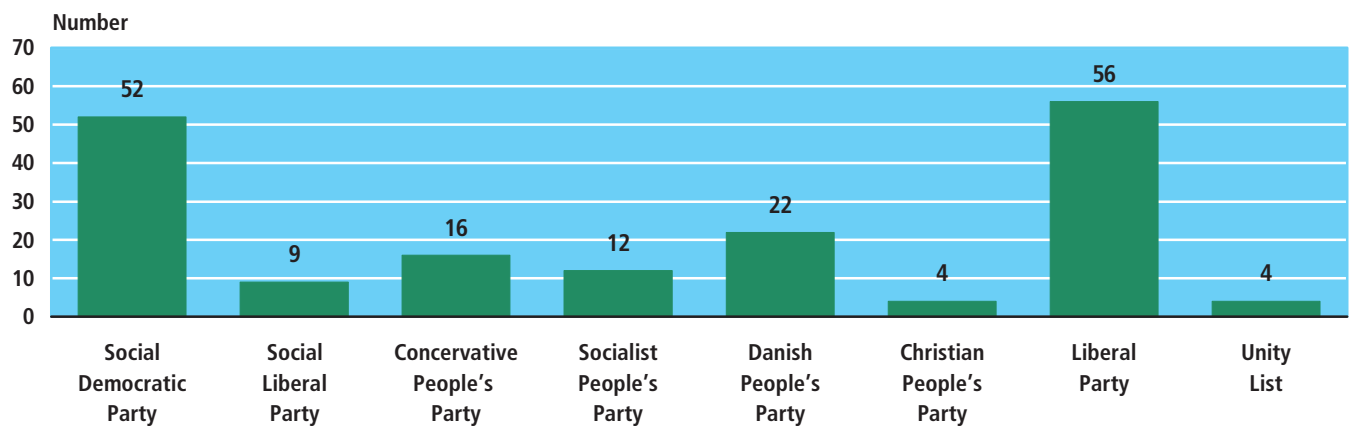
Elections to the Folketing (general elections)

Elections to the Folketing (the Danish parliament) are held once every four years; elections may, however, be called more frequently. General elections take place at the same time in Denmark, on the Faroe Islands and in Greenland. A total of 175 members of parliament are elected in Denmark, two members are elected on the Faroe Islands, and two members are elected in Greenland. 13 general elections have been held since 1970. Five general elections were held during the 1970s, one every other year. Four elections were held during the 1980s, and the 1990s saw three elections - in 1990, 1994, and 1998. The latest election was held in 2001.

Parties nominated and elected

At the latest election to the Folketing, ten parties were nominated, of which eight entered the Folketing. In 1987, 16 parties were nominated, of which only 9 entered the Folketing.

Figure 11 Distribution of seats after the 2001 election to the Folketing



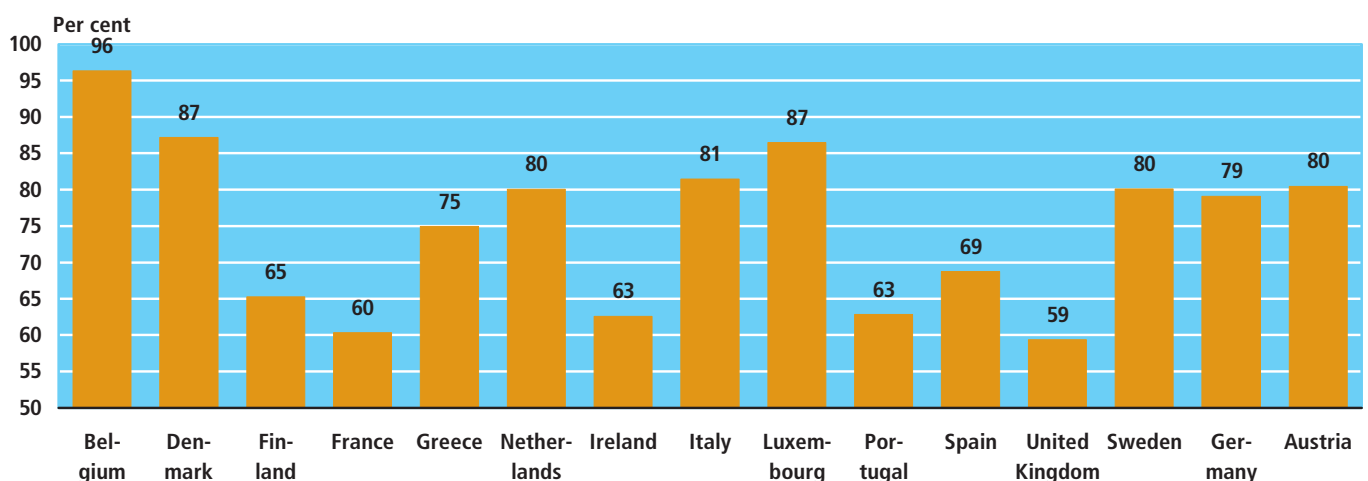
Candidates nominated and elected

In 2001, 67 of the 175 members of parliament were women. This means that approximately 38 per cent of all members of parliament are women, which is the highest rate so far. In the 1970s, the proportion of women in the Folketing was less than 20 per cent. Compared to other countries the proportion of women elected is one of the highest.

Electoral turnout

At the first four elections in the 1970s, more than 87 per cent of the electorate exercised their right to vote. Subsequent elections have attracted fluctuating electoral turnouts, with the minimum rate being 82.8 per cent in 1990. The latest general election attracted 87.2 per cent of all voters. The electoral turnout in Denmark is among the highest in Europe.

Figure 12 Electoral turnout for elections to parliament, before March 1st, 2004



Elections to the European Parliament

Elections to the European Parliament are held once every five years. The latest election was held in 1999. Denmark elects 16 MEPs. Elections to the European Parliament attract fewer voters than national elections. At the latest election, the electoral turnout was 50.5 per cent. Eleven parties were nominated at the 1999 election, 8 of which entered the European Parliament. Women accounted for 37 per cent of the candidates elected.

Referendums

Since 1920, 14 referendums and two consultative referendums have been held. Three of these referendums have involved constitutional amendments (in 1920, 1939, and 1953), and five have concerned the voting age (in 1953, 1961, 1969, 1971, and 1978). Four referendums and one consultative referendum have addressed Denmark's relationship with the EEC/EU (in 1972, 1992, 1993, 1998 and 2000). One referendum, in 1963, concerned acquisition of farms and conservation of nature. Electoral turnout for referendums has varied a great deal. The 1972 referendum on Danish accession to the EEC attracted the largest number of voters (90.1 per cent of the total voting population).

Table 37

Population in Denmark

	Central Copenhagen Region ¹	Rest of the Islands	Jutland	Total	Annual increase in per cent	Population per km ²
1769	80 000	366 921	350 663	797 584		20.5
1787	90 032	400 285	351 489	841 806	0.30	21.6
1801	100 975	442 902	385 124	929 001	0.74	23.8
1840	120 819	623 116	545 140	1 289 075	0.86	33.1
1850	129 695	684 077	600 876	1 414 648	0.97	36.3
1860	171 471	744 849	700 206	1 608 362	1.37	41.3
1870	215 047	798 453	788 119	1 784 741	1.10	45.8
1880	287 870	839 168	868 511	1 969 039	1.03	50.5
1890	406 767	870 447	942 120	2 172 380	1.03	55.8
1901	530 697	931 282	1 063 792	2 449 540	1.16	62.9
1911	656 635	999 221	1 198 457	2 757 076	1.26	70.8
1921 ²	700 610	1 068 742	1 334 857	3 104 209	1.26	79.7
1921	700 610	1 068 742	1 498 479	3 267 831	•	76.1
1930	771 168	1 156 126	1 623 362	3 550 656	0.96	82.7
1940	890 130	1 230 882	1 723 300	3 844 312	0.83	89.6
1950	974 901	1 404 281	1 902 093	4 281 275	1.14	99.7
1960	923 974	1 643 114	2 018 168	4 585 256	0.71	106.6
1970	812 457	1 924 593	2 183 916	4 920 966	0.77	114.6
1980	654 437	2 129 762	2 337 866	5 122 065	0.21	118.9
1985	633 412	2 126 674	2 351 022	5 111 108	- 0.02	118.6
1990	617 637	2 139 424	2 378 348	5 135 409	0.11	119.2
1995	625 810	2 171 062	2 418 846	5 215 718	0.37	121.0
2000	653 983	2 212 855	2 463 182	5 330 020	0.31	123.7
2001	658 318	2 221 105	2 469 789	5 349 212	0.36	124.1
2002	660 066	2 230 428	2 477 860	5 368 354	0.36	124.6
2003	661 034	2 237 577	2 484 896	5 383 507	0.28	124.9
2004	662 089	2 243 699	2 491 852	5 397 640	0.26	125.2

Note. The 1921 census and later censuses comprise the area of Denmark in accordance with the borders drawn up in the Treaty of Versailles of 28 June 1919. Censuses prior to this comprise the area of Denmark in accordance with the borders drawn up in the Peace Treaty of 30 October 1864.

¹ Copenhagen, Frederiksberg og Gentofte Municipalities. Frederiksberg and Gentofte Municipalities were first included in the Central Copenhagen Region in 1860 and 1921. ² Excl. South Jutland.

Table 38**Urban and rural population**

	1960	1970	1981	1990	2003
	Inhabitants				
Denmark total	4 585 256	4 937 579	5 123 989	5 135 409	5 383 507
The Greater Copenhagen	1 289 406	1 380 204	1 381 882	1 337 114	1 085 813
Urban areas with:					
over 100 000					
inhabitants	307 067	459 669	432 778	452 773	489 033
10 000-99 999					
inhabitants	913 860	998 485	1 024 886	1 067 874	1 379 199
1 000-9 999					
inhabitants	513 030	688 789	1 021 714	1 085 531	1 209 402
500-999					
inhabitants	160 066	202 905	237 774	227 478	244 023
200-499					
inhabitants	209 915	216 105	198 058	185 669	184 754
Rural districts	1 191 912	991 422	826 897	778 970	791 283

¹ In 1999 12 municipalities comprising 40 towns were no longer included in the Greater Copenhagen Region.

Table 39

Population, births, deaths, external migration

	Estimated population on 1 July	Live births	Deaths	Immigration	Emigration	Live births	Deaths	Deaths of infants under 1 year of age as a percentage of live births
	thousands					— per thousands inhabitants —		per cent
1851/60 average ¹	1 523	49 400	31 300	...	...	32.4	20.6	13.0
1861/70 average	1 714	52 700	34 100	...	...	30.7	19.9	13.1
1871/80 average	1 888	59 300	36 700	...	...	31.4	19.4	13.3
1881/90 average	2 087	66 600	38 700	...	...	31.9	18.5	13.4
1891/00 average	2 301	69 400	40 100	...	...	30.2	17.5	13.4
1901/10 average	2 594	74 200	36 900	...	...	28.6	14.2	11.1
1911/20 average	2 921	72 600	37 900	...	...	24.9	13.0	9.2
1921/30 average	3 426	71 200	38 300	...	...	20.8	11.2	8.2
1931/40 average	3 705	66 200	39 600	12 000	9 800	17.9	10.7	6.6
1941/50 average	4 070	85 311	39 378	14 041	15 755	21.0	9.7	4.3
1951/60 average	4 445	76 165	40 388	21 358	25 594	17.1	9.1	2.5
1961/70 average	4 774	79 220	46 976	30 146	27 420	16.6	9.8	1.8
1971	4 963	75 359	48 858	35 026	31 626	15.2	9.8	1.4
1972	4 992	75 505	50 445	31 200	25 762	15.1	10.1	1.2
1973	5 022	71 895	50 526	41 948	29 703	14.3	10.1	1.1
1974	5 045	71 327	51 637	33 146	39 751	14.1	10.2	1.1
1975	5 060	72 071	50 895	31 946	40 659	14.2	10.1	1.0
1976	5 073	65 267	54 001	33 320	30 000	12.9	10.6	1.0
1977	5 088	61 878	50 485	32 740	26 906	12.2	9.9	0.9
1978	5 104	62 036	52 864	32 059	26 735	12.2	10.4	0.9
1979	5 117	59 464	54 654	33 183	27 731	11.6	10.7	0.9
1980	5 123	57 293	55 939	30 311	29 913	11.2	10.9	0.8
1971/80 average	5 059	67 210	52 030	33 488	30 879	13.3	10.3	1.0
1981	5 122	53 089	56 359	27 874	29 719	10.4	11.0	0.8
1982	5 118	52 658	55 368	28 223	28 328	10.3	10.8	0.8
1983	5 114	50 822	57 156	27 718	25 999	9.9	11.2	0.8
1984	5 112	51 800	57 109	29 035	25 053	10.1	11.2	0.8
1985	5 114	53 749	58 378	36 214	26 715	10.5	11.4	0.8
1986	5 121	55 312	58 100	38 932	27 928	10.8	11.3	0.8
1987	5 128	56 221	58 136	36 296	30 123	11.0	11.3	0.8
1988	5 130 ²	58 844	58 984	35 051	34 544	11.5	11.5	0.8
1989	5 132 ²	61 351	59 397	38 391	34 949	12.0	11.6	0.8
1990	5 140 ²	63 433	60 926	40 715	32 383	12.3	11.9	0.7
1981/90 average	5 123	55 728	57 991	33 845	29 574	10.9	11.3	0.8
1991	5 154 ²	64 358	59 581	43 567	32 629	12.5	11.6	0.7
1992	5 170 ²	67 726	60 821	43 377	31 915	13.1	11.8	0.7
1993	5 189 ²	67 369	62 809	43 400	32 344	13.0	12.1	0.5
1994	5 205 ²	69 666	61 099	44 961	34 710	13.4	11.7	0.5
1995	5 228 ²	69 771	63 127	63 187	34 630	13.3	12.1	0.5
1996	5 262 ²	67 638	61 043	54 445	37 312	12.9	11.6	0.6
1997	5 284 ²	67 648	59 898	50 105	38 393	12.8	11.3	0.5
1998	5 301 ²	66 174	58 453	51 372	40 340	12.5	11.0	0.5
1999	5 319 ²	66 220	59 179	50 236	41 340	12.4	11.1	0.4
2000	5 337 ²	67 084	57 986	52 915	43 417	12.6	10.9	0.5
1991/2000 average	5 245 ²	67 365	60 400	49 757	36 703	12.8	11.5	0.5
2001	5 355 ²	65 458	58 338	55 984	43 980	12.2	10.9	0.5
2002	5 374 ²	64 149	58 610	52 778	43 481	11.9	10.9	0.4
2003	5 387 ²	64 682	57 574	49 754	43 466	12.0	10.7	0.4

¹ For each year, see *Statistical Yearbook 1922*. ² Population 1 July.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bev1 and [bef6](http://www.statbank.dk/bef6)

Table 40

Population by sex and age 2004

Per 1 January	Males	Females	Total		Males	Females	Total
Total	2 670 135	2 727 505	5 397 640				
0 years	33 351	31 704	65 055	50 years	37 051	36 439	73 490
1 years	33 148	31 401	64 549	51 years	36 210	35 782	71 992
2 years	33 634	32 251	65 885	52 years	35 777	35 028	70 805
3 years	34 675	33 122	67 797	53 years	36 439	36 410	72 849
4 years	34 249	32 842	67 091	54 years	36 177	36 079	72 256
5 years	34 500	32 783	67 283	55 years	38 117	37 756	75 873
6 years	35 313	33 472	68 785	56 years	40 413	40 061	80 474
7 years	35 522	33 643	69 165	57 years	42 014	41 008	83 022
8 years	36 850	34 850	71 700	58 years	40 311	39 608	79 919
9 years	36 796	35 151	71 947	59 years	37 959	37 764	75 723
10 years	35 701	33 908	69 609	60 years	34 510	34 902	69 412
11 years	36 089	34 097	70 186	61 years	32 367	32 495	64 862
12 years	34 462	32 737	67 199	62 years	28 447	29 020	57 467
13 years	34 256	32 447	66 703	63 years	27 336	28 147	55 483
14 years	33 171	31 453	64 624	64 years	25 898	26 649	52 547
15 years	32 071	30 219	62 290	65 years	25 272	26 449	51 721
16 years	30 737	28 926	59 663	66 years	23 728	25 708	49 436
17 years	30 486	28 945	59 431	67 years	22 751	24 495	47 246
18 years	29 534	28 383	57 917	68 years	21 274	23 240	44 514
19 years	28 537	27 256	55 793	69 years	20 176	22 656	42 832
20 years	28 054	27 099	55 153	70 years	18 948	21 340	40 288
21 years	29 331	28 324	57 655	71 years	18 059	21 304	39 363
22 years	29 346	28 994	58 340	72 years	17 368	20 530	37 898
23 years	31 455	31 240	62 695	73 years	16 821	20 308	37 129
24 years	32 525	32 093	64 618	74 years	15 825	19 400	35 225
25 years	33 841	33 381	67 222	75 years	15 622	19 434	35 056
26 years	33 792	33 372	67 164	76 years	14 241	18 614	32 855
27 years	35 555	34 723	70 278	77 years	13 722	18 429	32 151
28 years	38 295	38 252	76 547	78 years	12 711	18 094	30 805
29 years	38 025	37 731	75 756	79 years	12 088	17 606	29 694
30 years	38 125	37 619	75 744	80 years	10 736	16 841	27 577
31 years	39 870	39 528	79 398	81 years	9 676	15 355	25 031
32 years	39 909	38 555	78 464	82 years	9 115	15 653	24 768
33 years	38 068	37 267	75 335	83 years	8 273	14 977	23 250
34 years	38 181	36 918	75 099	84 years	6 442	11 833	18 275
35 years	39 868	38 153	78 021	85 years	5 806	11 176	16 982
36 years	42 611	41 190	83 801	86 years	4 712	9 907	14 619
37 years	45 969	44 082	90 051	87 years	4 087	8 975	13 062
38 years	44 368	42 866	87 234	88 years	3 333	7 656	10 989
39 years	43 649	41 669	85 318	89 years	2 811	7 046	9 857
40 years	42 479	41 148	83 627	90 years	2 246	5 925	8 171
41 years	40 292	38 849	79 141	91 years	1 801	4 976	6 777
42 years	39 046	38 008	77 054	92 years	1 325	3 898	5 223
43 years	39 224	37 968	77 192	93 years	976	3 212	4 188
44 years	37 535	36 606	74 141	94 years	677	2 400	3 077
45 years	37 683	36 721	74 404	95 years	444	1 856	2 300
46 years	37 543	36 483	74 026	96 years	310	1 148	1 458
47 years	37 789	36 878	74 667	97 years	183	877	1 060
48 years	37 369	36 346	73 715	98 years	117	565	682
49 years	36 378	35 978	72 356	99 years	86	339	425
				100 years +	90	504	594

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bef1a

Table 41 (continued) **Population in urban areas with over 1 000 inhabitants**

Per 1 January	Population 1994	Population 2003		Population 1994	Population 2003
All Denmark	5 196 642	5 383 507	485 Brylle	1 179	1 159
			749 Bryrup	1 199	1 341
The Greater Copenhagen Reg.¹	1 346 289	1 085 813	601 Brædstrup	3 048	3 198
			805 Brønderslev	11 369	11 494
Other urban areas			559 Brørup	4 054	4 244
567 Agerbæk	1 229	1 283	461 Bullerup	3 136	3 002
525 Agerskov	1 271	1 267	539 Bylderup-Bov	1 473	1 489
400 Allinge-Sandvig	1 907	1 890	603 Børkop	2 666	3 357
735 Allingåbro	1 922	1 895			
621 Almind	1 045	1 220	509 Christiansfeld	2 612	2 709
573 Alslev	1 107	1 093			
215 Annisse Nord	1 497	1 483	385 Dalby	1 670	1 911
771 Ans	1 502	1 509	851 Dall Villaby	1 145	1 130
577 Ansager	1 410	1 405	303 Dianalund	3 380	3 587
801 Arden	2 290	2 425	155 Dragør ¹	•	10 987
575 Askov	1 137	1 462	807 Dronninglund	2 881	3 026
305 Asnæs	2 585	2 562	777 Durup	1 048	1 026
421 Assens	5 669	5 812	537 Dybbøl	2 041	2 289
719 Assens	1 570	1 566			
747 Assentoft	2 268	2 406	421 Ebberup	1 291	1 289
807 Asaa	1 327	1 308	701 Ebeltoft	4 242	5 707
501 Augustenborg	3 150	3 134	615 Egebjerg	1 520	1 552
651 Aulum	2 810	2 886	571 Egebæk	1 191	1 188
747 Auning	2 444	2 493	507 Egernsund	1 620	1 600
			605 Egtved	1 913	2 090
781 Balling	1 221	1 209	251 Ejby	1 750	1 882
751 Beder	3 873	4 155	267 Ejby	2 208	2 559
785 Bedsted	1 018	1 003	429 Ejby	1 744	1 947
461 Bellinge	4 258	4 121	625 Ejstrupholm	1 621	1 598
849 Biersted	1 818	1 698	813 Elling	1 308	1 237
551 Billund	5 637	6 006	663 Engesvang	1 860	1 891
819 Bindslev	1 140	1 152	561 Esbjerg	73 149	72 613
Birkerød ¹	•	18 998	375 Eskilstrup	1 053	1 104
201 Of which in Allerød Municipality	•	18 963	Espergærde ^{1, 2}	•	11 307
205 Of which in Birkerød Municipality	•	27	208 Of which in Fredensborg- Humleb. ¹	•	57
207 Of which in Farum Municipality	•	8	217 Of which in Helsingør Municipality ²	•	11 250
761 Bjerringbro	6 880	7 364			
267 Bjæverskov	2 032	2 392	351 Fakse	3 696	3 811
213 Blistrup	•	1 013	351 Fakse Ladeplads	2 611	2 815
201 Blovstrød ¹	•	2 011	809 Farsø	3 107	3 244
423 Bogense	3 167	3 382	207 Farum ¹	•	11 826
539 Bolderslev	1 244	1 228	519 Felsted	1 059	1 139
663 Bording	2 111	2 102	357 Fensmark	3 719	4 104
267 Borup	2 616	2 998	811 Fjerritslev	3 305	3 382
557 Bramming	6 476	6 695	169 Fløng ¹	•	11 138
653 Brande	6 062	6 287	325 Forlev	2 065	2 067
505 Bredebro	1 641	1 549	751 Framlev	2 629	2 935
605 Bredsten	1 293	1 525	208 Fredensborg St.by ¹	•	8 157
603 Brejning	2 148	2 189	607 Fredericia	29 033	36 819
671 Bremdal	1 304	1 652	769 Frederiks	1 630	1 719
429 Brenderup	1 111	1 167	335 Frederiksberg	2 928	3 103
507 Broager	3 010	3 297	813 Frederikshavn	24 836	24 309
425 Brobyværk	1 034	•	209 Frederikssund	14 066	14 463
803 Brovst	2 573	2 723	211 Frederiksværk	11 331	11 867

¹ The Greater Copenhagen Region: In 1999 12 municipalities covering 40 towns were no longer included in the Greater Copenhagen Region. ² In 1994 included in Helsingør.

Table 41 (continued)

Population in urban areas with over 1 000 inhabitants

Per 1 January	Population 1994	Population 2003		Population 1994	Population 2003
851 Frejlev	2 009	2 181	613 Hedensted	8 242	9 621
307 Fuglebjerg	1 850	1 938	217 Hellebæk	4 811	5 256
431 Faaborg	7 318	7 251	215 Helsingø	6 377	6 891
305 Fårevejle St.by	1 814	1 777	217 Helsingør	43 527	34 906
729 Fårup	1 025	1 033	393 Herlufmagle	1 077	1 103
705 Fårvang	1 117	1 181	657 Herning	29 059	29 871
			219 Hillerød	26 291	28 143
219 Gadevang	•	1 052	713 Hinnerup	5 465	6 619
263 Gadstrup	1 854	1 759	819 Hirtshals	6 974	6 748
703 Galten	4 108	4 713	807 Hjallerup	3 168	3 277
737 Gammel Rye	•	1 069	671 Hjerm	1 096	1 107
817 Gandrup	1 514	1 496	529 Hjorkær	1 654	1 734
235 Ganløse	2 750	2 835	751 Hjortshøj	2 137	2 414
609 Gedved	1 322	1 458	821 Hjørring	24 510	24 724
393 Gelsted	1 204	1 229	823 Hobro	10 191	10 961
429 Gelsted	1 517	1 548	315 Holbæk	22 274	24 081
261 Gevninge	1 463	1 420	355 Holeby	1 921	1 890
213 Gilleleje	5 001	5 574	357 Holme Olstrup	1 072	1 071
477 Gislev	1 563	1 534	661 Holstebro	30 107	31 805
339 Gisløse	1 117	1 148	569 Holsted	3 005	3 105
851 Gistrup	3 600	3 667	217 Hornbæk	3 123	3 241
611 Give	3 920	4 207	733 Hornslet	4 382	4 792
657 Gjellerup Kirkeby	3 471	3 620	619 Hornsyld	1 303	1 444
705 Gjern	1 113	1 177	861 Hornum	•	1 002
433 Glamsbjerg	3 015	3 124	615 Horsens	47 365	49 457
393 Glumsø	1 602	1 711	727 Hov	•	1 206
777 Glyngøre	1 586	1 684	609 Hovedgård	1 522	1 669
851 Godthåb	1 487	1 567	208 Humlebæk ¹	•	8 760
511 Gram	2 531	2 549	221 Hundested	8 232	8 516
605 Gravens	1 107	1 149	785 Hurup	2 799	2 747
571 Gredstedbro	1 088	1 038	257 Hvalsø	3 243	3 697
707 Grenaa	14 248	14 308	675 Hvidbjerg	1 252	1 313
253 Greve Strand ¹	•	41 506	659 Hvide Sande	3 300	3 290
565 Grindsted	9 291	9 391	343 Højby	1 482	1 486
209 Græse Bakkeby	1 212	1 885	461 Højby	4 245	4 347
213 Græsted	3 128	3 233	517 Højer	1 485	1 479
513 Gråsten	3 734	3 893	779 Højslev St.by	1 844	1 886
523 Guderup	2 201	2 344	319 Høng	3 799	3 990
657 Gullestrup	1 737	1 897	715 Hørring	5 374	5 992
255 Gundsømagle	2 268	2 173	Hørsholm ¹	•	36 001
557 Gørding	1 664	1 756	181 Of which in Søllerød Municipality	•	2 349
309 Gørlev	2 174	2 234	205 Of which in Birkerød Municipality	•	103
			223 Of which in Hørsholm Municipality	•	23 735
515 Haderslev	20 599	20 982	227 Of which in Karlebo Municipality	•	9 814
709 Hadsten	6 193	6 902	535 Høruphav	2 276	2 454
815 Hadsund	4 682	4 946	305 Hørve	2 184	2 340
817 Hals	2 166	2 346	437 Haarby	2 341	2 387
711 Hammel	5 359	5 985	271 Hårlev	2 265	2 442
657 Hammerum	3 040	2 999			
765 Hanstholm	2 477	2 416	395 Idestrup	1 039	1 325
673 Harboøre	1 903	1 782	663 Ikast	13 674	14 517
400 Hasle	1 882	1 837	183 Ishøj Strand ¹	•	19 424
313 Haslev	10 039	10 413			
615 Hatting	1 426	1 441	783 Jebjerg	1 285	1 283
269 Havdrup ¹	•	3 789	617 Jelling	2 429	2 873

¹ The Greater Copenhagen Region: In 1999 12 municipalities covering 40 towns were no longer included in the Greater Copenhagen Region.

Table 41 (continued)

Population in urban areas with over 1 000 inhabitants

Per 1 January	Population 1994	Population 2003		Population 1994	Population 2003
527 Jels	1 651	1 673	751 Malling	3 002	3 302
619 Juelsminde	2 863	3 585	719 Mariager	2 206	2 409
341 Jyderup	3 584	3 875	363 Maribo	5 586	5 406
255 Jyllinge	7 424	9 466	443 Marstal	2 478	2 340
225 Jægerspris	3 534	3 762	661 Mejrup	1 187	1 377
			445 Middelfart	12 500	13 330
323 Kalundborg	15 329	15 740	353 Mogenstrup	1 350	1 370
351 Karise	1 746	1 844	483 Morud	1 087	1 184
373 Karrebæksminde	1 389	1 478	837 Mou	1 099	1 129
769 Karup	2 124	2 166	447 Munkebo	5 445	5 310
439 Kerteminde	5 388	5 662	775 Møldrup	1 245	1 276
685 Kibæk	2 319	2 556	733 Mørke	1 329	1 389
251 Kirke Hyllinge	1 138	1 438	341 Mørkøv	1 640	1 724
251 Kirke Sonnerup	•	1 019	Måløv ¹	•	8 186
257 Kirke Såby	1 685	1 710	151 Of which in Ballerup Municipality	•	6 882
189 Kirke Værløse ¹	•	1 080	189 Of which in Værløse MUnicipality	•	1 304
771 Kjellerup	4 033	4 390	751 Mårslet	2 427	2 649
851 Klarup	3 786	3 520			
519 Kliplev	1 164	1 205	367 Nakskov	14 822	14 351
621 Kolding	51 205	54 526	461 Neder Holluf	5 865	5 603
721 Kolind	1 567	1 619	397 Neder Vindinge	2 011	1 914
503 Kollund	•	1 071	400 Nexø	3 679	3 804
751 Kolt	4 855	4 993	831 Nibe	3 652	4 195
837 Kongerslev	1 358	1 311	227 Nivå ¹	•	8 096
431 Korinth	1 062	1 107	523 Nordborg	7 901	7 488
325 Korsør	14 553	14 894	563 Nordby	2 616	2 539
503 Kruså	1 866	1 733	787 Nors	1 116	1 096
225 Kulhuse	•	1 048	219 Ny Hammersholt	1 424	1 377
477 Kværndrup	1 520	1 570	449 Nyborg	15 442	15 797
259 Køge	32 373	33 487	533 Nybøl	•	1 006
835 Kås	2 043	2 017	369 Nykøbing F	16 183	16 706
			773 Nykøbing M	9 298	9 265
441 Langeskov	3 516	3 659	327 Nykøbing S	5 212	5 468
717 Langå	2 587	2 659	397 Nyråd	2 126	2 206
261 Lejre	1 864	2 047	371 Nysted	1 471	1 359
667 Lem	1 399	1 488	461 Næsbyhoved Broby	1 070	1 133
665 Lemvig	7 426	7 338	373 Næstved	38 319	40 147
Lille Skensved	1 366	1 433	219 Nødebo	1 731	1 882
259 Of which in Køge Municipality	1 366	1 373	375 Nørre Alslev	2 206	2 127
269 Of which in Solrød Municipality ¹	•	60	425 Nørre Broby	1 382	1 396
201 Lillerød ¹	•	15 382	849 Nørre Halne	1 137	1 179
657 Lind	3 488	3 759	497 Nørre Lyndelse	1 668	1 767
627 Lindved	1 081	1 103	553 Nørre Nebel	1 204	1 262
211 Liseleje	2 507	2 868	625 Nørre Snede	1 861	1 867
615 Lund	1 274	1 339	451 Nørre Aaby	2 495	2 684
623 Lunderskov	2 253	2 628			
201 Lyngø	•	4 038	727 Odder	9 484	10 611
751 Lystrup	8 440	9 090	461 Odense	143 029	145 374
791 Løgstrup	1 385	1 472	555 Oksbøl	2 522	2 811
827 Løgstør	4 398	4 486	427 Ollerup	1 154	1 155
751 Løgten	4 288	4 749	261 Osted	1 950	2 028
521 Løgumkloster	3 148	3 104	471 Otterup	4 387	4 504
545 Løjt Kirkeby	1 922	1 940	731 Over Hornbæk	1 515	1 671
829 Løkken	1 460	1 555	543 Over Jerstal	1 229	1 177
737 Låsby	1 455	1 545			

¹ The Greater Copenhagen Region: In 1999 12 municipalities comprising 40 towns were no longer included in the Greater Copenhagen Region.

Table 41 (continued)

Population in urban areas with over 1 000 inhabitants

Per 1 January	Population 1994	Population 2003		Population 1994	Population 2003
503 Padborg	4 847	4 697	233 Slangerup	5 459	6 407
835 Pandrup	2 638	2 877	Smørumnedre ¹	•	8 866
377 Præstø	3 444	3 631	151 Of which in Ballerup Municipality	•	117
			171 Of which in Ledøje-Smørum Municip.	•	8 749
215 Ramløse	1 447	1 530	787 Snedsted	1 097	1 192
731 Randers	55 515	55 897	657 Snejbjerg	3 593	3 524
479 Rantzausminde	1 564	1 734	607 Snoghøj	1 877	2 319
827 Ranum	1 248	1 164	751 Solbjerg	2 633	2 841
321 Regstrup	1 538	1 709	269 Solrød Strand ¹	•	14 530
743 Resenbro	1 507	1 563	543 Sommersted	1 113	1 119
571 Ribe	7 998	8 006	335 Sorø	6 486	6 996
473 Ringe	4 755	4 869	729 Spentrup	2 225	2 211
667 Ringkøbing	8 862	9 239	681 Spjald	1 273	1 260
329 Ringsted	17 627	18 507	515 Starup	2 002	2 118
513 Rinkenæs	1 137	1 204	207 Stavnsholt ¹	•	5 736
265 Roskilde	41 266	43 753	751 Stavtrup	3 217	3 539
777 Roslev	1 364	1 392	365 Stege	3 934	3 951
475 Rudkøbing	4 902	4 751	337 Stenlille	1 736	1 874
303 Ruds Vedby	1 355	1 452	Stenløse	11 815	13 088
737 Ry	4 554	4 865	235 Of which in Stenløse Municipality	4 996	5 252
721 Ryomgård	1 848	1 926	237 Of which in Ølstykke Municipality	6 819	7 836
477 Ryslinge	1 871	1 821	427 Stenstrup	1 432	1 498
383 Rødby	2 534	2 418	361 Stensved	1 279	1 384
383 Rødbyhavn	2 181	2 117	717 Stevnstrup	1 415	1 461
529 Rødding	2 538	2 655	461 Stige	2 220	2 217
529 Rødekro	5 050	5 390	745 Stilling	3 272	3 606
761 Rødkærsbro	1 652	1 612	763 Stoholm	2 052	2 131
389 Rødvig	1 409	1 352	389 Store Heddinge	3 161	3 513
739 Rønde	1 985	2 210	345 Store Merløse	1 213	1 235
400 Rønne	14 384	14 006	837 Storvorde	2 504	2 749
385 Rønnede	2 067	2 207	813 Strandby	2 580	2 515
327 Rørvig	•	1 033	445 Strib	3 887	4 280
			671 Struer	11 409	11 271
751 Sabro	1 651	1 956	271 Strøby Egede	2 492	2 653
387 Saksøbing	4 802	4 872	391 Stubbekøbing	2 272	2 278
461 Sankt Klemens	2 651	2 669	545 Stubbæk	1 209	1 090
461 Seden	3 135	3 268	845 Støvring	5 527	6 051
169 Sengeløse ¹	•	1 264	845 Suldrup	1 066	1 116
743 Silkeborg	35 665	38 111	369 Sundby	2 962	2 920
839 Sindal	3 054	3 003	657 Sunds	3 396	3 496
841 Skagen	11 072	10 078	400 Svaneke	1 105	1 144
775 Skals	1 597	1 702	301 Svebølle	2 061	2 163
745 Skanderborg	11 633	13 112	743 Svejbæk	3 280	3 628
229 Skibby	2 432	2 581	479 Svendborg	27 093	27 512
779 Skive	20 105	20 723	325 Svenstrup	1 755	1 763
669 Skjern	6 935	7 133	851 Svenstrup	4 639	4 524
527 Skodborg	1 197	1 235	339 Svinninge	2 271	2 375
181 Skodsborg ¹	•	1 269	265 Svogerslev	4 313	4 267
703 Skovby	2 421	2 446	847 Sæby	8 527	8 523
331 Skælskør	6 051	6 322	713 Søften	1 866	2 050
531 Skærbæk	3 145	3 147	359 Søllested	1 479	1 494
607 Skærbæk	1 470	1 723	621 Sønder Bjert	1 872	1 858
231 Skævinge	1 505	1 733	685 Sønder Felding	1 418	1 521
843 Skørping	2 082	2 518	565 Sønder Omme	1 856	1 772
479 Skårup	1 453	1 459	537 Sønderborg	25 914	26 865
333 Slagelse	30 050	31 674	483 Søndersø	2 914	2 844

¹ The Greater Copenhagen Region: In 1999 12 municipalities comprising 40 towns were no longer included in the Greater Copenhagen Region.

Table 41

Population in urban areas with over 1 000 inhabitants

Per 1 January	Population 1994	Population 2003		Population 1994	Population 2003
311 Sørbymagle	•	1 041	235 Veksø	1 841	1 932
155 Søvang ¹	•	1 731	679 Vemb	1 280	1 363
655 Tarm	4 097	3 993	267 Vemmedrup	1 739	1 658
561 Tarp	1 266	1 332	851 Vestbjerg	2 389	2 262
607 Taulov	2 574	2 858	817 Vester Hassing	2 146	2 258
400 Tejn	1 108	1 007	605 Vester Nebel	•	1 177
843 Terndrup	1 561	1 556	533 Vester Sottrup	1 275	1 329
749 Them	1 699	1 788	791 Viborg	30 495	33 203
787 Thisted	12 621	12 854	263 Viby	4 178	4 464
739 Thorsager	1 225	1 240	681 Videbæk	3 925	4 005
767 Thorsø	1 414	1 504	343 Vig	1 288	1 316
479 Thurø	3 231	3 303	677 Vildbjerg	3 254	3 622
673 Thyborøn	2 802	2 650	479 Vindeby	2 198	2 142
611 Thyregod	1 228	1 223	683 Vinderup	2 939	3 027
539 Tinglev	2 705	2 821	265 Vindinge	1 838	2 039
577 Tistrup St.by	1 304	1 408	315 Vipperød	2 292	2 326
215 Tisvilde	1 628	1 796	743 Virklund	2 518	3 058
561 Tjæreborg	2 072	2 147	491 Vissenbjerg	3 124	3 087
525 Toftlund	3 498	3 421	851 Vodskov	4 284	4 337
485 Tommerup	1 451	1 554	543 Vojens	7 815	7 944
485 Tommerup St.by	2 076	2 092	551 Vorbasse	1 086	1 195
751 Tranbjerg	7 358	7 414	397 Vordingborg	8 739	8 816
751 Trige	2 238	2 378	829 Vrå	2 180	2 277
479 Troense	1 172	1 128	395 Væggerløse	1 392	1 319
181 Trørød ¹	•	8 629	189 Værløse ¹	•	12 323
219 Tulstrup	1 298	1 250	493 Ærøskøbing	1 063	•
253 Tune ¹	•	5 101	605 Ødsted	1 186	1 265
661 Tvis	1 096	1 088	577 Ølgod	3 800	3 907
851 Tylstrup	1 093	1 166	211 Ølsted	1 365	1 472
345 Tølløse	2 897	3 200	237 Ølstykke St.	5 137	5 313
541 Tønder	8 112	8 014	495 Ørbæk	1 254	1 394
627 Tørring	2 158	2 333	397 Ørslev	1 885	1 807
821 Tårs	1 799	1 902	735 Ørsted	1 388	1 500
Taastrup ¹	•	30 982	789 Ørum	1 100	1 275
169 Of which in Høje Taastrup Municip.	•	30 968	609 Østbirk	1 475	1 563
183 Of which in Ishøj Municipality	•	14	845 Øster Hornum	•	1 001
317 Ubby	1 170	1 238	847 Øster Vrå	1 350	1 409
627 Uldum	1 189	1 217	545 Aabenraa	15 987	16 225
679 Ulfborg	1 833	1 959	849 Aabybro	4 266	4 707
489 Ullerslev	2 483	2 743	255 Ågerup	1 266	1 360
817 Ulsted	1 035	1 034	400 Aakirkeby	2 112	2 135
767 Ulstrup	1 804	1 939	851 Aalborg	116 567	121 100
851 Vadum	2 205	2 096	841 Ålbæk	1 636	1 588
629 Vamdrup	4 024	4 549	793 Aalestrup	2 778	2 792
573 Varde	12 263	12 798	751 Århus	209 404	222 559
265 Veddelev	1 168	1 182	861 Aars	6 944	7 250
215 Vejby	1 036	1 048	497 Årslev	2 857	3 133
575 Vejen	8 400	8 507	499 Aarup	2 426	2 554
425 Vejle	1 041	•			
631 Vejle	46 718	49 782			

¹ The Greater Copenhagen Region: In 1999 12 municipalities comprising 40 towns were no longer included in the Greater Copenhagen Region.

Table 42 (continued)

Population in municipalities and counties 2003

Per 1 January	Population	Urban areas ¹	Population density ²		Population	Urban areas ¹	Population density ²		
All Denmark	5 383 507	4 592 224	124.9	261	Lejre	8 661	5 899	98.2	
101	Copenhagen	501 285	501 285	5 680.3	263	Ramsø	9 211	6 859	136.3
147	Frederiksberg	91 435	91 435	10 425.9	265	Roskilde	53 472	52 139	662.1
				267	Skovbo	14 152	10 845	107.4	
15	Copenhagen County	618 016	614 036	1 169.9	269	Solrød	20 297	19 376	507.6
165	Albertslund	28 839	28 839	1 251.7	271	Vallo	10 260	7 335	122.4
151	Ballerup	46 443	46 143	1 362.4					
153	Brøndby	34 676	34 676	1 679.2	30	West Zealand County	300 729	221 653	100.8
155	Dragør	13 028	12 718	718.2	301	Bjergsted	7 857	4 668	56.7
157	Gentofte	68 314	68 314	2 674.8	303	Dianalund	7 313	5 500	109.1
159	Gladsaxe	62 006	62 006	2 480.2	305	Dragsholm	13 671	8 397	89.7
161	Glostrup	20 586	20 586	1 546.7	307	Fuglebjerger	6 544	2 921	46.5
163	Herlev	27 318	27 318	2 268.9	309	Gørlev	6 376	3 846	69.3
167	Hvidovre	49 829	49 829	2 274.3	311	Hashøj	6 471	2 692	49.5
169	Høje-Taastrup	45 754	44 205	583.5	313	Haslev	14 355	11 791	108.2
183	Ishøj	21 023	20 337	810.4	315	Holbæk	34 500	29 819	216.3
171	Ledøje-Smørum	10 462	9 730	333.9	317	Hvidebæk	5 470	2 615	55.7
173	Lyngby-Taarbæk	51 344	51 344	1 320.6	319	Høng	8 392	4 587	58.0
175	Rødovre	36 619	36 619	3 021.4	321	Jernløse	5 841	3 186	56.9
181	Søllerød	31 494	31 290	791.9	323	Kalundborg	19 879	16 973	152.7
185	Tårnby	39 466	39 466	607.6	325	Korsør	20 654	18 724	277.0
187	Vallensbæk	12 332	12 332	1 347.8	327	Nykøbing-Rørvig	7 521	6 501	188.1
189	Værløse	18 483	18 284	543.8	329	Ringsted	30 110	22 767	101.9
				331	Skælskør	11 763	7 965	69.2	
20	Frederiksborg County	372 276	331 789	276.3	333	Slagelse	36 840	32 504	191.9
201	Allerød	23 374	21 730	346.6	335	Sorø	15 198	11 156	101.8
205	Birkerød	21 696	20 540	646.3	337	Stenlille	5 556	2 927	59.4
207	Farum	18 495	17 925	815.1	339	Svinninge	6 474	4 227	75.3
208	Fredensborg-				341	Tornved	9 048	6 903	86.4
	Humlebæk	19 946	17 600	277.0	343	Trundholm	11 260	4 999	69.1
209	Frederikssund	18 384	17 141	451.4	345	Tølløse	9 636	5 985	76.4
211	Frederiksværk	20 316	17 395	226.8					
213	Græsted-Gilleleje	20 890	13 513	155.7	35	Storstrøm County	261 188	185 991	76.9
215	Helsingør	19 234	13 740	131.9	351	Fakse	12 378	8 470	84.3
217	Helsingør	60 569	57 331	498.1	353	Fladså	7 452	3 570	56.2
219	Hillerød	37 169	34 595	280.0	355	Holeby	4 125	2 282	35.5
221	Hundested	9 668	8 516	305.7	357	Holmegaard	7 094	5 758	107.3
223	Hørsholm	24 208	23 735	771.4	359	Højreby	4 126	1 494	32.3
225	Jægerspris	9 508	7 917	99.5	361	Langebæk	6 305	4 110	62.6
227	Karlebo	19 554	18 272	488.0	363	Maribo	11 003	8 410	71.4
229	Skibby	6 543	4 711	81.9	365	Møn	11 697	6 286	49.3
231	Skævinge	5 692	3 913	83.2	367	Nakskov	15 138	14 594	463.4
233	Slangerup	9 028	7 640	198.1	369	Nykøbing F	25 537	23 357	190.9
235	Stenløse	13 328	11 832	204.0	371	Nysted	5 455	2 798	38.3
237	Ølstykke	14 674	13 743	503.9	373	Næstved	47 422	43 056	237.3
				375	Nørre Alslev	9 500	4 736	52.4	
25	Roskilde County	236 151	213 367	264.9	377	Præstø	7 493	4 795	70.1
251	Bramsnæs	9 221	6 839	115.4	379	Ravnsborg	5 659	1 950	28.6
253	Greve	48 227	47 466	801.4	381	Rudbjerg	3 537	809	24.7
255	Gundsø	15 362	13 795	241.8	383	Rødby	6 697	4 535	55.6
257	Hvalsø	7 755	6 197	107.7	385	Rønnede	7 099	4 118	56.8
259	Køge	39 533	36 617	319.5	387	Sakskøbing	9 428	5 346	53.5

¹ Urban areas refers to an area of unbroken buildings with at least 200 inhabitants. The Greater Copenhagen Region belongs to the category of urban area. ² Population density refers to number of inhabitants per km².

Table 42 (continued) Population in municipalities and counties 2003

Per 1 January		Population	Urban areas ¹	Population density ²			Population	Urban areas ¹	Population density ²
389	Stevns	11 349	7 089	68.2	517	Højer	2 998	1 479	25.7
391	Stubbekøbing	6 907	3 211	44.2	519	Lundtoft	6 205	4 039	45.2
393	Suså	8 225	4 663	56.8	521	Løgumkloster	6 918	4 760	34.6
395	Sydfalster	7 074	3 584	62.4	523	Nordborg	14 051	11 915	112.6
397	Vordingborg	20 488	16 970	116.1	525	Nørre Rangstrup	9 649	6 154	32.0
					527	Rødding	10 921	6 703	40.0
400	Bornholm Municipal.³	44 060	32 048	74.9	529	Rødékro	11 447	8 760	56.7
400	Bornholm Municipal.	43 956	32 048	74.7	531	Skærbæk	7 472	4 826	20.7
411	Christiansø	104	0	260.0	533	Sundeved	5 240	3 702	75.6
					535	Sydals	6 554	4 258	69.2
42	Funen County	473 471	385 222	135.8	537	Sønderborg	30 122	29 453	553.2
421	Assens	10 787	7 704	77.4	539	Tinglev	10 259	6 593	31.5
423	Bogense	6 377	3 382	62.8	541	Tønder	12 540	10 342	67.9
425	Broby	6 265	3 792	62.7	543	Vøjens	16 793	13 206	56.3
427	Egebjerg	8 825	5 013	71.3	545	Aabenraa	21 979	19 612	170.8
429	Ejby	10 019	5 596	61.6					
431	Faaborg	17 281	12 948	76.0	55	Ribe County	224 257	180 809	71.6
433	Glamsbjerg	6 005	4 107	65.7	551	Billund	8 633	7 201	55.9
435	Gudme	6 334	3 385	52.8	553	Blåbjerg	6 534	3 087	25.7
437	Haarby	5 012	2 978	62.9	555	Blåvandshuk	4 356	3 207	19.6
439	Kerteminde	11 027	7 164	77.0	557	Bramming	13 651	10 073	80.5
441	Langeskov	6 253	4 681	143.9	559	Brørup	6 437	4 731	60.2
443	Marstal	3 279	2 682	195.8	561	Esbjerg	82 314	79 084	372.6
445	Middelfart	20 186	18 264	279.2	563	Fanø	3 169	2 784	56.8
447	Munkebo	5 746	5 310	298.0	565	Grindsted	17 388	13 406	45.5
449	Nyborg	18 721	17 129	224.0	567	Helle	8 329	4 509	29.7
451	Nørre Aaby	5 382	3 443	82.9	569	Holsted	6 972	4 163	36.7
461	Odense	184 308	177 257	605.6	571	Ribe	18 107	12 358	51.4
471	Otterup	10 901	6 351	64.7	573	Varde	20 148	16 526	80.1
473	Ringe	11 080	6 257	72.0	575	Vejen	16 809	12 443	68.8
475	Rudkøbing	6 723	4 751	106.8	577	Ølgod	11 410	7 237	46.3
477	Ryslinge	7 078	4 925	86.6					
479	Svendborg	42 986	38 632	248.8	60	Vejle County	353 284	293 995	117.9
481	Sydlangeland	4 166	1 878	34.5	601	Brædstrup	8 613	4 384	42.8
483	Søndersø	11 144	6 313	61.4	603	Børkop	11 125	7 976	107.9
485	Tommerup	7 805	5 587	106.0	605	Egtved	15 184	9 346	46.8
487	Tranekær	3 497	1 797	32.5	607	Fredericia	48 533	46 416	360.9
489	Ullerslev	5 124	3 348	94.3	609	Gedved	9 931	6 393	65.6
491	Vissenbjerg	6 116	4 462	129.1	611	Give	14 135	8 204	35.1
493	Ærøskøbing	3 779	2 027	51.3	613	Hedensted	16 451	12 634	119.8
495	Ørbæk	6 685	3 609	48.3	615	Horsens	57 651	54 397	305.3
497	Årslev	9 164	7 249	123.2	617	Jelling	5 674	2 873	63.5
499	Aarup	5 416	3 201	67.2	619	Juelsminde	15 316	9 034	63.9
					621	Kolding	62 747	58 642	262.9
50	South Jutland County	253 013	196 773	64.2	623	Lunderskov	5 428	3 356	56.7
501	Augustenborg	6 458	4 818	121.1	625	Nørre Snede	7 255	4 641	28.6
503	Bov	10 126	8 223	68.5	627	Tørring-Uldum	12 365	7 726	65.3
505	Bredebro	3 764	2 383	25.0	629	Vamdrup	7 323	5 518	72.1
507	Broager	6 370	5 359	146.8	631	Vejle	55 553	52 455	385.8
509	Christiansfeld	9 472	4 773	44.8					
511	Gram	4 876	3 425	37.1	65	Ringkøbing County	275 044	215 322	56.7
513	Gråsten	7 208	6 136	127.2	651	Aulum-Haderup	6 672	4 455	27.0
515	Haderslev	31 591	25 854	116.1	653	Brande	8 772	6 613	46.6

¹ Urban areas refers to an area of unbroken buildings with at least 200 inhabitants. The Greater Copenhagen Region belongs to the category of urban area. ² Population density refers to number of inhabitants per km². ³ Including Christiansø.

Table 42

Population in municipalities and counties 2003

Per 1 January	Population	Urban areas ¹	Population density ²		Population	Urban areas ¹	Population density ²		
655	Egvad	9 624	5 973	25.5	763	Fjends	8 126	4 913	34.4
657	Herning	58 823	52 698	108.6	765	Hanstholm	5 859	4 519	27.1
659	Holmsland	5 292	3 893	55.9	767	Hvorslev	6 826	4 188	53.3
661	Holstebro	41 119	36 825	117.1	769	Karup	6 707	5 442	41.2
663	Ikast	23 122	19 828	78.6	771	Kjellerup	13 869	8 567	54.3
665	Lemvig	18 438	11 348	39.6	773	Morsø	22 672	14 338	61.7
667	Ringkøbing	17 903	13 164	44.7	775	Møldrup	7 619	4 485	35.9
669	Skjern	13 109	9 025	40.0	777	Sallingsund	6 187	4 102	62.2
671	Struer	19 248	16 077	110.2	779	Skive	28 070	24 902	121.9
673	Thyborøn-Harboøre	4 874	4 432	114.8	781	Spøttrup	7 950	4 525	42.0
675	Thyholm	3 714	1 849	48.7	783	Sundsøre	6 563	3 180	38.3
677	Trehøje	9 941	6 992	33.6	785	Sydthy	11 380	6 287	35.4
679	Ulfborg-Vemb	7 059	4 597	31.3	787	Thisted	29 460	20 073	52.3
681	Videbæk	12 157	8 022	42.0	789	Tjele	8 503	4 513	31.1
683	Vinderup	8 133	4 834	36.4	791	Viborg	43 273	38 528	138.5
685	Åskov	7 044	4 697	29.5	793	Aalestrup	7 621	4 883	43.4
70	Århus County	649 177	561 278	142.3	80	North Jutland County	495 625	400 004	80.3
701	Ebeltoft	14 877	8 931	54.0	801	Arden	8 588	5 336	37.7
703	Galten	10 775	9 295	148.2	803	Brovst	8 417	5 522	37.8
705	Gjern	7 962	4 658	55.4	805	Brønderslev	20 174	14 513	63.7
707	Grenaa	18 682	15 720	95.1	807	Dronninglund	15 344	9 900	48.5
709	Hadsten	11 633	9 512	83.7	809	Farsø	8 158	5 363	40.5
711	Hammel	10 592	7 471	73.7	811	Fjerritslev	8 521	4 675	29.4
713	Hinnerup	11 647	9 915	152.6	813	Frederikshavn	34 416	31 861	191.7
715	Hørning	8 471	6 238	125.1	815	Hadsund	10 848	8 378	63.7
717	Langå	8 276	5 806	62.4	817	Hals	11 422	8 243	59.9
719	Mariager	8 365	5 132	41.6	819	Hirtshals	14 350	11 391	73.2
721	Midtdjurs	7 685	4 925	43.0	821	Hjørring	35 354	28 621	113.5
723	Nørhald	8 664	5 605	43.1	823	Hobro	15 313	12 509	92.4
725	Nørre Djurs	7 690	3 941	32.5	825	Læsø	2 228	1 276	19.6
727	Odder	20 728	14 590	92.1	827	Løgstør	10 460	7 207	48.0
729	Purhus	8 589	5 785	50.9	829	Løkken-Vrå	8 852	4 980	49.0
731	Randers	62 252	59 587	405.2	831	Nibe	8 089	5 670	43.6
733	Rosenholm	10 189	6 751	72.3	833	Nørager	5 580	2 401	33.3
735	Rougsø	8 109	5 113	36.2	835	Pandrup	10 773	7 931	56.8
737	Ry	10 809	7 479	70.9	837	Sejflod	9 293	6 347	44.8
739	Rønede	6 851	4 940	67.7	839	Sindal	9 466	4 988	39.2
741	Samsø	4 221	1 735	36.9	841	Skagen	12 215	11 666	85.5
743	Silkeborg	53 888	49 906	211.1	843	Skørping	9 783	6 279	41.1
745	Skanderborg	21 745	18 373	151.8	845	Støvring	12 838	9 022	58.5
747	Sønderhald	8 337	5 860	60.5	847	Sæby	18 074	12 935	55.4
749	Them	6 882	4 385	32.7	849	Aabybro	11 269	9 244	65.9
751	Århus	291 258	279 625	621.2	851	Aalborg	162 521	154 229	290.1
76	Viborg County	234 496	167 217	56.9	861	Aars	13 279	9 517	59.6
761	Bjerringbro	13 811	9 772	66.9					

¹ Urban areas refers to an area of unbroken buildings with at least 200 inhabitants. The Greater Copenhagen Region belongs to the category of urban area. ² Population density refers to number of inhabitants per km².

Table 43**Population of counties by sex and age 2004**

Per 1 January	0-6 years	7-16 years	17-24 years	25-39 years	40-64 years	65 years +	Total population
Males and females, total	466 445	673 086	471 602	1 165 432	1 816 497	804 578	5 397 640
Males, total	238 870	345 655	239 268	590 126	914 364	341 852	2 670 135
Copenhagen Municipality	21 550	20 234	26 086	89 369	67 952	21 200	246 391
Frederiksberg Municipality	3 852	3 200	3 500	14 115	13 014	5 266	42 947
Copenhagen County	28 011	40 701	25 650	60 319	105 101	40 330	300 112
Frederiksborg County	17 646	26 330	13 267	34 409	68 336	23 778	183 766
Roskilde County	11 324	16 481	8 926	24 157	43 038	13 460	117 386
West Zealand County	13 095	20 181	12 400	30 048	54 167	20 330	150 221
Storstrøm County	9 986	16 422	10 289	23 421	49 070	20 575	129 763
Bornholm Municipality ¹	1 526	2 872	1 620	3 401	8 531	3 591	21 541
Funen County	19 828	30 729	21 269	48 830	81 281	32 667	234 604
South Jutland County	10 955	17 635	10 958	23 785	44 479	18 366	126 178
Ribe County	10 049	16 033	10 378	22 706	38 888	14 543	112 597
Vejle County	16 426	23 938	15 904	38 461	60 241	22 289	177 259
Ringkøbing County	12 937	19 537	12 672	28 243	47 093	17 699	138 181
Århus County	30 106	41 822	32 181	74 226	107 708	37 043	323 086
Viborg County	10 578	16 835	10 254	23 038	40 984	16 515	118 204
North Jutland County	21 001	32 705	23 914	51 598	84 481	34 200	247 899
Females, total	227 575	327 431	232 334	575 306	902 133	462 726	2 727 505
Copenhagen Municipality	20 409	19 291	31 123	83 461	63 109	37 880	255 273
Frederiksberg Municipality	3 638	3 072	4 331	13 932	13 855	9 946	48 774
Copenhagen County	26 497	38 490	24 225	61 899	108 744	58 440	318 295
Frederiksborg County	17 036	24 679	11 893	36 501	69 791	30 022	189 922
Roskilde County	10 597	15 245	8 273	25 053	43 851	16 684	119 703
West Zealand County	12 220	19 513	11 730	29 447	52 845	26 503	152 258
Storstrøm County	9 578	15 885	9 378	22 955	48 022	26 303	132 121
Bornholm Municipality ¹	1 527	2 853	1 385	3 491	8 269	4 708	22 233
Funen County	19 323	29 097	20 171	47 752	80 355	43 780	240 478
South Jutland County	10 398	16 734	10 093	22 784	43 331	23 418	126 758
Ribe County	9 950	15 229	9 385	21 468	37 393	18 573	111 998
Vejle County	15 839	22 539	14 724	37 150	58 782	29 398	178 432
Ringkøbing County	12 298	18 443	11 815	26 376	45 379	22 338	136 649
Århus County	28 544	39 760	32 912	72 710	106 539	49 921	330 386
Viborg County	9 966	15 581	9 083	21 937	39 013	20 875	116 455
North Jutland County	19 755	31 020	21 813	48 390	82 855	43 937	247 770

¹ Incl. Christiansø.
 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bef1a

Table 44

Population change by county 2003

	Population 1 Jan. 2003	Live births	Deaths	From rest of Denmark	From foreign countries	Increase ¹	Population 1 Jan. 2004
				— net migration into area —			
Total	5 383 507	64 682	57 574	-	6 288	14 133	5 397 640
Copenhagen Municipality	501 285	8 141	5 704	- 1 722	- 243	379	501 664
Frederiksberg Municipality	91 435	1 503	1 227	- 174	90	286	91 721
Copenhagen County	618 016	7 076	6 747	- 367	219	391	618 407
Frederiksborg County	372 276	4 269	3 601	46	661	1 412	373 688
Roskilde County	236 151	2 785	2 088	- 130	328	938	237 089
West Zealand County	300 729	3 284	3 517	1 631	359	1 750	302 479
Storstrøm County	261 188	2 384	3 418	1 357	326	696	261 884
Bornholm Municipality ²	44 060	370	575	- 177	77	- 286	43 774
Funen County	473 471	5 235	5 210	924	503	1 611	475 082
South Jutland County	253 013	2 691	2 646	- 662	568	- 77	252 936
Ribe County	224 257	2 587	2 265	- 416	396	338	224 595
Vejle County	353 284	4 420	3 655	875	685	2 407	355 691
Ringkøbing County	275 044	3 406	2 781	- 1 292	418	- 214	274 830
Århus County	649 177	8 356	5 958	1 269	579	4 295	653 472
Viborg County	234 496	2 732	2 677	- 250	384	163	234 659
North Jutland County	495 625	5 443	5 505	- 912	938	44	495 669

¹ Incl. corrections which include missing and found persons and a balancing item. ¹ Incl. Christiansø.

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bev1

Table 45

Foreign nationals resident in Denmark, by citizenship 2004

Per 1 January	Males				Females				Total		
	0-14 years	15-64 years	65 years +	Total	0-14 years	15-64 years	65 years +	Total	1980	2003	2004
Total	28 318	98 881	5 661	132 860	26 574	104 144	7 633	138 351	99 796	265 424	271 211
Western countries	5 480	40 699	2 625	48 804	5 075	39 257	3 639	47 971	57 791	94 598	96 775
Non-western countries	22 838	58 182	3 036	84 056	21 499	64 887	3 994	90 380	42 005	170 826	174 436
EU countries	3 044	26 323	1 622	30 989	2 855	20 341	2 178	25 374	36 890	55 415	56 363
Of which: Finland	107	489	61	657	102	1 173	142	1 417	2 201	2 096	2 074
France	151	1 764	30	1 945	125	1 263	68	1 456	1 734	3 233	3 401
Netherlands	580	2 321	87	2 988	545	1 460	86	2 091	1 555	4 932	5 079
Ireland	37	683	10	730	37	374	8	419	853	1 130	1 149
Italy	102	1 886	79	2 067	91	818	30	939	1 729	2 962	3 006
Spain	45	1 062	29	1 136	32	942	25	999	1 048	2 074	2 135
United Kingdom	715	7 242	412	8 369	603	3 463	395	4 461	9 361	12 724	12 830
Sweden	519	3 617	415	4 551	551	4 824	826	6 201	7 726	10 704	10 752
Germany	697	5 856	440	6 993	664	5 086	542	6 292	8 788	12 973	13 285
Austria	29	379	22	430	33	321	22	376	798	781	806
Other Europe	10 863	35 124	2 372	48 359	10 136	41 715	3 071	54 922	36 782	103 446	103 281
Of which: Bosnia-Herzegovina	1 887	6 230	606	8 723	1 798	5 888	764	8 450	-	17 793	17 173
Iceland	897	2 619	56	3 572	810	2 676	81	3 567	2 651	6 607	7 139
Yugoslavia (former)	1 539	3 637	313	5 489	1 468	3 403	371	5 242	7 126	10 840	10 731
Yugoslavia, Fed. Rep.	416	665	22	1 103	401	625	23	1 049	-	2 195	2 152
Latvia	30	281	1	312	30	558	5	593	-	909	905
Lithuania	61	588	-	649	44	987	1	1 032	-	1 616	1 681
Macedonia	252	715	23	990	204	679	25	908	-	1 803	1 898
Norway	727	4 536	513	5 776	665	6 480	849	7 994	10 030	13 435	13 770
Poland	321	1 458	33	1 812	319	3 572	151	4 042	970	5 689	5 854
Romania	54	393	16	463	64	760	42	866	49	1 270	1 329
Russia	233	560	16	809	207	1 771	29	2 007	-	2 579	2 816
Switzerland	28	506	85	619	24	452	93	569	1 226	1 174	1 188
Turkey	3 980	10 846	650	15 476	3 736	10 509	552	14 797	14 086	31 898	30 273
Ukraine	59	654	4	717	68	801	15	884	-	1 323	1 601
Africa	3 990	8 498	155	12 643	3 817	8 214	267	12 298	4 112	24 537	24 941
Of which: Ghana	55	460	3	518	79	323	3	405	150	824	923
Morocco	301	1 095	52	1 448	293	1 273	73	1 639	1 943	3 078	3 087
Somalia	2 819	3 746	66	6 631	2 618	3 706	144	6 468	102	13 306	13 099
Uganda	58	209	1	268	92	363	4	459	33	707	727
North America	252	3 125	285	3 662	232	2 654	250	3 136	5 096	6 752	6 798
Of which: Canada	34	567	71	672	40	545	63	648	825	1 337	1 320
United States	218	2 558	214	2 990	192	2 109	187	2 488	4 271	5 415	5 478
South and Central America	278	1 370	24	1 672	235	2 224	57	2 516	1 644	4 118	4 188
Of which: Brazil	65	225	1	291	64	713	7	784	129	1 042	1 075
Asia	9 293	22 210	1 048	32 551	8 740	27 086	1 618	37 444	13 671	65 500	69 995
Of which: Afghanistan	1 955	2 812	68	4 835	1 699	2 401	121	4 221	26	8 220	9 056
Philippines	158	389	20	567	156	1 676	58	1 890	784	2 302	2 457
India	152	807	24	983	174	465	30	669	1 048	1 422	1 652
Iraq	3 742	6 489	147	10 378	3 387	5 451	207	9 045	102	17 955	19 423
Iran	445	1 905	192	2 542	396	1 716	257	2 369	215	4 797	4 911
Japan	35	321	7	363	28	612	34	674	568	1 036	1 037
Jordan	90	261	10	361	99	275	17	391	678	747	752
China	223	2 169	68	2 460	332	2 283	81	2 696	212	3 939	5 156
Lebanon	222	594	49	865	211	897	77	1 185	156	2 079	2 050
Pakistan	719	2 450	132	3 301	691	2 874	156	3 721	6 400	6 917	7 022
Sri Lanka	409	1 112	76	1 597	413	1 481	180	2 074	181	3 684	3 671
Thailand	372	588	2	962	427	4 026	21	4 474	353	5 196	5 436
Viet nam	459	1 152	229	1 840	447	1 612	342	2 401	1 319	4 351	4 241
Oceania	46	739	26	811	33	490	19	542	548	1 350	1 353
Of which: Australia	36	509	20	565	25	375	13	413	406	995	978
Stateless and not known	552	1 492	129	2 173	526	1 420	173	2 119	1 053	4 306	4 292

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bef2a

Table 46

Immigrant population by country of origin 2004

Per 1 January	Immigrants			Descendents			Total		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
Total	165 205	172 597	337 802	53 308	50 926	104 234	218 513	223 523	442 036
Western countries	52 779	61 186	113 965	7 739	7 256	14 995	60 518	68 442	128 960
Non western countries	112 426	111 411	223 837	45 569	43 670	89 239	157 995	155 081	313 076
EU countries	33 398	33 421	66 819	4 348	4 111	8 459	37 746	37 532	75 278
Of which: Finland	990	2 267	3 257	278	244	522	1 268	2 511	3 779
France	1 907	1 554	3 461	166	151	317	2 073	1 705	3 778
Netherlands	2 699	1 975	4 674	407	383	790	3 106	2 358	5 464
Italy	2 133	913	3 046	107	102	209	2 240	1 015	3 255
Spain	1 246	1 168	2 414	89	55	144	1 335	1 223	2 558
United Kingdom	6 832	3 850	10 682	603	640	1 243	7 435	4 490	11 925
Sweden	4 557	7 642	12 199	1 036	987	2 023	5 593	8 629	14 222
Germany	10 396	12 088	22 484	1 422	1 344	2 766	11 818	13 432	25 250
Other Europe	52 704	62 111	114 815	20 203	19 436	39 639	72 907	81 547	154 454
Of which: Bosnia-Herzegovina	9 193	8 960	18 153	1 452	1 368	2 820	10 645	10 328	20 973
Iceland	3 172	3 371	6 543	404	346	750	3 576	3 717	7 293
Yugoslavia (former)	6 244	6 019	12 263	2 774	2 711	5 485	9 018	8 730	17 748
Yugoslavia, Fed. Rep.	913	840	1 753	161	172	333	1 074	1 012	2 086
Lithuania	647	1 047	1 694	51	41	92	698	1 088	1 786
Macedonia	924	821	1 745	479	422	901	1 403	1 243	2 646
Norway	5 055	8 807	13 862	828	798	1 626	5 883	9 605	15 488
Poland	3 656	7 221	10 877	1 124	1 024	2 148	4 780	8 245	13 025
Romania	832	1 358	2 190	166	139	305	998	1 497	2 495
Russia	872	2 206	3 078	95	107	202	967	2 313	3 280
Switzerland	588	599	1 187	84	81	165	672	680	1 352
Soviet Union (former)	460	825	1 285	120	122	242	580	947	1 527
Turkey	16 311	14 576	30 887	11 836	11 534	23 370	28 147	26 110	54 257
Ukraine	744	939	1 683	60	57	117	804	996	1 800
Hungary	684	685	1 369	154	129	283	838	814	1 652
Africa	16 140	13 949	30 089	6 564	6 183	12 747	22 704	20 132	42 836
Of which: Egypt	878	450	1 328	264	247	511	1 142	697	1 839
Ghana	730	509	1 239	100	114	214	830	623	1 453
Morocco	2 664	2 284	4 948	1 968	1 883	3 851	4 632	4 167	8 799
Somalia	6 096	5 678	11 774	2 889	2 700	5 589	8 985	8 378	17 363
North America	3 671	3 514	7 185	531	529	1 060	4 202	4 043	8 245
Of which: Canada	693	808	1 501	183	155	338	876	963	1 839
United States	2 978	2 706	5 684	348	374	722	3 326	3 080	6 406
South and Central America	2 798	4 186	6 984	372	339	711	3 170	4 525	7 695
Of which: Brazil	383	998	1 381	62	55	117	445	1 053	1 498
Asia	54 408	53 840	108 248	20 907	20 000	40 907	75 315	73 840	149 155
Of which: Afghanistan	4 851	4 135	8 986	643	604	1 247	5 494	4 739	10 233
Philippines	824	3 206	4 030	361	330	691	1 185	3 536	4 721
India	1 645	1 146	2 791	502	468	970	2 147	1 614	3 761
Iraq	11 552	9 149	20 701	2 573	2 397	4 970	14 125	11 546	25 671
Iran	6 938	4 792	11 730	1 299	1 184	2 483	8 237	5 976	14 213
Israel	860	415	1 275	106	86	192	966	501	1 467
Jordan	568	426	994	439	436	875	1 007	862	1 869
China	2 776	3 115	5 891	386	400	786	3 162	3 515	6 677
Kuwait	614	464	1 078	247	240	487	861	704	1 565
Lebanon	6 607	5 494	12 101	4 905	4 784	9 689	11 512	10 278	21 790
Pakistan	5 736	4 953	10 689	4 374	4 187	8 561	10 110	9 140	19 250
Sri Lanka	3 440	3 375	6 815	1 719	1 790	3 509	5 159	5 165	10 324
Syria	729	889	1 618	698	637	1 335	1 427	1 526	2 953
Thailand	1 075	5 224	6 299	182	187	369	1 257	5 411	6 668
Viet nam	4 267	4 376	8 643	1 980	1 832	3 812	6 247	6 208	12 455
Oceania	857	584	1 441	80	61	141	937	645	1 582
Stateless and not known	1 229	992	2 221	303	267	570	1 532	1 259	2 791

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bef3

Table 47

Foreign nationals resident in Denmark 2003

	Number 1 Jan. 2003	Live births	Deaths	Immigra- tion	Emigra- tion	Naturali- zations	Net change	Correc- tions	Number 1 Jan. 2004
Total	265 424	3 858	848	27 692	18 194	6 583	5 925	- 138	271 211
EU countries	55 415	531	275	7 164	6 078	275	1 067	- 119	56 363
Of which: Belgium	570	5	-	128	133	2	- 2	-	568
Finland	2 096	17	17	376	379	14	- 17	- 5	2 074
France	3 233	25	6	769	601	14	173	- 5	3 401
Greece	650	4	3	116	99	3	15	1	666
Netherlands	4 932	85	5	445	365	8	152	- 5	5 079
Ireland	1 130	5	2	113	93	5	18	1	1 149
Italy	2 962	21	10	589	553	8	39	5	3 006
Portugal	568	4	-	112	92	2	22	2	592
Spain	2 074	13	2	684	632	2	61	-	2 135
United Kingdom	12 724	101	55	1 010	890	68	98	8	12 830
Sweden	10 704	138	97	1 150	995	63	133	- 85	10 752
Germany	12 973	108	74	1 523	1 130	82	345	- 33	13 285
Austria	781	5	4	145	114	4	28	- 3	806
Other Europe	103 446	1 192	357	8 822	5 911	3 858	- 112	- 53	103 281
Of which: Bosnia-Herzegovina	17 793	189	86	374	108	974	- 605	- 15	17 173
Iceland	6 607	129	13	1 501	1 029	32	556	- 24	7 139
Yugoslavia (former)	10 840	168	58	180	66	239	- 15	- 94	10 731
Yugoslavia, Fed. Rep.	2 195	50	7	70	15	6	92	- 135	2 152
Latvia	909	3	-	337	347	5	- 12	8	905
Lithuania	1 616	18	1	673	619	6	65	-	1 681
Macedonia	1 803	33	6	73	23	16	61	34	1 898
Norway	13 435	137	78	1 841	1 419	89	392	- 57	13 770
Poland	5 689	37	9	861	583	130	176	- 11	5 854
Romania	1 270	14	3	230	136	44	61	- 2	1 329
Russia	2 579	18	3	459	212	26	236	1	2 816
Switzerland	1 174	2	2	94	75	4	15	- 1	1 188
Turkey	31 898	361	82	502	270	2 158	- 1 647	22	30 273
Ukraine	1 323	6	1	648	379	9	265	13	1 601
Africa	24 537	693	37	1 741	1 402	612	383	21	24 941
Of which: Ghana	824	17	1	151	71	7	89	10	923
Morocco	3 078	44	5	80	37	69	13	- 4	3 087
Somalia	13 306	504	18	596	989	324	- 231	24	13 099
Uganda	707	13	1	70	30	28	24	- 4	727
North America	6 752	34	21	1 721	1 640	55	39	7	6 798
Of which: Canada	1 337	5	7	293	296	12	- 17	-	1 320
United States	5 415	29	14	1 428	1 344	43	56	7	5 478
South and Central America	4 118	23	3	651	423	163	85	- 15	4 188
Of which: Brazil	1 042	5	-	191	135	23	38	- 5	1 075
Asia	65 500	1 281	137	7 123	2 356	1 436	4 475	20	69 995
Of which: Afghanistan	8 220	244	15	716	64	40	841	- 5	9 056
Philippines	2 302	24	3	256	67	53	157	- 2	2 457
India	1 422	9	-	529	215	102	221	9	1 652
Iraq	17 955	574	24	1 311	258	153	1 450	18	19 423
Iran	4 797	68	14	281	96	120	119	- 5	4 911
Israel	667	9	1	46	62	6	- 14	- 1	652
Japan	1 036	2	4	287	282	2	1	-	1 037
Jordan	747	13	2	41	16	34	2	3	752
China	3 939	39	1	1 930	582	203	1 183	34	5 156
Lebanon	2 079	28	5	74	43	69	- 15	- 14	2 050
Pakistan	6 917	88	23	331	200	94	102	3	7 022
Sri Lanka	3 684	51	10	124	57	119	- 11	- 2	3 671
Syria	580	9	3	55	12	10	39	- 8	611
Thailand	5 196	35	9	447	157	62	254	- 14	5 436
Viet nam	4 351	70	22	190	68	280	- 110	-	4 241
Oceania	1 350	8	1	335	331	6	5	- 2	1 353
Of which: Australia	995	8	-	266	286	6	- 18	1	978
Stateless and not known	4 306	96	17	135	53	178	- 17	3	4 292

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bef2a, van21a and van22a

Table 50

Fertility and reproduction

	Live births	Crude birth rate	General fertility rate	Total fertility rate	Gross reproduction rate	Net reproduction rate
1970	70 802	14.4	61.4	1 950	948	927
1971	75 359	15.2	65.2	2 043	987	965
1972	75 505	15.1	65.1	2 029	990	970
1973	71 895	14.3	61.6	1 917	934	915
1974	71 327	14.1	60.9	1 897	924	908
1975	72 071	14.2	61.3	1 919	938	921
1976	65 267	12.9	55.3	1 747	844	829
1977	61 878	12.2	52.0	1 660	807	794
1978	62 036	12.2	51.7	1 668	811	797
1979	59 464	11.6	49.0	1 602	779	766
1980	57 293	11.2	46.8	1 546	754	742
1981	53 089	10.4	42.9	1 437	703	691
1982	52 658	10.3	42.1	1 427	694	683
1983	50 822	9.9	40.3	1 377	672	662
1984	51 800	10.1	40.9	1 400	682	672
1985	53 749	10.5	42.2	1 447	708	697
1986	55 312	10.8	43.1	1 480	719	708
1987	56 221	11.0	43.5	1 496	722	711
1988	58 844	11.5	45.3	1 560	756	744
1989	61 351	12.0	47.1	1 621	789	777
1990	63 433	12.3	48.5	1 668	810	798
1991	64 358	12.5	49.0	1 683	820	808
1992	67 726	13.1	51.6	1 764	857	845
1993	67 369	13.0	51.4	1 749	850	839
1994	69 666	13.4	53.4	1 806	882	871
1995	69 771	13.3	53.8	1 807	878	867
1996	67 638	12.9	52.4	1 747	848	838
1997	67 648	12.8	52.9	1 752	852	842
1998	66 174	12.5	52.1	1 724	837	827
1999	66 220	12.4	52.5	1 735	848	838
2000	67 084	12.6	53.5	1 771	862	853
2001	65 458	12.2	52.4	1 747	853	844
2002	64 149	11.9	51.4	1 725	838	829
2003	64 682	12.0	52.1	1 760	857	...

Note. The average age of first time mothers was 23.7 years in 1970 and 28.3 years in 2001. The average age of all mothers was 26.7 years in 1970 and 30.1 years in 2003.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/fod1 and [fod4](http://www.statbank.dk/fod4)

Table 49**Average age of mothers**

	1960	1970	1980	1990	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Average age of mother at 1st child	23.1	23.7	24.6	26.4	27.7	27.8	28.0	28.1	28.3	...	...
Average age of mother, total	27.0	26.7	26.8	28.5	29.4	29.5	29.6	29.7	29.7	29.9	30.1


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/fod11

Table 50

Age-related fertility rates

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-34 years	35-39 years	40-44 years	45-49 years
1970	32.4	130.4	130.8	66.0	24.7	5.4	0.3
1971	29.0	138.9	142.8	69.1	24.2	4.4	0.3
1972	28.1	139.2	141.7	68.6	23.8	4.2	0.2
1973	26.0	131.2	136.7	64.5	20.9	3.9	0.2
1974	25.5	133.3	133.7	62.8	20.2	3.7	0.2
1975	26.8	136.6	137.0	61.8	18.1	3.3	0.2
1976	23.1	121.1	126.0	57.8	18.0	3.2	0.1
1977	22.1	115.2	120.6	54.8	16.4	2.8	0.1
1978	20.3	113.4	125.1	55.8	16.6	2.4	0.1
1979	18.1	107.6	120.8	55.1	16.1	2.5	0.1
1980	16.8	101.7	117.9	54.6	15.7	2.4	0.1
1981	14.3	92.4	111.0	52.3	14.9	2.3	0.2
1982	12.4	87.7	112.9	54.8	15.3	2.3	0.1
1983	10.6	80.0	111.6	55.7	15.1	2.2	0.2
1984	10.1	77.5	113.3	59.2	17.4	2.3	0.1
1985	9.1	76.7	118.1	64.1	18.4	2.8	0.1
1986	9.2	75.1	120.0	68.3	20.0	3.2	0.1
1987	9.4	71.2	122.3	71.3	21.9	3.0	0.1
1988	9.1	71.3	128.1	76.7	23.4	3.2	0.2
1989	9.4	71.5	131.6	82.6	25.4	3.6	0.1
1990	9.1	71.4	134.8	86.9	27.3	3.9	0.1
1991	8.8	68.8	135.2	89.7	29.8	4.2	0.1
1992	9.5	67.9	140.6	98.4	31.8	4.5	0.2
1993	8.8	65.2	137.3	99.8	33.5	5.0	0.1
1994	8.7	63.4	141.0	106.2	36.6	5.2	0.2
1995	8.3	61.6	139.1	108.5	38.5	5.3	0.2
1996	8.0	58.9	132.6	106.1	38.2	5.6	0.2
1997	8.4	55.7	132.1	108.2	40.2	5.7	0.2
1998	7.7	53.6	128.3	108.4	40.6	5.9	0.2
1999	7.7	52.4	126.9	111.3	42.6	6.0	0.2
2000	7.8	51.7	128.3	116.7	43.0	6.7	0.2
2001	7.6	50.9	126.2	114.3	43.4	6.7	0.2
2002	6.7	47.9	122.4	115.7	45.1	7.1	0.3
2003	6.2	45.7	124.7	121.0	46.7	7.5	0.3

Note. The average age of first time mothers was 23.7 years in 1970 and 28.3 years in 2001. The average age of all mothers was 26.7 years in 1970 and 30.1 years in 2003.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/fod4

Table 51

Legal abortions, by age and residence of the woman 2002

	Age of woman								Total abortion rate
	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-34 years	35-39 years	40-44 years	45-49 years	Total	
All Denmark	1 912	3 097	3 149	3 154	2 749	837	69	14 967	427
Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities	239	692	817	622	436	103	6	2 915	567
Copenhagen County	281	445	405	408	440	135	13	2 127	573
Frederiksborg County	144	189	189	247	241	91	8	1 109	527
Roskilde County	101	112	108	157	155	39	4	676	469
West Zealand County	111	165	156	157	136	42	3	770	437
Storstrøm County	92	116	142	161	119	54	5	689	483
Bornholm Municipality	15	13	16	21	12	7	-	84	379
Funen County	148	223	237	230	183	51	3	1 075	365
South Jutland County	86	105	109	114	82	21	3	520	360
Ribe County	67	94	98	114	81	30	2	486	353
Vejle County	113	136	131	146	139	27	2	694	310
Ringkøbing County	73	90	104	79	75	23	3	447	264
Århus County	218	367	333	342	320	105	6	1 691	375
Viborg County	57	93	77	101	98	34	4	464	333
North Jutland County	167	257	227	255	232	75	7	1 220	394
	abortion rate								
Per thousands women	13.8	20.1	17.1	16.5	13.1	4.5	0.4	12.0	•

Source: Ministry of Ministry of the Interior and health.

Table 52 (continued)

Causes of death 1999

	Under 1 years	1-4 years	5-14 years	15-34 years	35-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70 years +	Total
	men								
Total	170	35	57	665	1 505	2 823	4 727	18 824	28 806
Infective and parasitic diseases (except tuberculosis)	2	3	1	7	38	25	29	104	209
Tuberculosis	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	14	18
Malignant neoplasm of bucca cavity and pharynx	-	-	-	2	28	120	112	201	463
Malignant neoplasm of stomach	-	-	-	2	14	27	58	129	230
Malignant neoplasm of intestine, except rectum	-	-	-	4	12	80	125	479	700
Malignant neoplasm of rectum and rectosigmoid junction	-	-	-	2	5	55	71	204	337
Malignant neoplasm or larynx, trachea, bronchus and lung	-	-	-	1	55	271	598	1 116	2 041
Malignant neoplasm of bone and skin	-	-	1	12	23	30	27	75	168
Malignant neoplasm of breast	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	8	10
Malignant neoplasm of cervical uteri	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other malignant neoplasm of uterus	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malignant neoplasm of prostate	-	-	-	-	-	35	151	847	1 033
Malignant neoplasm of other and unspecified sites	1	2	3	20	93	293	469	1 225	2 106
Leukaemia and other neoplasm of lymph and haematoid tissue	-	4	5	16	33	92	124	342	616
Benign neoplasm and neoplasm of unspecified nature	-	-	1	4	8	22	30	202	267
Endocrine and metabolic diseases, except diabetes mellitus	3	1	3	8	23	33	39	69	179
Diabetes mellitus	-	-	-	14	30	83	138	468	733
Anaemia and other diseases of blood and blood-forming organs	-	3	1	1	4	8	11	57	85
Mental disorders	-	-	-	17	106	130	106	443	802
Meningitis	1	-	-	-	1	2	6	5	15
Other diseases of the nervous system and sense organs	3	3	3	15	41	51	73	298	487
Active rheum. fever and chronic rheum. heart disease	1	-	-	1	-	1	1	3	7
Hypertensive disease	-	-	-	-	8	33	62	180	283
Ischamic heart disease	-	-	-	12	147	357	830	3 788	5 134
Other forms of heart disease	1	-	-	24	38	119	224	1 369	1 775
Cerebrovascular disease	-	-	1	8	53	120	234	1 670	2 086
Diseases of arteries, arterioles and capillaries	-	-	-	-	8	34	111	623	776
Other diseases of circulatory system	-	-	-	2	17	18	22	111	170
Acute respiratory infections	-	-	-	-	-	3	6	39	48
Pneumonia	1	1	-	3	3	16	32	557	613
Bronchitis, emphysema and asthma	-	-	-	2	24	53	297	1 430	1 806
Other diseases of the respiratory system	-	-	-	1	7	12	28	142	190
Diseases of oral cavity, oesophagus and stomach	-	-	-	-	8	17	31	219	275
Cirrhosis of liver, cholelithiasis	-	-	-	4	154	209	158	128	653
Other diseases of digestive system	1	-	1	7	29	44	67	320	469
Nephritis and nephrosis	-	-	1	-	-	5	16	42	64
Infections of kidney and calculus of urinary system	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	25	27
Other diseases of genito-urinary system and diseases of breast	-	-	-	2	2	8	13	263	288
Complications of pregnancy, childbirth and puerperium	-	-	-	-	2	18	18	86	124
Diseases of skin and musculo-skeletal system	-	-	-	-	2	18	18	86	124
Congenital anomalies of circulatory system	13	4	2	10	5	3	1	1	39
Other congenital anomalies	39	2	3	4	9	5	7	8	77
Certain causes of perinatal mortality	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	80
Senility without mention of psychosis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	165	165
Symptoms and other ill-defined conditions	15	1	1	14	57	98	156	542	884
Motor vehicle accidents	3	6	19	162	59	39	28	59	375
All other accidents	1	5	5	89	105	73	82	545	905
Suicide and self-inflicted injury	-	-	3	129	157	102	60	112	563
All other effects of external causes	-	-	1	46	57	21	8	9	142
Cause of death unknown ¹	5	-	2	20	40	56	64	102	289

Note. From 1 January 1994 a new classification system for causes of death has been taken into use (ICD-10). Therefore, the table cannot be directly compared with corresponding tables for years prior to that year.

¹ Includes persons who reside in Denmark but die in a foreign country.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/FOD5

Table 52

Causes of death 1999

	Under 1 years	1-4 years	5-14 years	15-34 years	35-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70 years +	Total
	women								
Total	112	27	32	261	945	1 857	3 543	23 596	30 373
Infective and parasitic diseases (except tuberculosis)	1	2	-	5	14	11	14	172	219
Tuberculosis	-	-	-	1	1	-	3	13	18
Malignant neoplasm of bucca cavity and pharynx	-	-	-	1	7	33	34	120	195
Malignant neoplasm of stomach	-	-	-	3	7	24	27	111	172
Malignant neoplasm of intestine, except rectum	1	-	-	3	24	77	131	588	824
Malignant neoplasm of rectum and recto sigmoid junction	-	-	-	2	7	26	45	201	281
Malignant neoplasm or larynx, trachea, bronchus and lung	-	-	-	2	63	226	432	737	1 460
Malignant neoplasm of bone and skin	-	-	-	11	13	20	24	64	132
Malignant neoplasm of breast	-	-	-	10	122	249	268	704	1 353
Malignant neoplasm of cervical uteri	-	-	-	11	28	31	45	76	191
Other malignant neoplasm of uterus	-	-	-	-	4	21	37	136	198
Malignant neoplasm of prostate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Malignant neoplasm of other and unspecified sites	-	2	6	9	96	267	493	1 522	2 395
Leukaemia and other neoplasm of lymph and haematoid tissue	-	1	2	14	30	45	74	375	541
Benign neoplasm and neoplasm of unspecified nature	1	-	1	2	4	8	23	204	243
Endocrine and metabolic diseases, except diabetes mellitus	1	3	1	6	7	15	31	221	285
Diabetes mellitus	-	-	-	2	16	31	78	507	634
Anaemia and other diseases of blood and blood-forming organs	1	-	-	1	2	4	10	87	105
Mental disorders	-	1	1	4	37	44	63	901	1 051
Meningitis	-	-	-	-	2	4	2	15	23
Other diseases of the nervous system and sense organs	1	1	4	12	21	45	62	335	481
Active rheum. fever and chronic rheum. heart disease	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	11	13
Hypertensive disease	-	-	-	-	3	15	25	266	309
Ischamic heart disease	-	-	-	5	29	86	311	4 341	4 772
Other forms of heart disease	-	-	1	6	17	31	118	1 983	2 156
Cerebrovascular disease	-	-	1	4	54	73	198	2 584	2 914
Diseases of arteries, arterioles and capillaries	-	-	-	1	3	17	48	752	821
Other diseases of circulatory system	-	-	-	3	5	17	28	190	243
Acute respiratory infections	-	-	-	-	-	1	7	66	74
Pneumonia	-	1	-	1	9	10	29	832	882
Bronchitis, emphysema and asthma	-	-	1	2	15	86	397	1 351	1 852
Other diseases of the respiratory system	-	-	-	-	3	7	23	130	163
Diseases of oral cavity, oesophagus and stomach	-	-	-	1	1	8	22	356	388
Cirrhosis of liver, cholelithiasis	1	-	-	3	76	90	99	146	415
Other diseases of digestive system	-	-	-	1	29	23	66	567	686
Nephritis and nephrosis	-	-	-	1	-	2	3	32	38
Infections of kidney and calculus of urinary system	-	-	-	-	1	4	5	46	56
Other diseases of genito-urinary system and diseases of breast	-	-	-	3	3	7	26	190	229
Complications of pregnancy, childbirth and puerperium	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	4
Diseases of skin and musculo-skeletal system	-	-	1	1	8	13	31	281	335
Congenital anomalies of circulatory system	14	3	3	2	3	5	1	4	35
Other congenital anomalies	31	6	-	3	1	5	9	6	61
Certain causes of perinatal mortality	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	45
Senility without mention of psychosis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	458	458
Symptoms and other ill-defined conditions	11	-	-	10	21	42	83	832	999
Motor vehicle accidents	-	-	8	39	18	16	15	43	139
All other accidents	3	4	2	12	44	35	34	904	1 038
Suicide and self-inflicted injury	-	-	-	27	48	41	27	56	199
All other effects of external causes	-	1	-	17	35	16	6	5	80
Cause of death unknown ¹	1	2	-	18	12	25	35	75	168

¹ Includes persons reside in Denmark but die in a foreign country.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/fod5

Table 53**Deaths by sex and age 2003**

	Men	Women	Total
Total	28 146	29 428	57 574
0- 4 years	207	146	353
5- 9 years	19	15	34
10-14 years	29	19	48
15-19 years	76	20	96
20-24 years	109	47	156
25-29 years	135	56	191
30-34 years	182	91	273
35-39 years	304	152	456
40-44 years	461	234	695
45-49 years	749	465	1 214
50-54 years	1 097	675	1 772
55-59 years	1 808	1 130	2 938
60-64 years	2 090	1 321	3 411
65-69 years	2 587	1 858	4 445
70-74 years	3 390	2 760	6 150
75-79 years	4 410	3 772	8 182
80-84 years	4 617	5 235	9 852
85-89 years	3 530	5 365	8 895
90-94 years	1 890	4 274	6 164
95 years +	456	1 793	2 249

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/fod2

Table 54**Average life expectancy according to life tables**

	1906- 1910	1966- 1970	1976- 1980	1986- 1990	1996- 2000	1906- 1910	1966- 1970	1976- 1980	1986- 1990	1996- 2000
	men					women				
0 years	54.9	70.6	71.2	71.9	73.8	57.9	75.4	77.2	77.7	78.7
5 years	59.4	67.2	67.2	67.7	69.3	61.1	71.6	73.0	73.3	74.1
10 years	55.1	62.3	62.3	62.7	64.4	56.7	66.7	68.0	68.4	69.2
20 years	46.3	52.7	52.6	53.0	54.6	48.2	56.9	58.2	58.5	59.3
30 years	38.0	43.2	43.2	43.5	45.0	40.1	47.2	48.5	48.8	49.5
40 years	29.7	33.8	33.8	34.2	35.6	32.0	37.6	38.9	39.1	39.8
50 years	22.1	24.8	24.9	25.3	26.6	24.1	28.5	29.8	30.0	30.5
60 years	15.2	16.9	17.1	17.5	18.4	16.5	20.0	21.4	21.7	21.9
70 years	9.3	10.6	10.8	11.1	11.6	10.0	12.5	13.8	14.3	14.5
80 years	5.1	6.0	6.3	6.4	6.6	5.5	6.8	7.7	8.1	8.4
90 years	2.6	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.4	2.9	3.4	3.8	4.0	4.1

Note. The table illustrates the number of years which a person of a given age can expect to live, assuming that mortality rates remain constant.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/hisb8

Table 55

Life tables 2001-2002

	Survivors			Death rate for age group ¹			Average life expectancy ²			Survivors			Death rate for age group ¹			Average life expectancy ²		
	men			women						men			women					
0 years	100 000	548	74.65	100 000	467	79.23	50 years	93 893	517	27.30	96 335	339	30.97					
1 years	99 452	54	74.06	99 533	51	78.60	51 years	93 408	548	26.44	96 008	358	30.07					
2 years	99 398	31	73.10	99 482	31	77.64	52 years	92 896	581	25.58	95 664	371	29.18					
3 years	99 367	20	72.12	99 451	22	76.66	53 years	92 356	664	24.72	95 309	401	28.29					
4 years	99 347	12	71.14	99 429	11	75.68	54 years	91 743	700	23.89	94 927	447	27.40					
5 years	99 335	13	70.15	99 418	8	74.69	55 years	91 101	753	23.05	94 503	498	26.52					
6 years	99 322	15	69.15	99 410	9	73.69	56 years	90 415	844	22.22	94 032	565	25.65					
7 years	99 307	14	68.17	99 401	9	72.70	57 years	89 652	928	21.41	93 501	613	24.79					
8 years	99 293	13	67.17	99 392	11	71.71	58 years	88 820	1 055	20.60	92 928	671	23.94					
9 years	99 280	14	66.18	99 381	11	70.71	59 years	87 883	1 140	19.82	92 304	726	23.10					
10 years	99 266	14	65.19	99 370	11	69.72	60 years	86 881	1 206	19.04	91 634	756	22.27					
11 years	99 252	13	64.20	99 359	11	68.73	61 years	85 833	1 305	18.27	90 941	844	21.43					
12 years	99 239	14	63.21	99 348	9	67.74	62 years	84 713	1 391	17.50	90 173	952	20.61					
13 years	99 225	20	62.22	99 339	9	66.74	63 years	83 535	1 569	16.74	89 315	1 061	19.80					
14 years	99 205	24	61.23	99 330	16	65.75	64 years	82 224	1 756	16.00	88 367	1 174	19.01					
15 years	99 181	36	60.25	99 314	22	64.76	65 years	80 780	1 895	15.28	87 330	1 319	18.23					
16 years	99 145	53	59.27	99 292	20	63.77	66 years	79 249	2 158	14.56	86 178	1 537	17.47					
17 years	99 092	60	58.30	99 272	21	62.79	67 years	77 539	2 475	13.87	84 853	1 711	16.73					
18 years	99 033	71	57.33	99 251	28	61.80	68 years	75 620	2 766	13.21	83 401	1 849	16.01					
19 years	98 963	76	56.37	99 223	25	60.82	69 years	73 528	3 102	12.57	81 859	2 001	15.31					
20 years	98 888	81	55.42	99 198	22	59.83	70 years	71 247	3 379	11.96	80 221	2 186	14.61					
21 years	98 808	69	54.46	99 176	27	58.84	71 years	68 840	3 622	11.36	78 467	2 410	13.92					
22 years	98 740	69	53.50	99 149	25	57.86	72 years	66 347	3 935	10.77	76 576	2 662	13.26					
23 years	98 672	80	52.53	99 124	27	56.88	73 years	63 736	4 357	10.19	74 538	2 915	12.60					
24 years	98 593	76	51.58	99 097	29	55.89	74 years	60 959	4 857	9.63	72 365	3 168	11.97					
25 years	98 518	74	50.62	99 068	27	54.91	75 years	57 998	5 210	9.10	70 072	3 488	11.34					
26 years	98 445	81	49.65	99 041	31	53.92	76 years	54 976	5 768	8.57	67 628	3 817	10.73					
27 years	98 365	84	48.69	99 010	31	52.94	77 years	51 805	6 536	8.06	65 047	4 211	10.14					
28 years	98 282	79	47.73	98 979	32	51.95	78 years	48 419	7 264	7.59	62 308	4 667	9.56					
29 years	98 204	78	46.77	98 947	31	50.97	79 years	44 902	7 960	7.15	59 400	5 119	9.01					
30 years	98 127	88	45.81	98 916	31	49.99	80 years	41 328	8 588	6.72	56 359	5 504	8.47					
31 years	98 041	94	44.85	98 885	46	49.00	81 years	37 779	9 547	6.31	53 257	6 041	7.93					
32 years	97 949	92	43.89	98 840	50	48.02	82 years	34 172	10 460	5.92	50 040	6 768	7.41					
33 years	97 859	113	42.93	98 791	51	47.05	83 years	30 598	11 445	5.56	46 653	7 633	6.91					
34 years	97 748	126	41.98	98 741	58	46.07	84 years	27 096	12 378	5.21	43 092	8 501	6.44					
35 years	97 625	129	41.03	98 684	68	45.10	85 years	23 742	13 361	4.87	39 429	9 337	5.99					
36 years	97 499	133	40.08	98 617	72	44.13	86 years	20 570	14 668	4.55	35 748	10 503	5.56					
37 years	97 369	141	39.13	98 546	85	43.16	87 years	17 553	15 897	4.25	31 993	11 784	5.15					
38 years	97 232	165	38.19	98 462	109	42.20	88 years	14 763	17 340	3.95	28 223	13 172	4.77					
39 years	97 072	196	37.25	98 355	107	41.24	89 years	12 203	19 051	3.68	24 505	14 674	4.42					
40 years	96 882	212	36.32	98 250	105	40.29	90 years	9 878	20 927	3.42	20 909	16 115	4.10					
41 years	96 677	205	35.40	98 147	127	39.33	91 years	7 811	22 787	3.20	17 540	17 932	3.79					
42 years	96 479	228	34.47	98 022	153	38.38	92 years	6 031	24 652	3.00	14 395	19 694	3.50					
43 years	96 259	259	33.55	97 872	168	37.43	93 years	4 544	26 418	2.81	11 560	21 760	3.24					
44 years	96 010	285	32.63	97 708	167	36.50	94 years	3 344	27 307	2.64	9 045	24 402	3.00					
45 years	95 736	331	31.73	97 545	186	35.56	95 years	2 431	29 010	2.45	6 838	25 942	2.81					
46 years	95 419	363	30.83	97 364	226	34.62	96 years	1 726	32 366	2.24	5 064	27 811	2.62					
47 years	95 073	385	29.94	97 144	251	33.70	97 years	1 167	35 648	2.07	3 656	30 135	2.44					
48 years	94 707	412	29.05	96 900	275	32.78	98 years	751	38 777	1.95	2 554	31 666	2.28					
49 years	94 317	450	28.17	96 634	309	31.87	99 years	460	40 700	1.86	1 745	33 093	2.10					

¹ The figures indicate (per 100,000) the frequency of deaths within a year, from one birthday to the next. ² The average life time that is achieved by a number of contemporaries who die according to the mortality table.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/hisb8

Table 56

Occupational mortality 1991-1995

	Population aged 20-64 years 1/1-1991	Deaths	Mortality index	Population aged 20-64 years 1/1-1991	Deaths	Mortality index
	men			women		
Economically active persons, total	1 366 481	26 058	100	1 209 943	12 647	100
Self-employed in agriculture, etc.	64 449	1 554	74	5 828	97	103
Of whom: Agriculture	53 971	1 324	71	4 259	82	114
Fishing	3 446	102	126	...	...	...
Self-employed in manufacturing	31 942	740	94	4 358	55	102
Of whom: Carpenters and joiners	5 164	97	82	..	...	...
Manufacture of machinery	2 778	74	106	...	...	...
Self-employed in wholesale, retail trade, services	89 845	2 331	108	38 113	541	114
Of whom: General practitioners	2 446	50	73	...	...	...
Hotels and restaurants	5 245	177	159	4 229	76	144
Assisting spouses	...	...	...	37 901	596	79
Of whom: Agriculture etc.	...	...	...	18 276	259	65
Hotels and restaurants	...	...	...	1 117	17	110
Salaried employees at upper levels	178 745	3 057	75	53 679	528	100
Of whom: Teachers at instit. of higher education	17 697	287	61	7 514	83	87
Pilot, captain, navigator	3 954	91	92	...	...	...
Salaried employees at managerial levels	175 872	3 581	92	187 866	1 644	88
Of whom: Teachers	38 705	589	74	48 276	453	81
Supervisors, foremen	22 444	621	101	3 034	50	133
Other salaried employees	212 376	3 380	106	472 294	4 389	99
Of whom: Bank clerks, etc.	5 950	32	65	18 916	112	78
Nurses, assistant nurses, etc.	10 531	255	149	77 026	693	96
Skilled manual workers	266 315	4 249	101	26 185	178	109
Of whom: Manufacture of wood products	9 978	155	71	...	...	...
Hotels and restaurants	8 554	180	181	8 412	80	158
Unskilled manual workers	285 355	6 190	125	321 223	3 808	109
Of whom: Agriculture and horticulture	17 189	333	83	3 079	21	84
Hotels and restaurants	3 522	77	182	91 527	1 243	108
Employees not further specified	50 111	647	187	57 268	708	105

Note. The table includes persons aged 20-64 on 1.1.1991. Mortality was observed in the period 1.1.1991 up to and including 31.12.1995. The mortality index measures mortality in an occupation in relation to the total number of men and women in the occupation. Calculations take account of the differences in age distribution between occupations.

Table 57

Immigration and emigration, by citizenship and country moved to/from 2003

	Danish nationals			Nationals of the foreign country moved to/from			Total		
	Immigration	Emigration	Net migration	Immigration	Emigration	Net migration	Immigration	Emigration	Net migration
Total	22 062	25 272	- 3 210	24 484	13 473	11 011	49 754	43 466	6 288
EU countries	9 493	12 339	- 2 846	6 392	4 267	2 125	16 721	17 826	- 1 105
Of which: Belgium	447	357	90	109	81	28	587	511	76
Finland	54	81	- 27	340	307	33	421	403	18
France	725	876	- 151	690	372	318	1 488	1 333	155
Greece	157	152	5	109	62	47	278	229	49
Netherlands	348	311	37	396	231	165	820	609	211
Ireland	198	187	11	84	55	29	306	264	42
Italy	337	357	- 20	537	381	156	895	782	113
Spain	955	1 219	- 264	654	421	233	1 665	1 720	- 55
United Kingdom	2 727	3 492	- 765	805	526	279	3 707	4 317	- 610
Sweden	1 553	3 442	- 1 889	1 014	839	175	2 705	4 582	- 1 877
Germany	1 641	1 519	122	1 421	855	566	3 221	2 540	681
Austria	109	126	- 17	127	70	57	262	231	31
Other Europe	6 203	6 062	141	8 325	4 935	3 390	14 945	11 337	3 608
Of which: Bosnia Herzegovina	28	14	14	354	87	267	390	101	289
Faeroe Islands	1 055	1 203	- 148	-	-	-	1 071	1 212	- 141
Greenland	2 491	2 144	347	-	-	-	2 525	2 179	346
Iceland	113	106	7	1 419	945	474	1 541	1 062	479
Latvia	33	28	5	330	308	22	381	348	33
Lithuania	34	25	9	662	562	100	701	596	105
Norway	1 511	1 615	- 104	1 707	1 193	514	3 305	2 908	397
Poland	131	93	38	851	445	406	995	548	447
Romania	24	20	4	222	101	121	248	123	125
Russia	62	46	16	415	133	282	535	194	341
Switzerland	340	357	- 17	78	60	18	461	486	- 25
Czech Republic	51	50	1	174	122	52	232	180	52
Turkey	78	106	- 28	474	223	251	580	332	248
Ukraine	15	21	- 6	637	342	295	654	369	285
Africa	852	876	- 24	1 328	864	464	2 471	1 859	612
Of which: Somalia	29	96	- 67	392	618	- 226	423	714	- 291
North America	2 021	1 991	30	1 623	1 231	392	3 847	3 465	382
Of which: Canada	223	246	- 23	272	161	111	521	464	57
United States	1 798	1 745	53	1 351	1 070	281	3 326	3 001	325
South and Central America	467	399	68	590	294	296	1 115	726	389
Of which: Brazil	80	69	11	180	106	74	269	183	86
Asia	1 870	1 816	54	5 888	1 653	4 235	8 878	3 726	5 152
Of which: Afghanistan	13	16	- 3	489	33	456	503	49	454
Philippines	59	41	18	234	37	197	297	84	213
India	74	75	- 1	499	142	357	589	231	358
Iraq	12	41	- 29	753	171	582	768	215	553
Iran	35	50	- 15	245	62	183	354	119	235
Japan	76	84	- 8	267	238	29	361	330	31
China	173	235	- 62	1 851	448	1 403	2 065	707	1 358
Lebanon	147	101	46	66	32	34	258	153	105
Pakistan	126	114	12	301	110	191	572	264	308
Singapore	156	118	38	34	8	26	213	146	67
Syria	47	63	- 16	51	9	42	408	107	301
Thailand	196	178	18	434	112	322	719	300	419
Viet nam	71	83	- 12	174	56	118	250	144	106
Oceania	759	848	- 89	305	220	85	1 129	1 129	-
Of which: Australia	578	675	- 97	250	192	58	879	913	- 34
New Zealand	172	172	-	53	28	25	237	213	24
Stateless and not known	397	941	- 544	33	9	24	648	3 398	- 2 750

Note. Incl. migration to and from the Faeroe Islands and Greenland. For practical reasons, Greenland is grouped under Europe and not North America.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/van21a and [van22a](http://www.statbank.dk/van22a)

Table 58**Residence permits granted in Denmark**

	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total	21 397	17 613	20 268	37 879	32 332	29 505	31 034	29 245	32 331	36 354	33 363
In asylum cases	3 807	3 424	2 818	20 347	8 717	5 925	4 758	4 443	5 156	6 263	4 069
Refugee status	3 683	3 246	2 508	19 931	6 387	4 940	4 442	4 223	4 388	5 742	3 489
Of which: Geneva Convention status	757	645	676	4 969	1 439	976	1 102	1 105	1 327	2 020	1 267
De facto-status	1 901	1 909	1 317	14 393	4 375	3 409	2 862	2 584	2 541	3 116	1 686
Quota refugee	553	495	425	528	508	501	444	501	464	531	490
Other status	124	178	310	416	2 330	985	316	220	768	521	580
Of which: Humanitarian residence permit	70	49	96	115	76	17	42	39	31	83	45
Family unification	8 091	5 033	6 017	6 327	8 727	7 708	9 687	9 422	10 021	10 950	8 151
Spouses or cohabitants	5 215	3 570	4 436	4 580	6 112	5 665	6 442	6 637	6 399	6 499	4 880
Minor children	2 214	1 257	1 425	1 631	2 429	1 843	3 004	2 585	3 384	4 185	3 052
Parents over the age 60	662	206	156	116	186	200	241	200	238	266	219
EC/EEA residence permits	2 280	2 825	4 342	3 780	5 887	5 919	6 101	5 706	5 925	5 950	6 041
Other residence permits	7 219	6 331	7 091	7 425	9 001	9 953	10 488	9 674	11 229	13 191	15 102
Closely connected relatives	481	599	653	446	597	586	633	783	708	642	615
Employment reasons	2 439	2 058	2 124	2 232	2 750	3 062	3 256	3 074	3 620	5 132	4 814
Other reasons (including education)	4 299	3 674	4 314	4 747	5 654	6 305	6 599	5 817	6 901	7 417	9 673

Note. Convention refugees must meet all conditions listed in the UN Refugee Convention regarding when a person is a refugee. De facto refugees do not meet the conditions listed in the UN Refugee Convention, however they can be granted asylum in accordance with Danish regulations regarding "other or exceptional reasons". Quota refugees are invited to Denmark via an agreement with the UNHCR. The family unification figures do not include children born in Denmark.

Source: The Danish Immigration Service.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/van5 and [van6](http://www.statbank.dk/van6)

Table 59

Internal migration, by sex and age 2003

	Migration from one municipality to another			Migration within a municipality			Total internal migration		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
Total	165 337	158 862	324 199	274 082	267 671	541 753	439 419	426 533	865 952
0- 4 years	11 043	10 595	21 638	20 040	19 213	39 253	31 083	29 808	60 891
5- 9 years	6 571	6 267	12 838	16 032	15 532	31 564	22 603	21 799	44 402
10-14 years	5 545	5 562	11 107	12 746	12 643	25 389	18 291	18 205	36 496
15-19 years	12 823	17 869	30 692	18 222	23 426	41 648	31 045	41 295	72 340
20-24 years	35 271	38 849	74 120	45 564	48 554	94 118	80 835	87 403	168 238
25-29 years	28 146	25 455	53 601	40 858	36 169	77 027	69 004	61 624	130 628
30-34 years	19 649	15 128	34 777	30 236	24 356	54 592	49 885	39 484	89 369
35-39 years	14 221	9 711	23 932	24 597	19 174	43 771	38 818	28 885	67 703
40-44 years	8 789	6 508	15 297	16 704	13 504	30 208	25 493	20 012	45 505
45-49 years	6 245	5 424	11 669	12 030	9 634	21 664	18 275	15 058	33 333
50-54 years	4 956	4 860	9 816	8 526	7 346	15 872	13 482	12 206	25 688
55-59 years	4 422	4 287	8 709	7 076	6 572	13 648	11 498	10 859	22 357
60-64 years	3 293	3 099	6 392	4 782	5 251	10 033	8 075	8 350	16 425
65-69 years	1 907	1 861	3 768	4 137	4 861	8 998	6 044	6 722	12 766
70-74 years	1 117	1 149	2 266	3 378	4 456	7 834	4 495	5 605	10 100
75-79 years	697	859	1 556	3 281	4 760	8 041	3 978	5 619	9 597
80-84 years	388	631	1 019	2 881	4 996	7 877	3 269	5 627	8 896
85-89 years	174	459	633	1 939	4 103	6 042	2 113	4 562	6 675
90-94 years	74	238	312	887	2 479	3 366	961	2 717	3 678
95 years +	6	51	57	166	642	808	172	693	865

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/fly11, [fly12](http://www.statbank.dk/fly12) and [fly3](http://www.statbank.dk/fly3)

Table 60

Marriages contracted, by age of both spouses 2002

	Age of bridegroom								Total	Average age of bride
	Under 20 years	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70 years +	Not stated		
Age of bride										
Total	207	11 060	14 987	5 706	3 112	912	247	979	37 210	33.7
Under 20 years	141	521	72	5	1	-	-	107	847	18.7
20-29 years	50	8 741	5 477	357	41	5	-	466	15 137	26.5
30-39 years	1	1 463	8 151	2 210	319	24	2	257	12 427	34.1
40-49 years	-	59	782	2 406	1 188	130	9	97	4 671	44.4
50-59 years	-	5	37	362	1 218	395	31	39	2 087	54.1
60-69 years	-	-	2	22	143	273	113	11	564	63.7
70 years +	-	-	-	1	3	36	91	2	133	75.3
Not stated	15	271	466	343	199	49	1	•	1 344	•
Average age of bridegroom	19.1	27.1	34.4	44.3	54.6	63.8	75.2	•	36.4	•

Note. The average age at first marriage was in 2002 32.9 years for men and 30.5 years for women.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/hisb3 and bev3

Table 61

The most common names for children born in 2002

		Number	Per thousands boys born	Ranking in 2001			Number	Per thousands girls born	Ranking in 2001
boys				girls					
1	Mikkel	923	28	(7)	1	Sofie	976	31	(2)
2	Mads	918	28	(3)	2	Emma	917	29	(1)
3	Frederik	908	27	(5)	3	Julie	885	28	(3)
4	Mathias	900	27	(1)	4	Laura	825	26	(8)
5	Christian	878	26	(9)	5	Caroline	789	25	(5)
6	Emil	836	25	(4)	6	Mathilde	770	25	(6)
7	Magnus	809	24	(8)	7	Sara	734	23	(4)
8	Oliver	806	24	(10)	8	Ida	698	22	(13)
9	Tobias	795	24	(11)	9	Cecilie	688	22	(7)
10	Rasmus	784	24	(6)	10	Anna	583	19	(12)
11	Lucas	762	23	(18)	11	Freja	565	18	(10)
12	Nikolaj	761	23	(2)	12	Katrine	550	18	(11)
13	Victor	739	22	(12)	13	Emilie	530	17	(9)
14	Jonas	720	22	(13)	14	Josefine	478	15	(16)
15	Marcus	716	22	(17)	15	Amalie	448	14	(15)
16	Andreas	652	20	(16)	16	Signe	437	14	(14)
17	Jacob	652	20	(15)	17	Maja	431	14	(19)
18	Kasper	633	19	(14)	18	Camilla	410	13	(18)
19	Simon	589	18	(19)	19	Clara	401	13	(23)
20	Sebastian	545	16	(20)	20	Maria	393	13	(17)

Table 62

The most common names in Denmark 2004

Per 1 January	Number		Per		
	boys' names	girls' names	thousands men	thousands women	
1 Jens	56 830	21	1 Kirsten	49 763	18
2 Peter	52 204	20	2 Anne	48 737	18
3 Lars	47 886	18	3 Hanne	42 416	16
4 Michael	46 195	17	4 Mette	39 695	15
5 Hans	45 823	17	5 Anna	38 983	14
6 Niels	45 713	17	6 Helle	35 310	13
7 Jørgen	44 582	17	7 Karen	34 689	13
8 Søren	44 431	17	8 Susanne	32 748	12
9 Henrik	44 337	17	9 Lene	32 309	12
10 Thomas	41 876	16	10 Inge	32 229	12
11 Jan	41 055	15	11 Inger	31 037	11
12 Erik	38 692	14	12 Else	30 019	11
13 Ole	37 383	14	13 Marianne	28 280	10
14 Martin	37 041	14	14 Bente	27 306	10
15 Per	35 914	13	15 Lone	26 667	10
16 Christian	35 833	13	16 Maria	26 038	10
17 Anders	35 110	13	17 Jette	25 069	9
18 Poul	34 962	13	18 Pia	25 006	9
19 Morten	34 835	13	19 Charlotte	23 987	9
20 Jesper	34 541	13	20 Birthe	23 924	9

Table 63**The most common used surnames in Denmark 2004**

Per 1 January	Number in 2004	Per thousands	Number in 2003	Per thousands		Number in 2004	Per thousands	Number in 2003	Per thousands	
1	Jensen	303 089	56	306 165	57	26 Frederiksen	21 448	4	21 532	4
2	Nielsen	296 850	55	299 363	56	27 Laursen	18 940	4	18 945	4
3	Hansen	248 968	46	251 404	47	28 Henriksen	18 607	3	18 640	3
4	Pedersen	186 913	35	188 425	35	29 Lund	16 815	3	16 794	3
5	Andersen	172 894	32	173 830	32	30 Schmidt	15 898	3	15 890	3
6	Christensen	133 033	25	134 047	25	31 Eriksen	15 489	3	15 557	3
7	Larsen	129 662	24	130 547	24	32 Holm	15 169	3	15 071	3
8	Sørensen	124 175	23	125 152	23	33 Kristiansen	14 439	3	14 445	3
9	Rasmussen	104 130	19	104 843	19	34 Clausen	13 555	3	13 609	3
10	Jørgensen	98 354	18	99 009	18	35 Simonsen	13 059	2	13 068	2
11	Petersen	92 189	17	93 198	17	36 Svendsen	12 395	2	12 475	2
12	Madsen	70 176	13	70 683	13	37 Andreasen	12 198	2	12 245	2
13	Kristensen	65 074	12	65 296	12	38 Iversen	11 085	2	11 118	2
14	Olsen	54 044	10	54 483	10	39 Jeppesen	10 281	2	10 355	2
15	Thomsen	40 514	8	40 648	8	40 Østergaard	9 570	2	9 542	2
16	Christiansen	40 224	7	40 427	8	41 Mogensen	9 544	2	9 593	2
17	Poulsen	34 203	6	34 422	6	42 Lauridsen	9 471	2	9 489	2
18	Johansen	33 120	6	33 230	6	43 Nissen	9 332	2	9 340	2
19	Knudsen	31 977	6	32 175	6	44 Jespersen	9 318	2	9 340	2
20	Mortensen	31 252	6	31 462	6	45 Jepsen	8 839	2	8 827	2
21	Møller	30 870	6	31 010	6	46 Frandsen	8 779	2	8 806	2
22	Jakobsen	28 880	5	28 853	5	47 Vestergaard	8 313	2	8 276	2
23	Jacobsen	26 186	5	26 348	5	48 Kjær	8 247	2	8 219	2
24	Olesen	23 823	4	23 952	4	49 Nørgaard	7 837	1	7 806	1
25	Mikkelsen	23 149	4	23 150	4	50 Jessen	7 622	1	7 646	1

Table 64

Divorces by age of both spouses 2002

Age of wife	18-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	70	Not	Total
	years	years	years	years	years	years	years +	stated	
		age of husband							
Total	-	1 208	5 387	4 979	2 571	687	131	341	15 304
15-19 years	-	18	3	1	-	-	-	7	29
20-29 years	-	868	1 029	126	25	4	-	117	2 169
30-39 years	-	239	3 752	1 799	245	31	3	138	6 207
40-49 years	-	38	489	2 749	1 053	94	9	52	4 484
50-59 years	-	14	39	249	1 137	312	30	24	1 805
60-69 years	-	-	3	10	79	229	52	3	376
70 years +	-	-	-	-	4	8	32	-	44
Not stated	-	31	72	45	28	9	5	-	190

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/hisb3 and bev3

Table 65**Divorces by duration of marriage**

	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total	13 537	14 394	14 597	15 304
Under 1 year	265	294	264	247
1 year	595	688	726	693
2 years	869	861	901	981
3 years	1 044	1 150	1 108	1 223
4 years	1 125	1 149	1 182	1 188
5 years	922	1 001	1 020	1 091
6-7 years	1 528	1 679	1 689	1 774
8-9 years	1 252	1 353	1 376	1 441
10-14 years	2 220	2 460	2 506	2 617
15-19 years	1 295	1 355	1 429	1 555
20-24 years	1 004	1 031	965	1 031
25 years +	1 415	1 369	1 431	1 460
Not stated	3	4	-	3

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/hisb3 and bev3

Table 66**Households by size 2004**

Per 1 January	Single man with/without children	Single woman with/without children	Married couple with/without children	Unmarried couple with/without children	Child below 18 not living with parents	Total	Other households total	Total number of households
	households comprising only one family							
Total	438 322	602 932	860 336	280 434	1 124	2 183 148	297 731	2 480 879
1 person	423 923	507 935	•	•	1 124	932 982	•	932 982
2 persons	10 769	50 594	512 243	172 223	•	745 829	78 220	824 049
3 persons	3 007	33 998	102 336	53 978	•	193 319	105 517	298 836
4 persons	519	8 225	175 287	42 599	•	226 630	63 036	289 666
5 persons	84	1 662	57 566	9 690	•	69 002	30 003	99 005
6 persons +	20	518	12 904	1 944	•	15 386	20 955	36 341


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/fam5

Table 67**Families by size 2004**

	Single persons	Married couples	Other couples	Total	Single persons	Married couples	Other couples	Total	Child below 18 years not living with parents	Total number of families
Per 1 January										
	families without children				families with children					
Total	1 431 727	606 227	176 297	2 214 251	131 786	417 838	117 437	667 061	16 568	2 897 880
1 person	1 431 727	•	•	1 431 727	•	•	•	•	16 568	1 448 295
2 persons	•	606 227	176 297	782 524	77 508	•	•	77 508	•	860 032
3 persons	•	•	•	•	41 920	143 467	59 528	244 915	•	244 915
4 persons	•	•	•	•	9 758	196 115	45 432	251 305	•	251 305
5 persons	•	•	•	•	1 979	63 547	10 347	75 873	•	75 873
6 persons +	•	•	•	•	621	14 709	2 130	17 460	•	17 460


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/fam4

Table 68**Adoptions by type and by age of child 2003**

	Adoptions of female spouse's child	Adoptions of male spouse's child	Adoptions of reg. partner's child	Total	Child born in Denmark	Child born outside Denmark	Total	Adoptions total
	stepchild adoptions				other adoptions			
Total	487	41	51	579	71	599	670	1 249
Boys	220	19	27	266	32	246	278	544
Girls	267	22	24	313	39	353	392	705
Age of child								
Under 1 year	2	2	37	41	37	172	209	250
1- 4 years	19	3	12	34	2	382	384	418
5- 9 years	73	2	-	75	3	38	41	116
10-14 years	80	10	1	91	1	4	5	96
15-19 years	66	5	1	72	6	-	6	78
20 years +	247	19	-	266	22	3	25	291

Note. Stepchild adoptions are where one spouse adopts the other spouse's child.

Table 69

Conscripts by height

	1896-1900 Average	2000	2001	2002	2003	
Conscripts, total	18 039	25 971	24 849	24 517	23 960	
159 cm and under	1 298	56	40	41	46	
160-164 cm	3 729	249	249	235	186	
165-169 cm	6 138	1 141	1 049	1 119	1 018	
170-174 cm	4 614	3 722	3 449	3 458	3 280	
175-179 cm	1 841	6 888	6 556	6 585	6 338	
180-184 cm	375	7 255	7 168	6 963	6 733	
185-189 cm	40	4 530	4 286	4 077	4 287	
190-194 cm	}	1 657	1 597	1 574	1 632	
195-199 cm		4	396	383	388	368
200 cm +		77	72	77	72	
Average height in cm	168.4	180.6	180.7	180.6	180.8	

Note. The average height for the period 1852-1856 was 165.4 cm.

Source: Ministry of Interior and Health.

Table 70**Population projections for Denmark. Changes**

	2003	2005	2010	2015	2020	2025	2030	2035	2040	2045	2049
Live births	63 508	61 731	57 202	56 372	59 273	61 304	60 362	57 867	55 826	55 369	55 992
Deaths	58 944	58 557	58 364	59 217	60 857	63 162	65 527	67 116	67 383	66 629	65 704
Immigration	41 037	41 490	43 138	44 420	45 323	45 838	45 994	45 994	45 994	45 994	45 994
Emigration	38 369	38 461	39 528	41 210	42 779	43 973	44 579	44 303	44 287	44 591	44 831
Population growth	7 232	6 203	2 448	365	960	7	- 3 750	- 7 558	- 9 850	- 9 857	- 8 549
Percentage population growth	0.13	0.11	0.05	0.01	0.02	0.00	- 0.07	- 0.14	- 0.18	- 0.19	- 0.16

The forecast is based on the following conditions: For women of Danish origin and women from other western countries the total fertility rate increases to 1.8 in 2030. For immigrants from non-western countries the total fertility rate will decrease to 2.1. For descendant women from non-western countries the fertility will end up at 1.85 in 2030. After 2030 the fertility is constant for all groups. Deaths: The life expectancy increases gradually to end up at 81 years for men and 84 years for women in 2049. Immigration: immigrations of persons with Danish origin will be at 20.000 persons per year for the whole period. Immigrations with origin in other countries will increase a little and reach 13.000 persons per year from western countries and the same number from non-western countries. After 2030 the immigration will stay at level after that. Emigration is based on rates for all ages and all groups of persons. All rates will increase 0.5 per cent per year. As a result of this the emigration will be almost 50.000 persons in 2049.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/prog10

Table 71

Population projections in five-year age groups

	2003		2010		2020		2030		2040		2050	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Total	2 662 423	2 721 084	2 681 985	2 739 302	2 683 611	2 746 889	2 674 896	2 752 697	2 636 879	2 720 725	2 591 301	2 669 886
0- 4 years	170 015	162 041	153 809	146 567	147 902	140 923	157 316	149 854	146 873	139 902	143 677	136 873
5- 9 years	179 960	170 782	167 125	159 417	147 235	140 360	156 709	149 315	154 368	147 094	144 939	138 127
10-14 years	169 622	160 626	177 346	168 327	156 707	149 263	151 139	143 881	160 055	152 340	150 031	142 773
15-19 years	146 751	140 015	178 358	168 822	169 821	161 246	150 767	143 033	159 884	151 584	157 632	149 433
20-24 years	155 592	152 797	157 282	151 090	179 159	170 658	159 831	153 410	154 619	148 513	162 908	155 869
25-29 years	183 903	181 393	147 871	148 180	177 813	172 846	169 882	165 797	153 013	150 169	160 960	157 225
30-34 years	196 220	190 275	172 407	172 631	157 863	156 366	176 125	172 716	159 115	157 180	154 707	152 955
35-39 years	219 466	210 892	191 843	190 967	149 003	151 387	174 812	173 431	167 228	166 459	152 384	152 202
40-44 years	194 272	188 245	206 856	202 155	170 033	172 892	155 979	157 032	172 379	172 033	156 814	157 304
45-49 years	187 002	182 510	199 393	195 283	185 879	188 259	145 733	150 045	169 870	170 974	163 017	164 294
50-54 years	183 860	181 747	182 189	179 661	197 343	196 780	163 544	168 694	150 567	153 593	166 552	168 288
55-59 years	197 093	194 533	174 185	174 916	187 219	187 865	175 560	181 203	138 537	145 107	161 230	165 531
60-64 years	141 450	144 094	183 740	186 297	166 518	169 617	181 179	185 852	151 251	159 967	139 840	146 327
65-69 years	109 522	119 336	144 311	151 301	151 356	159 249	164 464	171 734	156 083	166 265	124 503	133 813
70-74 years	87 211	103 830	99 253	112 150	145 764	159 343	135 294	146 587	149 881	161 725	127 688	140 334
75-79 years	67 975	93 488	68 446	87 807	100 129	118 339	108 743	126 551	122 155	138 783	119 603	136 203
80-84 years	43 879	74 320	44 864	69 134	54 821	75 553	85 460	110 733	84 271	105 135	97 931	118 822
85-89 years	20 565	44 884	23 503	47 976	26 374	45 524	43 498	65 724	51 442	73 487	62 909	84 716
90-94 years	6 894	20 309	7 521	20 241	10 009	22 222	14 732	27 267	26 450	43 498	30 035	45 243
95 years +	1 171	4 967	1 683	6 380	2 663	8 197	4 129	9 838	8 838	16 917	13 941	23 554

The forecast is based on the following conditions: For women of Danish origin and women from other western countries the total fertility rate increases to 1.8 in 2030. For immigrants from non-western countries the total fertility rate will decrease to 2.1. For descendant women from non-western countries the fertility will end up at 1.85 in 2030. After 2030 the fertility is constant for all groups. Deaths: The life expectancy increases gradually to end up at 81 years for men and 84 years for women in 2049. Immigration: immigrations of persons with Danish origin will be at 20.000 persons per year for the whole period. Immigrations with origin in other countries will increase a little and reach 13.000 persons per year from western countries and the same number from non-western countries. After 2030 the immigration will stay at level after that. Emigration is based on rates for all ages and all groups of persons. All rates will increase 0.5 per cent per year. As a result of this the emigration will be almost 50.000 persons in 2049.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/prog7a

Table 72**Population projections, by country of origin**

	2003	2010	2020	2030	2040	2050
Total	5 383 507	5 421 287	5 430 500	5 427 593	5 357 604	5 261 187
Western countries:	126 310	135 538	145 429	150 661	153 850	156 979
Immigrants	111 896	119 069	126 063	128 970	130 458	132 170
Descendants	14 414	16 469	19 366	21 691	23 392	24 809
Non-western countries:	304 379	356 541	429 920	491 687	537 442	572 276
Immigrants	219 610	241 411	282 377	320 344	345 779	361 416
Descendants	84 769	115 130	147 543	171 343	191 663	210 860
Persons of Danish origin	4 952 818	4 929 208	4 855 151	4 785 245	4 666 312	4 531 932

The forecast is based on the following conditions: For women of Danish origin and women from other western countries the total fertility rate increases to 1.8 in 2030. For immigrants from non-western countries the total fertility rate will decrease to 2.1. For descendant women from non-western countries the fertility will end up at 1.85 in 2030. After 2030 the fertility is constant for all groups. Deaths: The life expectancy increases gradually to end up at 81 years for men and 84 years for women in 2049. Immigration: immigrations of persons with Danish origin will be at 20.000 persons per year for the whole period. Immigrations with origin in other countries will increase a little and reach 13.000 persons per year from western countries and the same number from non-western countries. After 2030 the immigration will stay at level after that. Emigration is based on rates for all ages and all groups of persons. All rates will increase 0.5 per cent per year. As a result of this the emigration will be almost 50.000 persons in 2049.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/prog7a

Table 73

Elections to the Folketing

	11 March 1998			20 November 2001		
	Denmark	The Faroe Islands	Greenland	Denmark	The Faroe Islands	Greenland
The electorate	3 993 099	31 509	37 856	3 998 957	33 106	38 710
Votes cast	3 431 926	20 842	24 305	3 484 915	26 498	23 819
Invalid votes	25 929	146	512	35 247	105	559
Valid votes	3 405 997	20 696	23 793	3 449 668	26 393	23 260
Of which personal	1 635 871	18 992	23 149	1 605 006	23 608	22 930
Votes cast as percentage						
of electors	86.0	66.1	64.2	87.1	80.0	61.5
Invalid votes	0.8	0.7	2.1	1.0	0.4	2.4
Personal votes	48.0	91.8	97.3	46.5	89.4	98.6
Candidates	1 127	60	14	984	92	13
Of whom women	311	12	3	289	21	4
Elected	175	2	2	175	2	2
Of whom women	66	-	1	67	1	-

Note. The Faroe Islands and Greenland each represent a constituency. The electoral turnout is the number of votes cast as a percentage of the total electorate. The percentage of invalid votes is the blank and other invalid votes as a percentage of the total votes cast. The percentage of personal votes is the personal votes as a percentage of the valid votes.

Source: Ministry of the Interior.

Table 74

**Elected members of the Folketing, by sex and constituency
20 November 2001**

	Total	A	B	C	D	F	O	Q	V	Z	Ø	Inde- pendent
All Denmark	175	52	9	16	-	12	22	4	56	-	4	-
Of whom women	67	18	4	8	-	4	9	2	20	-	2	-
Central Copenhagen	18	6	2	2	-	2	2	-	3	-	1	-
Of whom women	10	4	-	1	-	1	1	-	2	-	1	-
Søndre Constituency	4	2	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-
Of whom women	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Østre Constituency	8	2	1	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	1	-
Of whom women	5	1	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	-
Vestre Constituency	6	2	1	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
Of whom women	4	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
The Islands	73	22	4	8	-	5	9	1	22	-	2	-
Of whom women	31	9	1	4	-	2	5	1	8	-	1	-
Copenhagen	19	5	1	2	-	1	3	1	5	-	1	-
Of whom women	10	2	-	2	-	-	2	1	3	-	-	-
Frederiksborg	11	3	1	1	-	1	1	-	4	-	-	-
Of whom women	5	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-
Roskilde	7	2	-	1	-	-	1	-	3	-	-	-
Of whom women	4	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
West Zealand	10	3	1	1	-	1	1	-	3	-	-	-
Of whom women	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
Storstrøm	8	3	-	1	-	1	1	-	2	-	-	-
Of whom women	3	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Bornholm	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Of whom women	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Funen	16	5	1	2	-	1	2	-	4	-	1	-
Of whom women	6	2	-	1	-	1	-	-	1	-	1	-
Jutland	84	24	3	6	-	5	11	3	31	-	1	-
Of whom women	26	5	3	3	-	1	3	1	10	-	-	-
South Jutland	9	3	-	1	-	-	1	-	4	-	-	-
Of whom women	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Ribe	6	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	3	-	-	-
Of whom women	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
Vejle	12	3	1	1	-	1	2	-	4	-	-	-
Of whom women	6	2	1	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	-	-
Ringkøbing	10	2	-	1	-	1	1	1	4	-	-	-
Of whom women	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-
Århus	23	7	1	1	-	2	3	1	7	-	1	-
Of whom women	5	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
Viborg	7	2	-	1	-	-	1	-	3	-	-	-
Of whom women	3	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
North Jutland	17	5	1	1	-	1	2	1	6	-	-	-
Of whom women	7	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	3	-	-	-

Note. A: Social Democratic Party. B: Social Liberal Party. C: Conservative People's Party. D: Centre Democratic Party. F: Socialist People's Party. O: Danish People's Party. Q: Christian People's Party. V: Liberal Party. Z: Progress Party. Ø: Unity List.

Source: Ministry of the Interior.

Table 75 (continued) **The election to the Folketing 20 November 2001**

	Electoral turnout	Relative distribution of votes										
		A	B	C	D	F	O	Q	V	Z	Ø	Inde- pendent
All Denmark	87.15	29.1	5.2	9.1	1.8	6.4	12.0	2.3	31.2	0.5	2.4	0.0
Copenhagen-Frederiksberg	83.01	27.6	10.7	8.6	2.4	11.8	10.5	1.6	19.8	0.3	6.6	0.1
Søndre Large Constituency	81.31	28.0	10.5	6.9	2.5	12.8	10.4	1.5	19.7	0.4	7.2	0.1
Christianshavn	82.69	29.7	10.2	6.0	2.3	14.0	10.0	1.4	17.5	0.5	8.3	0.1
Rådhus	80.19	20.1	14.9	10.3	3.3	11.9	5.9	1.4	24.7	0.3	7.2	0.0
Sundby	79.85	33.1	6.2	6.2	1.8	11.0	14.8	1.7	19.5	0.5	5.1	0.1
Blågård	84.48	25.4	14.4	6.4	2.8	15.2	6.5	1.6	16.0	0.3	11.4	0.0
Amagerbro	80.49	30.1	8.4	5.7	2.4	12.7	13.1	1.6	19.9	0.4	5.6	0.1
Østre Large Constituency	82.74	27.8	11.3	7.2	2.4	12.0	11.0	1.7	19.8	0.3	6.3	0.2
Ryvang	82.12	28.0	11.0	7.5	2.5	11.3	10.6	1.9	21.0	0.2	5.8	0.2
Østbane	84.77	20.9	16.2	9.3	2.7	12.9	6.0	2.0	23.0	0.3	6.5	0.2
Husum	82.58	33.9	7.4	6.0	1.7	11.2	16.2	1.4	16.3	0.4	5.4	0.1
Østerbro	86.30	22.8	13.8	8.9	2.7	11.1	7.1	2.0	25.0	0.3	6.1	0.2
Nørrebro	80.28	25.7	15.3	6.1	3.0	15.0	8.1	1.3	15.8	0.3	9.3	0.1
Bispeeng	82.06	28.5	12.0	5.9	2.6	13.1	10.9	1.5	17.1	0.3	8.0	0.1
Bispebjerg	77.51	31.5	8.6	6.6	2.1	10.7	13.9	2.0	18.7	0.3	5.4	0.2
Brønshøj	85.52	28.3	9.1	7.9	2.1	11.5	12.4	1.8	21.4	0.4	4.9	0.2
Vestre Large Constituency	84.77	27.0	10.2	11.6	2.4	10.8	9.9	1.5	19.9	0.3	6.4	0.0
Valby	82.36	33.0	6.5	6.9	2.0	11.6	14.0	1.6	18.7	0.4	5.3	0.0
Vesterbro	83.40	26.0	15.7	5.6	2.7	15.8	6.7	1.1	14.6	0.3	11.5	0.0
Enghave	81.34	32.0	8.2	5.7	2.0	12.4	13.1	1.4	16.1	0.5	8.6	0.0
Gl. Kongevej	88.41	21.9	12.6	17.6	2.5	8.8	6.8	1.4	23.1	0.3	5.0	0.0
Slots	86.26	24.8	9.3	16.6	2.4	8.5	9.4	1.8	22.5	0.3	4.4	0.0
Falkoner	87.78	23.2	10.9	15.9	3.0	8.8	8.1	1.6	23.3	0.3	4.9	0.0
The Islands	87.97	29.1	4.9	10.5	1.9	6.6	12.7	1.6	30.0	0.5	2.2	0.0
Copenhagen County Constituency	88.53	29.0	5.5	9.5	2.4	6.9	13.6	1.5	28.6	0.3	2.7	0.0
Gentofte	88.59	16.5	8.5	17.4	3.4	6.0	8.6	2.0	35.0	0.2	2.4	0.0
Lyngby	90.29	18.8	8.4	14.0	3.0	5.9	8.3	1.8	37.4	0.3	2.1	0.0
Ballerup	90.78	30.6	5.4	8.5	2.4	7.1	13.6	1.6	28.2	0.2	2.4	0.0
Glostrup	87.77	32.3	3.8	7.7	2.0	7.0	15.9	1.2	27.0	0.3	2.8	0.0
Hellerup	89.71	12.5	9.1	19.3	3.3	4.9	6.9	1.7	39.8	0.2	2.3	0.0
Gladsaxe	88.01	30.3	6.2	7.8	3.1	8.9	13.3	1.7	24.5	0.3	3.9	0.0
Hvidovre	86.49	35.9	3.9	5.9	1.8	7.4	17.5	1.2	23.0	0.3	3.1	0.0
Amager	88.66	33.1	3.8	7.2	1.8	6.2	16.7	1.2	27.7	0.3	2.0	0.0
Rødovre	87.34	36.8	4.2	6.9	1.9	7.9	15.3	1.8	22.2	0.3	2.7	0.0
Frederiksborg County Constituency	89.09	24.4	6.3	9.7	2.2	6.5	11.2	2.0	35.2	0.4	2.1	0.0
Helsingør	86.05	29.5	6.3	11.7	2.1	7.1	12.1	1.4	27.0	0.4	2.4	0.0
Fredensborg	89.73	19.3	7.7	11.6	2.2	5.8	10.2	2.1	38.8	0.4	1.9	0.0
Hillerød	90.76	23.4	6.3	9.1	2.4	7.1	10.1	2.2	36.9	0.3	2.2	0.0
Frederiksværk	88.29	28.6	4.5	6.8	2.0	6.4	13.3	1.8	34.0	0.5	2.1	0.0
Roskilde County Constituency	89.89	27.6	4.5	8.5	1.8	5.7	13.2	1.5	34.8	0.4	2.0	0.0
Roskilde	89.43	28.3	5.9	8.7	1.9	8.0	10.9	1.8	31.2	0.3	3.0	0.0
Køge	89.31	27.6	3.5	8.8	1.7	4.7	14.8	1.3	35.8	0.4	1.4	0.0
Lejre	91.91	26.8	4.8	7.5	1.9	5.2	12.4	1.8	37.4	0.3	1.9	0.0

Note. Electoral turnout is a percentage of the total electorate.

Source: Ministry of the Interior.

Table 75 (continued)

The election to the Folketing 20 November 2001

	Electoral turnout	Relative distribution of votes										
		A	B	C	D	F	O	Q	V	Z	Ø	Inde- pendent
West Zealand County												
Constituency	86.81	29.0	4.5	10.1	1.5	6.8	14.0	1.6	30.1	0.5	1.7	0.2
Holbæk	87.35	28.6	6.3	13.3	1.6	6.7	11.1	1.7	27.9	0.5	2.2	0.1
Nykøbing Sjælland	86.48	28.6	4.3	9.9	1.6	7.2	14.0	1.5	30.0	0.6	2.2	0.1
Kalundborg	86.98	29.7	3.7	9.7	1.2	6.6	15.0	1.4	30.5	0.6	1.3	0.3
Ringsted	87.52	28.3	4.0	8.4	1.8	7.0	13.7	2.0	32.7	0.5	1.5	0.1
Sorø	87.96	27.4	4.9	9.6	1.4	6.6	13.3	1.9	32.1	0.6	1.9	0.3
Slagelse	84.92	31.0	3.3	9.4	1.3	6.5	16.9	1.2	28.0	0.5	1.5	0.4
Storstrøm County												
Constituency	87.45	33.0	3.4	9.9	1.4	6.7	12.7	1.4	29.0	0.6	1.9	0.0
Præstø	88.32	27.7	3.6	9.3	1.6	6.0	12.6	1.4	35.1	0.7	2.0	0.0
Næstved	87.63	33.5	3.5	13.6	1.5	6.0	11.1	1.8	26.9	0.4	1.7	0.0
Vordingborg	87.85	31.5	3.6	9.7	1.4	8.0	11.7	1.3	29.7	0.7	2.4	0.0
Nakskov	85.33	39.5	2.7	7.1	0.8	8.0	15.8	0.9	22.7	0.8	1.7	0.0
Maribo	87.15	34.7	3.1	7.9	1.2	6.3	13.0	1.3	29.5	0.8	2.2	0.0
Nykøbing Falster	87.61	33.5	3.7	9.2	1.3	6.5	13.6	1.5	28.5	0.5	1.7	0.0
Bornholm County												
Constituency	86.07	38.1	2.0	3.5	1.0	4.5	9.6	3.9	34.6	0.7	2.1	0.0
Rønne	85.22	42.5	1.8	3.6	1.1	4.3	9.9	3.7	30.7	0.6	1.8	0.0
Åkirkeby	86.86	34.1	2.1	3.4	1.0	4.7	9.4	4.0	38.2	0.8	2.3	0.0
Funen County												
Constituency	86.68	30.8	4.7	14.8	1.5	6.5	11.9	1.5	25.7	0.5	2.1	0.0
Odense Øst	81.01	37.0	5.0	14.4	1.6	8.2	11.2	1.4	17.6	0.5	3.1	0.0
Odense Vest	86.06	34.2	4.3	18.8	1.6	6.8	11.6	1.4	18.6	0.4	2.3	0.0
Odense Syd	86.67	27.7	5.5	20.8	1.6	6.9	10.0	1.7	23.3	0.3	2.2	0.0
Kerteminde	90.00	31.6	4.2	14.4	1.3	5.7	12.6	1.3	26.6	0.7	1.6	0.0
Middelfart	88.28	31.1	5.2	11.8	1.3	4.9	12.6	1.6	29.5	0.5	1.5	0.0
Otterup	88.96	29.2	3.5	15.8	1.2	4.6	13.3	1.5	29.0	0.7	1.2	0.0
Nyborg	87.45	29.6	4.2	11.1	1.3	6.9	12.3	1.4	30.2	0.7	2.3	0.0
Svendborg	86.79	29.8	5.3	10.7	1.4	8.0	12.5	1.3	27.9	0.5	2.6	0.0
Fåborg	87.52	26.9	4.2	14.0	2.1	5.7	12.0	1.5	31.2	0.6	1.8	0.0
Jutland												
Constituency	87.39	29.4	4.2	7.8	1.5	5.0	11.7	3.1	35.0	0.7	1.6	0.0
South Jutland County												
Constituency	87.47	27.4	3.4	7.6	1.3	3.7	14.0	2.5	38.2	1.0	0.9	0.0
Haderslev	87.26	27.2	3.7	9.2	1.3	4.8	13.3	3.2	35.4	0.8	1.1	0.0
Åbenrå	87.76	28.6	3.7	7.2	1.4	3.7	14.6	2.2	36.8	0.8	1.0	0.0
Sønderborg	86.97	31.0	4.0	8.1	1.2	3.8	15.9	1.9	32.3	0.8	1.0	0.0
Augustenborg	89.13	31.1	3.2	7.1	1.2	3.7	14.9	1.7	35.3	1.0	0.8	0.0
Tønder	86.16	26.6	3.1	7.6	1.4	3.8	11.2	2.2	41.9	1.0	1.2	0.0
Løgumkloster	86.48	21.3	3.0	7.1	1.3	2.5	14.0	4.0	44.4	1.8	0.6	0.0
Rødding	88.59	25.2	2.4	6.2	1.1	3.3	12.9	2.7	44.7	0.8	0.7	0.0
Ribe County Constituency												
Constituency	87.17	29.0	2.8	5.7	1.1	3.9	12.0	2.5	41.4	0.6	1.0	0.0
Varde	88.61	22.6	3.1	6.6	1.1	3.0	12.0	3.4	46.9	0.7	0.6	0.0
Esbjerg	85.67	35.6	2.4	5.1	1.1	4.9	12.8	1.8	34.2	0.6	1.5	0.0
Ribe	88.16	24.6	3.4	5.5	1.2	4.6	10.5	2.4	46.0	0.6	1.2	0.0
Grindsted	87.71	26.8	2.7	5.9	1.2	2.4	12.1	2.8	44.8	0.7	0.6	0.0
Vejle County												
Constituency	87.47	27.5	4.0	7.9	1.5	5.9	13.7	2.8	34.7	0.6	1.3	0.1
Fredericia	86.14	33.0	3.3	7.8	1.3	5.8	14.1	2.7	30.2	0.6	1.2	0.0
Kolding	86.58	25.8	4.7	7.8	1.4	8.3	12.8	2.6	35.1	0.4	1.1	0.0
Vejle	87.34	28.5	4.6	8.8	1.9	6.5	13.4	2.9	31.5	0.5	1.4	0.0
Give	88.48	19.7	3.7	7.1	1.4	4.1	15.8	3.7	42.7	0.8	1.0	0.0
Juelsminde	89.77	23.7	3.5	7.1	1.3	3.9	14.1	4.3	40.5	0.6	0.9	0.1
Horsens	87.59	31.4	4.0	8.3	1.5	5.4	13.1	1.7	31.9	0.7	1.9	0.1

Table 75 (continued)

The election to the Folketing 20 November 2001

	Electoral turnout	Relative distribution of votes										
		A	B	C	D	F	O	Q	V	Z	Ø	Inde- pendent
Ringkøbing County												
Constituency	88.57	24.2	3.4	6.1	1.2	4.1	11.4	6.2	42.0	0.7	0.7	0.0
Ringkøbing	87.99	21.3	3.5	5.7	1.3	5.5	11.1	5.7	44.6	0.6	0.7	0.0
Holstebro	88.77	27.0	3.9	6.6	1.2	4.9	10.9	4.7	39.3	0.7	0.8	0.0
Herning	88.67	26.0	3.4	6.1	1.4	3.1	12.2	5.3	41.4	0.5	0.6	0.0
Skjern	88.82	20.4	2.5	5.9	1.0	2.5	11.5	10.6	44.2	0.9	0.5	0.0
Århus County												
Constituency	88.02	31.8	5.4	7.9	1.9	6.3	10.4	2.5	30.6	0.5	2.6	0.1
Århus Øst	88.38	29.1	9.2	9.1	2.5	8.6	7.0	2.5	27.5	0.3	4.1	0.1
Århus Nord	87.20	35.7	7.4	6.7	2.3	8.4	9.0	2.6	23.8	0.4	3.7	0.0
Århus Syd	89.04	31.5	6.7	8.6	2.2	7.1	8.6	2.2	29.7	0.4	3.0	0.0
Århus Vest	87.24	35.1	5.4	7.1	1.9	7.2	11.4	2.6	25.3	0.5	3.5	0.0
Mariager	88.87	31.3	3.2	6.8	1.2	3.5	12.9	2.7	36.3	0.7	1.3	0.1
Randers	85.05	37.4	3.7	8.1	1.3	4.9	13.1	2.6	26.5	0.6	1.8	0.0
Hammel	90.57	29.3	4.4	8.0	1.8	4.7	11.7	2.3	35.5	0.5	1.7	0.1
Grenå	86.20	31.3	3.4	7.1	1.4	4.9	12.8	2.2	34.2	0.8	1.8	0.1
Skanderborg	88.82	30.1	4.3	8.2	1.7	5.7	9.6	1.9	35.9	0.5	2.0	0.1
Silkeborg	89.06	27.8	4.6	8.5	1.8	6.0	10.1	3.2	35.0	0.6	2.4	0.0
Viborg County												
Constituency	87.70	29.6	3.9	7.3	1.2	3.8	11.4	3.1	37.1	1.5	1.1	0.0
Thisted	86.82	28.8	3.1	8.7	1.1	4.2	11.8	4.4	34.6	1.9	1.4	0.0
Morsø	86.82	34.3	3.1	5.8	1.1	3.5	10.1	2.5	32.7	5.9	1.0	0.0
Skive	88.03	31.1	5.5	7.7	1.1	4.5	12.4	2.2	33.7	0.9	0.9	0.0
Viborg	87.89	28.4	3.8	7.1	1.4	3.9	10.0	2.7	40.8	0.7	1.2	0.0
Kjellerup	88.45	27.5	3.5	6.3	1.3	2.7	12.4	3.6	41.1	0.8	0.8	0.0
North Jutland												
Constituency	85.80	31.5	4.2	9.9	1.8	4.6	11.0	2.7	31.7	0.6	2.0	0.0
Frederikshavn	84.16	32.9	2.9	11.4	1.7	4.1	13.5	2.8	28.5	0.6	1.6	0.0
Sæby	86.60	29.7	3.5	12.3	1.4	4.0	10.6	3.4	32.7	1.0	1.4	0.0
Hjørring	85.50	29.2	4.3	13.9	2.4	3.8	10.1	3.3	30.9	0.5	1.6	0.0
Fjerritslev	85.73	29.5	4.5	9.9	1.4	3.6	11.0	3.3	34.4	0.7	1.7	0.0
Ålborg Nord	87.08	35.4	3.7	8.6	1.5	4.7	11.8	2.6	29.1	0.6	2.0	0.0
Ålborg Vest	84.62	28.9	5.9	10.6	2.3	6.9	10.2	2.3	29.5	0.4	3.0	0.0
Ålborg Øst	84.59	35.1	5.6	8.3	2.1	6.6	11.0	2.4	25.5	0.4	3.0	0.0
Hobro	87.22	34.9	3.6	7.0	1.3	3.5	10.4	1.9	35.0	0.6	1.8	0.0
Års	86.83	25.6	3.9	8.1	1.5	3.5	10.3	2.6	42.3	0.6	1.6	0.0

Table 76

Elections to the Folketing. Distribution of votes and candidates

	11 March 1998				20 November 2001			
	Valid votes cast		Candi- dates	Of whom elected	Valid votes cast		Candi- dates	Of whom elected
	Number	Per cent			Number	Per cent		
Denmark	3 405 997	100.0	1 127	175	3 449 668	100.0	984	175
Social Democratic Party	1 223 620	35.9	105	63	1 003 323	29.1	105	52
Social Liberal Party	131 254	3.9	98	7	179 023	5.2	98	9
Conservative People's Party	303 965	8.9	102	16	312 770	9.1	102	16
Centre Democratic Party	146 802	4.3	98	8	61 031	1.8	90	-
Socialist People's Party	257 406	7.6	103	13	219 842	6.4	103	12
Danish People's Party	252 429	7.4	89	13	413 987	12.0	101	22
Christian People's Party	85 656	2.5	95	4	78 793	2.3	84	4
Democratic Renewal Liberal Party	10 768	0.3	112	-	•	•	•	•
Liberal Party	817 894	24.0	98	42	1 077 858	31.2	96	56
Progress Party	82 437	2.4	106	4	19 340	0.6	99	-
Unity List	91 933	2.7	109	5	82 685	2.4	101	4
Independent candidates	1 833	0.1	12	-	1 016	0.0	5	-
The Faroe Islands	20 696	100.0	60	2	26 393	100.0	92	2
Conservative People's Party	5 569	26.9	12	1	5 417	20.5	17	-
Liberal Unionist Party	4 510	21.8	18	-	7 208	27.3	26	1
Social Democratic Party	4 689	22.7	16	1	6 187	23.4	19	-
Social Liberal Autonom Party	1 603	7.7	3	-	434	1.6	3	-
Republican Party	4 325	20.9	11	-	6 578	24.9	20	1
Centre Party	•	•	•	•	569	2.2	7	-
Greenland	23 793	100.0	14	2	23 260	100.0	13	2
Center Party	101	0.4	1	-	•	•	•	•
Unionist Party	8 569	36.0	4	1	5 138	22.1	3	-
Independence Party	5 138	21.6	3	-	7 172	30.8	3	1
Progressive Party	8 646	36.3	3	1	6 033	25.9	3	1
Independent candidates	1 339	5.6	3	-	4 917	21.1	4	-

Source: Ministry of the Interior.

Table 77

Referendums

	Total electorate	Votes cast		Percentage voting	Per cent of valid votes		Per cent of electorate		
		Total	Invalid		For	Against	For	Against	
Constitutional amendments									
6/9 1920	1 291 745	640 759	6 940	49.6	96.9	3.1	47.5	1.5	
23/5 1939	2 173 420	1 063 764	11 770	48.9	91.9	8.1	44.5	3.9	
28/5 1953	2 585 800	1 527 658	25 231	59.1	78.8	21.2	45.8	12.3	
Voting age									
28/5 1953: 25 to 23 or 21 years	2 815 100	1 608 625	67 688	57.1	54.6 ¹	45.4 ¹	29.9 ¹	24.9 ¹	
30/5 1961: 23 to 21 years	2 880 337	1 074 558	9 299	37.3	55.0	45.0	20.3	16.6	
24/6 1969: 21 to 18 years	3 309 551	2 103 854	8 443	63.6	21.4	78.6	13.5	49.8	
21/9 1971: 21 to 20 years	3 378 087	2 911 749	78 201	86.2	56.5	43.5	47.4	36.5	
19/9 1978: 20 to 18 years	3 615 158	2 283 276	8 984	63.2	53.8	46.2	33.8	29.1	
Other issues									
25/6 1963: Acquisition of farms	} 3 043 170 {	2 222 264	23 920	} 73.0 {	38.4	61.6	27.7	44.5	
Act on small farm-holdings		2 222 123	25 687		38.6	61.4	27.9	44.3	
Municipal right of pre-emption		2 222 238	22 160		39.6	60.4	28.6	43.7	
Nature conservation		2 222 195	23 391		42.6	57.4	30.8	41.5	
2/10 1972: Danish accession to the EEC	3 453 763	3 113 122	19 316	90.1	63.3	36.7	56.7	32.9	
2/6 1992: Denmark's accession to the European Union Treaty	3 962 005	3 290 610	30 879	83.1	49.3	50.7	40.5	41.7	
18/5 1993: Denmark's accession to the Edinburgh Agreement and the Maastricht Treaty	3 974 672	3 436 940	34 635	86.5	56.7	43.3	48.6	37.0	
28/5 1998: Danish accession to the Amsterdam Treaty	3 996 333	3 046 781	56 494	76.2	55.1	44.9	41.2	33.6	
Consultative referendums 1916-86									
14/12 1916: Sale of West Indian Islands	1 200 000	449 094	7 267	37.4	64.2	35.8	23.6	13.2	
27/2 1986: Danish accession to the EEC reform package	3 883 429	2 927 652	29 383	75.4	56.2	43.8	41.9	32.7	
Specification of referendum on 28/9 2000:									
Single EU currency									
All Denmark	3 999 325	3 503 525	40 358	87.6	46.8	53.2	40.5	46.1	
Copenhagen and Frederiksberg	446 155	376 291	5 874	84.3	45.7	54.3	37.9	45.1	
The Islands	1 707 985	1 510 086	15 576	88.4	46.4	53.6	40.6	46.9	
Jutland	1 845 185	1 617 148	18 908	87.6	47.4	52.6	41.0	45.6	

Note. For an *amendment to the constitution*: Referendums on the Constitution, which include the Faroes, are held according to section 93 of the Constitution of 5 June 1915 - section 94 as amended on 10 Sept. 1920. If a proposal is to be adopted it requires a majority of votes for, and at least 45 per cent of the electorate. In the 1939 referendum, the proposal was rejected. In the Constitution from 5 June 1953, the above majority was reduced to 40 pct. (section 88), Greenland became part of the Realm and women received the right to inherit the throne.

Note. For *voting age*: The voting age for the Folketing was reduced in the Constitution of 5 June 1915 from 30 to 25, but after with a transitional provision of 29 years for the next election (22 April 1918), and after this 1 year for every 4 years. The amendment to the constitution in 1920 cancelled this gradual reduction in the voting age. The 1953 referendum on reduction of the voting age to 23 or 21 was carried out in accordance with Act no. 50 of 25 March 1953 and held at the same time as the Constitution referendum; columns 6 and 7 for this line should read 'for 23 years' and 'for 21 years' respectively. For the referendum on voting age, 21-24 year-olds had voting rights and the referendum included the Faroe Islands. The following 4 referendums, which included the Faroe Islands and Greenland, were held in accordance with section 29 of the Constitution of 5 June 1953: the voting age can be changed by an Act, but a Bill adopted by the Folketing must be subjected to a referendum according to section 42 (5). Under section 42(5) if there is a 'yes' or 'no' to the Bill, the majority of 'no' votes must represent at least 30 pct. of the total electorate. In the 1969 referendum, the Bill was rejected.

Note. For *other issues*: Referendums are held according to the Constitution of 6 June 1953, the 1963 referendum in accordance with section 42(1) and 1972 and 1992 referendums in accordance with section 20. According to section 42(1), when a Bill has been adopted by the Folketing (and it is not exceptions-listed) one-third of the members of the Folketing within a time limit of three days, may request that the Bill be sent to a referendum. If the Bill is accepted, it is sent to referendum under section 42(5). According to section 20, authority which according to the Constitution belongs to the realm, may be left to international authorities if the Bill is adopted by five-sixths of the members of the Folketing. If the Bill has only a simple majority, it may be sent for approval or rejection by the electorate under section 42(5) (c.f. note to b). In the 1963 referendum, which only covered Denmark, all 4 Bills were rejected. In the 1972 referendum, which included the Faroe Islands and Greenland, the Bill was approved. In the 1992 referendum, which did not include the Faroe Islands and Greenland, the Bill was rejected. In the 1993 referendum, which did not include the Faroe Islands and Greenland, the Bill was approved. In the 1998 referendum, which did not include the Faroe Islands and Greenland, the Bill was approved.

Note. For *consultative referendums*: The sale of the West Indian Islands was sent to referendum under Act no. 204 and 336 of 30 September and 10 November respectively, 1916. According to the referendum, ratification of the agreement should be submitted to the Rigsdag for free negotiation unless the referendum resulted in a majority against the sale, in which case it would be cancelled. The referendum applied the extended voting rights terms under the Constitution and the Elections Act of 1015 (which first entered into force in spring 1918), whereby voting rights were granted to women, 29 year-olds, and persons in private service without their own address. The electorate (incl. the Faroe Islands) thus increased compared with the election to the Folketing on 7 May 1915 to 22 April 1918 from 508,787 to 1,226,650. The electorate in the 1916 referendum is not known precisely, but is estimated at 1,200,000 incl. the Faroes. The 1986 referendum was held according to the Act of 5 February 1986.

¹ Columns 6 and 7 in this line should read »for 23 years« and »for 21 years« respectively.

Table 78

Elections to county councils

	18 November 1997			20 November 2001		
	The Islands	Jutland	Total	The Islands	Jutland	Total
The electorate	1 761 323	1 884 577	3 645 900	1 771 417	1 894 545	3 665 962
Votes cast	1 261 657	1 340 829	2 602 486	1 526 039	1 627 767	3 153 806
Invalid votes	55 277	57 181	112 458	61 663	62 656	124 319
Blank votes	51 426	53 903	105 329	55 800	57 462	113 262
Other votes	3 851	3 278	7 129	5 863	5 194	11 057
Valid votes	1 206 380	1 283 648	2 490 028	1 464 376	1 565 111	3 029 487
Personal votes	736 682	901 326	1 638 008	819 173	979 123	1 798 296
Candidates	1 288	1 423	2 711	1 204	1 381	2 585
Men	911	1 051	1 962	869	1 045	1 914
Women	377	372	749	335	336	671
Elected	183	191	374	183	191	374
Men	121	144	265	131	141	272
Women	62	47	109	52	50	102
Percentage turnout	71.6	71.1	71.4	86.1	85.9	86.0
Postal	2.9	2.5	2.7	5.1	4.2	4.6
Invalid	4.4	4.3	4.3	4.0	3.8	3.9
Personal	61.1	70.2	65.8	55.9	62.6	59.4
Candidates –of whom women	29.3	26.1	27.6	27.8	24.3	26.0
Elected candidates –of whom women	33.9	24.6	29.1	28.4	26.2	27.3

Note. The islands do not include the Municipalities of Copenhagen and Frederiksberg for county elections. *Percentage turnout* is the votes cast as a percentage of the electorate. The *percentage of postal votes* is a percentage of the total votes cast. The *percentage of invalid votes* is a percentage of the total votes cast. The *percentage of personal votes* is the personal votes as a percentage of the valid votes.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/akva3b

Table 79

Elections to county councils 20 November 2001

	Copen- hagen	Frede- riks- borg	Ros- kilde	West- Zealand	Stor- strøm	Born- holm	Funen	South Jutland	Ribe	Vejle	Ring- købing	År- hus	Vi- borg	North Jutland
Percentage turnout	85.7	87.4	88.6	85.4	86.2	85.1	85.1	86.0	85.8	86.0	87.3	86.1	86.7	84.5
Valid votes cast, by parties	Each column = 100 per cent													
A	33.9	24.8	28.0	31.1	37.1	31.8	31.3	26.0	31.7	30.3	25.0	39.0	41.2	38.4
B	6.0	4.4	4.5	5.5	3.4	1.2	3.8	2.6	2.9	3.4	3.8	4.9	3.0	3.4
C	14.1	13.5	8.8	11.0	10.4	3.5	21.0	5.9	8.2	7.7	5.5	7.2	8.3	7.3
D	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.9	0.6	•	0.8	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.7	1.1	0.3	0.6
F	7.6	7.6	7.5	7.7	7.6	5.8	6.9	3.8	5.2	6.0	5.5	7.3	4.9	6.9
O	8.6	5.9	8.4	9.8	8.2	4.1	7.4	6.8	6.8	9.5	6.5	5.9	6.5	5.5
Q	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.0	5.1	0.9	1.8	2.0	2.5	6.5	1.5	2.5	2.1
S	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
U	•	•	•	•	•	•	0.1	•	0.2	•	•	•	•	•
V	23.3	38.7	38.6	29.1	27.8	39.2	22.0	45.8	40.6	36.1	45.2	28.4	28.8	30.6
Z	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.4	•	•	0.9	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.3	2.5	0.7
Ø	2.9	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	2.0	0.7	0.8	1.4	0.5	2.8	0.7	1.1
Other	0.8	0.7	0.2	1.4	1.7	7.5	3.8	2.5	0.6	1.9	0.1	1.7	1.1	3.2
Candidates elected, by party	31	21	23	29	31	17	31	29	21	31	21	31	27	31
Women as percentage of total	29.0	33.3	30.4	34.5	25.8	17.6	25.8	31.0	14.3	29.0	33.3	32.3	18.5	22.6
A	11	6	6	10	12	6	10	8	7	10	5	13	12	13
B	2	1	1	2	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
C	5	3	2	3	3	-	7	1	2	2	1	2	2	2
D	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
F	2	1	2	2	3	1	2	1	1	2	1	2	1	2
O	2	1	2	3	2	-	2	2	1	3	1	2	2	1
Q	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	2	-	-	-
S	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1	•	•	•	•	•	•
U	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	•	-	•	•	-	•	•
V	8	9	10	9	10	9	8	15	9	12	10	10	9	11
Z	-	-	-	-	-	•	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ø	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1

Note. A: Social Democratic Party. B: Social Liberal Party. C: Conservative People's Party. D: Centre Democratic Party. F: Socialist People's Party. O: Danish People's Party. Q: Christian People's Party. S: Schleswig Party. U: Democratic Renewal. V: Liberal Party. Z: Progress Party. Ø: Unity List.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/akva3b

Table 80

Elections to county councils. Distribution of votes cast

	18 November 1997				20 November 2001			
	Valid votes cast		Candi- dates	Of whom elected	Valid votes cast		Candi- dates	Of whom elected
	Number	Per cent			Number	Per cent		
Total	2 490 028	100.0	2 711	374	3 029 487	100.0	2 585	374
Social Democratic Party	838 369	33.7	350	136	994 717	32.8	331	129
Social Liberal Party	113 687	4.6	334	15	126 140	4.2	319	15
Conservative People's Party	293 470	11.8	292	40	314 757	10.4	271	35
Centre Democratic Party	24 362	1.0	106	-	24 895	0.8	106	-
Socialist People's Party	181 367	7.3	247	25	203 310	6.7	248	23
Danish People's Party	163 483	6.6	169	21	219 658	7.3	188	24
Christian People's Party	43 419	1.7	191	2	55 686	1.8	161	4
Schleswig Party	4 538	0.2	23	1	4 417	0.1	27	1
Democratic Renewal	645	0.0	6	-	1 179	0.0	18	-
Liberal Party	665 857	26.7	345	124	963 209	31.8	356	139
Progress Party	47 163	1.9	233	3	15 205	0.5	136	-
Unity List	51 610	2.1	162	2	54 296	1.8	167	2
Other	62 058	2.5	253	5	52 018	1.7	257	2

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/akva3b

Table 81

Elections to municipality councils

	18 November 1997			20 November 2001		
	The Islands	Jutland	Total	The Islands	Jutland	Total
The electorate	2 244 203	1 883 508	4 127 711	2 260 488	1 894 312	4 154 800
Votes cast	1 549 639	1 342 200	2 891 839	1 901 958	1 630 273	3 532 231
Invalid votes	24 014	18 772	42 786	31 755	29 060	60 815
Blank votes	19 007	15 303	34 310	26 471	22 273	48 744
Other votes	5 007	3 469	8 476	5 284	6 787	12 071
Valid votes	1 525 625	1 323 428	2 849 053	1 870 203	1 601 213	3 471 416
Personal votes	1 116 373	1 092 643	2 209 016	1 272 590	1 227 702	2 500 292
Candidates	8 562	8 811	17 373	8 467	8 447	16 914
Men	5 977	6 435	12 412	5 902	6 164	12 066
Women	2 585	2 376	4 961	2 565	2 283	4 848
Elected	2 268	2 417	4 685	2 250	2 397	4 647
Men	1 601	1 823	3 424	1 585	1 808	3 393
Women	667	594	1 261	665	589	1 254
Percentage turnout	69.1	71.3	70.1	84.1	86.1	85.0
Postal	3.1	2.5	2.8	5.2	4.4	4.9
Invalid	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.7	1.8	1.7
Personal	73.2	82.6	77.5	68.0	76.7	72.0
Candidates - of whom women	30.2	27.0	28.6	30.3	27.0	28.7
Elected candidates - of whom women	29.4	24.6	26.9	29.6	24.6	27.0

Note. The Islands do not include the Municipalities of Copenhagen and Frederiksberg for county elections. *Percentage turnout* is the votes cast as a percentage of the electorate. The *percentage of postal votes* is a percentage of the total votes cast. The *percentage of invalid votes* is a percentage of the total votes cast. The *percentage of personal votes* is the personal votes as a percentage of the valid votes.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/valgK3b

Table 82

Elections to municipality councils. Distribution of votes cast

	18 November 1997				20 November 2001			
	Valid votes cast		Candi- dates	Of whom elected	Valid votes cast		Candi- dates	Of whom elected
	Number	Per cent			Number	Per cent		
Total	2 849 053	100.0	17 373	4 685	3 471 416	100.0	16 914	4 647
Social Democratic Party	962 744	33.8	3 718	1 648	1 125 859	32.4	3 611	1 551
Social Liberal Party	93 291	3.3	1 004	87	134 018	3.9	993	88
Conservative People's Party	350 022	12.3	2 117	481	391 111	11.3	2 107	444
Centre Democratic Party	14 688	0.5	192	4	15 024	0.4	169	3
Socialist People's Party	213 091	7.5	1 302	233	261 301	7.5	1 325	237
Danish People's Party	144 408	5.1	484	119	188 452	5.4	829	168
Christian People's Party	31 354	1.1	506	30	37 192	1.1	491	31
Schleswig Party	4 160	0.1	73	8	4 072	0.1	69	7
Democratic Renewal	84	0.0	4	-	576	0.0	21	-
Liberal Party	699 677	24.6	4 114	1 557	983 856	28.3	3 846	1 666
Progress Party	45 117	1.6	708	44	9 609	0.3	268	5
The Red/Green Parties	55 591	2.0	300	14	60 503	1.7	349	11
Other	234 826	8.2	2 851	460	259 843	7.5	3 836	436

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/valgk3b

Table 83**Elections to the European Parliament. Summary**

	9 June 1994			10 June 1999		
	The Islands	Jutland	Total	The Islands	Jutland	Total
The electorate	2 155 615	1 838 585	3 994 200	2 159 493	1 850 101	4 009 594
Votes cast	1 177 717	936 063	2 113 780	1 130 736	892 570	2 023 306
Postal votes	50 486	29 411	79 897	42 792	25 047	67 839
Invalid votes	19 232	14 611	33 843	29 352	23 678	53 030
Blank votes	15 739	12 407	28 146	25 341	20 842	46 183
Other votes	3 493	2 204	5 697	4 011	2 836	6 847
Valid votes	1 158 485	921 452	2 079 937	1 101 384	868 892	1 970 276
Of which personal	901 936	723 141	1 625 077	853 558	656 439	1 509 997
Candidates	...	...	183	...	...	205
Men	...	...	126	...	...	145
Women	...	...	57	...	...	60
Elected	...	...	16	...	...	16
Men	...	...	9	...	...	10
Women	...	...	7	...	...	6
Percentage voting	54.6	50.9	52.9	52.4	48.2	50.5
Postal	4.3	3.1	3.8	3.8	2.8	3.4
Invalid	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.6	2.7	2.6
Personal	77.9	78.5	78.1	77.5	75.5	76.6
Female percentage of candidates	...	...	31.1	...	...	29.3
Female percentage of elected	...	...	43.8	...	...	37.5

Note. For the EU elections, Denmark is 1 constituency where parties with nomination rights put up lists for the country.

Source: Ministry of the Interior.

Table 84

Elections to the European Parliament. Distribution of votes cast

	9 June 1994				10 June 1999			
	Valid votes cast		Candi- dates	Of whom elected	Valid votes cast		Candi- dates	Of whom elected
	Number	Per cent			Number	Per cent		
Total	2 079 937	100.0	183	16	1 970 276	100.0	205	16
A Social Democratic Party	329 202	15.8	14	3	324 256	16.5	15	3
B Social Liberal Party	176 480	8.5	20	1	180 089	9.1	20	1
C Conservative People's Party	368 890	17.7	18	3	166 884	8.5	20	1
D Centre Democratic Party	18 365	0.9	20	-	68 717	3.5	20	-
F Socialist People's Party	178 543	8.6	19	1	140 053	7.1	20	1
J June Movement	316 687	15.2	20	2	317 508	16.1	20	3
N People's Movement against the EU	214 735	10.3	20	2	143 709	7.3	20	1
O Danish People's Party	•	•	•	•	114 865	5.8	20	1
Q Christian People's Party	22 986	1.1	20	-	39 128	2.0	18	-
V Liberal Party	394 362	19.0	12	4	460 834	23.4	12	5
Z Progress Party	59 687	2.9	20	-	14 233	0.7	20	-

Note. The distribution of mandates is on the basis of total electorate in the country lists. Electoral pact for the 1999 election: CDV and JN; for the 1994 election: BQ, CDV and JN.

Source: Ministry of the Interior.

Table 85

Elections to local church councils 15 November 2000

	Copen- hagen	Hel- singør	Ros- kilde	Lolland- Falster	Funen	Hader- slev	Ribe	Århus	Viborg	Aal- borg	All Den- mark
	dioceses										
Number of deaneries, total	12	12	12	6	12	8	9	16	11	13	111
Number of voting deaneries	7	9	9	3	8	8	8	16	11	12	91
Number of parishes, total	110	145	320	104	235	163	222	332	283	304	2 218
Number of voting parishes	10	20	20	7	16	24	24	36	43	42	242
Number of voting parishes, percentage	9.1	13.8	6.3	6.7	6.8	14.7	10.8	10.8	15.2	13.8	10.9
Electorate	54 500	117 797	72 140	18 397	45 848	90 594	81 657	139 444	108 734	98 576	827 687
Votes cast	5 722	14 515	11 418	3 360	7 822	17 460	18 916	19 190	22 276	20 043	140 722
Percentage turnout	10.5	12.3	15.8	18.3	17.1	19.3	23.2	13.8	20.5	20.3	17.0
Highest percentage turnout	35.1	39.4	83.3	36.1	43.2	42.6	67.6	44.3	65.0	61.3	83.3
Lowest percentage turnout	5.7	5.7	8.0	12.9	5.1	6.2	12.6	6.3	7.4	6.0	5.1

Source: Ministry of Ecclesiastical Affairs.

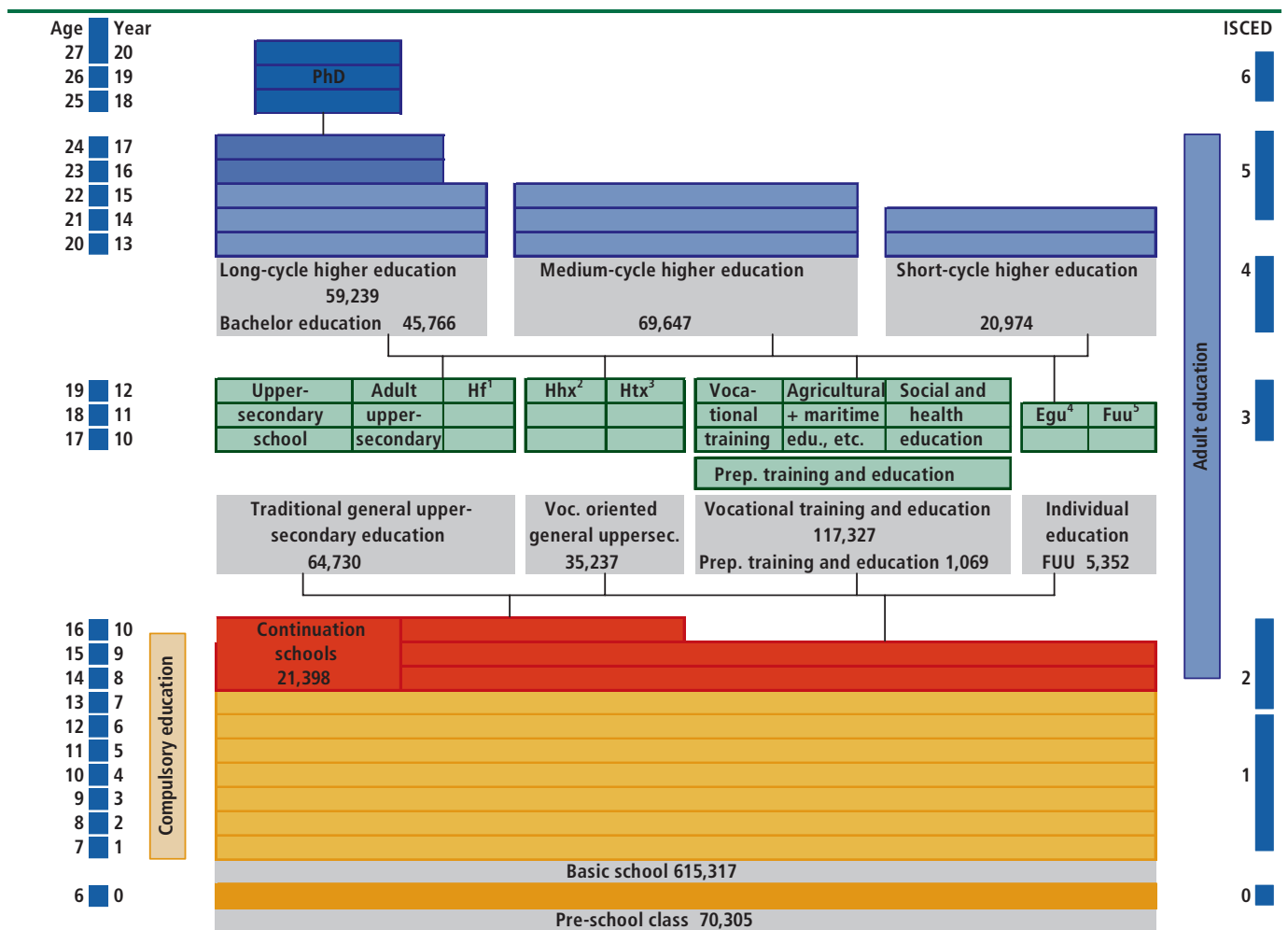
Education and culture

1. Education

Pre-school to grade 10

The first stage of the Danish educational system is the basic school, (education at first level). This begins in the optional pre-school year (education preceding the first level) and continues up to and including the optional 10th year in the Folkeskole (municipal primary and lower-secondary school). In 2002, 699,700 pupils attended education at first level and second level, first stage. Of this group, 68,450 began their education at pre-school, while 151,200 attended grades 8 to 10. Of the latter group, 21,400 students attended continuation school. Due to the changes in the age distribution in the population, the number of pupils attending pre-school has increased by 29 per cent since 1992, whereas the number of students attending grades 8 to 10 (education at second level, first stage) has fallen by 15 per cent from 1992-1999. The number of students has since then increased by 37 per cent. Figure 1 provides an overview of the structure and admission systems in the Danish educational system, from pre-school through secondary education to higher education.

Figure 1 Number of students in the educational system on 1st of October 2002



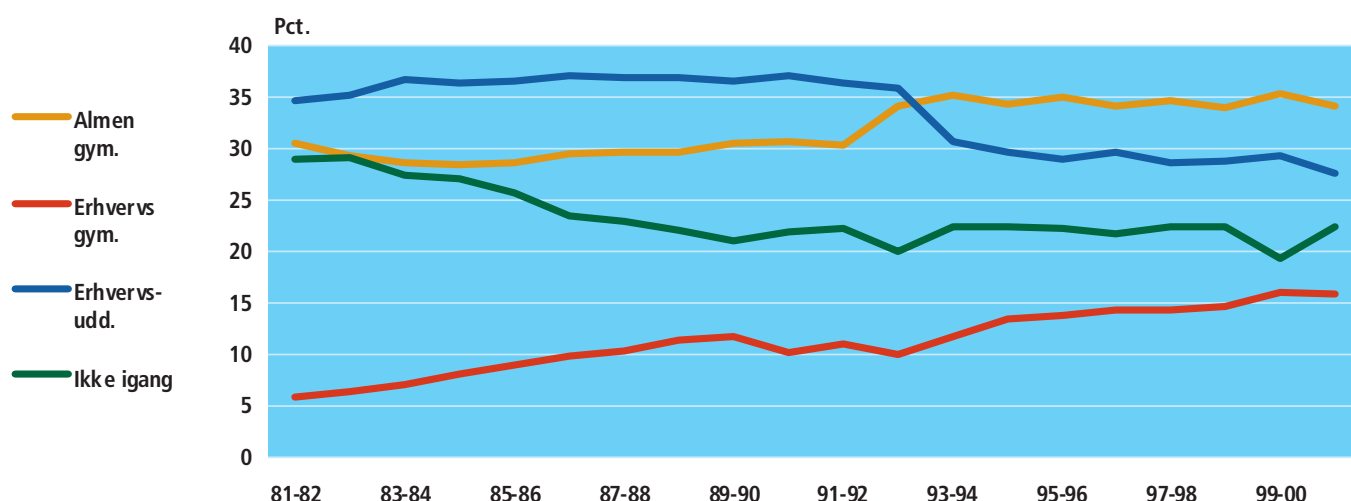
1) International Standard classification of Education

Education and culture

General/vocational upper-secondary education is popular – especially among girls

Of all students leaving school in 2000-01, 78 pct. had commenced further education after a period of 3 months. Half the students had chosen to attend general upper-secondary education or vocational education (general programmes of education at second level, second stage, hhx, htx), while 28 pct. opted for a vocational education and training, e.g. carpenters, bricklayers or hairdressers. The proportion of students who continue their education 3 months after leaving basic school has risen by 6 percentage points since the beginning of the 1980s. Especially, the number of students attending vocational education at second level has increased, while the proportion attending vocational education and training has fallen. The Gymnasium (upper-secondary school) and higher preparatory examination (general programmes of education at second level, second stage) are more frequently chosen by girls, and vocation education and training is more frequently chosen by boys immediately after leaving basic school.

Figure 2 Students 3 months after leaving basic school



Young people take a sabbatical after graduating from the upper-secondary school

Almost one third (30 pct.) of students who graduated in 1986-87 continued their education immediately after completing their second-level education. The same applied to one out of five students who graduated in 2000-01. The proportion of students commencing education immediately after graduation from secondary [N1]education was 23 per cent amongst graduates from general/vocational upper-secondary education; many of these students opted for vocational education.

Three out of four resumed their studies 3 years after graduation

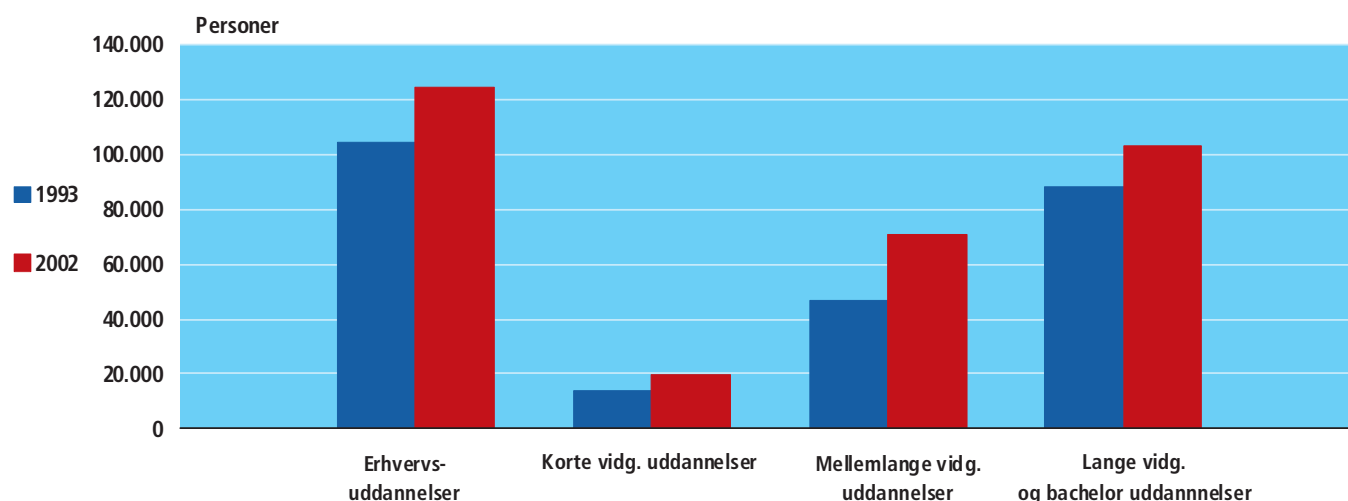
Many did not resume their studies until 3-4 years after graduation. 67 pct. of the graduates in 1986-87 resumed their studies 3 years after completing their secondary education, whereas 73 pct. of graduates in 1997-98 resumed their studies 3 years after completing their education. Graduates from the upper-secondary school mainly chose long-cycle higher education, whereas graduates from the higher preparatory examination chose medium, cycle higher education.

More students commence education and training

In 2002, the number of students attending vocational education and training was 124,000, while the total number attending higher education, e.g. police officers,

nurses or doctors, excluding 4,300 research students, reached 193,700. Since 1993, the number of students attending vocational education and training has increased by 19 pct., and by 30 pct. for long-cycle higher education. Medium-cycle higher education accounted for the largest increase by 50 pct.

Figure 3 Students attending education and training providing them with professional qualifications



Social science accounts for the highest number of students

Of the 193,700 students attending long-cycle higher education, social science, educational teaching and the humanities account for the highest number of students, with 24, 21 and 19 pct., respectively. Within social science, a large number of students attend education as marketing economists, MSc's (economics and business administration), or study law and economics, whereas educationalists and school teacher prevail within educational teaching. The humanities mainly comprise languages, history, philosophy and theology.

11 pct. of all students attend technical education, e.g. engineers or architects and 6 pct. attend natural science education, comprising mainly physics, mathematics, chemistry and biology. 13 pct. of all students attend health education, e.g. nurses, doctors and pharmacists

365,000 course participants attend at private suppliers

Outside the main educational system there are a number of courses (of short or long duration) within adult education as well as a few training courses which provide formal qualifications. These courses provide opportunities for those who have left the main educational system. Adult education courses covering almost all the levels within the ordinary educational system are available. In 2002 365,000 attended courses in adult education at private course-suppliers.

One-third of all adult education courses has upgraded the qualifications of the participants in 2002

In the school year 2001-02, 680,000 course participants or 380,000 persons completed their participation in public-managed adult or supplementary courses. 51 pct. of the participants in public courses were women, and there is a relatively

even age distribution, whereas the age distribution of men is dominated by young men. One-third of all public courses has upgraded the qualifications of the participants in relation to their highest level of education and training completed.

Six out of ten citizens has gone through supplementary training

Almost two millions Danes have attended supplementary training through public courses. 41 per cent of the students attending general adult education had completed an education course maintaining their professional qualifications, while 18 per cent has taken at least one course aimed at upgrading their qualifications.

10 years after basic school 48 pct. have professional qualifications

Ten years after leaving basic school in 1990-91, 48 per cent of all individuals had completed training, which provided them with professional qualifications. Of this group, 32 per cent had completed a vocational education course, 16 per cent had completed higher education, and 24 per cent were still studying. "The educational remainder" - young people who did not attend any educational institution or had completed an education course providing them with professional qualifications ten years after leaving basic school - accounted for 21 per cent of the year 1990-91. This proportion has fallen by 5 pct. points when compared to the year 1981-82.

2. Educational levels and employment

Increase in the level of education since 1993

In 2003, 63 pct. of the 30-69 year-olds had completed education providing them with professional qualifications. "Education courses providing professional qualifications" are defined as vocational or higher education aimed at specific types of jobs. This proportion has increased by 8 percentage points from 1993 to 2003. More men than women have completed education courses providing them with professional qualifications. Another characteristic feature is the fact that the young generation is more highly educated than their parents.

High frequency of vocational education

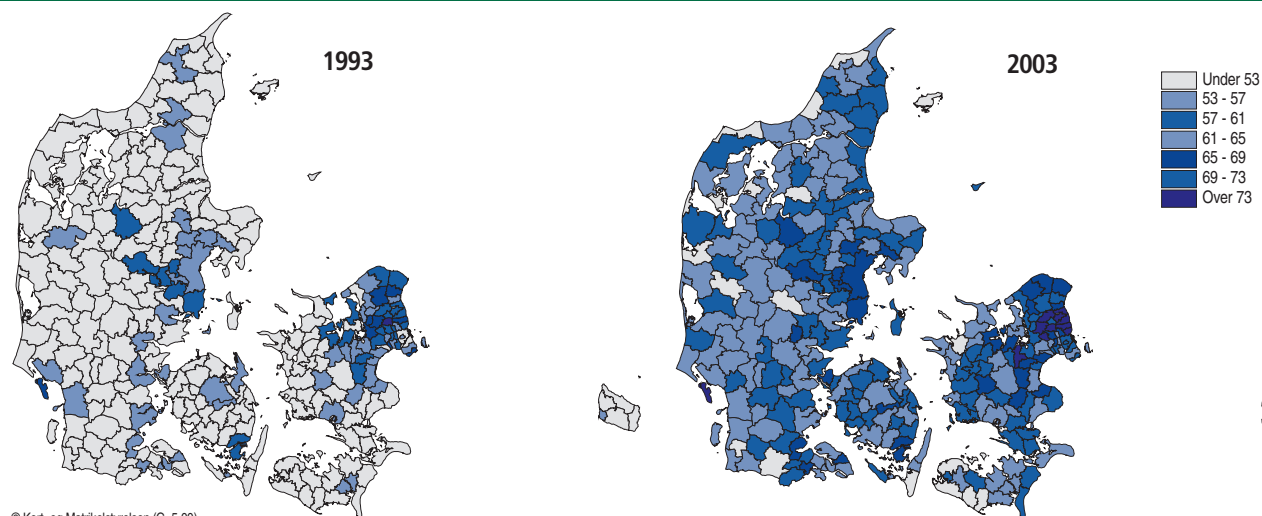
The highest level of qualifications among the 30-69-age group was most frequently a vocational education. 39 pct. had completed this type of education, while 24 pct. had completed higher education in 2003. Since 1993, the proportions have increased by 3 and 5 percentage points, respectively. Among the remaining 37 pct. of the population, 30 pct. had completed basic school education, 4 pct. general upper secondary education as the highest level of education, while there is no information for the last 2 pct.

Great regional differences

Great regional differences were evident with regard to educational patterns within the Danish population in 2003. The proportion of individuals who have completed education courses providing them with professional qualifications varied within each county. There was, however, a trend for the highest proportion completing education courses providing them with professional qualifications to be found around the large cities, with correspondingly lower proportions being evident in the provinces.

Figure 4

Education providing professional qualifications among 30-69 year olds



Differences in the educational levels are sharply evened out in a geographic perspective

The highest proportion of individuals who have completed education courses providing them with professional qualifications was in Værløse Municipality (79 per cent), while the lowest figure was in Thyborøn-Harboøre (47 per cent). Over the recent decade differences have been sharply evened out, as many outlying districts have experienced a higher increase than the major urban areas. Large differences still exist within each county.

Immigrants are in the educational system for a shorter period of time

However, the educational patterns of young immigrants were different from those of the population as a whole. Fewer immigrants attend an upper-secondary examination, higher preparatory examination, or higher commercial examination and higher technical examination, while more attended basic school. These differences were, however, less significant when compared to 1995 levels; this has implied that more immigrants attend an upper-secondary examination, higher preparatory examination, higher preparatory examination and vocational education.

Falling proportion of descendants attend university

From 1995 to 2002, the proportion of descendants, from non-western countries, aged 20-29 years attending long-cycle higher education declined in relation to the population group as a whole. The proportion of descendants from non-western countries attending medium-cycle and short-cycle higher education is much higher. The number of students have increased by 436 pct. and 650 pct. respectively, while the number of descendants, from non-western countries, aged 20-29 years have only increased by 357 pct.

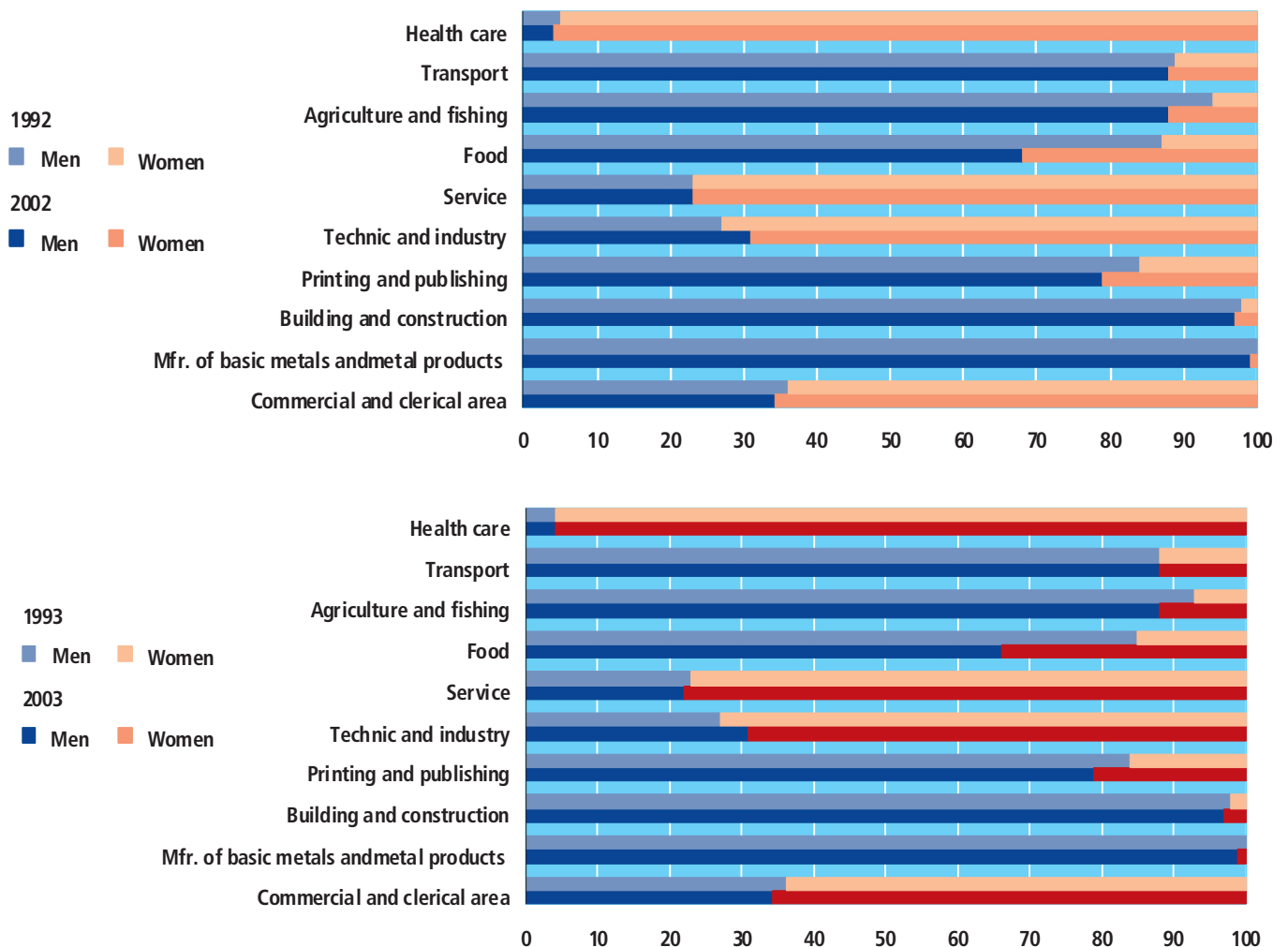
Education and culture

3. Sex and education

Sharp divisions in educational patterns, especially among men and among women with vocational education

Sharp distinctions were observed in the educational patterns for men and women with regard to both educational levels and fields. More men than women had completed vocational education or long-cycle higher education in 2003, whereas more women than men had completed short or medium-cycle higher education in the same year. This difference has become less pronounced during the last ten years. Figure 4 shows the sharp divisions between the choices made by men and women as regards field of vocational education in 1992 and 2002.

Figure 5 30-69 year-old men and women with vocational education as the highest education completed, by field (per cent)



Most medium-cycle courses are either dominated by men or women

As far as *medium-cycle education* is concerned, four out of ten disciplines were sharply dominated by men: These were technical (e.g. building technicians and engineers), agriculture (e.g. forestry and landscape engineers), transport (e.g. marine engineers and shipmasters) and public security education. However, four

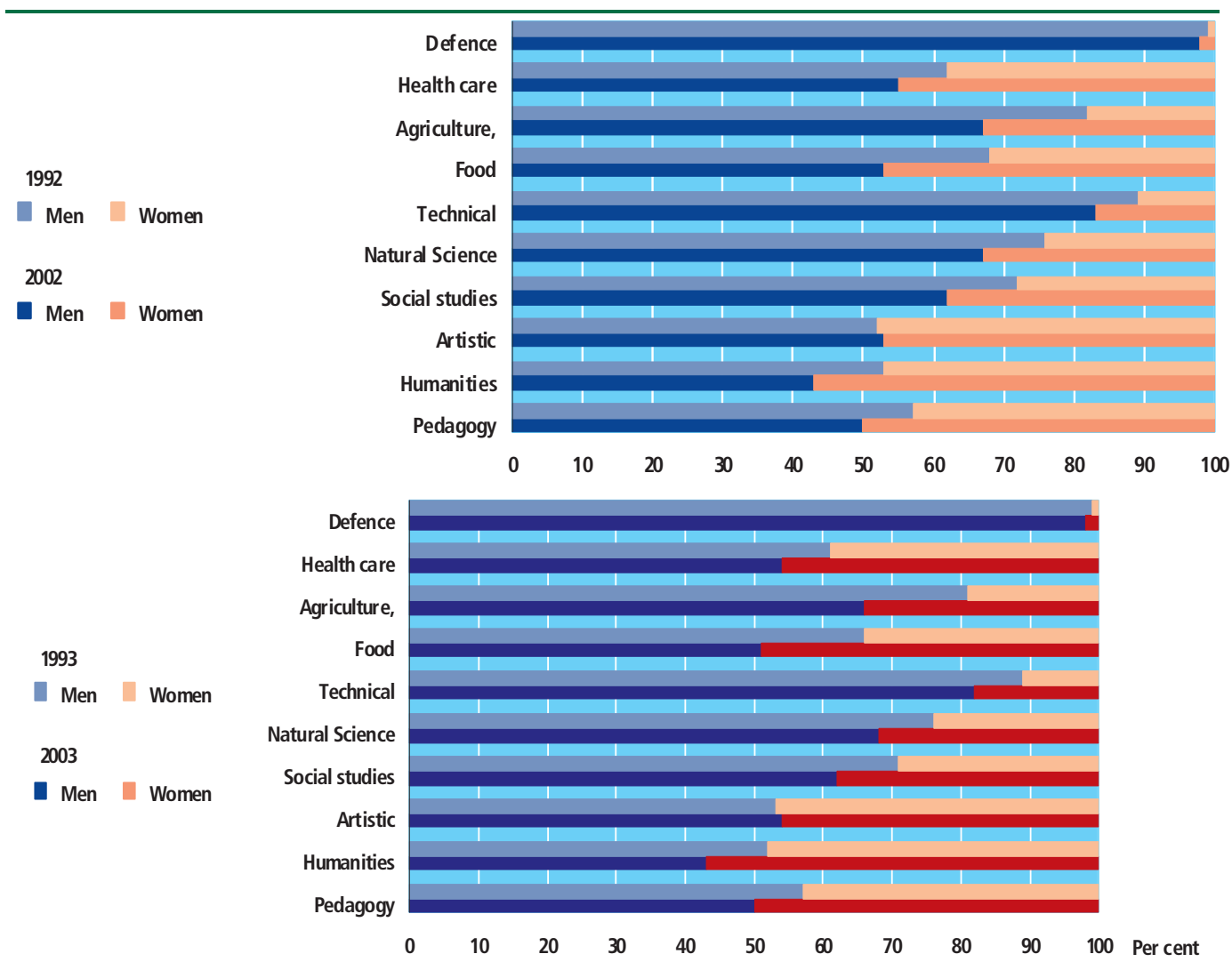
disciplines pedagogy, business language, the food sector, and the health sector are dominated by women. Among the major courses are here, e.g. school teachers, educationalists and trained nurses.

Long-cycle higher education is more mixed

As far as *long-cycle higher education* is concerned, five out of ten disciplines were dominated by men, whereas the rest were mixed. These were pedagogy, the humanities (e.g. MAs in Danish language), music (academic opera training), the food sector (MSc in dairy science), and medical studies (e.g. doctors).

Education and culture

Figure 6 30-69 year-old men and women with long-cycle higher education, by field



Women increase their foothold within certain fields

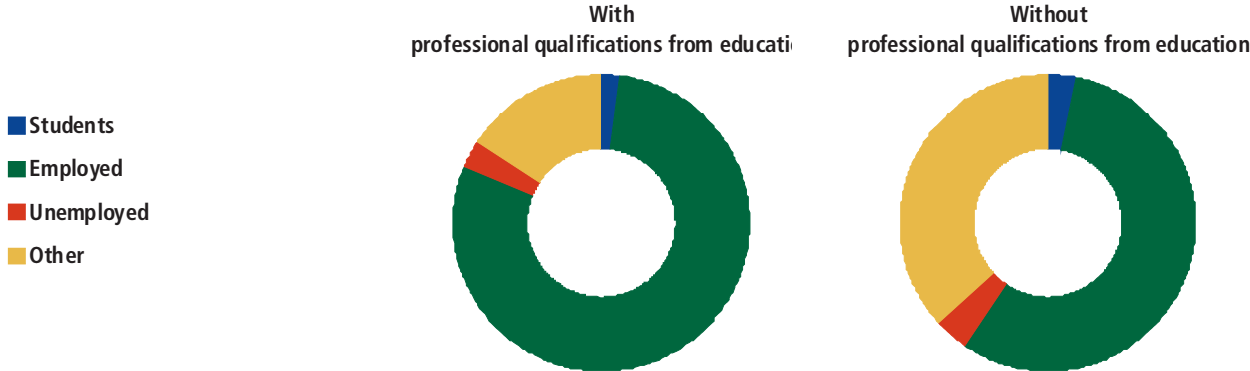
Even though the educational system continued to be highly divided in terms of gender in 2003, some progress has been made during the period from 1993 to 2003 as regards the education choices made by women and men. The dividing lines remain most rigid for vocational education and training and short and medium-cycle vocational higher education, where the proportion of women has only gone up by 2 per cent. The greatest degree of relaxation of the gender barriers was evident within long-cycle higher education, where the proportion of women increased by 7 per cent.

4. Education and employment

Education has a significant effect on the employment

Persons with professional qualifications have a higher employment rate than those with out professional qualifications. However, the significance of qualifications has decreased from 1992 to 2002.

Figure 7 The relation of the labour market to the 30-69 year old. 1st. of January 2002.



Education and culture

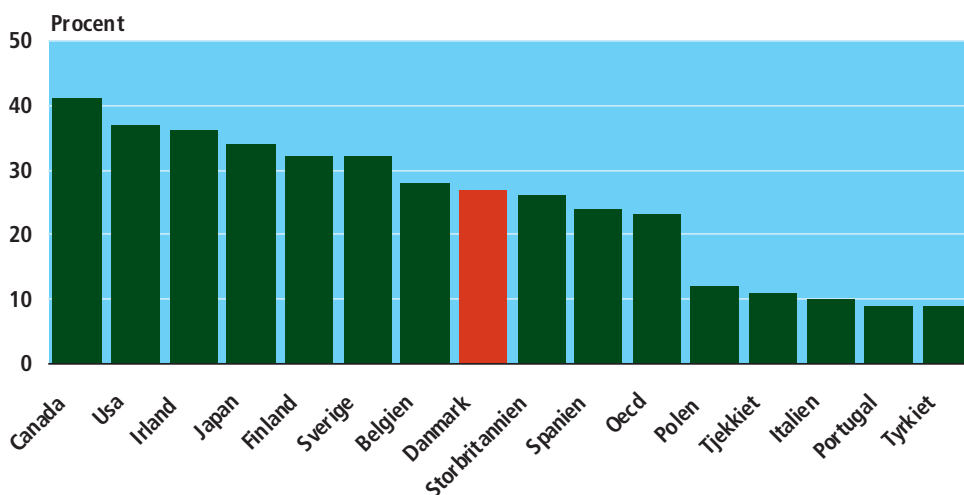
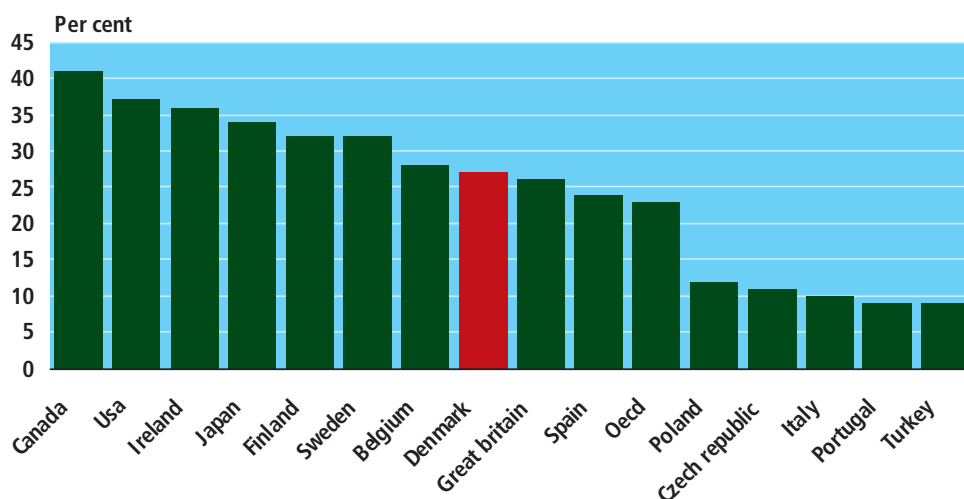
5. Education in an international perspective

Level of education in Denmark is above OECD average

In all the OECD countries, an average of 23 pct. of the 25-64 age group had completed a higher education in 2001. At 27 pct., Denmark was among those OECD countries with a high percentage. The three highest percentages were found in Canada, USA, and Ireland, while Turkey, Portugal and Italy accounted for the three lowest percentages.

Figure 8

Persons having completed further education in selected OECD countries 2001



Source: OECD, *Education at a glance 2003*.

Danes proceed through many years of education

Children beginning pre-school in Denmark in 2001 will proceed through an average of approximately 16.1 years of education before completing a full-time education course providing them with professional qualifications. Australia accounts for the highest number of years of education with 19.9 years, closely followed by Great Britain with 18.9 years. Turkey and Mexico account for the highest number of education with respectively 11.3 and 12.0 years. The average among OECD-countries was 15.8 years in 2001.

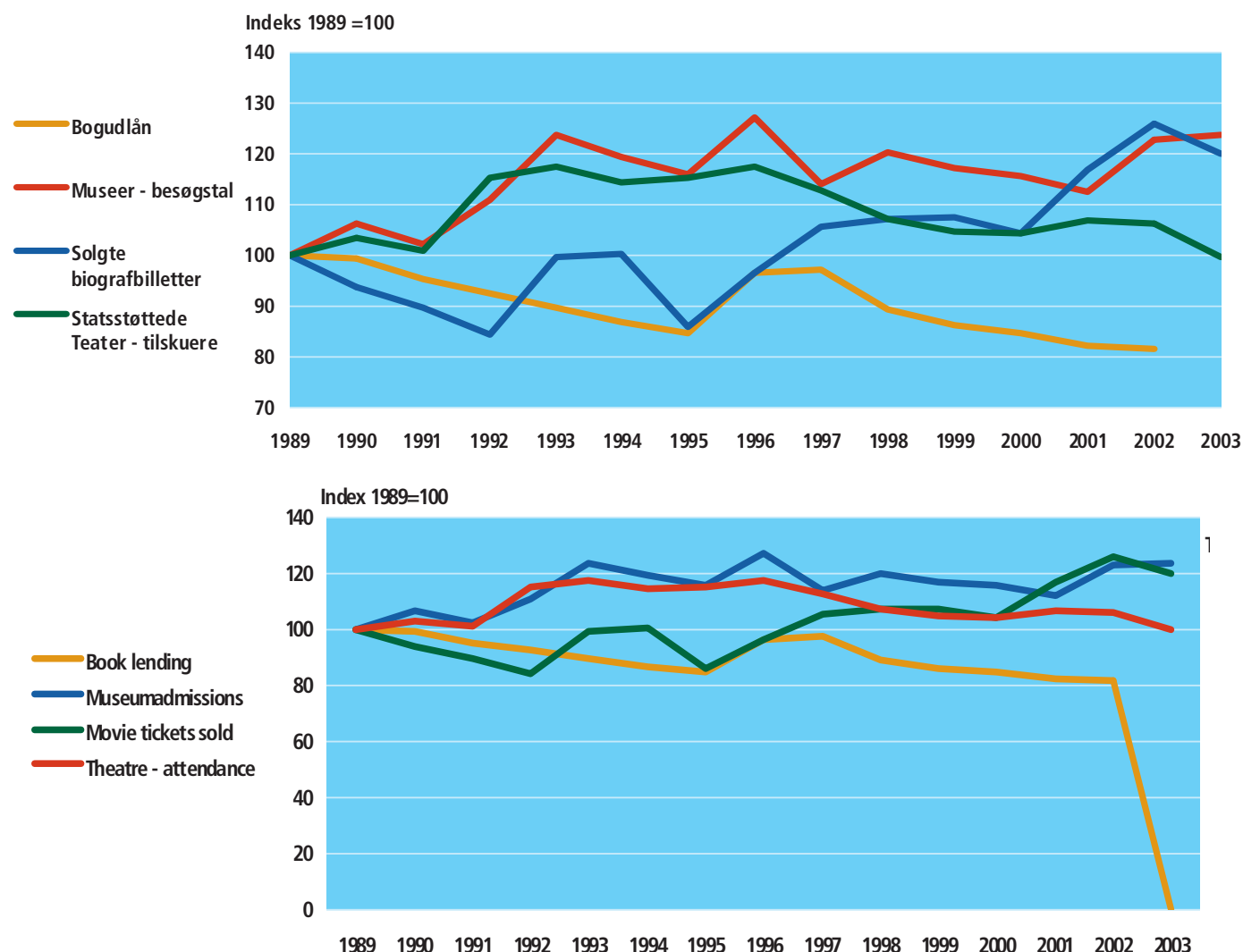
6. Culture

Decline in admissions to state-subsidized theatres

The attendance rate of state-subsidized theatres showed a decline of 6 pct. over the season 2002/2003 in relation to the previous season. Plays for adults accounted for 43 pct. of the 2.2 mio. tickets sold, while children's theatres accounted for 23 pct. The other types of production accounted for the remaining part of total admissions, respectively light operas/musicals (13 pct.), operas/ballad operas (9 pct.), ballets/dance (9 pct.) and revue/cabaret (1 pct.). The statistics only cover state-subsidized theatres and do not provide a complete picture of Danes' interest in theatres. In 2002/2003, 108 productions were state-subsidies, including subsidies by the Danish Theatre Council, compared to 117 the year before.

Education and culture

Figure 9 Various cultural institutions - activities



Fewer people go to the cinema

In 2003, the number of tickets sold for films screened at Danish cinemas reached 12 million, which was 5 pct. fewer tickets, compared to 2002. The fall in the number of tickets sold was accounted for by Danish as well as foreign films. The 3 most successful films in 2003 were: "Ringenes Herre: Kongen vender tilbage", "Ringenes Herre – De to tårne" and "Die Another Day". These 3 films accounted for 1.7 million tickets or 14 pct. of all tickets sold. Although, the period of screening of "Ringenes Herre: Kongen vender tilbage" was only about 3 weeks, the film accounted for the highest number of tickets sold.

Danish films accounted for 26 pct. of all tickets sold in 2003. This is an increase of 1 percentage point, compared to the previous year. The most popular Danish film was "Arven", which accounted for 374,000 tickets or the fifth-highest number of tickets sold in 2003.

Fall in admissions to museums

In 2003, admission rates of Danish museums reached 9.5 million. visitors, which was a fall of 2 pct. in relation to 2002. The National Museum of Denmark saw an

increase of 14 pct., of which the branch Prince's Palace in Copenhagen alone accounted for an increase of 16 pct. The National Museum of Denmark, which is considered to be an independent museum type, was the only museum that accounted for an increase. The remaining museum types (local history museums, special-subject history museums, art museums and natural science museums) each saw a fall in the number of admissions in 2003, compared to the previous year. In 2003, the zoological gardens and the botanical gardens and aquaria had 3.6 million visitors, of which state-subsidized gardens, which was an increase of 2 pct., compared to 2002.

Education and culture

Figure 10 The ten highest admission rates

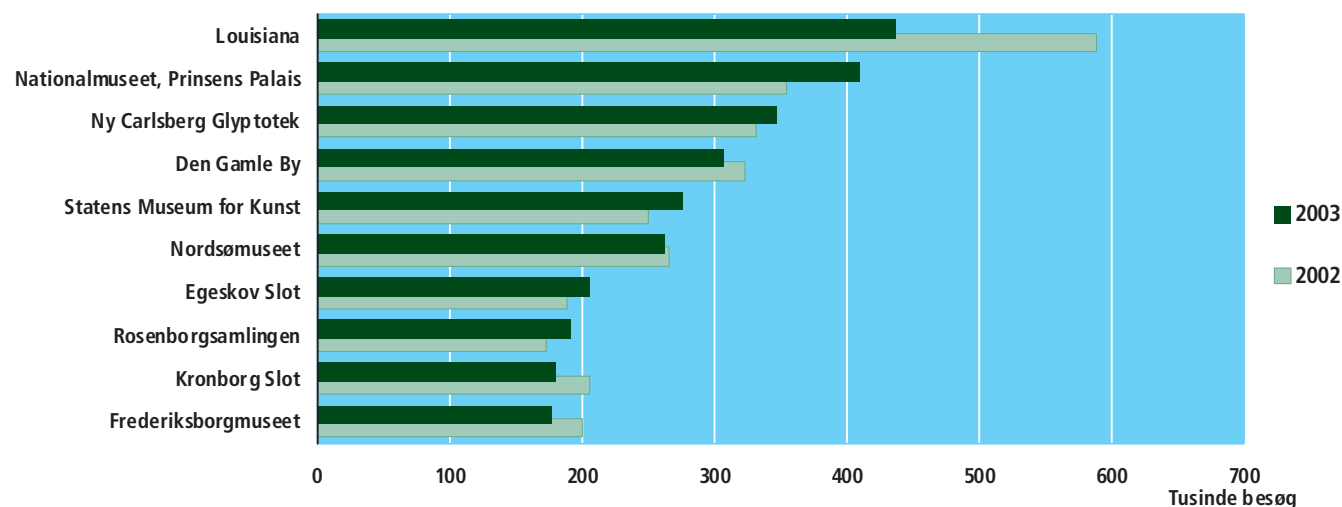
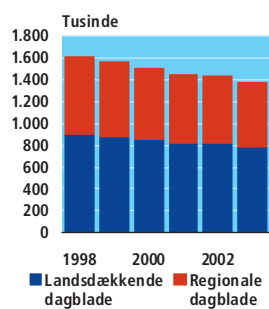


Figure 11 Average daily circulation, total

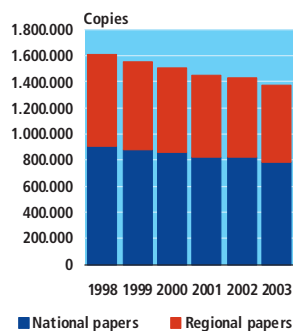


Louisiana still accounts for the highest admission rates

In 2003, the art museum Louisiana still accounted for the highest admission rates of 437,500 visitors, even though there was a fall of 26 pct. in the number of visitors, compared to 2002. Statens Museum for Kunst, Copenhagen saw an increase of 10 pct. although the new exhibition building was closed for 4½ months.

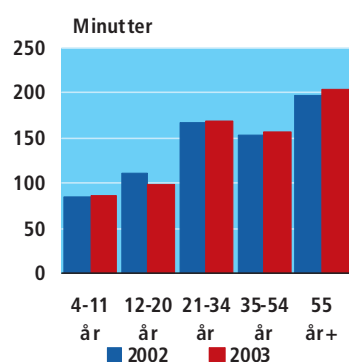
Fall in the number of people buying newspapers by 200,000 over the past 6 years

In 2003, the daily newspapers saw a fall in the average daily circulation of 1.4 mio. newspapers on weekdays and 1.3 mio. newspapers on Sundays, corresponding to a fall of 4 pct. and 6 pct., respectively compared to 2002. However, this fall does not include newspapers distributed free of charge, whose daily circulation was about 0.5 mio. newspapers in 2003. The average circulation of daily newspapers has fallen by about 200,000 newspapers since 1998. Book lending from public and school libraries has fallen slightly in 2002, compared to the previous year.



Education and culture

Figure 12
Average viewing rates



Older people watch more television

97 out of 100 households in Denmark have a television and most of them have access to DR1 or TV2. The average viewing rates of Danes were 2 hours and 38 minutes per day in 2003. There is a general increase in daily television consumption with age, and persons over 55 years have by far the highest television consumption reaching an average of 3 hours and 24 minutes per day. Children aged 4-11 watch on average television 1 hour and 27 minutes per day, and this age group thus accounts for the lowest television consumption. In 2003, there was an increase in television consumption for all age groups, except the age group 11-20 years, compared to 2002.

In 2003, the highest time spent on watching TV was, in the order given, accounted for by the channels TV2, DR1, TV3 and TVDanmark2. The number of people watching a TV channel naturally is widely dependent on the number of people who have access to the channel. For example, 99.7 pct. of all households in Denmark having a television set have access to DR1 and TV2, while only 75 pct and 69 pct., respectively have access to TVDanmark2 and TV3.

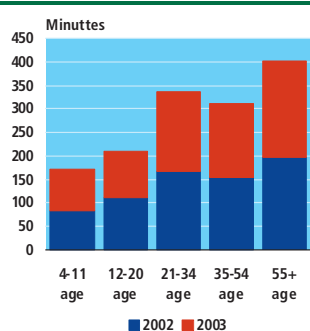


Table 86

Educational institutions 2002

	Number of institutions	Students		Total
		Men	Women	
Total	3 520	549 759	568 261	1 118 020
General schools	3 198	383 886	384 362	768 248
Basic schools, public	2 327	306 630	290 600	597 230
Basic schools, private	464	41 220	40 126	81 346
Continuation schools	236	10 865	11 555	22 420
Upper-secondary schools	153	24 253	40 695	64 948
Home economics, arts and crafts schools ¹	18	23	158	181
Open Youth Education	.	895	1 228	2 123
Vocational schools	164	94 852	77 113	171 965
Handicraft schools	4	321	764	1 085
Business colleges and technical schools	10	9 844	5 840	15 684
Business colleges	46	25 463	34 898	60 361
Technical schools	36	53 978	20 043	74 021
Schools of administration	1	33	78	111
Transport school	5	1 174	178	1 352
School of the graphic industries	1	72	80	152
Agricultural schools	12	480	127	607
Forestry school	1	293	42	335
Danish Meat Trade School	1	729	632	1 361
Maritime and shipmaster schools	6	255	33	288
Social and health schools	30	781	12 221	13 002
Schools of medical laboratory technicians	2	79	609	688
School of assistant dispensers	1	16	438	454
Schools of chiropodists and dental surgery assistants	3	5	706	711
Police college, the prison system schools	2	1 179	419	1 598
Defence staff colleges	3	150	5	155
Institutions of higher education	158	71 021	106 786	177 807
Universities and university centres	5	34 055	39 788	73 843
IT University of Copenhagen	1	632	355	987
Teacher training colleges	18	5 436	11 180	16 616
Institutes for social educators	35	4 168	19 079	23 247
Home economics schools	2	55	818	873
Arts and crafts schools	8	203	1 190	1 393
Educational University of Denmark	2	716	2 021	2 737
Centre for sign language	1	10	160	170
Academies of music	7	795	604	1 399
School of visual arts	1	93	93	186
Theatre schools	3	78	97	175
Danish School of Journalism	1	623	340	963
Schools of library and information science	2	300	658	958
Schools of restorers	1	23	77	100
Film schools	1	59	39	98
Business schools	7	8 843	8 511	17 354
Schools of social work	4	260	1 953	2 213
Technical colleges	6	4 418	1 349	5 767
Technical University of Denmark	1	4 780	1 455	6 235
Schools of architecture	2	1 010	1 316	2 326
Schools of marine engineering	8	980	26	1 006
Veterinary and Agricultural University	1	1 162	2 078	3 240
Navigation schools	2	190	25	215
Schools of nursing	21	459	8 902	9 361
High schools of nursing	2	11	400	411
Schools midwives	2	-	294	294
Schools of physiotherapists	9	726	3 068	3 794
Schools of radiography	1	20	51	71
College of Pharmacy	1	369	820	1 189
Military academy	3	547	39	586

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/u11

Table 87

Students in the educational system 2002

	Students	Entrance ¹	Graduates ²	Did not complete education
	1.10.2001 - 30.09.2002			
Total	1 118 020	242 578	175 148	84 926
Basic school/preparatory	704 886	71 950	66 870	14 202
General upper-secondary education	98 891	41 286	31 191	9 300
Vocational edu. and training	116 326 ³	65 024	35 080	37 725
Short-cycle higher edu.	19 674	9 104	6 798	3 471
Medium-cycle higher education	70 911	22 033	15 105	5 589
Bachelor	46 917	15 819	8 988	7 982
Long-cycle higher education	60 415	17 362	11 116	6 657
Men, total	549 759	113 819	80 086	42 136
Basic school/preparatory	359 985	36 091	33 257	6 001
General upper-secondary education	42 968	18 081	13 163	4 514
Vocational edu. and training	64 068	32 272	15 845	20 201
Short-cycle higher education	10 962	5 032	3 933	2 111
Medium-cycle higher education	20 911	6 805	4 298	1 976
Bachelor	21 607	7 341	3 978	3 960
Long-cycle higher education	29 258	8 197	5 612	3 373
Women, total	568 261	128 759	95 062	42 790
Basic school/preparatory	344 901	35 859	33 613	8 201
General upper-secondary education	55 923	23 205	18 028	4 786
Vocational edu. and training	52 258	32 752	19 235	17 524
Short-cycle higher edu.	8 712	4 072	2 865	1 360
Medium-cycle higher education	50 000	15 228	10 807	3 613
Bachelor	25 310	8 478	5 010	4 022
Long-cycle higher education	31 157	9 165	5 504	3 284

¹ Influx of students to basic schools equals pre-school class. ² Graduates from basic school equal graduates from basic school with 9th or 10th grade examination. ³ About 8.000 searching for practical training place are not included.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/03

Table 88

Students 2002

	Basic school/ preparatory	General upper- secondary education	Vocational education and training	Short- cycle higher education	Medium- cycle higher education	Bachelor	Long-cycle higher education	Total	Total students as percentage of year group
	per cent								per cent
Total	63	9	10	2	6	4	5	1 118 020	26
06 - 14 years	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	601 762	98
15 - 19 years	43	38	18	-	-	-	-	234 492	82
20 - 24 years	2	7	31	7	21	22	11	133 195	43
25 - 29 years	1	1	15	7	28	13	35	82 879	23
30 - 34 years	-	1	-	7	29	9	31	28 083	7
35 - 39 years	-	1	32	6	34	7	21	16 434	4
40 - 66 years	-	1	35	4	28	8	23	21 175	1
Men	65	8	12	2	4	4	5	549 759	25
06 - 14 years	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	307 262	98
15 - 19 years	43	32	24	-	-	-	-	119 321	81
20 - 24 years	1	7	38	8	12	22	12	60 933	39
25 - 29 years	1	1	16	10	21	14	38	37 725	21
30 - 34 years	-	1	22	9	21	10	36	12 297	6
35 - 39 years	-	1	31	9	23	9	26	5 767	3
40 - 66 years	-	1	29	8	22	12	28	6 454	1
Women	61	10	9	2	9	4	5	568 261	27
06 - 14 years	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	294 500	99
15 - 19 years	42	44	12	-	-	-	-	115 171	82
20 - 24 years	2	6	25	6	28	22	10	72 262	47
25 - 29 years	-	1	15	6	33	13	32	45 154	25
30 - 34 years	-	1	24	5	35	8	27	15 786	8
35 - 39 years	-	1	32	4	40	6	18	10 667	5
40 - 66 years	-	1	37	2	31	7	21	14 721	2

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/03

Table 89

Students by region 2002

Place of residence on 1 January 2002	Basic school/ preparatory	General upper- secondary education	Vocational education and training	Short- cycle higher education	Medium- cycle higher education	Bachelor	Long-cycle higher education	Total
	per cent							
Total	63	9	10	2	6	4	5	1 118 020
Copenhagen Municipality	38	5	8	4	11	14	19	110 936
Frederiksberg Municipality	41	6	7	3	10	14	19	16 766
Copenhagen County	67	10	9	2	5	3	5	121 963
Frederiksborg County	73	10	8	1	4	2	2	72 143
Roskilde County	71	9	10	1	4	2	2	46 343
Vestsjælland County	70	9	12	1	5	1	1	58 467
Storstrøm County	69	10	12	1	6	1	1	48 058
Bornholm County	72	10	12	1	4	-	-	8 273
Fyn County	64	8	11	2	7	4	4	98 972
Sønderjylland County	71	10	12	1	5	1	1	50 518
Ribe County	69	9	12	1	6	1	1	47 665
Vejle County	69	9	12	2	6	1	1	70 148
Ringkøbing County	70	11	11	2	5	1	1	58 215
Århus County	58	8	10	2	7	7	8	148 104
Viborg County	71	10	12	1	5	0	1	47 731
Nordjylland County	64	9	11	1	7	3	5	105 031
Not stated ¹	7	5	13	8	11	15	41	8 687

¹ Students who live abroad, but go to school in Denmark.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/03

Table 90

Students by national origin 2002

	Basic school ¹ / preparatory	General upper- secondary school	Vocational education and training	Short- cycle higher education	Medium- cycle higher education	Bachelor	Long-cycle higher education	Total
	per cent							
Men and women, total	28	17	20	3	12	8	11	570 305
Of whom immigrants and descendants	30	16	20	5	9	8	11	46 804
Western countries	14	11	15	7	15	15	24	11 196
Non western countries	35	17	22	5	8	6	7	35 608
Men, total	29	16	24	4	8	8	11	268 687
Of whom immigrants and descendants	32	15	22	6	7	7	12	22 287
Western countries	16	11	16	7	12	13	25	4 871
Non western countries	36	16	24	5	6	5	8	17 416
Women, total	26	19	17	3	17	8	10	301 618
Of whom immigrants and descendants	29	17	19	5	11	9	11	24 517
Western countries	12	11	14	6	17	16	24	6 325
Non western countries	34	19	21	5	9	6	6	18 192

¹ Excluding pre-school class to the 7th grade.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/u13

Table 91**Students enrolled in general education**

	Students on 1 Oct. 2001		Entrance of students ¹ 1 Oct. 2001–30 Sept. 2002		Graduates 1 Oct. 2001–30 Sept. 2002		Students on 1 Oct. 2002	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Total	396 556	395 619	53 226	56 510	46 420	51 641	402 953	400 824
Basic school/preparatory	353 992	340 087	35 145	33 305	33 257	33 613	359 985	344 901
Upper-secondary school	20 154	32 904	7 897	12 459	6 114	9 913	20 548	33 631
Higher preparatory examination	3 527	7 045	1 995	3 623	1 226	2 713	3 396	6 547
Adult upper secondary school	304	457	212	354	101	164	316	534
Entrance course to higher education	16	53	23	126	15	45	23	128
Higher commercial examination	11 400	13 615	4 870	5 988	3 726	4 785	11 436	13 551
Higher technical examination	6 528	1 335	2 559	514	1 608	317	6 629	1 392
Entrance examination to engineers	635	123	525	141	373	91	620	140

¹ Influx to the basic school equals pre-school class.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/03

Table 92**Students in upper-secondary education 2002**

	Completed with examination		Without examination		Average mark		Total
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	
Total	13 163	18 028	4 514	4 786	•	•	40 491
Upper-secondary school	6 114	9 913	1 389	1 819	8.3	8.3	19 235
Higher preparatory examination	1 226	2 713	900	1 408	7.9	7.7	6 247
Adult upper-secondary school	101	164	99	113	8.3	8.5	477
Entrance course to higher education	15	45	1	6	...	...	67
Higher commercial examination	3 726	4 785	1 108	1 267	8.0	8.0	10 886
Higher technical examination	1 608	317	850	140	8.0	8.3	2 915
Entrance examination to engineers	373	91	167	33	...	...	664


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/03

Table 93**Students in vocational education and training**

	Students on 1 Oct. 2001		Entrance of students 1 Oct. 2001–30 Sept. 2002		Graduates ¹ 1 Oct. 2001–30 Sept. 2002		Students on 1 Oct. 2002	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Total	67 842	56 265	32 272	32 752	15 845	19 235	64 068	52 258
Educational	263	1 662	196	1 043	146	961	260	1 560
Commerce, clerical trades	11 556	23 971	5 239	10 424	3 030	6 228	10 826	21 944
Construction	22 061	2 063	8 917	1 291	4 585	365	21 186	1 941
Iron and metal	20 407	1 343	8 218	1 294	4 326	231	18 676	1 468
Graphic	1 712	1 075	866	304	310	172	1 620	896
Technical and other industry	825	1 803	651	561	207	432	848	1 363
Service	646	3 621	422	2 385	194	579	612	3 703
Food industry and home economics	5 328	5 888	2 790	3 314	1 046	1 261	4 973	5 385
Agriculture and fishing	2 266	1 694	2 678	1 370	1 299	510	1 954	1 573
Transport, etc.	2 206	280	1 694	224	363	62	2 519	308
Health care	564	12 864	601	10 542	339	8 434	586	12 116
Public security	8	1	-	-	-	-	8	1

¹ With vocational qualifications

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/u14

Table 94

Students in vocational education and training 2002

	Graduates		Without examination		Total
	Men	Women	Men	Women	
Total	15 845	19 235	20 201	17 524	72 805
Educational	146	961	53	184	1 344
Commerce, clerical trades	3 030	6 228	2 939	6 223	18 420
Technical	4 585	365	5 207	1 048	11 205
Iron and metal	4 326	231	5 623	938	11 118
Construction	310	172	648	311	1 441
Graphic	207	432	421	569	1 629
Service	194	579	262	1 724	2 759
Food industry and home economics	1 046	1 261	2 099	2 556	6 962
Agriculture and fishing	1 299	510	1 691	981	4 481
Transport, etc.	363	62	1 018	134	1 577
Health care	339	8 434	240	2 856	11 869


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/u34

Table 95

Students in higher education

	Students 1 Oct. 2001		Entrance of students 1 Oct. 2001–30 Sept. 2002		Graduates 1 Oct. 2001–30 Sept. 2002		Students 1 Oct. 2002	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Total	84 604	114 701	27 375	36 943	17 821	24 186	82 738	115 179
Short-cycle higher education	12 974	8 865	5 032	4 072	3 933	2 865	10 962	8 712
Communication and applied language	1 868	1 432	757	539	628	509	1 668	1 145
The artistic	331	638	98	196	83	160	335	655
Social sciences	6 160	3 843	2 363	1 874	1 802	1 283	5 410	3 764
Technical	1 639	1 212	969	766	532	273	1 743	1 495
Food industry and home economics	203	309	90	147	95	167	149	243
Agriculture and fishing	411	245	310	104	335	109	355	212
Transport, etc.	139	17	71	7	130	15	73	7
Health care	43	704	27	310	8	196	50	772
Public security	1 180	465	347	129	320	153	1 179	419
Medium-cycle higher education	20 380	49 192	6 805	15 228	4 298	10 807	20 911	50 000
Educational	9 507	30 236	2 884	8 708	1 904	6 608	9 603	30 524
Communication and applied language	900	933	239	268	194	232	841	835
The artistic	148	355	75	124	45	135	176	330
Social sciences	322	2 061	101	760	102	538	287	2 169
Technical	7 085	1 744	2 515	679	1 467	368	7 377	1 830
Food industry and home economics	42	629	30	408	11	142	56	838
Agriculture and fishing	138	20	38	15	23	5	148	27
Transport, etc.	591	7	225	3	160	4	609	6
Health care	1 172	13 170	467	4 247	212	2 761	1 298	13 403
Public security	475	37	231	16	180	14	516	38
Bachelor	22 204	25 864	7 341	8 478	3 978	5 010	21 607	25 310
The humanities	6 994	12 569	2 244	3 862	1 080	2 260	6 801	11 984
Natural sciences	4 698	2 782	1 367	753	614	472	4 454	2 608
Social sciences	9 709	9 102	3 425	3 185	2 166	2 049	9 452	9 039
Food industry and home economics	46	122	15	77	6	37	51	154
Agriculture and fishing	422	493	95	160	83	110	391	485
Health care	335	796	195	441	29	82	458	1 040
Long-cycle higher education	30 046	30 780	8 197	9 165	5 612	5 504	29 258	31 157
Educational	265	651	180	509	9	30	377	950
The humanities, theology	5 043	9 180	1 549	2 744	790	1 686	4 931	8 730
The artistic	866	719	166	149	136	117	861	724
Natural sciences	3 552	2 198	1 166	887	798	520	3 353	2 287
Social sciences	9 617	8 208	2 887	2 791	2 060	1 763	9 288	8 484
Technical	6 469	2 933	1 626	827	1 042	382	6 587	3 179
Food industry and home economics	37	164	13	72	8	52	40	181
Agriculture and fishing	782	1 238	134	280	196	209	655	1 225
Health care	3 358	5 488	445	905	516	744	3 135	5 396
Public security	57	1	31	1	57	1	31	1

For further information visit www.statbank.dk03

Table 96

Students in higher education 2002

	Graduates		Without examination		Total
	Men	Women	Men	Women	
Total	17 821	24 186	11 420	12 279	65 706
Short-cycle higher education	3 933	2 865	2 111	1 360	10 269
Communication and applied language	628	509	329	317	1 783
The artistic	83	160	11	19	273
Social sciences	1 802	1 283	1 311	670	5 066
Technical	532	273	333	210	1 348
Food industry and home economics	95	167	49	46	357
Agriculture and fishing	335	109	31	28	503
Transport, etc.	130	15	7	2	154
Health care	8	196	12	46	262
Public security	320	153	28	22	523
Medium-cycle higher education	4 298	10 807	1 976	3 613	20 694
Educational	1 904	6 608	884	1 812	11 208
Communication and applied language	194	232	104	134	664
The artistic	45	135	2	14	196
Social sciences	102	538	34	114	788
Technical	1 467	368	756	225	2 816
Food industry and home economics	11	142	5	57	215
Agriculture and fishing	23	5	5	3	36
Transport, etc.	160	4	47	-	211
Health care	212	2 761	129	1 253	4 355
Public security	180	14	10	1	205
Bachelor	3 978	5 010	3 960	4 022	16 970
The humanities	1 080	2 260	1 357	2 187	6 884
Natural sciences	614	472	997	455	2 538
Social sciences	2 166	2 049	1 516	1 199	6 930
Food industry and home economics	6	37	4	8	55
Agriculture and fishing	83	110	43	58	294
Health care	29	82	43	115	269
Long-cycle higher education	5 612	5 504	3 373	3 284	17 773
Educational	9	30	59	180	278
The humanities and theology	790	1 686	871	1 508	4 855
The artistic	136	117	35	27	315
Natural sciences	798	520	567	278	2 163
Social sciences	2 060	1 763	1 156	752	5 731
Technical	1 042	382	466	199	2 089
Food industry and home economics	8	52	2	3	65
Agriculture and fishing	196	209	65	84	554
Health care	516	744	152	253	1 665
Public security	57	1	-	-	58

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/03

Table 97

Highest general education completed by population 2003

	1 - 8 grade or not known	9 - 10 grade	Upper- secondary school, higher preparatory examination, adult upper- secondary school	Higher commercial education, higher tech. education, and entrance examination for technical colleges	Total
Age on 1 Jan. 2003					
Total	1 219 067	1 653 638	698 500	229 763	3 800 968
15 - 24 years	119 733	320 880	106 591	47 951	595 155
25 - 29 years	25 463	168 927	112 842	58 064	365 296
30 - 39 years	63 782	442 523	223 018	87 530	816 853
40 - 49 years	155 040	400 291	168 623	28 075	752 029
50 - 59 years	495 564	196 449	58 808	6 412	757 233
60 - 69 years	359 485	124 568	28 618	1 731	514 402
Men	646 937	856 112	296 011	116 071	1 915 131
15 - 24 years	63 684	174 928	38 954	24 777	302 343
25 - 29 years	13 163	99 856	43 053	27 831	183 903
30 - 39 years	36 870	247 052	90 786	40 978	415 686
40 - 49 years	90 927	197 561	76 424	16 362	381 274
50 - 59 years	265 452	80 399	30 338	4 764	380 953
60 - 69 years	176 841	56 316	16 456	1 359	250 972
Women	572 130	797 526	402 489	113 692	1 885 837
15 - 24 years	56 049	145 952	67 637	23 174	292 812
25 - 29 years	12 300	69 071	69 789	30 233	181 393
30 - 39 years	26 912	195 471	132 232	46 552	401 167
40 - 49 years	64 113	202 730	92 199	11 713	370 755
50 - 59 years	230 112	116 050	28 470	1 648	376 280
60 - 69 years	182 644	68 252	12 162	372	263 430

Table 98

Highest education completed analysed by age and sex 2003

Age on 1 Jan. 2003	Basic school or not known	General upper-secondary education	Vocational education and training	Short-cycle higher education	Medium-cycle higher education	Bachelor	Long-cycle higher education	Total
	per cent							
Total	32.1	4.4	38.7	4.5	13.5	0.8	6.2	2 840 517
30 - 39 years	23.9	7.6	39.9	5.5	13.2	1.9	8.0	816 853
40 - 49 years	30.2	4.8	37.7	4.9	15.4	0.5	6.5	752 029
50 - 59 years	32.1	2.6	41.0	4.2	14.3	0.2	5.6	757 233
60 - 69 years	47.8	1.2	34.7	2.7	10.0	0.1	3.5	514 402
Men	29.8	4.4	42.5	4.8	10.2	0.7	7.6	1 428 885
30 - 39 years	25.7	6.9	41.9	6.3	9.1	1.5	8.6	415 686
40 - 49 years	28.7	5.1	42.6	5.0	10.1	0.6	7.9	381 274
50 - 59 years	28.3	3.0	44.7	4.4	11.8	0.3	7.6	380 953
60 - 69 years	40.4	1.4	40.0	2.9	9.8	0.1	5.4	250 972
Women	34.4	4.3	34.8	4.1	16.8	0.8	4.7	1 411 632
30 - 39 years	22.0	8.4	37.9	4.6	17.3	2.3	7.5	401 167
40 - 49 years	31.8	4.6	32.7	4.7	20.8	0.4	5.0	370 755
50 - 59 years	36.0	2.1	37.2	4.0	16.9	0.1	3.6	376 280
60 - 69 years	54.9	1.0	29.6	2.6	10.2	0.0	1.7	263 430

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/hfu1

Table 99**Highest education completed analysed by county of residence 2003**

30-69 year-olds Place of residence on 1 Jan. 2003	Basic school or not known	General upper- secondary education	Vocational education and training	Short-cycle higher education	Medium-cycle higher education	Bachelor	Long-cycle higher education	Total
Total	911 575	124 140	1 097 955	127 415	382 877	21 485	175 070	2 840 517
Copenhagen Municipality	72 812	21 281	66 992	11 541	34 230	4 605	30 816	242 277
Frederiksberg Municipality	10 172	4 242	12 961	2 662	7 912	986	8 983	47 918
Copenhagen County	89 433	18 761	125 544	16 366	45 770	2 850	32 467	331 191
Frederiksborg County	52 901	10 988	80 980	11 186	33 675	1 660	18 753	210 143
Roskilde County	36 037	5 863	58 894	6 884	17 851	869	7 968	134 366
West Zealand County	58 279	4 915	66 912	6 537	20 091	658	5 235	162 627
Storstrøm County	54 067	3 973	59 767	5 127	16 505	445	4 034	143 918
Bornholm Municipality	9 480	626	9 920	811	2 798	44	638	24 317
Funen county	83 850	8 886	99 247	10 706	34 852	1 310	10 333	249 184
South Jutland County	48 905	3 500	55 484	5 628	15 973	679	4 122	134 291
Ribe County	42 761	3 289	47 609	5 091	14 645	550	3 203	117 148
Vejle County	64 014	6 007	74 878	8 784	24 604	1 066	6 377	185 730
Ringkøbing County	53 499	4 321	57 859	5 452	16 882	669	3 884	142 566
Århus County	96 573	16 119	128 189	16 008	50 851	3 250	23 720	334 710
Viborg County	45 244	3 804	49 516	4 736	14 384	453	4 159	122 296
North Jutland County	93 548	7 565	103 203	9 896	31 854	1 391	10 378	257 835


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/hfu1

Table 100

Highest completed education, by labour market 2002

30 - 69 year-olds	Students		Non-students		Total
	Employed	Unem- Not in the ployed labour force	Employed	Unem- Not in the ployed labour force	
Total	63 658	1 999 662	83 181	670 134	2 816 635
Basic school ¹	15 416	502 593	34 137	371 788	923 934
General upper-secondary education	11 215	86 251	3 777	17 826	119 069
Vocational education and training	18 688	838 291	31 980	201 256	1 090 215
Higher education	18 339	572 527	13 287	79 264	683 417
Men	23 564	1 069 669	40 718	283 429	1 417 380
Basic school ¹	5 162	266 905	15 856	139 615	427 538
General upper-secondary education	4 893	45 220	1 855	8 159	60 127
Vocational education and training	6 090	481 911	16 587	100 783	605 371
Higher education	7 419	275 633	6 420	34 872	324 344
Women	40 094	929 993	42 463	386 705	1 399 255
Basic school ¹	10 254	235 688	18 281	232 173	496 396
General upper-secondary education	6 322	41 031	1 922	9 667	58 942
Vocational education and training	12 598	356 380	15 393	100 473	484 844
Higher education	10 920	296 894	6 867	44 392	359 073

¹ Incl. not known.

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/hfu2

Table 101

Students in courses of adult and supplementary education 2002

	Students by highest completed level of education							
	Basic school or not stated	General upper secondary education	Vocational education and training	Short-cycle higher education	Medium-cycle higher education	Bachelor	Long-cycle higher education	Total number of courses
Public courses								
Total ¹	231 456	48 172	286 541	29 511	70 580	3 059	10 669	679 988
General education (9/10 grade).	105 336	15 466	52 060	5 274	13 064	501	3 042	194 743
Preparatory education	53 400	3 088	32 825	2 812	7 972	118	1 342	101 557
Higher preparatory examination	48 634	9 356	18 589	2 408	4 923	353	1 653	85 916
Folk and youth high schools	3 302	3 022	646	54	169	30	47	7 270
Adult vocational training centres	99 848	16 499	178 463	14 207	6 235	847	1 274	317 373
Educational	3 561	375	3 176	142	118	22	10	7 404
Commercial and clerical	19 762	6 963	55 520	4 914	2 494	484	531	90 668
Construction	5 575	298	7 183	518	327	3	56	13 960
Iron and metal	51 135	5 229	81 683	5 354	2 050	185	402	146 038
Printing and publishing	104	55	559	60	48	4	7	837
Other technical and manufacturing	2 827	398	3 277	1 633	266	13	50	8 464
Services	5 382	1 196	7 862	580	310	48	81	15 459
Food industry and home economic	7 239	1 621	8 216	675	402	57	91	18 301
Agriculture and fishing	2 859	237	4 044	235	115	23	40	7 553
Health	1 404	127	6 943	96	105	8	6	8 689
Vocational schools	24 468	13 846	53 093	8 950	16 539	1 372	4 428	122 696
Higher commercial examination	462	646	745	187	225	76	196	2 537
Higher technical examination	81	46	140	34	51	4	24	380
Commercial and clerical	9 843	3 086	17 369	2 435	6 197	321	1 268	40 519
Construction	10	-	25	7	8	-	-	50
Other technical and manufacturing	6 429	1 815	11 368	2 433	5 245	241	1 340	28 871
Food industry and home economic	9	2	36	1	-	-	-	48
Agriculture and fishing	191	40	212	24	35	1	5	508
Other courses	200	82	707	78	572	6	37	1 682
Communication and business languages (short-cycle)	3	11	25	6	10	-	9	64
Social science (short-cycle)	6 984	7 946	21 604	3 489	4 093	718	1 510	46 344
Technical (short-cycle)	252	172	846	255	103	5	39	1 672
Food industry and home economics (short-cycle)	-	-	9	-	-	-	-	9
Technical (medium-cycle)	4	-	7	1	-	-	-	12
Institutions of higher education²	1 804	2 361	2 925	1 080	34 742	339	1 925	45 176
Teacher train. courses (medium-cycle)	1 600	1 227	1 509	488	34 089	105	1 316	40 334
Ling. Merc. Bachelor's degree, ED	14	32	42	61	36	51	29	265
Bachelor of Science (economics); HD	190	1 102	1 374	531	617	183	580	4 577

¹ Includes only courses which is public financed and supervised ² Includes only teacher training colleges, The Danish University of Education and at The Business Schools: Ling. Merc. Bachelor's degree, Bachelor of Science (economics).

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/veu21

Table 102**Participants in courses by private course organizers**

	2001	2002	Change
Total	385 700	350 900	- 34 800
Private commercial organizers of courses	157 100	130 200	- 26 900
Employer and trade organizations	34 900	39 900	5 000
Employee organizations	56 300	54 300	- 2 000
Associations of Graduates	20 800	22 000	1 200
Non-profit institutions, associations and societies	71 800	61 500	- 10 300
Schools of public administration	30 000	31 300	1 300
Adult education associations	14 800	11 700	- 3 100

Table 103**Participants in courses by private course organizers, by type of course**

	2001	2002	Change
Total	385 700	350 900	- 34 800
Management and human resource development	72 400	59 700	- 12 700
Law, economics, insurance and financing	23 600	27 900	4 300
Purchasing, sales and service	50 000	36 600	- 13 400
Exports	100	800	700
Edp	62 900	53 700	- 9 200
Presentation and training technique	4 100	3 000	- 1 100
Communication and media technique	6 200	10 400	4 200
Environment and safety	8 400	6 700	- 1 700
Personal development and training	27 100	16 100	- 11 000
Language	2 800	2 800	0
Politics, cooperation, etc.	49 500	53 100	3 600
Public administration	22 300	20 500	- 1 800
Other courses, including special training	41 600	47 800	6 200
General courses, not further specified	14 800	11 700	- 3 100

Table 104

Books published 2003

Decimal classification		Books and pamphlets						
		Type		Edition		Total	Of which	
		Pamphlets (17-48 pages)	Books (over 48 pages)	First editions	Revised editions		School text books ^{1,2}	Children's books ¹
number of titles								
	Total	4 726	10 117	12 411	2 432	14 843	982	1 543
82-88	Fiction, total	1 024	2 052	2 433	643	3 076	428	1 134
	Novels and short stories	38	1 287	846	479	1 325	49	999
	Plays	3	27	29	1	30	1	12
	Poetry	75	91	161	5	166	-	42
	Comics, etc.	11	32	42	1	43	-	81
	Books for children and young persons	897	615	1 355	157	1 512	378	.
00-81,89-99	Non-fiction, total	3 702	8 065	9 978	1 789	11 767	554	409
00-07	General	75	321	376	20	396	8	6
10-19	Philosophy	287	486	687	86	773	13	14
20-29	Religion	75	272	299	48	347	13	28
30-39, 59	Sociology	1 130	1 872	2 510	492	3 002	78	54
40-49	Geography and travel	131	291	309	113	422	22	29
50-58	Natural sciences	355	558	831	82	913	112	88
60-69	Applied sciences	1 043	2 344	2 807	580	3 387	45	87
70-79	Arts, games, sports	325	728	934	119	1 053	24	52
80-81,89	Literature, languages	142	367	433	76	509	202	10
90-99	History	139	826	792	173	965	37	41

Note. The table shows the number of titles registered by the Danish Bibliographic Centre on the basis of the Danish National Bibliography, and because of the time taken to register titles may vary by up to 5 per cent in relation to the number of titles published during the year. Unchanged editions, newspapers, journals, and annual publications, as well as foreign books under commission and publications in microfilm (5 210 titles in 2003) have not been included.

¹ No books are included in statistics for both school text books and children's books. ² Not including text books for higher-education establishments, further education, adult education, and self-study.

Source: Danish Bibliographic Centre.

Table 105

Books translated 2003

	Original language								Translations, total
	Swedish	Norwegian	Other Nordic languages ¹	English/ American	German	French	Russian	Other languages	
	number of titles								
Translations, total	301	106	15	1 925	136	123	11	135	2 752
Fiction	147	48	10	1 120	54	69	7	101	1 556
Non-fiction	154	58	5	805	82	54	4	34	1 196

¹ Finnish, Faroese, Greenlandic, Icelandic and Oldicelandic.

Source: Danish Bibliographic Centre.

Table 106

Daily newspapers 2003

	Number of daily newspapers		Circulation	
	Weekdays	Sundays	Weekdays	Sundays
	————— thousands —————			
Daily newspapers, total¹	32	10	1 378	1 251
By size of cir. per issue:				
Under 10 000	6	-	36	-
10 000-19 999	10	-	150	-
20 000-29 999	5	-	122	-
30 000-49 999	-	-	-	-
50 000-99 999	6	5	397	383
100 000 +	5	5	673	868

¹ Average circulation (papers per day) measured in the first half year of 2003.

Source: *Dansk Oplagsbulletin 2003* (Bulletin of the Danish Audit Bureau of Circulations).

Table 107

The 20 largest daily newspapers 2003

	Circulation ¹	
	Weekdays	Sundays
	thousands	
Jyllands-Posten, Morgenavisen	172	231
Berlingske Tidende	142	165
Politiken	137	173
B.T.	110	154
Ekstra Bladet	110	145
JydskeVestkysten	82	94
Nordjyske Stiftstidende	82	93
Fyens Stiftstidende	62	79
Børsen	62	•
Århus Stiftstidende	55	54
Dagbladet/Frederiksborg Amts Avis	54	•
Næstved Tidende/Sjællands Tidende	30	•
Vejle Amts Folkeblad/Fredericia Dagblad	26	•
Lolland-Falsters Folketidende	24	•
Information	21	•
Kristelig Dagblad	22	•
Fyns Amts Avis	19	•
Horsens Folkeblad	17	•
Holbæk Amts Venstreblad	18	•
Midtjyllands Avis	17	•

Note. In addition to the figure above there are following newspapers: 10 Minutter, ErhvervsBladet, MetroXpress and Urban. The average circulation per day was 24.126, 102.821, 184.009 and 182.462 respectively.

¹ Average circulation (papers per day) measured in the first half year of 2003.

Source: *Dansk Oplagsbulletin 2003* (Bulletin of the Danish Audit Bureau of Circulations).

Table 108

Journals, periodicals and magazines 2003

	By size of circulation per issue					Total
	Under 10 000	10 000 -19 999	20 000 -49 999	50 000 -99 999	100 000 +	
Journals and periodicals¹	32	10	6	2	3	53
By frequency:						
Weekly	-	-	1	1	-	2
Fortnightly	6	-	1	-	-	7
Monthly	14	5	3	-	1	23
Under 10 issues annually	12	5	1	1	2	21
Magazines²	3	14	18	12	9	56
By frequency:						
Weekly	1	2	-	4	8	15
Fortnightly	1	2	1	3	-	7
Monthly	1	9	14	4	1	29
Under 10 issues annually	-	1	3	1	-	5

¹ 1st July 2002 - 30th June 2003. ² Verified circulation, first half year.

Source: *Dansk Oplagsbulletin 2003* (Bulletin of the Danish Audit Bureau of Circulations).

Table 109

Magazines (excluding free magazines) 2003

	Circulation		Circulation
	thousands		thousands
Major magazines¹			
Familie Journalen	231	Bo Bedre	76
SE og Hør	195	Anders And og Co.	66
Hjemmet	192	Komputer for alle	64
Billed Bladet	183	Illustreret Videnskab	63
Ude og Hjemme	170	Hendes verden	55
Her og nu	131	Mad og Bolig	51
Kig ind	108	Woman	50
Ugebladet SØNDAG	101	Vi unge	49
Femina	87	Ingelise - alt om håndarbejde	48
Alt for Damerne	85	I form	48

¹ Circulation monitored.

Source: *Dansk Oplagsbulletin 2003* (Bulletin of the Danish Audit Bureau of Circulations).

Table 110

Advertising expenditure

	2001		2002	
	DKK mio.	per cent	DKK mio.	per cent
Advertising expenditure, total	24 454	100.0	24 395	100.0
Press advertising turnover, total	8 359	34.2	7 636	31.3
Daily papers	2 983	12.2	2 697	11.0
Magazines	364	1.5	333	1.4
Professional journals, etc.	1 107	4.5	911	3.7
Local papers	2 255	9.2	2 097	8.6
Other	1 650	6.8	1 598	6.6
Other advertising activities, total	16 095	65.8	16 759	68.7
Radio	234	1.0	222	0.9
TV	1 747	7.1	1 675	6.9
Cinemas	50	0.2	70	0.3
Printed matter	6 704	27.4	6 864	28.1
Sports sponsorship	680	2.8	776	3.2
Outdoor advertising	343	1.4	336	1.4
Internet	310	1.3	418	1.7
Telemarketing	418	1.7	428	1.8
Exhibitions and conferences	1 132	4.6	1 422	5.8
Commercial articles	412	1.7	448	1.6
Costs for administration and production	4 299	17.6	4 100	16.8

Note. Advertising expenditure is calculated at factor prices, i.e. the price the purchaser of an advertisement pays, excluding taxes.

Source: *The advertising expenditure survey in Denmark 2002*, Danish Audit Bureau of Circulation.

Table 111

The Danish Broadcasting Corporation and TV 2/DANMARK, revenue and expenditure

	Danish Broadcasting Corporation		TV 2/DANMARK	
	2001	2002	2001	2002
	— thousands —			
Radio and TV licenses¹				
Combined radio and TV licences	2 156 ²	2 154 ³	2 156 ²	2 154 ³
Of which: Black-and-white TV licences	10	9	10	9
Colour TV licences	2 146	2 145	2 146	2 145
Licences for radio only	91	93	•	•
Radio licences, total	2 247²	2 247³	•	•
	— mio. kr. —			
Annual accounts				
Revenue, total	2 924	2 990	1 608	1 658
Of which: Licences	2 675	2 765	537	556
Commercial, sponsors	11	4	1 007	1 028
Other	238	221	64	74
Total expenditure	2 738	2 877	1 488	1 533

¹ The Danish Broadcasting Corporation collects the total TV license fees for the Danish Broadcasting Corporation and TV 2/DANMARK. ² 1 Jan. 2002. ³ 1 Jan. 2003.

Source: Danish Broadcasting Corporation and TV 2/DANMARK.

Table 112

Hours of radio broadcasting

	Danish Broadcasting Corporation			
	2001		2002	
	Analog	Digital	Analog	Digital
	hours			
Radio hours of broadcasting, total	56 634	28 825	55 912	57 792
Channel 1	8 760		8 760	
Channel 2	8 760		8 760	
Channel 3	8 760		8 760	
Channel 4	24 833		24 242	
Channel 5/6	1 871		1 740	
Short wave	3 650		3 650	
Democracy		600		600
DR Jazz				3 336
DR Classical		8 377		8 760
DR Plus				5 832
DR Rock				4 080
Boogie Skum		8 760		8 760
Ghetto Skum		5 544		8 760
Electric Skum		5 544		8 760
DR Soft				4 080
DR Sport				72
DR News				4 752
By kind of programme	56 634	28 825	55 912	57 792
News service	8 245	421	7 946	5 158
Current affairs	16 076	695	16 294	5 284
Information and culture	5 080	120	5 169	1 182
Drama/Fiction	553	3	560	-
Music	15 139	27 545	14 208	42 747
Entertainment	8 784	29	8 535	3 342
Sports	941	-	974	72
Presentation and Service	1 816	12	2 226	7

Source: Danish Broadcasting Corporation.

Table 113

Hours of television broadcasting

	DR (Danish Broadcasting Corporation)		TV 2/DANMARK	
	2001	2002	2001	2002
	hours			
Television hours of broadcasting, total	8 832	9 775	7 842	8 456
National TV, total	8 832	9 775	5 509¹	5 895¹
News service ²	789	1 152	491	462
Current affairs	1 120	1 198	744	910
Information and culture	2 663	2 673	578	357
Education	437	336	-	-
Music	216	528	49	55
Entertainment	537	647	413	264
Danish drama	423	434	233	224
Foreign drama	1 851	1 953	2 232	2 570
Sports	480	533	495	781
Programme introduction & service	316	321	274	272
Other	-	-	-	-
Regional TV, total	•	•	1 652	1 596
Advertising	•	•	681	965
By kind of production³				
Own productions	2 619	2 770	1 768	2 226
Other productions	1 783	1 954	4 602	5 457
Repeat broadcasts	4 430	5 051	2 997	3 190

¹ Excl. TV 2 Zulu. ² Excl. Text-TV. ³ For TV 2/DANMARK excl. regional TV and advertising.

Source: DR (Danish Broadcasting Corporation) and TV 2/DANMARK.

Table 114**Average television viewing per day: Danish and other TV-channels 2003**

	4-11 years	12-20 years	21-34 years	35-54 years	55 years +	Total	Men	Women
	hours : minutes per day							
All stations	01:27	01:39	02:48	02:37	03:24	02:38	02:33	02:42
Danish Broadcasting Corporation	00:36	00:22	00:38	00:48	01:07	00:47	00:45	00:49
DR2	00:01	00:02	00:05	00:06	00:11	00:06	00:06	00:06
TV 2	00:17	00:32	00:55	00:57	01:19	00:55	00:50	01:00
TV 2 Zulu	00:01	00:03	00:06	00:03	00:02	00:03	00:04	00:03
TV3	00:05	00:09	00:18	00:11	00:07	00:10	00:09	00:11
TV3+	00:02	00:06	00:09	00:05	00:05	00:06	00:06	00:05
TVD1	00:01	00:03	00:05	00:03	00:03	00:03	00:03	00:03
TVD2	00:03	00:08	00:12	00:07	00:07	00:07	00:06	00:09
Other TV	00:21	00:14	00:20	00:17	00:23	00:21	00:24	00:16

Source: Gallup A/S and the Danish Broadcasting Corporation's media research.

Table 115

Household access to TV-channels 2003

	Number	Number		Number	Number
	of house-	of house-		of house-	of house-
	holds	holds with		holds	holds with
		television-			television-
		sets			sets
	thousands	per cent		thousands	per cent
Total number of households per 1 Jan. 2003	2 467				
Of which households with television sets	2 401	100	Service / InfoChannel	751	31
DR 1	2 395	100	RTL+ (Germany)	721	30
TV 2	2 393	100	NDR (Germany)	687	29
DR 2	1 945	81	NRK/Norway 1	645	27
TvDanmark 2	1 798	75	Sat1 (Germany)	617	26
TV3	1 657	69	Fox Kids	546	23
3+	1 561	65	TV5 (France)	546	23
TvDanmark 1	1 313	55	Ønskekanalen	412	17
Discovery Channel	1 281	53	VH-1(Great Britain)	389	16
Eurosport (Great Britain)	1 223	51	Pro 7 (Germany)	364	15
Sweden 1	1 206	50	RTL2 (Germany)	284	12
TV 2 Zulu	1 186	49	Sky News (Great Britain)	215	9
Sweden 2	1 170	49	TV3 Sweden	202	8
CNN (Great Britain)	1 167	49	TV6	197	8
DK4	1 102	46	Disney Channel	162	7
ARD (Germany)	1 098	46	ZTV	152	6
MTV	1 080	45	TV3 Norway	144	6
TV4 Sweden	1 074	45	Super RTL (Germany)	142	6
BBC World (Great Britain)	995	41	VOX	133	6
Animal Planet (Great Britain)	961	40	CNBC	132	5
BBC Prime (Great Britain)	956	40	TV1000	123	5
Cartoon Network	946	39	Canal+ (Denmark)	116	5
TV2 Norway	923	38	TV1000 Cinema	110	5
ZDF (Germany)	884	37	DSF	101	4
Viasat Sport DK	836	35	Playboy Channel	85	4
National Geographic Channel (Great Britain)	820	34	Discovery Travel and adventure channel	65	3
TCM	802	33	Discovery Civilization Channel	51	2
Hallmark	782	33	Viasat Ticket	49	2
			Discovery Science Channel	35	1

Note. Figures are based on question: Which of the following TV channels can permanently or occasionally be received by at least one of the television sets in the household.

Source: Gallup AIS, Annual Survey 2003.

Table 116

Cinemas 2003

	Copenhagen and Frederiks- berg Munici- palities	Other islands	Jutland	Cinemas, total	Of which multi-screen cinemas ¹
Cinemas at end of year					
Number of cinemas	12	78	76	166	71
Number of cinema screens	55	153	171	379	284
Seating capacity (thousands)	10	24	24	58	43
Cinema activity					
Paid admissions (thousands)	4 034	4 050	4 213	12 297	10 468
Admissions takings excl. VAT (DKK mio.)	203	182	197	582	498
Film hire (DKK mio.)	91	82	91	264	225

Note. Includes public showings of feature films.

¹ More than one screens operated by the same owner in the same building.

Table 117

Films by nationality 2003

	Number of films shown	Paid admissions	Admission takings total	Film hire	Film hire as percentage of admissions takings
		thousands	DKK thousands		per cent
Films shown in cinemas, total	629	12 297	582 108	264 313	45
Danish	133	3 167	134 869	59 057	44
Foreign, total	496	9 130	447 239	205 256	46
Of which European	170	1 246	55 365	24 078	43
American	279	7 591	378 893	176 157	46
Other	47	293	12 981	5 021	39

Note. Includes public showings of feature films.

Table 118

Films, by year when first shown 2003

	Number of films shown	Paid admissions	Admissions takings, total	Film hire	Film hire as percentage of admissions takings
		thousands	DKK thousands		per cent
Films shown in cinemas, total	629	12 297	582 108	264 313	45
2003	209	10 909	513 086	234 126	46
2002	130	1 264	65 020	28 605	44
2001	59	38	1 371	529	39
1996-2000	119	31	672	289	43
1991-1995	33	6	207	90	44
1981-1990	28	34	1 268	465	37
1971-1980	21	6	255	109	43
1961-1970	7	1	43	18	41
1960 and before	23	8	186	82	45

Note. Includes public showings of feature films.

Table 119

Films, by censor rating 2003

	Number of films shown	Paid ad- missions	Admissions takings, total	Film hire	Film hire as percentage of admissions takings
		thousands	———— DKK thousands ————		per cent
Films shown in cinemas, total	629	12 297	582 108	264 313	45
Permitted for all ¹	258	4 852	205 645	89 142	43
Permitted for children over 11	154	5 573	285 713	135 028	47
Permitted for children over 15	87	1 590	78 965	35 815	45
Uncensored or not stated	130	282	11 785	4 328	37

Note. Includes public showings of feature films. According to The Film Censorship Act, all films for public showing to children under 11 or 15 years old must be approved by the Media Council for Children and Young People.

¹ Incl. films which after 1 August 1980 are approved for all, but children under 7 years old are advised not to see them.

Table 120

The 10 most popular films shown in cinemas

1976-2003			2003		
Week and year when first shown	Film titles	Total number of paid admissions	Week and year when first shown	Film titles	Total number of paid admissions
		thousands			thousands
1	04-98 Titanic	1 363	1	51-03 The Lord of the Rings: The Return of the King	620
2	51-01 The Lord of the Rings: The Fellowship of the Ring	1 324	2	51-02 Lord of the Rings: The Two Towers	600
3	40-76 Olsen banden ser rødt ¹	1 201	3	04-03 Die Another Day	458
4	11-76 One Flew over the Cuckoo's Nest	1 120	4	21-03 The Matrix Reloaded	406
5	51-02 Lord of the Rings: The Two Towers	1 115	5	08-03 Arven ¹	374
6	39-77 Olsen banden deruda ¹	1 045	6	14-03 Anja efter Viktor ¹	346
7	51-82 E.T. –The Extra Terrestrial	1 019	7	46-03 Finding Nemo	318
8	37-78 Grease	1 006	8	37-03 Pirates of the Caribbean: The Curse of the Black Pearl	311
9	40-78 Olsen banden går i krig ¹	1 006	9	27-03 Bruce Almighty	309
10	08-86 Out of Africa	999	10	41-03 Møgunger ¹	298

¹ Danish film.

Table 121

Music sales 2003

	Sales		Turnover	
	2002	2003	2002	2003
	number		thousand DKK	
Total¹	12 242 315	9 925 148	798 144	673 170
CD-albums	10 379 755	7 996 162	672 164	517 454
LP	6 778	7 004	597	641
MC	27 361	40 337	1 469	1 559
DVD-audio	280	12 410	28	1 166
CD-sets ²	1 209 731	1 501 145	110 529	143 860
Mini-disc	166	2 642	13	21
CD-maxi	559 995	300 467	12 345	6 525
CD-single	47 713	48 548	717	705
Other	10 536	16 433	282	1 239

Note. The members of IFPI Denmark are Danish and foreign record companies. The turnover of these record companies account for more than 95 per cent of the total sale in Denmark.

¹ Incl. Greenland and The Faeroe Islands. ² Double-albums and similar products containing more than one phonogram in one product.

Source: IFPI Denmark.

Table 122

Danish National Archives and provincial archives 2003

	Collections		Material received under delivery schemes	Reading rooms		Long-distance loans Circulation	Staff paid out of own budget
	Total shelf capacity	Size at the end of the year		Visitors	Circulation		
	thousand metres		metres	thousands		number	
Archives total	343	335	7 589	86	231	15 929	194
Danish National Archives	161	155	4 943	24	67	7 996	96
Provincial archives in:							
Copenhagen	50	48	-	21	44	1 381	20
Odense	24	16	615	12	8	646	12
Viborg	47	50	1 466	16	90	3 874	31
Aabenraa	14	17	108	5	12	492	8
Industrial Archives	47	49	457	8	10	1 540	15
Danish Data Archives	-	-	-	-	-	-	12

Source: Danish National Archives.

Table 123**The Danish Arts Foundation 2002**

	3-year scholarships	Lump sum grants	Competitions and prizes	Purchases	Other grants	Total
DKK thousands						
Total	16 560	32 895	1 630	6 208	2 878	60 171
Visual arts	5 760	8 319	560	2 481	2 579	19 699
Literature	2 160	6 745	400	380	-47	9 638
Composers, contemporary music	1 440	2 802	225	989	-42	5 414
Composers, classical music	1 440	2 190	145	1 531	231	5 537
Applied arts and designing	4 320	5 562	100	310	64	10 356
Architecture	-	3 218	-	-	97	3 315
Film and theatre	1 440	4 059	200	517	-4	6 212

Note. Awards, etc. under the Danish Arts Foundation Act of 12 April 1978 and later amendments.

Source: Annual report of the Danish Arts Foundation.

Table 124

Libraries 2002

	Full-time staff at end of year		Expenditure (Accounts figures)		Books, periodicals and other media	
	Total	Of whom librarians	Total	Of which salaries	Stock at the end of the year	Circulation during the year
	number		DKK mio.		thousands units	
Public libraries, total	5 142	2 326	2 656	1 556	30 647	72 236
Central libraries	1 921	850	961	569	10 130	29 349
Other full-time libraries	3 221	1 476	1 695	987	20 517	42 887
School libraries	2 750	2 272	...	...	27 910	22 193
Research libraries, total	1 583	812	828	512	41 828	8 313
The Royal Library, Copenhagen	343	155	159	115	17 177	1 290
University libraries and libraries at institutes of higher education	871	418	495	289	14 357	5 147
Other libraries at institutes of higher education	149	99	48	34	1 566	1 288
Libraries at institutes	...	...	32	18	2 407	173
Special libraries	220	140	94	56	6 321	415

Source: Danish National Library Authority and information from the Ministry of Education (School libraries).

Table 125

Public libraries: lending of books per capita 2002

	Places of service open to the public	Stock			Lendings		
		Books per capita	Books per adult (14 years+)	Books per child (0-13 years)	Books per capita	Books per adult (14 years+)	Books per child (0-13 years)
Public libraries	764	4.98	4.08	9.18	9.41	7.23	19.56
Copenhagen Municipality	23	3.69	3.13	7.05	9.47	7.78	19.78
Frederiksberg Municipality	5	3.92	3.53	6.49	11.48	9.46	25.01
Copenhagen County	61	5.86	4.89	10.26	10.99	8.68	21.44
Frederiksborg County	39	5.82	4.57	11.09	10.02	7.27	21.62
Roskilde County	31	5.38	4.38	9.62	10.07	7.34	21.70
West Zealand County	43	5.35	4.36	9.91	9.06	7.05	18.33
Storstrøm County	43	5.26	4.24	10.55	7.92	6.28	16.41
Bornholm County	8	7.14	5.57	15.17	9.39	6.64	23.44
Funen County	74	5.19	4.08	10.50	8.93	6.77	19.19
South Jutland County	36	5.04	3.91	10.09	8.12	6.03	17.53
Ribe County	51	5.20	4.52	8.12	8.51	6.53	16.95
Vejle County	43	4.73	3.93	8.28	8.32	6.46	16.54
Ringkøbing County	48	5.40	4.53	9.12	10.05	7.31	21.68
Århus County	90	3.64	2.99	6.62	9.73	7.56	19.59
Viborg County	62	5.62	4.53	10.32	9.01	6.22	21.14
North Jutland County	107	5.03	4.21	8.88	8.87	6.87	18.30

Source: Danish National Library Authority.

Table 126

Admissions to museums 2002-2003

	2002	2003		2002	2003
				— thousands —	
Total number of museums	271	267			
Museums under the National Museum	5	5	Moesgård Museum	70	98
Local history museums	130	127	Hjerl Hede Open Air Museum	100	96
Special-subject history museums	65	65	Danish Agricultural Museum, Gl. Estrup	90	84
Art museums	54	53	Jutland Manor House Museum, Gl. Estrup	90	84
Natural science museums	11	11	Danmarks Railway Museum	69	75
Other museums	6	6	Tøjhusmuseet (Danish Defence Museum)	68	70
			Museum of Amalienborg	47	62
Admissions	— thousands —		Valdemar Castle	66	62
a. Museums under the National Museum	531	606	Workers Museum ,Copenhagen	92	50
Of which:			Danish Museum of Electricity	58	50
National Museum Prince's Palais	354	410	National Museum of Science and Technology	53	48
Industrial Works of Brede/Open Air Museum, Lyngby	105	122	Danish Maritime Museum	40	41
Resistance Museum	40	39	Women's Museum in Denmark	43	40
			Danish Museum of Printing/Danish Press Museum	25	39
b. Local historical museums, total	2 517	2 496	Steno Museum	37	35
Of which:			Industrimuseet, Horsens	30	33
Museum at Koldinghus	99	114	Spøttrup Borgmuseum	35	33
Skjern-Egvad Museum	96	103	Sporvejsmuseet	26	32
H.C. Andersens House	112	97			
Funen Village	83	89	d. Art museums, total	2 646	2 461
Museum of Langeland	83	79	Of which:		
Hanstholm Museum	58	60	Louisiana	588	438
Den Antikvariske samling, Ribe	55	53	Ny Carlsberg Glyptotek	332	347
Andelslandsbyen Nyvang	50	49	National Museum of Art	250	276
Haderslev Museum	47	47	Arken	180	146
Museum at Sønderborg Castle. Culture-Hist. Dep.	49	43	Skagens Museum	147	138
Lützhøfs Købmandsgård	34	40	Thorvaldsens Museum	63	69
Københavns Bymuseum	36	39	Danish Museum of Decorative Art	61	59
Aalborg Historical Museum	11	39	Kunstmuseet Trapholt	58	52
Morsland Historical Museum	36	38	North Jutlands Art Museum	44	48
House of Fisheries	32	37	Johannes Larsen Museum	46	47
Strandingsmuseum "St. George"	42	36	Museet for Fotokunst	29	45
Silkeborg Museum	30	36	Århus Art Museum	55	44
Karen Blixen-Museum	51	35	Michael and Anna Anchers Hus and Saxilds Gaard	50	43
Tirpitz Stillingen	39	34	Museet at Sønderborg Castle, Art Gallery	49	43
Hellebæk-Ålsgårde Museum and Hammermøllen	33	31	Glasmuseum, Ebeltoft	34	33
Helsingør Municipality Museums	29	31	Silkeborg Art Museum	35	33
			Køge Skitsesamling	27	32
c. Special-subject historical museums, total	3 557	3 520	Bornholms Art Museum	46	32
Of which:			Den Hirschsprungske Samling	41	31
Den Gamle By	323	307			
North Sea Museum	266	263	e. Natural science museums, total	298	271
Egeskov Slot, Park, Veteranmuseum	188	206	Of which:		
Rosenborg Collection	173	191	Universitetets Zoological Museum	110	98
Kronborg Slot	206	181	Natural History Museum	57	53
Frederiksborgmuseet	200	177	Fur Museum	30	31
Fisheries and Maritime Museum	163	157			
PTT Museum of Denmark	148	145	f. Other museums, total	137	140
Viking Ship Museum	120	134	Of which:		
Fregatten Jutland	118	109	Lejre Experimental Centre	58	56
Danish Film Institute	109	105			
Museum Erotica	104	102	a-f. Total number of visitors¹	9 687	9 494

Note. Figures for total visitors only include museums for which number of visitors has been stated for both years. Double museums include both a cultural-historical department and an art department, and it is not possible to divide the figures between the two departments. The table includes museums with more than 30.000 visitors in 2003only.

¹ The figures for total number of visitors only include visitors to double museums once.

Table 127

Admissions to zoological gardens

	2002	2003
Total number of zoological gardens	16	16
Admissions total	3 511 193	3 586 878
Copenhagen Zoo, Frederiksberg	1 130 534	1 196 803
Odense Zoo	390 505	417 370
Aalborg Zoological Garden	363 871	365 265
Løveparken/Givskud Zoo	325 772	338 005
Kattegatcentret	287 498	239 767
Jutlands Park Zoo	192 420	188 650
Denmarks Aquarium	164 500	160 805
Fjord- & Bælt, Kerteminde	89 803	71 000
Ebeltoft Zoo and Safari	72 000	70 169
Odsherred Zoo Dyrepark	40 000	40 335
Øresundsakvariet	32 759	33 375
Bornholms Sommerfuglepark & Tropeland	24 500	24 900
Skærup Mini Zoo	17 000	20 000

Note. Figures do not tally as some of the new zoological gardens want full discretion.

Table 128

State-subsidized theatres 2002/2003

	Permanent stages	Performances	Number of seats	Number of productions staged				Audience	
				Total	Of which Danish	New productions		Total	Paid admissions
						Total	Of which Danish		
			number					thousands	
State-subsidized theatres, total:	74	11 593	19 758	437	304	277	171	2 220	...
The Royal Theatre, total	3	607	2 193	40	9	25	5	437	401
Plays	...	360	...	12	3	11	3	174	153
Operas	...	115	...	14	2	7	2	132	127
Ballets	...	110	...	13	4	6	-	106	98
Operetta and musical	...	22	...	1	-	1	-	25	23
The regional theatres, total	20	2 080	6 412	62	29	61	29	624	540
Theatre cooperation of greater Copenhagen	8	892	3 606	21	11	21	11	337	293
Regional theatres outside Copenhagen	12	1 188	2 806	41	18	40	18	287	246
Other state-subsidized theatres, total	51	8 906	11 153	335	266	191	137	1 158	...
The Danish National Opera and Det Danske Teater	2	473	1 877	12	5	12	5	177	...
Local city-theatres	20	2 469	2 621	82	57	68	45	294	...
Local theatres	22	2 378	5 837	96	75	50	34	359	...
The touring children's theatre and itinerant theatres	3	1 496	371	47	41	11	10	125	...
Theatres subsidized by the Danish Arts Council	4	2 090	447	98	88	50	43	204	...

Note. Theatres' activities are excluding guest performances. The statistics concerns the season, running from 1 July to 30 June.

Table 129

Sports federations and youth and outdoor activities organizations

	Number of members	
	2002	2003
	thousands	
Youth organizations, total¹	107	102
The Danish Scout Association	30	29
Voluntary Christian Boys' and Girls' Association, FDF	30	29
YMCA Girl Guides in Denmark	8	7
YMCA Scouts in Denmark	31	30
Danish Baptists' Scout Organisation	2	1
DUI - LEG og VIRKE Children's Organisation	6	6
Sports Federations ²		
The Danish Sports Federations²	1 653	1 665
Badminton	128	124
Football (DBU)	293	308
Golf	104	113
Gymnastics	148	150
Handball	135	130
Riding	73	73
Sailing	55	56
Swimming	123	128
Tennis	73	71
Other federations	520	512
The Danish Gymnastics and Athletics Federations	1 483	...
Badminton	183	...
The Danish Rifle Federation	143	...
Football	250	...
Gymnastics	294	...
Handball	130	...
Swimming	154	...
Tennis	57	...
Other federations	217	...
Sports for families with children and disabled persons, etc.	28	...
Continuation schools, etc.	24	...
The Danish Firms' Sports Federations	325	315
Badminton	28	26
Football	53	49
Handball	6	6
Other sports	238	234
Other outdoor activities organizations		
The Danish Camping Association	165	195
The Danish Cyclist Federation	23	22
The Danish Society for the Conservation of Nature	145	143
The Danish Hunting Federation	93	93
The Danish Garden Society	56	56

¹ Includes members of the uniformed groups under the Børne- og Ungdomsorganisationernes Samråd (association for children's and youth organizations). ² Includes active members. If a person takes part in more than one sport, the person will usually be counted more than once.

Source: The organizations.

Table 130

The Danish Pools and Lotto Company

	2001	2002	2003
	DKK mio.		
Betting stakes and receipts, total¹	6 569	7 662	9 006
Expenditure	6 221	6 483	7 232
Of which to:			
Winnings after deduction of tax	2 765	2 917	3 572
Operating expenses etc.	1 087	1 123	1 138
State tax	940	981	1 016
Remaining surplus paid out for specific purposes:			
Athletics	543	567	583 ²
Culture	246	257	252
Societies	192	200	209
Youth and information work	175	183	188
Other	273	255	274

Note. C.f. Gaming, Lottery, and Betting Act consolidated in Consolidated Act no. 438 of 26 June 1998. In the period before this Act, previous statutory subsidies were distributed from the surplus left over.

¹ Incl. amounts provided for trusts and reserves under the Finance Act. ² Of which DKK 248 mio. for the Danish Sports Federation, DKK 226 mio. for the Danish Gymnastics and Sports Federations, and DKK 34 mio. for the Danish Firm's Sports Federation.

Source: Danish Pools and Lotto Company (Annual Report).

Table 131

Public expenditure on individual cultural areas 2001

	Constructive and creative activities				Preservation and dissemination of the cultural heritage			Further and higher education	Other cultural expenditure ²	Culture total
	Grants to artists ¹	Music	Theatre	Films	Libraries	Archives etc.	Museums			
	DKK mio.									
Total expenditure	326	751	902	360	2 952	139	912	761	1 083	8 185
Central government	326	292	633	350	674	139	513	761	500	4 188
Counties	...	47	138	-	-	...	79	...	54	318
Municipalities	...	412	131	10	2 278	...	320	...	529	3 679
	DKK per citizen									
Total expenditure	61	140	169	67	552	26	170	142	202	1 530
Central government	61	55	118	65	126	26	96	142	93	783
Counties	...	9	26	-	-	...	15	...	10	59
Municipalities	...	77	24	2	426	...	60	...	99	688

Note. Public expenditure includes gross operating expenditure less any income and reimbursements from central government.

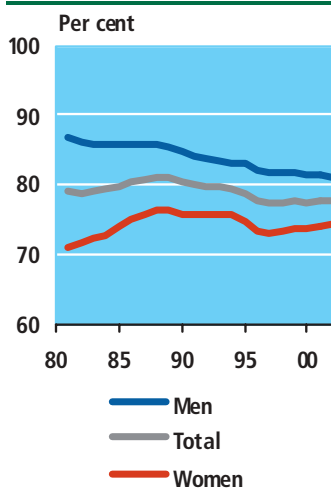
¹ Including authors etc. ² Including National Accounts account number 21.11 excl. 21.11.71-79, 21.81 (Radio and TV) and the Ministry of Cultural Affairs' share of pools and lottery money for general cultural purposes. Municipal expenditure includes account number 3.64 (other cultural tasks) in municipal accounts.

Source: National accounts and municipal accounts.

Labour market and earnings

1. The Danish labour market

Figure 1
Activity rate for
16-66 year-olds 1981-2002



More women in the labour market

Labour market statistics are based on the basic concepts which have been adopted by the International Labour Organization (ILO). According to these, the population is divided into three groups; the employed and unemployed, which together represent the labour force, and those outside the labour force. Developments since 1981¹ and up to 2002 show significant differences between men and women. The part of the population which is of working age (16-66 year-olds) has increased by 8.5 per cent for men and 7.4 per cent for women. In contrast, the labour force has risen by 1.4 per cent for men and 12.6 per cent for women in the same period. Therefore, there has primarily been an increase in the female part of the labour force.

Large increase in the activity rate for women in the 1980s

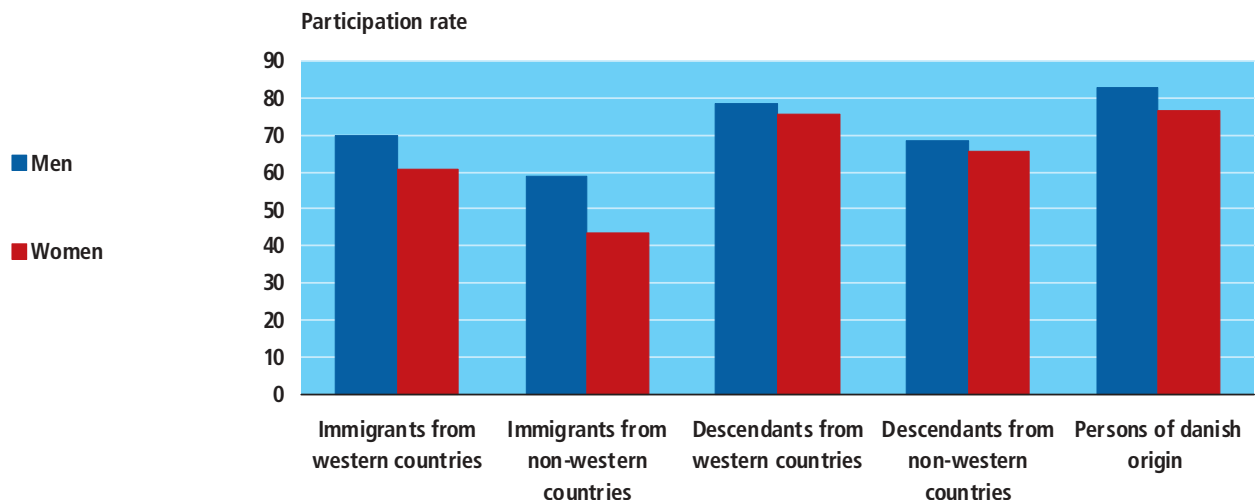
The activity rate for women increased sharply in the 1980s, while the rate for men fell. In the 1990s, the activity rate for men and women has fallen steadily during most of the period. However, the fall in the activity rate for women stopped in 1997, and has since then increased slightly. The activity rate is the proportion made up by the labour force, compared to the total population.

Immigrants and their descendants in the labour market

The number of immigrants and their descendants of working age increased from 111,000 to 291,000 in the period 1981-2002. Especially, the number of immigrants and their descendants from non-western countries have increased. There were 37,000 immigrants from non-western countries aged 16-66 in 1981, while the figure was 191,000 in 2002.

Figure 2

Activity rate of immigrants and their descendants 2002



¹ 1981 is the first year register-based labour force statistics were kept.

Labour market and earnings

The activity rate of immigrants is lower than that of persons of Danish origin. Immigrants from non-western countries account for the lowest activity of 51.4. Simultaneously, there is a relatively large difference between the activity rate of men and of women.

The activity rate of descendants from non-western countries is higher (67.0), and there is only a small difference in the activity rate of men and of women. There is still a comparatively small group of descendants of working age, and caution should therefore be exercised in interpreting the figures. Furthermore, most descendants of working age are between 16 and 30 years, implying that a great number is receiving education and is subsequently not necessarily economically active.

2. The dependency ratio

The dependency ratio has fallen

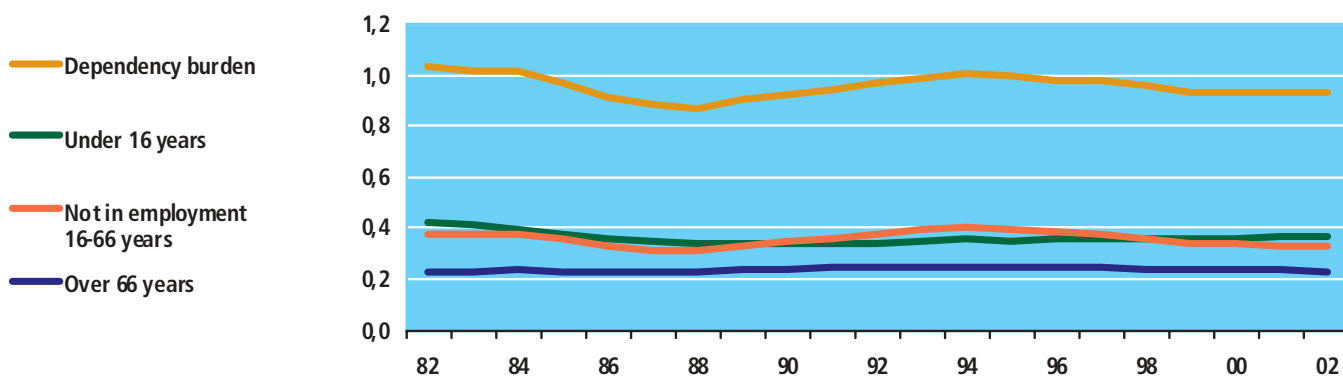
The dependency ratio is the total number of persons not in employment in relation to the number of employed persons. Overall, the dependency ratio has fallen from 1.01 to 0.93. Whereas, in 1981, 100 persons in employment had to provide for 101 persons not in employment, in 2002 they only had to provide for 93 persons not in employment. The dependency ratio peaks in 1982 and 1994 and follows the changes in unemployment with peaks at approximately the same time.

The dependency ratio for the population at working age

Since the beginning of the 1980s, there has been a slight fall in the number of unemployed persons in relation to the number of employed persons of working age (between 16 and 66 years). The dependency ratio for the population at working age is influenced by, e.g. the business trends, the current labour market policies and not least the structures in the labour market. In times of an economic boom or when the labour market policy results in activation of the unemployed, the dependency ratio will fall. Similarly, the labour market structures, e.g. more women become economically active, will result in a reduction of the dependency ratio. The dependency ratio for the population at working age peaked in 1994 and has been steadily falling.

Figure 3

Dependency ratio 1981-2002



Note. The dependency ratio is calculated as the number of persons not in employment divided with the number of employed persons.

The dependency ratio for the population not at working age

The population distribution by age has a great impact on the dependency ratio. A large number of young and elderly people in the population will result in a higher dependency ratio due to the fact that these age groups are generally not economically active. The fall in the overall dependency ratio from 1.01 to 0.93 is exclusively due to the fact that there are fewer children, while the number of over 66 year-olds per employed person has remained more or less constant.

The demographic dependency ratio

Developments in the demographic dependency ratio are calculated and forecasted in the chapter on population and elections. The demographic dependency ratio is exclusively calculated on the basis of the population distribution by age. The demographic dependency ratio will increase which is particularly linked to the fact that the number of elderly people will increase in future. In the light of this, it is essential to increase the number of employed persons of the normal working age in order to counter a sharp increase in the dependency ratio.

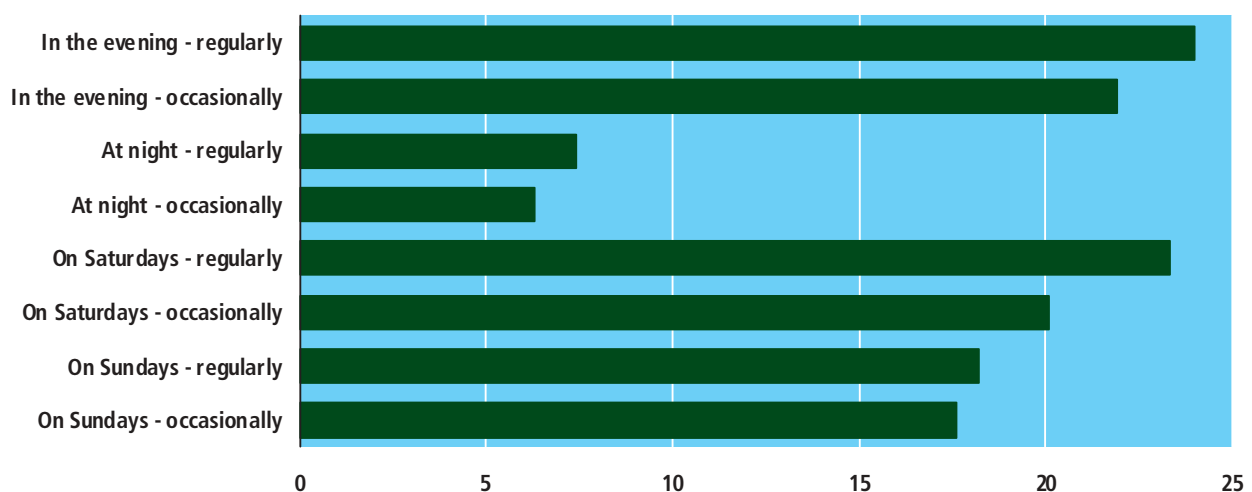
3. Working at atypical hours

One out of five works frequently in the evening

Working hours are not always performed in the daytime or during the first 5 days in the week. It is possible to analyse work performed at atypical hours on the basis of the Labour Force Survey. In 2003, 46 pct. worked either regularly or occasionally at night, while 13 pct. worked either regularly or occasionally in the evening. 43 pct. worked regularly or occasionally on Saturdays and 36 pct. worked regularly or occasionally on Sundays. A total of 59 pct. worked either regularly or occasionally at atypical hours, i.e. either in the evening and/or at night and/or during the weekend.

Figure 4

Working at atypical hours 2003



Labour market and earnings

4. Pay and hourly earnings

Men between 35 and 59 earn most

Men earn more than women regardless of their age. Figure 5 also shows that hourly earnings are higher for employees aged 35 and 59 than for young and old people. It is important to be careful in drawing concrete conclusions from these statistics, particularly with regard to differences between the sexes. There is a great difference between the types of job men and women occupy within the different age brackets. In general there are more men than women in management positions. The statistics of earnings illustrate what individual employees get out of making their labour available to employers. The main concept in the earnings statistics is total earnings in relation to the number of hours worked, i.e. the hours where employees have been at work.

Figure 5

Hourly earnings for women and men 2002

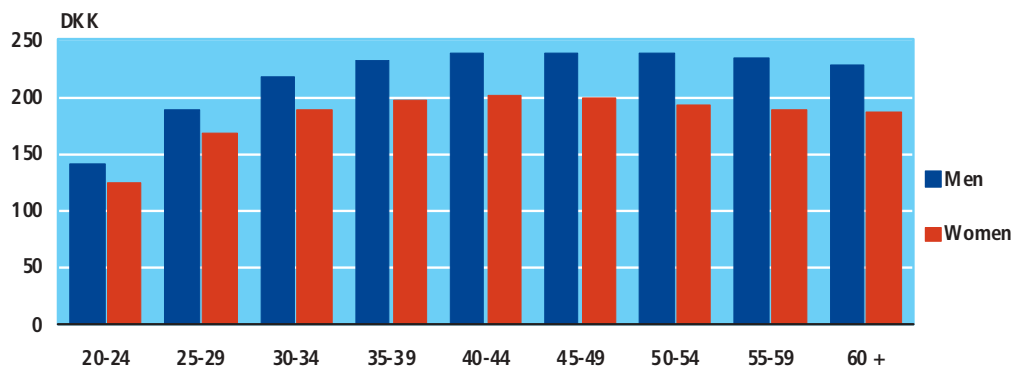
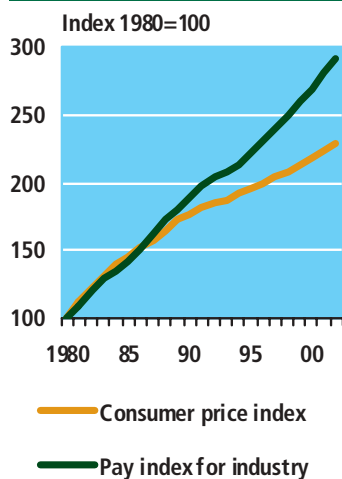


Figure 6
Pay index 1980-2002



Real pay has increased over the past ten years

In the period up to the late 1980s, pay and prices followed each other. In other words, real pay remained more or less unchanged during the period. From the late 1980s up to the present, pay has increased more rapidly than prices. Thus, this period is characterised by relatively large increases in real pay. This does not necessarily mean that all employees have experienced such a rapid increase in real pay.

In the same period, the structure of the labour market has changed so that today there are relatively more highly educated people than there were 20 years ago, which alone has an impact on the level of pay and thus real pay in an upward trend.

5. Unemployment and labour market policy measures

Two periods of unemployment peaks

Examination of changes in unemployment reveals a curve with two clear peaks. These peaks are in 1983 and 1993-94 between the two recoveries in employment, which occurred in the mid 1980s and from 1994 onwards. Unemployment has been converted to full-time equivalents.

Large fall in unemployment since 1994

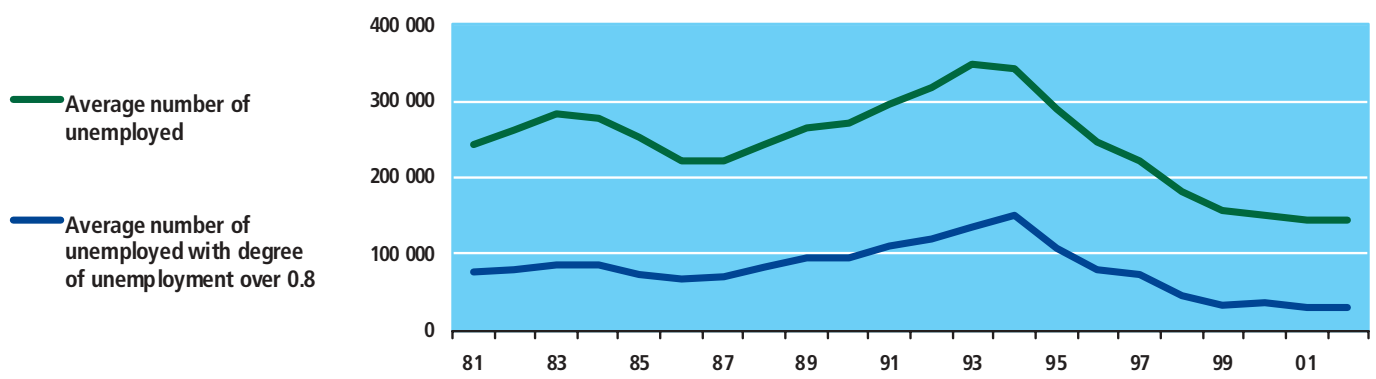
Figure 7 shows total unemployment in full-time equivalents, and unemployment for those who have been unemployed for more than 80 per cent of the year. The two curves clearly show the same developments. The drop in unemployment from 1994 to 2002 is dramatic in that it has more than halved from 343,000 man-years in 1994 to just less than 145,000 in 2002. Figures for the long-term unemployed have fallen to less than a quarter from 150,000 man-years in 1994 to just below 31,000 in 2002.

Increasing rate of unemployment from 2002 to 2003

In the period 2002-2003 the number of full-time unemployed increased from 145,000 to 171,000. This was the first increase in unemployment since 1993.

Figure 7

Unemployment and long-term unemployment 1981-2003



More persons on the fringe of the labour market

The development in the number of persons on the fringe of the labour market is shown in order to conduct an extended analysis of unemployment, converted to full-time (full-time participants). This group comprises unemployed, persons in subsidised employment with pay and persons temporarily outside the labour force (subsidised employment without pay, education and training measures, leaves from unemployment, etc.).

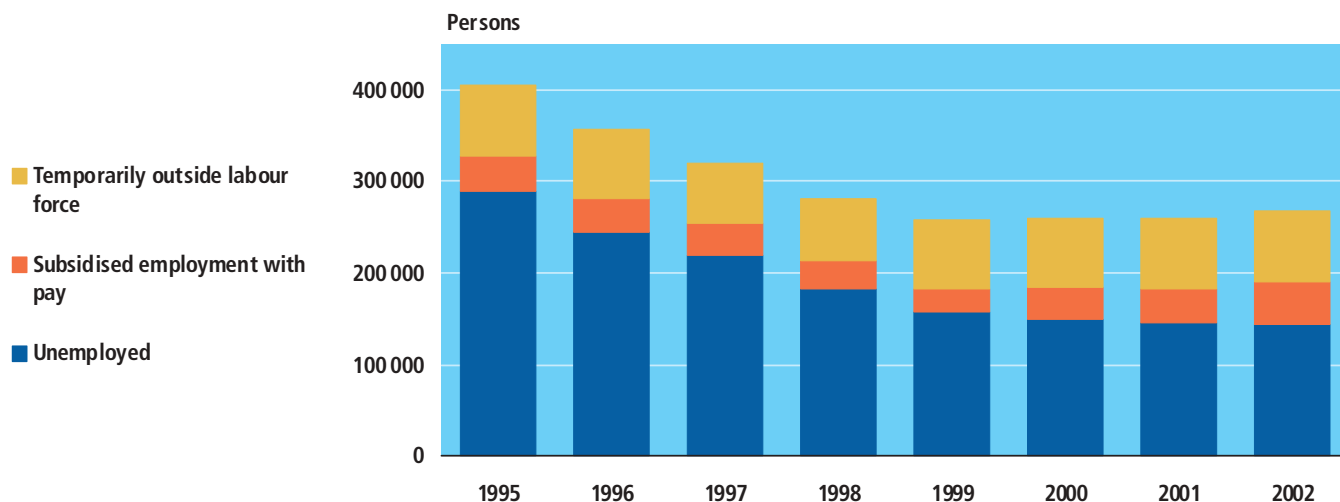
There has been a steady fall in the number of full-time participants on the fringe of the labour market from 406,000 in 1995 to 258,000 in 1999. This is primarily due to a heavy fall in the number of full-time unemployed, while the number of full-time persons in subsidised employment with pay or temporarily outside the labour force has remained more or less constant. Since 1999, the number of persons on the fringe of the labour market has remained fairly constant. This is due to a fall in the number of full-time unemployed, and a similar increase in the number of full-time persons in subsidised employment with pay. The number of full-time

Labour market and earnings

participants on the fringe of the labour market increased by 8,000 from 2001 to 2002. This development is due to an increase in the number of persons in subsidised employment.

Figure 8

The fringe of the labour market 1995 - 2002

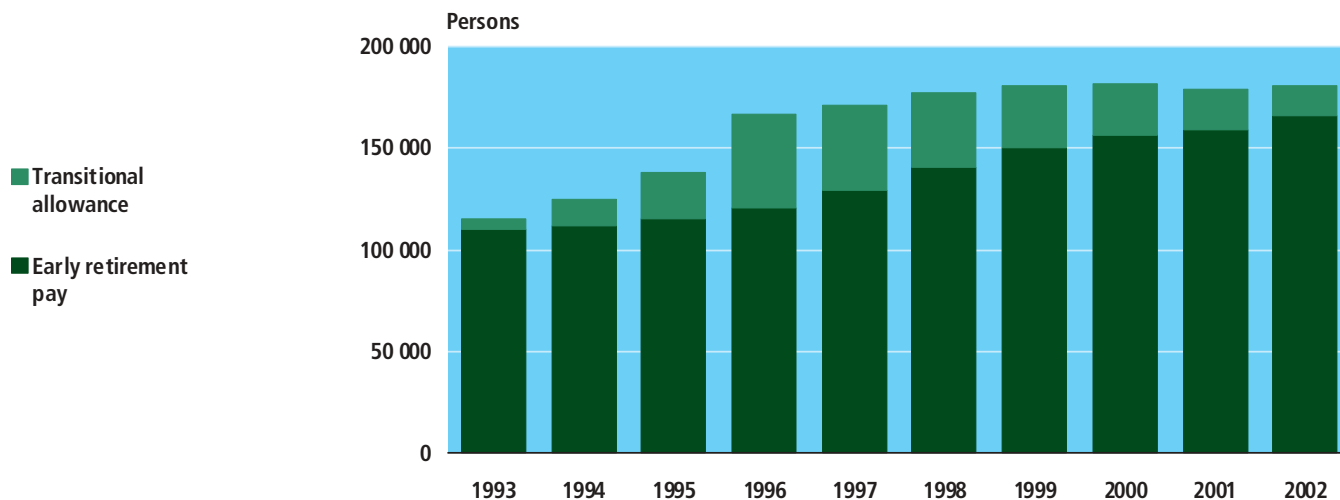


6. Retirement from the labour market

The decline in the number of persons in full-time equivalents on the fringe of the labour market over the period 1995-1999 is partly counterbalanced by an increase in the number of persons who have left the labour force. From 1995-1999, the number of persons receiving early-retirement pay increased, while the number of persons receiving transitional allowances was increasing until 1996, when the scheme was abolished. A contributory factor to the decline in the number of long-term unemployed since 1994 was that they could choose to leave the labour force and claim transitional allowances until the mid-1990's.

Figure 9

Retirement 1993 - 2002

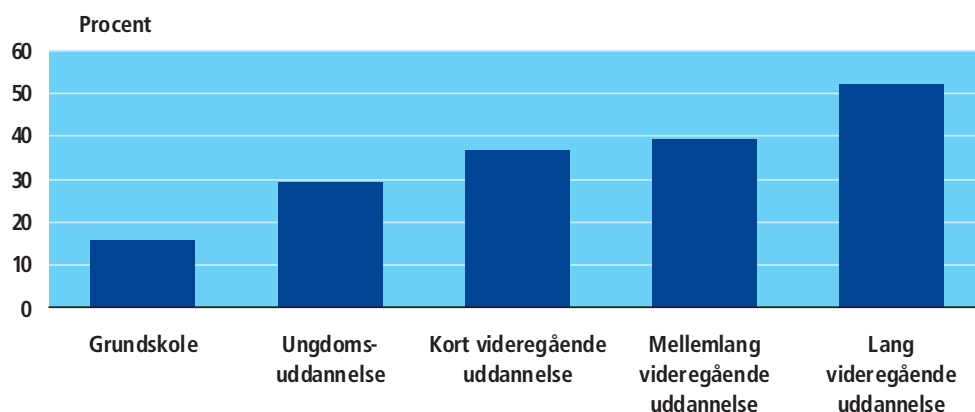


Level of education and age for retirement

The level of education plays an important part when people decide to leave the labour force. A higher level of education implies that people retire from employment at a higher age. In 2002, 52 pct. of the population aged 60-60, with a long-cycle higher education, were still in employment. The rate of employment among the population aged 60-60 years, who had only received basic school education, was only 16.

Figur 10

Beskæftigelsesfrekvens for 60-66-årige opdelt på uddannelsesniveau



7. A European perspective

Denmark has the highest rate of employment

In the years to come there will be a substantial increase in the demographic dependency ratio in Denmark. The situation in the other EU countries is more or less the same. Against this background, it is the aim of the EU to increase the rates of employment for the economically active population until 2010. The aim is to increase the number of economically active people in order to support the increasing number of the elderly. To this end, three goals are set up: 1) 70 pct. of the population aged 15-64 must be in employment 2) 60 pct. of women must be in employment 3) 50 pct. of the elderly must be in employment. These goals apply to all EU countries, but further national goals may be determined in each EU country.

Figure 11 shows how these goals are fulfilled in the EU countries. Denmark has the highest rate of employment for people aged 15-64, and together with the Netherlands, United Kingdom and Sweden, Denmark already fulfils the aim of achieving a rate of employment of 70 pct.

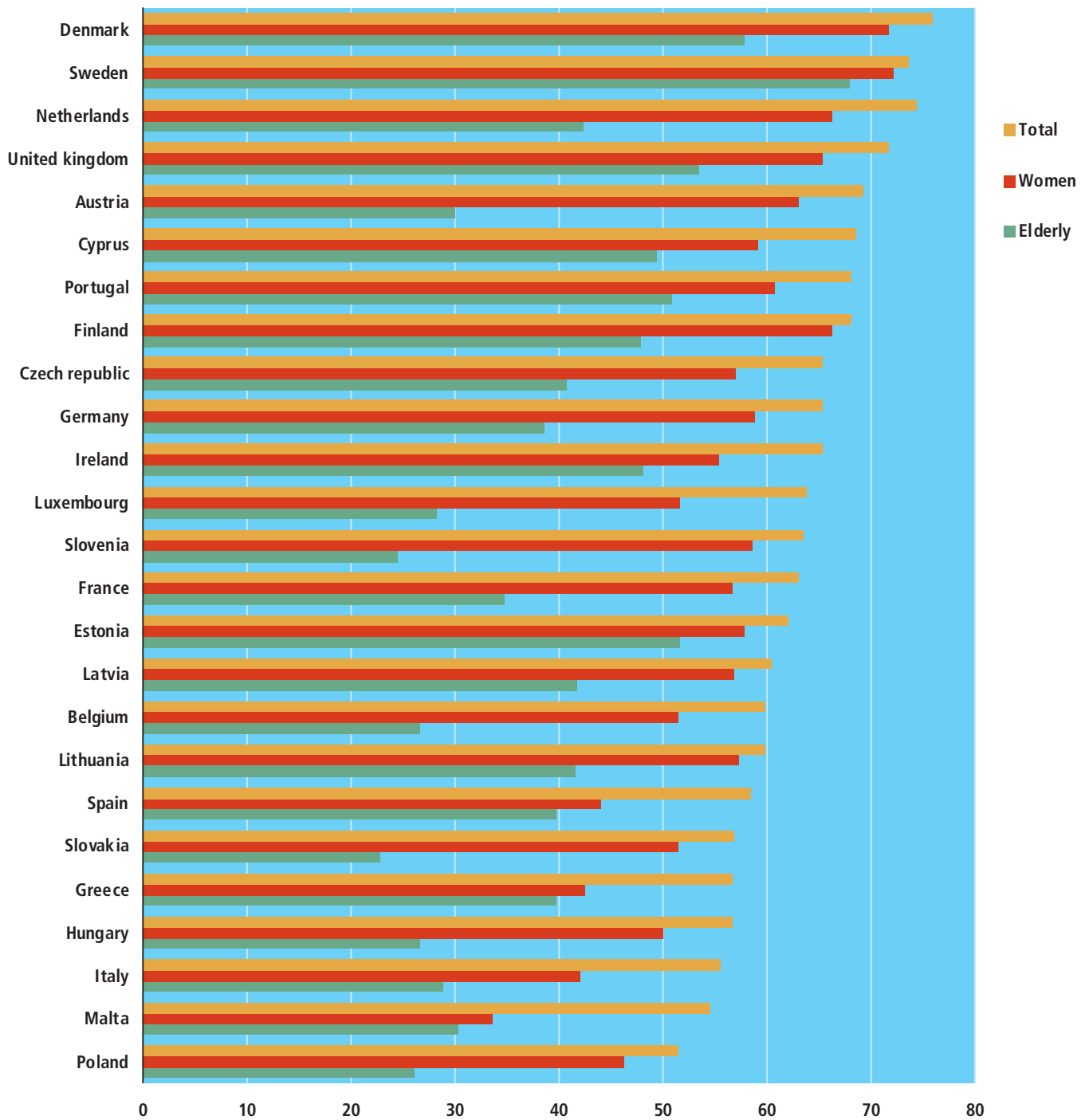
Danish women and old people have high participation rates

In most EU countries the participation rate of economically active men is already high. To increase the overall participation rate, it is therefore essential that the participation rate of women and old people is increased. Among the "old" EU member states the participation rate of women in the labour market is very low in Italy, Greece and Spain. Among the "new" EU member states the female participation rate is especially low in Malta and Poland. The objective of an employment rate of 60 pct. for women is already today fulfilled by Sweden, Denmark, the Netherlands, Finland, UK, Austria and Portugal.

Labour market and earnings

The participation rate of the elderly is also low in several countries, e.g. Slovenia, Slovak Republic and Poland. The elderly in Sweden have by far the highest rate of employment, while the elderly in Denmark have the second highest employment rate. The objective of an employment rate of 50 pct. for the elderly is already today fulfilled by Sweden, Denmark, UK, Estonia and Portugal.

Figure 11 Rates of employment in EU member states 2002



Source: Eurostat, New Cronos.

Table 132

Population by industry in the censuses

	1834	1840	1845	1855	1860	1870	1880	1890	1901
	— thousands people —								
Total population	1 224	1 283	1 350	1 500	1 601	1 785	1 969	2 172	2 450
Agriculture	704	720	744	816	853	934	1 006	997	1 015
Fishing and shipping	34	35	37	40	45	47	54	59	73
Trades and industry	261	302	334	389	423	460	511	606	721
Trade and sales	51	56	60	78	95	121	152	214	277
Non-material activities	81	82	83	86	92	106	132	159	194
Property	48	48	52	58	58	69	81	92	113
Assistance	45	41	40	33	35	48	33	45	56
	— per cent —								
Total population	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Agriculture	58	56	55	54	53	52	51	46	41
Fishing and shipping	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Trades and industry	21	24	25	26	26	26	26	28	29
Trade and sales	4	4	4	5	6	7	8	10	11
Non-material activities	7	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	8
Property	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5
Assistance	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2

Note. Grouping by industry is per the census in 1890. Children living at home and married women, as well as people who are employed as domestic help are placed in the same industry group as the head of the household. The total population indicates the number of people in the region that belongs to Denmark proper at the time of the census. Due to rounding up/down, the totals are not precise.

Table 133**Population by industry in the censuses**

	1901	1906	1911	1930	1940	1950	1960	1965	1970
	— thousands people —								
Total population	2 450	2 589	2 757	3 551	3 844	4 281	4 585	4 768	4 938
Agriculture, etc.	975	999	1 041	1 127	1 066	1 012	861	703	495
Manufacturing	721	737	788	1 091	1 285	1 492	1 674	1 776	1 758
Trade and sales	238	291	310	421	484	557	631	661	681
Transport	126	138	162	236	249	306	335	331	330
Administration and professions	118	135	141	223	268	363	480	605	770
Industry not stated	53	68	73	86	73	63	31	43	69
Pension, property, assistance	219	220	241	367	418	487	574	649	834
	— per cent —								
Total population	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Agriculture, etc.	40	39	38	32	28	24	19	15	10
Manufacturing	29	28	29	31	33	35	37	37	36
Trade and sales	10	11	11	12	13	13	14	14	14
Transport	5	5	6	7	7	7	7	7	7
Administration and professions	5	5	5	6	7	8	10	13	16
Industry not stated	2	3	3	2	2	1	1	1	1
Pension, property, assistance	9	8	9	10	11	11	13	14	17

Note. Children living at home and married women with no commercial employment as well as domestic help are placed in the same industry group as the head of the household. Grouping by occupation is per the census in 1950. 1901–1911 is excl. North Schleswig. Due to rounding up/down, the totals are not precise.

Source: Lars Bugge Andersen, et al. *Erhvervsstrukturens udvikling i Danmark 1901–1976*. 1981.

Table 134**Employed persons by industry**

	1981	1990	2000	2001	2002
	————— thousands —————				
Total	2 552	2 674	2 759	2 773	2 782
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	200	157	108	105	102
Manufacturing	481	504	464	464	454
Electricity, gas and water supply	16	19	16	15	14
Construction	180	167	168	174	173
Wholesale and retail trade, hotels, restaurants	436	461	503	499	495
Transport, post and telecommunications	179	182	183	182	179
Finance and business activities	176	282	344	362	376
Public and personal services	871	886	962	959	974
Activity not stated	12	15	11	12	15

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ras9

Table 135

Employed persons, by sex, industry and socio-economic status 2002

	Self-employed persons	Assisting spouses	Salaried employees						Salaried employees total	Em- ployment total
			Top managers	Upper levels	Inter-mediate levels	Basic levels	Other	Not further specified		
	thousands									
Males and females, total	209.5	11.6	63.6	330.6	417.0	1 114.5	288.3	347.3	2 561.3	2 782.3
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	47.3	5.2	0.2	0.8	1.1	11.6	13.1	23.1	49.8	102.3
Manufacturing	11.1	0.7	13.7	24.7	48.6	270.9	34.7	49.3	441.9	453.8
Electricity, gas and water supply	0.8	0.0	0.3	1.7	2.7	6.0	1.6	1.1	13.6	14.4
Construction	19.4	0.9	3.6	3.7	7.6	96.0	28.4	13.8	153.0	173.3
Wholesale and retail trade, hotels, restaurants	47.3	2.7	14.7	11.7	52.8	210.8	53.1	101.8	444.9	494.9
Transport, post and telecommunications	10.6	0.5	2.4	5.9	24.4	80.1	30.6	24.4	167.9	179.0
Finance and business activities	37.3	0.9	8.1	68.1	69.2	84.9	44.9	62.2	337.4	375.6
Public and personal services	21.4	0.4	20.6	213.9	210.6	354.2	81.8	71.4	952.6	974.3
Activity not stated	14.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.3	14.7
Males, total	157.6	0.8	48.3	180.9	161.3	565.6	185.0	184.1	1 325.2	1 483.6
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	42.2	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.7	8.8	9.6	17.1	37.1	79.4
Manufacturing	8.8	0.1	12.0	18.5	28.3	192.3	22.2	25.5	298.8	307.6
Electricity, gas and water supply	0.6	0.0	0.3	1.4	1.8	4.6	1.4	0.8	10.4	11.0
Construction	18.6	0.0	3.4	3.3	5.5	87.6	27.7	10.3	137.8	156.4
Wholesale and retail trade, hotels, restaurants	33.2	0.4	11.9	7.8	32.1	107.6	34.5	50.8	244.5	278.0
Transport, post and telecommunications	9.7	0.0	2.0	4.4	17.0	50.9	27.7	17.8	119.9	129.6
Finance and business activities	26.4	0.1	6.7	48.4	36.0	30.7	22.4	33.9	178.2	204.7
Public and personal services	10.4	0.0	11.9	96.6	39.8	82.9	39.5	27.8	298.5	308.9
Activity not stated	7.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	8.0
Females, total	51.8	10.8	15.3	149.7	255.7	548.9	103.2	163.2	1 236.1	1 298.7
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	5.1	5.1	0.0	0.2	0.4	2.7	3.4	5.9	12.7	22.9
Manufacturing	2.3	0.7	1.7	6.3	20.2	78.5	12.5	23.9	143.1	146.1
Electricity, gas and water supply	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.9	1.4	0.2	0.3	3.2	3.3
Construction	0.8	0.8	0.2	0.4	2.0	8.4	0.8	3.4	15.3	16.9
Wholesale and retail trade, hotels, restaurants	14.2	2.3	2.8	3.9	20.7	103.3	18.6	51.1	200.4	216.9
Transport, post and telecommunications	0.9	0.5	0.4	1.5	7.4	29.1	2.9	6.6	48.0	49.4
Finance and business activities	10.9	0.8	1.4	19.7	33.2	54.2	22.5	28.3	159.2	170.9
Public and personal services	11.0	0.4	8.7	117.3	170.9	271.3	42.4	43.6	654.1	665.5
Activity not stated	6.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	6.7

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ras9

Table 136

Employed population, by sex, region and industry 2002

	Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	Manufacturing	Electricity, gas and water supply	Construction	Wholesale and retail trade, hotels, restaurants	Transport, post and telecommunications	Finance and business activities	Public and personal services	Activity not stated	Total
thousands										
Males and females, total	102.3	453.8	14.4	173.3	494.9	179.0	375.6	974.3	14.7	2 782.3
Copenhagen Municipality	0.7	20.0	1.0	10.3	46.4	21.7	57.6	108.0	2.2	267.8
Frederiksberg Municipality	0.2	3.9	0.2	1.4	7.9	3.5	12.5	20.3	0.4	50.2
Copenhagen County	1.5	32.9	1.8	17.2	60.8	26.3	64.0	113.7	1.7	319.9
Frederiksborg County	3.0	26.0	1.3	12.7	37.4	11.2	34.3	72.1	1.2	199.1
Roskilde County	2.3	16.4	0.6	9.5	26.2	9.5	22.2	43.7	0.5	131.0
West Zealand County	6.7	24.0	1.4	13.8	25.5	9.5	15.4	53.7	0.8	150.8
Storstrøm County	6.8	19.2	0.7	10.7	21.3	7.6	11.6	47.2	0.7	125.8
Bornholm County	1.4	2.9	0.1	1.3	3.6	1.5	1.3	8.0	0.1	20.3
Funen County	13.2	41.1	1.0	15.8	40.4	12.3	25.5	83.7	1.2	234.1
South Jutland County	7.9	29.4	0.7	7.7	21.8	7.8	10.7	40.2	0.6	126.9
Ribe County	7.5	25.4	0.7	8.6	20.1	8.0	9.4	36.7	0.5	116.9
Vejle County	6.9	42.7	1.1	12.0	34.8	12.1	18.7	55.6	0.8	184.7
Ringkøbing County	10.9	39.5	0.6	8.7	25.1	6.5	12.7	43.2	0.5	147.8
Århus County	10.5	54.0	1.3	19.0	61.2	22.3	43.4	121.4	1.7	334.8
Viborg County	9.3	31.1	0.8	7.9	18.9	4.9	10.4	39.3	0.5	122.9
North Jutland County	13.6	45.4	1.2	16.7	43.5	14.2	25.9	87.7	1.1	249.2
Males, total	79.4	307.6	11.0	156.4	278.0	129.6	204.7	308.9	8.0	1 483.6
Copenhagen Municipality	0.5	12.5	0.7	9.4	25.9	15.3	32.3	40.9	1.4	138.9
Frederiksberg Municipality	0.1	2.3	0.1	1.3	4.5	2.3	7.1	7.6	0.2	25.4
Copenhagen County	1.1	20.7	1.3	15.2	35.6	18.4	35.2	37.3	0.9	165.7
Frederiksborg County	2.3	16.1	0.9	11.5	21.7	8.1	19.4	23.0	0.6	103.6
Roskilde County	1.7	10.6	0.5	8.5	15.2	6.7	11.6	13.2	0.3	68.2
West Zealand County	5.2	16.4	1.1	12.6	14.6	7.1	8.2	15.9	0.4	81.5
Storstrøm County	5.3	13.1	0.6	9.8	11.9	5.9	6.1	15.1	0.4	68.1
Bornholm County	1.2	1.9	0.1	1.2	1.9	1.1	0.7	2.8	0.1	10.9
Funen County	9.0	29.4	0.8	14.3	22.0	9.4	13.7	26.0	0.6	125.2
South Jutland County	6.3	20.3	0.6	6.9	12.0	5.7	5.3	12.0	0.3	69.2
Ribe County	5.9	17.3	0.5	7.7	10.9	5.9	4.8	10.7	0.3	64.0
Vejle County	5.5	28.8	0.8	10.8	19.5	8.7	9.7	15.8	0.4	99.9
Ringkøbing County	8.8	27.1	0.5	7.9	13.6	4.9	6.4	12.2	0.3	81.6
Århus County	8.0	38.0	1.0	17.0	34.9	16.2	24.5	37.4	0.9	177.9
Viborg County	7.4	21.1	0.6	7.1	10.5	3.8	5.4	11.6	0.2	67.6
North Jutland County	11.1	32.0	0.9	15.3	23.6	10.3	14.4	27.5	0.6	135.7
Females, total	22.9	146.1	3.3	16.9	216.9	49.4	170.9	665.5	6.7	1 298.7
Copenhagen Municipality	0.2	7.5	0.3	0.9	20.5	6.4	25.2	67.2	0.8	128.9
Frederiksberg Municipality	0.0	1.6	0.1	0.2	3.5	1.3	5.4	12.6	0.2	24.8
Copenhagen County	0.4	12.2	0.5	2.0	25.3	7.9	28.8	76.4	0.8	154.2
Frederiksborg County	0.7	9.8	0.3	1.2	15.7	3.1	14.9	49.1	0.6	95.5
Roskilde County	0.6	5.8	0.1	1.1	11.0	2.8	10.6	30.5	0.2	62.8
West Zealand County	1.5	7.7	0.3	1.2	10.9	2.4	7.2	37.8	0.4	69.3
Storstrøm County	1.5	6.1	0.1	0.9	9.4	1.7	5.5	32.1	0.3	57.7
Bornholm County	0.2	1.0	0.0	0.1	1.7	0.4	0.6	5.2	0.1	9.4
Funen County	4.1	11.7	0.2	1.5	18.4	2.9	11.8	57.7	0.6	108.9
South Jutland County	1.6	9.2	0.1	0.8	9.8	2.2	5.4	28.2	0.3	57.6
Ribe County	1.6	8.1	0.2	0.9	9.2	2.1	4.6	26.0	0.2	52.9
Vejle County	1.5	13.8	0.3	1.2	15.4	3.4	9.0	39.8	0.4	84.8
Ringkøbing County	2.1	12.4	0.1	0.9	11.5	1.7	6.4	30.9	0.3	66.3
Århus County	2.4	16.0	0.3	2.0	26.3	6.1	19.0	84.0	0.8	156.9
Viborg County	1.9	10.0	0.2	0.8	8.4	1.1	5.0	27.7	0.2	55.3
North Jutland County	2.5	13.4	0.2	1.5	19.8	3.9	11.4	60.2	0.5	113.4

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ras61

Table 137

Population, by sex, age, and socio-economic status 2002

	Labour force population					Persons outside the labour force				Population Total
	Self-employed persons	Assisting spouses	Employees	Un-employed persons	Total	Temporarily outside the labour force	Retirement pensioners	Pensioners	Other persons outside the labour force	
	— thousands —									
Males and females, total	209.5	11.6	2 561.3	110.5	2 892.8	88.7	178.5	871.8	1 336.5	5 368.4
16-66 years, total	186.1	10.6	2 495.9	110.5	2 803.0	88.6	178.5	231.2	303.1	3 604.5
Under 16 years	0.0	0.0	38.9	•	39.0	0.0	•	0.0	1 029.2	1 068.2
16-19 years	0.6	0.0	134.4	1.8	136.8	2.9	•	1.8	82.3	223.9
20-24 years	4.3	0.0	231.1	9.5	244.9	10.0	•	2.5	59.1	316.6
25-29 years	11.2	0.2	290.3	15.1	316.8	16.3	•	4.3	41.1	378.5
30-34 years	18.2	0.6	309.4	15.1	343.3	15.9	•	6.7	25.7	391.7
35-39 years	24.9	1.0	336.6	14.6	377.1	14.4	•	11.9	21.9	425.3
40-44 years	24.2	1.0	297.9	11.0	334.1	9.8	•	17.2	16.6	377.7
45-49 years	24.3	1.3	286.5	9.8	321.8	7.5	•	25.2	14.0	368.6
50-54 years	27.9	2.1	282.1	10.5	322.6	6.2	0.1	34.9	13.0	376.8
55-59 years	29.4	2.7	244.1	19.0	295.2	4.7	18.1	46.6	12.8	377.5
60-66 years	21.1	1.9	83.4	4.1	110.5	0.8	160.3	80.0	16.4	368.0
67 years +	23.3	0.9	26.5	•	50.8	0.0	•	640.6	4.3	695.7
Males, total	157.6	0.8	1 325.2	53.9	1 537.5	34.1	80.3	343.2	659.0	2 654.1
Males 16-66 years, total	137.9	0.7	1 284.6	53.9	1 477.1	34.1	80.3	96.9	131.7	1 820.1
Under 16 years	0.0	0.0	22.4	•	22.5	0.0	•	0.0	525.5	547.9
16-19 years	0.4	0.0	70.5	0.9	71.9	1.4	•	1.0	39.9	114.2
20-24 years	3.4	0.0	119.6	4.9	127.9	3.9	•	1.4	26.6	159.8
25-29 years	8.4	0.0	150.4	7.0	165.9	5.5	•	2.4	17.0	190.8
30-34 years	13.3	0.0	160.1	6.8	180.2	5.4	•	3.6	10.5	199.7
35-39 years	18.1	0.1	171.4	6.8	196.4	5.3	•	6.0	9.5	217.1
40-44 years	17.6	0.1	148.9	5.5	172.1	4.0	•	8.2	7.6	191.9
45-49 years	17.5	0.1	142.5	5.2	165.3	3.3	•	11.3	6.4	186.4
50-54 years	20.1	0.2	141.4	5.4	167.0	2.8	0.0	14.6	5.3	189.7
55-59 years	21.9	0.2	128.7	8.8	159.7	2.1	5.5	18.6	4.2	190.0
60-66 years	17.0	0.1	51.1	2.6	70.7	0.5	74.8	29.7	4.7	180.4
67 years +	19.8	0.1	18.1	•	38.0	0.0	•	246.2	1.9	286.1
Females, total	51.8	10.8	1 236.1	56.6	1 355.3	54.5	98.2	528.7	677.5	2 714.2
Females 16-66 years, total	48.2	9.9	1 211.2	56.6	1 326.0	54.5	98.2	134.3	171.4	1 784.4
Under 16 years	0.0	0.0	16.5	•	16.5	0.0	•	0.0	503.7	520.2
16-19 years	0.2	0.0	63.8	0.9	64.9	1.5	•	0.8	42.4	109.7
20-24 years	0.9	0.0	111.5	4.6	117.0	6.1	•	1.1	32.5	156.8
25-29 years	2.8	0.2	139.8	8.1	150.9	10.8	•	1.9	24.1	187.7
30-34 years	4.9	0.5	149.3	8.4	163.1	10.6	•	3.1	15.2	192.0
35-39 years	6.7	0.9	165.3	7.8	180.7	9.1	•	5.9	12.5	208.2
40-44 years	6.5	0.9	149.0	5.5	162.0	5.9	•	9.0	9.0	185.8
45-49 years	6.7	1.2	144.0	4.7	156.5	4.2	•	13.8	7.6	182.2
50-54 years	7.8	1.9	140.7	5.1	155.6	3.4	0.1	20.3	7.7	187.1
55-59 years	7.5	2.5	115.4	10.1	135.5	2.7	12.6	28.0	8.6	187.5
60-66 years	4.2	1.8	32.4	1.5	39.8	0.3	85.5	50.2	11.7	187.6
67 years +	3.6	0.9	8.4	•	12.8	0.0	•	394.4	2.4	409.6

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ras111

Table 138

Population by sex, region and socio-economic status 2002

	Labour force population					Persons outside the labour force				Population Total
	Self-employed persons	Assisting spouses	Employees	Un-employed persons	Total	Temporarily outside the labour force	Retirement pensioners	Pensioners	Other persons outside the labour force	
	— thousands —									
Males and females, total	209.5	11.6	2 561.3	110.5	2 892.8	88.7	178.5	871.8	1 336.5	5 368.4
Copenhagen Municipality	16.3	0.3	251.2	11.3	279.1	10.8	9.6	75.6	125.4	500.5
Frederiksberg Municipality	3.4	0.1	46.7	1.9	52.2	1.2	2.3	16.3	19.4	91.3
Copenhagen County	19.9	0.6	299.3	9.9	329.8	8.6	19.4	102.2	157.3	617.3
Frederiksborg County	15.3	0.6	183.3	5.5	204.6	4.0	11.9	54.8	95.3	370.6
Roskilde County	8.7	0.4	121.9	3.8	134.8	2.8	8.3	30.1	58.9	234.8
West Zealand County	12.6	0.7	137.5	6.2	157.0	4.7	10.7	53.3	73.1	298.7
Storstrøm County	11.4	0.6	113.8	6.2	132.0	4.8	10.9	53.0	59.8	260.5
Bornholm County	2.2	0.2	18.0	1.7	22.1	0.8	1.8	9.3	10.2	44.2
Funen County	17.9	1.1	215.1	11.5	245.6	9.0	17.2	85.2	115.5	472.5
South Jutland County	10.7	0.9	115.2	5.0	131.9	3.7	10.1	44.1	63.4	253.2
Ribe County	9.2	0.7	107.0	3.7	120.6	3.7	7.4	35.7	57.0	224.4
Vejle County	13.2	0.8	170.7	7.4	192.1	5.7	12.2	54.6	86.8	351.3
Ringkøbing County	13.0	1.2	133.7	4.3	152.1	3.6	9.5	41.0	68.2	274.4
Århus County	23.5	1.2	310.2	15.1	349.9	13.6	20.2	93.4	167.5	644.7
Viborg County	12.1	1.0	109.9	3.6	126.5	2.9	7.5	40.2	57.1	234.3
North Jutland County	20.0	1.4	227.8	13.4	262.6	8.8	19.5	83.1	121.7	495.5
Males, total	157.6	0.8	1 325.2	53.9	1 537.5	34.1	80.3	343.2	659.0	2 654.1
Copenhagen Municipality	12.0	0.0	126.9	6.4	145.3	5.1	4.6	28.4	61.6	244.9
Frederiksberg Municipality	2.4	0.0	23.0	1.0	26.4	0.5	0.9	5.5	9.4	42.8
Copenhagen County	14.3	0.1	151.3	5.0	170.7	3.3	8.1	39.4	77.9	299.5
Frederiksborg County	10.9	0.1	92.6	2.7	106.3	1.4	5.1	22.3	47.2	182.3
Roskilde County	6.4	0.0	61.8	1.9	70.1	1.0	3.7	12.1	29.4	116.3
West Zealand County	9.5	0.1	72.0	2.9	84.4	1.8	5.0	21.4	35.7	148.3
Storstrøm County	8.6	0.1	59.4	3.0	71.1	1.8	5.1	21.8	29.3	129.1
Bornholm County	1.6	0.0	9.3	0.8	11.8	0.3	0.9	3.8	5.0	21.8
Funen County	13.5	0.1	111.7	5.8	131.0	3.6	8.2	33.5	57.1	233.4
South Jutland County	8.4	0.1	60.8	2.3	71.5	1.3	4.7	17.6	31.1	126.2
Ribe County	7.0	0.0	56.9	1.7	65.7	1.4	3.4	14.1	28.0	112.5
Vejle County	9.9	0.1	89.9	3.3	103.3	2.0	5.4	21.7	42.7	175.0
Ringkøbing County	10.4	0.0	71.2	1.7	83.3	1.2	4.2	15.9	33.2	137.9
Århus County	17.6	0.1	160.3	7.5	185.4	5.0	9.0	36.5	82.6	318.6
Viborg County	9.6	0.1	58.0	1.7	69.3	1.1	3.4	16.0	28.3	118.0
North Jutland County	15.4	0.1	120.2	6.3	142.0	3.2	8.7	33.2	60.4	247.5
Females, total	51.8	10.8	1 236.1	56.6	1 355.3	54.5	98.2	528.7	677.5	2 714.2
Copenhagen Municipality	4.4	0.2	124.4	4.9	133.8	5.8	5.1	47.2	63.8	255.6
Frederiksberg Municipality	1.0	0.0	23.7	0.9	25.7	0.7	1.4	10.8	9.9	48.6
Copenhagen County	5.6	0.5	148.0	4.9	159.1	5.3	11.3	62.8	79.4	317.8
Frederiksborg County	4.3	0.5	90.7	2.8	98.3	2.5	6.8	32.5	48.1	188.2
Roskilde County	2.3	0.4	60.2	1.9	64.7	1.8	4.6	18.0	29.5	118.5
West Zealand County	3.1	0.7	65.6	3.3	72.6	2.9	5.7	31.9	37.4	150.4
Storstrøm County	2.7	0.6	54.4	3.2	60.9	3.0	5.8	31.2	30.5	131.4
Bornholm County	0.5	0.2	8.7	0.9	10.3	0.5	0.9	5.6	5.1	22.4
Funen County	4.4	1.0	103.4	5.7	114.6	5.4	9.0	51.7	58.4	239.1
South Jutland County	2.4	0.9	54.4	2.7	60.3	2.4	5.4	26.5	32.3	126.9
Ribe County	2.1	0.7	50.1	2.0	54.9	2.3	4.1	21.6	29.0	112.0
Vejle County	3.3	0.7	80.8	4.0	88.8	3.7	6.8	33.0	44.1	176.4
Ringkøbing County	2.6	1.1	62.5	2.6	68.8	2.4	5.3	25.0	35.0	136.5
Århus County	5.9	1.1	149.9	7.6	164.5	8.5	11.2	56.9	84.9	326.0
Viborg County	2.4	0.9	51.9	2.0	57.2	1.9	4.2	24.2	28.9	116.4
North Jutland County	4.6	1.3	107.6	7.1	120.6	5.5	10.8	49.8	61.3	248.0

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ras111

Table 139

Earnings by occupation. Private sector 2002

	Number ¹	Per hour worked, all hourly-paid and fixed-salary workers					Per month, fixed-salary earners ²		
		Earnings including	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus				Number of fixed- salary earners	Earnings Average	
			Average	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile			
		amount in DKK							DKK
Total	1 036 821	215,57	211,68	154,71	187,69	240,65	617 177	31 430	
Men	629 095	227,26	222,52	161,50	194,48	253,86	350 757	34 347	
Women	407 726	192,89	190,66	142,69	174,76	219,45	266 420	26 903	
Managerial work at high level, total	45 220	343,16	342,64	223,55	302,34	418,34	44 844	46 804	
Men	37 360	354,14	353,59	230,48	314,03	433,40	37 052	48 427	
Women	7 860	285,87	285,45	195,84	251,60	340,92	7 792	38 341	
High level of qualifications, total	117 752	290,70	289,11	223,44	274,95	338,64	109 586	39 010	
Men	78 610	301,74	300,02	233,42	286,60	349,65	74 780	40 756	
Women	39 142	263,92	262,64	203,30	248,05	306,51	34 806	34 726	
Medium-high level of qualifications, total	190 866	242,28	240,38	186,60	224,19	274,47	179 447	32 521	
Men	106 282	260,46	257,95	200,05	240,10	295,88	102 008	35 268	
Women	84 584	215,72	214,71	173,11	203,74	243,27	77 439	28 478	
Clerical work, total	131 024	187,24	185,35	150,56	178,47	209,38	111 808	24 986	
Men	40 203	191,79	188,38	145,82	178,07	216,17	31 647	26 013	
Women	90 821	185,56	184,23	152,07	178,58	207,53	80 161	24 622	
Sales and service work, total	126 417	160,00	156,85	123,62	145,77	176,53	72 438	22 110	
Men	46 122	171,94	168,08	131,08	161,23	191,61	28 579	23 926	
Women	80 295	151,55	148,88	120,43	138,25	164,09	43 859	20 657	
Work within agriculture, horticulture. etc., total	1 821	165,04	162,64	139,49	150,48	175,84	699	23 869	
Men	1 411	167,67	164,96	140,27	152,53	179,15	526	24 215	
Women	410	155,00	153,79	134,00	144,68	163,45	173	22 704	
Skilled-craftsmen-related work, total	134 101	193,98	188,84	163,14	181,17	207,06	32 644	26 971	
Men	124 039	195,67	190,36	164,73	182,34	208,12	29 525	27 269	
Women	10 062	169,05	166,47	139,95	158,41	183,55	3 119	23 549	
Process and machine operator work, total	146 410	178,92	169,82	143,76	161,52	186,80	29 851	24 953	
Men	107 330	183,11	173,38	147,00	165,47	190,96	22 389	25 745	
Women	39 080	165,35	158,34	136,99	150,30	169,94	7 462	22 202	
Other work, total	140 693	166,81	161,53	134,56	154,73	178,43	34 533	23 065	
Men	86 355	175,20	168,82	142,42	162,34	186,45	23 436	23 906	
Women	54 338	148,05	145,22	126,76	137,88	156,58	11 097	20 885	
Unknown, total	2 517	216,01	210,36	151,06	180,23	233,57	1 327	31 756	
Men	1 383	233,35	226,49	157,52	192,67	252,07	815	34 154	
Women	1 134	190,62	186,74	144,14	162,94	210,97	512	27 777	

Note 1. Earnings include contributions to pension schemes.

Note 2. The table includes all employees excluding young people under 18 and trainees.

¹ Number employed. ² Calculated for a working week of 37 hours.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/lon02 and lon05

Table 140

Earnings by industry. Private sector 2002

	Number ¹	Per hour worked, all hourly-paid and fixed-salary workers				Per month, fixed-salary earners ²		
		Earnings including nuisance bonus Average	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus			Number of fixed- salary earners	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus Average	
			Average	Lower quartile	Median			Upper quartile
		amount in DDK						DKK
Total	1 036 821	215,57	211,68	154,71	187,69	240,65	617 177	31 430
Men	629 095	227,26	222,52	161,50	194,48	253,86	350 757	34 347
Women	407 726	192,89	190,66	142,69	174,76	219,45	266 420	26 903
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying, total ³	2 694	269,01	258,24	194,25	223,51	295,70	1 830	39 432
Men	2 378	271,57	260,21	196,15	223,83	300,83	1 546	40 439
Women	316	244,15	239,11	177,47	218,60	275,22	284	32 123
Manufacturing, total	290 397	207,02	201,11	155,03	179,89	220,40	125 901	31 690
Men	200 066	215,25	208,46	160,71	185,31	227,28	80 116	34 072
Women	90 331	186,83	183,09	143,66	165,05	203,41	45 785	27 134
Electricity, gas and water supply, total	6 458	253,20	246,50	183,59	217,59	290,44	6 264	33 926
Men	4 730	264,85	256,46	186,18	227,97	306,62	4 552	35 612
Women	1 728	216,74	215,34	175,89	199,89	233,84	1 712	28 784
Construction, total	76 871	206,14	202,55	166,42	188,07	223,05	17 924	32 003
Men	70 198	208,17	204,30	167,68	189,20	224,59	13 497	34 069
Women	6 673	184,39	183,79	151,45	174,00	204,16	4 427	25 207
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants, total	230 160	201,42	199,34	140,35	173,39	227,12	158 629	28 678
Men	124 679	219,56	217,14	152,45	187,04	250,11	86 152	31 817
Women	105 481	173,03	171,50	128,69	154,45	192,86	72 477	24 008
Transport, post and telecommunications, total	95 182	208,74	202,39	145,70	178,70	229,67	71 492	29 159
Men	61 545	216,21	209,04	145,89	181,68	237,35	42 828	31 360
Women	33 637	191,24	186,81	145,28	174,04	212,80	28 664	25 230
Finance and business activities, total	74 910	273,81	271,52	208,01	249,30	309,64	72 206	35 977
Men	34 951	306,79	304,21	232,25	283,37	350,71	33 623	40 914
Women	39 959	241,85	239,83	197,35	227,04	265,37	38 583	31 197
Letting and sale of real estate, total	18 951	202,44	201,35	153,94	177,07	219,25	14 500	27 665
Men	12 285	207,62	206,33	156,78	176,01	222,47	9 403	28 533
Women	6 666	191,28	190,61	144,56	180,58	216,18	5 097	25 859
Business activities, total	141 893	244,13	242,88	161,33	218,04	296,17	78 995	36 030
Men	73 765	275,17	273,43	189,56	253,95	332,93	47 695	40 157
Women	68 128	200,09	199,54	141,00	182,07	232,40	31 300	29 238
Public and personal services, total	90 708	213,71	211,16	158,19	193,09	240,35	63 767	29 462
Men	39 578	228,90	224,85	164,34	199,66	260,70	28 501	31 924
Women	51 130	200,71	199,46	153,20	188,67	227,45	35 266	27 361
Activity not stated, total	8 597	217,11	213,48	150,06	194,88	250,37	5 669	31 106
Men	4 920	224,41	219,48	151,72	195,75	253,12	2 844	33 423
Women	3 677	205,45	203,91	146,49	193,60	245,92	2 825	28 262

Note 1. Earnings include contributions to pension schemes.

Note 2. The table includes all employees excluding young people under 18 and trainees.

¹ Number employed. ² Calculated for a working week of 37 hours. ³ Agriculture and fishing not included.

www.statbank.dk/lon04

Table 141

Earnings by level of education. Private sector 2002

	Number ¹	Per hour worked, all hourly-paid and fixed-salary workers					Per month, fixed-salary earners ²	
		Earnings including nuisance bonus Average	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus				Number of fixed- salary earners	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus Average
			Average	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile		
amount in DKK							DKK	
Total	1 036 821	215,57	211,68	154,71	187,69	240,65	617 177	31 430
Men	629 095	227,26	222,52	161,50	194,48	253,86	350 757	34 347
Women	407 726	192,89	190,66	142,69	174,76	219,45	266 420	26 903
Basic school, total	268 707	180,88	175,25	140,02	161,88	193,39	104 883	26 140
Men	155 520	188,93	182,10	146,17	167,65	198,91	53 376	28 155
Women	113 187	166,95	163,39	132,48	150,89	181,67	51 507	23 631
Preparatory education, total	1 537	143,51	139,01	115,81	131,34	148,51	431	19 412
Men	592	147,31	141,89	118,35	134,57	153,69	177	20 020
Women	945	140,44	136,69	113,55	129,61	144,01	254	18 892
Upper-secondary education, total	73 101	213,17	208,47	132,80	176,78	248,81	34 749	32 091
Men	34 394	237,61	231,76	143,78	195,08	282,11	18 211	35 743
Women	38 707	183,04	179,76	124,63	157,34	214,81	16 538	27 133
Vocational education at second level, total	35 516	204,85	202,24	142,66	180,22	234,25	22 687	29 001
Men	18 239	222,39	219,08	145,47	192,07	261,36	11 104	32 425
Women	17 277	185,41	183,57	139,71	171,21	211,98	11 583	25 472
Basic vocational education, total	435 679	206,71	202,85	159,09	186,32	226,62	271 474	29 053
Men	281 857	214,49	209,68	164,21	190,18	232,34	151 900	31 332
Women	153 822	189,55	187,79	147,18	176,60	214,62	119 574	25 636
Short-cycle further education, total	53 695	227,88	225,69	176,78	210,20	256,19	45 497	31 228
Men	30 497	240,22	237,27	184,42	220,39	269,78	24 838	33 584
Women	23 198	209,33	208,28	167,58	195,40	235,78	20 659	28 002
Medium-cycle further education, total	74 394	283,03	280,90	206,54	260,69	329,57	64 782	38 688
Men	48 511	303,18	300,86	225,72	281,82	349,05	44 505	41 700
Women	25 883	233,03	231,37	180,43	215,63	264,91	20 277	31 019
Bachelors, total	16 218	240,12	238,63	163,79	211,00	278,61	11 464	33 812
Men	7 787	272,96	271,10	179,04	239,65	329,34	5 588	39 236
Women	8 431	208,09	206,97	156,24	194,04	240,63	5 876	28 541
Long-cycle further education, total	49 739	323,46	322,09	237,25	298,38	378,02	46 618	43 965
Men	33 086	339,97	338,47	248,61	313,32	396,16	31 266	46 576
Women	16 653	286,39	285,30	216,63	269,15	335,82	15 352	38 088
Research education, total	2 311	352,65	351,94	282,73	333,05	405,22	2 233	47 676
Men	1 722	357,88	357,16	285,01	338,69	410,74	1 676	48 658
Women	589	336,48	335,80	276,50	317,32	377,28	557	44 594
Unknown, total	25 924	218,87	214,50	143,40	179,24	246,00	12 359	34 297
Men	16 890	231,20	226,07	150,35	186,06	261,94	8 116	37 167
Women	9 034	188,28	185,79	132,22	160,75	216,10	4 243	27 990

Note 1. Earnings include contributions to pension schemes.

Note 2. The table includes all employees excluding young people under 18 and trainees.

¹ Number employed. ² Calculated for a working week of 37 hours.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/lon01 and [lon06](http://www.statbank.dk/lon06)

Table 142

Earnings by occupation. Local government 2003

	Number ¹	Per hour worked, all hourly-paid and fixed-salary workers					Per month, fixed-salary earners ²	
		Earnings including nuisance bonus Average	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus			Number of fixed-salary earners	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus Average	
			Average	Lower quartile	Median			Upper quartile
amount in DKK							DKK	
Total	646 654	205.93	199.05	158.05	187.21	220.00	598 870	25 708
Men	147 978	226.56	219.53	169.76	205.73	244.74	136 341	29 233
Women	498 676	199.08	192.25	155.58	182.81	213.19	462 529	24 538
Managerial work at high level, total	15 041	284.72	281.72	215.06	254.36	313.24	15 010	37 971
Men	7 560	317.67	313.56	242.74	288.95	355.86	7 538	42 607
Women	7 481	250.39	248.55	207.28	223.56	266.19	7 472	33 143
High level of qualification, total	136 900	253.57	247.89	212.20	228.88	263.33	135 018	32 436
Men	53 100	265.92	258.34	215.33	236.40	277.53	52 212	34 409
Women	83 800	245.36	240.96	209.70	225.31	252.67	82 806	31 128
Medium-high of qualification, total	174 496	207.68	201.06	177.14	193.43	212.43	170 543	25 229
Men	26 851	208.42	202.72	178.48	196.97	218.24	26 041	26 311
Women	147 645	207.52	200.72	176.91	192.82	211.20	144 502	25 012
Clerical work, total	38 531	186.20	184.56	167.08	180.31	192.62	37 778	23 661
Men	3 358	179.99	178.55	161.18	177.82	191.36	3 158	23 828
Women	35 173	186.81	185.14	167.62	180.50	192.72	34 620	23 645
Sales and service work, total	214 956	170.28	159.74	139.72	153.62	169.23	180 529	20 386
Men	28 881	166.01	154.91	128.69	146.50	172.38	21 229	19 930
Women	186 075	170.82	160.35	141.27	154.12	168.95	159 300	20 439
Work within agriculture, horticulture, etc., total	1 349	190.50	186.69	167.32	182.48	198.41	1 335	24 483
Men	1 072	192.08	187.80	168.92	183.49	199.42	1 064	24 824
Women	277	183.04	181.47	157.02	175.23	191.06	271	22 861
Skilled-craftsmen-related work, total	4 373	202.97	194.39	176.24	188.40	205.65	4 281	25 400
Men	4 045	203.75	194.78	176.66	188.61	205.83	3 982	25 459
Women	328	190.62	188.24	168.08	184.03	202.90	299	24 439
Process and machine operator work, total	599	200.96	192.54	164.73	180.74	207.42	591	23 909
Men	570	201.63	193.00	164.85	180.99	208.14	563	23 912
Women	29	..	..	..	..	..	28	..
Other work, total	55 410	163.81	158.89	140.23	153.83	169.70	49 542	20 704
Men	20 684	171.62	165.64	148.50	162.46	177.22	18 954	22 045
Women	34 726	157.22	153.18	136.24	147.57	160.43	30 588	19 547
Unknown, total	4 999	164.57	163.12	113.45	150.88	190.12	4 243	22 656
Men	1 857	188.31	186.46	129.47	171.82	228.83	1 600	25 936
Women	3 142	149.44	148.24	108.10	137.78	171.25	2 643	20 538

Note 1. Earnings include contributions to pension schemes.

Note 2. The table includes all employees excluding young people under 18 and trainees.

¹ Number employed. ² Calculated for a working week of 37 hours.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/lon42

Table 143

Earnings by industry. Local government 2003

	Number ¹	Per hour worked, all hourly-paid and fixed-salary workers					Per month, fixed-salary earners ²	
		Earnings including nuisance bonus Average	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus			Number of fixed- salary earners	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus Average	
			Average	Lower quartile	Median			Upper quartile
amount in DKK							DKK	
Total	646 654	205.93	199.05	158.05	187.21	220.00	598 870	25 708
Men	147 978	226.56	219.53	169.76	205.73	244.74	136 341	29 233
Women	498 676	199.08	192.25	155.58	182.81	213.19	462 529	24 538
Public administration, total	74 382	223.40	221.82	181.81	202.72	242.05	72 973	29 354
Men	23 462	250.32	247.35	194.05	230.00	278.28	23 020	33 401
Women	50 920	209.54	208.67	178.48	195.43	221.26	49 953	27 272
Education, total	112 422	224.40	221.04	193.26	217.86	238.26	107 693	29 095
Men	39 804	229.65	225.93	197.89	221.45	249.48	37 856	30 373
Women	72 618	221.25	218.11	191.23	216.00	233.37	69 837	28 328
Human health activities, total	98 078	242.49	227.52	177.90	202.38	238.28	94 902	27 626
Men	17 279	306.08	283.46	186.39	236.74	380.04	16 528	35 885
Women	80 799	227.89	214.67	176.71	199.21	227.34	78 374	25 745
Social institutions etc., total	311 209	181.47	174.12	146.63	163.92	190.21	276 818	22 379
Men	43 761	185.47	179.01	142.88	171.94	202.72	36 709	23 506
Women	267 448	180.85	173.37	146.96	163.09	188.39	240 109	22 210
Associations, culture and refuse disposal, total	20 170	192.75	187.92	156.72	177.62	210.48	19 056	25 174
Men	11 305	192.58	185.89	156.38	173.92	203.70	10 770	24 976
Women	8 865	193.01	190.96	157.57	184.62	216.34	8 286	25 473
Other activity, total	30 393	196.19	188.48	152.21	174.24	200.95	27 428	25 140
Men	12 367	205.79	197.54	158.83	179.34	210.62	11 458	26 652
Women	18 026	187.02	179.83	146.52	168.02	193.85	15 970	23 669

Note 1. Earnings include contributions to pension schemes.

Note 2. The table includes all employees excluding young people under 18 and trainees.

¹ Number employed. ² Calculated for a working week of 37 hours.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/lon44

Table 144

Earnings by level of education. Local government 2003

	Number ¹	Per hour worked, all hourly-paid and fixed-salary workers					Per month, fixed-salary earners ²	
		Earnings including nuisance bonus Average	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus				Number of fixed- salary earners	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus Average
			Average	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile		
amount in DKK							DKK	
Total	646 654	205.93	199.05	158.05	187.21	220.00	598 870	25 708
Men	147 978	226.56	219.53	169.76	205.73	244.74	136 341	29 233
Women	498 676	199.08	192.25	155.58	182.81	213.19	462 529	24 538
Basic school, total	112 751	170.94	165.18	142.47	156.80	177.76	97 057	21 479
Men	24 168	179.96	173.52	144.93	164.93	189.27	20 722	22 886
Women	88 583	168.26	162.71	142.05	154.98	174.00	76 335	21 061
Upper-secondary education, total	43 484	179.63	172.85	127.52	158.33	197.08	32 391	23 044
Men	12 334	192.47	185.26	130.00	167.41	212.27	9 398	25 185
Women	31 150	173.77	167.19	126.44	155.51	191.27	22 993	22 042
Vocational education at second level, total	8 631	176.39	172.03	131.67	166.44	194.93	6 696	22 941
Men	2 967	181.03	175.90	129.30	166.20	203.91	2 280	23 909
Women	5 664	173.95	170.00	133.95	166.63	190.70	4 416	22 436
Basic vocational education, total	196 738	186.13	178.14	150.61	168.67	192.57	186 248	22 879
Men	35 839	199.35	192.75	160.11	182.63	210.49	33 654	25 532
Women	160 899	182.70	174.36	149.23	165.44	188.22	152 594	22 193
Short-cycle further education, total	14 555	201.13	196.17	166.45	190.57	213.91	13 599	25 285
Men	3 576	208.88	202.49	171.56	197.32	222.67	3 255	26 953
Women	10 979	198.47	194.00	164.84	188.54	210.65	10 344	24 718
Medium-cycle further education, total	215 872	221.14	215.34	186.22	208.94	229.46	211 368	27 525
Men	44 178	230.79	226.42	197.38	219.95	242.79	43 140	30 098
Women	171 694	218.30	212.08	184.12	204.61	225.75	168 228	26 768
Bachelors, total	4 260	190.23	185.31	142.93	178.55	206.94	3 316	24 965
Men	1 592	194.27	189.22	145.55	181.58	216.97	1 233	26 324
Women	2 668	187.64	182.81	141.74	175.93	201.44	2 083	24 112
Long-cycle further education, total	41 499	309.22	298.21	239.74	276.06	328.67	40 842	38 866
Men	20 717	327.27	312.98	250.68	284.13	367.35	20 415	41 397
Women	20 782	289.09	281.75	229.95	267.98	301.63	20 427	36 041
Unknown, total	8 864	197.08	187.37	142.31	171.72	210.52	7 353	24 520
Men	2 607	214.15	202.99	149.38	183.53	226.71	2 244	26 978
Women	6 257	188.58	179.59	139.21	167.30	203.57	5 109	23 273

Note 1. Earnings include contributions to pension schemes.

Note 2. The table includes all employees excluding young people under 18 and trainees.

¹ Number employed. ² Calculated for a working week of 37 hours.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/lon41

Table 145

Earnings by occupation. Central government 2002

	Number ¹	Per hour worked, hourly-paid and fixed-salary workers					Per month, fixed-salary earners ²	
		Earnings including nuisance bonus Average	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus				Number of fixed- salary earners	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus Average
			Average	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile		
amount in DKK							DKK	
Total	183 381	222.59	217.17	171.62	201.38	246.36	174 070	29 841
Men	110 181	232.30	224.78	177.00	209.62	256.60	105 879	30 913
Women	73 200	206.82	204.81	165.21	189.12	231.60	68 191	28 037
Military work, total	25 325	207.59	195.05	153.88	180.24	214.90	23 106	26 737
Men	24 055	208.52	195.84	154.65	180.94	215.62	21 940	26 862
Women	1 270	189.23	179.40	144.28	166.22	193.02	1 166	24 282
Managerial work at high level, total	3 745	363.93	363.50	286.88	341.02	411.74	3 738	50 263
Men	2 717	372.55	372.02	291.91	347.65	420.57	2 713	51 517
Women	1 028	340.44	340.30	272.84	317.91	389.02	1 025	46 844
High level of qualification, total	61 500	260.42	258.90	217.56	248.75	285.36	61 090	35 495
Men	35 048	268.81	267.02	224.12	257.62	293.40	34 866	36 784
Women	26 452	247.79	246.66	206.72	236.10	273.19	26 224	33 553
Medium-high of qualification, total	27 855	207.41	204.79	174.66	194.84	225.27	27 356	27 731
Men	11 774	226.40	221.83	188.08	216.76	238.85	11 525	30 422
Women	16 081	192.22	191.15	168.69	184.46	203.52	15 831	25 583
Clerical work, total	23 296	173.67	172.00	156.17	167.93	182.24	21 816	23 110
Men	4 775	180.70	177.10	156.92	170.87	190.69	4 038	24 203
Women	18 521	172.00	170.79	156.06	167.40	180.59	17 778	22 857
Sales and service work, total	17 202	204.47	189.35	165.81	189.08	209.90	16 897	26 065
Men	13 475	208.92	193.50	171.69	195.36	212.74	13 419	26 733
Women	3 727	184.51	170.77	152.29	166.19	185.36	3 478	22 983
Work within agriculture, horticulture, etc., total	545	177.46	175.21	157.14	170.57	183.68	470	23 526
Men	384	177.96	175.50	158.20	171.13	185.16	347	23 636
Women	161	175.99	174.35	152.49	166.92	180.46	123	23 164
Skilled-craftsmen-related work, total	6 277	200.57	192.90	176.96	188.15	204.22	6 208	26 024
Men	5 991	200.68	192.72	177.01	188.15	204.14	5 931	26 035
Women	286	198.47	196.50	175.87	188.23	207.02	277	25 803
Process and machine operator work, total	5 736	212.43	190.94	171.76	187.87	202.66	5 646	25 694
Men	5 319	212.69	190.80	171.70	187.75	202.61	5 254	25 697
Women	417	208.18	193.16	174.13	188.87	203.87	392	25 646
Other work, total	11 900	158.96	154.64	133.15	149.95	165.76	7 743	22 008
Men	6 643	169.93	163.89	147.00	157.31	173.45	5 846	22 338
Women	5 257	143.42	141.52	123.61	134.08	149.09	1 897	20 907

Note 1. Earnings include contributions to pension schemes.

Note 2. The table includes all employees excluding young people under 18 and trainees.

¹ Number employed. ² Calculated for a working week of 37 hours.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/lon32

Table 146

Earnings by industry. Central government 2002

	Number ¹	Per hour worked, hourly-paid and fixed-salary workers					Per month, fixed-salary earners ²	
		Earnings including nuisance bonus Average	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus			Number of fixed- salary earners	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus Average	
			Average	Lower quartile	Median			Upper quartile
amount in DKK							DKK	
Total	183 381	222.59	217.17	171.62	201.38	246.36	174 070	29 841
Men	110 181	232.30	224.78	177.00	209.62	256.60	105 879	30 913
Women	73 200	206.82	204.81	165.21	189.12	231.60	68 191	28 037
Agriculture, horticulture and forestry, total	304	232.24	232.03	209.98	226.36	248.29	303	32 103
Men	220	243.36	243.19	218.22	228.36	256.43	219	33 807
Women	84	197.77	197.41	162.81	171.90	226.23	84	26 818
Construction, total	1 495	211.16	186.71	158.05	174.95	197.99	1 492	25 485
Men	1 382	212.16	186.34	157.56	174.60	197.70	1 381	25 496
Women	113	196.24	192.25	164.97	179.20	205.58	111	25 324
Transport, total	17 410	214.68	199.21	168.54	188.63	212.35	17 326	26 842
Men	13 195	219.35	202.07	171.65	190.92	214.10	13 159	27 324
Women	4 215	198.30	189.18	157.94	178.90	206.03	4 167	25 148
Business activities, total	12 278	228.99	227.83	177.40	208.32	268.05	11 747	30 840
Men	5 879	247.02	245.41	187.15	226.52	287.18	5 716	33 449
Women	6 399	210.72	210.01	170.82	192.34	236.25	6 031	28 145
Public administration, total	88 227	218.45	211.50	167.30	193.63	232.80	85 187	28 901
Men	57 398	224.33	215.09	169.88	198.81	235.49	55 010	29 559
Women	30 829	206.30	204.08	164.14	185.08	223.99	30 177	27 538
Education, total	46 558	229.11	227.14	180.94	221.14	262.11	42 831	31 751
Men	24 401	247.47	245.05	202.61	233.85	277.45	23 500	33 916
Women	22 157	207.02	205.60	164.62	196.75	238.53	19 331	28 906
Social institutions etc., total	2 489	198.97	193.85	165.36	182.76	211.92	1 988	26 283
Men	1 003	200.92	193.87	165.15	180.40	211.14	766	26 550
Women	1 486	197.60	193.84	165.65	185.13	212.29	1 222	26 101
Associations, culture and refuse disposal, total	3 091	215.39	213.96	170.76	200.43	244.63	2 656	29 508
Men	1 535	223.14	221.31	172.98	204.47	258.43	1 336	30 511
Women	1 556	207.17	206.17	169.18	197.37	229.29	1 320	28 414
Other activity, total ³	11 529	235.63	234.51	181.31	225.77	273.47	10 540	32 766
Men	5 168	261.47	259.92	210.34	254.94	286.10	4 792	36 250
Women	6 361	210.95	210.24	169.60	194.60	241.29	5 748	29 303

Note 1. Earnings include contributions to pension schemes.

Note 2. The table includes all employees excluding young people under 18 and trainees.

¹ Number employed. ² Calculated for a working week of 37 hours. ³ Including wholesale and retail trade, financial mediation and insurance, real estate and renting activities, and health service, etc.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/lon34

Table 147

Earnings by level of education. Central government 2002

	Number ¹	Per hour worked, hourly-paid and fixed-salary workers					Per month, fixed-salary earners ²	
		Earnings including nuisance bonus Average	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus				Number of fixed- salary earners	Earnings excluding nuisance bonus Average
			Average	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile		
amount in DKK							DKK	
Total	183 381	222.59	217.17	171.62	201.38	246.36	174 070	29 841
Men	110 181	232.30	224.78	177.00	209.62	256.60	105 879	30 913
Women	73 200	206.82	204.81	165.21	189.12	231.60	68 191	28 037
Basic school, total	27 068	186.64	179.12	150.81	170.64	195.76	23 845	24 639
Men	16 955	194.66	184.47	154.34	173.99	200.62	15 836	25 072
Women	10 113	173.16	170.14	141.88	165.54	187.93	8 009	23 764
Upper-secondary education, total	11 626	214.51	207.58	156.49	183.73	242.30	9 972	28 790
Men	7 702	216.90	208.66	154.58	181.29	244.99	6 781	28 946
Women	3 924	209.67	205.41	158.72	187.35	238.34	3 191	28 461
Vocational education at second level, total	4 026	180.51	173.24	147.02	163.43	186.45	3 645	23 647
Men	2 366	183.36	172.83	143.51	160.94	186.06	2 072	23 805
Women	1 660	176.85	173.76	151.27	165.82	187.16	1 573	23 446
Basic vocational education, total	59 342	193.89	187.69	163.08	181.70	204.07	57 044	25 496
Men	33 117	203.68	194.14	168.39	189.03	212.04	31 965	26 468
Women	26 225	180.43	178.84	158.89	173.48	191.55	25 079	24 128
Short-cycle further education, total	19 444	215.44	206.96	180.84	202.09	223.58	19 166	28 362
Men	13 243	223.67	213.21	189.13	210.09	227.91	13 089	29 457
Women	6 201	195.05	191.48	169.13	184.46	203.27	6 077	25 636
Medium-cycle further education, total	16 366	241.35	237.52	200.74	227.17	263.68	15 953	32 588
Men	9 601	252.90	247.82	209.34	237.65	276.74	9 429	34 185
Women	6 765	224.26	222.28	193.45	216.12	240.87	6 524	30 205
Bachelor, total	3 301	204.23	201.52	171.14	190.19	226.19	2 732	28 105
Men	1 602	216.13	212.17	174.31	204.19	239.92	1 326	29 844
Women	1 699	192.25	190.80	168.25	182.72	208.35	1 406	26 348
Long-cycle further education, total	37 593	285.96	284.28	236.87	272.90	309.36	37 384	39 058
Men	22 474	296.28	294.16	247.22	278.75	322.53	22 358	40 575
Women	15 119	269.04	268.08	226.65	257.50	290.43	15 026	36 570
Unknown, total	4 615	236.58	230.82	178.33	218.69	269.07	4 329	32 171
Men	3 121	249.93	242.37	189.88	231.64	282.48	3 023	33 539
Women	1 494	205.98	204.35	166.70	191.22	233.67	1 306	28 765

Note 1. Earnings include contributions to pension schemes.

Note 2. The table includes all employees excluding young people under 18 and trainees.

¹ Number employed. ² Calculated for a working week of 37 hours.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/lon31

Table 148 (continued) Membership of employees' trade unions 2004

Per 1 January	Number of members			Number of members	
	Total	Of whom women		Total	Of whom women
Danish Confederation of Trade Unions(LO)¹	1 386 370	681 793	Danish Nurses' Organisation	54 435	52 530
			Dansk Sø-Restaurationsforening	1 519	741
Plumbers' Organisation in Denmark	8 948	31	Dansk Tandplejerforening	894	873
The Danish Artist Union	1 477	674	Association of Actors and Theatrical Technicians	2 203	1 069
Danish Union of Electricians	30 037	274	Danske Afspændingspædagoger	571	542
Danish Hairdressers' and Beauticians' Union	5 454	5 181	Association of Medical Laboratory Technologists	5 361	5 135
Danish Railway Union	5 429	691	Organisation of Danish Insurance Employees	6 523	4 466
Danish Metal Workers' Union	142 774	7 632	Danske Forsyningselskabers		
The Danish Federation of Salaried Employees	21 427	4 193	Funktionærsammenslutning	583	290
Danish Trade Union of Public Employees	188 431	165 717	The Danish Physiotherapist Association	6 086	5 249
Wood Industry and Building Workers' Union	70 027	8 338	The Danish Union of Production Schools	758	349
Union of Commercial and Clerical Employees in Denmark	371 143	269 917	The Danish Association of Midwives	1 367	1 362
Union of Enlisted Privates and Corporals in the Danish Army	4 281	237	Efterskolernes Lærerforening	2 515	1 228
Women Workers' Union in Denmark	71 782	71 782	Danish Association of Occupational Therapists	5 171	4 940
Union of Painters in Denmark	13 457	3 128	Danish Pharmacopeia Commission	4 373	4 335
Danish Food and Allied Workers' Union	37 916	12 832	Danish Film and TV Workers' Union	734	245
National Union of Nursery Schools and Day-Care Assistants	25 799	22 641	The Financial Services' Union ²	43 740	23 763
Danish Restaurant and Brewery Workers' Union	22 381	14 145	Foreningen af Mejeriledere og Funktionærer	540	54
National Federation of Social Educators	32 150	23 470	The Radiographers' Union in Denmark	1 112	810
General Workers' Union	303 077	52 996	Formidlerne ⁴	719	663
Danish Association of Professional Technicians	30 380	17 914	Frederiksberg Kommunalforening	563	388
Salaried Employees' and Civil Servants' Confederation (FTF)	358 989	242 911	Ass. of Teachers for Private Independent Schools	4 773	3 168
			Funktionærforeningen Carlsberg Tuborg	982	360
Federation of Early Childhood Teachers	53 199	45 561	Funktionærforeningen i FDB/COOP Danmarks	821	305
CO II – group in FTF	28 203	8 498	Halinspektørforeningen	612	36
Of which:			JID	1 115	270
Danmarks Kordegneforening	538	366	Danish Association of Constructing Architects	2 755	370
Dansk Kirkemusiker Forening	685	428	Kort- og Landmålingsteknikernes Forening	559	112
Danish Federation of Technical Education	4 115	1 005	Union of Copenhagen Municipal Offices	540	160
Dansk Told- og Skatteforbund	3 041	1 682	Federation of Teachers in Adult and Youth Edu.	4 993	3 361
Foreningen af Præliminære Organister	618	366	Lederforeningen i TeleDanmark	1 422	626
Association of Technical and Administrative Public Employees ²	1 134	596	LederForum	610	506
Union of Public Servants within Armed Forces	1 683	304	Civil Aviation Salaried Employees	1 625	1 089
Association of Commercial College Teachers	1 865	892	LvA-Sektoren i DTL	1 046	236
Association of the Prison Service	329	173	Mercantile Forum	1 997	1 198
The Police Union in Denmark	11 870	2 029	Association of Academy and Market Economists	2 445	1 254
Trafikforbundet	840	233	Organisationen af Konstabler og Mekanikere i Søværnet	536	47
Other unions	1 485	424	Organisationen af Sergenter i Søværnet	696	19
Cabin Union Denmark	1 871	1 349	PROSA – Association of Computer Professionals	7 390	1 478
CS Danish Airforce	2 996	251	SAFU Association of Salaried Employees	1 318	645
The Danish Union of Teachers	63 585	42 704	Sergentgruppens Fællesorganisation – Hæren	2 125	46
Danish Mercantile Association	1 371	623	National Teachers' Org. for Special Edu. of 1981	1 394	939
Danish Musicians' Union	2 800	516	The Danish Dietetic Association	7 933	7 804
Danish Navigators' Union	2 756	92	Other associations ⁵	5 052	2 153
Danish Association of Social Workers ³	9 702	8 103	Danish Association of Managers and Executives	76 541	14 667
			Dansk Formands Forening	1 681	29
			Danish Association of Managers and Executives	74 860	14 638

Note. Figures are exclusive of Danmarks Frie Fagforening, due to lack of data reports.

¹ Incl. sleeping members (pensioners and people on early-retirement pay), conscripts, etc. ²Engineers and public servants of the Danish Working Environment Service has merged with the Foreningen af Tekniske og Administrative Tjenestemænd ³ Excl. civil servants ⁴ Ernærings- og Husholdningsøkonomforeningen has changed its name to Formidlerne. ⁵ Only employees. ⁶ Jordburgsakademikernes Forbund has changed its name to Danish Federation of Graduates in Agricultural Science, and Economy, Forestry, Horticulture and Landscape Architecture. ⁷ The Danish Association of Business Language Graduates has changed its name to Communications and Languages. ⁸ Estimated figure for women. Source: Main organizations and unions outside of the main organizations.

Table 148 (continued) **Membership of employees' trade unions 2004**

Per 1 January	Number of members			Number of members	
	Total	Of whom women		Total	Of whom women
Confederation of Professional Associations (AC)⁵	162 852	61 251	Communications and Languages ⁷	11 000	5 369
Danish Union of Librarians	4 137	1 574	Association of Public Health Dentists in Denmark	39 852	5 842
Association of Danish Lawyers and Economists	4 418	3 415	Federation of Danish Architects	2 362	1 287
Danish Medical Association	13 351	4 812	Other associations	711	229
Danish Association of Chartered Surveyors	733	135	Outside joint organisations⁵	74 460	21 492
The Danish Association of Clergy	2 600	1 141	Brancheafdelingen Trafik & Jernbane ⁸	4 190	1 676
The Association of Pharmacists	2 708	2 114	Association of Permanent Defence Personnel	6 480	366
Jurist- og Økonomforbundet	3 548	1 288	Danmarks Frie Fagforening		
Danish Association of Masters and PhDs	25 230	11 183	Danish Prison Officers' Union	3 100	900
Danish Phychologists' Association	21 461	10 799	Danish Union of Journalists	9 635	3 644
Defence group in AC	3 339	2 518	Danish Union of Sales Representatives	24 197	3 512
The Association of Food Scientists in Denmark and the Danish Veterinary Surgeons	5 664	5 342	Fagforeningen Danmark ⁸	9 579	4 311
Forbundet af Kandidater fra			Forbundet af Kirke- og Kirkegårdsansatte	1 892	589
Musikkonservatoriet	3 958	124	Forbundet for Tjenestemænd ved Fødevarer- og		
National Union of Upper Secon. School Teachers	10 632	3 457	Undervisningsministeriet m.fl.	508	55
The Society of Danish Engineers ⁶	5 842	37	Funktionærkartellet/Teknikersammenslutningen ⁸	13 709	6 169
Danish Federation of Graduates in Agriculture, Horticulture, Forestry and Landscape Architecture ⁶	1 306	585	Agricultural Technologists in Denmark	1 170	270

Table 149

Members of unemployment insurance funds

	2002 ¹	2003 ¹
Number of funds	33	33
Number insured against unemployment, total	2 356 507	2 353 375
Full-time insured	2 302 098	2 301 989
Of whom funds with: LO ²	1 251 116	1 226 917
FTF ³	358 243	362 229
Managers ⁴	83 951	84 229
AC ⁵	214 213	221 908
Other organizations ⁶	394 575	406 706
Part-time and combination-insured	54 409	50 386
Of whom funds with: LO ²	34 559	31 659
FTF ³	8 434	7 694
Managers ⁴	68	66
AC ⁵	1 003	937
Other organizations ⁶	10 345	10 030

¹ Figures are from 1 January the following year. ² Danish Confederation of Trade Unions. ³ Salaried Employees' and Civil Servants' Confederation. ⁴ Danish Association of Management and Executives. ⁵ Danish Confederation of Professional Organisations. ⁶ Incl. unemployment insurance funds which are members of different confederations.

Source: The National Directorate of Labour.

Table 150**Unemployment benefits, early retirement pay and transitional allowance**

	2002	2003
Average number of people receiving unemployment benefits	110 408	133 139
Unemployment benefits paid (excl. holiday pay), in DKK mio.	16 713.6	21 076.1
Benefits paid, DKK mio.	17 874.7	22 224.7
Early retirement pay paid, DKK mio.	20 867.8	23 207.1
Transitional allowances paid, DKK mio.	1 969.8	1 494.8
Net grants from central government: DKK mio.	28 342.8	34 491.6
Percentage of total paid	69.5	73.3

¹ Excl. tax-exempt premium paid out.

Source: The National Directorate of Labour.

Table 151

Recipients of unemployment benefits by reason for unemployment 2003

	Number of recipients	Average number of recipients	Benefits paid, (excl. holiday pay), total	Average benefits paid
	persons		DKK mio.	DKK
Total	392 141	133 141	21 071.6	158 266
Made redundant by employer	222 364	72 629	11 682.3	160 849
Temporarily sent home	7 173	1 127	181.5	160 983
Resigned	22 808	7 846	1 247.0	158 938
Certificate of release work sharing	9 102	1 370	214.4	156 508
School leaver or completed national service	24 433	6 894	937.3	135 952
Completed activation	33 190	15 779	2 491.7	157 908
Education, parental or maternity leave	9 431	3 248	506.4	155 920
Temporary absence from the labour market	5 596	2 219	347.1	156 413
Stopped self-employment	10 048	4 800	750.4	156 341
Other	43 080	15 377	2 423.0	157 577
Reason for unemployment unknown ¹	4 916	1 851	290.5	156 917

¹ Recipients of daily cash benefits were unemployed when the benefit-payment register (DUR) was established on 1 July 1997; therefore detailed reasons for unemployment are unknown.

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/dura3, [durg3](#) og [duru3](#)

Table 152

Commuting to and from work in municipalities 2002

	Persons with place of work in the municipality			Employed persons resident in the municipality			Incoming commuters, net		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
	persons								
Copenhagen	171 051	166 903	337 954	138 918	128 920	267 838	32 133	37 983	70 116
Århus	90 945	80 776	171 721	77 769	72 116	149 885	13 176	8 660	21 836
Odense	50 421	49 668	100 089	47 494	43 641	91 135	2 927	6 027	8 954
Aalborg	50 562	44 072	94 634	43 401	38 232	81 633	7 161	5 840	13 001
Frederiksberg	20 559	23 053	43 612	25 439	24 788	50 227	- 4 880	- 1 735	- 6 615
Esbjerg	25 943	20 637	46 580	22 259	18 932	41 191	3 684	1 705	5 389
Gentofte	15 395	18 217	33 612	18 209	17 927	36 136	- 2 814	290	- 2 524
Kolding	19 151	17 390	36 541	17 546	15 460	33 006	1 605	1 930	3 535
Randers	16 676	15 916	32 592	16 375	14 021	30 396	301	1 895	2 196
Gladsaxe	19 508	16 097	35 605	16 134	15 103	31 237	3 374	994	4 368
Helsingør	11 686	11 757	23 443	15 896	14 789	30 685	- 4 210	- 3 032	- 7 242
Herning	19 918	16 401	36 319	17 268	14 538	31 806	2 650	1 863	4 513
Horsens	16 691	14 481	31 172	15 947	13 289	29 236	744	1 192	1 936
Veje	18 507	17 289	35 796	15 140	13 729	28 869	3 367	3 560	6 927
Silkeborg	13 869	13 194	27 063	14 848	13 410	28 258	- 979	- 216	- 1 195
Roskilde	15 454	17 098	32 552	14 564	13 891	28 455	890	3 207	4 097
Lyngby-Taarbæk	17 589	14 305	31 894	13 424	12 537	25 961	4 165	1 768	5 933
Hvidovre	14 506	12 495	27 001	13 146	12 098	25 244	1 360	397	1 757
Fredericia	15 487	11 788	27 275	13 289	11 300	24 589	2 198	488	2 686
Greve	9 097	7 945	17 042	14 070	13 256	27 326	- 4 973	- 5 311	- 10 284
Næstved	11 592	11 548	23 140	12 720	11 387	24 107	- 1 128	161	- 967
Ballerup	20 829	16 640	37 469	12 214	11 450	23 664	8 615	5 190	13 805
Høje Taastrup	18 659	14 079	32 738	13 200	11 692	24 892	5 459	2 387	7 846
Viborg	12 509	12 885	25 394	12 086	10 902	22 988	423	1 983	2 406
Svendborg	9 424	9 900	19 324	10 687	9 625	20 312	- 1 263	275	- 988
Holstebro	12 655	11 442	24 097	11 752	10 504	22 256	903	938	1 841
Tårnby	16 199	10 810	27 009	10 666	10 141	20 807	5 533	669	6 202
Køge	10 243	9 282	19 525	10 958	9 949	20 907	- 715	- 667	- 1 382
Hillerød	11 126	13 802	24 928	10 228	9 874	20 102	898	3 928	4 826
Slagelse	11 037	9 670	20 707	9 746	8 561	18 307	1 291	1 109	2 400
Rødovre	10 191	7 364	17 555	9 446	8 755	18 201	745	- 1 391	- 646
Hjørring	9 656	9 374	19 030	9 457	8 350	17 807	199	1 024	1 223
Brøndby	16 331	9 425	25 756	8 657	7 737	16 394	7 674	1 688	9 362
Frederikshavn	10 274	7 930	18 204	9 192	7 609	16 801	1 082	321	1 403
Holbæk	7 964	9 177	17 141	9 228	8 390	17 618	- 1 264	787	- 477
Haderslev	7 599	7 413	15 012	8 416	7 224	15 640	- 817	189	- 628
Søllerød	8 572	6 908	15 480	8 385	7 747	16 132	187	- 839	- 652
Sønderborg	8 243	8 741	16 984	7 619	6 810	14 429	624	1 931	2 555
Ringsted	9 109	6 918	16 027	8 634	7 360	15 994	475	- 442	33
Thisted	8 398	7 453	15 851	8 312	7 010	15 322	86	443	529
Albertslund	13 692	8 004	21 696	7 911	7 093	15 004	5 781	911	6 692
Skive	10 278	7 744	18 022	8 071	6 717	14 788	2 207	1 027	3 234
Herlev	9 228	8 678	17 906	7 077	6 653	13 730	2 151	2 025	4 176
Nykøbing-Falster	7 196	7 688	14 884	6 312	5 818	12 130	884	1 870	2 754

Note. Municipalities are listed according to number of inhabitants and include all municipalities with more than 25,000 inhabitants.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pend4

Table 153

Incoming and outgoing commuting to and from work in municipalities 2002

	Incoming commuters as percentage of persons with place of work in the municipality			Outgoing commuters as percentage of employed persons resident in the municipality		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
	per cent					
Copenhagen	53.6	49.7	51.7	42.9	34.9	39.1
Århus	30.2	22.2	26.4	18.4	12.8	15.7
Odense	29.2	24.6	27.0	24.9	14.2	19.8
Aalborg	31.2	24.2	27.9	19.8	12.6	16.5
Frederiksberg	75.2	74.1	74.6	79.9	75.9	78.0
Esbjerg	29.2	19.4	24.9	17.5	12.1	15.0
Gentofte	70.5	69.9	70.2	75.1	69.4	72.2
Kolding	38.1	30.0	34.2	32.5	21.2	27.2
Randers	38.0	32.3	35.2	36.9	23.2	30.6
Gladsaxe	77.8	69.0	73.8	73.2	67.0	70.2
Helsingør	30.5	24.5	27.5	48.9	40.0	44.6
Herning	32.9	27.1	30.3	22.6	17.8	20.4
Horsens	36.0	28.8	32.7	33.0	22.4	28.2
Vejle	47.7	41.3	44.6	36.1	26.1	31.3
Silkeborg	31.3	24.4	27.9	35.9	25.6	31.0
Roskilde	60.8	53.4	56.9	58.4	42.6	50.7
Lyngby-Taarbæk	77.1	70.3	74.0	70.0	66.1	68.1
Hvidovre	76.5	65.6	71.4	74.1	64.4	69.5
Fredericia	39.6	26.4	33.9	29.6	23.2	26.7
Greve	61.7	44.6	53.8	75.3	66.8	71.2
Næstved	39.2	32.1	35.7	44.6	31.2	38.2
Balleup	82.3	71.7	77.6	69.7	58.9	64.5
Høje Taastrup	77.0	65.3	71.9	67.5	58.2	63.1
Viborg	36.3	33.1	34.7	34.1	21.0	27.8
Svendborg	27.0	24.2	25.6	35.7	22.1	29.2
Holstebro	34.4	26.8	30.8	29.4	20.3	25.1
Tårnby	74.1	65.4	70.6	60.7	63.1	61.9
Køge	52.0	41.5	47.0	55.2	45.5	50.5
Hillerød	63.8	60.4	61.9	60.6	44.6	52.7
Slagelse	50.1	41.0	45.9	43.5	33.4	38.8
Rødovre	78.4	64.9	72.7	76.7	70.4	73.7
Hjørring	33.6	30.5	32.1	32.2	22.0	27.4
Brøndby	87.5	75.6	83.1	76.4	70.3	73.5
Frederikshavn	31.0	19.6	26.1	22.9	16.2	19.9
Holbæk	41.9	41.7	41.7	49.8	36.2	43.3
Haderslev	32.2	28.3	30.3	38.8	26.5	33.1
Søllerød	75.2	70.0	72.9	74.6	73.2	74.0
Sønderborg	43.6	41.1	42.3	39.0	24.3	32.1
Ringsted	50.8	39.8	46.0	48.1	43.4	45.9
Thisted	20.9	18.9	19.9	20.0	13.8	17.2
Albertslund	85.3	70.4	79.8	74.6	66.6	70.8
Skive	44.5	32.6	39.4	29.3	22.3	26.1
Herlev	80.2	73.8	77.1	74.2	65.9	70.2
Nykøbing-Falster	44.3	43.6	43.9	36.5	25.4	31.2

Note. Municipalities are listed according to number of inhabitants and include all municipalities with more than 25,000 inhabitants.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pend4

Table 154

Employees by sex, sector and working time

	2001		2002	
	Men	Women	Men	Women
	persons			
Total¹	1 325 279	1 224 316	1 325 209	1 236 093
Full-time	1 159 827	1 006 327	1 158 584	1 019 910
Part-time	165 452	217 989	166 625	216 183
Private sector, total	1 008 144	603 571	1 007 354	607 273
Full-time	876 202	462 429	874 631	465 463
Part-time	131 942	141 142	132 723	141 810
Public sector, total	317 111	620 715	317 835	628 811
Full-time	283 601	543 871	283 935	554 438
Part-time	33 510	76 844	33 900	74 373
Public corporations, etc.	63 560	32 087	62 532	32 684
Full-time	59 673	28 641	58 575	29 279
Part-time	3 887	3 446	3 957	3 405
General government, total	253 551	588 628	255 303	596 127
Full-time	223 928	515 230	225 360	525 159
Part-time	29 623	73 398	29 943	70 968
Central government sector	100 011	80 640	100 914	81 760
Full-time	89 456	68 244	89 831	69 709
Part-time	10 555	12 396	11 083	12 051
Social security funds	780	1 589	837	1 655
Full-time	756	1 525	813	1 585
Part-time	24	64	24	70
Counties	46 908	143 759	47 163	144 934
Full-time	40 984	129 729	41 307	131 408
Part-time	5 924	14 030	5 856	13 526
Municipalities	105 852	362 640	106 389	367 778
Full-time	92 732	315 732	93 409	322 457
Part-time	13 120	46 908	12 980	45 321

¹ Including not known and persons employed abroad.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/rasoff1

Table 155

Unemployed persons as a percentage of the labour force, by sex, age and region 2003

	Men			Women			Men and women, total		
	Under 30 years	30 years +	Total	Under 30 years	30 years +	Total	Under 30 years	30 years +	Total
All Denmark¹	5.1	5.8	5.6	5.4	7.0	6.6	5.3	6.4	6.1
Copenhagen Municipality	4.8	8.6	7.2	4.0	7.9	6.3	4.4	8.3	6.8
Frederiksberg Municipality	4.3	6.4	5.8	3.5	6.9	5.8	3.9	6.6	5.8
Copenhagen County	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.0	4.9	4.7	4.4	4.8	4.7
Frederiksborg County	4.0	4.5	4.4	3.2	4.9	4.6	3.6	4.7	4.5
Roskilde County	4.2	4.0	4.1	3.9	4.9	4.7	4.0	4.4	4.4
West Zealand County	5.8	5.8	5.8	7.0	7.4	7.3	6.4	6.6	6.5
Storstrøm County	6.1	6.3	6.2	6.6	7.4	7.3	6.3	6.8	6.7
Bornholm Municipality	8.0	9.6	9.3	9.7	12.0	11.6	8.7	10.8	10.4
Funen County	6.4	7.0	6.8	7.0	7.9	7.7	6.6	7.4	7.2
South Jutland County	4.9	5.5	5.3	6.7	7.8	7.5	5.7	6.5	6.4
Ribe County	4.3	4.5	4.5	5.7	6.2	6.1	5.0	5.3	5.2
Vejle County	4.6	4.9	4.8	6.2	7.2	7.0	5.4	6.0	5.8
Ringkøbing County	3.1	3.9	3.7	4.8	6.7	6.2	3.9	5.2	4.8
Århus County	5.7	6.6	6.4	5.9	8.0	7.5	5.8	7.3	6.9
Viborg County	4.3	4.0	4.1	5.4	5.9	5.8	4.8	4.9	4.8
North Jutland County	6.7	7.2	7.0	7.5	9.2	8.8	7.0	8.1	7.9

¹ Including where region not known.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/aard and ru121d

Table 156

Unemployed persons, and unemployed persons as a percentage of the labour force 2003

	Unemployed persons			Unemployed persons as percentage of the labour force		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
	number of persons			per cent		
Total	83 305	87 303	170 608	5.6	6.6	6.1
16-17 years	5	8	13	0.0	0.0	0.0
18-19 years	802	746	1 548	2.1	2.1	2.1
20-24 years	6 819	5 630	12 449	5.3	4.8	5.1
25-29 years	11 148	11 658	22 806	6.7	7.7	7.2
30-34 years	11 022	13 691	24 713	6.1	8.4	7.2
35-39 years	10 768	13 095	23 864	5.5	7.2	6.3
40-44 years	9 127	9 862	18 989	5.3	6.1	5.7
45-49 years	8 180	7 827	16 006	4.9	5.0	5.0
50-54 years	7 960	7 351	15 312	4.8	4.7	4.7
55-59 years	12 203	13 540	25 743	7.6	10.0	8.7
60-64 years	4 929	3 677	8 606	8.1	10.4	9.0
65-66 years	340	219	559	3.5	4.8	3.9

Note. The figures in the table are based on information for the relevant persons at the end of December.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ru122 and www.statbank.dk/ru121d

Table 157

Unemployed persons by sex, age and region 2003

	Men			Women			Men and women, total		
	Under 30 years	30 years +	Total	Under 30 years	30 years +	Total	Under 30 years	30 years +	Total
All Denmark¹	18 774	64 529	83 303	18 042	69 262	87 304	36 816	133 791	170 607
Copenhagen Municipality	2 545	7 759	10 305	2 174	6 175	8 348	4 719	13 935	18 653
Frederiksberg Municipality	310	1 182	1 490	273	1 203	1 476	583	2 384	2 967
Copenhagen County	1 726	6 162	7 887	1 320	5 984	7 304	3 045	12 145	15 191
Frederiksborg County	770	3 768	4 537	568	3 816	4 384	1 338	7 584	8 921
Roskilde County	568	2 195	2 762	489	2 472	2 961	1 056	4 668	5 723
West Zealand County	1 046	3 654	4 699	1 104	4 105	5 209	2 150	7 758	9 908
Storstrøm County	855	3 367	4 223	802	3 503	4 306	1 656	6 872	8 529
Bornholm Municipality	177	863	1 039	177	982	1 160	354	1 844	2 199
Funen County	1 923	6 627	8 550	1 895	6 705	8 601	3 818	13 333	17 152
South Jutland County	774	2 871	3 646	885	3 551	4 436	1 660	6 422	8 081
Ribe County	664	2 129	2 792	750	2 495	3 244	1 413	4 623	6 036
Vejle County	1 126	3 643	4 769	1 344	4 707	6 052	2 470	8 351	10 822
Ringkøbing County	615	2 276	2 892	795	3 359	4 153	1 411	5 635	7 045
Århus County	2 702	8 718	11 421	2 574	9 485	12 060	5 276	18 204	23 480
Viborg County	669	1 976	2 644	701	2 499	3 201	1 370	4 473	5 844
North Jutland County	2 284	7 290	9 574	2 177	8 191	10 369	4 462	15 483	19 943

¹ Including where region not known.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ru122

Table 158**Unemployed persons as a percentage of the labour force,
by insurance category 2003**

	Unemployed persons			Unemployed as percentage of the labour force		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
	number of persons			per cent		
Total	83 305	87 303	170 608	5.6	6.6	6.1
Full-time insured persons	70 013	73 782	143 795	6.4	7.1	6.8
Part-time insured persons	145	2 391	2 535	10.1	6.4	6.5
Uninsured persons	13 147	11 130	24 278	3.4	4.3	3.8

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ru122, www.statbank.dk/ru121d and www.statbank.dk/ru122a

Table 159

Unemployed persons as a percentage of the labour force, by sex and country of origin 2003

	Unemployed persons			Unemployed as percentage of the labour force ¹		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
	number of persons			per cent		
Total	83 305	87 303	170 608	5.6	6.6	6.1
Denmark	71 574	77 176	148 750	5.2	6.2	5.6
Rest of the world, total	11 668	10 087	21 755	12.6	13.7	13.1
Of which						
Western country's	2 501	2 489	4 991	7.2	7.9	7.6
Non-western country's	9 166	7 597	16 763	15.8	17.9	16.7
EU countries	1 681	1 299	2 980	7.2	7.5	7.3
Of which						
United Kingdom	414	163	577	8.1	7.2	7.9
Sweden	235	361	597	6.7	7.6	7.2
Germany	480	413	893	6.7	7.6	7.1
Other Europe, total	4 240	4 305	8 545	13.0	14.3	13.6
Of which						
Yugoslavia (former)	1 301	1 153	2 454	13.4	15.9	14.5
Norway	187	334	521	6.1	7.3	6.8
Poland	238	461	699	10.2	11.1	10.8
Turkey	2 149	1 759	3 907	17.2	21.4	18.9
Africa, total	1 425	804	2 228	19.4	19.6	19.5
Of which						
Somalia	516	254	770	37.1	51.5	40.9
North America, total	145	100	245	7.1	6.4	6.8
South and Central America, total	158	222	380	10.2	11.4	10.9
Asia, total	3 878	3 257	7 135	15.6	18.0	16.6
Of which						
Iraq	668	329	997	25.8	41.6	29.5
Iran	580	292	872	15.0	16.3	15.4
Lebanon	623	384	1 007	22.3	41.0	27.0
Pakistan	578	472	1 050	12.4	19.8	14.9
Sri Lanka	288	346	634	11.9	20.1	15.3
Viet Nam	373	391	764	13.3	17.7	15.2
Oceania, total	36	17	53	6.7	6.4	6.6
Stateless and not known	106	83	188	23.5	37.4	28.1
Unknown country of origin	63	40	103	•	•	•

¹ The labour force from 2002.

Table 160

Insured persons unemployed as a percentage of insured persons by sex and unemployment insurance fund 2003

	Insured person unemployed			Rates of unemployment in per cent		
	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
Total	70 158	76 173	146 330	6.5	7.1	6.8
Academics	1 667	1 930	3 597	5.5	5.7	5.6
Self-employed persons (ASE)	2 602	2 348	4 949	2.9	5.4	3.8
Plumbers	565	3	568	7.1	18.0	7.1
Child and youth educationists	318	1 929	2 247	4.1	4.1	4.1
Business economists	1 048	770	1 818	6.3	7.1	6.6
Tradesmen	1 230	817	2 048	4.9	6.6	5.5
Danish Employees	392	312	703	3.3	3.9	3.6
Nurses	13	345	357	0.7	0.7	0.7
Commercial salesmen	1 006	280	1 285	4.6	7.3	5.0
Electricians	1 133	21	1 154	4.8	10.8	4.9
Free Salaried Employees	425	822	1 246	2.5	2.2	2.3
School teachers	349	947	1 296	5.0	6.8	6.2
Executive and service	1 098	376	1 474	6.2	7.8	6.5
Public servants	3 210	6 037	9 246	5.0	5.7	5.4
Commercial and employees (HK)	5 304	16 687	21 991	7.8	7.6	7.7
Engineers	2 529	478	3 007	4.7	6.0	4.9
IT staff, commercial diploma staff	811	260	1 072	8.3	6.6	7.8
Journalists, Communication and Language	599	1 097	1 696	9.7	9.6	9.7
Christian workers	5 362	7 772	13 134	7.6	10.4	9.0
Female workers	•	7 380	7 380	•	11.8	11.8
Work supervisors	2 126	603	2 729	3.5	4.2	3.6
M.A.'s and M.Sc.'s	1 749	2 452	4 202	8.3	11.3	9.8
Painters and Maritime employees	724	275	999	9.4	10.0	9.5
Metal workers	6 411	240	6 651	6.5	8.2	6.5
Food industry workers	1 315	1 349	2 664	5.8	11.5	7.7
Municipal workers, etc.	830	6 066	6 896	4.3	4.4	4.4
Assisting educationists	359	2 597	2 956	11.9	12.0	12.0
Restaurant workers	980	1 632	2 611	16.7	16.1	16.3
Socio educationists	352	1 156	1 508	4.4	5.0	4.9
Specialized workers	20 807	6 586	27 393	9.9	15.8	10.9
Civil servants and telecom. employees	459	392	851	2.4	4.2	3.0
Technicians	1 146	1 466	2 611	7.0	11.2	8.9
Wood and building work	3 239	750	3 988	7.4	12.3	8.0

Note. Number of insured persons at the end of the year and excl. persons on transitional allowances and voluntary early-retirement pay.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ru122 and www.statbank.dk/ru122

Table 161

Employed persons, by usual weekly hours of work 2003

	Usual weekly hours of work in main job						Total ¹	Average weekly hours of work
	Under 15 hours	15-29 hours	30-36 hours	37 hours	38-48 hours	49 hours +		
	thousands							
Men and women, total	198	224	328	1 178	506	239	2 692	35.7
15-24 years	132	41	23	133	32	8	372	25.8
25-29 years	24	23	31	132	55	21	288	35.3
30-39 years	12	44	92	315	154	67	687	37.6
40-54 years	10	74	131	427	196	99	941	37.4
55-66 years	21	43	52	171	69	44	404	35.6
Men, total	87	57	66	684	342	201	1 448	38.5
15-24 years	59	17	8	85	21	7	198	28.5
25-29 years	10	8	8	74	37	18	156	37.9
30-39 years	5	9	15	174	106	57	369	40.5
40-54 years	2	12	22	244	129	82	495	40.4
55-66 years	10	11	13	107	49	36	230	38.1
Women, total	110	167	262	493	164	38	1 245	33.1
15-24 years	73	24	15	48	11	1	174	23.0
25-29 years	14	15	23	58	18	3	131	33.0
30-39 years	6	34	77	141	48	10	318	34.9
40-54 years	7	62	109	183	67	17	447	34.6
55-66 years	10	32	39	64	20	8	174	32.4
Industry								
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	4	6	6	23	18	28	87	42.6
Manufacturing	15	13	32	256	93	31	441	37.5
Electricity, gas and water supply	..	..	..	9	3	..	14	37.3
Construction	3	4	4	119	31	19	180	38.7
Wholesale and retail trade; hotels and restaurant	77	46	30	168	84	55	462	34.3
Transport, post and telecommunications	13	10	13	80	38	31	188	38.7
Finance and business activities	21	22	33	123	90	39	331	37.0
Public and personal services	64	121	208	398	148	36	984	33.7
Activity not stated	..	..	..	1	1	..	5	35.8
Socio-economic status								
Self-employed	6	11	14	18	59	106	217	46.8
Assisting spouses	2	3	3	5	3	2	19	31.9
Salaried employees	190	209	312	1 155	444	131	2 457	34.9
Top managers	..	2	4	31	57	35	130	43.7
At upper level	11	18	26	167	115	28	368	37.4
At intermediate levels	24	37	89	255	105	25	537	35.4
At basic levels	83	115	161	582	149	40	1 137	34.5
Clerks	14	33	46	132	26	3	255	33.5
Services and sales workers	64	71	95	115	47	6	402	30.8
Agricultural/fishery workers	..	..	..	13	7	2	26	38.3
Craft-related workers	2	4	8	218	41	10	283	37.8
Proces and machine operators	2	6	13	104	28	18	172	38.6
Other employees	71	37	32	119	19	4	285	29.3

¹ Including working hours not stated.

Table 162

Labour market policy measures 2002

	Men			Women			Total		
	Partici- pants total	Partici- pation rate	Full-time partici- pants	Partici- pants total	Partici- pation rate	Full-time partici- pants	Partici- pants total	Partici- pation rate	Full-time partici- pants
Total	206 270	0.599	123 648	272 548	0.608	165 782	478 818	0.604	289 430
Of which:									
Activation, state	44 354	0.366	16 212	64 661	0.420	27 174	109 015	0.398	43 386
Activation, local counsel ²	54 966	0.357	19 632	51 013	0.356	18 165	105 979	0.357	37 797
Subsidized employment	45 655	0.383	17 481	46 924	0.408	19 160	92 579	0.396	36 641
Job training	20 369	0.389	7 932	23 390	0.409	9 575	43 759	0.400	17 508
Individual job training	26 672	0.307	8 196	22 603	0.314	7 097	49 275	0.310	15 293
Pool jobs ³	11	0.413	5	10	0.449	4	21	0.430	9
Service jobs	1 406	0.878	1 235	2 759	0.869	2 398	4 165	0.872	3 634
Voluntary not paid activities	306	0.370	113	246	0.342	84	552	0.358	197
Leave	4 164	0.318	1 323	38 962	0.404	15 748	43 126	0.396	17 071
Parental leave	3 997	0.324	1 294	38 541	0.407	15 687	42 538	0.399	16 981
Educational leave ⁴	168	0.170	29	424	0.144	61	592	0.152	90
Education/training⁵	47 024	0.333	15 646	63 401	0.361	22 871	110 425	0.349	38 517
Adult education subsidies	168	0.190	32	639	0.240	153	807	0.229	185
Education with training allowance	28 772	0.284	8 169	44 413	0.364	16 168	73 185	0.333	24 337
Specially adapted educational activities	6 959	0.229	1 594	9 693	0.269	2 607	16 652	0.252	4 201
Intensive job-seeking ⁵	11 360	0.125	1 420	12 833	0.122	1 566	24 193	0.123	2 986
Special promotion ⁵	500	0.144	72	509	0.146	74	1 009	0.145	146
Adult and further education	126	0.327	41	181	0.408	74	307	0.374	115
Adult apprenticeship support	6 110	0.707	4 318	3 367	0.662	2 228	9 477	0.691	6 546
Integration allowance	6 342	0.344	2 179	7 282	0.319	2 320	13 624	0.330	4 500
Course in understanding of the society	1 158	0.135	156	1 356	0.124	168	2 514	0.129	324
Danish lessons	5 948	0.325	1 933	6 870	0.299	2 057	12 818	0.311	3 990
Separately planned Danish lessons	314	0.287	90	357	0.267	95	671	0.276	185
Other activation	31 565	0.194	6 122	29 207	0.197	5 768	60 772	0.196	11 890
Specially adapted activation ⁶	19 868	0.240	4 773	16 030	0.255	4 091	35 898	0.247	8 865
Advisory/introductory activation	11 611	0.106	1 236	13 035	0.119	1 550	24 646	0.113	2 786
Labour Trainee	1 607	0.064	102	1 708	0.066	113	3 315	0.065	215
Experiments	33	0.306	10	37	0.354	13	70	0.331	23
Retirement	97 931	0.826	80 897	116 249	0.859	99 915	214 180	0.844	180 812
Transitional allowances ⁸	5 472	0.856	4 687	12 505	0.867	10 844	17 977	0.864	15 531
Early retirement pay	93 689	0.813	76 210	106 707	0.835	89 071	200 396	0.825	165 281
Of whom from unemployment	24 062	0.811	19 505	26 569	0.824	21 904	50 631	0.818	41 408

¹ New data from National Labour Market Authority cause that figures of Job training and education with training allowance is on a higher level in 2001 than the year before. ² Only activation under the Act on active social policy. I.e. people not entitled to unemployment benefit, who are activated by a municipality. ³ Pooljobs was withdrawn on the 31. December 1999. Arrangement made before the date continues. ⁴ Educational leave was withdrawn on the first of January 2001. Arrangement made before the date continues. ⁵ People on an education course with unemployment daily-cash benefits are counted as unemployed and therefore are not included in the figures. ⁶ Some municipalities including Copenhagen, applies specially adapted activation to introduction programmes for aliens and it include integration allowance. ⁷ Data extract for Retirement is changed. It causes a fall in the numbers of Full-time participants of about 2 per cent The reason is that the new data subtract the hours a person works. ⁸ Only persons, who was 50 years old or with a higher age in 1996 and fulfil the other conditions for transitional allowances are included in the figures.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ab712

Table 163

Labour market policy measures by county 2002

	Men			Women			Total		
	Under 25 years	25 years +	Total	Under 25 years	25 years +	Total	Under 25 years	25 years +	Total
	average number of full-time participants								
All Denmark¹	5 070	118 579	123 648	6 057	159 725	165 782	11 127	278 303	289 430
Copenhagen Municipality	511	10 077	10 588	453	10 418	10 872	964	20 495	21 459
Frederiksberg Municipality	36	1 470	1 507	45	2 242	2 287	82	3 711	3 793
Copenhagen County	487	11 657	12 144	522	16 845	17 367	1 008	28 502	29 511
Frederiksborg County	236	6 923	7 158	220	10 140	10 360	456	17 063	17 518
Roskilde County	145	4 846	4 991	163	6 768	6 930	308	11 613	11 921
West Zealand County	274	6 909	7 183	356	9 139	9 494	630	16 047	16 677
Storstrøm County	312	7 486	7 799	352	9 067	9 419	664	16 554	17 218
Bornholm County	65	1 458	1 524	67	1 660	1 727	132	3 119	3 251
Funen County	545	12 281	12 825	626	14 876	15 503	1 171	27 157	28 328
South Jutland County	267	6 233	6 500	353	8 445	8 798	620	14 678	15 298
Ribe County	193	4 728	4 921	294	6 656	6 949	487	11 384	11 870
Vejle County	302	7 534	7 837	416	11 006	11 422	718	18 541	19 259
Ringkøbing County	208	5 848	6 056	316	8 593	8 910	524	14 441	14 965
Århus County	788	13 803	14 591	895	19 030	19 925	1 683	32 833	34 516
Viborg County	190	4 603	4 793	276	6 612	6 888	466	11 215	11 681
North Jutland County	509	12 517	13 026	703	17 942	18 645	1 212	30 458	31 670

¹ Incl. unspecified regions.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ab712

Table 164

Work stoppages 2003

	Work stoppages	Number of employees involved	Number of working days lost
	number		
Total	681	44 365	55 100
Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	1	4	0
Manufacturing, total	365	28 594	30 400
Manufacture of food, beverages and tobacco	137	8 165	11 100
Mfr. of textiles and leather	1	18	0
Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.	36	1 884	1 600
Mfr. of chemicals and plastic products	27	2 150	2 000
Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	17	732	1 100
Mfr. of basic metals and fabricated products	133	14 986	14 000
Mfr. of furniture, manufacturing n.e.c.	14	659	600
Electricity, gas and water supply	4	203	200
Construction	84	2 302	5 000
Wholesale and retail trade	31	814	1 000
Hotels and restaurants	7	275	100
Transport	90	4 036	3 900
Counties and municipalities	57	6 032	11 400
Other	26	1 616	2 400
Activity not stated	16	489	700

Table 165

Total labour costs in the private sector by industry 2002

	Total labour costs	Other labour costs	Total earnings	Of which					
				Nuisance bonus	Sickness with pay etc.	Holiday allowances	Fringe benefits	Pension including ATP	Direct remuneration
	DKK per hour								
Total	223.70	8.13	215.57	3.89	6.16	27.34	1.73	20.46	156.00
Manufacturing	213.54	6.52	207.02	5.91	6.22	25.92	1.35	18.90	148.74
Electricity, gas and water supply	262.68	9.48	253.20	6.70	4.95	31.26	1.32	31.43	177.57
Construction	212.16	6.02	206.14	3.59	4.58	27.43	1.31	17.77	151.49
Wholesale and retail trade, hotels, restaurants	206.74	5.32	201.42	2.07	5.50	24.93	3.25	17.07	148.62
Transport, post and telecommunications	214.15	5.41	208.74	6.35	6.10	25.47	1.32	21.71	147.80
Finance and business activities	264.93	15.65	249.29	1.55	7.30	32.87	1.62	26.18	179.79
Finance and insurance	307.30	33.49	273.81	2.29	9.10	38.11	1.04	39.26	184.02
Letting and sale of real estate	209.83	7.38	202.44	1.09	6.30	26.67	1.42	19.07	147.89
Business activities	251.12	6.99	244.13	1.25	6.56	31.21	1.93	20.83	182.36
Public and personal services	221.41	7.71	213.71	2.54	6.78	27.20	0.60	20.61	155.97

Note. The statistics exclude apprentices and young people below 18 years of age. Other labour costs are costs that cannot be characterized as employee's earnings. Examples are contributions to social schemes and funds, staff canteens, direct and indirect taxes calculated on the basis of the number of employees or total wage and salary costs. Total labour costs are calculated net of deductions for any subsidies. etc.

For further information www.statbank.dk/sao11 and [sao31](http://www.statbank.dk/sao31)

Table 166

Total labour costs in the private sector by occupation 200[DK1]2

	Total labour costs	Other labour costs	Total earnings	Of which					
				Nuisance bonus	Sickness with pay etc.	Holiday allowances	Fringe benefits	Pension including ATP	Direct remuneration
DKK per hour									
Total	223.70	8.13	215.57	3.89	6.16	27.34	1.73	20.46	156.00
Major group legislators, senior officials and managers	352.39	9.23	343.16	0.52	6.07	42.09	12.41	36.05	246.07
Major group professionals	304.13	13.43	290.70	1.59	7.78	37.77	1.79	30.62	211.15
Major group technicians and associate professionals	251.86	9.58	242.28	1.90	6.61	30.74	3.13	24.42	175.50
Major group clerks	197.04	9.79	187.24	1.89	6.74	24.13	0.48	18.25	135.75
Major group service workers and shop and market sales workers	164.15	4.14	160.00	3.16	4.80	20.20	0.46	12.52	118.87
Major group skilled agricultural and fishery workers	173.30	8.26	165.04	2.40	3.29	15.96	0.14	14.21	129.04
Major group craft and related trades workers	200.19	6.21	193.98	5.14	5.61	24.82	0.21	16.76	141.46
Major group plant and machine operators and assemblers	184.70	5.79	178.92	9.09	5.80	21.97	0.05	15.60	126.41
Major group elementary occupations	171.85	5.04	166.81	5.28	5.27	21.44	0.13	13.68	121.02

Note. The statistics exclude apprentices and young people below 18 years of age. Other labour costs are costs that cannot be characterized as employee's earnings. Examples are contributions to social schemes and funds, staff canteens, direct and indirect taxes calculated on the basis of the number of employees or total wage and salary costs. Total labour costs are calculated net of deductions for any subsidies, etc.

For further information www.statistikbanken.dk/sao21 og [sao41](http://www.statistikbanken.dk/sao41)

Table 167

16-66-year-old persons analysed by ancestry and labour market attachment

	1997					2002				
	Population	Labour force	Persons employed	Activity rate	Employment rate	Population	Labour force	Persons employed	Activity rate	Employment rate
	persons			per cent		persons			per cent	
Total population	3 579 132	2 768 567	2 574 895	77	72	3 604 532	2 803 041	2 692 540	78	75
Immigrants from:	216 648	118 734	94 932	55	44	269 106	151 063	137 393	56	51
The Western World	83 525	54 921	48 972	66	59	91 649	59 841	56 900	65	62
The non-Western World	133 122	63 813	45 960	48	35	177 451	91 220	80 492	51	45
Bosnia-Herzegovina	12 031	1 865	1 234	16	10	14 286	7 655	6 690	54	47
Iraq	5 691	1 605	982	28	17	13 186	3 376	2 877	26	22
Iran	8 751	4 405	3 218	50	37	10 160	5 638	5 031	55	50
Yugoslavia (former)	10 196	5 769	4 445	57	44	10 586	6 270	5 630	59	53
Lebanon	8 568	2 665	1 598	31	19	10 617	3 718	2 971	35	28
Pakistan	8 231	4 725	3 119	57	38	9 559	5 109	4 537	53	47
Somalia	5 500	678	403	12	7	8 858	1 870	1 438	21	16
Turkey	24 252	14 544	9 416	60	39	28 228	17 448	14 877	62	53
Descendants	15 031	10 123	9 095	67	61	21 661	15 312	14 458	71	67
Persons of Danish origin	3 347 453	2 639 710	2 470 868	79	74	3 313 765	2 636 666	2 540 689	80	77

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ras111

Social conditions, health and justice

1. Social conditions

The social security system in Denmark has several objectives:

1) To secure the population financially in the event of e.g. sickness, unemployment and old age through income-substitute benefits 2) to offer support to bring down expenditure on e.g. housing and child care through supplementary subsidy schemes 3) to provide appropriate services in areas such as child care, care of the elderly, care of the disabled, health care and home help through institutions and services.

Social expenditure amounts to DKK 396 billion

Total expenditure for social purposes amounted to DKK 396 billion in 2002 or DKK 74,000 per capita. Of which DKK 288 billion was public expenditure on social services corresponding to 40 per cent of all public expenditure. Expenditure on social services measured in relation to GDP accounted for 30 pct. in 2002 (a fall of 0.5 percentage point, compared to 1997). Expenditure on old age is the largest social item and comprises, e.g. pensions, nursing homes and home help for the elderly. The social expenditure is defined broadly in this context and includes also health services and labour market schemes expenditure.

Figure 1

Expenditure on social services analysed by purpose 2002



Financing of social expenditure

The public sector's proportion of total grants and contributions to social benefits reached 66 pct. in 2002, of which the central government accounted for 26 pct. and the local government authorities for 40 pct. The contributions by employers reached 10 pct., while persons insured accounted for 23 pct. In the period 1976-1993, the public sector's proportion was about 85 pct., while the proportion paid by employers has remained constant at about 10 pct. The change since 1993 is particularly due to the introduction of special labour market contributions, which is the most important reason that persons insured, today, finance 23 pct. of total social expenditure, compared to 5 pct. in 1993.

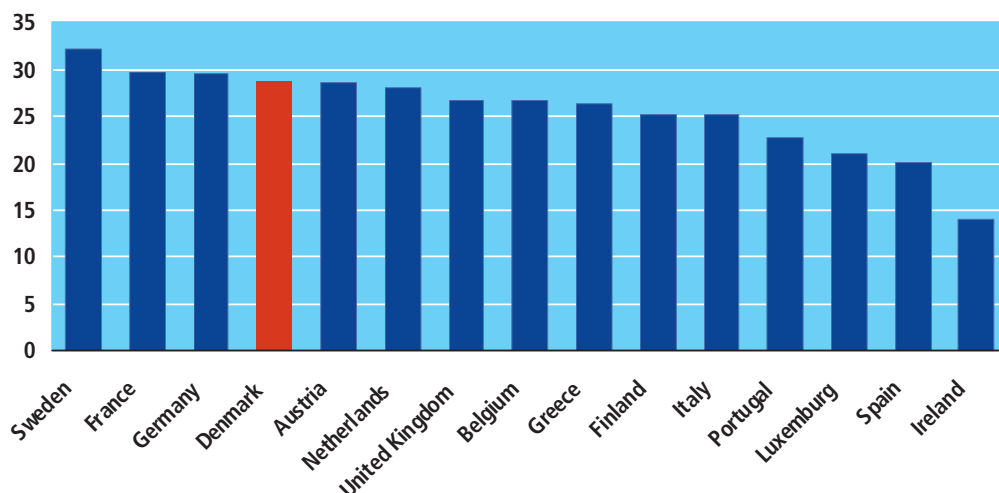
Denmark ranks fourth in the EU

According to Eurostat, Denmark with its 29 per cent ranks fourth in the EU in 2000, with respect to social expenditure in relation to gross domestic product.

Social conditions, health and justice

Denmark was ranked third in 1998. Sweden has the highest ranking with 32 per cent in 2000, while France and Germany ranked second and third with 30 per cent. Ireland is ranked at the bottom with a proportion of 14 per cent. The comparison of social expenditure is not corrected for differences in income taxes on social benefits and legislation concerning payments of VAT and indirect taxes, etc in each country. International comparisons are difficult. This also applies to comparisons of social expenditure.

Figure 2 Social expenditure as a proportion of GDP 2000

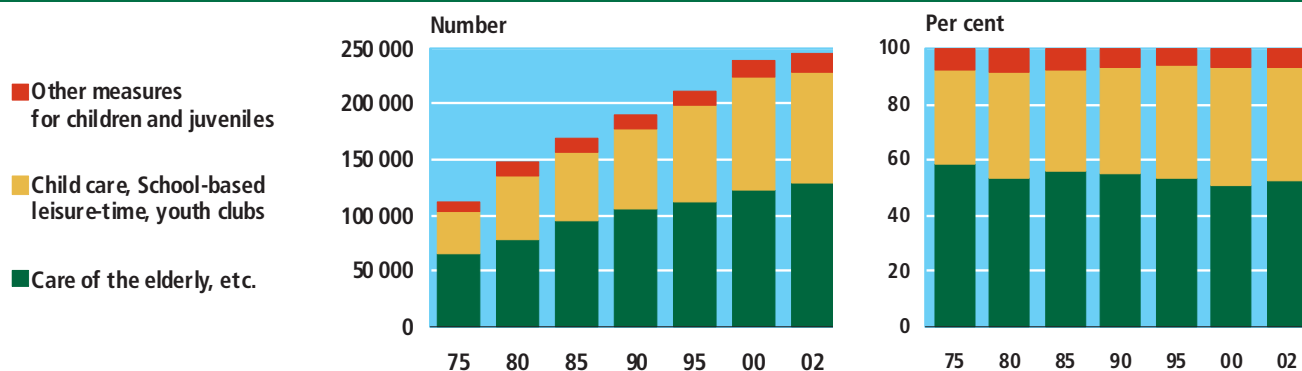


Note: Calculations are based on EUROSTAT's joint classification (ESSPROS) in which expenditure is calculated gross.
Source: Eurostat, *Social protection expenditure and receipts 1991-2000*

Since 1975 the number of employees has more than doubled

In 2002, a total of 286,000 people were employed in social institutions and social service schemes. When converted into full-time employment, the number of employees in the social sector totals 246,000. This number includes both private and public institutions. Since 1975 the number of employees in the social sector has more than doubled.

Figure 3 Employees in the social sector



The figures for 2002 do not include persons in job training and in 2002 only people in job training in the social institutions. For comparison there was in 1995 approximately 7,000 persons in job training, converted into full-time employment.

The number of employees increased the most within the sector for child care

This increase in the number of employees is attributable to different factors, including the developments in population size and composition and in the labour

market. Child care accounts for the highest increase in the number of employees, which is 2.6 times higher in 2002, compared to 1975. The number of employees engaged in care of the elderly, etc. has almost doubled. Part of the increase is due to the fact that more children are looked after in day-care institutions and in private homes (child-minding) and attend school-based leisure-time activities. Today, the number of children aged 0-9 is 10 per cent lower, compared to 1975, but a far greater proportion of children is looked after outside the home.

More elderly people

In an area such as care of the elderly the increasing number of employees is closely connected to the population developments. The number of people in Denmark increased by 6 pct. over the period 1975 to 2002, but the increase in the number of elderly people aged 67 and over was 23 pct. The number of people aged 80 and over increased by 82 pct., and finally the number of people in the oldest age group (90 years and over) increased by 200 pct. This increase in the number of elderly people has thus increased considerably the demand for home help and 24-hour care.

More social and health schemes

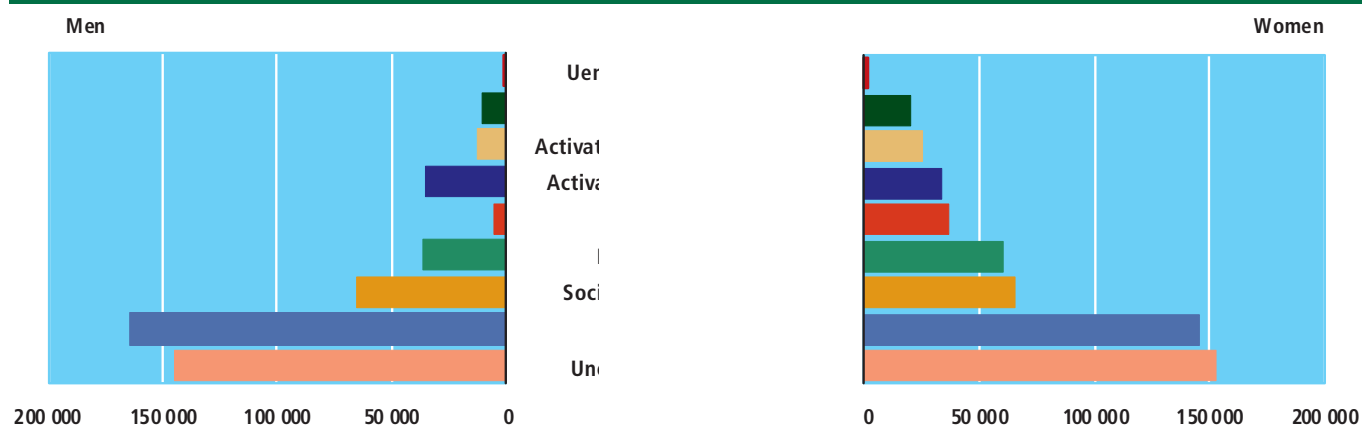
New social and health schemes such as preventive "home-visits", shared accommodation for adults with a disability, contact persons and companion schemes have also been established over the period. Since the mid-1980s, a considerable restructuring of the area, concerning care of the elderly has taken place, including efforts to let the elderly stay in their own homes and more dwellings for the elderly to replace the closing down of rest homes. There is to day 43,000 dwellings for the elderly and subsequently 24,000 and 3,500 dwellings in rest homes and sheltered housing and 500 unsupported dwellings for care.

2.2 million people receive income-substitute benefits

A total of 2.2 million people in Denmark received income-substitute benefits in 2001. The recipients are described in separate statistical tables, e.g. unemployment benefits, sickness benefits, maternity benefits, and social assistance benefits. Recipients are grouped in the most predominant category of benefit, i.e. the benefit that they have received for the longest time within a year. Benefits are divided into temporary and permanent benefits. Of the 2.2 million people who received income-substitute benefits, 989,000 were men and about 1,223,000 were women. Figures 4 the distribution between temporary and permanent benefits and men and women, respectively.

Figure 4

Recipients of income-substitute benefits - temporary benefits 2002



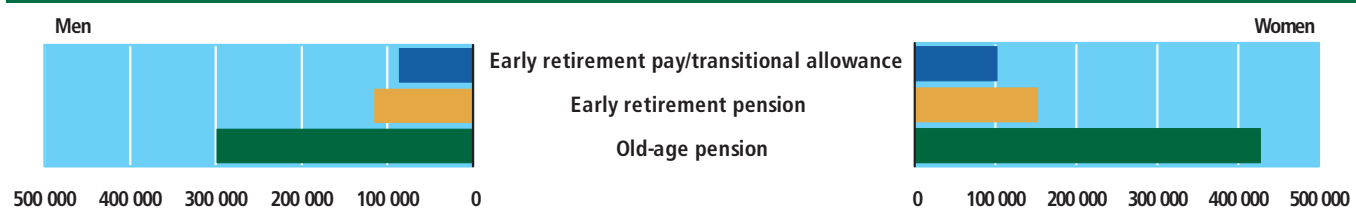
Social conditions, health and justice

More women than men receive income-substitute benefits

In 2002, more women than men received income-substitute benefits. With regard to the old age pension, this can be explained by the fact that 59 per cent of the population over 66 years of age were women. A substantial proportion of recipients of leave benefits and maternity benefits were also women. However, there are also many women in the group which schemes were intended to benefit. There were also more women receiving unemployment benefits and early retirement pensions, while more men received sick pay.

Figure 5

Recipients of income-substitute benefits - permanent benefits 2002



Supplementary subsidy schemes

With regard to the supplementary subsidy schemes which are intended to alleviate costs for e.g. housing and child care, as well as child benefits, a total of 196,000 households received DKK 207 million through rent subsidies, while 325,000 pensioner households received DKK 624 million in total through rent allowances. Total expenses for rent subsidies and rent allowance is respectively DKK 2 and 7 billion in 2002. 672,000 families received child benefits, of which 119,000 families also received one or more additional types of child subsidy in the fourth quarter of 2003. Total expenditure on child benefits was DKK 14 billion in 2002.

Child care

Day carers, day-care institutions and school-based leisure-time activities looked after a total of 530,000 children under the age of 10. This corresponds to 77,5 per cent of all children in the age groups in March 2002. The proportion of children in public organized child-care institutions was greatest for children aged 3-5. In this age group 94 per cent of all children were looked after by day carers and day-care institutions. The proportion of children who were looked after was 56 per cent for 0-2 year-old children and 81 per cent for 6-9 year olds. In 1993 the percentage of 0-2 year olds who were looked after outside the home was 50 per cent, 80 per cent for 3-5 year olds and 57 per cent for 6-9 year olds.

Children and young people receiving assistance

By the end of 2002, 27,900 children and young people received assistance, compared to 19,900 at the end of 1997. A steadily increasing part of assistance is provided in the form of preventive measures. At the end of 2002, 14,100 children and young people were recipients of preventive measures, compared to 8,600 in 1997, while there was an increase in the number of placements outside home from 11,500 to 14,400. More than 90 pct. of all placements are voluntary, i.e. with consent. More than 50 pct. of all preventive measures are in the form of relief stays for children and young people living at home.

2. Health

Danes have one of the lowest life expectancies in Western Europe

Life expectancy is often used to measure the state of a population's health. In Denmark life expectancy has stagnated, but in recent years the trend is again positive. However, life expectancy in Denmark is still among the lowest in Western Europe. In 2002, life expectancy was 74.7 years for men and 79.2 years for women.

Excess mortality in Denmark in relation to Sweden

In the period 1995-99, comparisons of mortality in Denmark and Sweden show that an excess of some 8,000 people aged 0-74 died in Denmark than would have been the case if mortality in Denmark was similar to that of Sweden. There is an excess mortality for nearly all causes of death. There was, for example, in the period 1995-99 an annual excess of about 1,200 people aged under 74 who died of lung cancer in Denmark, compared to Sweden. There was an annual excess of about 1,000 people aged 0-74 who died of smoker's lungs and asthma, and an annual excess of about 500 people who died of alcoholic diseases of the liver.

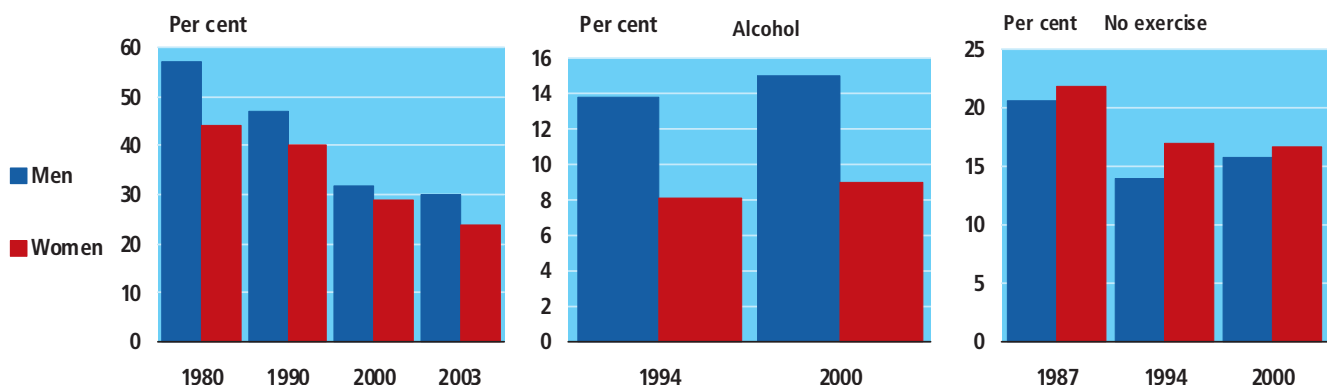
There is no simple explanation for the stagnation in the Danes' life expectancy. Researchers point to both the Danes' life-style with regard to smoking, alcohol, diet and physical activity, as well as general conditions of life such as size of unemployment and initiatives made by the health-care authorities.

Danes' lifestyle

The proportion of the population who smoke has fallen from about 50 pct in 1980 to about 25 pct. in 2003. During the whole period the number of men who smoke have been higher than the number of women who smoke. However, this difference has considerably diminished.

Figure 6

Danes' lifestyle with regard to smoking, alcohol and physical activity



Note. Alcohol shows the percentage of the population who drink more alcohol than recommended by the National Health Board (21 alcoholic units for men and 14 for women). Physical activity shows the percentage of the population who are *not* physically active in their leisure time. Source: The National Institute for Clinical Epidemiology, The National Board of Health, and The Danish Heart Foundation.

It is recommended by the National Board of Health that men should not drink more than 21 alcoholic units per week and women not more than 14 units. In 1994, 14 pct. of all men and 8 pct. of all women stated that they had exceeded this limit. In 2000, the corresponding proportions were 15 pct. for men and 9 pct. for women.

Social conditions, health and justice

In 1987, about 20 pct. of the population were not physically active in their leisure time. In 2000, this proportion had fallen to 16 pct. A slightly higher proportion of women than men are not physically active in their leisure time.

Use of health services

In addition to the life expectancy, health services are often used as an indirect method of measuring the health of the population. Information about the population's use of hospitals and National Health Service is stored in administrative registers in Denmark, which enables statistical analyses.

Fall in the number of hospitals

In 2001, there were 60 general and 9 psychiatric hospitals in Denmark. This means that over a 10-year period the number of general hospitals dropped by 30 and psychiatric hospitals by 7. A part of the fall is due to fusions of hospitals. In total, there were 22,600 hospital beds, of which 20,700 were in somatic hospitals. Overall, the patients in these 20,700 beds were in hospital for 6.5 million days, corresponding to 90 percent occupancy of hospital beds. In psychiatric hospitals, occupancy of hospital beds was 95 per cent. There are more than 1 million admissions a year to the hospitals. In addition, there are 1 million visits to emergency and 1.4 million out patients treatments.

One out of ten is hospitalised during a year

Approximately 600,000 people or about 11 per cent of the population are hospitalised one or more times a year. The proportion is highest for women due to admissions to hospitals in connection with pregnancies, births and abortions. The proportion of the population who have been hospitalised is lowest among 5-14 year-olds, approximately 5 per cent, and increases with age. Thus one third of the population aged 85 and above is admitted at least once in the course of a year. The average number of days in hospital beds also increases with age: approximately 4 days for 5-14 year-olds and approximately 16 days for 85 year-olds and above.

The pattern of diagnosis

When hospitalization due to birth, etc., is disregarded, diseases of the circulatory system, and bodily injury and poisoning are the most common causes of hospitalization, each accounting for approximately 88,000 and 83,000 or 12-13 per cent of the hospitalized. However, there are marked differences between the different age groups: e.g. 38 per cent of hospitalized 1-4 year-old boys and 33 per cent of the 1-4 year-old girls are admitted because of respiratory diseases and approximately 16 per cent of hospitalized 65-74 year-olds is admitted because of neoplasms.

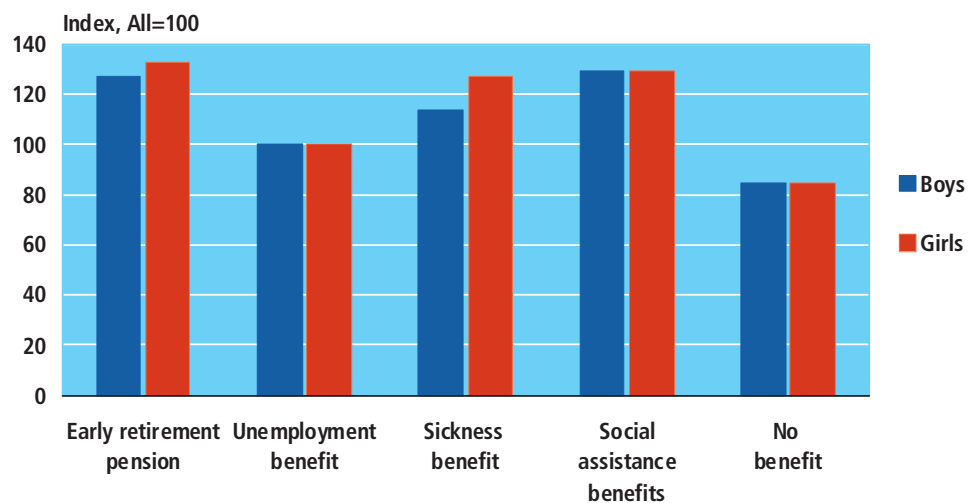
Social differences determine use of hospitals

It appears that the use of hospitals is determined by social conditions. For example, adults who have completed education at third level (long-cycle higher education) use hospitals 35 per cent less than the average person, while adults without qualification from education use hospitals approximately 20 per cent more than the average person.

Social conditions also affect children's use of hospitals. For example, children who live with families, which have received social assistance benefits for at least 6 months, use hospitals about one third more than the average child. As opposed to this, children who live with families, which do not receive any type of social benefit use hospitals approximately 15 per cent less than the average child.

Figure 7

Frequency of hospitalisation analysed by the dominant social benefit received by the family. 2001



Note. Children aged 0-17.

The National Health Service

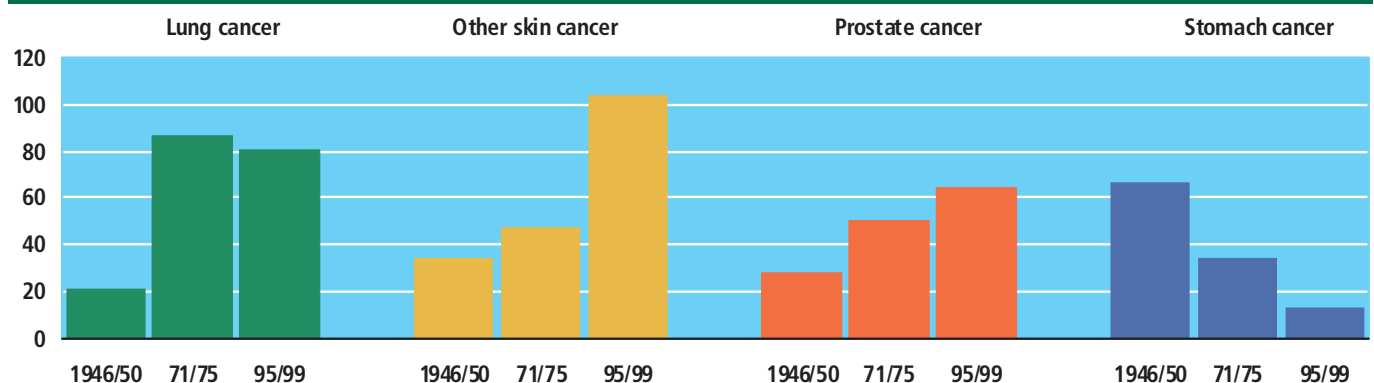
All persons who live in Denmark are covered by the National Health Service and can therefore receive full or some compensation for all expenses related to visits to a GP, a specialist doctor, dentist, chiropractor, chiropodist, physiotherapist, etc. approximately 5 million people or 93 per cent of the population made use of this in 2001. Slightly more women than men, particularly in the age group 15-29 year-olds, received national health benefits. 4.5 million contacted a GP and about 2.7 million a dentist. Both eye and ear specialists were contacted by 0.5 million people, and chiropractors by about 275,000 people. On average, the 5 million people who made use of the National Health Service contacted doctors, dentists, etc., 101 times.

Cancer

In 1999, 31,300 new cases of cancer were recorded and at the end of 1999 approximately 203,000 people were suffering from cancer. With regard to new cases of cancer, breast cancer was the most common type of cancer for women and cancer in the category other skin cancer was the most common type of cancer among men. The same pattern applies to those people who were suffering from a cancer disease on 31 December 1999.

Figure 8

Trends in selected types of cancer. New cases per 100,000 inhabitants. Men

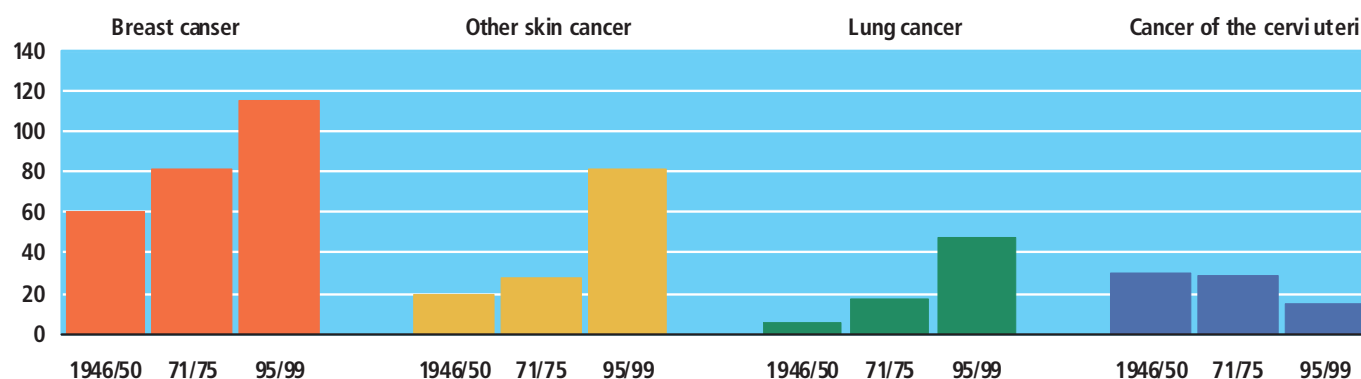


Note. The number of new cases per 100,000 inhabitants is standardised to comply with the Danish composition of population in 1980. Source: The National Health Board

Social conditions, health and justice

In the course of the last 50 years, the annual number of new incidents of cancer, measured in relation to the size and age of the population, has gone up by 54 per cent with regard to women and 78 per cent with regard to men. Breast cancer was the also the most common type of cancer among women 50 years ago. However, for men, cancer of the stomach was the most common type of cancer.

Figure 9 Trends in selected types of cancer. New cases per 100,000 inhabitants. Women



Note. The number of new cases per 100,000 inhabitants is standardised to comply with the Danish composition of population in 1980. Source: the National Health Board

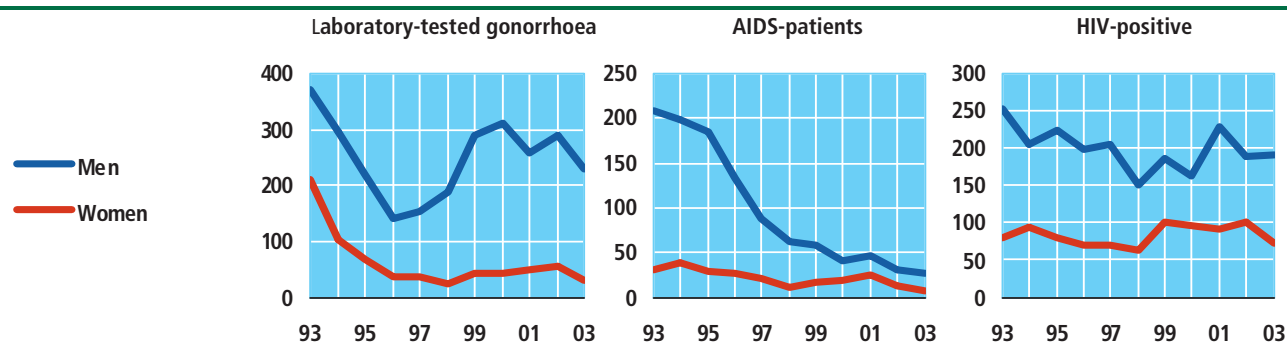
AIDS/HIV

In the period 1980-2002 a total of 2,471 people were diagnosed with AIDS. Of these, 1,902 had died by 31 December 2003. The number of diagnosed peaked in 1993 with 239 and hereafter it has fallen steadily except for an increase in the numbers in 2001. In 2003, 34 persons were diagnosed. Registration of HIV-positive patients did not begin until August 1990. Up until the end of 2002, a total of 3,954,663 HIV-positive people were reported. The number of HIV-positive patients have been moving up and down between 1993 and 2003, but for both men women the number was lower in 2003 than in 1993.

Venereal diseases

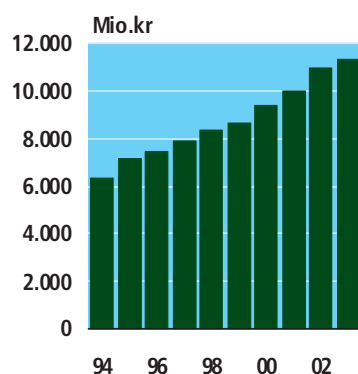
The number of cases of gonorrhoea has fallen significantly during the last 10 years. While there were more than 2,500 reported cases in 1989, there were only 258 cases in 2003. An increasing proportion of the cases are among men; in 2003 almost 88 per cent. With regard to chlamydia it is just the opposite: approximately 70 per cent of all cases of chlamydia are among women.

Figure 10 Trends in the number of cases of gonorrhoea and AIDS/HIV. 1992-2002



Source: the State Serum Institute

Figure 11
Expenditure on medication 1994-2003



Source: Danish Medicines Agency

How many people use medication?

A third of the population use medicine regularly and 50 per cent have used medication within a 14-day period. More women than men use medication and the use of medication increases with age. The most commonly used types of prescription medicine are medicine for lowering blood pressure and analgesic medication (pain killers) for muscle and skeletal problems. Analgesic medicine is the most used non-prescription drug.

There has been a steady increase in the sales of medication over the past 10 years. In 1994, sales amounted to DKK 6.4 bn. and DKK 11.3 bn. in 2003. This corresponds to an increase of 77 pct. In 2003, sales of sedatives amounted to DKK 3.3 bn. and sales of medication for the treatment of heart and circulatory diseases reached DKK 2.1 bn.

3. Justice

Crime and the administration of justice

Justice includes statistics regarding crime and the administration of justice. The analyses of justice illustrate the rulings made by courts in criminal law suits and civil law suits. Crime in Denmark is analysed as both reported crimes and criminal decisions in connection with violation of either, the Penal Code, the Road Traffic Act or special acts. The criminal decisions cover, e.g. fines, imprisonment or acquittal. However, the statistics exclude fines under DKK 1,500.00 in connection with violation of the Road Traffic Act or most special acts. The crime statistics only cover reported criminal offences, whereas the so called "hidden" crimes or underreported figures (i.e. unreported criminal offences) are not compiled.

Significant increase in reported crimes and criminal decisions since 1950

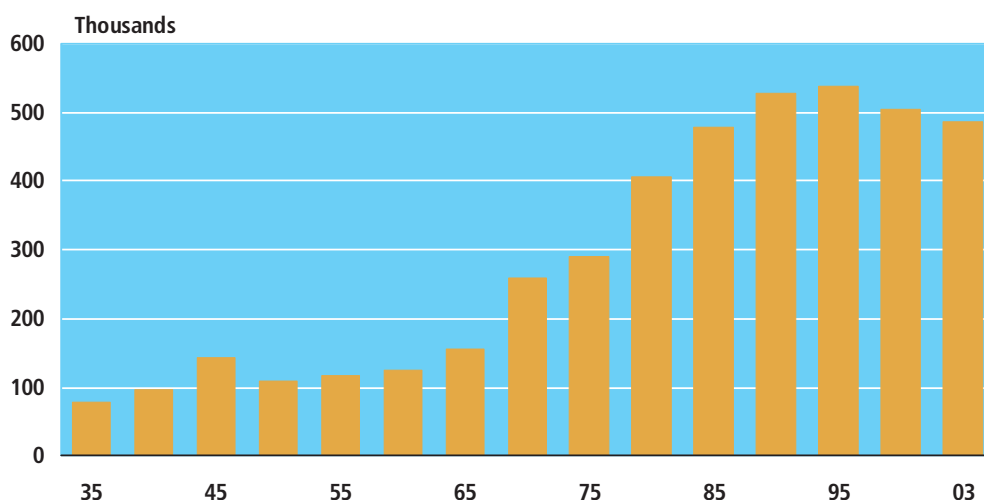
Both the number of reported crimes and the number of criminal decisions have increased significantly in the years 1950 to 1995. Since 1950, the number of reported criminal offences have increased from about 110,000 to almost 550,000 in 1995. This corresponds to 3,500 reported crimes per 100,000 inhabitants (over 15 years) in 1950, compared to 12,500 in 1995. Today, just under 500,000 offences are annually reported to the police. This fall since 1995 is due to a decline in the number of reported offences against property and misappropriations (primarily theft and burglary).

The large increase in reported offences since 1950 is mainly due to an increase in reported offences against property and misappropriations. They comprise, e.g. burglaries in shops and houses, as well as car thefts and bicycle thefts, which are typically subject to insurance contracts, where a police report is a prerequisite of claiming damages from the insurance company. The high number of burglaries and thefts should also be seen in the context of increasing wealth in society. There is a sharp increase in the possession of valuable objects, and many dwellings are left unoccupied in the daytime.

Social conditions, health and justice

Figure 12

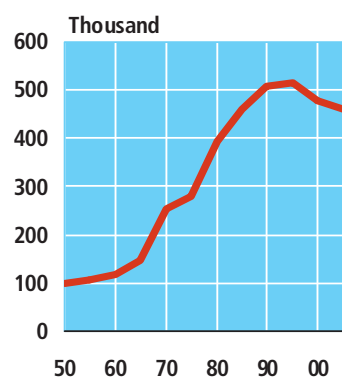
Reports under the Penal Code 1935-2003



Offences against property

By far the majority of reports each year are offences against property (e.g. theft and burglary). These make up 90-95 per cent of the annual number of crimes reported. With an increase from just under 102,000 reports in 1950 to more than 520,000 reports in 1993, offences against property have been multiplied by five in the last fifty years. However, the number of reported offences against property has fallen since 1998 and amounted 458,000 in 2003.

Figure 13
Reported offences against property 1950-2003



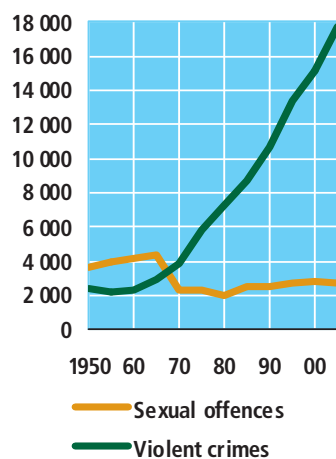
In 2003 there were a total of 101,000 burglaries and 186,000 thefts, including 34,000 burglaries in houses and flats, 23,700 car thefts and 69,600 bicycle thefts. There has been a fall in the number of burglaries and a rise in the number of thefts in the last ten years.

Violent crime

The number of reported violent crimes (e.g. homicide, assault against the individual or public authority) has risen significantly since the Second World War, from approximately 2,400 reports in 1950 to 17,700 in 2003. Almost two thirds of all reported acts of violence are assault against the individual (61 per cent), while the remainder is mainly violence, etc. against public authorities (14 per cent) and threats (20 per cent).

The dangerousness of violence against the individual is distributed to the following groups, simple violence, more serious violence and very serious violence. In total there were 10,900 reported offences of these kinds. Simple violence is the most common (86 per cent) and have risen by since 38 per cent since 1990. In 2003 there were 223 reported homicides or attempts at homicide. In comparison the number was 234 in 1990. In both years one fourth of the homicides were accomplished.

Figure 14
Reported violent crimes and sexual offences 1950-2002



In 2002, there were 199 reports of homicide or attempted homicide, while there were 234 in 1990. For both years homicide made up about 25 per cent of this number.

Sexual offences

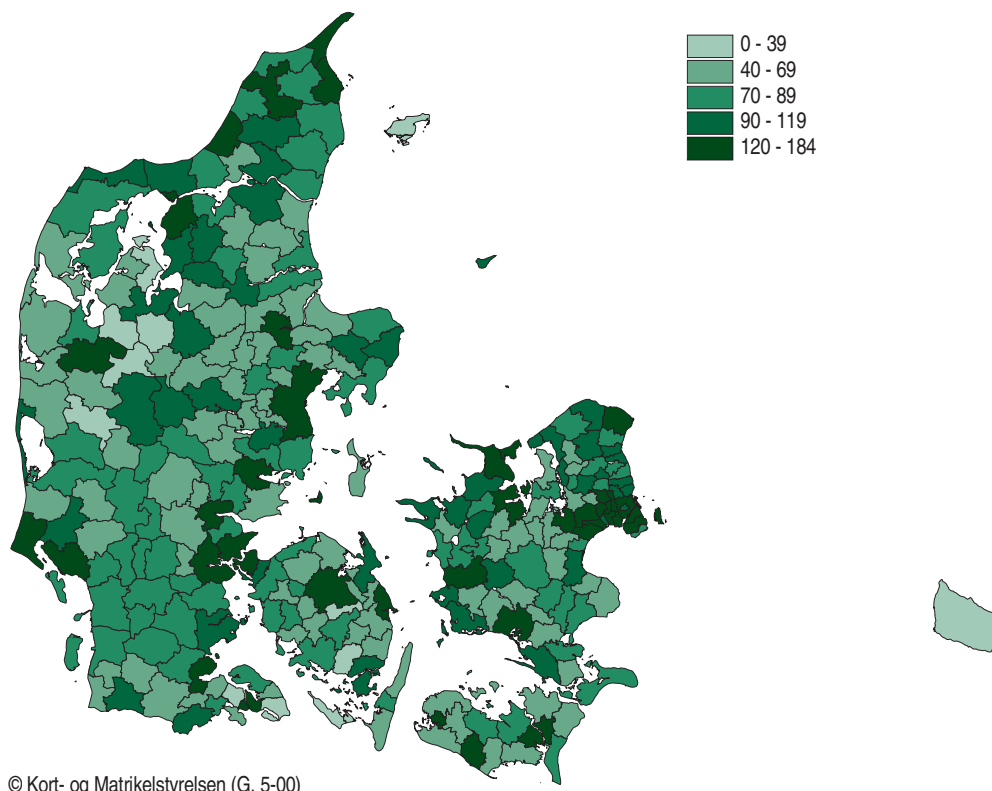
Sexual offences (e.g. rape or indecent exposure) fell, however, in last part of the 1960s (coinciding with the repeal of the Pornography Act), and has since then been steady at 2-3,000 reports a year. Sexual offences make up 0.6 per cent of all reports today as opposed to 3 per cent in 1950. Today, most reports concern indecent exposure (55 per cent) and rape (under 20 per cent). The number of reported sexual offences has increased with 9 per cent since 1990.

Regional differences in the number of reported crimes – highest number in cities and urban areas

There is no steady regional distribution of reported criminal offences in Denmark. Reported crimes are concentrated in cities and large towns and urban areas, whereas the number in rural municipalities is low – except for some municipalities with large summer cottage areas. There are many reported offences against property and reported violent crimes in cities and urban areas, while summer cottage areas mainly account for burglaries and thefts.

Figure 15

Reported criminal offences 2003 per 1,000 inhabitants



One in every five reports leads to a charge

Charges are pressed in 20 per cent of the 500,000 reports, either against one or several people. The charge rate typically varies according to how serious the crime is. Thus charges are normally pressed in connection with 80 per cent of violent crimes and nearly 60 per cent of sexual offences, while charges are only pressed,

Social conditions, health and justice

on average, in 14 per cent of offences against property. Charges are pressed on 90 per cent of all drugs crimes, and on only 1 per cent of all reported bicycle thefts.

Criminal decisions

Based on reports where the police have pressed charges, today, approximately 150,-160,000 criminal decisions are made every year. That is, the accused is either fined, given a prison sentence or acquitted. In 2002, more than 52,000 rulings concerned the Penal Code, 400 concerned the Road Traffic Act and the remaining 16,700 concerned the other special acts (e.g. Euphoriants Act, Police Regulations, Firearms Act or Act on Animal Welfare).

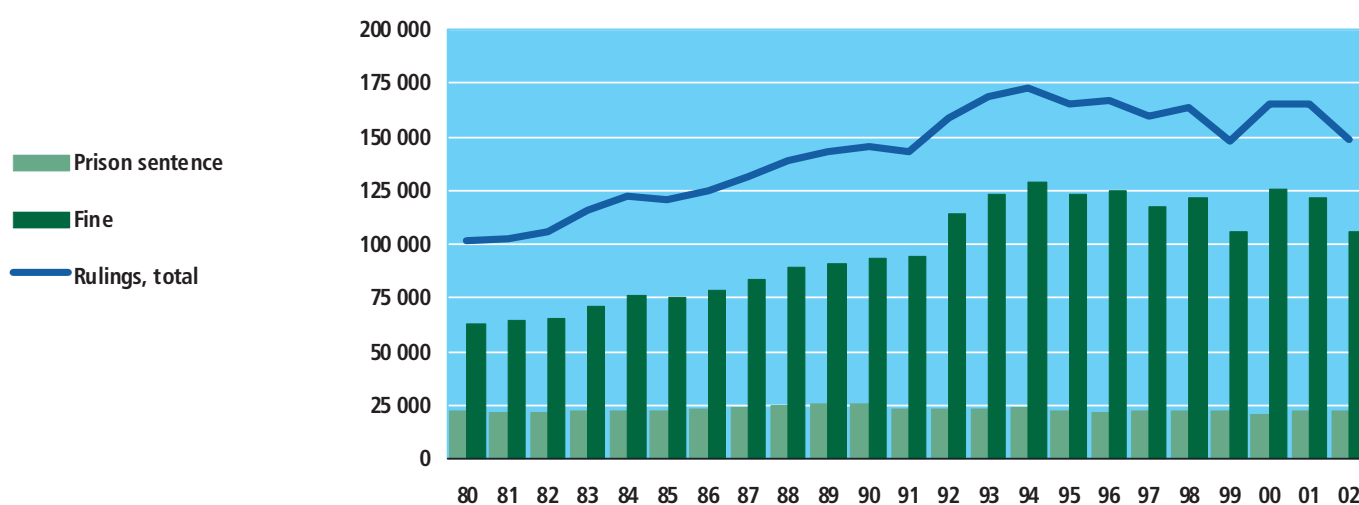
In 2002 148,900 decisions comprised a total of 236,900 criminal offences for charges committed by less than 120,000 different individuals, i.e. a number of individuals have received more than one ruling in the course of the year, just as several decisions comprise more than one charge.

Most decisions are fines

Of the 148,900 decisions, 121,900 were fines, of which 70 per cent originated from violation of the Road Traffic Act. 22,600 decisions are prison sentences (lenient imprisonment or imprisonment). The remaining approximately 20,400 decisions include no charges, dropped charges or acquittal. 10,100 or less than half of the prison sentences were unconditional, in 2002.

Figure 16

Criminal decisions, total, and convictions resulting in fine or prison sentence



By far the most male offenders

85 per cent of all criminal decisions involve men, but the proportion of violations by women is increasing (almost double from 1980-2001, from 8 to 15 per cent). The proportion of violations against the Penal Code by women has increased from 15 per cent in 1980 to 17 per cent in 2002 – but with regard to the Road Traffic Act, the proportion of women has increased much more from 6 per cent in 1980 to 14 per cent in 2002.

Increase in the number of women convicted of violent crimes

Since 1990, the number of women committing violent crimes have more than doubled from 329 to 843. The increase covers all age groups, but for women aged 15-19 and aged 40-49, the increase has almost quadrupled. Common assault and grievous assault account for the largest increase, but assault against public authority and threats have also risen. Furthermore, the number of women

sentenced to imprisonment in connection with convictions of violent crimes have tripled criminal since 1990 – from 103 to 332.

Most violent crimes are committed by young men

Today, the average age of offenders is just over 34 years – for men 34 years and women 37 years – but there are variations among the different criminal offences. The lowest average age is that of violent criminals who are 30 years. About 20 pct. of all violent crimes are committed by young men under 20 years.

The average age of persons committing sexual offences was 37 years. Including incest where the average age was 45 and heterosexual offences against children under 12 years with an average age of 41. Similarly, the average age of persons committing financial crimes was higher. The average age of persons having committed fraud against creditors, gross tax fraud, etc. or offences against legislation relating to taxation and excise duties ranged between 40 and 45 years.

Almost every second person sentenced to prison has previously received a prison sentence

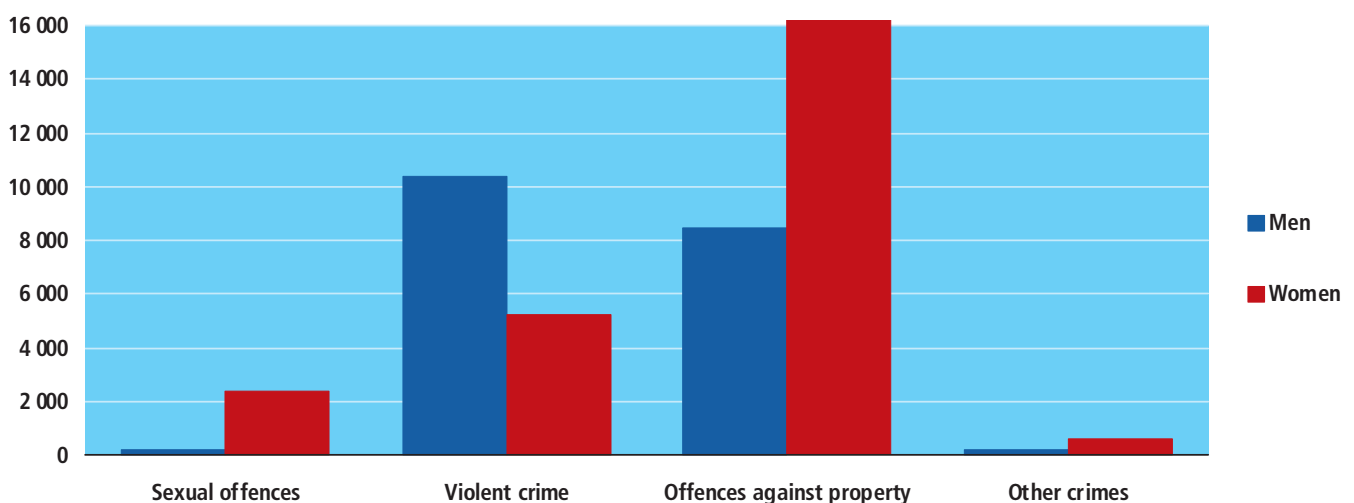
Approximately 20,000 of the persons sentenced to prison in 2002, 46 per cent had previously received a prison sentence within the last 5 years. Of the little more than 9,100 persons previously sentenced to prison in 2002, over two thirds had previously received a prison sentence within the last two years.

Victims of criminal offences against the penal code

In 2002, 90 per cent of all victims of sexual offences were women, while nearly all sexual offences were committed by men. In contrast, 2/3 of all victims were men, but also here 90 per cent of the offences were committed by men.

The average age of the female victims of sexual offences was 20 years, and 15 per cent were under 10 years. The average age of male victims was 30 years and the average age of female victims was 33 years. Only 1 per cent of the victims were either under 10 years or over 70 years.

Figure 17 Victims of violations against the penal code 2002



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Crime in other countries

If the types of crimes that are committed are compared in a number of selected European countries, it is clear that there are differences in the crime rate. Particularly the number of rapes, thefts and burglaries vary, while there is no significant difference between countries with regard to homicide and crimes related to drugs.

Figure 18

Homicide and rape per 100,000 inhabitants in selected countries 2001

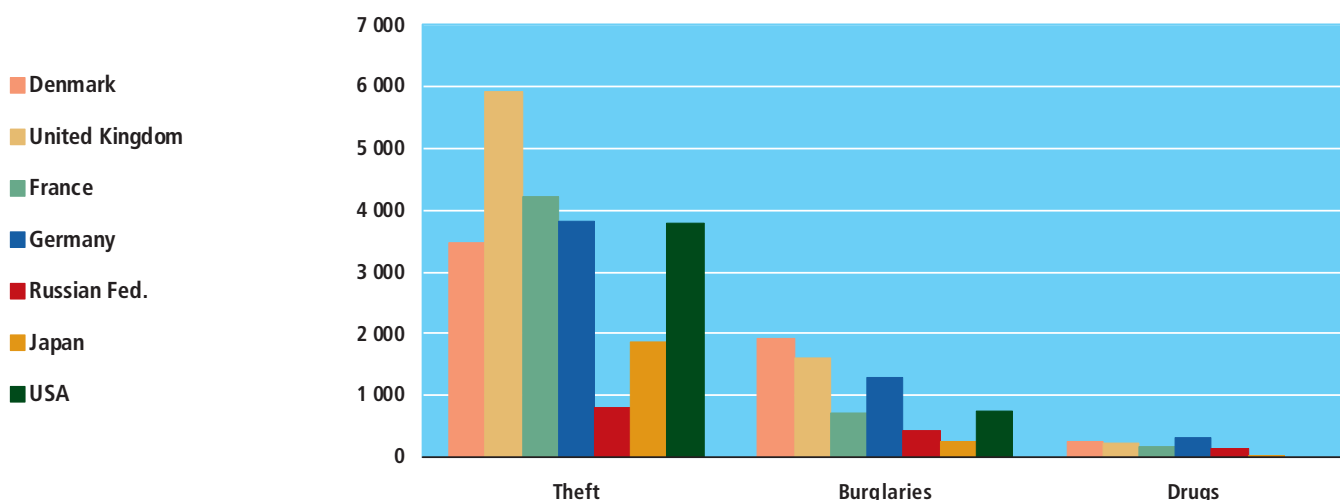


Source: Interpol. International crime statistics.

Comparing crime in different countries based on international statistics (here it is Interpol) can be complicated. Differences between countries may reflect differences between legislation and reporting practices, not to mention the manner in which such information is collected and analysed. Therefore careful and often very complicated harmonization of the terms and analysis methods used is required, and international comparisons should always be considered with some caution.

Figure 19

Theft and burglaries and crime related to drugs per 100,000 inhabitants in selected countries 2001



Note: Interpol has no information regarding burglaries in Norway.
Source: Interpol. *International crime statistics*.

Table 168

Welfare institutions and services 2003

	Number of institutions	Number of clients		Staff ¹
		Users	Residents	Employees ²
Total	10 591	971 875³	114 749	245 945
Day measures for children and juveniles	7 825	635 174	•	99 269
Day-care	•	70 835	•	23 530
Nurseries	539	18 995	•	6 877
Kindergartens	2 556	127 761	•	21 807
Age-integrated institutions	1 811	125 759	•	24 497
Recreation centres	450	34 932	•	4 476
Outside school hours care	1 781	187 047	•	14 245
Clubs	654	69 209	•	3 770
Playgroups	34	636	•	67
Other measures for children and juveniles	364	15 825	4 873	11 991
Special day-care institutions and clubs	86	1 522	•	1 022
Residential institutions	228	662	4 438	7 571
Institutions for drug addicts	50	6 096	435	904
Advisory centres	...	3 503	•	...
Family centres	...	4 042 ⁴	•	...
Preventive measures for children and juveniles	...	...	...	2 073 ⁸
Fosterfamilies and places of residence for children and juveniles	...	...	...	421
Health care measures and dental care	•	1 225 495	•	4 755
Health care for babies and schoolchildren	•	...	•	1 533
Municipal dental care	•	1 225 495	•	3 222
Measures for adults and elderly people	2 402	320 876	109 876	129 930
Measures for elderly people	•	•	•	99 836 ⁵
Permanent home help	•	203 169 ⁶	...	...
Residential nursing homes	663	7 571	23 931	...
Protected dwellings	153 ⁷	•	3 658	...
Dwellings for elderly people	•	•	42 301	...
Non-subsidized nursing dwellings	•	•	683	...
Other dwellings for elderly people	•	•	20 183	...
Day-care centres	667	44 383	•	...
Socio-pedagogical assistance and treatment schemes	•	14 557	•	...
Residence schemes for people with special needs	•	682	5 883	3 470
Residence schemes for disabled people	479	576	10 908	16 795
Reception centres, etc.	100	773	2 324	1 895
Rehabilitation institutions	340	22 180	•	6 111
Rehabilitation etc. outside institutions	•	16 343	•	...
Contact persons and companion schemes	•	10 642	5	800
Disability	•	•	•	140
Advisory	•	•	•	883 ⁹

¹ Figures for 2002. ² Converted to full-time employees, 37 hours per week. ³ Excluding users of municipal dental care.

⁴ Number of families. ⁵ Includes staff in integrated schemes, homehelp, district nurses, nursing homes, protected dwellings, accommodation for the elderly, day-care centres, preventative care at home, and general care, social education assistance and other treatment schemes. ⁶ Number of people receiving home help also includes those receiving 24-hour care. ⁷ Number of buildings. ⁸ Including family centres. ⁹ Including staff at advisory and disability centres.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 169

Social welfare expenditure 2002

	Expenditure		
	In cash	In kind ¹	Total
DKK mio.			
Benefits analysed by purpose			
Social protection expenditure, total	240 036	155 853	407 627
Administration²	•	•	11 738
Sickness	13 630	69 152	82 782
Sick day benefits paid by employers	3 420	-	3 420
Sick day benefits paid by municipalities	9 789	-	9 789
Health insurance schemes	-	11 130	11 130
Hospitals and health authorities	-	50 388	50 388
Pharmaceutical products	-	6 093	6 093
Other	421	1 541	1 962
Disabilities and handicaps	34 076	16 898	50 974
Early retirement pension	23 313	-	23 313
Other	10 763	16 898	27 661
Old age	124 234	24 784	149 018
Old age, early retirement, and partial pensions	67 658	-	67 658
Early retirement pay etc.	22 944	-	22 944
Labour market supplementary pension and SP	4 510	-	4 510
Civil servants earned pensions ³	16 206	-	16 206
Labour market pensions ⁴	12 885	-	12 885
Residential institutions for pensioners and home help, etc. ⁵	31	24 784	24 815
Survivors	1	142	143
Families and children	21 042	31 835	52 877
Benefits received during pregnancy and in connection with childbirth	5 557	-	5 557
Parental leave	1 568	-	1 568
Family/young persons' allowance and child cheque	13 733	-	13 733
Advance payments of child maintenance	184	-	184
Day institutions, day care	-	22 137	22 137
Residential institutions	-	9 681	9 681
Other	-	17	17
Unemployment	35 330	1 222	36 553
Unemployment benefit	17 875	-	17 875
Educational leave	11	-	11
Activation	17 444	1 222	18 667
Housing	-	9 155	9 155
Rent subsidies	-	2 034	2 034
Pensioners' rent subsidies	-	7 118	7 118
Other	-	3	3
Other social protection benefits	11 723	2 665	14 387
Social assistance	8 540	-	8 540
Danish Employees' Guarantee Fund	566	-	566
Other	2 617	2 665	5 281
Social protection benefits, total	240 036	155 853	395 889

Note. Social expenditure is calculated according to a system for comparison of social expenditure between EU countries.

¹ According to EUROSTAT's definition a benefit in kind is a social security benefit allotted as goods or services – a benefit in kind may be allotted directly or as cash payment i.e. reimbursement against documentation of the actual expenses. ² Administration expenditure is separated from current expenditure as far as possible, and gathered as one item. ³ Includes state and municipality civil servant pensions and state supplementary payments to retiring civil servants. ⁴ I.e. pension funds and life insurance companies under the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority. ⁵ Including care and home help for pensioners.

For further information visit www.Statbank.dk/udg1

Table 170

Cash rates for social security benefits

	1/1 2002	1/1 2003
Family allowances	DKK/quarter	
Ordinary, maximum per child	979	1 010
Special; orphans	4 992	5 154
Special; children of widows/ widowers, etc.	2 496	2 577
Extra; maximum per family	995	1 027
Multiple births benefits	1 610	1 662
Family-allowance, per child 0-2 years	3 125	3 225
Family-allowance, per child 3-6 years	2 825	2 925
Family allowance, per child 7-17 years	2 225	2 300
Child maintenance	DKK/year	
Payable by the father or the mother	11 280	11 640
Daily benefits	DKK/week (7 days)	
Sickness, childbirth, adoption, max.	3 016	3 113
	DKK/week (5 days)	
Unemployment benefit, maximum		
Full-time insured	3 020	3 115
Part-time insured	2 015	2 075
First job seekers, full-time	2 475	2 555
Early retirement pay²	DKK/year	
Up to 2½ years, max.	157 040	161 980
Next 2 years, max.	128 700	132 860
The new early retirement pay (for persons born after 1.7.1939)	DKK/year	
Start at age 60 = 91% of the maximum day benefit amount	143 000	147 420
Start at age 62 = maximum day benefit amount	157 040	161 980
Social pensions	DKK/month	
Married couple, both pensioners, benefit to each spouse:		
Basic payment, maximum	4 377	4 517
Pension supplement, maximum	2 056	2 122
Disability amount	1 814	1 872
Work incapacity amount when both are entitled	2 126	2 194
Single or married persons when only one spouse is a pensioner:		
Basic payment, maximum	4 377	4 517
Pension supplement, maximum	2 056	2 122
Pension supplement, single in reality	4 406	4 547
Disability amount	2 129	2 197
Work incapacity amount	2 939	3 033
Partial pension, maximum	7 241	7 474
Total pension benefit, maximum		
Maximum early retirement pension:		
Married couple, both entitled, benefit to each spouse	10 373	10 705
Others	13 851	14 294
Old-age pension benefit.		
Married couple, both entitled, benefit to each spouse	6 433	6 639
Others	8 783	9 064
Funeral help	DKK	
Funeral assistance, section 16 (maximum)	7 600	7 850
Persons under 18 years (maximum)	6 350	6 550

¹ Daily cash benefits amount to 90 pct. of the previous salary or income, but up to a maximum of the amount stated. ² Early retirement pay to 60-66 year-olds is calculated in the same way as daily cash benefits during unemployment, but is reduced as stated. The first period includes any previous unemployment.

Source: Ministry of Social Affairs.

Table 171**Transfer payments 2002**

	18-24 years	25-39 years	40-59 years	60-66 years	67 years +	Total	Average amount paid	
	number of persons							DKK
Total	123 690	509 454	545 352	280 396	753 072	2 211 964¹	75 560	
Men	64 182	225 977	258 211	127 629	313 171	989 170	70 226	
Women	59 508	283 477	287 141	152 767	439 901	1 222 794	79 875	

¹ Incl. 23.576 persons receiving unknown amounts or no payments at all who are not included in calculations of the average amount paid.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/sam1

Table 172

Transfer payments by type of benefit 2002

	18-24 years	25-39 years	40-59 years	60-66 years	67 years+	Total
	number of whole-year recipients					
Total	48 373	243 022	320 963	250 514	727 509	1 590 381
Principal benefit:						
Temporary, total	44 863	213 511	161 508	12 830	1 261	433 973
Unemployment benefit	6 045	47 682	56 538	7 385	2	117 652
Sickness benefit	3 013	20 515	37 618	2 820	75	64 041
Maternity benefit	2 209	32 143	1 335	1	0	35 688
Cash benefit	15 418	46 492	30 012	1 787	1 173	94 882
Rehabilitation	3 103	14 679	6 861	39	1	24 683
Local government employment scheme	13 658	21 276	12 293	358	9	47 594
Activation from Public Employment Service	644	13 935	13 605	400	1	28 585
Leave benefits	735	16 135	1 641	1	•	18 513
Unemployment allowance	38	654	1 606	38	•	2 335
Permanent, total	3 510	29 511	159 455	237 683	726 248	1 156 407
Old-age pension	•	•	•	•	709 352	709 352
Early-retirement pension	3 510	29 511	145 962	80 291	5 688	264 962
Early-retirement pay/ transitional allowances	•	•	13 493	157 392	11 209	182 093
	per cent					
Per cent of the population in the age-group	11.6	20.6	21.2	64.9	97.6	37.5

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/sam7

Table 173

Advance payments of child maintenance

	Children total ¹		Number of parents entitled to benefits		Disbursed by local government		Received by local authorities from persons liable to pay child maintenance		Local authorities claims outstanding at end of year ²	
	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002
	number				DKK mio.					
All Denmark	164 406	166 915	112 765	113 468	1 603.1	1 676.4	1 478.3	1 512.6	3 278.5	3 344.0
Copenhagen Municipality	13 743	13 959	9 745	9 769	136.9	142.3	164.3	165.8	441.0	439.9
Frederiksberg Municipality	1 805	1 802	1 340	1 317	17.4	18.3	19.6	20.3	65.8	66.0
Copenhagen County	18 977	19 039	13 396	13 359	186.9	193.2	166.6	169.3	347.0	350.2
Frederiksborg County	10 230	10 194	7 221	7 184	99.6	103.3	89.9	87.6	192.4	188.3
Roskilde County	7 403	7 542	5 226	5 062	75.4	73.8	60.8	59.7	106.4	98.7
West Zealand County	11 579	11 726	7 884	7 994	111.5	116.7	102.3	103.8	200.5	205.0
Storstrøm County	10 261	10 399	6 962	7 082	98.3	102.4	91.8	96.1	181.9	183.1
Bornholm Municipality	1 765	1 803	1 215	1 217	17.0	17.7	14.7	14.9	31.2	32.7
Funen County	15 483	15 918	10 529	10 810	149.4	166.9	139.0	141.9	302.2	317.5
South Jutland County	8 204	8 398	5 438	5 471	78.9	82.5	65.9	69.5	151.1	157.1
Ribe County	6 292	6 472	4 198	4 271	61.3	64.5	56.2	56.3	134.1	139.4
Vejle County	10 641	10 838	7 213	7 277	103.2	108.4	96.6	100.6	205.9	211.8
Ringkøbing County	7 069	7 308	4 765	4 854	69.1	73.1	63.5	67.3	112.6	115.9
Aarhus County	18 790	18 922	12 635	12 645	183.6	189.8	158.7	163.7	446.6	463.6
Viborg County	6 814	7 059	4 554	4 680	66.3	69.1	57.6	59.1	106.2	110.1
North Jutland County	15 350	15 536	10 444	10 476	148.3	154.4	130.8	136.7	253.6	264.7

¹ Age at end of year. ² In addition to advance payments of child maintenance, claims outstanding at the end of the year also include other types of payment (e.g. alimony and education payments) as these amounts cannot be separated.

Table 174

Children and young persons receiving assistance under the Social Assistance Act 2002

Per 31 December	Number by age group				Males	Females	Total
	0-6 years	7-14 years	15-17 years	18 years +			
Total number receiving assistance, (net)	3 959	12 577	9 050	2 356	16 080	11 862	27 942
Placement outside home	1 850	6 266	4 807	1 440	8 093	6 270	14 363
By warranty:							
With consent	1 400	5 588	4 616	1 413	7 414	5 603	13 017
Without consent	449	675	186	25	673	662	1 335
Temporary placement	1	1	1	-	3	-	3
Prolonging of placement period	-	2	4	2	3	5	8
By kind of place:							
Private family	1 421	3 376	1 324	401	3 489	3 033	6 522
Residential institution	362	1 687	1 033	283	2 059	1 306	3 365
Socio-educational residence	66	974	1 086	322	1 513	935	2 448
Boarding school, etc.	1	222	841	114	679	499	1 178
Own room, etc.	-	6	489	311	311	495	806
Other ¹ and not stated	-	1	34	9	42	2	44
Preventive measures	2 121	6 414	4 528	1 009	8 263	5 809	14 072
Appointment of personal adviser	34	367	489	246	701	435	1 136
Permanent contact person	66	861	883	394	1 453	751	2 204
Relief stays for children/young people with residence at home	2 029	4 851	700	67	4 442	3 205	7 647
Economical support for stays at boarding school, etc.	2	431	2 501	118	1 621	1 431	3 052
Arrangement for a trainee period	3	49	228	19	230	69	299
Establishment of a phasing-out plan in the care facility	-	-	4	208	128	84	212

¹ In a hospital or placed on board a ship (skibsprojekt).

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bis2 and [bis9](http://www.statbank.dk/bis9)

Table 175

Family allowances 4th quarter 2003

	Number of families	Number of children	Payments in DKK thousands	Average payments per family in DKK
Family allowances, total¹	672 342	1 178 958	3 539 560	5 265
Family allowances, all families	672 275 ²	1 178 958	3 060 806	4 553
Ordinary family allowances	118 873	182 805	184 620	1 553
Additional family allowances	116 686	•	119 837	1 027
Special family allowances	38 234	52 662	144 758 ³	3 786
Multiple birth family allowances	8 807	17 049	29 540	3 354

¹ Total number of families and children has been calculated net, i.e. as the number who received one or more types of allowance. ² The lower total number of family allowances is because some persons receiving benefits are not liable to pay taxes, because they live abroad, or, if the recipient is the father, he must apply. ³ The higher total is caused by a new supplement to special family allowances, basic amount and a special family allowance to parents who are following a course of education. Introduced per January 2001.

For further information visit www.statbank/bts4, bts5 and bts6

Table 176

Child care 2003

	Number by age group					Number per 100 in the respective age groups				
	0-2 years	3-5 years	6-9 years	10-13 years	Total	0-2 years	3-5 years	6-9 years	10-13 years	Total
Total	110 857	190 820	228 128	33 823	563 628	56.1	94.0	80.9	12.6	59.3
Day-care	65 074	5 728	28	5	70 835	32.9	2.8	-	-	7.4
Nurseries	17 744	1 242	5	4	18 995	9.0	0.6	-	-	2.0
Kindergartens	1 931	109 732	15 861	213	127 737	1.0	54.1	5.6	0.1	13.4
Age-integrated institutions	26 102	70 378	26 203	3 021	125 704	13.2	34.7	9.3	1.1	13.2
Recreation centres	6	381	28 874	5 407	34 668	0.0	0.2	10.2	2.0	3.6
Outside school hours care	•	3 359	157 157	25 173	185 689	•	1.7	55.7	9.4	19.5

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/res5n

Table 177

Measures for elderly people 2003

	Number by age group					Number per 100 persons in the respective age groups				
	Under 67 years	67-79 years	80-89 years	90 years +	Total	Under 67 years ¹	67-79 years	80-89 years	90 years +	Total
Total	8 774	21 093	33 393	14 201	77 461	0.6	4.4	18.2	42.6	3.5
Nursing and day homes residents	2 084	5 094	10 688	6 065	23 931	0.1	1.1	5.8	18.2	1.1
Nursing and day-homes users (day-care clients)	929	2 543	3 230	869	7 571	0.1	0.5	1.8	2.6	0.3
Protected dwellings	500	894	1 563	701	3 658	-	0.2	0.9	2.1	0.2
Dwellings for elderly persons	5 261	12 562	17 912	6 566	42 301	0.3	2.6	9.8	19.7	1.9

¹ Calculated for the 45-66 year age group.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/res4 and [res6n](http://www.statbank.dk/res6n)

Table 178

Persons receiving cash benefits under the Social Assistance Act 2002

	Age of recipient ¹					Marital status			Total persons incl. not known
	Under 18 years	18-24 years	25-39 years	40-67 years	68 years +	Co- habiting spouses	Other ²	Of whom single women with children	
	number of persons								
Recipients of cash benefits total, net³	25 240	60 840	132 119	89 090	2 774	88 810	221 253	41 662	314 736
Maintenance benefits, total	471	37 235	77 299	48 573	1 232	34 101	130 709	23 844	167 607
Maintenance benefits, breadwinners	110	8 447	50 218	25 341	23	26 528	57 611	3 209	85 367
Maintenance benefits, non-breadwinners	36	2 488	27 069	23 304	174	6 732	46 339	11 477	54 039
Maintenance benefits, persons without social pension or refugees ⁴	1	45	110	411	1 062	823	806	599	1 913
Assistance for young people	162	28 867	2 131	29	5	707	30 487	9 140	31 582
Special assistance	5	276	8 948	11 194	40	1 709	18 754	5 591	20 740
Assistance to refugees	191	42	14	5	3	15	240	13	260
Rehabilitation, etc., total	144	9 364	35 509	23 970	21	21 695	47 313	9 854	69 386
Rehabilitation benefits	13	3 052	19 290	9 439	4	9 950	21 848	4 132	31 926
Rehabilitation connected to enterprise-rehabilitation	5	286	1 457	1 250	-	1 027	1 971	326	3 001
Support for special expenditure and extra costs of accommodation during rehabilitation	102	6 492	23 542	15 108	9	13 739	31 514	7 006	45 466
Cash benefits during pre-rehabilitation	11	3 405	5 618	2 736	1	2 264	9 507	2 285	11 835
Pay subsidies in training or education	11	455	2 924	2 193	1	2 020	3 564	550	5 617
Wage supplement connected to enterprise-rehabilitation	1	276	1 861	1 432	-	1 322	2 248	328	3 587
Subsidies for own enterprise	1	2	64	81	-	72	76	10	148
Subsidies for tools and equipment	2	290	1 485	2 036	6	1 658	2 161	395	3 840
Assistance to refugees	2	4	6	2	-	1	13	3	14
Activated recipients of cash benefits, total	168	34 273	44 732	23 086	47	18 165	84 141	15 172	103 451
Specific benefits, total	24 668	16 450	45 974	33 407	1 805	39 471	82 833	15 346	124 127
Assistance for expenses in connection with parents' visiting rights, etc.	121	155	1 729	1 319	10	307	3 027	434	3 360
Assistance for medical treatment, etc.	298	6 281	15 801	13 967	340	6 838	29 849	7 728	37 122
Assistance for individual expenses	200	10 664	22 848	13 474	126	5 438	41 874	7 202	48 333
Benefits for children with reduced abilities	23 877	1 028	3 455	2 811	48	18 260	12 959	609	31 464
Assistance for adults with reduced abilities	136	1 416	2 425	1 763	102	1 553	4 289	1 338	5 949
Lost income due to care for children with reduced abilities	630	169	8 593	5 366	2	10 023	4 737	110	14 802
Assistance for surviving dependants	1	1	50	936	1 267	15	2 240	1 515	2 385
Special assistance for refugees	141	49	63	30	-	124	159	23	295

¹ Age at 31 December in the year of measurement. ² Includes all persons who are not married, i.e. single persons, cohabiting couples, couples living in consensual union, and children under 18 not living at home. ³ The figure is less than the sum of individual benefits as the same person can receive several benefits.

www.statbank.dk/kh1r For further information visit

Table 179

Persons receiving benefits 2002

	Number of recipients	All-year recipients	Average number of months receiving assistance per recipient	Average benefits paid per month	Benefits, total
	persons	persons	months	DKK	DKK mio.
Financial assistance	253 103	159 206	7.5	9 617	18 372
Maintenance assistance, etc.	167 607	84 212	6.0	8 525	8 615
Maintenance, breadwinners	85 367	45 791	6.4	9 931	5 457
Maintenance, non-breadwinners	54 039	26 646	5.9	7 602	2 431
Education assistance, etc.	69 386	34 033	5.9	11 913	4 865
Rehabilitation benefits	34 927	20 452	7.0	12 154	2 983
Recipients of cash benefits participating in training programmes	103 451	48 260	5.6	8 448	4 892

Note. Assistance includes maintenance, etc., education grants, etc., and cash-benefits recipients in activation.

Table 180

Rent subsidies 2003

	Number of house- holds receiving rent subsidy	Rent subsidies paid	Rent subsidy paid per household
	number	DKK thousands	DKK
Rent subsidies, total	522 511	832 312	1 593
Rent subsidies to non-pensioners	195 910	206 670	1 055
Ordinary	193 458	204 488	1 057
Re-housing / improvements	2 365	2 101	888
Collective housing	87	81	932
Rent subsidies to pensioners	325 094	623 561	1 918
Tenants, total	294 828	592 945	2 011
Ordinary flats	248 734	465 310	1 871
Old peoples' housing	46 094	127 635	2 769
Owner-occupiers	2 493	3 302	1 324
Occupants in flats jointly owned by the occupants	26 729	25 793	965
Collective housing	1 044	1 521	1 457
Rent subsidy to new early retirement pensioners¹	1 507	2 081	1 381

¹ New type of rent subsidy, which comprises early retirement pensioners and persons with serious physical handicap, who are new recipients of rent subsidy after the early retirement pension reform as of January 2003.


 For further information visit www.Statbank.dk/10

Table 181

National Health Service 2002

	Number of national health benefits					Number of recipients					Expenditure ¹ DKK mio.
	0-14	15-29	30-59	60	Total	0-14	15-29	30-59	60	Total	
	years	years	years	years+		years	years	years	years+		
	benefits in thousands					persons in thousands					
Total	8 482	11 265	37 613	28 750	86 110	835	856	2 197	1 086	4 973	7 549
Men	4 410	3 678	14 770	11 534	34 391	426	408	1 078	476	2 388	3 058
Women	4 072	7 587	22 844	17 215	51 719	408	448	1 119	610	2 585	4 491
General medical care, total	6 635	7 043	19 323	17 460	50 462	817	791	1 929	1 013	4 550	3 582
Men	3 400	2 010	7 097	6 980	19 486	417	356	888	436	2 097	1 428
Women	3 236	5 034	12 226	10 480	30 975	400	435	1 041	577	2 453	2 154
Special medical care, total	1 488	1 051	3 546	2 611	8 696	267	205	626	458	1 556	1 832
Men	815	364	1 220	986	3 385	140	81	246	183	650	723
Women	673	687	2 327	1 625	5 311	127	124	381	275	907	1 109
Dental care, total²	-	1 924	9 061	3 867	14 853	-	444	1 651	616	2 710	1 104
Men	-	873	4 313	1 791	6 978	-	199	779	281	1 259	522
Women	-	1 052	4 748	2 076	7 875	-	245	871	335	1 451	582
Other benefits, total³	359	1 246	5 683	4 812	12 099	52	152	515	286	1 005	1 031
Men	195	431	2 140	1 776	4 542	27	54	214	112	407	384
Women	164	815	3 543	3 036	7 557	25	97	301	173	597	646

Note. The number of recipients is net, i.e. the number of persons who have received one or more benefits. A visit by a doctor, etc., can include several single benefits (examination, blood test, immunization, etc.).

¹ Excluding basic payment for general medical care (DKK 1,948 mio.), expenditure on pharmaceutical products (DKK 5,829 mio.), and expenditure on travel health insurances, glasses, etc. If these expenditures, which cannot be analysed by recipients, are included, the total expenditure on the National Health Service is DKK 15,343 mio. ² Persons below 18 years are secured by the public children and youth dental care system and are therefore not included in this table. ³ Chiropractor, physiotherapist, chiropodist, laboratory, etc.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/syg1a, [syg31a](http://www.statbank.dk/syg31a) and [syg41a](http://www.statbank.dk/syg41a)

Table 182

Benefits during sickness or in connection with childbirth 2003

	Expenditure, total ¹	Weeks in which benefits were received ²	Men	Women	Total
	DKK mio.	thousands	number of persons ³		
Total	18 483	6 796	263 203	326 244	589 447
Sick-day benefits, total	10 850	3 959	219 828	232 015	451 843
Employees, total	10 168	3 678	195 780	220 766	416 546
First 2 weeks ⁴	1 030	331	118 702	107 806	226 508
After 2 weeks	8 826	3 243	107 951	140 719	248 670
Self-employed, total	682	281	24 593	11 699	36 292
First 2 weeks	186	66	20 395	9 686	30 081
After 2 weeks	496	214	13 713	5 771	19 484
Pregnancy, birth or adoption, total	7 633	2 837	43 375	94 229	137 604
Pregnancy	1 252	524	•	60 656	60 656
Birth, adoption	6 381	2 313	43 375	84 754	128 129

¹ Includes all payments in the year, i.e. both closed cases and cases in progress at the end of the year. ² A benefits week covers payment to one person for seven calendar days, irrespective of the number of working days. ³ The number of persons is calculated net, i.e. a person transferring from one type of absence to another within a group is only counted once. Persons, who have received sick-day and birth benefits, are counted twice. ⁴ Cases where the public sector has taken over the obligations of the employer to pay sickness benefit. In other cases the employer must pay sickness benefit (the employer period) for the first two weeks.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/socdag and socdag1

Table 183

Recipients of old age pensions 2003

Per 1 January	Basic payment			Total
	Full amount	Reduced amount	No amount	
	number of persons			
Recipients, total	685 907	24 520	2 521	712 948
67-69 years	123 910	7 041	527	131 478
70-79 years	346 411	14 127	1 073	361 611
80-89 years	182 639	3 099	742	186 480
90 years +	32 947	253	179	33 379
Men, total	282 904	12 900	1 259	297 063
67-69 years	58 096	4 206	365	62 667
70-79 years	152 482	7 225	506	160 213
80-89 years	64 317	1 389	324	66 030
90 years +	8 009	80	64	8 153
Women, total	403 003	11 620	1 262	415 885
67-69 years	65 814	2 835	162	68 811
70-79 years	193 929	6 902	567	201 398
80-89 years	118 322	1 710	418	120 450
90 years +	24 938	173	115	25 226

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pen1, [pen2](http://www.statbank.dk/pen2) and [pen3](http://www.statbank.dk/pen3)

Table 184

Recipients of early retirement pensions 2003

Per 1 January	Early retirement pensions			Total
	Highest	Intermediate	Ordinary/ increased	
	number of recipients			
Recipients, total	63 959	118 731	77 765	260 455
18-29 years	4 440	4 039	534	9 013
30-39 years	8 870	11 133	3 916	23 919
40-49 years	14 132	23 935	13 491	51 558
50-54 years	9 790	19 165	11 331	40 286
55-59 years	12 829	26 673	16 190	55 692
60-66 years	13 898	33 786	32 303	79 987
Men, total	34 328	53 572	26 805	114 705
18-29 years	2 588	2 311	308	5 207
30-39 years	5 049	5 682	1 961	12 692
40-49 years	7 533	10 832	6 096	24 461
50-54 years	5 069	8 199	4 424	17 692
55-59 years	6 764	11 427	5 549	23 740
60-66 years	7 325	15 121	8 467	30 913
Women, total	29 631	65 159	50 960	145 750
18-29 years	1 852	1 728	226	3 806
30-39 years	3 821	5 451	1 955	11 227
40-49 years	6 599	13 103	7 395	27 097
50-54 years	4 721	10 966	6 907	22 594
55-59 years	6 065	15 246	10 641	31 952
60-66 years	6 573	18 665	23 836	49 074

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pen1, [pen2](#) and [pen3](#)

Table 185

Payments of old age pensions and early retirement pensions January 2003

	Recipients				Amounts paid Total	Average monthly amount paid per recipient			
	Old age pension	Highest/intermediate early retirement pension	Ordinary/increased ordinary early retirement pension	Total		Old age pension	Highest/intermediate early retirement pension	Ordinary/increased ordinary early retirement pension	Total
	number of recipients				DKK mio.	DKK			
Total	712 948	182 692	77 763	973 403	7 670.6	7 128	10 602	8 378	7 880
Men	297 063	87 901	26 804	411 768	3 147.0	6 592	10 865	8 722	7 643
Women	415 885	94 791	50 959	561 635	4 523.7	7 512	10 358	8 197	8 054
By type of amount paid									
Basic pension payment									
Total	710 427	179 505	77 250	967 182	4 281.1	4 432	4 418	4 389	4 426
Full	685 907	168 860	71 850	926 617	4 185.5	4 517	4 517	4 517	4 517
Reduced	24 520	10 645	5 400	40 565	95.6	2 066	2 853	2 689	2 356
No payment	2 521	3 187	513	6 221	-	-	-	-	-
Pension supplement for single persons:									
Total	344 386	98 586	39 847	482 819	1 975.0	4 007	4 298	4 297	4 090
Full	244 300	84 968	34 057	363 325	1 652.0	4 547	4 547	4 547	4 547
Reduced	100 086	13 618	5 790	119 494	322.9	2 690	2 741	2 826	2 702
No payment	21 551	1 897	480	23 928	-	-	-	-	-
Pension supplements for others:									
Total	287 928	57 918	30 766	376 612	716.4	1 893	1 930	1 932	1 902
Full	190 115	34 121	21 087	245 323	520.6	2 122	2 122	2 122	2 122
Reduced	97 813	23 797	9 679	131 289	195.8	1 449	1 654	1 519	1 492
No payment	59 083	24 291	6 670	90 044	-	-	-	-	-
Married couple's supplement	58	123	2	183	0.1	599	599	599	599
Assistance or nursing supplement	2 542	7 579	5	10 126	28.8	2 642	2 911	2 008	2 843
Disability supplement	44	•	•	44	-	487	•	•	487
Temporary supplement	3 886	•	•	3 886	1.3	336	•	•	336
Disability amount	•	182 408	•	182 408	394.1	•	2 161	•	2 161
Work incapacity amount	•	64 032	•	64 032	192.1	•	3 000	•	3 000
Early retirement amount	•	•	72 706	72 706	81.7	•	•	1 124	1 124

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pen1, [pen2](http://www.statbank.dk/pen2) and [pen3](http://www.statbank.dk/pen3)

Table 186

Recipients of partial pensions by economic activity status 2003

	Men			Women			Men and women, total
	Self-employed	Salaried employees ¹	Total	Self-employed	Salaried employees ¹	Total	
	number of persons						
Total	547	819	1 366	164	144	308	1 674
Agriculture, fishing and forestry	463	35	498	131	27	158	656
Manufacturing, trade and industry etc.	29	62	91	3	8	11	102
Construction	6	6	12	1	1	2	14
Wholesale and retail trade, financing and insurance	12	37	49	6	12	18	67
Transport, postal services and telecommunications	10	67	77	5	6	11	88
Social and health services, the professions	7	248	255	5	45	50	305
Other services	19	334	353	12	42	54	407
Not known	1	30	31	1	3	4	35

¹ Including: Civil/public servants, skilled workers, unskilled workers, recipients of early retirement pay, and unknown.

Table 187

Petitions for early retirement pensions 2002

	Petitions, total ¹	Early-retirement pensions awarded					Petition rejected		per cent	
		Highest	Inter- mediate	Ordinary and increased ordinary		Disability benefit	Total	Total		in per cent of petitions
				on account of the health	on account of the need					
number of persons										
Total	33 050	2 879	9 915	1 894	2 005	548	17 241	628	3.5	
Men, total	14 967	1 610	4 730	755	922	269	8 286	267	3.1	
Under 20 years	298	135	90	1	1	32	259	12	4.4	
20-29 years	950	104	425	24	16	31	600	19	3.1	
30-39 years	2 201	154	853	96	169	53	1 325	65	4.7	
40-49 years	4 130	359	1 372	196	334	64	2 325	83	3.4	
50-59 years	5 912	838	1 762	243	295	82	3 220	72	2.2	
60-66 years	1 476	20	228	195	107	7	557	16	2.8	
Not stated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Women, total	18 083	1 269	5 185	1 139	1 083	279	8 955	361	3.9	
Under 20 years	203	94	57	2	-	23	176	4	2.2	
20-29 years	768	77	342	26	5	22	472	26	5.2	
30-39 years	2 261	151	904	126	80	59	1 320	80	5.7	
40-49 years	4 722	304	1 584	287	255	90	2 520	93	3.6	
50-59 years	7 734	629	2 132	399	390	85	3 635	119	3.2	
60-66 years	2 395	14	166	299	353	-	832	39	4.5	
Not stated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

¹ Incl. 33 unknown cases and 14 883 other cases.

Source: National Social Appeals Board.

Table 188

Pensioners with pension from Labour Market Supplementary Pension Scheme

	2002	2003
	DKK mio.	
Benefits	4 410	4 567
	number	
With own pension, total	489 000	505 600
Men	249 900	256 250
Annual pension under DKK 2,000	7 200	6 900
DKK 2,000-3,999	24 700	22 900
DKK 4,000 +	218 000	226 450
Women	239 100	249 350
Annual pension under DKK 2,000	22 400	21 800
DKK 2,000-3,999	59 800	58 500
DKK 4,000 +	156 900	169 050
With spouse's pension, total	26 900	24 700
Men	400	350
Women	26 500	24 350

Source: Labour Market Supplementary Pension Scheme.

Table 189

Appeals in social cases 2003

	Cases decided, total	Decisions upheld ¹	Decisions overruled ²	Other ³	Cases decided, total	Decisions upheld	Decisions overruled	Other
	number				per cent			
The social appeals boards in:								
All Denmark	31 127	19 998	3 672	7 457	100.0	64.2	11.8	24.0
Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities	4 080	2 776	280	1 024	100.0	68.0	6.9	25.1
Copenhagen County	3 527	2 271	437	819	100.0	64.4	12.4	23.2
Frederiksborg County	2 109	1 301	285	523	100.0	61.7	13.5	24.8
Roskilde County	1 222	743	97	382	100.0	60.8	7.9	31.3
Vestsjælland County	1 645	1 054	222	369	100.0	64.1	13.5	22.4
Storstrøm County	1 578	982	277	319	100.0	62.2	17.6	20.2
Bornholm Municipality	215	147	37	31	100.0	68.4	17.2	14.4
Funen County	3 190	1 928	391	871	100.0	60.4	12.3	27.3
South Jutland County	1 156	668	130	358	100.0	57.8	11.2	31.0
Ribe County	1 413	882	124	407	100.0	62.4	8.8	28.8
Vejle County	2 253	1 649	152	452	100.0	73.2	6.7	20.1
Ringkøbing County	1 206	598	189	419	100.0	49.6	15.7	34.7
Aarhus County	3 550	2 468	407	675	100.0	69.5	11.5	19.0
Viborg County	1 271	810	176	285	100.0	63.7	13.8	22.4
North Jutland County	2 712	1 721	468	523	100.0	63.5	17.3	19.3

¹ Includes cases which are confirmed. ² Includes cases which are withdrawn or changed. ³ Includes cases which are rejected referred to another authority for new hearing, or cases which are abated during process.

Source: National Social Appeals Board since 1999.

Table 190

Hospitals 2001

	Number of hospitals	Admitted patients				Day patients	Emergency patients	Outpatients ²
		Patient days	Admissions	Beds	Bed occupancy rate ¹			
		thousands				thousands		
Total	69	7 120	1 137	22 604	91	179	1 069	1 447
General hospitals ³	60	6 485	1 120	20 723	90	177	1 057	1 425
Psychiatric hospitals	9	635	17	1 881	95	2	12	22
All Denmark	69	7 120	1 137	22 604	91	179	1 069	1 447
Copenhagen Hospital Cooperation ⁴	6	1 369	176	4 169	96	29	197	175
Copenhagen County	4	788	121	2 307	100	40	149	139
Frederiksborg County	1	391	67	1 255	86	.	80	86
Roskilde County	3	263	44	801	92	12	58	57
West Zealand County	2	399	57	1 260	94	11	61	89
Storstrøm County	5	326	54	1 008	93	22	47	66
Bornholm County	1	45	7	174	71	-	7	8
Funen County	2	603	105	1 930	88	.	85	165
South Jutland County	6	286	46	979	81	21	45	70
Ribe County	4	243	44	890	82	-	35	53
Vejle Amt	6	393	68	1 348	82	10	78	96
Ringkøbing County	6	276	51	878	88	-	17	66
Aarhus County	11	839	150	2 678	92	24	132	201
Viborg County	4	305	49	939	92	11	24	52
North Jutland County	8	592	99	1 988	85	-	54	123
All specialities, total	69	7 120	1 137	22 604	91	179	1 069	1 447
Medical departments, total	...	2 897	434	8 799	96	83	1	333
Dermatology and venereal diseases	...	34	4	128	94	1	-	17
Physiotherapy and rehabilitation	...	208	13	605	95	2	-	28
Other medical branches	...	2 655	417	8 066	96	80	-	288
Surgical departments, total	...	2 445	562	8 008	88	78	932	996
Gynaecology and obstetrics	...	600	186	1 536	82	18	3	199
Neurosurgery	...	67	11	227	86	-	-	10
Ophthalmology	...	21	9	113	66	8	-	75
ENT surgery	...	73	31	298	76	4	-	129
Other surgical specialities	...	1 684	325	5 834	88	48	929	583
Other general departments, total	...	406	100	1 766	67	12	91	66
Psychiatric departments⁵, total	...	1 373	41	4 031	98	6	44	52

¹ Patient-days in relation to the average number of beds available. ² Completed outpatient treatment. ³ General hospitals including psychiatric departments. ⁴ Since 1 January 1995, Copenhagen Hospital Corporation (HS) has operated Rigshospitalet and the hospitals in Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities. ⁵ Incl. psychiatric departments at general hospitals.

Source: National Board of Health.

Table 191

Hospitalizations at general hospitals 2002

	Men	Women	Total
	number of persons		
Total, net¹	256 366	348 376	604 742
Patients with no symptoms or diseases	9 723	19 241	28 964
Infectious and parasitic diseases	11 241	11 357	22 598
Malignant neoplasm	22 384	29 243	51 627
Nutritional and metabolic diseases	8 229	11 162	19 391
Diseases of blood and blood-forming organs	3 926	5 001	8 927
Mental disorders	6 325	4 800	11 125
Diseases of the nervous system and sensory organs	14 908	15 273	30 181
Diseases of the circulatory system	47 478	40 417	87 895
Diseases of the respiratory system	31 125	28 872	59 997
Diseases of the digestive system	32 851	32 703	65 554
Diseases of the genito-urinary system	16 371	28 118	44 489
Deliveries and complications of pregnancy and childbirth		76 302	76 302
Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	6 614	5 904	12 518
Diseases of musculoskeletal system and connective tissue	20 865	25 293	46 158
Congenital anomalies	3 157	2 353	5 510
Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period	293	277	570
Symptoms, signs and ill-defined conditions	52 851	58 558	111 409
Injury and poisoning	42 022	41 359	83 381

Note. Diagnoses (the S list). The table only includes persons who were in the population as at 1.1.2002. I.e. persons who were born or immigrated during the year have not been included.

¹ The figure is less than the sum of the sub categories as the same person can have been admitted with more than one diagnosis.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pa1a

Table 192

Hospitalizations at general hospitals, by age and sex 2002

	Men			Women			Total		
	Hospita- lizations	Number of persons hospitalized	Per cent of population	Hospita- lizations	Number of persons hospitalized	Per cent of population	Hospita- lizations	Number of persons hospitalized	Per cent of population
	number		per cent	number		per cent	number		per cent
Total	462 299	256 366	9.7	566 017	348 376	12.8	1 028 316	604 742	11.3
1- 4 years	26 479	16 667	12.2	18 393	11 958	9.2	44 872	28 625	10.7
5-14 years	24 230	17 061	4.9	18 893	13 196	4.0	43 123	30 257	4.5
15-24 years	21 936	16 308	5.4	37 403	26 917	9.3	59 339	43 225	7.3
25-34 years	28 868	20 374	5.4	96 544	71 569	19.3	125 412	91 943	12.2
35-44 years	41 658	26 706	6.4	64 652	45 174	11.3	106 310	71 880	8.8
45-54 years	54 525	31 238	8.4	54 726	33 425	9.2	109 251	64 663	8.8
55-64 years	80 653	41 106	12.0	67 274	37 644	11.0	147 927	78 750	11.5
65-74 years	82 877	38 984	19.2	74 024	37 992	16.7	156 901	76 976	17.9
75-84 years	76 096	35 267	29.1	85 723	44 241	25.0	161 819	79 508	26.7
85 years +	24 977	12 655	36.3	48 385	26 260	31.8	73 362	38 915	33.2

Note. The table only includes persons who were in the population as at 1.1.2002. I.e. persons who were born or immigrated during the year have not been included.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pa1 and ud1

Table 193

Bed-days by sex and age 2002

	Men		Women		Total	
	Number of bed-days	Average number of bed-days	Number of bed-days	Average number of bed-days	Number of bed-days	Average number of bed-days
	number					
Total	2 348 384	9.2	2 928 380	8.4	5 276 764	8.7
1- 4 years	70 194	4.2	53 146	4.4	123 340	4.3
5-14 years	59 651	3.5	49 266	3.7	108 917	3.6
15-24 years	66 380	4.1	103 609	3.8	169 989	3.9
25-34 years	95 551	4.7	304 973	4.3	400 524	4.4
35-44 years	155 074	5.8	221 154	4.9	376 228	5.2
45-54 years	247 690	7.9	235 975	7.1	483 665	7.5
55-64 years	423 727	10.3	355 371	9.4	779 098	9.9
65-74 years	517 237	13.3	485 207	12.8	1 002 444	13.0
75-84 years	523 750	14.9	695 178	15.7	1 218 928	15.3
85 years +	189 130	14.9	424 501	16.2	613 631	15.8

Note. The table only includes persons who were in the population as at 1.1.2002, i.e. persons who were born or immigrated during the year have not been included.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ud3

Table 194

Hospitalization rate by education¹ 2002

	Men						Women					
	Without profes- sional qualifi- cation from educa- tion ²	Vocational education and training ³	Short cycle higher education	Medium- cycle higher education	Long- cycle higher education	Total	Without profes- sional qualifi- cation from educa- tion ²	Vocational education and training ³	Short cycle higher education	Medium- cycle higher education	Long- cycle higher education	Total
	all=100						all=100					
Total	119	100	83	75	63	100	118	97	82	82	65	100
20-24 years	110	105	79	56	53	100	111	110	69	68	52	100
25-29 years	130	103	70	68	58	100	132	108	80	77	55	100
30-34 years	129	102	76	73	55	100	128	100	87	84	64	100
35-39 years	129	98	81	71	56	100	127	97	87	83	64	100
40-44 years	126	96	79	71	63	100	125	96	77	82	66	100
45-49 years	122	99	83	72	61	100	119	99	76	82	64	100
50-54 years	118	102	89	75	66	100	121	94	88	85	72	100
55-59 years	113	100	94	83	72	100	113	93	80	89	77	100
60-64 years	108	100	91	84	74	100	109	94	86	86	76	100

Note. Hospitalization rate is the percentage of a given group in the population who have been admitted to hospital. The rates above are given as index figures, where the rate for everyone in the age group is set at 100. The total hospitalization rate is standardized by age, i.e. it has been corrected for the distribution by age being unequal for the different education groups. Hospitalization rates are therefore mutually comparable.

¹ Highest in progress or completed education as at 1.1.2002. ² Incl. persons with unknown education and persons with 1st year basic vocational education, etc. ³ Basic vocational education, part 2, apprenticeships, etc.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pa4a

Table 195

The ten most common cancer types among new cases, men 2002*

	0-14 years	15-29 years	30-44 years	45-59 years	60-74 years	75 + years	Total ¹
Total	74	197	746	3 133	6 345	4 780	15 649
Other skin	-	16	152	690	1 150	1 116	3 126
Lung	1	1	32	384	1 022	532	2 072
Colon and rectum	-	6	30	301	808	624	1 785
Prostate	-	-	-	204	955	836	2 033
Bladder	1	1	19	170	510	444	1 158
Brain and nervous system	17	31	65	125	120	73	443
Kidney	1	3	20	96	169	92	391
Melanoma of skin	-	13	91	142	143	69	461
Leukaemia	26	9	23	69	127	98	365
Non-Hodgkins lymphona	5	11	39	106	130	94	391
Other	23	106	275	846	1 211	802	3 424

¹ Inclusive expected further cases when linking with the Register of Causes of Deaths.

Source: National Board of Health. Cancer Registry.

Table 196

The ten most common cancer types among new cases, women 2002*

	0-14 years	15-29 years	30-44 years	45-59 years	60-74 years	75 + years	Total ¹
Total	79	203	1 239	4 279	5 874	5 122	17 176
Breast	1	9	393	1 454	1 425	887	4 203
Other skin	2	24	232	773	1 005	1 173	3 210
Colon and rectum	1	7	38	256	617	769	1 712
Lung	-	1	34	396	762	384	1 654
Uterus	2	8	43	174	231	130	599
Ovary	-	2	8	160	278	160	609
Brain and nervous system	28	31	78	132	117	108	504
Melanoma of skin	-	45	116	161	135	93	552
Pancreas	-	-	7	62	120	174	392
Bladder	-	-	6	64	181	167	423
Other	45	76	284	647	1 003	1 077	3 318

¹ Inclusive expected further cases when linking with the Register of Causes of Deaths.

Source: National Board of Health. Cancer Registry.

Table 197

Males diagnosed with cancer¹ and still alive, 1999

Per 31 December	0-14 years	15-29 years	30-44 years	45-59 years	60-74 years	75 + years	Total
Total, net²	523	1 834	6 010	16 600	28 116	26 168	79 251
Head and neck	2	22	121	1 189	2 134	1 570	5 038
Colon and rectum	2	24	153	1 106	3 426	3 739	8 450
Bronchi and lung	-	6	54	450	1 242	696	2 448
Melanoma of skin	-	82	492	1 366	1 357	803	4 100
Other skin	2	73	876	4 985	9 705	11 008	26 649
Breast	-	1	10	28	72	79	190
Neck of the bladder	-	-	2	244	2 326	3 786	6 358
Testicle	16	452	2 210	2 044	930	212	5 864
Urinary system	39	69	274	1 719	4 658	4 368	11 127
Unspec. tumours in lymph and metastases	-	6	21	96	118	89	330
Lymphatic tissue	49	284	658	1 243	1 143	695	4 072
Hematopoietic tissue	163	217	136	352	562	389	1 819
Other	250	609	1 069	2 146	2 085	1 374	7 533

¹ Cancer in Denmark 1943-1999 includes some non-malignant tumours for which notification is compulsory; mostly tumours in CNS and urinary system. ² The figure is less than the sum of the sub categories as the same person can occur with more than one type of cancer.

Source: National Board of Health. Cancer Registry.

Table 198

Females diagnosed with cancer¹ and still alive, 1999

Per 31 December	0-14 years	15-29 years	30-44 years	45-59 years	60-74 years	75 + years	Total
Total, net²	434	1 504	7 717	29 171	42 123	42 820	123 769
Head and neck	5	32	109	466	772	775	2 159
Colon and rectum	5	30	174	1 108	3 444	5 741	10 502
Bronchi and lung	-	4	54	450	1 014	404	1 926
Melanoma of skin	2	197	1 080	2 289	2 001	1 710	7 279
Other skin	3	112	1 219	6 023	9 286	13 423	30 066
Breast	-	23	1 462	10 810	14 000	10 629	36 924
Cervix (uteri)	-	91	1 350	2 579	3 262	2 889	10 171
Uterus and ovary	4	68	403	2 045	4 963	5 471	12 954
Urinary system	36	72	105	630	1 838	2 013	4 694
Unspec. tumours in lymph and metastases	-	3	22	83	147	109	364
Lymphatic tissue	16	172	487	936	1 041	850	3 502
Hematopoietic tissue	146	177	111	226	380	455	1 495
Other	218	529	1 232	2 540	2 862	2 497	9 878

¹ Cancer in Denmark 1943-1999 includes some non-malignant tumours for which notification is compulsory; mostly tumours in CNS and urinary system. ² The figure is less than the sum of the sub categories as the same person can occur with more than one type of cancer.

Source: National Board of Health. Cancer Registry.

Table 199**Reported cases of venereal diseases 2003**

	Under 1 year ¹		1-14 years		15-19 years		20-24 years		25-29 years		30 + years		Total	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
Chlamydia ²	26	43	3	68	883	3 843	2 420	4 969	1 457	2 208	1 164	1 284	5 953	12 415
Non-natal syphilis	-	-	-	-	2	1	1	1	10	3	83	7	96	12
Gonorrhoea	-	-	-	-	7	4	38	7	51	4	132	15	228	30

¹ Primarily new-borns with eye infection. ² In 2003 39 cases were reported with unknown sex and age. These cases have not been included.

Source: National Serum Institute

Table 200

Diagnosed cases of AIDS

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	Total ¹
Men							
Number of diagnosed cases, total	63	58	40	46	30	26	2 159
Of whom dead as at 31 December 2003	18	20	9	10	6	5	1 722
Total deaths during the year ²	35	33	16	22	21	22	1 722
Women							
Number of diagnosed cases, total	11	17	18	25	13	8	312
Of whom dead as at 31 December 2003	3	6	3	4	1	1	180
Total deaths during the year ²	7	6	5	7	3	5	180

¹ Total in the period 1980-2003. ² Total deaths during the year regardless of the year of diagnosis.

Source: The national serum institute (Statens Serum Institut).

Table 201

Reported cases of HIV, by mode of transmission

	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	Total ¹
Total	212	286	260	319	290	265	3 954
Men, total	150	185	163	228	189	192	2 848
Homo/bisexual	76	93	72	110	91	107	1 479
Injecting drug users	9	11	15	17	17	17	237
Heterosexual	52	69	68	80	72	58	893
Blood transfusion	-	-	1	1	-	1	15
Perinatal	1	1	2	1	4	1	24
Other/not known	12	11	5	19	5	8	200
Women, total	62	101	97	91	101	73	1 106
Homo/bisexual	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Injecting drug users	4	15	5	14	14	6	151
Heterosexual	50	78	79	68	78	64	851
Blood transfusion	2	1	4	-	1	1	17
Perinatal	2	2	4	8	3	2	39
Other/not known	4	5	5	1	5	-	48

¹ Total reported cases in the period 1.8.1990-31.12.2003.

Source: The national serum institute (Statens Serum Institut).

Table 202

Reported occupational accidents by industry and sex 2002

DB03	Industry	Total			Of which deaths		
		Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
	Total	26 405	15 202	41 607	57	4	61
0109	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	518	160	678	3	2	5
0500	Fishing, etc.	6	2	8	-	-	-
1009	Mining and quarrying	38		38	-	-	-
1509	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	3 294	1 268	4 562	1	-	1
1709	Mfr. of textiles and leather	127	79	206	-	-	-
2009	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publishing	835	167	1 002	1	-	1
2309	Mfr. of chemicals and plastic products	761	306	1 067	2	-	2
2600	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	652	40	692	-	-	-
2709	Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	4 507	754	5 261	4	-	4
3600	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	534	221	755	1	-	1
4009	Electricity, gas and water supply	213	17	230	-	-	-
4500	Construction	4 009	95	4 104	9	-	9
5000	Sale and rep. of motor vehicles, sale of auto. fuel	470	50	520	2	-	2
5100	Wholesale except of motor vehicles	1 143	249	1 392	6	-	6
5200	Re. trade and repair work exc. of m. vehicles	538	605	1 143	3	-	3
5500	Hotels and restaurants	244	373	617	-	-	-
6009	Transport	1 947	292	2 239	7	-	7
6400	Post and telecommunications	781	576	1 357	-	-	-
6509	Finance and insurance	84	98	182	-	-	-
7009	Letting and sale of real estate	326	75	401	1	-	1
7209	Business activities	791	639	1 430	3	-	3
7500	Public administration	1 453	992	2 445	6	1	7
8000	Education	672	995	1 667	1	-	1
8519	Human health activities	284	1 197	1 481	-	-	-
8539	Social institutions, etc.	736	5 288	6 024	-	-	-
9009	Associations, culture and refuse disposal	1 078	483	1 561	3	1	4
9800	Activity not stated	364	181	545	4	-	4

Note. Includes only occupational accidents reported to the Working Environment Service. Only accidents reported up to 12th January 2003.

Source: Danish Working Environment Service.

Table 203

Reported occupational diseases by industry and sex 2002

DB03	Industry	Men	Women	Total
	Total	6 001	6 565	12 566
0109	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	150	87	237
0500	Fishing, etc.	54	4	58
1009	Mining and quarrying	19	2	21
1509	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	488	376	864
1709	Mfr. of textiles and leather	34	86	120
2009	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publishing	206	109	315
2309	Mfr. of chemicals and plastic products	146	190	336
2600	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	163	33	196
2709	Mfr. of basic metals and fabrication of metal products	1 017	500	1 517
3600	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	96	90	186
4009	Electricity, gas and water supply	71	17	88
4500	Construction	889	55	944
5000	Sale and repair of motor vehicles, sale of auto. fuel	187	16	203
5100	Wholesale except of motor vehicles	226	164	390
5200	Retail trade and repair work, except of motor vehicles	101	301	402
5500	Hotels and restaurants	66	157	223
6009	Transport	342	107	449
6400	Post and telecommunication	148	158	306
6509	Finance and insurance	45	136	181
7009	Letting and sale of real estate	77	42	119
7209	Business activities	189	345	534
7500	Public administration	398	522	920
8000	Education	149	330	479
8519	Health care activities	60	698	758
8539	Social institutions etc.	131	1 574	1 705
9009	Associations, culture and refuse disposal	233	326	559
9800	Activity not stated	316	140	456

Note. Includes only occupational diseases reported to the Working Environment Service.

Source: Danish Working Environment Service.

Table 204

Reported industrial injuries and decisions 2003

	Accidents at work ¹	Occupational diseases	Damaged glasses	Sudden lifting injuries
Reported cases	19 681	12 401	106	1 767
Decided cases, total²	20 029	13 830	108	2 116
Recognised cases	13 385	3 042	77	88
Dismissed cases	601	582	25	1 961
Shelved cases ³	6 043	10 206	6	67
Compensation granted⁴	7 573	2 652	-	85

Note. Includes only industrial injuries reported to the National Board of Industrial Injuries.

¹ From 1999 including dental injuries. ² A case is not necessarily decided in the same year as it is reported. Therefore the number of reported and decided cases is not the same. ³ Cases shelved before recognition. Shelving occurs when the injured party does not want the case processed or if the injured party dies in circumstances which are not connected with the accident/occupational disease. ⁴ Approval of injury and compensation for loss of ability to work. Compensation is granted in cases which have previously been recognised, either in the year in question, or in previous years.

Source: National Board of Industrial Injuries.

Table 205

Pharmacies

	2001	2002
Sales units, total	1 490	1 455
Pharmacies	284	283
Pharmacy sub-branches	45	45
Pharmacy shops	145	141
OTC shops	734	714
Delivery facilities	282	272
Staff, total	5 729	5 865
Pharmacists	724	718
Pharmacoeconomicists	2 970	2 990
Other staff	2 035	2 157
Sales of prescription items in thousands units	47 115	48 785
To individuals	43 742	45 463
To hospitals	764	656
To veterinarians	2 609	2 666
Items per thousand inhabitants	8 808	9 088
Average price per item in DKK	162.8	172.9
Gross turnover	9 407.1	10 156.8
Prescription sales	7 670.0	8 435.8
OTC sales	1 665.7	1 641.2
Others	71.3	79.7

Source: Danish Medicines Agency.

Table 206

Consumption of drugs and medicines by therapeutic group

ATC Group	2002		2003		
	DKK mio.	DDD per inhabitant in thousands per day	DKK mio.	DDD per inhabitant in thousands per day	
	10 938.9	1 044.3	11 288.0	1 091.7	
A	Alimentary tract and metabolism	1 303.4	126.4	1 306.8	127.1
A02	Anticids	613.0	33.5	613.1	36.1
A10	Antidiabetics	290.4	25.5	312.5	28.0
B	Blood and blood-forming organs	202.1	65.1	262.8	70.4
C	Cardiovascular system	2 006.1	281.0	2 070.0	314.2
C03	Diuretics	189.8	103.1	199.6	105.5
C07	Beta-blocking agents	184.7	23.9	206.9	26.7
C08	Calcium channel blockers	413.0	40.6	412.1	42.4
C09	Agents acting on the reninangiotensin system	569.5	62.7	639.9	73.5
C10	Cholesterol-reducing preparations	486.8	29.0	455.8	44.8
D	Dermatological agents	339.7	36.7	339.9	36.4
G	Genito-urinary and sex hormones	773.2	111.6	798.7	107.8
G03	Sex hormones	521.5	104.3	512.1	99.9
H	Hormones excl. sex hormones	116.6	23.2	120.8	23.6
J	General anti-infective system	642.5	13.6	639.2	14.1
J01	Systematic antibiotics	333.6	13.2	337.8	13.5
L	Autineoplastic and immune modulating agents	56.9	1.0	60.5	1.0
L01	Autineoplastic drugs	7.0	...	2.7	...
M	Musculo-skeletal system	502.4	47.0	537.4	47.7
N	Central nervous system	3 203.1	216.2	3 291.8	226.3
N02	Analgesics	1 059.5	86.5	1 060.6	86.5
N05	Psychotropics	613.0	61.6	688.4	62.3
N06	Psychoanaleptics	815.1	46.4	789.7	52.7
P	Antiparasitic agents	68.6	1.3	67.4	1.3
R	Respiratory system	1 386.9	113.2	1 439.4	113.9
R03	Anti-asthmatics	917.5	60.1	976.9	60.7
S	Sensory organs	225.1	8.0	230.6	7.9
V	Various ¹	112.4	-	123.0	-

Note. The table covers consumption of drugs and medicines in the primary health-care sector, and is based on information from the medicine statistics register kept by the Danish Medicines Agency. The amount consumed is calculated as DDD (defined daily dose) per 1,000 inhabitants per day, i.e. the thousandth parts of the population who could be treated daily by the amount of medicine consumed if the DDD was consumed. Turnover is calculated at sales price for the pharmacy including VAT and prescription charges.

¹ Inclusive magistral products etc.

Source: Danish Medicines Agency.

Table 207

Reported and decided criminal offences

	1990	1995	2002
Reported criminal offences			
Penal Code	527 422	538 963	491 511
Of which:			
Sexual offences	2 521	2 779	2 919
Crimes of violence	10 651	13 357	16 825
Offences against property	507 764	515 954	463 479
Other offences	6 486	6 873	8 288
Offences against special legislation ¹	65 290	68 327	62 148
Reported offences against the Penal Code with charges	112 778	108 727	86 762
Decisions, total			
Persons convicted ² , total	119 630	133 675	119 910
Decisions, total ³	145 811	165 566	148 903
Penal Code	56 389	60 703	51 829
Of which:			
Sexual offences	715	886	1 120
Crimes of violence	5 562	8 121	10 502
Offences against property	47 126	48 219	36 424
Other offences	2 985	3 477	3 783
Road Traffic Act	68 843	83 628	80 375
Other special legislation	20 579	21 233	16 699

¹ Offences against the Road Traffic Act are primarily registered as convictions. ² Number of persons with one of more convictions of offences against the Penal Code and/or offences against special legislation. ³ One decision can include one or several reports.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/05

Table 208

Reported criminal offences against special legislation 2003

	Reports			
	Copenhagen County ¹	Rest of the islands	Jutland	Total
Offences, total	22 239	18 298	25 513	66 050
Euphoriants Act	5 909	2 918	4 607	13 434
Aliens Act	2 354	3 338	2 510	8 202
Firearms Act	2 311	1 617	2 399	6 327
Fire prevention legislation	888	1 425	2 173	4 486
Police regulations	4 598	2 783	4 597	11 978
Finance legislation	272	266	478	1 016
Health and social security legislation	448	321	740	1 509
Environmental legislation	941	1 106	1 125	3 172
Animals, hunting, etc. legislation	441	1 688	2 811	4 940
Employment, transport, legislation	1 047	540	799	2 386
Gambling, licensing, trade legislation	1 342	1 060	1 148	3 550
Other special legislation, excluding road traffic acts	1 688	1 236	2 126	5 050

Note. Excl. Traffic Act in that offences against the Traffic Act are only rarely reported.

¹ Incl. Copenhagen Municipality and Frederiksberg Municipality.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf1

Table 209

Reported offences and charges against the Penal Code 2003

	Criminal offences reported				Criminal offences with charges				Charges as per cent of reported offences
	Copen-hagen County ¹	Rest of the islands	Jutland	Total	Copen-hagen County ¹	Rest of the islands	Jutland	Total	
Penal Code, total	141 958	137 859	206 357	486 174	25 691	25 047	37 034	87 772	18.1
Sexual offences, total	652	894	1 212	2 758	349	601	789	1 739	63.1
Incest etc.	7	34	40	81	6	31	35	72	88.9
Rape etc.	111	145	216	472	67	92	141	300	63.6
Heterosexual offences, children under 12	25	71	93	189	21	61	83	165	87.3
Heterosexual offences, other	39	81	117	237	31	78	110	219	92.4
Homosexual offences, children under 12	6	9	23	38	6	7	19	32	84.2
Homosexual offences, other	2	11	12	25	2	8	12	22	88.0
Offences against decency	399	479	635	1 513	166	276	334	776	51.3
Prostitution etc.	63	64	76	203	50	48	55	153	75.4
Crimes of violence, total	4 437	5 612	7 657	17 706	3 409	4 563	6 185	14 157	80.0
Assaulting public servant	789	805	822	2 416	714	725	756	2 195	90.9
Gathering with disturbance of public order	8	1	1	10	8	-	1	9	90.0
Homicide	18	26	22	66	15	25	22	62	93.9
Attempted homicide	41	54	62	157	38	50	58	146	93.0
Assault against private person	2 513	3 326	5 055	10 894	1 850	2 696	3 979	8 525	78.3
Common assault	2 137	2 850	4 420	9 407	1 554	2 291	3 448	7 293	77.5
Grievous assault	367	468	611	1 446	289	397	511	1 197	82.8
Particularly grievous assault	9	8	24	41	7	8	20	35	85.4
Homicide and bodily harm by negligence	3	11	14	28	3	11	12	26	92.9
Offences against life or body	79	116	118	313	46	88	111	245	78.3
Offences against personal liberty	83	72	91	246	69	58	83	210	85.4
Threats	903	1 201	1 472	3 576	666	910	1 163	2 739	76.6
Offences against property, total	134 227	128 989	194 543	457 759	19 830	17 934	27 594	65 358	14.3
Forgery	2 353	1 284	1 914	5 551	1 807	1 029	1 652	4 488	80.9
Arson	360	274	531	1 165	68	138	223	429	36.8
Burglary	21 641	32 142	47 208	100 991	1 464	2 261	3 654	7 379	7.3
Burglary in banks, shops	11 919	13 659	23 600	49 178	776	1 018	1 864	3 658	7.4
Burglary in dwellings	7 002	12 054	14 823	33 879	600	908	1 368	2 876	8.5
Burglary in empty buildings	2 720	6 429	8 785	17 934	88	335	422	845	4.7
Theft	61 749	48 644	75 764	186 157	10 697	8 316	12 462	31 475	16.9
Theft from cars, boats etc.	12 642	13 498	20 777	46 917	539	726	1 264	2 529	5.4
Theft from shops etc.	8 563	5 829	8 735	23 127	7 400	4 776	7 022	19 198	83.0
Other theft	40 544	29 317	46 252	116 113	2 758	2 814	4 176	9 748	8.4
Stealing reg. cars	6 278	7 462	11 406	25 146	790	1 099	1 848	3 737	14.9
Stealing mopeds	1 581	2 981	4 329	8 891	154	311	428	893	10.0
Stealing bicycles	25 814	17 390	26 390	69 594	248	221	271	740	1.1
Stealing other objects	1 102	2 077	3 835	7 014	126	164	375	665	9.5
Larceny by finding	232	244	444	920	207	187	235	629	68.4
Embezzlement, fraud, breach of trust	2 689	2 060	3 071	7 820	1 707	1 490	2 397	5 594	71.5
Blackmail and usury	53	61	95	209	46	52	74	172	82.3
Fraud against creditors	48	47	64	159	33	33	50	116	73.0
Receiving stolen goods	707	631	1 203	2 541	686	619	1 179	2 484	97.8
Robbery	1 311	820	1 050	3 181	451	334	513	1 298	40.8
Serious fraudulent tax evasion etc.	19	33	36	88	6	21	30	57	64.8
Malicious damage	8 116	12 772	17 054	37 942	1 211	1 615	2 092	4 918	13.0
Misappropriation and offences against property	174	67	149	390	129	44	111	284	72.8
Other offences, total	2 642	2 364	2 945	7 951	2 103	1 949	2 466	6 518	82.0
Selling narcotics etc.	246	179	370	795	241	168	358	767	96.5
Smuggling narcotics	84	81	131	296	81	77	126	284	95.9
Homicide by negligence in road traffic	35	78	145	258	34	78	143	255	98.8
Other stipulations in Penal Code	2 277	2 026	2 299	6 602	1 747	1 626	1 839	5 212	78.9

¹ Incl. Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf1 and [straf2](http://www.statbank.dk/straf2)

Table 210

Victims of criminal offences 2002

	Men	Women	Sex, not stated	Total
Total	19 345	25 590	891	45 826
Sexual offences	247	2 415	21	2 683
Incest, etc.	14	92	-	106
Rape, etc.	5	478	7	490
Hetero or homosexual offences	78	296	14	388
Offences against decency	140	1 549	10	1 699
Crimes of violence	10 408	5 232	111	15 751
Assaulting, etc. public servant	575	379	4	958
Homicide and attempted homicide	151	57	2	210
Assaulting private individual	7 517	3 179	78	10 774
Of which: Common assault	6 410	2 863	65	9 338
Grievous assault	1 076	309	13	1 398
Particularly grievous assault	31	7	-	38
Threats	1 871	1 446	17	3 334
Offences against property	8 459	17 298	759	26 516
Theft of handbags	308	2 384	29	2 721
Theft from pocket or handbag	6 082	13 807	691	20 580
Theft by trick in residences	204	523	-	727
Blackmail and usury	169	28	-	197
Robbery	1 564	505	33	2 102
Other criminal offences	231	645	-	876
Breach of caution given by the police	211	634	-	845
Slander, libel, defamation, insult	20	10	-	30

Table 211**Victims of criminal offences by sex and age 2002**

	0-9 years	10-19 years	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years	80 years +	Total
Victims, total	642	8 906	11 115	7 701	5 995	4 720	2 777	2 278	1 692	45 826
Men	202	4 693	5 617	3 365	2 444	1 655	713	398	258	19 345
Women	432	4 150	5 317	4 179	3 389	2 922	1 956	1 843	1 402	25 590
Sex, not stated	8	63	180	158	162	143	108	37	32	891
Sexual offences	459	1 289	466	209	135	64	30	18	13	2 683
Men	89	127	12	9	7	1	1	1	-	247
Women	363	1 157	449	198	127	63	29	17	12	2 415
Sex, not stated	7	5	5	2	1	-	-	-	1	21
Crimes of violence	142	3 524	4 693	3 363	2 374	1 215	330	70	40	15 751
Men	84	2 642	3 212	1 978	1 392	804	228	47	21	10 408
Women	57	865	1 447	1 361	965	402	99	23	13	5 232
Sex, not stated	1	17	34	24	17	9	3	-	6	111
Offences against property	34	4 079	5 809	3 872	3 285	3 232	2 391	2 176	1 638	26 516
Men	24	1 918	2 375	1 319	1 001	771	469	345	237	8 459
Women	10	2 120	3 292	2 422	2 140	2 327	1 817	1 794	1 376	17 298
Sex, not stated	-	41	141	132	144	134	105	37	25	759
Other criminal offences	7	14	147	257	201	209	26	14	1	876
Men	5	6	18	59	44	79	15	5	-	231
Women	2	8	129	198	157	130	11	9	1	645
Sex, not stated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 212

Victims of criminal offences by type of offence 2002

	0-9 years	10-19 years	20-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50-59 years	60-69 years	70-79 years	80 years +	Total
Criminal offences, total	642	8 906	11 115	7 701	5 995	4 720	2 777	2 278	1 692	45 826
Sexual offences	459	1 289	466	209	135	64	30	18	13	2 683
Incest, etc.	59	45	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	106
Rape, etc.	12	219	136	67	37	10	4	1	4	490
Heterosexual offences, children under 12	149	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	178
Heterosexual offences, other	6	137	8	2	3	1	-	-	1	158
Homosexual offences, children under 12	17	4	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	21
Homosexual offences, other	2	27	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	31
Offences against decency	214	408	319	139	95	53	26	17	8	1 699
Crimes of violence	142	3 524	4 693	3 363	2 374	1 215	330	70	40	15 751
Assaulting public servant	-	2	121	264	324	220	23	1	3	958
Assaulting police at gatherings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Homicide	1	4	9	14	7	5	3	-	2	45
Infanticide	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Attempted homicide	1	16	59	45	31	10	-	3	-	165
Assaulting private individual	120	2 771	3 445	2 162	1 406	603	186	53	28	10 774
Common assault	105	2 505	2 959	1 809	1 191	533	167	45	24	9 338
Grievous assault	12	265	473	344	204	70	18	8	4	1 398
Particularly grievous assault	3	1	13	9	11	-	1	-	-	38
Place a person in a helpless condition	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	1	1	4
Offences against life and health	2	36	55	52	28	21	7	1	-	202
Refrain from helping a person in mortal danger	-	1	-	2	1	2	1	-	-	7
Unlawful compulsion	2	53	35	24	20	13	6	-	1	154
Loss of liberty	-	30	35	13	11	2	-	-	2	93
Serious loss of liberty	-	4	4	4	1	2	-	-	-	15
Threats	16	607	930	782	545	336	104	11	13	3 334
Offences against property	34	4 079	5 809	3 872	3 285	3 232	2 391	2 176	1 638	26 516
Theft of handbags	2	227	624	375	325	393	249	268	258	2 721
Theft from pocket or handbag	24	3 031	4 683	3 150	2 681	2 564	1 951	1 633	863	20 580
Theft by trick in residences	-	1	6	20	14	34	49	168	435	727
Theft connected with prostitution	-	-	3	-	1	2	-	-	1	7
Theft connected with violence	-	13	22	8	7	3	1	-	-	54
Blackmail	-	63	55	40	17	9	3	1	-	188
Usury	-	-	-	1	-	2	1	3	3	9
Robbery	8	730	388	254	224	200	122	101	75	2 102
Particularly serious robbery	-	14	28	24	16	25	15	3	3	128
Other criminal offences	7	14	147	257	201	209	26	14	1	876
Breach of a caution	7	12	141	252	193	201	24	14	1	845
Persecute at reiterate accusation	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
Slander, libel, defamation, insult	-	2	6	5	8	7	2	-	-	30

Table 213

Convictions for offences against the Penal Code, by age and sex 2002

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50+ years	Men total	Women total	Total
Penal Code offences, total	10 269	9 606	7 495	12 262	6 871	5 326	42 991	8 838	51 829
Sexual offences, total	113	150	135	295	223	204	1 098	22	1 120
Incest, etc.	1	2	2	24	16	23	67	1	68
Rape, etc.	42	46	29	57	36	20	229	1	230
Heterosexual offences, children under 12 years	5	7	12	27	31	22	103	1	104
Other heterosexual offences	22	25	16	20	14	14	108	3	111
Homosexual offences	6	3	2	3	7	2	22	1	23
Indecent exposure	34	49	56	137	99	104	471	8	479
Prostitution, etc.	3	18	18	27	20	19	98	7	105
Crimes of violence	2 144	2 095	1 598	2 618	1362	685	9 659	843	10 502
Offences against public authorities	179	240	217	360	152	81	1 100	129	1 229
Gathering with disturbance of public order	1	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	3
Homicide	2	5	3	12	10	5	35	2	37
Attempted homicide	4	15	7	10	5	5	36	10	46
Assault on private person	1725	1 557	1 130	1 747	953	482	6 993	601	7 594
Common assault	1457	1 278	945	1 490	820	428	5 939	479	6 418
Grievous assault	268	271	182	252	130	52	1 039	116	1 155
Particularly grievous assault	-	8	3	5	3	2	15	6	21
Homicide and bodily harm by negligence	2	2	3	3	2	3	12	3	15
Offences against life or body	34	23	15	28	16	17	130	3	133
Offences against personal liberty	25	25	32	52	22	7	146	17	163
Threats	172	226	191	406	202	85	1 204	78	1 282
Offences against property	7 576	6 574	5 121	8 363	4731	4 059	28 982	7 442	36 424
Forgery	114	261	281	544	244	107	1 202	349	1 551
Arson	61	42	46	83	49	50	282	49	331
Housebreaking	931	825	607	632	194	34	3 122	101	3 223
Burglaries from banks, shops, etc.	603	489	380	335	94	16	1 867	50	1 917
Burglaries from dwellings	224	278	198	246	77	11	988	46	1 034
Burglaries from non-residential buildings	104	58	29	51	23	7	267	5	272
Thefts	2 966	2 642	2 208	4 075	2731	3 022	12 273	5 371	17 644
Thefts from cars, boats, etc.	279	240	141	138	44	15	824	33	857
Shoplifting, etc.	1 559	1 383	1 320	2 831	2166	2 758	7 482	4 535	12 017
Other thefts	1 128	1 019	747	1 106	521	249	3 967	803	4 770
Theft of motor vehicles	724	591	342	387	120	23	2 039	148	2 187
Theft of mopeds	376	92	38	36	17	2	551	10	561
Theft of bicycles	120	88	53	101	46	15	402	21	423
Theft of other objects	203	91	56	53	25	5	411	22	433
Larceny by finding	110	105	59	124	66	30	438	56	494
Embezzlement, etc.	177	375	438	906	579	348	2 079	744	2 823
Blackmail and usury	25	30	28	27	10	5	118	7	125
Fraud against creditor	-	3	7	24	18	23	62	13	75
Handling stolen goods	314	446	347	449	188	97	1 639	202	1 841
Robbery	427	254	176	201	81	17	1 096	60	1 156
Serious fraudulent tax evasion	-	-	6	12	17	18	45	8	53
Malicious damage	955	656	384	616	300	227	2 912	226	3 138
Misappropriation and offences against property	73	73	45	93	46	36	311	55	366
Other offences	436	787	641	986	555	378	3 252	531	3 783
Selling narcotics	47	142	138	141	63	27	478	80	558
Smuggling etc. of narcotics	8	40	31	60	29	15	167	16	183
Homicide by negligence in road traffic	30	47	32	57	45	69	238	42	280
Other offences against the Penal Code	351	558	440	728	418	267	2 369	393	2 762

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 214

Offences against the Penal Code, by type of penalty 2002

	Imprisonment				Fines	Other penalty ²	Total		
	Suspended sentence		Total	Unuspended sentence					
	Imprisonment	Fixing of sentence deferred		Imprisonment				Other ¹	
Penal Code, total	6 424	2 137	8 561	7 847	6	7 853	18 909	16 420	51 829
Sexual offences, total	120	21	141	166	2	168	229	582	1 120
Rape, etc.	4	1	5	58	1	59	-	166	230
Heterosexual offences	30	4	34	44	-	44	4	133	215
Homosexual offences	3	1	4	6	-	6	-	13	23
Indecent exposure	52	14	66	29	1	30	183	200	479
Other sexual offences	31	1	32	29	-	29	42	70	173
Crimes of violence, total	2 345	270	2 615	2 903	2	2 905	674	4 272	10 502
Offences against public authorities	287	33	320	413	-	413	203	285	1 229
Homicide	-	-	-	20	-	20	-	16	37
Attempted homicide	-	-	-	10	-	10	-	36	46
Assault on private person	1 838	206	2 044	2 072	2	2 074	294	3 158	7 594
Other crimes of violence	220	31	251	388	-	388	177	777	1 596
Offences against property	3 509	1 773	5 282	3 940	2	3 942	16 820	10 333	36 424
Forgery	363	184	547	244	-	244	161	599	1 551
Arson	36	4	40	73	-	73	8	209	331
Housebreaking	589	355	944	888	-	888	109	1 275	3 223
Theft	1 111	563	1 674	1 502	1	1 503	13 484	4 580	21 248
Embezzlement, fraud etc.	792	374	1 166	216	-	216	370	1 070	2 823
Fraud against creditors	13	10	23	3	-	3	6	43	75
Handling stolen goods	254	186	440	257	1	258	569	574	1 841
Robbery	114	16	130	561	-	561	1	433	1 156
Malicious damage	179	44	223	83	-	83	1 537	1 295	3 138
Other offences against property	58	37	95	113	-	113	575	255	1 038
Other offences	450	73	523	838	-	838	1 186	1 233	3 783
Narcotics	87	4	91	442	-	442	-	207	741
Other offences	363	69	432	396	-	396	1 186	1 026	3 042

¹ Includes custody and remand prison. ² Includes absolute discharge, charges dropped, other decisions and acquittal.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 215

Convictions for offences against special legislation, by age and sex 2002

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50 + years	Men total	Women total	Total
Special legislation, total¹	1 720	2 893	2 259	3 777	2 552	1 823	13 739	1 285	15 024
Act on Euforians	983	1 854	1 387	1 857	950	238	6 644	625	7 269
Aliens Act	14	57	72	152	87	56	406	32	438
The Firearms Act	414	424	321	508	306	168	2 015	126	2 141
Fire-prevention legislation, etc.	2	14	23	64	47	74	201	23	224
Police regulations	53	92	60	75	45	21	321	25	346
Financial legislation	1	14	18	83	86	96	274	24	298
Health and social legislation	20	47	51	91	67	82	323	35	358
Environmental legislation	3	40	37	211	272	297	714	146	860
Laws concerning animals, hunting, etc.	1	11	38	151	164	262	565	62	627
Laws concerning work, transport, etc.	7	35	101	275	301	330	996	53	1 049
Laws concerning gambling, licences, food	30	95	74	130	96	68	413	80	493
Other special legislation	192	210	77	180	131	131	867	54	921

Note. Special legislation excl. the Road Traffic Act.

¹ Excl. 1,675 enterprises

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 216

Convictions for offences against special legislation, by type of conviction
2002

	Imprisonment				Total	Fines	Other decisions ¹	Total
	Suspended		Unsuspen- ded					
	Imprison- ment	Other	Imprison- ment	Other				
Special legislation, total	531	64	821	-	1 417	11 995	3 287	16 699
Act on Euforiant	358	56	566	-	980	3 650	2 639	7 269
Aliens Act	13	-	129	-	142	192	121	455
The Firearms Act	51	3	59	-	113	1 718	310	2 141
Fire prevention legislation, etc.	-	-	1	-	1	226	1	228
Police regulations	-	1	1	-	2	340	8	350
Financial legislation	76	2	52	-	130	161	9	300
Health and social legislation	8	-	2	-	10	469	22	501
Environmental legislation	-	1	-	-	1	868	115	984
Laws concerning animals, hunting, etc.	8	-	4	-	13	629	11	653
Laws concerning work, transport, etc.	-	-	1	-	1	1 874	11	1 886
Laws concerning gambling, licences, food	4	-	-	-	4	510	21	535
Other special legislation	13	1	6	-	20	1 358	19	1 397

Note. Special legislation excl. the Road Traffic Act

¹ Includes absolute discharge, charges dropped, other decisions and acquittal.

www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 217

Unsuspended sentence for offences against special legislation 2002

	Unsuspended imprisonment					Total	Detention and sentence served on remand	Total
	Imprisonment							
	30 days	31-60 days	61 days - 3 months	3 months +	Total			
Special legislation, total	478	155	66	122	821	-	821	
Act on Euforants	356	73	48	89	566	-	566	
Aliens Act	59	58	7	5	129	-	129	
The Firearms Act	29	12	4	14	59	-	59	
Fire-prevention legislation, etc.	-	-	-	1	1	-	1	
Police regulations	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	
Financial legislation	26	9	6	11	52	-	52	
Health and social legislation	1	1	-	-	2	-	2	
Environmental legislation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Laws concerning animals, hunting, etc.	2	2	-	-	4	-	4	
Laws concerning work, transport, etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Laws concerning gambling, licences, food	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other special legislation	4	-	1	2	7	-	7	

Note. Special legislation excl. the Road Traffic Act

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 218

Convictions for offences against the Road Traffic Act, by age and sex 2002

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50 + years	Men total	Women total	Total
Road Traffic Act, total	6 850	10 363	10 952	22 530	14 848	13 366	68 069	10 840	78 909
Drunk driving	692	1 460	1 260	2 851	2 903	2 531	10 692	1 005	11 697
Driving under the influence of alcohol	220	750	739	1 747	1 808	1 484	6 021	727	6 748
Vehicle deficiencies	2 695	633	275	431	253	194	4 337	144	4 481
Other offences	3 463	8 270	9 417	19 248	11 692	10 641	53 040	9 691	62 731
Non-compliance with speed limits	1 414	5 402	6 828	14 351	8 369	7 098	36 098	7 364	43 462
Non-compliance with orders	55	119	88	131	67	56	461	55	516
Failure to give way to approaching traffic	209	387	343	698	543	1 139	2 263	1 056	3 319
Overload	9	80	161	506	478	453	1 664	23	1 687
Other	1 776	2 282	1 997	3 562	2 235	1 895	12 554	1 193	13 747

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 219

Convictions for offences against the Road Traffic Act, by type of conviction 2002

	Imprisonment				Total	Fines	Other decisions ¹	Total
	Suspended		Unsuspended					
	Im-prison-ment	Other	Im-prison-ment	Other				
Road Traffic Act, total	3 331	25	1 385	-	4 741	74 593	718	80 052
Drunk driving	2 796	24	788	-	3 608	7 660	316	11 584
Driving under the influence of alcohol	2 482	22	575	-	3 079	3 455	150	6 684
Vehicle deficiencies	-	-	1	-	1	4 563	4	4 568
Other offences	535	1	596	-	1 132	62 370	398	63 900
Non-compliance with speed limits	2	-	1	-	3	43 272	12	43 287
Non-compliance with orders	-	-	-	-	-	515	1	516
Failure to give way to approaching traffic	-	1	2	-	3	3 253	44	3 300
Over loading	-	-	-	-	-	2 388	14	2 402
Other	533	-	593	-	1 126	12 942	327	14 395

¹ Includes absolute discharge, charges dropped, other decisions and acquittal.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 220

Suspension of driving licences 2002

	Unconditional suspensions	Conditional suspensions	Total
Total	5 037	2 986	8 023
Penal Code, total	952	327	1 279
Road Traffic Act, total	4 085	2 659	6 744
Accidents causing injury	203	16	219
Drunk driving	188	-	188
Accidents without injury	521	32	553
Drunk driving	506	2	508
Drunk driving and driving under the influence of alcohol	3 076	101	3 177
Drunk driving	2 869	7	2 876
Other offences against the Road Traffic Act	285	2 510	2 795
Failure to give way to approaching traffic	30	1 318	1 348
Non-compliance with speed limits	116	294	410

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 221

Convictions for offences against the Penal Code and special legislation, per 100,000 persons 2002

	Men				Women			
	Penal Code	Road Traffic Act	Other special legislation	Total	Penal Code	Road Traffic Act	Other special legislation	Total
15+ years, total	2 008	3 180	642	5 830	397	487	58	942
Number of convictions per 100,000 persons in the age group:								
15-19 years	6 046	4 417	1 100	11 563	1 055	303	86	1 444
20-24 years	5 383	5 922	1 717	13 021	729	669	122	1 520
25-29 years	3 454	5 083	1 116	9 653	562	785	93	1 440
30-39 years	2 462	4 565	825	7 852	503	881	85	1 469
40-49 years	1 414	3 299	597	5 310	405	627	77	1 109
50+ years	425	1 319	192	1 937	173	214	18	406

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 222

Convictions relating to Penal Code and special legislation by sentence per 100,000 persons 2002

	Men						Women			Total
	Fine	Imprisonment		Other	Fine	Imprisonment		Other		
		Suspended	Un-suspended			Suspended	Un-suspended			
Total 15 years +	4 034	508	449	837	734	74	21	112	3 338	
Number per 100,000 at age:										
15-19 years	7 157	1 274	559	2 537	1 014	132	19	274	6 618	
20-24 years	8 224	1 254	1 215	2 328	1 090	150	32	248	7 323	
25-29 years	6 343	782	1 018	1 511	1 108	112	43	176	5 577	
30-39 years	5 481	623	715	1 032	1 157	113	42	158	4 722	
40-49 years	3 903	481	364	561	862	93	35	120	3 239	
50 years +	1 576	144	65	152	346	23	3	35	1 120	

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/straf3 and [straf4](http://www.statbank.dk/straf4)

Table 223

Crime rate, by age, sex and national origin 2000

	Europe			Africa	America	Asia	Total			Popu- lation Total
	EU	Other European countries	Total				Origin			
							Immi- grant	Descen- dant	Danish	
Men 15-64 years	73	157	126	157	73	161	133	190	97	100
Of which:										
15-19 years	..	175	161	210	85	192	175	183	93	100
20-29 years	50	159	130	170	52	179	131	222	96	100
30-39 years	62	155	117	140	69	142	127	121	97	100
40-49 years	86	160	126	150	105	154	137	110	99	100
50-59 years	113	132	121	131	..	149	125	..	99	100
60-64 years	94	113	102	..	..	..	106	-	100	100
Women 15-64 year	96	127	117	239	85	304	123	170	98	100

Note. Crime rate by age for persons convicted in 2000.

Table 224

Persons sentenced to imprisonment in 2002 and previous imprisonment¹

Type of criminal offence	Total	Age at the time of conviction						Men, total	Women, total
		15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-39 years	40-49 years	50 years +		
—number of persons imprisoned—									
Total	19 958	2 539	3 599	3 123	5 391	3 387	1 919	17 958	2 000
Penal Code, total	14 332	2 456	3 098	2 433	3 733	1 772	840	12 796	1 506
Road Traffic Act, total	4 442	32	308	480	1 308	1 350	964	4 052	390
Special legislation, total	1 184	51	193	210	350	265	115	1 080	104
—percentage of persons previously imprisoned—									
Total	45.8	28.1	52.3	57.2	52.1	41.4	28.1	47.7	28.1
Penal Code, total	46.3	28.0	52.6	57.6	53.1	41.9	25.8	48.4	29.2
Sexual offences	23.6	16.0	28.0	40.0	28.3	24.1	10.4	23.9	-
Rape, etc.	43.3	33.3	44.4	58.3	57.9	22.2	-	43.3	-
Crimes of violence	41.8	25.3	50.9	54.8	47.3	36.6	20.2	43.0	22.5
Violence, etc. against public servant	55.0	28.7	60.3	72.4	62.5	45.2	25.6	56.7	39.7
Violence against the person	38.5	24.0	48.6	49.0	44.3	34.4	18.1	39.8	17.6
Offences against property	50.4	30.9	55.0	60.7	58.0	46.2	26.0	53.2	32.3
Burglary (banks, shops, etc.)	61.0	37.6	61.8	70.2	78.2	70.2	71.4	61.6	39.1
Burglary (private houses)	69.5	38.0	67.2	78.8	86.0	76.7	100.0	70.5	50.0
Theft	58.5	28.9	51.4	63.5	73.6	67.4	45.7	59.7	53.1
Theft/appropriation of registered vehicles	68.9	43.1	70.7	78.2	81.3	74.4	16.7	68.9	70.6
Robbery	53.3	30.3	57.2	75.5	70.7	73.2	33.3	54.0	40.6
Other criminal offences	44.3	25.2	46.1	51.5	50.3	43.8	23.7	47.5	23.3
Trafficking of drugs	50.9	25.0	45.9	48.3	61.2	63.4	47.1	52.6	36.8
Road Traffic Act, total	42.3	28.1	45.1	53.1	48.5	39.3	32.4	44.4	20.8
Road traffic accidents under the influence of alcohol	24.1	38.5	24.0	34.6	25.5	23.1	15.7	25.9	12.9
Special legislation, total	52.0	31.4	59.6	61.4	54.3	48.7	32.2	53.2	39.4
Act on euforiant	60.5	31.9	60.6	67.5	62.5	63.1	43.8	62.2	45.3

¹ Persons previously sentenced to imprisonment within a preceding 5-year period (i.e. 2002-1997).

Table 225

Persons previously sentenced to imprisonment,¹ by municipality of residence in 2002

Type of criminal offence	All Denmark	Municipalities of Copenhagen and Frederiksberg	Other municipalities in the Copenhagen region	The five largest towns	Municipalities over 10,000 inhabitants	Other municipalities	number					
							percentage of persons previously imprisoned					
Persons sentenced to imprisonment	19 958	2 577	1 542	3 445	6 222	6 048						
Total	45.8	49.4	43.3	49.6	46.9	41.7						
Penal Code	46.3	49.6	44.6	51.0	48.0	39.9						
Sexual offences	23.6	20.9	14.3	21.2	31.3	20.0						
Crimes of violence	41.8	42.4	40.9	44.4	43.8	37.8						
Offences against property	50.4	54.6	47.8	56.0	51.8	42.9						
Other criminal offences	44.3	46.4	45.3	51.6	46.8	35.9						
Road Traffic Act	42.3	42.7	35.1	41.7	41.3	44.0						
Special legislation	52.0	55.3	45.2	55.4	52.6	48.9						

Note. Excluding municipalities of residence not stated.

¹ Persons previously sentenced to imprisonment within a preceding 5-year period (i.e. 2002-1997).

Table 226

Inmates in main prisons and local prisons 2002¹

	Men	Women	Total
Number of admissions in main and local prisons	...	...	...
Average number of inmates	3 275	160	3 435
Local prisons and Copenhagen prisons			
Average number of inmates per day	1 488	71	1 559
Custody and arrest	949	45	994
Prison and detention	508	22	530
Lenient imprisonment	4	-	4
Fine	6	1	7
Admitted under the Aliens Act	17	3	20
Other	4	-	4
State prisons			
Inmates, total	6 204	290	6 494
Closed institution/prison, total	535	21	556
Open institution/prison, total	5 669	269	5 938
Prison	5 490	232	5 722
Lenient imprisonment/fines	664	58	722
Detention	-	-	-
Other	50	-	50
Releases total	...	...	6 409
Closed institution/prison, total	...	...	525
Open institution/prison, total	...	...	5 884
After ordinary imprisonment	...	...	3 255
After completed lenient imprisonment/paid fine	...	...	750
On probation after ordinary imprisonment	...	...	2 349
Other	...	...	55
Average number of inmates, total	1 787	89	1 876
Prison and detention	1 729	87	1 816
Lenient imprisonment/fine	36	2	38
Other (Incl.custody and arrest)	21	1	22

Note. Prison service closed institutions/prisons are at Herstedvester, Horsens, Nyborg, Ringe and Vridsløselille, while open prisons are at Horserød, Gribskov, Kragsskovhede, Kærshovedgård, Møgelkær, Nr. Snede, Renbæk, Sdr. Omme, Søbysøgård, Jyderup, and Holsbjergvej. There are 41 local institutions/prisons outside Copenhagen.

¹ Excl. Sandholm camp and Åbenrå asylum department.

Source: Department of Prisons and Probation.

Table 227

Police activity

	1999	2000	2001	2002
Resources				
Police force	10 048	10 221	10 251	10 233
Uniformed police	8 002	8 182	8 209	8 181
Criminal police	2 046	2 039	2 042	2 052
Clerical staff	2 077	2 087	2 132	2 165
Legal staff	418	408	429	449
Official cars	2 148	2 115	2 577	2 764
Police dogs	318	299	...	...
Duties				
Arrests, total	77 619	78 090	68 354	67 287
Duties with the use of police dogs	45 387	43 757	35 384	...
Offences against Police Regulations, etc.	21 016	20 815	14 328	16 213
Revocations of driving licenses	16 248	16 188	17 378	17 836
Parking fines ¹	115 023	82 556	73 065	65 172
Cases involving immigrants	30 683	29 705	34 882	29 705
Fines ²	345 796	407 918	427 042	423 092
Police permits, granted	97 079	98 570	97 987	122 204
Lost property, items received	155 327	156 408	145 583	143 199
Lost property, items returned	65 359	66 547	63 121	63 438
Driving licences issued	301 094	283 065	287 251	287 819
Passports issued	488 961	358 068	353 576	364 414

Note. The table does not include all police activity which appears in other tables in the Statistical Yearbook. The resources are distributed among the Commissioner of Polices' 9 departments and 54 police districts.

¹ Enforced by the police and traffic wardens. ² Amounting to DKK 670 mio. in 2002.

Source: The Police's annual report.

Table 228

Criminal justice: cases concluded in courts of first instance 2002

	Lower courts				High courts		1st instance, total
	Copenhagen region ¹	Rest of the islands	Jutland	Total	Eastern High Court	Western High Court	
Cases concluded in 1st instance	39 550	25 015	32 930	97 495	56	23	97 574
With lay assessors	3 806	3 854	5 467	13 127	•	•	13 127
Without lay assessors	31 076	16 757	20 345	68 178	•	•	68 178
Confession	4 279	3 785	6 093	14 157	•	•	14 157
Other cases	389	619	1 025	2 033	•	•	2 033

¹ Judicial districts in Copenhagen and the Copenhagen region. ² Trials by jury.

Source: The Court Administration.

Table 229

Civil justice: cases concluded in courts of first instance 2002

	Lower courts				High courts		1st instance, total
	Copenhagen region ¹	Rest of the islands	Jutland	Total	Eastern High Court	Western High Court	
Proceedings, total	37 108	43 613	56 965	137 686	686	509	138 881
Type of cases							
Ordinary cases	31 823	37 588	49 471	118 882	686	509	120 077
Residential	2 296	2 440	3 371	8 107	-	-	8 107
Matrimonial	1 820	1 982	2 397	6 199	-	-	6 199
Paternity	590	587	779	1 956	-	-	1 956
Incapacitation	49	78	107	234	-	-	234
Cases pursuant to section 124 in Social Assistance Act	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other cases	530	938	840	2 308	-	-	2 308

¹ Judicial districts in Copenhagen and the Copenhagen region, i.e. nos. 1-12 and the Maritime and Commercial Court.

Source: The Court Administration.

Table 230

Criminal justice: appeals 2002

	Eastern High Court	Western High Court	Total	Supreme Court			Total
				From Eastern High Court	From Western High Court	From other courts	
Appeals, total	1 313	1 156	2 469	34	13	-	47
Number of charged persons, total	1 465	1 289	2 754	43	21	-	64
Penalty increased	251	214	465	1	1	-	2
Penalty confirmed	854	686	1 540	31	18	-	49
Penalty mitigated	338	366	704	9	1	-	10
Other decisions	22	18	40	-	-	-	-
Appeals in interlocutory procedure, total	2 457	1 891	4 348	17	10	-	27
The appellant's claim:							
Allowed	245	140	385	7	2	-	9
Dismissed	2 212	1 751	3 963	10	18	-	18

Note. 80 cases were admissible to be reopened by the appeals court in 2002, of these five were actually reopened.

Table 231

**Enforcement proceedings, registration, estates of deceased persons
and bankruptcies, etc. 2002**

	Copenhagen region ¹	Other islands	Jutland	Total
Enforcement proceedings	69 080	93 345	106 722	269 147
Petitions for distraint, etc.	56 197	81 133	92 115	229 445
Recovery of property bought on hire purchase	649	816	1 057	2 370
Other cases of taking possession and ejection	12 142	10 735	12 645	35 522
Auction sales of real property	92	661	905	1 810
Notarial acts	19 911	13 007	18 485	51 403
Registrations, total	461 736	943 631	1 597 539	3 002 906
Conveyances and title deeds	31 027	67 173	90 635	188 835
Mortgages, etc. on real property	109 176	223 519	268 627	601 322
Mortgages, chattels	1	102	127 241	127 344
Other registrations	321 532	652 837	1 111 036	2 085 405
Estates of deceased persons, total	13 675	18 859	25 936	58 470
Ordinary estates of deceased:				
Disposed of without adm.	5 614	5 730	7 455	18 799
Passed to surviving spouse	304	268	516	1 088
Undivided possession	2 036	4 335	6 291	12 662
Private adm. out of court	2 716	4 100	5 679	12 495
Of which later adm. by executor:				
Simple adm. out of court	1 795	2 415	3 792	8 002
Administered by executor	913	1 519	1 545	3 977
Disposed with admin.	48	72	93	213
Other estates of deceased person	116	223	183	522
Special estates of deceased person	123	197	382	702
Other probates	119	3 680	5 538	12 270
Bankruptcy	.	1 024	1 562	3 425
Restructuring of debts	.	1 512	2 400	4 780
Suspension of payment	.	166	398	725
Liquidations	.	530	660	2 146
Spouse probates	117	318	353	788
Other cases	2	130	165	406
Of:				
Bankruptcy closed	.	286	387	1 040
Restructuring of debts completed	.	496	764	1 376
Liquidations closed	.	330	400	1 209
Spouse probates closed without adm.	99	278	279	656

¹ Judicial districts in Copenhagen and the Copenhagen region, i.e. nos. 1-12 and the Maritime and Commercial Court.

Source: The Court Administration.

Income, consumption, and prices

1. Developments within income and consumption

Concepts of income

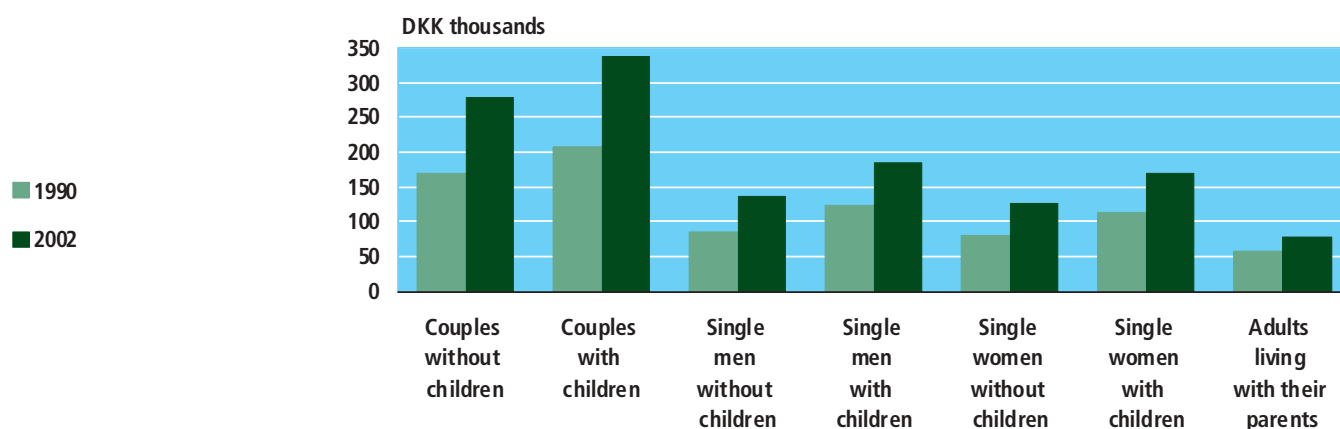
The income statistics comprise family-related as well as person-related statistics. The central concepts are family income and personal income. Family income is calculated as the sum of the income types: entrepreneurial income, property income, current transfers and other family income, while personal income comprises all types of income, except for property income. Property income is calculated as rental value of owner-occupied dwellings plus net interest received and other property income.

Couples with children earn most

When considering families, couples with children had the highest average income after taxes in 2002; their annual average was DKK 336,500. The corresponding figure for couples without children was DKK 277,700. When carrying out such comparisons, it should be noted that couples without children are normally older than couples with children, and that children may contribute to total family incomes to some extent.

Figure 1

Average family income after taxes



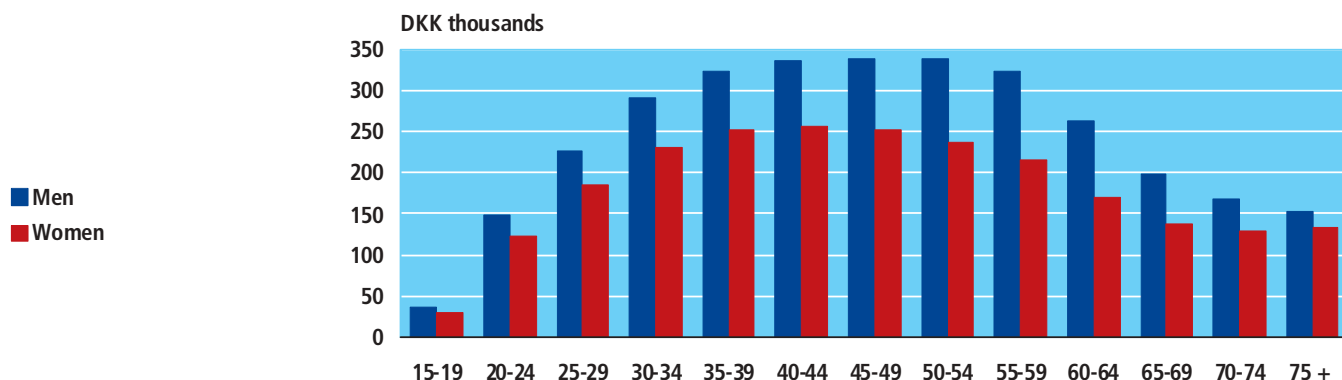
Men earn the most

In 2002, the average personal income for persons aged 15 and above was DKK 221,800. Men had larger incomes than women, as the average income of men was DKK 256,000, while the average income of women was DKK 188,800.

Income, consumption, and prices

Figure 2

Average personal income, by age group 2002

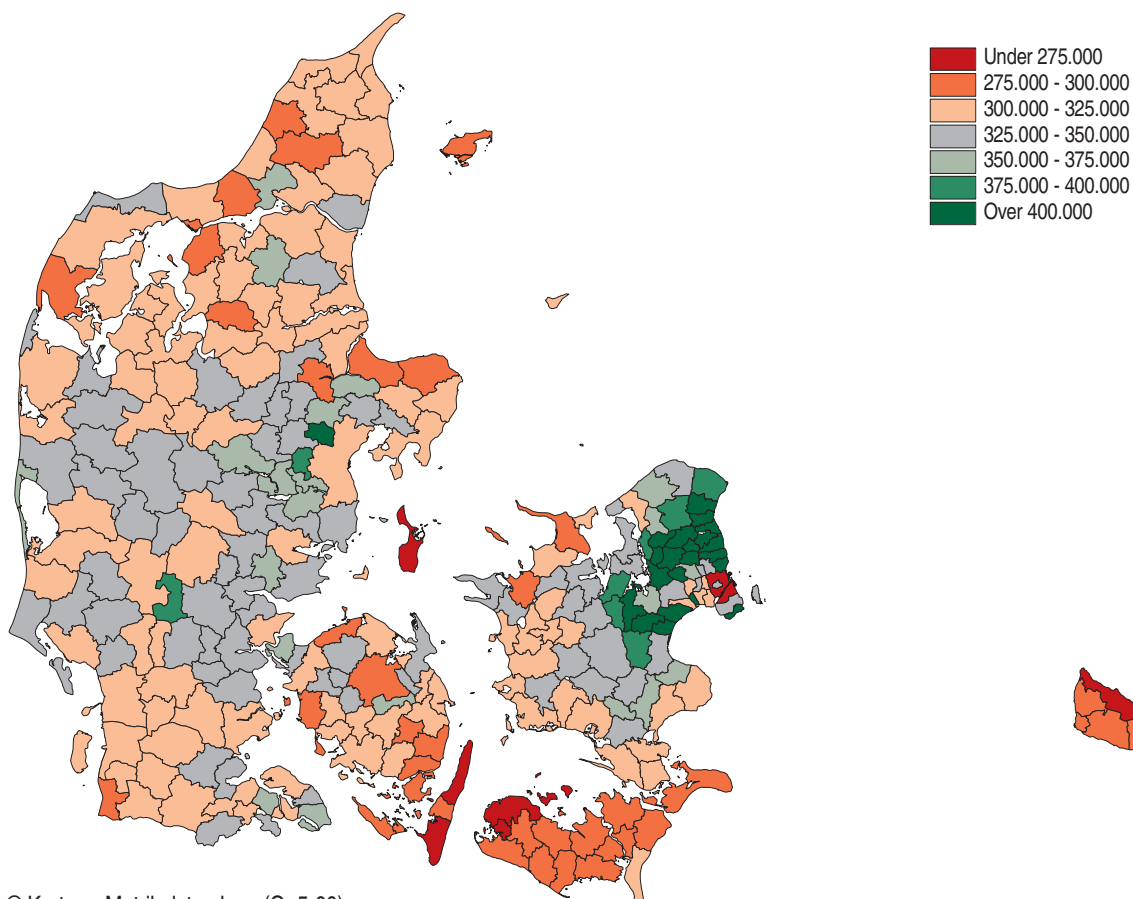


Geographic distribution of family income

The average family income was DKK 328,700 before taxes in 2002. The highest average family incomes were recorded in the Metropolitan area in the municipalities outside Copenhagen municipality. Family income was DKK 601,500 in Søllerød, in Hørsholm DKK 548,600 and in Gentofte DKK 517,000. The outlying municipalities accounted for the lowest average family incomes with DKK 256,900 in Sydlangeland, DKK 261,000 in Tranekær, DKK 263,900 in Ravnsborg and. Only five municipalities had a lower average family income than Copenhagen with DKK 272,500.

Figure 3

Average family income before taxes in municipalities 2002

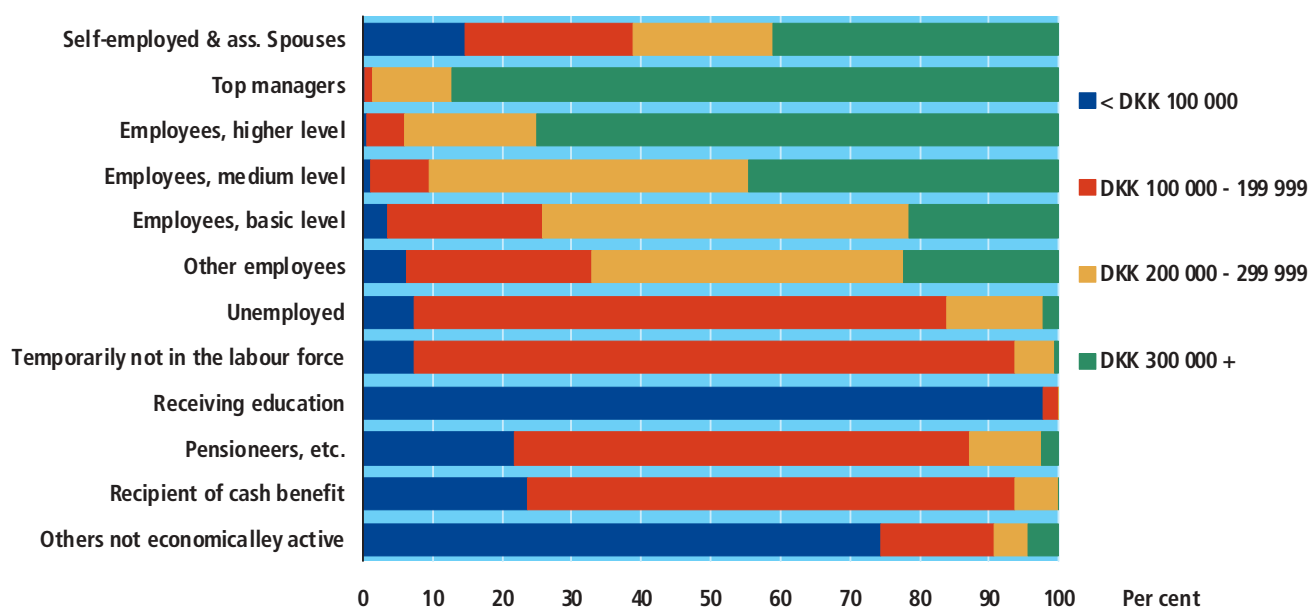


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Personal income, by socio-economic status

When considering personal incomes as they relate to socio-economic status, we see that only 1.3 per cent of all top-level managers (salaried employees at upper levels) made less than DKK 200,000 in 2002. When considering the other end of the scale, 87.2 per cent of all pensioners, 84.0 per cent of all unemployed people, and 99.9 per cent of all students had incomes of less than DKK 200,000.

Figure 4 Distribution of personal income, by socio-economic groups 2002



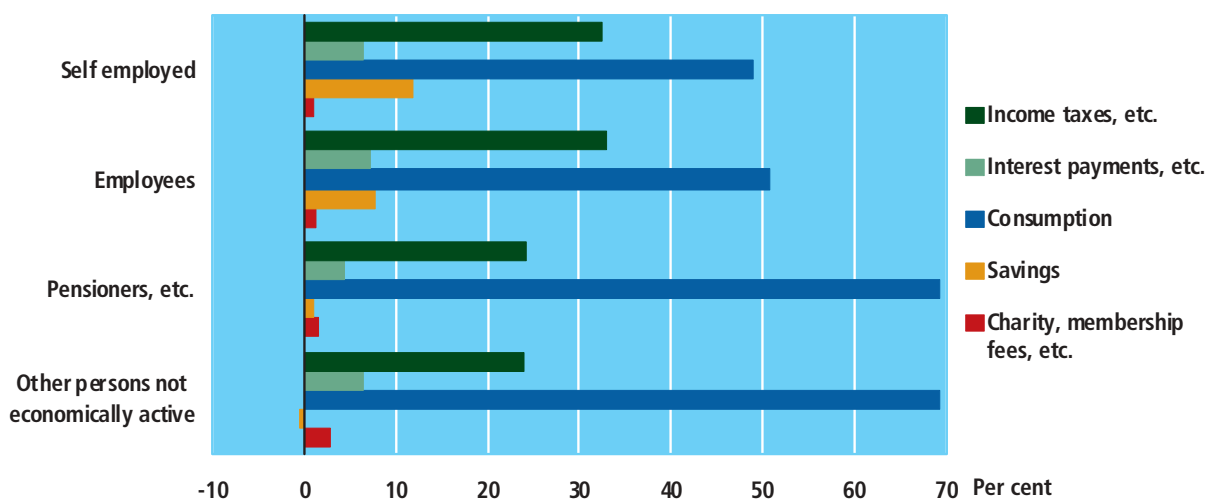
2. How is income spent?

The main part is spent on consumption

The household budget survey carried out by Statistics Denmark, which involves a study of private-household finances, makes it possible to see how total household income is spent. According to the somewhat wider concept of income in the consumption survey, an average 2000 household has a total income of DKK 417,529. This figure does not include an additional DKK 967 from net payments from capital-pension schemes. A large part of this income was not, however, at the disposal of the household due to income tax, etc., and any interest payable on household debts (including mortgages) – DKK 157,940. The amount left to average households was DKK 260,556. The main part of this amount was spent on consumption - DKK 227,283 - while DKK 27,697 was used for savings (including pension savings and savings tied up in real property). The remaining DKK 5,576 was spent on membership fees, gifts, and charity.

Income, consumption, and prices

Figure 5 How income is spent in selected households – per cent of total income 2000



Employee households pay most in income taxes

Figure 5 shows how in 2000, employee households constituted the group where income taxes, etc., accounted for the largest percentage of the total income. Pensioner households and other households made up of persons who were not economically active (social-security recipients, students, etc.) were characterised by spending a considerably greater percentage of their income on consumption, while their savings were much smaller; indeed, the group of *other persons not economically active* had negative savings. On average, households of people which were not economically active took out debt or lived by "dipping into" their savings.

Households differ a lot

When assessing these differences, it should be noted that households vary greatly in nature. Households where the main breadwinner was self-employed or an employee were significantly larger than other households; this type of household was home to respectively 2.6 and 2.4 persons per household on average, whereas the corresponding figure for pensioners' households was 1.4 and for other households 1.9 persons per household. Total income, incl. capital-pension schemes, was significantly lower in households which were not economically active: the average income for pensioners' households was DKK 229,812, while the average income for households of other persons not economically active was DKK 227,813.

Self-employed earn more than employees

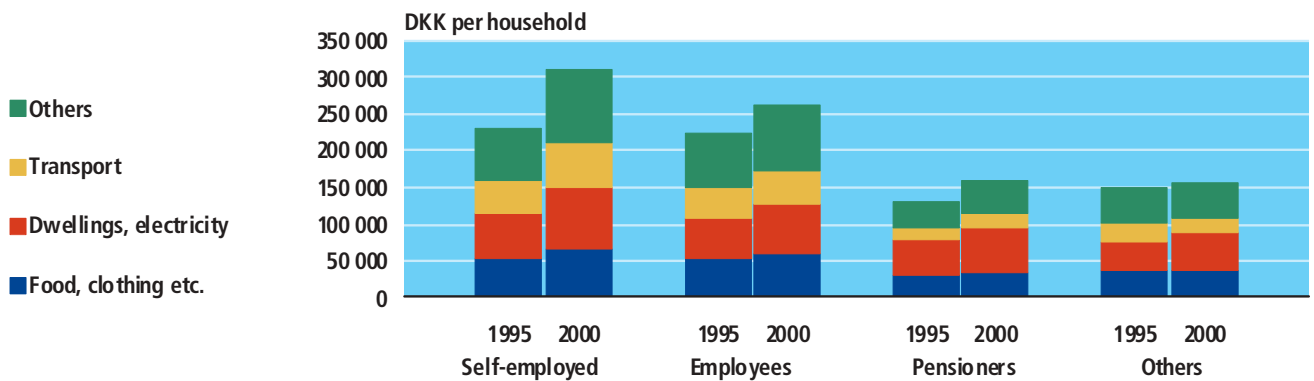
Households where the main breadwinner was self-employed had an average total income of DKK 636,854, while the average income of employee households was DKK 517,754. In this context, it is important to remember that both of these groups of households are quite inhomogeneous. Self-employed people include owners of large enterprises as well as small, independent greengrocers, just as the employee group covers everyone from top managers to check-out clerks, etc.

Self-employed account for the highest increase in consumer spending

Figure 6 shows the development in consumer spending of households from 1994 to 1999. The statistical data are compiled at current prices, implying that inflation is not taken into account. Self-employed account for the highest increase (34 pct.),

while consumer spending of employees only increased by 17 pct. The varying developments for the different groups can both be attributed to the varying developments of the groups as a whole but also the possible changes in the composition of each group.

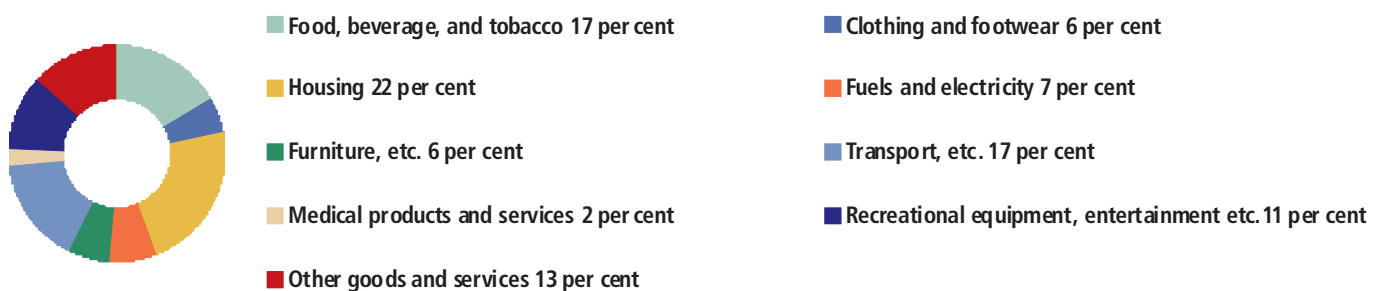
Figure 6 Change in consumer spending from 1995 to 2000



The most money was spent on housing

Figure 7 illustrates how housing constituted the largest single consumption item, as housing consumption accounted for 22 per cent of total consumption in 2000, i.e. rent in rented accommodation and imputed rent in owner-occupied housing, plus maintenance, etc. This figure does not include an additional 7 per cent for heating and electricity. Food, beverages, and tobacco accounted for 17 per cent, which corresponds to the amount spent on transport, etc. The fourth-largest expense item was Other goods and services, which includes expenditure on education and child care, restaurants and hotels, various services, insurance, etc. Recreational equipment and entertainment accounted for 11 per cent, while clothing and footwear only accounted for 6 per cent

Figure 7 Consumption by goods/services 2000



Consumption of beer decreased, while consumption of wine and alcohol increased

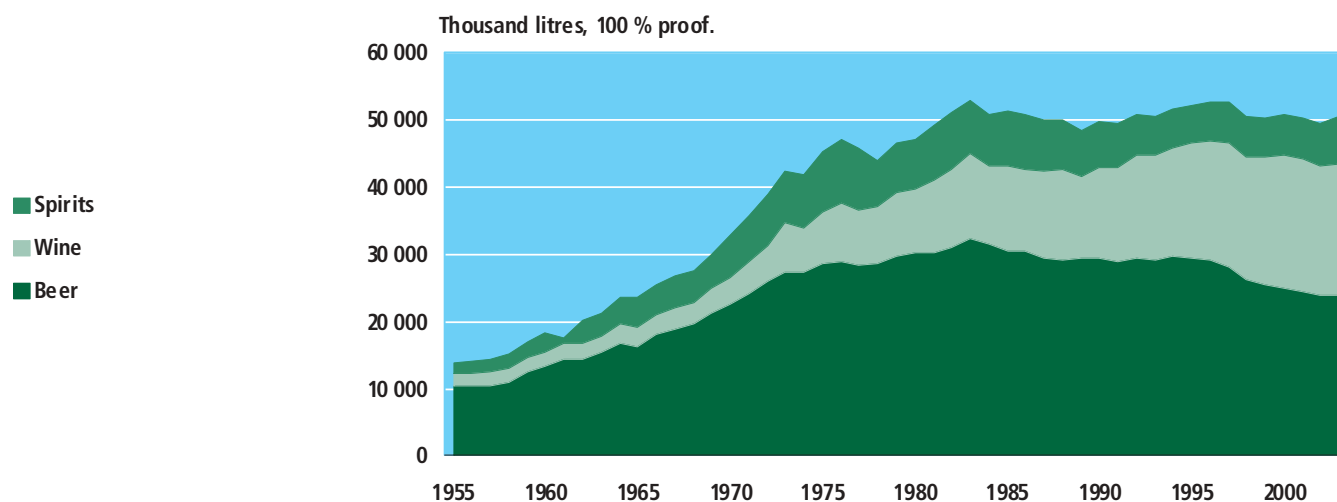
In 2003, the average alcohol consumption per citizen was 9.4 litres of pure alcohol, which is an increase compared to the year before. Beer consumption increased until the beginning of the eighties, and has declined since then. In contrast, wine consumption has increased throughout the entire period from 1955, except for a slight decline from 1997 to 1998 and again from 2001 to 2002. Spirits consumption peaked in 1976 and has declined gradually since then, until reaching a relatively stable level during the nineties. Consumption of spirits decreased 1.1 per

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cent from 2000 to 2001, but increased again with 2.4 per cent the year after and with 12,8 per cent from 2002 to 2003. One of the reasons for this increase is the introduction of RTD (Ready to Drink) specially aimed at young people.

Figure 8

Total consumption of dutiable alcohol 1955-2003

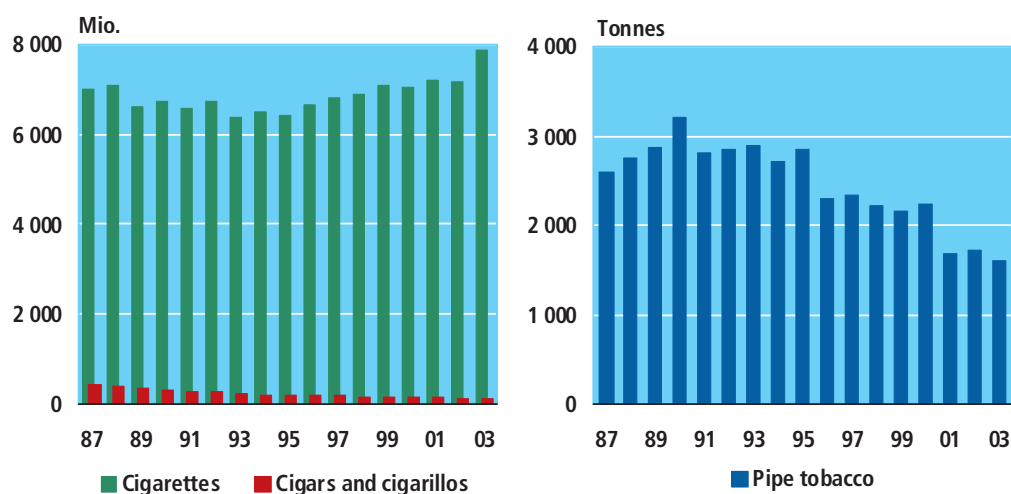


Tobacco consumption increased in 2003

Cigarette consumption decreased during the eighties and reached a stable level during the first half of the nineties. During the second half of the nineties, this trend has changed to a slight increase in cigarette consumption, and while the level stabilized in the beginning of the new millennium, 2003 saw a new increase. Smoking tobacco consumption has fallen at a largely steady rate since 1990 and after a small increase in 2000, the level of consumption was followed by a sharp decrease (24.2 per cent) in 2001. The consumption of cigars and cigarillos has decreased over a long period of time.

Figure 9

Tobacco consumption 1986-2003



3. Household transfers to and from the public sector

The value of indirect subsidies

The household budget survey also calculates the value of the indirect public subsidies which households may be said to receive insofar as they utilize free or cost-reduced services within healthcare, education, and childcare.

On the other hand, part of all household consumption actually constitutes payments to the public sector insofar as such consumption is liable to VAT or other taxes/duties.

The net result of such transfers back and forth between individual households and the public sector can be calculated as shown in Overview 1.

Here, households are divided into categories by age of the main breadwinner. When assessing these statistics, it should be noted that households within the younger as well as older categories are relatively small, whereas households within the 30-59 year age bracket are larger, usually comprising two economically active adults.

Income taxes, etc., also include subscriptions to unemployment-insurance funds. Income transfers comprise a number of transfer incomes, including old-age pensions, cash benefits, sickness benefits, unemployment benefits, housing/rent benefits, and family allowances. As was mentioned above, "selected transfers" include the most important services offered within healthcare, education, and childcare; subsidies for medical products have not, however, been included for practical reasons.

Net transfers to the public sector increase with age

It is clear that the net transfers from households to the public sector increase with age until the age of 60. From this age onwards, it becomes common to receive early-retirement benefits and old-age pension benefits, so for the older age bracket, public transfers to households exceed the transfers made from households to the public sector in the form of taxes and duties.

Household transfers to and from the public sector 2000

	Age group					
	All	18-29	30-49	50-59	60-66	67 and above
	DKK thousands					
Transfers to the public sector	184	131	237	237	156	89
Income taxes, etc.	130	90	171	174	104	55
VAT, duties, property taxes, etc.	54	41	66	63	52	34
Transfers from the public sector	123	79	135	85	148	162
Transfer income	71	41	54	55	127	122
Selected indirect transfers	52	38	81	30	21	40
Net transfers to the public sector	61	52	102	152	8	-73
Average household income	418	286	529	549	360	213

Income, consumption, and prices

4. Prices

Inflation levels peaked in 1974

In 1974, inflation levels peaked with an annual change in the consumer price index of approximately 15 per cent and a change in the price index for domestic supply of approximately 22 per cent. In 1980, the annual change in the consumer price index was approximately 12 per cent, while the corresponding figure for the price index for domestic supply was approximately 17 per cent. The enormous increases in oil prices during these periods affected the price index for domestic supply to a greater degree than the other indices due to the greater weight of fuels. The repeated devaluation of the Danish krone at the end of the 1970s was also instrumental in increasing import prices, which also have greater weight in the price index for domestic supply.

The consumer price index and the price index for domestic supply

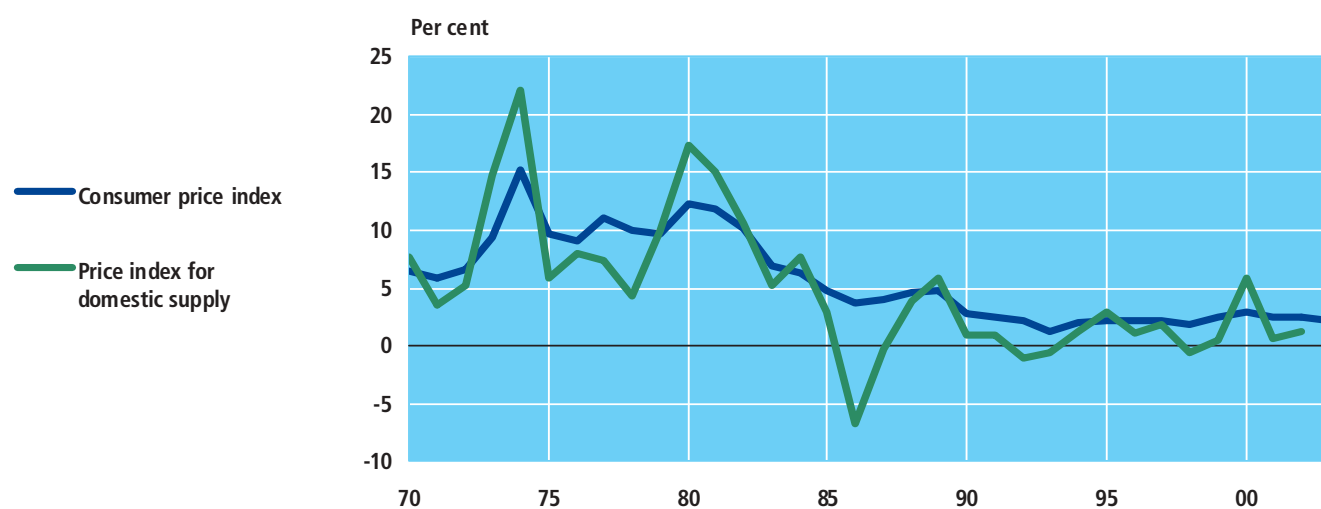
During the period from 1965 to 2002, the consumer price index and the price index for domestic supply followed each other over the long term: the annual changes rose up until 1980, and then began to fall. In the short term, however, the two indices may display very different trends. Throughout the entire period, all changes in the consumer price index were positive, which means increasing consumer prices.

The lowest inflation in ten years

In 2003 the rise of the price index has slow downed. In October 2003 the price index was only 1.4 per cent higher than in the same month in 2002. This makes it the slowest rise of the prices since 1993. This development ought to be seen in the light of the lowering on taxes on alcohol and tobacco in October 2003. The price index for domestic supply, however, fell during the years 1986-87, 1992-93, and 1998. The annual changes are calculated as percentage changes in the average index for two consecutive years.

Figure 10

Annual changes in the consumer price index and the price index for domestic supply 1970-2003



Greater fluctuation within the price index for domestic supply

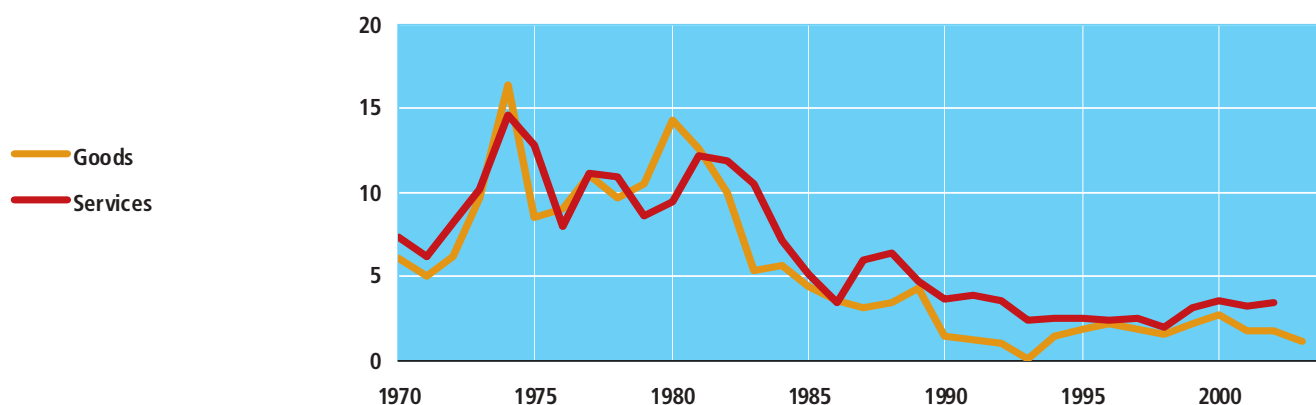
The price index for domestic supply fluctuates more than the consumer price index. This is mainly due to the fact that energy consumption, fuels, etc., have

greater weight in the price index for domestic supply. In addition to this the price index for domestic supply includes a number of raw materials, which prices fluctuates relatively much, and which are not comprised by the consumer price index.

Sub-indices for goods and services

Figure 11 illustrates the annual changes in the consumer price index, by goods and services. Like the overall consumer price index, these indices reflect the high levels of inflation from the early 1970s to the early 1980s. The increases in the service index were greater than the increases in the goods index during the periods before and after the oil crises. This may be partly attributed to the fact that the service index to a greater extent than the goods index is influenced by developments within wages and salaries.

Figure 11 Annual changes in goods and services indices 1970-2003

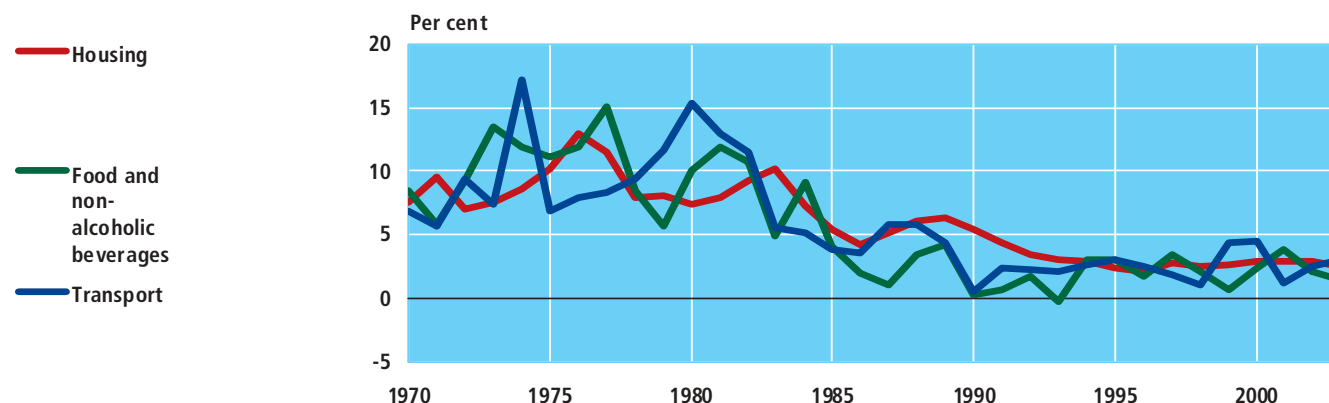


The housing index, the food index, and the transport index

Figure 12 shows the annual changes in three of the sub-indices of the consumer price index: the housing index, the food index, and the transport index. Generally, these sub-indices show the same overall trend as the consumer price index depicted in figure 10, i.e. greatest change during the period around the two oil crises. However, figure 12 also shows that each of the three sub-indices reach a peak at different times. The greatest change to the transport index occurred in 1974 (a 17 per cent increase). The housing index reached its peak in 1976 (a 13 per cent increase), and the foods index peaked in 1977 with an increase of approximately 15 per cent.

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Figure 12 Annual changes in selected sub-indices 1970-2003



International comparison of the price development

Until the mid of 2001 the inflation in Europe and USA was between 2 and 4 per cent. From 2001 there has been a fallen tendency with inflation rates between 1 and 3 per cent. Prices in Japan have been declining (deflation) since the beginning of 2000, except for January 2001.

Figure 13 Inflation in EU, Denmark, United States and Japan 2000-2003

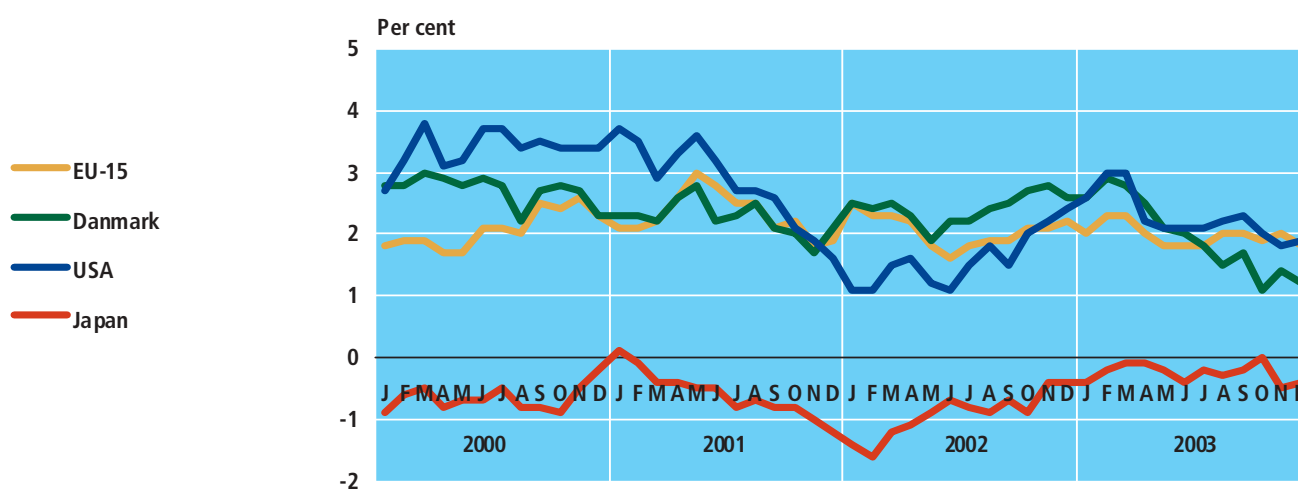


Table 232

Total family income before tax 2002

	Number of families	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile	Average
	thousands	DKK thousands			
Family income before tax					
Families, total	2 852.4	151.1	258.5	447.9	328.7
Without children	2 192.8	136.6	214.1	352.4	277.6
With 1 child	279.1	279.2	433.7	568.3	460.4
With 2 children	279.3	372.6	497.6	625.3	530.6
With 3 or more children	101.2	337.3	476.5	608.2	514.5
Couples, total	1 316.1	316.2	451.9	583.9	488.9
Without children	783.1	266.6	396.2	537.0	442.8
With 1 child	204.0	397.5	496.4	618.6	537.9
With 2 children	239.5	432.8	526.7	652.0	575.7
With 3 or more children	89.6	387.1	501.2	629.9	548.1
Single persons, total	1 289.3	130.9	175.1	252.7	205.3
Without children	1 163.4	128.3	165.5	245.6	200.1
With 1 child	74.8	178.4	232.8	293.9	249.8
With 2 or more children	51.2	195.5	239.3	294.6	258.3
Adults living with their parents¹	202.8	42.3	94.2	162.3	113.7
Men ¹	131.3	53.6	112.3	187.8	130.2
Women ¹	71.4	32.0	64.2	116.9	83.4
Families living in institutional households	44.2	106.3	129.4	169.9	142.8

¹ Persons of 18 years or over living at the same address as either of their parents or both parents, unless such persons are married themselves or have children living at home.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/06

Table 233

Number of families by family type and level of family income 2002

	Families total	Singles				Adults living with their parents ¹	Couples					Families living in institutional households
		Total	Without children	With 1 child	With 2 or more children		Total	Without children	With 1 child	With 2 children	With 3 or more children	
DKK thousands												
Number of families	2 852.4	1 289.3	1 163.4	74.8	51.2	202.8	1 316.1	783.1	204.0	239.5	89.6	44.2
Income before tax												
Under 50 000 kr.	110.5	41.3	40.1	0.8	0.4	59.6	5.2	2.8	0.8	0.9	0.6	4.5
50 000 - 99 999 kr.	156.6	100.8	98.8	1.5	0.5	47.1	4.9	3.7	0.5	0.4	0.2	3.9
100 000 - 149 999 kr.	436.5	362.9	355.2	5.8	1.9	39.0	16.1	12.8	1.6	1.1	0.7	18.5
150 000 - 199 999 kr.	366.2	252.2	222.5	18.3	11.5	22.9	79.8	73.7	2.9	1.9	1.3	11.1
200 000 - 249 999 kr.	308.3	200.1	169.1	17.0	14.0	17.0	87.9	77.5	5.5	3.3	1.6	3.2
250 000 - 299 999 kr.	257.4	145.4	120.3	14.1	11.0	9.6	101.0	78.0	10.1	8.5	4.4	1.3
300 000 - 349 999 kr.	192.6	81.4	67.1	8.3	6.1	4.2	106.5	75.0	12.6	10.9	8.0	0.6
350 000 - 399 999 kr.	158.9	41.1	34.6	3.9	2.6	1.6	115.8	73.7	18.0	16.5	7.5	0.3
400 000 - 449 999 kr.	158.9	22.4	19.2	1.9	1.2	0.7	135.6	75.2	24.8	26.4	9.1	0.2
450 000 - 499 999 kr.	154.4	12.9	11.2	1.0	0.6	0.4	141.0	70.4	27.1	32.5	10.9	0.1
500 000 - 599 999 kr.	236.3	13.4	11.7	1.1	0.7	0.3	222.4	103.4	43.3	57.0	18.7	0.1
600 000 - 699 999 kr.	132.6	5.9	5.2	0.4	0.3	0.2	126.4	57.3	24.5	33.7	10.8	0.1
700 000 - 799 999 kr.	70.9	3.1	2.7	0.2	0.1	0.0	67.7	30.5	13.0	18.3	5.9	0.1
800 000 - 899 999 kr.	39.1	1.7	1.6	0.1	0.1	0.0	37.3	16.7	7.2	10.1	3.3	0.0
900 000 - 999 999 kr.	22.6	1.1	1.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	21.5	9.6	4.0	5.9	1.9	0.0
1 000 000 - 1 999 999 kr.	44.7	2.6	2.4	0.1	0.1	0.0	42.0	19.8	7.4	10.9	3.9	0.0
2 000 000 - 2 999 999 kr.	3.7	0.4	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.3	1.8	0.5	0.7	0.3	0.0
3 mio kr. +	2.3	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.9	1.1	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.0

¹ Persons of 18 years or over living at the same address as either of their parents or both parents, unless such persons are married themselves or have children living at home.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/06

Table 234

Total family income, by type of dwelling 2002

	Type of dwelling					Total	Type of ownership	
	Detached	Terraced or semi-detached	Apartment houses	Student hostels	Other dwellings ²		Own dwelling	Rented ³
DKK thousands								
Family income before tax								
Families, total	405.2	310.8	253.6	106.7	209.4	328.7	418.5	236.7
Without children	336.9	266.7	232.9	103.7	191.1	277.6	353.9	212.1
With 1 child	532.8	427.3	351.8	206.1	380.7	460.4	545.4	340.1
With 2 children	577.2	486.6	395.2	254.0	456.8	530.6	587.0	390.8
With 3 or more children	567.4	461.0	369.2	313.2	452.5	514.5	583.2	376.6
Couples, total	521.8	470.5	406.3	209.2	442.8	488.9	527.6	393.0
Without children	473.3	421.1	382.0	200.1	414.4	442.8	481.1	358.8
With 1 child	569.0	535.0	454.1	238.9	488.4	537.9	574.9	446.6
With 2 children	595.8	569.9	477.3	281.0	531.5	575.7	601.0	479.8
With 3 or more children	582.9	526.6	415.1	326.6	512.8	548.1	592.4	429.2
Singles, total	226.6	212.5	198.5	94.7	181.9	205.3	258.6	185.1
Without children	220.4	204.3	194.8	94.1	178.9	200.1	253.6	179.4
With 1 child	280.4	259.7	232.5	152.7	224.9	249.8	311.5	229.8
With 2 or more children	282.8	263.6	241.2	170.2	238.3	258.3	314.0	241.3
Adults living with their parents¹	116.6	104.0	108.5	83.3	123.5	113.7	116.0⁴	106.9⁴
Men ¹	134.6	117.2	120.5	101.4	139.5	130.2	133.8 ⁴	119.5 ⁴
Women ¹	82.5	81.0	88.0	..	92.2	83.4	83.0 ⁴	84.7 ⁴
Families living in institutional households	-	-	-	-	142.8	142.8	669.9	142.4
Disposable family income								
Families, total	248.6	199.7	165.5	77.4	139.4	206.9	255.0	157.6
Without children	210.5	174.3	151.8	75.2	128.6	177.4	219.2	141.6
With 1 child	317.7	264.0	226.5	150.8	238.3	281.1	323.3	221.4
With 2 children	343.8	300.9	258.5	187.6	282.1	321.8	348.1	256.8
With 3 or more children	346.0	300.2	260.1	220.9	296.0	323.1	353.0	263.0
Couples, total	317.6	293.7	260.5	149.7	279.0	301.5	320.0	255.6
Without children	293.6	268.5	245.0	142.7	264.3	277.7	297.2	235.0
With 1 child	338.4	323.1	285.2	173.7	299.9	324.0	340.6	283.1
With 2 children	353.9	344.5	304.3	205.0	321.8	345.6	356.0	306.2
With 3 or more children	354.1	334.5	286.7	228.7	330.2	340.4	358.1	293.0
Singles, total	142.4	142.7	131.3	68.9	120.3	134.3	158.2	125.2
Without children	138.2	136.6	128.0	68.5	118.1	130.3	155.2	120.6
With 1 child	173.6	172.2	158.0	113.7	148.3	164.5	186.2	157.5
With 2 or more children	187.0	186.7	175.7	133.7	168.0	181.3	196.7	176.7
Adults living with their parents¹	79.0	72.0	74.3	61.5	82.7	77.4	78.7⁴	73.6⁴
Men ¹	89.4	79.5	81.0	73.4	91.6	86.8	88.8 ⁴	80.7 ⁴
Women ¹	59.5	59.0	62.8	..	65.1	60.1	59.8 ⁴	61.0 ⁴
Families living in institutional households	-	-	-	-	101.9	101.9	370.8	101.7

¹ Persons of 18 years or over living at the same address as either of their parents or both parents, unless such persons are married themselves or have children living at home. ² Incl. dwellings for seasonal use and unknown types of dwelling. ³ Dwellings which are part of a housing association are included as rented. ⁴ Parents' owner/tenant status.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/06

Table 235

Total family income by age of children 2002

	Number of families	Youngest child					Total
		0-2 years	3-6 years	7-12 years	13-14 years	15-17 years	
	thousands	DKK thousands					
Family income before tax							
Families, total	659.7	470.0	496.1	511.4	518.3	522.7	498.4
With 1 child	279.1	438.7	419.2	435.2	482.6	518.8	460.4
With 2 children	279.3	497.6	525.6	546.0	574.3	570.4	530.6
With 3 or more children	101.2	480.1	521.2	547.0	545.1	594.7	514.5
Couples, total	533.0	499.3	557.8	586.8	600.3	607.3	556.6
With 1 child	204.0	473.5	517.1	549.3	577.2	604.3	537.9
With 2 children	239.5	522.1	574.8	602.1	631.9	642.7	575.7
With 3 or more children	89.6	505.0	557.8	589.7	596.8	640.1	548.1
Singles, total	126.0	198.5	237.5	260.9	278.5	289.8	253.3
With 1 child	74.8	184.4	224.5	250.1	268.9	288.1	249.8
With 2 or more children	51.2	213.0	248.7	272.4	304.1	315.1	258.3
Families living in institutional households	0.7	283.7	290.0	307.1	343.3	336.8	300.0
Disposable family income							
Families, total	659.7	290.1	303.6	311.0	315.2	318.6	304.8
With 1 child	279.1	269.1	257.8	265.3	292.7	315.7	281.1
With 2 children	279.3	304.5	317.7	329.6	349.7	352.8	321.8
With 3 or more children	101.2	305.2	326.2	340.2	343.9	379.5	323.1
Couples, total	533.0	305.8	336.5	351.9	360.6	366.1	336.5
With 1 child	204.0	288.2	310.9	328.0	345.4	363.8	324.0
With 2 children	239.5	317.4	343.2	359.4	380.6	392.0	345.6
With 3 or more children	89.6	318.0	344.9	362.4	371.1	404.5	340.4
Singles, total	126.0	144.1	165.8	174.8	182.3	187.9	171.4
With 1 child	74.8	129.5	152.2	163.5	173.6	186.2	164.5
With 2 or more children	51.2	159.1	177.6	186.9	205.4	214.4	181.3
Families living in institutional households	0.7	190.3	194.1	197.3	224.0	213.8	197.5

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/06

Table 236

Gross family income by family type 2002

	Number of families	1st quartile group	2nd quartile group	3rd quartile group	4th quartile group	Maximum equalization percentage
	thousands	per cent				
Family income before tax						
Families, total	2 852.4	7.5	15.4	26.1	51.0	28.4
Without children	2 192.8	7.9	15.4	24.6	52.0	28.3
With 1 child	279.1	10.7	19.5	27.0	42.8	19.9
With 2 children	279.3	12.0	20.8	26.2	41.0	17.4
With 3 or more children	101.2	11.6	20.0	26.1	42.3	18.7
Couples	1 316.1	11.5	19.8	26.2	42.4	18.9
Without children	783.1	11.2	18.7	26.2	44.0	20.6
With 1 child	204.0	13.8	20.9	25.6	39.7	15.7
With 2 children	239.5	14.5	20.9	25.3	39.4	15.1
With 3 or more children	89.6	13.1	20.4	25.5	41.0	17.0
Singles, total	1 289.3	11.2	18.2	25.8	44.8	21.4
Without children	1 163.4	11.1	18.0	25.5	45.4	21.9
With 1 child	74.8	14.0	20.5	26.1	39.3	15.7
With 2 or more children	51.2	15.6	21.0	25.7	37.8	13.8
Adults living with their parents¹	202.8	4.8	14.7	27.3	53.2	31.2
Men ¹	131.3	5.1	16.2	27.8	50.9	29.3
Women ¹	71.4	5.2	14.0	26.5	54.2	32.0
Families living in institutional households	44.2	10.2	20.3	26.8	42.8	19.9
Disposable family income						
Families, total	2 852.4	8.7	17.0	26.9	47.4	25.2
Without children	2 192.8	9.0	17.3	25.2	48.4	24.9
With 1 child	279.1	12.3	20.8	27.5	39.5	16.9
With 2 children	279.3	13.9	22.2	26.5	37.4	14.0
With 3 or more children	101.2	13.7	21.8	26.4	38.2	14.7
Couples	1 316.1	13.4	21.3	26.5	38.8	15.4
Without children	783.1	13.1	20.2	26.4	40.2	16.8
With 1 child	204.0	15.5	22.0	25.9	36.6	12.7
With 2 children	239.5	16.2	22.1	25.6	36.0	11.9
With 3 or more children	89.6	15.1	21.9	25.8	37.2	13.2
Singles, total	1 289.3	12.5	20.6	26.5	40.4	17.1
Without children	1 163.4	12.5	20.6	26.3	40.7	17.3
With 1 child	74.8	16.1	22.3	26.3	35.3	11.7
With 2 or more children	51.2	17.2	22.6	26.0	34.2	10.3
Adults living with their parents¹	202.8	6.6	16.8	27.6	49.0	27.0
Men ¹	131.3	6.9	17.9	28.1	47.2	25.6
Women ¹	71.4	6.9	16.8	26.8	49.5	27.1
Families living in institutional households	44.2	10.9	20.8	27.9	40.3	18.4

¹ Persons of 18 years or over living at the same address as either of their parents or both parents, unless such persons are married themselves or have children living at home.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/06

Table 237

Personal income by sex and socio-economic group 2002

	Number of persons	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile	Average
	thousands	DKK thousands			
Men and women					
Self-employed, total	187.4	151.9	264.6	449.6	373.2
Self-employed, with employees	62.2	235.8	393.4	650.9	524.7
Self-employed, without employees	125.2	128.6	220.6	355.7	297.9
Assisting spouses	12.3	128.8	174.0	193.9	165.2
Employees, total	2 348.3	211.1	264.3	330.1	287.1
Top managers, total	61.2	339.5	441.5	607.9	539.6
Employees, highest level, total	327.5	300.3	352.0	440.1	385.7
Employees, medium level, total	418.6	245.9	290.0	353.1	315.0
Employees, basic level, total	1 054.8	198.3	242.8	290.5	247.7
Other employees	242.8	188.8	229.9	276.4	234.9
Employees, not further specified	243.5	171.6	236.5	309.9	265.8
Unemployed	98.5	140.5	157.1	183.8	165.8
Temporarily not in the labour force	64.4	136.6	153.8	168.1	153.1
Not in the labour force					
Pensioners	1 073.4	105.2	130.5	161.5	142.6
Recipient of cash benefit	113.0	101.5	135.7	163.6	136.3
Other persons not in the labour force ¹	431.9	6.7	25.7	57.0	44.2
Men					
Self-employed, total	140.5	167.8	290.5	490.6	406.8
Self-employed with employees	49.7	255.8	420.7	685.5	558.1
Self-employed without employees	90.8	141.9	239.7	384.7	323.8
Assisting spouses	0.8	108.7	161.5	175.4	149.4
Employees, total	1 221.9	232.5	289.5	368.0	320.6
Top managers	45.8	370.6	481.5	657.8	586.6
Employees, highest level, total	179.4	320.4	389.0	488.6	424.7
Employees, medium level, total	162.1	283.0	343.2	428.2	377.1
Employees, basic level, total	540.9	220.0	266.8	315.7	270.7
Other employees	159.2	211.8	250.1	295.8	255.6
Employees, not further specified	134.5	183.7	260.3	349.5	300.8
Unemployed	47.3	137.1	154.5	182.5	166.2
Temporarily not in the labour force	19.9	135.3	152.5	159.5	149.9
Not in the labour force					
Pensioners	445.3	108.5	134.7	174.1	153.1
Recipient of cash benefit	48.1	95.1	122.1	139.9	119.7
Other persons not in the labour force ¹	198.6	7.5	25.7	55.1	48.4
Women					
Self-employed, total	46.9	115.7	204.0	332.6	272.9
Self-employed with employees	12.5	182.2	298.9	494.0	391.9
Self-employed without employees	34.4	100.6	180.8	284.2	229.6
Assisting spouses	11.5	131.4	174.2	194.6	166.4
Employees, total	1 126.4	196.5	241.0	294.8	250.8
Top managers	15.4	303.2	347.1	444.7	400.0
Employees, highest level, total	148.1	278.9	325.2	380.7	338.4
Employees, medium level, total	256.4	232.4	270.5	309.9	275.8
Employees, basic level, total	513.9	186.1	223.0	259.3	223.6
Other employees	83.6	161.9	197.3	227.5	195.4
Employees, not further specified	108.9	160.2	216.0	269.3	222.7
Unemployed	51.1	143.4	160.0	184.7	165.4
Temporarily not in the labour force	44.4	137.0	155.1	172.0	154.6
Not in the labour force					
Pensioners	628.1	103.0	128.6	152.9	135.1
Recipient of cash benefit	64.9	119.8	152.3	176.4	148.6
Other persons not in the labour force ¹	233.3	6.1	25.6	58.7	40.7

¹ Incl. unknown.For further information visit www.statbank.dk/06

Table 238

Personal income by type of income 2002

	Primary income			Transfer income				Personal income	
	Wages and salaries, etc.	Entrepreneurial income	Total	Unemployment benefits etc.	Early retirement pay etc.	Pensions	Social benefits		Total
DKK thousands									
Men and women									
Self-employed, total	23.5	320.7	344.2	1.9	1.0	13.0	6.1	24.5	373.2
Self-employed with employees	14.0	493.6	507.7	0.5	0.3	6.5	4.6	14.1	524.7
Self-employed without employees	28.3	234.7	262.9	2.7	1.4	16.2	6.8	29.6	297.9
Assisting spouses	10.5	131.6	142.1	0.6	0.4	9.6	4.9	21.8	165.2
Employees, total	269.3	2.2	271.5	2.8	0.4	2.2	4.5	14.3	287.1
Top managers	515.2	14.4	529.6	0.6	0.3	3.9	0.5	7.4	539.6
Employees, highest level	366.8	4.3	371.1	1.7	0.3	3.7	2.6	12.7	385.7
Employees, medium level	299.7	1.4	301.1	1.7	0.3	1.6	3.2	13.0	315.0
Employees, basic level	231.5	0.9	232.4	3.2	0.4	1.2	4.9	14.2	247.7
Other employees	216.5	0.8	217.3	5.5	0.5	1.5	6.1	16.6	234.9
Employees, not further specified	240.7	4.1	244.8	2.6	0.4	5.6	6.7	18.9	265.8
Unemployed	39.8	3.4	43.2	87.0	1.0	2.2	24.0	120.8	165.8
Temporarily not in the labour force	9.1	0.3	9.5	44.9	0.6	2.7	79.7	139.8	153.1
Not in the labour force									
Pensioners	2.2	0.5	2.7	0.2	19.8	110.2	1.0	137.7	142.6
Recipient of cash benefit	5.9	0.1	6.0	0.4	..	2.1	108.7	126.8	136.3
Others not in the labour force ¹	11.9	0.8	12.7	0.2	0.0	7.1	14.9	24.0	44.2

¹ Incl. unknown.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/06

Table 239

Personal income by sex and level of income 2002

	Men	Women	Total	Men	Women	Total
	thousands			per cent		
Persons, total	2 122.5	2 206.7	4 329.2	49	51	100
Personal income						
Under 50 000 kr	152.3	169.4	321.7	47	53	100
50 000 - 99 999 kr.	185.0	262.1	447.1	41	59	100
100 000 - 149 999 kr.	331.0	467.0	798.0	41	59	100
150 000 - 199 999 kr.	232.9	374.8	607.6	38	62	100
200 000 - 249 999 kr.	268.1	382.0	650.1	41	59	100
250 000 - 299 999 kr.	303.0	265.2	568.2	53	47	100
300 000 - 349 999 kr.	223.4	150.2	373.5	60	40	100
350 000 - 399 999 kr.	135.5	62.6	198.1	68	32	100
400 000 - 449 999 kr.	86.9	30.0	116.9	74	26	100
450 000 - 499 999 kr.	54.8	15.4	70.2	78	22	100
500 000 - 599 999 kr.	63.3	14.7	78.0	81	19	100
600 000 - 699 999 kr.	31.5	6.2	37.7	84	16	100
700 000 - 799 999 kr.	17.7	2.9	20.6	86	14	100
800 000 - 899 999 kr.	10.7	1.5	12.3	87	13	100
900 000 - 999 999 kr.	6.9	0.9	7.8	89	11	100
1 000 000 - 1 999 999 kr.	16.4	1.6	18.0	91	9	100
2 000 000 - 2 999 999 kr.	1.9	0.1	2.0	93	7	100
3 mio kr. +	1.1	0.1	1.2	92	8	100


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/06

Table 240

Personal income by sex and socio-economic group 2002

	Number of persons	1st quartile group	2nd quartile group	3rd quartile group	4th quartile group	Maximum equalization percentage
	thousands	per cent				
Men and women	4 329.2	7.8	17.7	27.2	47.3	24.8
Self-employed, total	187.4	4.3	13.8	23.1	58.7	34.5
Self-employed with employees	62.2	5.1	14.9	24.1	55.9	32.0
Self-employed without employees	125.2	4.9	14.7	23.5	56.9	32.7
Assisting spouses	12.3	12.6	24.5	27.3	35.6	13.6
Employees, total	2 348.3	13.6	20.7	25.6	40.0	16.1
Top managers	61.2	13.2	18.0	23.9	44.9	20.4
Employees, highest level	327.5	15.3	21.1	25.4	38.2	14.1
Employees, medium level	418.6	15.7	21.3	25.2	37.8	13.5
Employees, basic level	1 054.8	14.8	22.4	26.7	36.1	12.9
Other employees	242.8	15.1	22.4	26.7	35.7	12.5
Employees, not further specified	243.5	10.8	19.4	25.4	44.5	20.5
Unemployed	98.5	16.7	22.6	25.5	35.2	11.0
Temporarily not in the labour force	64.4	17.9	24.1	26.1	31.9	8.0
Not in the labour force						
Pensioners	1 073.4	14.7	20.9	25.1	39.2	14.9
Recipient of cash benefit	113.0	15.5	22.1	27.5	34.9	12.4
Others not in the labour force ¹	431.9	0.6	9.0	22.7	67.7	44.0
Men	2 122.5	7.2	17.3	26.9	48.5	25.8
Self-employed, total	140.5	4.6	14.0	23.1	58.3	34.0
Self-employed with employees	49.7	5.4	15.1	24.1	55.4	31.5
Self-employed without employees	90.8	5.1	14.7	23.4	56.8	32.5
Assisting spouses	0.8	11.6	22.3	29.1	36.9	16.1
Employees, total	1 221.9	13.2	20.4	25.3	41.2	17.0
Top managers	45.8	13.0	18.1	23.9	45.1	20.6
Employees, highest level	179.4	15.0	20.8	25.5	38.7	14.7
Employees, medium level	162.1	15.2	20.7	25.3	38.8	14.7
Employees, basic level	540.9	14.5	22.7	26.7	36.1	12.9
Other employees	159.2	16.0	22.7	26.5	34.8	11.4
Employees, not further specified	134.5	10.0	18.7	24.9	46.4	22.3
Unemployed	47.3	15.9	22.2	25.0	36.9	12.4
Temporarily not in the labour force	19.9	17.3	24.4	25.9	32.4	8.4
Not in the labour force						
Pensioners	445.3	14.6	20.1	24.7	40.7	16.3
Recipient of cash benefit	48.1	16.5	22.1	27.0	34.4	11.4
Others not in the labour force ¹	198.6	0.7	8.5	20.3	70.5	45.9
Women	2 206.7	8.7	19.1	28.3	43.9	22.3
Self-employed total	46.9	4.0	14.7	23.9	57.3	33.3
Self-employed with employees	12.5	4.4	15.2	24.3	56.1	32.3
Self-employed without employees	34.4	4.6	15.5	24.6	55.3	31.5
Assisting spouses	11.5	12.7	24.6	27.2	35.5	13.4
Employees, total	1 126.4	14.7	21.9	26.5	36.9	13.5
Top managers	15.4	16.2	20.2	24.3	39.3	14.8
Employees, highest level	148.1	16.2	22.5	25.7	35.5	11.4
Employees, medium level	256.4	17.0	22.9	26.2	34.0	10.2
Employees, basic level	513.9	15.7	23.0	26.8	34.5	11.3
Other employees	83.6	15.2	23.2	27.1	34.5	11.6
Employees not further specified	108.9	12.3	21.5	27.0	39.2	16.3
Unemployed	51.1	17.5	23.0	25.9	33.6	9.6
Temporarily not in the labour force	44.4	18.2	23.9	26.3	31.5	7.9
Not in the labour force						
Pensioners	628.1	14.9	21.6	25.7	37.8	13.7
Recipient of cash benefit	64.9	15.5	23.3	27.6	33.6	11.2
Others not in the labour force ¹	233.3	0.6	9.5	25.1	64.7	42.5

¹ Incl. unknown.For further information visit www.statbank.dk/06

Table 241

Personal income by sex and age 2002

	Number of persons	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile	Average
	thousands	DKK thousands			
Men and women					
Total	4 329.2	123.0	199.1	285.4	221.8
15-19 years	282.8	6.4	20.7	45.1	33.3
20-24 years	297.5	80.2	123.5	180.2	135.6
25-29 years	356.8	133.7	205.4	265.6	206.4
30-34 years	381.1	187.8	248.7	313.4	261.4
35-39 years	426.7	203.3	263.9	334.9	288.8
40-44 years	380.3	205.4	267.3	340.3	297.6
45-49 years	368.0	199.5	265.7	340.5	295.3
50-54 years	364.5	187.6	257.6	333.4	288.3
55-59 years	390.6	161.5	238.7	318.8	269.9
60-64 years	284.9	130.2	165.3	259.9	217.0
65-69 years	228.4	105.3	133.5	182.3	166.0
70-74 years	190.7	89.6	120.7	162.4	147.7
74 years +	376.9	104.7	124.4	150.2	141.9
Men					
Total	2 122.5	129.5	232.2	323.7	256.0
15-19 years	144.9	7.4	22.1	50.6	36.6
20-24 years	151.0	83.1	133.1	204.7	148.2
25-29 years	179.6	141.5	231.8	293.5	227.2
30-34 years	193.3	207.8	276.6	350.9	290.3
35-39 years	217.4	223.2	292.2	381.2	324.4
40-44 years	193.0	225.4	294.7	389.4	336.9
45-49 years	186.1	223.8	294.7	389.0	337.5
50-54 years	183.2	219.5	291.4	385.3	338.0
55-59 years	196.5	198.3	278.3	372.1	324.1
60-64 years	141.1	142.2	208.6	310.3	263.4
65-69 years	109.3	123.2	148.6	218.7	197.4
70-74 years	87.0	96.8	125.0	196.7	168.6
74 years +	140.0	96.5	119.1	171.7	153.4
Women					
Total	2 206.7	115.0	177.3	249.9	188.8
15-19 years	137.9	5.6	19.2	40.6	29.9
20-24 years	146.5	78.1	115.8	161.6	122.6
25-29 years	177.2	128.0	187.7	237.5	185.4
30-34 years	187.8	178.5	227.1	276.6	231.5
35-39 years	209.3	193.1	241.8	295.6	251.8
40-44 years	187.3	194.7	244.8	302.3	257.1
45-49 years	181.9	186.4	240.4	302.8	252.2
50-54 years	181.3	170.9	227.6	292.1	238.0
55-59 years	194.2	145.9	203.4	270.5	215.2
60-64 years	143.8	127.2	145.8	209.6	171.4
65-69 years	119.1	90.3	128.0	156.5	137.3
70-74 years	103.6	82.8	116.8	145.9	130.2
74 years +	236.9	106.4	126.3	145.5	135.2

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/06

Table 242 (continued)

Average personal income in municipalities 2002

Municipality-code	Men			Women			Men and women		
	Primary income	Transfer income	Personal income	Primary income	Transfer income	Personal income	Primary income	Transfer income	Personal income
	DKK thousands								
All Denmark	206.8	46.2	256.0	126.4	60.7	188.8	165.8	53.6	221.8
101 Copenhagen	180.7	45.4	229.1	126.9	59.6	188.5	153.1	52.7	208.2
147 Frederiksberg	237.1	49.2	291.0	146.9	65.5	215.2	188.4	58.0	250.1
Copenhagen County	242.6	50.6	297.1	148.2	61.8	212.1	193.4	56.4	252.7
165 Albertslund	193.1	44.5	239.5	138.2	56.6	195.9	165.6	50.6	217.6
151 Ballerup	209.3	51.5	263.1	141.1	62.0	204.1	174.1	56.9	232.6
153 Brøndby	182.7	52.5	237.3	120.3	66.3	187.9	150.3	59.7	211.6
155 Dragør	278.1	52.2	337.4	166.8	56.6	225.6	220.1	54.5	279.2
157 Gentofte	372.2	56.1	438.7	177.4	66.4	247.7	266.1	61.7	334.7
159 Gladsaxe	215.5	49.2	267.1	141.5	63.3	206.0	176.7	56.6	235.1
161 Glostrup	212.3	47.5	261.7	137.2	61.6	200.0	172.9	54.9	229.3
163 Herlev	199.7	50.8	252.3	132.4	62.8	196.2	164.4	57.1	222.8
167 Hvidovre	197.4	46.0	247.0	133.3	58.5	195.4	164.2	52.5	220.2
169 Høje Taastrup	221.2	41.3	264.6	146.0	54.9	202.1	183.1	48.1	232.9
183 Ishøj	200.1	39.6	241.9	137.2	53.2	191.5	168.3	46.4	216.5
171 Ledøje-Smørum	306.3	28.0	337.0	198.7	39.9	239.5	252.0	34.0	287.8
173 Lyngby-Taarbæk	269.7	58.9	333.4	151.2	71.1	224.5	206.4	65.4	275.2
175 Rødovre	193.8	50.9	246.9	128.4	65.4	195.0	159.5	58.5	219.6
181 Søllerød	363.6	70.3	443.8	173.6	69.6	248.2	263.4	69.9	340.6
185 Tårnby	207.0	48.9	258.4	142.0	58.6	201.7	173.2	53.9	229.0
187 Vallensbæk	266.3	40.5	309.0	179.5	46.8	227.3	222.4	43.7	267.7
189 Værløse	306.5	56.2	367.4	181.4	56.4	239.7	241.9	56.3	301.5
Frederiksborg County	254.7	47.7	306.3	155.3	57.2	214.6	203.6	52.6	259.2
201 Allerød	303.5	42.1	349.2	187.0	48.0	238.7	243.7	45.1	292.5
205 Birkerød	315.9	59.0	380.6	170.1	60.8	233.3	239.3	59.9	303.2
207 Farum	269.3	48.1	321.2	170.8	57.0	230.3	217.7	52.8	273.6
208 Fredensborg-Humlebæk	281.3	50.5	336.2	158.5	58.0	219.6	217.6	54.4	275.7
209 Frederikssund	236.5	44.9	283.2	148.5	57.8	207.4	191.1	51.5	244.1
211 Frederiksværk	191.7	47.7	241.6	130.3	59.5	191.1	160.9	53.6	216.3
213 Græsted-Gilleleje	205.9	49.0	258.3	139.8	56.7	198.3	173.1	52.8	228.5
215 Helsingø	233.0	43.1	278.6	154.9	53.4	209.8	193.9	48.3	244.1
217 Helsingør	218.2	53.2	276.2	134.9	65.0	202.2	175.0	59.3	237.8
219 Hillerød	258.3	46.9	308.7	157.2	56.6	215.4	205.4	52.0	259.9
221 Hundested	188.3	51.9	244.2	134.6	59.9	195.9	161.3	55.9	219.9
223 Hørsholm	373.4	61.7	444.4	171.4	65.2	241.0	265.5	63.6	335.7
225 Jægerspris	208.6	45.4	256.8	133.8	59.7	194.7	171.6	52.5	226.0
227 Karlebo	266.2	42.9	312.9	156.5	55.5	214.0	209.6	49.4	261.9
229 Skibby	221.2	41.2	264.5	140.5	52.3	194.3	182.4	46.6	230.7
231 Skævinge	240.5	31.1	273.3	164.7	42.7	208.7	202.4	36.9	240.8
233 Slangerup	259.7	34.3	296.3	172.5	46.3	220.2	215.6	40.4	257.9
235 Stenløse	279.5	38.4	320.5	177.4	48.2	227.1	228.2	43.4	273.6
237 Ølstykke	267.7	32.1	302.2	179.3	42.2	222.9	223.6	37.2	262.6
Roskilde County	248.9	41.1	292.4	156.7	52.2	210.2	201.9	46.8	250.5
251 Bramsnæs	237.3	39.9	278.8	155.3	50.6	207.6	196.8	45.2	243.6
253 Greve	260.1	40.2	302.9	166.3	49.8	217.3	212.3	45.1	259.3
255 Gundsø	275.2	37.8	315.7	173.6	47.5	222.2	224.5	42.6	269.0
257 Hvalsø	251.3	35.7	289.6	161.9	45.8	208.6	205.9	40.8	248.5
259 Køge	221.1	42.4	265.5	136.9	57.4	195.6	177.8	50.1	229.5

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/06

Table 242 (continued)

Average personal income in municipalities 2002

Municipality-code	Men			Women			Men and women			
	Primary income	Transfer income	Personal income	Primary income	Transfer income	Personal income	Primary income	Transfer income	Personal income	
DKK thousands										
Roskilde County (cont.)										
261	Lejre	286.8	37.2	326.9	173.8	43.9	218.8	230.3	40.5	272.9
263	Ramsø	264.2	28.4	294.6	173.1	42.1	216.0	218.5	35.3	255.2
265	Roskilde	232.5	49.8	285.0	146.8	59.6	207.9	187.9	54.9	244.8
267	Skovbo	254.2	32.6	288.9	162.6	46.1	209.8	208.2	39.4	249.2
269	Solrød	285.8	35.3	324.0	174.4	45.3	220.9	229.2	40.3	271.6
271	Vallø	234.7	42.1	279.1	145.3	53.3	200.0	190.0	47.7	239.5
West Zealand County										
		198.0	47.5	247.7	121.0	62.3	184.5	159.0	55.0	215.6
301	Bjergsted	175.3	49.2	226.8	111.4	64.9	177.5	144.4	56.8	203.0
303	Dianalund	185.2	47.5	234.2	113.3	64.1	178.3	148.4	56.0	205.6
305	Dragsholm	179.8	47.5	229.3	113.8	64.6	179.7	146.8	56.0	204.5
307	Fuglebjerg	182.7	44.0	228.1	117.3	61.3	179.9	149.7	52.7	203.8
309	Gørlev	177.5	52.8	231.9	104.9	67.2	173.7	140.7	60.1	202.4
311	Hashøj	202.7	37.0	241.4	133.6	50.7	185.3	168.9	43.7	214.0
313	Haslev	220.1	41.6	263.3	130.7	58.8	190.8	174.6	50.3	226.4
315	Holbæk	212.3	46.2	260.9	130.4	60.2	191.9	169.9	53.5	225.1
317	Hvidebæk	203.9	40.7	245.6	127.7	57.5	185.9	166.6	48.9	216.4
319	Høng	189.7	42.1	235.8	118.4	59.4	178.9	153.9	50.8	207.2
321	Jernløse	223.3	33.8	259.1	144.6	48.8	194.5	184.7	41.2	227.5
323	Kalundborg	206.9	53.4	262.5	123.6	64.3	188.9	164.4	59.0	224.9
325	Korsør	172.2	59.9	234.2	103.1	70.4	174.9	137.1	65.2	204.1
327	Nykøbing-Rørvig	161.6	70.0	234.6	102.4	77.3	181.5	130.9	73.8	207.1
329	Ringsted	215.1	40.6	257.6	132.5	57.8	191.2	173.2	49.3	223.8
331	Skælskør	189.0	52.0	243.2	111.0	66.6	178.8	149.6	59.4	210.7
333	Slagelse	193.4	48.6	244.4	115.1	65.0	181.2	153.2	57.0	211.9
335	Sorø	221.5	47.3	270.8	130.9	60.2	192.1	174.7	54.0	230.2
337	Stenlille	209.8	37.9	249.5	126.0	55.6	182.5	168.7	46.6	216.6
339	Svinninge	213.7	40.8	255.9	123.0	56.7	180.9	168.6	48.7	218.6
341	Tornved	188.6	44.2	235.2	117.4	63.2	181.7	152.6	53.8	208.1
343	Trundholm	160.2	59.7	222.0	104.6	68.5	174.3	132.9	64.0	198.6
345	Tølløse	224.4	36.5	263.0	137.6	53.1	192.1	180.7	44.9	227.3
Storstrøm County										
		177.9	52.2	232.4	110.5	65.5	177.3	143.8	58.9	204.4
351	Fakse	193.6	47.1	242.8	118.5	62.4	182.5	155.6	54.8	212.3
353	Fladså	210.7	41.7	254.1	135.3	55.2	191.9	173.8	48.3	223.6
355	Holeby	154.7	58.6	216.3	91.2	69.7	161.8	123.6	64.0	189.6
357	Holmegaard	213.5	38.6	254.2	134.6	54.1	190.1	174.0	46.3	222.1
359	Højreby	160.7	55.6	219.1	98.6	66.1	165.1	130.8	60.6	193.1
361	Langebæk	170.5	51.5	224.0	116.4	63.3	181.0	143.7	57.3	202.7
363	Maribo	165.7	57.0	225.8	99.2	71.5	172.2	131.3	64.5	198.0
365	Møn	156.6	59.2	218.4	100.3	71.2	173.0	128.0	65.3	195.3
367	Nakskov	146.1	60.1	209.0	85.6	76.1	162.7	114.6	68.4	184.9
369	Nykøbing F.	167.6	54.8	224.6	106.4	68.2	175.5	135.3	61.8	198.7
371	Nysted	158.4	59.8	219.9	98.0	68.1	167.3	128.5	63.9	193.9
373	Næstved	194.9	49.1	246.3	118.7	63.0	183.0	155.4	56.4	213.4
375	Nørre Alslev	167.5	48.6	218.2	105.4	63.1	169.2	136.7	55.8	193.9
377	Præstø	182.3	50.8	234.5	116.3	66.1	183.8	148.9	58.6	208.9
379	Ravnshøj	141.8	63.4	207.4	86.4	73.1	160.6	115.1	68.1	184.9
381	Rudbjerg	159.3	60.1	223.3	94.7	69.5	165.7	128.1	64.7	195.4
383	Rødby	142.3	68.0	212.4	87.7	76.2	164.8	115.4	72.0	188.9
385	Rønnede	224.8	36.4	263.1	140.0	53.0	194.4	183.0	44.6	229.2

Table 242 (continued)

Average personal income in municipalities 2002

Municipality-code	Men			Women			Men and women			
	Primary income	Transfer income	Personal income	Primary income	Transfer income	Personal income	Primary income	Transfer income	Personal income	
DKK thousands										
Storstrøm County (cont.)										
387	Sakskøbing	164.9	56.7	223.5	99.3	69.4	169.5	132.4	63.0	196.8
389	Stevns	198.1	43.8	243.4	125.7	58.7	185.7	162.1	51.2	214.8
391	Stubbekøbing	161.6	56.7	220.7	101.3	66.5	170.4	131.5	61.6	195.6
393	Suså	210.0	40.6	252.7	136.6	52.8	190.6	173.7	46.6	222.0
395	Sydfalster	166.2	59.8	228.8	107.8	65.6	174.9	137.1	62.7	201.9
397	Vordingborg	182.9	51.5	236.3	112.9	66.3	180.4	147.1	59.1	207.7
Bornholm County										
401	Allinge-Gudhjem	145.6	56.6	205.7	94.3	69.9	165.7	120.2	63.2	186.0
403	Hasle	156.5	50.8	210.0	104.4	62.7	168.3	130.8	56.7	189.4
405	Nexø og	155.2	57.1	216.4	92.6	69.4	163.7	122.9	63.5	189.2
411	Christiansø									
407	Rønne	163.4	54.4	222.6	100.0	72.0	173.7	129.9	63.7	196.8
409	Aakirkeby	156.5	51.7	210.0	103.3	64.2	168.4	130.2	57.9	189.5
Funen County										
421	Assens	179.2	52.3	234.2	106.3	66.3	174.0	142.4	59.4	203.8
423	Bogense	175.2	49.7	227.0	103.1	68.0	172.2	138.5	59.0	199.2
425	Broby	192.1	44.6	238.6	116.0	60.2	177.3	154.3	52.4	208.1
427	Egebjerg	180.8	45.4	228.3	114.0	61.2	176.2	147.4	53.3	202.3
429	Ejby	190.2	44.8	236.9	111.0	61.8	173.7	151.4	53.1	205.9
431	Faaborg	173.1	54.1	230.5	106.1	67.6	174.7	138.9	61.0	202.0
433	Glamsbjerg	189.5	42.8	235.7	113.5	61.8	176.4	151.7	52.2	206.2
435	Gudme	170.0	47.2	219.1	109.8	62.7	173.4	139.9	54.9	196.3
437	Haarby	190.7	45.4	239.9	116.5	61.5	178.9	152.9	53.6	208.8
439	Kerteminde	207.4	47.6	258.7	119.5	63.0	183.6	162.9	55.4	220.7
441	Langeskov	211.9	39.2	253.0	125.5	55.2	181.4	168.8	47.2	217.3
443	Marstal	155.5	58.0	218.2	84.4	72.8	159.5	119.5	65.5	188.5
445	Middelfart	216.1	48.8	267.4	128.9	62.0	193.0	171.3	55.6	229.1
447	Munkebo	183.3	52.6	239.1	106.5	68.3	176.3	144.8	60.5	207.7
449	Nyborg	174.6	58.9	236.3	106.9	68.8	177.1	139.8	64.0	205.9
451	Nørre Aaby	215.0	42.2	259.4	121.0	62.3	184.4	167.9	52.3	221.8
461	Odense	180.0	47.0	232.7	113.0	60.1	178.3	145.3	53.8	204.5
471	Otterup	181.4	46.7	230.5	112.7	62.8	176.5	147.2	54.7	203.6
473	Ringe	185.1	45.2	232.4	113.5	62.2	177.3	148.7	53.8	204.4
475	Rudkøbing	155.0	56.9	215.5	92.7	72.2	166.3	122.8	64.8	190.1
477	Ryslinge	179.2	45.3	226.3	111.4	61.8	174.0	145.3	53.6	200.2
479	Svendborg	172.9	53.9	231.1	107.9	67.3	176.9	139.6	60.8	203.3
481	Sydlangeland	135.8	59.3	198.7	84.5	68.5	154.6	110.7	63.8	177.0
483	Søndersø	207.0	40.0	249.1	123.2	57.3	181.3	166.0	48.4	216.0
485	Tommerup	207.4	38.0	247.1	129.2	55.7	185.6	168.3	46.8	216.4
487	Tranekær	136.0	66.2	204.3	80.8	75.3	157.5	108.4	70.7	180.9
489	Ullerslev	194.5	40.0	237.0	119.0	58.8	178.7	157.2	49.3	208.1
491	Vissenbjerg	196.0	43.1	241.1	124.6	59.2	184.8	160.5	51.1	213.1
493	Ærøskøbing	153.3	57.9	216.0	93.0	69.4	164.3	122.5	63.8	189.6
495	Ørbæk	194.9	42.4	239.0	114.3	61.4	176.6	155.0	51.8	208.1
497	Årslev	209.2	38.9	250.6	132.4	54.3	188.2	170.2	46.7	218.9
499	Aarup	201.8	47.4	251.6	120.6	60.4	182.0	161.4	53.9	217.0
South Jutland County										
501	Augustenborg	188.1	43.5	235.5	127.3	57.2	185.9	157.6	50.4	210.7
503	Bov	185.0	44.1	246.3	110.1	56.6	174.8	147.3	50.4	210.4
505	Bredbro	188.6	42.9	235.0	105.3	59.8	167.7	146.8	51.4	201.3

Table 242 (continued)

Average personal income in municipalities 2002

Municipality-code	Men			Women			Men and women			
	Primary income	Transfer income	Personal income	Primary income	Transfer income	Personal income	Primary income	Transfer income	Personal income	
DKK thousands										
South Jutland County (cont.)										
507	Broager	198.9	38.8	244.8	124.4	53.6	180.0	161.2	46.3	212.0
509	Christiansfeld	205.6	39.5	247.1	119.5	57.6	178.0	163.1	48.5	212.9
511	Gram	182.7	46.2	231.5	101.5	63.7	166.5	142.2	54.9	199.1
513	Gråsten	190.9	45.5	244.2	109.7	62.1	175.2	149.4	54.0	209.0
515	Haderslev	191.9	50.4	244.6	112.4	65.6	179.3	151.0	58.2	211.0
517	Højer	173.4	45.3	222.4	89.4	62.9	155.9	131.0	54.2	188.8
519	Lundtoft	196.1	38.8	240.3	109.7	56.1	169.3	153.2	47.4	205.1
521	Løgumkloster	193.0	45.1	240.2	105.8	62.7	169.8	149.0	54.0	204.7
523	Nordborg	174.0	44.9	221.8	115.4	58.9	175.9	144.9	51.8	199.0
525	Nørre Rangstrup	195.6	40.1	237.4	104.5	60.7	166.3	150.8	50.2	202.4
527	Rødding	201.0	39.9	242.7	111.4	60.6	172.9	157.3	50.0	208.7
529	Rødekro	204.8	38.3	246.0	115.6	55.6	172.5	160.4	46.9	209.4
531	Skærbæk	193.0	44.8	240.1	102.5	63.0	167.1	147.7	53.9	203.5
533	Sundeved	213.4	34.8	252.2	130.6	49.3	181.9	172.8	41.9	217.7
535	Sydals	211.5	41.8	258.1	130.2	53.0	185.1	171.2	47.4	221.9
537	Sønderborg	180.7	51.0	235.8	112.0	63.6	177.5	145.3	57.5	205.8
539	Tinglev	189.0	39.6	233.7	100.5	60.0	164.1	145.5	49.6	199.5
541	Tønder	190.2	46.0	240.1	110.6	64.4	177.3	148.9	55.6	207.5
543	Vojens	195.0	43.1	240.7	110.7	61.2	173.2	153.0	52.2	207.0
545	Aabenraa	195.6	51.0	252.8	113.4	64.2	179.6	152.8	57.8	214.8
	Ribe County	203.5	43.2	249.8	117.0	60.5	178.6	160.1	51.9	214.1
551	Billund	239.9	34.2	276.4	139.6	50.8	191.8	190.0	42.4	234.4
553	Blåbjerg	195.9	40.8	240.4	111.5	60.5	173.1	154.8	50.4	207.6
555	Blåvandshuk	207.2	46.0	257.1	123.9	57.5	182.8	165.6	51.8	220.0
557	Bramming	209.7	37.8	250.5	119.6	57.1	177.6	165.1	47.3	214.4
559	Brørup	204.3	37.7	243.3	114.2	58.8	173.6	159.1	48.3	208.3
561	Esbjerg	197.0	48.7	249.9	112.7	64.0	177.9	154.5	56.4	213.6
563	Fanø	205.5	52.3	270.8	121.9	58.3	182.4	163.2	55.4	226.1
565	Grindsted	201.7	41.4	244.9	117.3	59.8	178.2	159.4	50.6	211.4
567	Helle	214.6	35.0	251.9	116.1	54.6	171.6	166.1	44.6	212.4
569	Holsted	200.1	37.4	239.0	107.0	59.7	167.6	154.3	48.4	203.9
571	Ribe	195.0	44.4	241.8	122.6	60.4	184.1	158.5	52.5	212.7
573	Varde	207.0	42.6	252.2	119.1	60.7	180.6	162.6	51.8	216.0
575	Vejen	211.7	39.0	252.4	119.5	58.8	179.3	165.2	49.0	215.5
577	Ølgod	210.1	34.7	245.9	119.1	56.3	176.2	165.1	45.4	211.5
	Vejle County	209.1	42.2	254.4	122.7	59.1	183.8	165.5	50.7	218.7
601	Brædstrup	202.7	39.1	244.4	121.7	57.6	180.2	162.5	48.3	212.6
603	Børkop	209.4	44.2	256.0	132.7	57.9	191.6	170.8	51.1	223.7
605	Egtved	217.1	35.5	254.2	133.4	51.7	186.2	175.6	43.5	220.5
607	Fredericia	199.6	49.7	252.5	117.3	63.9	182.6	158.0	56.9	217.2
609	Gedved	216.1	37.6	255.4	128.9	55.3	185.3	172.8	46.3	220.6
611	Give	206.5	37.6	246.6	119.4	57.0	177.9	163.6	47.1	212.8
613	Hedensted	234.6	32.5	268.9	137.4	51.9	190.1	186.3	42.1	229.7
615	Horsens	197.6	45.0	244.8	114.0	63.2	178.4	155.5	54.2	211.3
617	Jelling	213.9	38.7	255.2	131.5	54.2	186.5	171.5	46.7	219.9
619	Juelsminde	206.1	41.3	250.0	121.9	59.7	182.7	164.4	50.4	216.6
621	Kolding	213.3	44.0	259.9	122.7	60.1	184.0	167.0	52.2	221.1
623	Lunderskov	223.6	34.5	259.9	130.8	53.6	185.4	177.1	44.0	222.6
625	Nørre Snede	195.5	40.1	238.0	109.0	61.0	170.8	152.9	50.4	204.9

Table 242 (continued)

Average personal income in municipalities 2002

Municipality-code	Men			Women			Men and women			
	Primary income	Transfer income	Personal income	Primary income	Transfer income	Personal income	Primary income	Transfer income	Personal income	
DKK thousands										
Vejle County (cont.)										
627	Tørring-Uldum	213.9	34.4	250.0	123.8	55.0	180.2	169.0	44.7	215.2
629	Vamdrup	212.2	35.0	248.5	118.8	57.6	177.3	165.8	46.3	213.1
631	Vejle	215.2	41.3	263.4	128.1	56.7	191.1	170.1	49.3	226.0
Ringkøbing County										
651	Avlum-Haderup	210.1	37.4	249.9	110.1	57.9	168.8	161.4	47.4	210.4
653	Brande	202.7	39.2	244.3	112.8	60.7	174.4	157.8	50.0	209.4
655	Egvad	200.8	41.6	244.6	114.6	58.5	174.0	158.7	49.8	210.1
657	Herning	212.1	39.9	253.8	119.1	58.9	179.6	164.7	49.6	216.0
659	Holmsland	250.5	36.4	289.8	122.7	52.9	177.0	190.1	44.2	236.4
661	Holstebro	213.9	40.6	256.6	123.7	57.2	181.9	167.6	49.1	218.2
663	Ikast	207.4	37.0	245.9	118.8	57.9	177.8	163.4	47.4	212.0
665	Lemvig	205.6	42.9	251.1	110.3	61.4	172.6	158.4	52.0	212.2
667	Ringkøbing	226.6	37.9	266.9	125.0	56.0	182.1	175.5	47.0	224.2
669	Skjern	214.0	37.0	252.8	115.4	58.9	175.1	164.7	47.9	214.0
671	Struer	204.5	41.9	248.3	120.5	58.6	180.2	163.0	50.1	214.6
673	Thyborøn-Harboøre	251.8	39.0	295.0	98.9	59.1	159.1	176.5	48.9	228.1
675	Thyholm	189.8	46.5	238.2	99.3	63.6	163.9	144.0	55.2	200.6
677	Trehøje	216.7	34.6	252.6	122.5	54.1	177.3	171.1	44.0	216.2
679	Ulfborg-Vemb	193.8	42.5	239.5	108.6	60.4	170.2	151.6	51.4	205.2
681	Videbæk	214.9	34.4	251.2	117.2	56.0	174.3	166.8	45.0	213.4
683	Vinderup	197.7	37.6	236.7	112.5	57.8	171.4	156.5	47.3	205.1
685	Åskov	213.9	35.8	251.9	119.6	55.9	176.6	168.0	45.6	215.3
Århus County										
701	Ebeltoft	188.7	55.9	247.7	113.1	66.7	181.6	150.7	61.3	214.5
703	Galten	239.6	30.7	272.5	143.3	49.1	193.3	191.6	39.9	233.0
705	Gjern	218.4	37.4	257.4	126.7	54.0	181.8	173.2	45.6	220.1
707	Grenaa	187.2	49.9	239.9	104.9	67.2	173.4	145.5	58.6	206.2
709	Hadsten	232.9	35.8	271.1	133.7	53.1	188.0	183.7	44.4	229.9
711	Hammel	218.1	37.7	257.8	126.9	57.0	184.8	172.2	47.4	221.1
713	Hinnerup	253.5	33.6	289.2	151.8	50.5	203.0	202.1	42.1	245.6
715	Hørning	231.3	38.6	271.4	142.1	50.3	193.3	186.8	44.5	232.4
717	Langå	206.1	39.5	248.2	124.0	56.9	182.2	165.5	48.1	215.6
719	Mariager	191.0	48.1	241.1	111.4	61.1	173.6	151.5	54.5	207.6
721	Midtdjurs	200.7	40.0	242.2	116.6	57.9	175.4	159.1	48.8	209.1
723	Nørhald	197.5	41.9	243.0	114.5	59.4	175.1	156.9	50.5	209.8
725	Nørre Djurs	179.6	48.2	229.8	104.7	62.5	168.5	142.8	55.2	199.7
727	Odder	210.5	43.3	256.1	127.5	58.5	187.5	168.4	51.0	221.3
729	Purhus	210.2	36.2	248.7	123.4	55.9	180.6	167.4	45.9	215.1
731	Randers	184.3	50.4	237.4	106.4	67.8	175.5	144.1	59.4	205.5
733	Rosenholm	219.0	38.8	260.0	131.3	55.4	187.8	175.2	47.1	223.9
735	Rougsø	175.5	47.7	224.9	104.6	66.6	172.4	141.0	56.9	199.4
737	Ry	237.2	36.9	276.3	141.2	50.8	193.0	188.7	43.9	234.2
739	Rønde	222.1	42.0	266.2	127.6	55.7	184.2	174.2	48.9	224.7
741	Samsø	158.4	57.3	217.9	94.9	72.7	169.6	125.7	65.2	193.1
743	Silkeborg	239.8	42.6	284.5	128.1	59.2	188.3	182.2	51.1	234.9
745	Skanderborg	237.1	39.3	278.4	146.0	54.0	201.1	191.3	46.7	239.5
747	Sønderhald	215.5	41.7	259.1	118.7	60.5	180.3	167.6	51.0	220.1
749	Them	206.2	38.4	246.6	131.7	53.2	186.0	169.3	45.7	216.5
751	Århus	197.1	47.6	247.3	123.3	60.6	185.3	159.1	54.3	215.3

Table 242

Average personal income in municipalities 2002

Municipality-code	Men			Women			Men and women		
	Primary income	Transfer income	Personal income	Primary income	Transfer income	Personal income	Primary income	Transfer income	Personal income
	DKK thousands								
Viborg County	197.1	43.0	242.4	116.6	60.2	177.9	156.9	51.6	210.2
761 Bjerringbro	211.7	36.8	251.0	124.9	55.5	181.4	168.8	46.1	216.5
763 Fjends	196.8	36.6	234.9	118.4	55.0	174.4	158.4	45.6	205.3
765 Hanstholm	210.1	40.9	257.6	112.7	59.3	174.3	163.6	49.7	217.9
767 Hvorslev	209.4	36.9	248.0	130.2	52.6	183.5	170.7	44.5	216.5
769 Karup	192.3	41.4	235.7	113.0	60.3	174.1	153.7	50.6	205.7
771 Kjellerup	194.2	41.5	237.6	116.1	59.9	176.9	155.3	50.6	207.4
773 Morsø	183.2	47.3	232.8	101.9	64.6	167.6	142.3	56.0	200.1
775 Møldrup	198.5	41.1	241.5	115.1	60.6	176.7	157.0	50.8	209.3
777 Sallingsund	192.9	40.8	236.0	109.4	60.6	171.2	152.0	50.5	204.3
779 Skive	195.9	45.7	243.8	117.2	60.8	179.0	156.6	53.2	211.4
781 Spøttrup	188.9	39.4	230.2	114.0	57.6	172.4	152.4	48.3	202.0
783 Sundsøre	191.7	41.1	235.2	106.3	60.8	168.2	150.0	50.7	202.5
785 Sydthy	179.8	46.3	229.3	101.7	63.5	166.5	140.9	54.9	198.0
787 Thisted	198.2	43.0	243.5	114.2	60.4	175.8	155.5	51.9	209.1
789 Tjele	204.9	36.6	244.0	124.0	55.1	179.9	165.2	45.7	212.5
791 Viborg	207.0	46.3	255.5	129.2	61.2	191.5	167.1	54.0	222.7
793 Aalestrup	177.1	42.6	220.8	106.6	61.9	169.3	142.5	52.1	195.5
North Jutland County	190.1	46.7	239.8	112.5	63.5	177.3	151.0	55.2	208.3
801 Arden	198.5	38.4	238.9	113.4	59.8	174.3	156.8	48.9	207.2
803 Brovst	183.5	45.1	231.2	109.2	63.5	173.9	146.3	54.3	202.6
805 Brønderslev	176.7	46.9	226.4	107.2	65.3	173.4	141.5	56.2	199.6
807 Dronninglund	192.3	44.5	239.0	112.8	61.6	175.4	152.7	53.0	207.3
809 Farsø	187.8	43.2	233.7	106.1	62.8	170.0	147.8	52.8	202.5
811 Fjerritslev	186.1	43.6	231.4	106.0	61.6	168.7	146.2	52.6	200.1
813 Frederikshavn	178.4	51.4	235.2	103.1	67.2	172.1	140.3	59.4	203.3
815 Hadsund	183.4	45.9	231.8	107.3	64.6	173.3	145.3	55.3	202.5
817 Hals	206.5	41.5	251.2	121.0	58.5	180.7	164.2	49.9	216.4
819 Hirtshals	199.9	45.3	252.2	104.6	65.6	171.6	152.6	55.4	212.2
821 Hjørring	192.1	48.5	243.6	113.0	64.9	178.9	151.4	56.9	210.4
823 Hobro	193.9	45.6	241.5	111.6	64.7	177.3	152.1	55.3	208.9
825 Læsø	161.8	58.8	224.0	90.0	70.0	161.1	126.4	64.3	193.0
827 Løgstør	174.9	50.1	227.7	104.7	67.3	173.3	139.9	58.7	200.5
829 Løkken-Vrå	177.9	48.6	229.9	105.4	65.0	171.9	141.7	56.8	201.0
831 Nibe	200.9	42.7	246.2	119.1	60.1	180.3	159.6	51.5	212.9
833 Nørager	199.6	40.4	241.6	111.3	60.4	172.6	157.1	50.0	208.4
835 Pandrup	181.0	47.3	231.3	111.8	63.2	175.8	147.0	55.1	204.0
837 Sejfflod	193.3	40.6	236.6	118.1	59.5	178.6	156.6	49.8	208.3
839 Sindal	182.3	44.8	229.8	107.7	63.6	172.2	145.5	54.1	201.4
841 Skagen	196.4	50.1	250.8	102.5	68.9	173.3	148.5	59.7	211.2
843 Skørping	207.9	43.1	252.9	126.6	60.9	188.6	167.6	51.9	221.0
845 Støvring	230.8	35.6	268.9	133.9	52.7	187.7	182.7	44.1	228.6
847 Sæby	184.8	47.0	235.5	105.9	66.1	173.5	145.8	56.4	204.8
849 Aabybro	217.1	40.3	260.4	131.5	54.4	186.9	173.8	47.4	223.3
851 Aalborg	187.0	48.9	238.7	114.8	64.0	180.0	150.3	56.5	208.9
861 Aars	205.0	40.5	247.5	114.3	60.1	175.5	159.3	50.4	211.2

Table 243

Income, consumption, and taxation by household income 2000

	Total household income					Total
	Under DKK 150 000	DKK 150 000- 299 999	DKK 300 000- 499 999	DKK 500 000- 799 999	DKK 800 000 +	
	DKK per household					
A. Earned income, total	17 340	81 334	255 376	511 804	875 598	283 660
Wages and salaries	18 433	76 191	244 433	493 605	736 993	263 774
Entrepreneurial income	-1 093	5 143	10 943	18 199	138 604	19 886
B. Property income	5 699	16 004	28 701	40 137	81 704	28 795
C. Private transfers	3 021	20 310	28 520	26 898	41 201	22 972
D. Transfers from the public sector	88 035	98 458	73 886	40 339	27 847	71 022
E. Other income	534	2 751	3 865	3 752	20 206	4 379
F. Capital transfers to the household	165	1 407	3 636	3 996	53 144	6 701
G. Total income (A+B+C+D+E+F)	114 795	220 264	393 984	626 926	1 099 701	417 529
H. Income taxes, etc.	26 310	58 409	118 242	203 865	381 208	129 963
I. Private interest payments	2 654	9 465	28 791	49 144	73 244	27 977
J. Disposable income (G-H-I)	85 831	152 390	246 952	373 917	645 249	259 589
K. Payments from capital pensions (net)	0	1 096	1 952	626	453	967
L. Disposable amount (J+K)	85 831	153 486	248 904	374 543	645 702	260 556
M. Fines	177	164	204	283	576	239
N. Gifts, charity	903	645	2 395	2 000	2 228	1 565
O. Membership fees	558	1 660	4 276	6 416	7 691	3 772
P. Net saving	-24 478	-8 262	14 567	51 735	212 801	27 697
Q. Total consumption (L-M-N-O-P)	108 670	159 279	227 462	314 110	422 406	227 283
Food	13 257	18 343	26 139	35 432	42 771	25 605
Beverages and tobacco	6 305	9 632	12 632	16 087	17 426	12 053
Clothing and footwear	4 355	7 654	13 015	17 752	25 372	12 356
Rent (housing)	30 315	41 600	49 837	62 501	86 363	50 637
Electricity and fuels	9 678	13 144	15 597	18 348	24 363	15 396
Furniture, furnishings, household services	4 834	7 861	14 160	22 808	28 281	14 226
Medical products, services of physicians	3 601	3 860	5 234	6 688	7 421	5 131
Purchase of vehicles	1 117	5 137	9 463	17 172	24 359	10 072
Other transport services and communications	10 007	16 551	25 955	39 405	56 016	26 624
Recreation, entertainment, travel	13 247	16 885	25 941	33 727	48 426	25 207
Other goods and services	11 955	18 612	29 490	44 189	61 607	29 975
Indirect transfers from the public sector, total	50 134	34 931	47 964	67 502	74 327	51 549
Child care	665	6 243	11 577	19 884	18 555	10 993
Education	14 626	13 541	24 633	34 953	47 716	24 400
Health	34 842	15 147	11 754	12 665	8 056	16 157
Taxes on production and imports, total	22 046	36 034	53 305	77 486	104 331	53 757
VAT	14 031	20 807	31 291	44 301	62 243	31 424
Excise duty	6 504	12 584	17 799	27 677	32 703	18 230
Real property tax	1 482	2 566	3 822	4 946	8 018	3 732
Stamp duties	29	77	393	562	1.367	371
Net wealth, end of year	94 870	287 747	334 761	371 596	820 018	334 215
	number					
Persons per household	1.1	1.5	2.2	3.0	3.2	2.1
Of whom adults	1.0	1.3	1.7	2.1	2.2	1.6
Households in the survey	404	744	648	686	246	2 728
Households in Denmark - thousands	380	698	597	599	207	2 482

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/fu2

Table 244

Income, consumption and taxation, by socio-economic status 2000

	Socio-economic status of head of household								Total
	Self-employed	Employees - upper level	Employees - medium level	Employees - basic level	Unemployed	Receiving education	Pensioners, early-retirement	Other not economically active	
DKK per household									
A. Earned income, total	519 506	582 335	453 215	357 259	144 881	34 306	15 877	68 749	283 660
Wages and salaries	187 747	573 790	445 387	351 966	136 824	33 168	14 758	65 660	263 774
Entrepreneurial income	331 759	8 545	7 827	5 293	8 056	1 138	1 119	3 088	19 886
B. Property income	49 289	42 336	29 042	26 670	17 923	3 070	26 932	14 792	28 795
C. Private transfers	17 503	15 525	15 510	10 589	11 484	10 886	44 828	43 038	22 972
D. Transfers from the public sector	37 422	27 121	31 509	43 692	116 712	81 415	135 444	116 493	71 022
E. Other income	4 284	8 029	1 474	4 216	7 252	1 323	2 040	22 169	4 379
F. Capital transfers to the household	8 850	4 387	6 503	10 029	850	83	4 691	4 654	6 701
G. Total income (A+B+C+D+E+F)	636 854	679 733	537 252	452 455	299 102	131 084	229 812	269 894	417 529
H. Income taxes, etc.	206 572	243 621	175 169	142 130	83 906	27 867	55 898	60 898	129 963
I. Private interest payments	41 490	51 457	38 904	32 081	27 432	4 408	9 812	16 453	27 977
J. Disposable income (G-H-I)	388 791	384 654	323 179	278 245	187 764	98 809	164 103	192 543	259 589
K. Payments from capital pensions (net)	4 246	42	315	81	0	0	1 143	10 809	967
L. Disposable amount (J+K)	393 038	384 697	323 494	278 325	187 764	98 809	165 246	203 353	260 556
M. Fines	309	289	368	263	107	402	42	853	239
N. Gifts, charity	891	2 111	550	504	108	77	2 476	8 915	1 565
O. Membership fees	4 659	6 875	5 063	4 815	3 683	1 220	951	1 913	3 772
P. Net saving	75 711	52 557	45 626	34 071	3 103	-22 377	2 307	13 917	27 697
Q. Total consumption (L-M-N-O-P)	311 467	322 864	271 887	238 672	180 763	119 486	159 470	177 755	227 283
Food	31 981	34 290	28 601	27 735	22 672	14 621	18 780	20 914	25 605
Beverages and tobacco	14 249	13 967	13 314	13 815	9 774	7 292	8 987	10 685	12 053
Clothing and footwear	21 386	19 581	17 006	13 133	11 721	6 376	5 855	9 687	12 356
Rent (housing)	63 812	64 838	54 992	48 697	43 352	25 044	46 461	45 973	50 637
Electricity and fuels	18 881	18 968	15 467	14 982	13 665	7 737	14 749	14 195	15 396
Furniture, furnishings, household services	21 638	22 965	17 632	15 191	8 230	4 806	8 632	8 620	14 226
Medical products, services of physicians	6 458	5 921	5 680	4 302	5 108	2 942	5 658	4 559	5 131
Purchase of vehicles	28 683	12 807	12 170	12 144	5 780	1 078	4 305	4 607	10 072
Other transport services and communications	31 545	43 226	37 220	28 865	20 312	14 093	13 800	21 775	26 624
Recreation, entertainment, travels	31 782	38 914	30 023	26 891	17 462	20 212	15 817	19 124	25 207
Other goods and services	41 054	47 388	39 783	32 917	22 687	15 285	16 427	17 617	29 975
Indirect transfers from the public sector, total	49 144	60 127	57 053	54 522	61 930	71 188	37 221	71 242	51 549
Child care	8 607	15 182	19 177	14 624	16 270	10 426	608	18 922	10 993
Education	33 427	36 909	30 244	29 968	31 766	54 336	3 516	33 918	24 400
Health	7 109	8 037	7 632	9 930	13 894	6 426	33 097	18 402	16 157
Taxes on production and import, total	82 163	74 853	63 339	57 948	40 836	24 682	36 202	40 654	53 757
VAT	44 119	45 196	37 753	33 942	23 929	16 489	20 523	24 217	31 424
Excise duty	32 311	23 336	20 853	20 352	13 250	7 194	12 024	13 659	18 230
Real property tax	5 137	5 485	4 110	3 295	3 506	993	3 520	2 757	3 732
Stamp duties	595	835	623	359	151	6	136	21	371
Net wealth, end of year	566 340	511 505	203 735	168 500	120 441	42 460	536 485	155 664	334 215
	number								
Persons per household	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.1	1.5	1.4	2.2	2.1
Of whom adults	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.5	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.6
Households in the survey	116	403	340	965	52	102	660	90	2 728
Households in Denmark - thousands	116	316	275	865	47	72	706	86	2 482

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/fu3

Table 245

Consumption expenditure of households, by type of dwelling 2000

	Owner occupied detached house	Owner- occupied flat	Rented detached house	Rented flat	Flat in housing co- operative	Rented room	Dwelling free of charge ¹	Total
	DKK per household							
Total income	556 567	392 906	328 802	273 482	336 251	117 729	463 670	417 529
Income taxes, etc.	172 044	138 379	95 533	84 676	112 479	29 728	174 212	129 963
Disposable amount	339 027	215 228	223 521	182 207	212 153	87 057	269 342	260 556
Net saving	51 124	-3 928	21 198	9 430	-3 024	-17 671	3 037	27 697
Total consumption	280 282	213 824	197 126	169 594	210 933	102 814	261 316	227 283
A Food	31 119	21 077	25 036	19 697	23 586	11 391	25 919	25 605
B Beverages and tobacco	13 524	13 767	11 597	10 188	11 449	6 562	18 901	12 053
C Clothing and footwear	14 442	11 487	9 205	9 327	16 899	8 741	13 709	12 356
D Housing, total	62 836	45 099	46 624	39 834	38 426	17 028	23 923	50 637
Rent	506	459	39 874	34 349	31 316	15 673	213	16 261
Permanent renting of secondary dwelling, etc.	31	160	90	190	120	0	0	95
Imputed rent, owner-occupied dwelling	38 801	25 769	0	0	0	0	4 115	19 586
Land tax, owner-occupied dwelling	5 603	2 449	84	46	48	0	561	2 791
Stamp duties, loans in owner-occupied dwelling	242	297	0	0	0	0	251	130
Value of dwelling free of charge	0	0	60	12	0	0	12 897	56
Imputed rent, secondary dwelling	1 155	619	714	652	802	0	3 220	893
Land tax, secondary dwelling	392	161	193	203	221	0	1 160	288
Stamp duties, loans in secondary dwelling	22	0	0	10	0	0	0	14
Materials for maintenance of dwelling	2 080	1 349	459	318	1 630	0	350	1 291
Materials for repair of dwelling	1 116	580	185	291	355	0	0	681
Flagstones, etc. for gardens	531	0	0	0	55	0	0	255
Repair, etc. workman, dwelling	4 810	2 043	311	534	730	0	0	2 606
Water supply	1 750	1 105	1 255	905	754	373	316	1 312
Refuse collection	1 751	468	1 790	1 365	1 229	592	327	1 500
Water drainage, sewerage	2 018	1 146	1 203	836	795	356	351	1 418
Miscellaneous maintenance	1 728	42	301	76	319	0	58	886
Payments to homeowners' association, etc.	301	8 454	107	46	53	34	104	575
E Electricity and fuels	19 717	11 306	16 176	11 161	11 029	4 927	11 839	15 396
F Furniture, furnishings, household services	18 615	12 983	11 820	9 281	13 603	4 332	13 865	14 226
G Medical products, services of physicians	6 303	5 059	4 455	3 799	4 998	1 918	7 239	5 131
H Purchase of vehicles	13 913	14 591	4 698	5 424	9 692	1 548	25 372	10 072
I Transport services and communications	33 320	22 608	22 414	20 057	22 597	10 683	48 000	26 624
J Recreation, entertainment, travels	29 044	24 602	23 123	20 036	27 324	17 959	27 051	25 207
K Other goods and services	37 449	31 245	21 978	20 789	31 329	17 725	45 498	29 975
Interest on mortgage loans	37 439	29 209	800	508	530	0	9 464	19 377
Extension, etc. of dwelling	18 590	4 970	315	404	4 111	0	..	10 194
Total income per person	217 409	244 041	166 062	160 872	182 745	115 420	256 171	196 948
Total consumption per person	109 485	132 810	99 558	99 761	114 637	100 798	144 374	107 209
	number							
Size of dwelling, square metre	135	79	95	76	81	34	..	105
Year of construction	1949	1941	1956	1950	1939	1950	..	1949
Persons per household	2.6	1.6	2.0	1.7	1.8	1.0	1.8	2.1
Of whom adults	1.9	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.0	1.7	1.6
Households in the survey	1 178	150	181	902	215	94	8	2 728
Households in Denmark - thousands	1 173	119	186	752	170	73	9	2 482
Persons in Denmark - thousands	3 005	192	369	1 280	313	75	17	5 249

¹ The figures are subject to uncertainty due to the small number of households in the sample.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/fu4

Table 246 (continued)

Consumption expenditure of households, by type of household 2000

	Single persons under 60 years without children	Single persons 60 years + without children	Single persons with children	2 adults without children, head of household under 60 years	2 adults without children, head of household 60 years +	2 adults with children	Households with at least 3 adults	Total
	DKK per household							
Total income	243 911	178 055	303 541	546 429	363 747	624 450	764 431	417 529
Disposable amount	147 782	126 425	205 197	333 119	251 104	374 215	471 456	260 556
Net saving	-1 326	-6 349	3 628	57 171	26 491	46 591	84 216	27 697
Consumption expenditure	145 955	130 318	196 601	268 841	216 996	320 406	378 441	227 283
11 Food	13 688	14 469	25 291	27 225	25 331	40 112	46 032	25 605
1111 Rice	53	39	112	101	55	200	170	100
1112 Bread, dry cakes, cookies and biscuits	1 649	1 715	3 194	3 136	2 908	4 942	5 709	3 074
1113 Pasta products	163	27	255	239	87	426	428	221
1114 Cakes, ready-prepared dishes with bread	497	396	630	759	522	959	1 076	670
1115 Flour, cereals, etc.	313	213	962	664	498	1 335	1 142	673
1121 Beef and veal	834	603	1 264	2 072	1 229	2 311	2 963	1 533
1122 Pork	617	795	1 108	1 382	1 797	1 726	2 329	1 280
1123 Meat of lamb	18	16	133	80	491	175	112	126
1124 Poultry	434	392	789	850	861	1 222	1 563	801
1125 Offal, spreads, bacon, sausages, etc.	1 253	1 192	2 106	2 417	2 158	3 573	4 860	2 301
1126 Processed meat, meat products	225	297	278	275	215	324	491	284
1127 Other fresh meat	7	6	7	37	3	39	180	29
1131 Fresh and frozen fish	141	338	238	398	569	519	574	378
1132 Shellfish, not tinned	79	107	82	291	164	188	473	182
1133 Smoked and salted fish	69	83	65	144	211	91	230	117
1134 Processed fish, shellfish, fish products	272	431	344	603	768	687	816	538
1141 Whole milk	112	191	398	187	277	573	433	283
1142 Semi-skimmed, skimmed, butter milk	560	423	1 292	878	669	1 831	1 765	975
1143 Breast-milk replacement, soya milk	2	5	43	11	3	104	51	29
1144 Junket, yoghurt, etc.	218	295	321	418	408	644	600	404
1145 Cheese	850	934	1 244	1 532	1 713	2 073	2 615	1 466
1146 Other dairy products	229	284	437	483	493	634	820	445
1147 Eggs	182	249	341	357	482	469	525	347
1151 Butter, etc.	240	363	468	481	525	763	830	490
1152 Margarine, in all forms	63	120	121	160	274	206	260	158
1153 Olive oil	22	12	29	49	23	40	35	31
1154 Other vegetable oils	27	13	18	55	23	100	121	50
1155 Lard, deep frying fat	8	15	10	10	24	10	15	12
1161 Citrus fruit	146	195	212	297	277	357	355	256
1162 Bananas	155	184	307	289	242	472	474	286
1163 Apples	151	221	378	282	300	497	614	313
1164 Pears	39	42	81	84	108	146	162	87
1165 Peaches, plums and avocado	61	53	121	118	65	173	126	100
1166 Berries	126	146	254	251	286	303	425	232
1167 Other fruit	47	45	143	127	167	175	174	114
1168 Dried fruit, nuts	130	153	228	218	249	316	549	232
1169 Conserved fruit, fruit salad	13	21	31	48	51	59	104	41
1171 Leaf and stick vegetables	145	152	259	390	244	451	511	295
1172 Cabbage	64	105	94	187	250	206	249	157
1173 Tomatoes, cucumbers, peppers, peas	414	371	775	872	695	1 282	1 301	774
1174 Root vegetables, onions, mushrooms	241	325	458	629	499	778	877	517
1175 Dried vegetables	9	155	8	23	25	14	20	38
1176 Processed and mixed vegetables	240	268	368	543	517	650	805	458
1177 Potatoes	208	315	297	456	529	553	648	410
1178 Potato-based products	131	53	195	259	107	389	394	212
1181 Sugar, other sugar products	51	147	85	126	286	221	216	153
1182 Jams, honey, etc.	126	232	213	233	382	337	437	258
1183 Chocolate	508	678	1 044	927	640	1 484	1 517	914
1184 Sweets, marzipan	778	449	1 929	1 307	744	2 437	2 480	1 317
1185 Ice-cream	270	182	717	528	398	1 470	858	616
1186 Other sugar products	20	26	30	32	40	42	61	33

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/FU1

Table 246 (continued)

Consumption expenditure of households, by type of household 2000

	Single persons under 60 years without children	Single persons 60 years + without children	Single persons with children	2 adults without children, head of household under 60 years	2 adults without children, head of household 60 years +	2 adults with children	Households with at least 3 adults	Total
DKK per household								
1191	Sauces, condiments	326	199	504	576	421	730	494
1192	Salt, spices, desiccated coconut, etc.	94	84	159	214	204	250	178
1193	Baking powder, yeast, soup, bouillon, etc.	54	106	110	125	143	150	117
1194	Preservatives, etc.	4	6	1	11	14	5	7
12	Non-alcoholic beverages	2 044	1 401	3 193	3 184	2 617	4 249	2 939
1211	Coffee, coffee products	474	678	797	910	1 258	965	854
1212	Tea, tea products	57	88	90	100	166	115	102
1213	Cocoa	28	8	76	30	2	68	35
1221	Mineral water	121	58	57	185	144	157	133
1222	Soft drinks, etc.	1 050	353	1 639	1 450	635	2 059	1 306
1223	Fruit juices	304	212	519	497	402	875	497
1224	Vegetable juices	12	5	16	12	9	10	12
21	Alcoholic beverages	3 293	2 801	2 676	6 291	6 074	4 897	4 851
2111	Spirits	564	643	231	1 043	1 510	642	852
2121	Wine	1 283	1 271	1 292	2 999	2 800	2 465	2 212
2122	Port, fortified wine, champagne, etc.	66	137	52	207	219	125	147
2131	Beer	1 380	750	1 102	2 043	1 545	1 666	1 640
22	Tobacco	3 474	2 324	4 553	6 101	3 342	4 238	4 263
2211	Cigarettes	2 905	1 622	3 712	4 787	2 073	3 590	3 375
2212	Cigars, cheroots	24	235	13	92	266	22	104
2213	Tobacco, other tobacco products	545	468	828	1 223	1 003	626	784
31	Clothing, etc.	6 061	3 136	10 504	11 854	7 697	16 538	10 075
3111	Clothing materials	27	27	94	89	76	162	75
3121	Garments for men	2 147	885	1 662	4 059	2 685	4 228	3 146
3122	Garments for women	3 019	1 582	5 685	6 634	4 127	6 569	4 874
3123	Garments for children and infants	239	75	2 296	377	301	4 692	1 281
3131	Clothing, accessories, etc.	306	352	372	329	250	673	415
3141	Laundering, dry cleaning, repair of clothing	324	216	396	366	259	213	284
32	Footwear, etc.	1 774	607	3 784	2 217	1 641	3 788	2 281
3211	Footwear for men	929	108	611	770	599	1 103	771
3212	Footwear for women	825	488	2 022	1 347	926	1 087	1 083
3213	Footwear for children and infants	6	2	1 142	56	62	1 574	400
3221	Repair of footwear	14	9	9	43	54	23	27
41	Rentals for housing, secondary dwelling, etc.	19 971	21 080	33 610	13 160	12 337	12 223	16 355
4111	Rentals for housing	19 914	20 987	33 492	13 027	12 152	12 177	16 261
4121	Permanent rentals for secondary dwellings, etc.	57	93	118	133	184	46	95
42	Rental value of own dwelling	7 662	14 010	8 707	30 621	30 998	36 988	23 757
4211	Rental value of owner-occupied dwelling	7 249	12 904	8 362	28 913	28 818	35 911	22 506
4221	Rental value of free accommodation	17	76	0	105	0	0	56
4222	Rental value of own secondary dwelling	396	1 030	345	1 603	2 180	1 077	1 195
43	Repair and maintenance of dwelling	1 354	1 665	1 416	7 684	8 266	5 676	4 833
4311	Materials for repairs, etc. of dwellings	670	245	846	3 098	4 805	3 271	2 227
4321	Repairs, services of skilled craftsmen	684	1 419	571	4 586	3 461	2 405	2 606
44	Water, other services relating to dwelling	3 818	4 242	4 842	6 225	6 260	7 475	5 691
4411	Water supply	788	967	1 190	1 409	1 515	1 737	1 312
4421	Refuse collection	1 065	1 367	1 575	1 570	1 806	1 747	1 500
4431	Water drainage, sewerage	783	951	1 194	1 435	1 709	2 049	1 418
4441	Miscellaneous maintenance	1 181	957	884	1 812	1 231	1 941	1 461

Table 246 (continued)

Consumption expenditure of households, by type of household 2000

	Single persons under 60 years without children	Single persons 60 years + without children	Single persons with children	2 adults without children, head of household under 60 years	2 adults without children, head of household 60 years +	2 adults with children	Households with at least 3 adults	Total
DKK per household								
45 Electricity and fuels	9 533	12 992	15 828	16 847	17 745	18 948	21 868	15 396
4511 Electricity	3 342	3 836	5 112	5 970	5 876	7 230	9 028	5 436
4521 Town, natural gas	671	1 013	1 297	1 896	1 294	2 398	3 218	1 569
4522 Bottled gas	35	35	5	57	42	31	24	37
4531 Liquid fuel	460	1 003	635	1 900	2 445	1 706	2 141	1 415
4541 Solid fuel	77	204	95	714	458	547	762	403
4551 District heating	4 948	6 903	8 685	6 310	7 630	7 036	6 695	6 536
51 Furniture, furnishing, carpets, etc.	3 862	1 754	3 893	7 484	4 816	9 128	6 792	5 574
5111 Furniture and furnishing	3 518	1 392	3 520	6 697	3 741	8 433	6 500	4 990
5121 Carpets, rugs	207	315	373	695	782	607	292	478
5131 Repair of furniture, household articles, etc.	137	47	0	92	293	87	0	106
52 Household textiles	441	370	475	1 734	658	1 682	1 538	1 026
5211 Household textiles	441	370	475	1 734	658	1 682	1 538	1 026
53 Household appliances	1 108	794	1 344	2 725	2 093	2 754	2 823	1 934
5311 Refrigerators, freezers	260	148	187	435	399	603	664	382
5312 Washing machines, tumblers, dishwashers	301	150	641	802	651	1 151	1 096	650
5313 Cookers	161	126	41	538	431	451	257	318
5314 Extractor fans, elec./gas fan ovens, etc.	31	3	0	193	107	133	162	94
5315 Vacuum cleaners, etc.	93	51	177	131	114	144	192	117
5316 Electric sewing machines	11	9	17	78	61	38	80	40
5321 Household appliances under DKK 500	151	166	200	267	292	93	337	195
5331 Repair of household appliances	100	142	81	280	38	140	35	139
54 Glassware, tableware, household utensils	632	708	755	1 542	1 205	1 407	2 042	1 137
5411 Glasses, tableware, kitchen ware	156	296	251	369	363	347	718	321
5412 Cutlery, etc.	73	18	3	87	104	73	206	76
5413 Kitchen and domestic utensils	403	394	500	1 087	738	987	1 118	740
55 Tools, equipment for house and garden	653	422	549	2 598	1 636	2 211	2 765	1 548
5511 Major tools and equipment	112	167	-6	1 054	679	713	637	517
5521 Tools and equipment	540	256	555	1 543	957	1 499	2 128	1 031
56 Other household goods and services	1 163	1 857	3 207	3 093	3 597	4 695	5 654	3 007
5611 Cleaning and polishing agents	307	487	799	827	1 038	1 119	1 578	785
5612 Other consumables	544	445	1 332	1 267	1 277	1 553	1 962	1 081
5621 Domestic services	113	564	605	682	1 107	1 462	977	753
5622 Household service	198	361	471	317	175	560	1 137	388
61 Medical products, spectacles, etc.	1 196	3 292	1 672	2 864	3 969	2 596	3 608	2 622
6111 Medical products, vitamins, etc.	947	1 932	1 178	2 297	3 592	1 679	2 440	1 919
6121 Other medical products	29	33	54	73	61	60	30	50
6131 Spectacles, etc.	220	1 327	440	493	316	856	1 138	653
62 Medical and dental services, etc.	1 505	1 595	1 497	3 013	3 260	2 685	3 894	2 399
6211 General practitioner	35	99	97	134	163	67	197	99
6221 Dentist	957	1 009	883	1 960	2 253	1 819	2 777	1 591
6232 Physiotherapist, chiropractor, etc.	357	488	458	780	844	642	651	596
6233 Hire of contact lenses and spectacles	156	0	60	139	0	157	269	113
63 Hospitals	4	93	55	74	233	261	0	110
6311 Hospitals	4	93	55	74	233	261	0	110

Table 246 (continued)

Consumption expenditure of households, by type of household 2000

	Single persons under 60 years without children	Single persons 60 years + without children	Single persons with children	2 adults without children, head of household under 60 years	2 adults without children, head of household 60 years +	2 adults with children	Households with at least 3 adults	Total
DKK per household								
71 Purchase of vehicles	6 325	3 689	3 669	12 151	8 438	15 777	22 981	10 072
7111 Cars	5 726	3 569	2 970	11 623	7 924	14 653	21 158	9 388
7121 Motor cycles, etc.	104	71	19	35	354	401	1 127	231
7131 Bicycles	495	50	680	493	160	723	696	453
72 Operation of transport equipment	9 982	4 861	10 264	23 840	16 008	27 635	38 756	17 894
7211 Spare parts, accessories for vehicles	1 098	207	974	1 994	1 065	2 452	4 896	1 630
7221 Petrol, lubricants	4 851	2 089	4 923	11 011	6 945	12 753	14 366	8 027
7231 Repair, etc. of vehicles	1 743	1 068	1 574	4 037	4 549	5 263	10 018	3 611
7241 Other services relating to vehicles	1 388	480	1 815	4 059	915	4 195	5 666	2 564
7251 Vehicle license duty	902	1 017	978	2 740	2 534	2 972	3 809	2 062
73 Purchase of transport services	4 197	1 383	3 524	4 698	2 174	4 500	6 794	3 813
7321 Taxi-cabs	792	266	421	553	481	392	646	520
7331 Airline tickets	722	160	276	1 092	472	1 097	1 314	767
7341 Ferries	395	35	202	387	148	465	670	330
7351 Combined passenger transport	2 207	825	2 269	2 489	1 006	2 376	4 021	2 060
7361 Other transport services	82	97	356	177	67	169	143	136
81 Postage	220	225	164	257	234	327	352	256
8111 Postage	220	225	164	257	234	327	352	256
82 Purchase of telephone and equipment	304	56	407	306	89	433	759	300
8211 Purchase of telephone and equipment	304	56	407	306	89	433	759	300
83 Telephone services, call charges	3 918	2 822	5 115	4 915	3 524	5 222	6 244	4 360
8311 Telephone services, call charges	3 918	2 822	5 115	4 915	3 524	5 222	6 244	4 360
91 Audio-visual, photographic, data processing equipment for leisure use	5 187	1 307	4 277	6 874	2 984	6 763	9 209	5 178
9111 Radio, music players, etc.	617	66	356	1 055	216	594	939	575
9112 TV-sets, video recorders	1 019	403	1 189	1 126	860	969	1 307	942
9121 Photographic equipment, video cameras	194	25	202	360	52	454	290	242
9122 Microscopes, binoculars, magnifying glasses	0	0	0	74	119	0	0	28
9131 Personal computers, etc.	2 309	139	1 273	2 808	777	2 663	3 640	1 994
9141 Cd, video tapes and photos	1 047	380	1 256	1 417	522	1 957	2 682	1 247
9151 Repair of radio, TV-sets, pc, photo equipment, etc.	0	294	0	36	438	127	351	150
92 Major durables for recreation and culture	358	93	-58	1 638	375	2 035	1 750	968
9211 Caravans, boats, etc.	237	93	-115	1 498	375	1 872	1 029	833
9221 Musical instruments, etc.	121	0	57	114	0	163	712	129
9231 Repair of caravans, boats, musical instruments, etc.	0	0	0	26	0	0	8	6
93 Sporting equipment, toys, plants, pets, etc.	2 928	2 478	4 559	6 521	4 220	8 445	9 592	5 299
9311 Games, toys, hobby goods	928	548	2 110	1 201	945	3 567	2 585	1 603
9321 Equipment for sports, camping, etc.	258	33	178	794	149	843	1 381	498
9331 Plants, flowers, fertilizers, etc.	911	1 395	908	2 209	2 273	2 325	3 217	1 821
9341 Pets, pet foods and accessories	641	406	1 127	1 532	690	1 236	1 539	985
9351 Veterinary and other services relating to pets	190	95	236	786	163	474	871	392
94 Entertainment, TV licence fees, etc.	5 494	4 434	6 956	7 926	5 422	8 715	11 959	6 914
9411 Sporting activities, fairs, etc.	1 212	366	1 229	1 492	570	2 394	2 298	1 362
9421 Cinemas, theatres, concerts	624	307	635	916	247	797	1 308	667
9422 Museums, zoological gardens, etc.	63	34	135	235	150	150	125	127

Table 246

Consumption expenditure of households, by type of household 2000

	Single persons under 60 years without children	Single persons 60 years + without children	Single persons with children	2 adults without children, head of household under 60 years	2 adults without children, head of household 60 years +	2 adults with children	Households with at least 3 adults	Total	
DKK per household									
9423	TV licence fees, rental of TV-equipment, films, etc.	2 365	2 243	3 017	2 838	2 470	2 982	3 359	2 668
9424	Musicians, photographers, film developing, etc.	347	80	373	480	242	855	723	443
9431	Football pools, lottery, bingo, etc.	885	1 405	1 567	1 965	1 741	1 538	4 145	1 646
95	Newspapers, books, stationary, etc.	3 051	2 868	2 474	3 794	3 754	3 840	4 698	3 479
9511	Books	1 144	651	881	1 506	788	1 268	1 301	1 120
9521	Newspapers, magazines	1 530	2 017	1 045	1 773	2 563	1 936	2 740	1 903
9531	Printed matter	167	110	140	181	121	177	244	161
9541	Stationary and drawing materials	211	89	409	334	282	459	414	295
96	Package holidays	2 022	1 507	2 350	5 219	4 571	3 779	4 295	3 370
9611	Package holidays	2 022	1 507	2 350	5 219	4 571	3 779	4 295	3 370
97	Education	643	308	1 571	594	258	1 430	2 528	855
9721	General schools, upper-secondary education, other education	329	133	1 380	240	56	1 138	2 212	579
9741	Further and higher education	228	0	110	233	17	118	49	130
9751	Leisure-time education, youth schools, etc.	86	175	81	120	185	174	267	146
98	Restaurants, hotels, etc.	8 770	4 986	8 134	12 825	5 973	13 546	16 428	10 050
9811	Restaurants, etc.	7 170	4 583	6 410	10 439	3 718	8 821	12 498	7 645
9812	Canteens	643	102	571	845	97	1 093	1 655	684
9821	Hotels, campsites, etc.	957	301	1 153	1 541	2 157	3 632	2 275	1 720
99	Miscellaneous goods and services	9 320	9 689	15 344	20 749	15 195	35 410	30 750	19 069
9911	Hairdressers, beauty, etc.	1 103	1 710	1 068	2 592	1 737	2 285	2 813	1 905
9912	Toiletries, electric razors, etc.	233	45	18	119	36	130	436	140
9913	Soap, toothpaste, diapers, etc.	1 977	1 357	3 516	3 360	2 212	5 239	5 102	3 093
9921	Personal services	33	0	0	47	3	39	100	31
9931	Jewellery, watches, etc.	361	553	724	1 106	442	1 218	1 738	822
9932	Sunglasses, pipes, bags, prams, etc.	369	172	347	747	352	957	975	563
9941	Day-care institutions, etc.	0	336	3 814	0	20	12 062	1 106	2 671
9951	Life insurance	284	26	324	1 100	235	1 266	1 725	685
9952	Family and household insurance	1 469	2 065	1 717	3 406	3 312	3 511	4 700	2 772
9953	Accident and health insurance	746	572	949	1 820	1 384	2 247	3 026	1 452
9954	Transport insurance	1 785	1 704	1 705	4 795	4 612	4 788	6 623	3 579
9955	Other insurances	98	152	138	167	173	224	284	167
9962	One-time fees and service charges for bank and insurance services	233	93	242	690	255	750	704	436
9972	Other services	629	904	779	799	421	693	1 419	753
number									
Persons per household	1.0	1.0	2.5	2.0	2.0	3.8	3.7	2.1	
Of whom adults	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.1	1.6	
Households in the survey	671	359	142	567	275	560	154	2 728	
Households in Denmark – thousands	549	392	124	496	280	485	156	2 482	

Table 247 (continued)

Price index for domestic supply

2000/ HS chapter		1998 Weights	2002 Average	2003 Average
		per cent — 2000 = 100 —		
02	Meat and edible meat offals	2.21	100.8	97.2
03	Fish and crustaceans	1.41	103.9	99.6
04	Milk and dairy produce, etc.	2.53	105.4	105.0
05	Products of animal origin n.e.s.	0.39	119.7	116.9
07	Vegetables	0.95	108.7	121.2
08	Fruit, nuts, citrus fruit, melons	0.55	108.3	102.7
09	Coffee, tea, spices	0.37	67.6	68.8
10	Cereals	1.52	89.9	91.3
11	Products of the milling industry, malt, starch, inulin and wheat gluten	0.43	109.0	107.6
12	Oil seeds, oleaginous fruit; other seeds and fruit, etc.	1.11	110.4	112.0
13	Shellac, hydrated rubber and resin, etc.	0.15	98.1	91.8
15	Animal and vegetable fats and oils	0.75	126.4	125.9
16	Preparations of meat, fish and crustaceans	1.50	110.1	109.3
17	Sugar and sugar confectionery	0.82	107.5	106.1
18	Cocoa and other cocoa preparations	0.51	104.3	107.2
19	Preparations of cereals, flour, starch or milk; bakery products	1.13	103.7	106.4
20	Preparations of vegetables, fruit, nuts or other plants	0.70	101.4	101.2
21	Miscellaneous edible preparations	0.99	104.7	105.9
22	Beverages, ethanol and vinegar	2.21	102.2	104.0
23	Residual products from the food processing industry; preparations of animal feedstuffs	1.71	107.4	107.0
24	Tobacco and manufactured tobacco substitutes	0.53	113.6	114.1
25	Salt, sulphur, soil and stones; plaster, lime, cement	0.79	105.5	106.3
27	Mineral fuels, mineraloil and distillery products thereof	4.45	89.3	92.2
28	Inorganic chemicals	0.52	107.0	106.0
29	Organic chemicals	0.85	102.3	104.0
30	Pharmaceutical products	1.73	101.8	99.8
31	Fertilizers	0.36	111.6	110.5
32	Dyes, colours, paints	1.05	108.1	109.5
33	Volatile vegetable oils and essential oils; perfumery, cosmetics, toiletpreparations	0.46	103.7	105.4
34	Soap, washing and cleaning preparations	0.57	105.3	107.1
35	Albuminoidal substances, modified starch, glues and enzymes	0.43	105.5	94.7
37	Photographic and cinematographic goods	0.50	101.4	100.2
38	Miscellaneous chemical products	1.09	104.6	106.4
39	Artificial resins and plastic materials	4.93	100.3	101.2
40	Rubber and articles thereof	0.74	103.4	104.9
41	Raw hides and skins and leather	0.09	106.2	99.6
42	Articles of leather; saddlery; luggage and bags, etc.	0.20	96.9	96.4
44	Wood and articles of wood	3.71	101.8	104.5
47	Paper-making material of wood or other cellulosic materials	0.06	91.1	87.7
48	Paper and paperboard, articles thereof	3.86	103.6	105.0
51	Wool and animal hair; yarn and textiles fabrics of horsehair	0.11	103.4	103.6
52	Cotton	0.26	94.5	92.7
54	Continuous man-made fibers	0.34	98.1	98.9
55	Discontinuous man-made fibers	0.23	98.4	99.0
56	Cotton wool, nonwovens; cordage and rope, and articles thereof	0.16	103.1	103.1
57	Carpets and other flooring of textile materials	0.23	103.3	104.1
58	Special textile fabrics; tufted textiles, laces; tapestry and trimmings, embroidery	0.08	97.3	97.3
59	Impregnated, knitted or crocheted textile articles; technical textile articles	0.15	107.0	104.9

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pris11

Table 247

Price index for domestic supply

2000/ HS chapter		1998 Weights	2002 Average	2003 Average
		Per cent ——— 2000 = 100 ———		
60	Knitted and crocheted goods	0.12	95.6	95.1
61	Articles of apparel and accessories, of knitwear	1.22	101.2	100.9
62	Articles of apparel and accessories, except knitwear	1.30	100.7	100.4
63	Other made up textile articles	0.38	114.5	117.8
64	Footwear, leggings and related parts	0.60	105.6	106.4
68	Articles of stone, plaster, cement, etc.	1.57	103.6	106.1
69	Ceramic products	0.45	105.2	108.0
70	Glass and glassware	1.34	106.0	105.2
71	Precious metals and articles thereof	0.20	98.6	97.4
72	Iron and steel	1.95	98.4	101.5
73	Articles of iron and steel	4.55	105.8	107.0
74	Copper and articles thereof	0.52	98.8	95.7
76	Aluminium and articles thereof	1.60	102.7	99.7
79	Zinc and articles thereof	0.07	88.9	82.4
82	Tools and implements of base metal	0.51	106.4	107.5
83	Miscellaneous articles of base metal	0.76	100.0	98.5
84	Machinery and appliances; mechanical implements and spare parts	11.77	100.6	97.4
85	Electrical machinery and equipment and related parts	8.22	101.7	99.5
87	Vehicles and spare parts	6.15	103.0	105.6
90	Optical photo and measuring equipment	2.21	104.0	105.0
91	Clocks and watches and related parts	0.08	102.2	102.2
94	Furniture and specified lightning equipment	3.37	105.2	105.8
95	Toys; games, sport goods, etc.	0.66	105.2	103.5

Table 248

Price index for domestic supply, for categories of use

	1998 Weights	2002 Average	2003 Average
	per cent ————— 2000 =100 —————		
Price Index for Domestic Supply total	100.00	102.1	102.3
Producers' materials	66.31	101.0	100.8
Raw materials for agriculture	3.88	106.7	107.2
Raw materials for other industries	43.91	101.7	102.1
Fuels and lubricants	3.48	89.3	92.9
Machinery and tools; goods transport equipment	15.04	101.3	98.5
Consumer goods	33.69	104.0	104.8
Foods of animal origin, excl. fish	6.90	102.9	101.7
Fish and fish products	1.73	108.3	104.7
Foods of vegetable origin	3.39	105.3	109.1
Beverages and tobacco	3.09	105.5	108.1
Other consumer goods	18.58	103.3	104.0
Distribution by origin:			
Danish goods	44.10	103.5	104.8
Danish producers' materials	28.18	102.4	103.9
Danish consumer goods	15.92	104.8	105.7
Imported goods	55.90	99.8	98.7
Imported producers' materials	38.13	99.0	97.4
Imported consumer goods	17.76	101.8	102.2
Imported unprocessed raw materials, total = Raw material price index¹ total	8.56	93.8	94.0
Unprocessed materials for agriculture	0.86	101.7	102.5
Unprocessed materials for other industries	5.48	93.0	93.3
Fuels and lubricants	2.22	92.8	93.1

¹ The raw materials price index includes unprocessed, imported raw materials and fuels.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pris10 and [pris11](http://www.statbank.dk/pris11)

Table 249

Domestic supply of some important food stuffs

	Supply, total		
	2001	2002	2003*
	thousand tons		
Milk and cream			
Whole milk ¹	355	309	292
Skim- and buttermilk	187	223	234
Junket and yoghurt	89	94	102
Other milk products ²	50	60	68
Cream (incl. cultured cream)	52	55	54
Fats			
Butter ³	9	9	9
Margarine	51	54	..
Cheese	116	126	132
Eggs	77	82	85
Meat			
Beef and veal ⁴	125	139	148
Pork ⁴	323	303	300
Poultry meat	111	120	119
Horse meat	0	1	1
Mutton and lamb	7	6	7
Game meat	4	3	3
Flour and groats, etc.			
Wheat flour	308	312	318
Durum wheat e.g. pasta products	30	29	21
Rye flour	71	72	73
Oat-meal	16	19	18
Rice and rice flour	32	36	22
Other flours and groats, etc.	44	50	59
Sugar	187	215	220
Potatoes	305	306	307
Organic products⁵			
Milk	151	144	138
Eggs	7	7	7

Note. The figures stated are the total domestic consumption of the relevant product.

¹ Excl. natural milk at producers for consumption. ² Includes various cultured-milk products, chocolate milk and skimmed chocolate milk. ³ In addition there are mixed products which comprise about 27 mio. kg a year since 1996. ⁴ The figures exclude consumption of edible offals. ⁵ Part of total supply.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/fvf1 and [fvf11](http://www.statbank.dk/fvf11)

Table 250

Consumption of beverages and tobacco

	2001	2002	2003
	1.000 litre		
Beer, total	515 777	508 389	506 533
Tax class 1	451 012	443 371	434 657
Tax class 2	46 078	46 796	52 141
Tax class 3, 4 and 5	18 687	18 222	19 735
Wine, total	167 999	162 726	164 393
Spirits, total	15 600	20 083	25 442
Danish	8 364	7 333	8 427
Imported	7 236	12 750	17 015
	1.000 litre pure alcohol		
Total consumption of alcohol	50 357	49 476	50 497
Beer	24 266	23 928	23 948
Wine	20 034	19 345	19 554
Spirits	6 057	6 203	6 995
	litre pure alcohol		
Average consumption of alcohol			
Per person	9.4	9.2	9.4
Per person over 14 years of age	11.4	11.3	11.5
	mio. piece		
Tobacco			
Cigarettes	7 200	7 157	7 873
Cigars and cigarillos	140	130	119
	tons		
Smoking tobacco	1 690	1 732	1 608
	piece		
Average consumption of cigarets			
Per person	1 345	1 332	1 461
Per person over 14 years of age	1 631	1 639	1 800

Table 251

Net price index. Monthly figures

	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual average	Percentage annual increase
	-----2000=100-----													
1990	80.2	80.5	80.8	80.8	81.4	81.2	81.0	81.9	82.7	82.9	82.7	82.4	81.5	3.1
1991	82.5	82.7	82.8	83.1	83.6	83.8	83.7	83.9	84.3	84.5	84.8	84.5	83.7	2.6
1992	84.3	84.8	85.1	85.2	85.7	85.7	85.3	85.4	85.7	86.0	86.1	85.9	85.4	2.1
1993	85.7	86.0	86.2	86.4	86.9	86.8	86.6	86.8	87.0	87.3	87.2	87.0	86.7	1.4
1994	86.9	87.2	87.3	87.7	88.1	88.2	88.1	88.4	88.5	88.7	88.9	88.9	88.1	1.6
1995	88.7	89.1	89.4	89.6	90.1	89.9	89.5	89.7	90.3	90.3	90.4	90.3	89.8	1.9
1996	90.0	90.6	91.1	91.3	91.7	91.6	91.4	91.6	92.1	92.3	92.5	92.4	91.6	2.0
1997	92.6	92.6	92.6	92.9	93.7	93.8	93.6	94.0	94.3	94.2	94.4	94.2	93.6	2.2
1998	93.9	94.3	94.5	94.7	95.2	95.2	94.8	94.9	95.3	95.3	95.5	95.4	94.9	1.4
1999	94.9	95.7	96.2	96.5	96.7	97.0	96.7	97.3	97.8	98.0	98.2	98.3	96.9	2.1
2000	98.1	98.9	99.5	99.7	100.1	100.4	100.0	99.8	100.6	100.8	101.0	100.9	100.0	3.1
2001	100.4	101.4	102.0	102.5	102.9	102.9	102.4	102.3	102.8	103.0	102.8	103.0	102.4	2.4
2002	103.1	104.1	104.7	105.1	105.2	105.1	104.8	104.8	105.5	105.7	105.6	105.6	104.9	2.5
2003	105.8	107.0	107.8	107.8	107.6	107.5	106.9	106.9	107.5	107.6	107.8	107.6	107.3	2.3

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pris2, [pris7](http://www.statbank.dk/pris7) and [pris13](http://www.statbank.dk/pris13)

Table 252

Consumer price index. Annual average

Year	Index	Year	Index	Year	Index	Year	Index
1900=100							
1901	100	1931	178	1961	555	1991	4 353
1902	101	1932	177	1962	591	1992	4 445
1903	101	1933	181	1963	622	1993	4 500
1904	102	1934	188	1964	645	1994	4 590
1905	102	1935	196	1965	686	1995	4 686
1906	103	1936	198	1966	732	1996	4 785
1907	106	1937	205	1967	787	1997	4 890
1908	107	1938	207	1968	850	1998	4 980
1909	108	1939	213	1969	880	1999	5 104
1910	109	1940	266	1970	937	2000	5 253
1911	109	1941	305	1971	992	2001	5 377
1912	113	1942	315	1972	1 058	2002	5 507
1913	116	1943	318	1973	1 156	2003	5 622
1914	119	1944	325	1974	1 333		
1915	140	1945	328	1975	1 461		
1916	165	1946	326	1976	1 592		
1917	191	1947	335	1977	1 769		
1918	223	1948	344	1978	1 946		
1919	264	1949	352	1979	2 133		
1920	315	1950	384	1980	2 396		
1921	268	1951	429	1981	2 677		
1922	228	1952	439	1982	2 948		
1923	237	1953	436	1983	3 152		
1924	251	1954	444	1984	3 350		
1925	244	1955	474	1985	3 507		
1926	207	1956	498	1986	3 636		
1927	200	1957	504	1987	3 782		
1928	199	1958	509	1988	3 953		
1929	198	1959	519	1989	4 142		
1930	188	1960	531	1990	4 251		

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/06

Table 253

Consumer price index. Monthly figures

	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual average	Percentage annual increase
	2000=100													
1990	79.8	80.0	80.2	80.3	80.9	80.7	80.4	81.2	81.9	82.1	82.0	81.8	80.9	2.7
1991	81.8	82.0	82.1	82.3	82.9	83.0	82.8	82.9	83.4	83.5	83.9	83.7	82.9	2.4
1992	83.5	83.9	84.2	84.4	85.0	85.0	84.6	84.7	85.0	84.9	85.1	84.9	84.6	2.1
1993	84.8	85.0	85.2	85.3	85.8	85.7	85.6	85.7	86.0	86.2	86.4	86.2	85.7	1.3
1994	86.3	86.6	86.7	87.0	87.4	87.5	87.3	87.7	87.7	87.9	88.2	88.1	87.4	2.0
1995	88.2	88.6	88.9	89.1	89.5	89.3	88.9	89.1	89.6	89.6	89.8	89.8	89.2	2.1
1996	89.7	90.2	90.7	90.9	91.2	91.1	91.0	91.1	91.6	91.8	91.9	91.8	91.1	2.1
1997	92.1	92.1	92.2	92.5	93.1	93.3	93.1	93.5	93.7	93.7	93.9	93.8	93.1	2.2
1998	93.7	94.1	94.3	94.5	95.0	94.9	94.8	94.9	95.3	95.3	95.5	95.4	94.8	1.9
1999	95.3	96.0	96.5	96.7	96.9	97.2	97.0	97.5	98.0	98.1	98.3	98.4	97.2	2.5
2000	98.3	98.9	99.6	99.7	100.1	100.4	100.0	99.9	100.6	100.8	100.9	100.8	100.0	2.9
2001	100.6	101.3	101.9	102.4	102.8	102.7	102.4	102.4	102.9	103.0	102.8	103.0	102.4	2.4
2002	103.1	103.8	104.5	104.9	105.0	105.0	104.7	104.8	105.4	105.6	105.6	105.6	104.8	2.4
2003	105.8	106.8	107.5	107.5	107.3	107.3	106.7	106.6	107.4	107.1	107.2	107.1	107.0	2.1

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/06

Table 254

Consumer price index and its sub-indices

	Weights at Jan. 2003	2002 average	2003 average
	—————2000=100—————		
Consumer price index, total	100.00	104.8	107.0
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	13.23	106.1	107.7
Food	11.49	105.7	107.8
Non-alcoholic beverages	1.74	109.3	107.1
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	4.78	103.0	101.8
Alcoholic beverages	2.38	99.0	98.0
Tobacco	2.40	107.4	106.0
Clothing and footwear	5.11	100.8	101.8
Clothing	4.24	102.0	102.5
Footwear	0.88	95.8	99.2
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	28.73	105.9	108.5
Actual and imputed rentals for housing	18.31	105.3	108.2
Maintenance and repair of the dwelling	1.52	105.4	107.0
Water supply and miscellaneous services relating to the dwelling	2.18	112.0	117.3
Electricity, gas and other fuels	6.02	105.7	107.0
Furnishings, household etc.	5.98	103.8	104.9
Furniture and furnishings, carpets etc.	2.24	102.5	103.3
Household textiles	0.51	102.3	104.1
Household appliances and repair of this	0.88	100.5	99.3
Glassware, tableware and household utensils	0.70	105.3	107.5
Tools and equipment for house and garden	0.59	105.6	106.0
Goods and services for routine household maintenance	1.05	108.3	111.0
Health	2.67	103.1	103.2
Medical products, appliances and equipment	1.31	100.1	97.6
Out-patient services	1.07	106.3	109.2
Hospital services	0.30	106.3	110.0
Transport	12.94	103.9	107.1
Purchase of vehicles	4.09	103.9	108.7
Operation of personal transport equipment	7.16	103.1	104.9
Transport services	1.69	106.3	110.8
Communication	2.07	96.5	94.4
Recreation and culture	10.05	103.3	104.9
Audio-visual, photographic and information processing equipment	2.47	95.1	95.0
Other major durables for recreation and culture	0.34	103.9	103.9
Other recreational items and equipment, gardens and pets	2.19	100.6	101.4
Recreational and cultural services	2.29	107.2	110.9
Newspapers, books and stationery	1.76	107.5	111.2
Package holidays	1.00	112.5	110.5
Education	0.81	110.4	134.1
Restaurants and hotels	5.65	105.2	107.7
Catering services	5.00	105.1	107.6
Accommodation services	0.65	108.4	110.6
Miscellaneous goods and services	7.95	109.7	114.0
Personal care	2.29	107.1	109.8
Personal effects n.e.c.	0.76	105.0	106.8
Social protection	1.66	108.2	113.2
Insurance	2.09	114.2	122.1
Financial services n.e.c.	0.83	118.8	121.0
Other services n.e.c.	0.32	107.5	109.1
Goods	53.94	103.5	104.6
Services	46.06	106.7	110.2

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/06

Table 255**Forced sales of real property**

	2002	2003
Total	3 041	3 039
Agricultural properties	138	192
One-family houses	1 853	1 904
Owner-occupied flats	261	251
Holiday dwellings	221	171
Multi-family houses	98	83
Combined residential and business properties	166	165
Building sites	62	56
Business properties	156	127
Farm closures, etc.	86	90

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/tvang

Table 256**Bankruptcies by business activity**

	2002	2003
Total	2 469	2 506
Agriculture, fishing ,quarrying	60	48
Manufacturing	303	293
Electricity, gas and water supply	-	-
Construction	342	343
Wholesale and retail trade; hotels, restaurant	667	683
Wholesale trade	282	266
Retail trade	223	214
Hotels and restaurants	99	135
Transport, post and telecommunication	141	163
Finance and business activities	555	542
Finance and insurance	29	27
Real estate activities	52	61
Business activities	259	283
Public and personal services	117	105
Activity not stated	284	329

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/konk

Table 257

Price index for sales of property

	One-family houses		
	2000	2001	2002
	— 1995=100 —		
All Denmark	153.0	162.0	168.1
Copenhagen Municipality	183.0	205.2	219.9
Frederiksberg Municipality	175.6	191.2	217.4
Copenhagen County	167.7	182.2	194.1
Frederiksborg County	170.5	185.9	196.8
Roskilde County	163.0	175.8	183.7
West Zealand County	157.0	171.0	180.0
Storstrøm County	152.7	165.5	174.8
Bornholm County	136.6	147.6	154.6
Funen County	148.3	151.1	152.7
South Jutland County	134.7	139.2	139.9
Ribe County	132.8	134.8	133.9
Vejle County	147.2	149.6	151.0
Ringkøbing County	129.0	131.5	134.9
Århus County	150.3	155.4	158.3
Viborg County	134.3	137.6	139.5
North Jutland County	144.0	148.2	150.9


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ejen5

Table 258

Assessment of real property

	General assessment at 1 January 2001			General assessment at 1 January 2002		
	Assessments	Property values	Land values	Assessments	Property values	Land values
	number	DKK mio.		number	DKK mio.	
All Denmark	1 939 924	2 794 940	617 266	1 954 976	3 026 205	675 884
One-family houses	1 100 697	1 143 506	261 679	1 110 077	1 217 612	286 328
Two- and three-family houses	26 471	31 200	7 466	26 695	35 210	8 281
Multi-dwelling houses and commercial properties with or without residence	95 236	535 996	114 853	95 885	586 968	124 422
Owner-occupied flats	177 659	140 556	16 643	179 938	158 980	18 358
Holiday dwellings on own land	180 382	105 349	29 562	182 453	113 992	31 381
Industrial properties and warehouses	18 119	136 085	24 641	18 334	144 761	26 115
Agricultural properties	103 880	263 764	60 601	101 684	293 311	68 894
Nurseries and horticultural properties, fruit orchards, etc.	2 302	6 092	630	2 252	6 493	705
Forests and orchards separately assessed	5 135	13 073	3 593	5 160	14 517	3 808
Building sites	98 586	32 243	26 198	98 529	35 414	28 143
Government and municipal properties	14 041	172 750	33 071	13 923	183 430	35 952
Other assessed properties	117 416	214 326	38 330	120 046	235 517	43 496
County						
Copenhagen Municipality	79 111	232 900	52 984	80 770	288 387	64 882
Frederiksberg Municipality	19 211	51 408	8 877	19 367	58 875	10 224
Copenhagen County	162 297	387 752	116 533	163 869	419 841	127 484
Frederiksborg County	146 333	232 019	60 612	148 427	255 028	67 628
Roskilde County	76 203	139 987	35 262	76 848	151 912	40 785
West Zealand County	141 625	150 538	29 763	142 674	163 441	32 431
Storstrøm County	121 015	120 876	23 896	121 553	130 700	26 170
Bornholm County	24 046	18 557	2 947	24 112	19 016	2 984
Funen County	181 348	229 385	44 806	182 380	238 701	46 937
South Jutland County	99 914	121 741	25 134	100 150	128 799	26 647
Ribe County	91 067	108 657	21 380	91 680	110 893	22 043
Vejle County	126 074	177 649	34 137	126 857	188 781	35 758
Ringkøbing County	121 223	136 374	25 509	122 089	142 778	27 112
Århus County	226 167	331 461	69 680	227 855	351 652	74 896
Viborg County	106 285	115 448	20 867	106 835	123 218	22 199
North Jutland County	218 005	240 188	44 858	219 510	254 184	47 702

Note. Due to rounding, comparison of individual figures will not always result in the totals stated.

Source: Central Customs and Tax Administration.

Table 259**Indices for price trends. Ordinary free trade**

	Index 1995 = 100				
	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
One-family houses	134.4	143.7	153.0	162.0	168.1
Owner-occupied flats	142.2	162.2	182.0	204.7	223.8
Weekend cottages	124.0	133.9	145.4	157.2	170.4
Grounds under 2,000 m ²	108.2	115.6	118.2	121.8	125.6
Agricultural properties	134.5	143.0	157.9	172.9	186.0

Note. Calculations are made thus: The ratio between the cash purchase price and the cash valuation is indexed. When the valuation is changed, the first quarter in the year of valuation is chained.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ejen5

Table 260

Sales of real property in ordinary free trade 2002

	Total number of sales	Average price per property DKK thousand	As percentage of public assessment value 2002
One-family houses			
All Denmark	49 618	1 144	109.7
Copenhagen Municipality	673	2 018	111.7
Frederiksberg Municipality	46	3 521	115.0
Copenhagen County	4 664	2 076	112.4
Frederiksborg County	3 898	1 806	113.7
Roskilde County	2 568	1 620	108.9
West Zealand County	3 651	1 032	111.2
Storstrøm County	3 626	804	112.8
Bornholm County	732	575	110.7
Funen County	4 934	909	106.7
South Jutland County	2 391	762	106.7
Ribe County	2 119	834	105.2
Vejle County	3 747	991	106.9
Ringkøbing County	2 951	808	108.0
Århus County	5 831	1 169	108.3
Viborg County	2 585	717	107.0
North Jutland County	5 202	820	106.5
Owner-occupied flats			
All Denmark	18 364	984	112.9
Copenhagen Municipality	4 976	1 153	115.1
Frederiksberg Municipality	1 087	1 504	109.8
Copenhagen County	3 220	1 111	116.0
Frederiksborg County	1 215	1 087	114.2
Roskilde County	596	999	111.9
West Zealand County	550	672	113.1
Storstrøm County	445	570	113.3
Bornholm County	27	498	109.0
Funen County	770	646	105.4
South Jutland County	227	617	107.3
Ribe County	355	574	109.6
Vejle County	529	649	110.4
Ringkøbing County	366	615	110.0
Århus County	2 557	841	110.3
Viborg County	204	595	106.8
North Jutland County	1 240	697	107.4
Other properties:			
Residential properties with 2 flats	1 651	1 134	95.1
Residential properties with 3 flats	266	1 183	110.0
Residential properties with 4-8 flats	426	2 009	140.5
Residential properties with 9 flats and over	191	9 828	137.7
Residential and business properties	2 343	3 128	122.0
Business properties	1 238	5 747	116.4
Industrial properties and warehouses	962	5 079	100.0
Agricultural properties	4 586	120	117.5
Weekend cottages	10 583	679	116.9
Grounds under 2,000 m ²	6 323	237	134.8
Grounds over 2,000 m ²	1 345	52	135.2

Note. For land, average prices are per m², for agriculture, average prices are per hectare, and for other categories, prices are per item.

Source: Central Customs and Tax Administration.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ejen7

General economic statistics

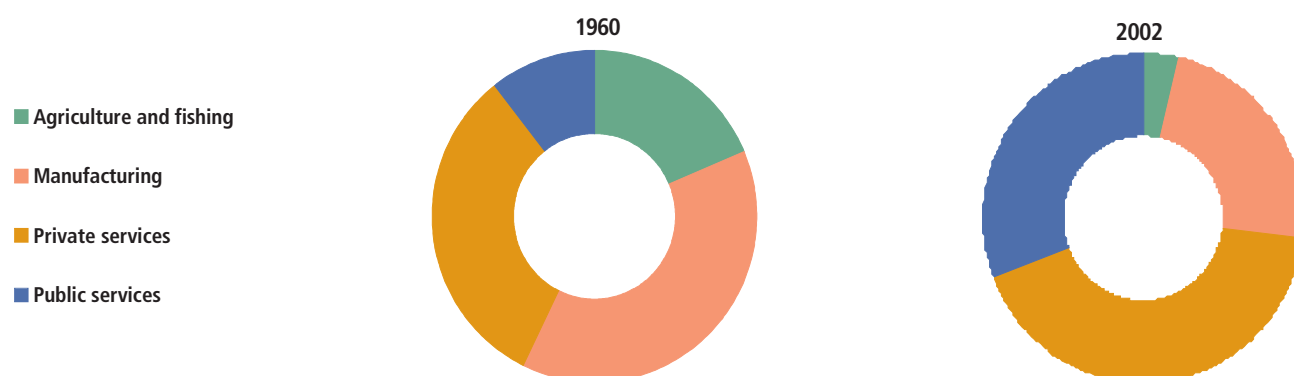
1. The Danish business structure

Changed business structure

The Danish business structure has experienced enormous changes during the last decades. Denmark has gone from being an agricultural/industrial society to becoming a society where services are the dominant activity.

In 1960, almost 20 per cent of all employed people worked within agriculture and fishing, and almost 40 per cent of the total labour force worked within manufacturing and construction. In 2002, the corresponding percentages had fallen to less than 5 per cent and less than 25 per cent. In turn, the proportion of employed persons working within services has increased from well below half of all employed persons to almost three in four of all employed persons. The most pronounced increase has occurred within public services. About 33 per cent of all employed persons now work within public services compared to only about 10 per cent in 1960.

Figure 1 Employment by industry



Enterprises and workplaces

Business structures are ideally described by using two business levels: enterprises and workplaces. The enterprise is legally and financially responsible for the operation of the enterprise. Each enterprise owns one or more workplaces. A workplace is a defined part of an enterprise situated at a given address which produces one - or mainly one - type of goods or service. Thus, workplaces are the sites where physical production of goods or services takes place.

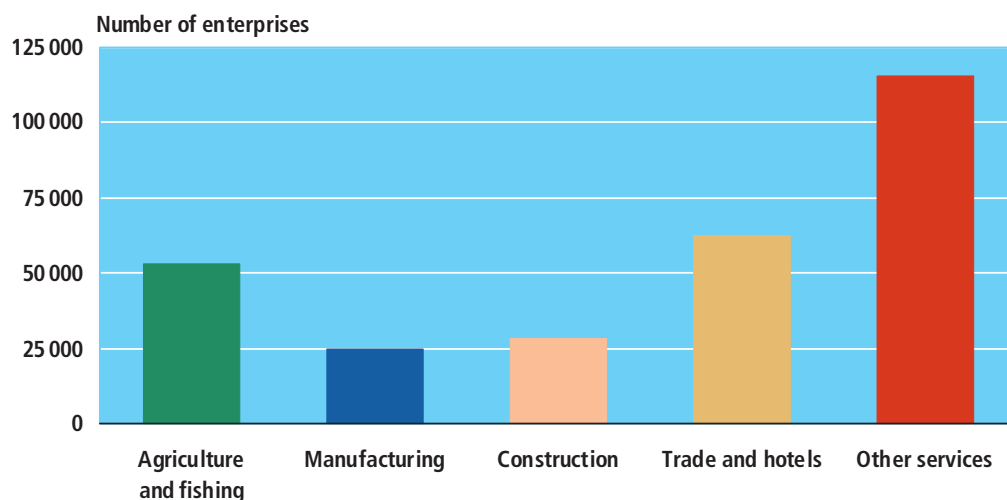
Number of enterprises

There are about 280,000 enterprises in Denmark with a real activity, i.e. enterprises performing work corresponding to at least a half man-year. Agriculture and fishing account for more than one in five of these enterprises, while the main activity of almost two thirds of all enterprises concerns trade and other services. Thus, manufacturing accounts for less than one in ten of all enterprises in Denmark, with construction accounting for a similar percentage.

General economic statistics

Figure 2

Enterprises by industry 2001

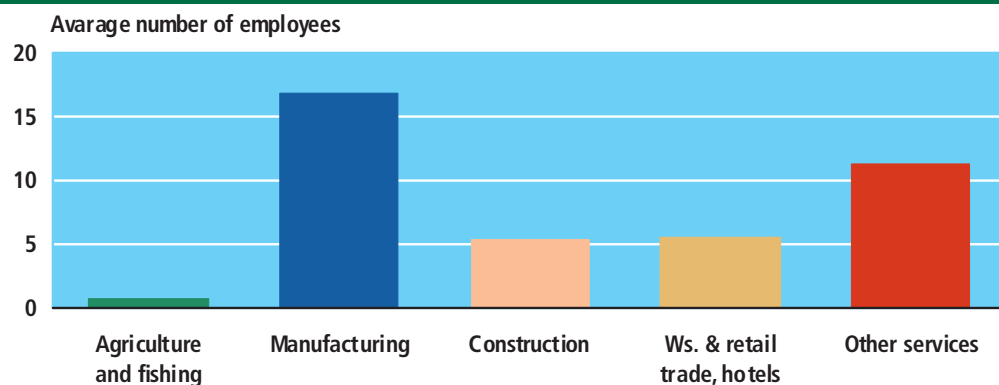


Manufacturing accounts for the largest enterprises

The size of enterprises varies considerably. Whereas an enterprise within agriculture and fishing employs slightly less than one full-time employee, manufacturing enterprises employ an average of almost 17 full-time employees.

Figure 3

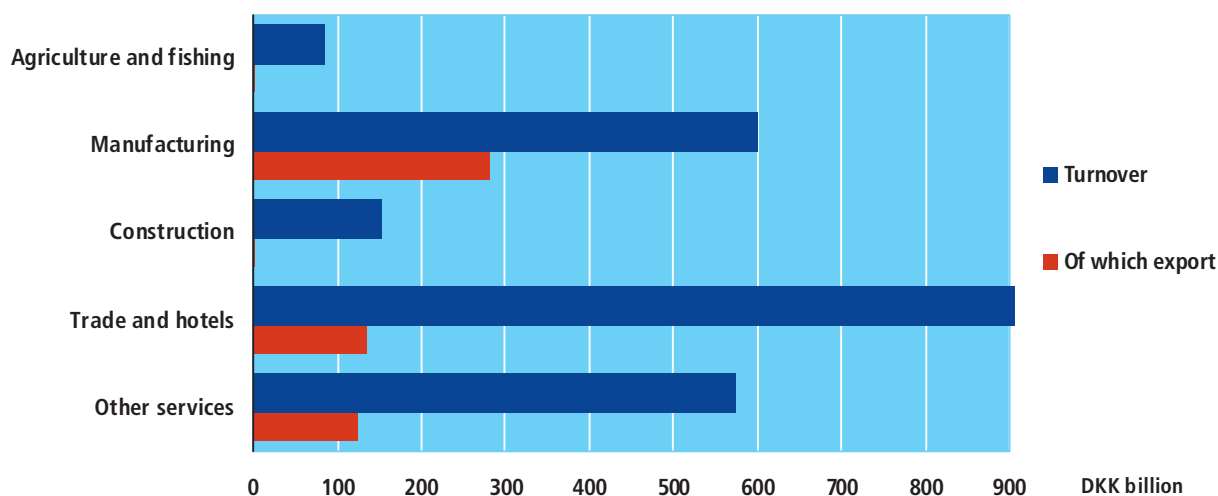
Enterprise sizes 2001



Turnover and exports

Danish companies had DKK 2,250 billion in total turnover in 2000. Of this amount, exported goods and services accounted for slightly more than DKK 546 billion. The remaining goods and services were sold in Denmark.

Figure 4 Turnover and exports 2000



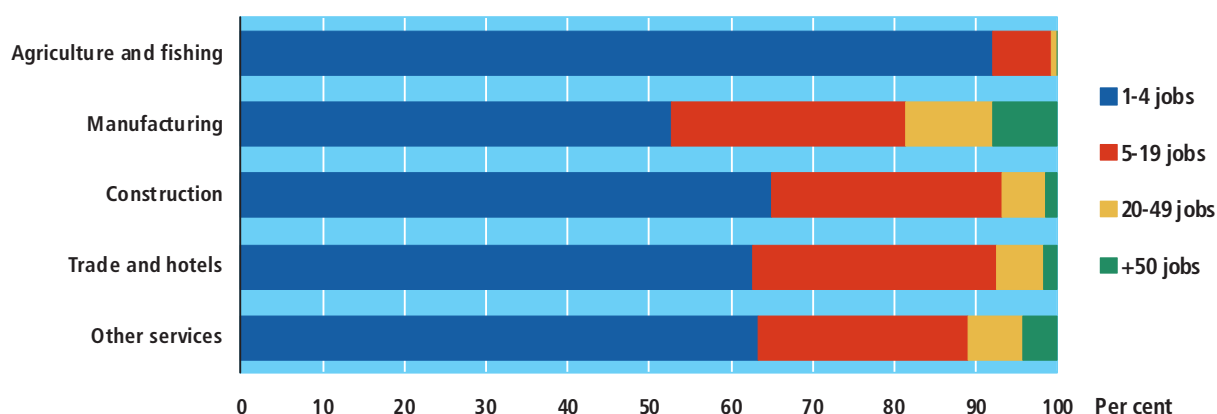
Enterprises within manufacturing account directly for half of all sales of goods and services abroad. Processed goods from agriculture and fishing account for a considerable part of manufacturing exports. This fact, and the fact that unprocessed goods from these two primary sectors are exported through trading enterprises, explains why exports directly from agriculture and fishing are very limited. Service enterprises account for one fourth of total exports, with transport accounting for a very significant percentage of this figure. Exports only account for a small percentage of the total turnover within construction, and such exports account for a very small part of total Danish exports.

2. Earnings

The objective of private business activity

The objective of private business activity is to generate profits. Enterprise accounts show the extent to which this objective is met. Statistics based on information from such accounts serve to elucidate this for groups of enterprises and the statistics show some characteristic differences between enterprises in selected industries.

Figure 5 Enterprises results. Selected industries. 2000



General economic statistics

The profits - or results - in relation to turnover for businesses within quarrying differ from the other industries with a very high profit percentage. This also applies to enterprises within general business activities, while the profits in relation to turnover are significantly lower for enterprises within trade. In retail enterprises, production consists in selling products without changing them. Thus, work effort per DKK 1 turnover is significantly smaller within trade than within manufacturing and construction, which does of course entail similarly smaller profit percentages in relation to turnover for trade enterprises.

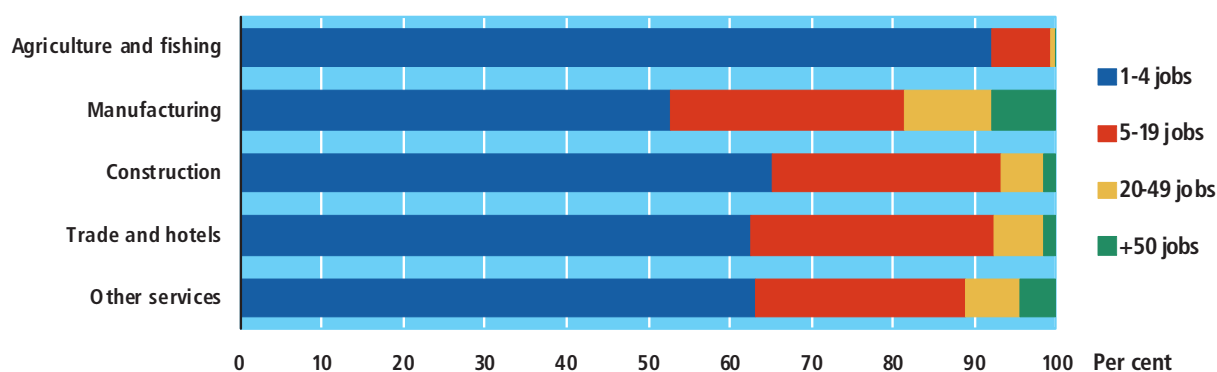
Naturally, this is reflected in enterprise accounts: consumption of goods constitutes a considerably large percentage of turnover in trade enterprises, while expenditure on consumption of goods is relatively low for other enterprises within the service sector. However, a major item of expenditure within the service sector is payroll costs; this is also the case within manufacturing and construction.

3. Establishments

Most work places are small

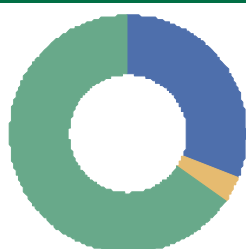
Denmark has almost 300,000 permanent workplaces. Approximately 3 million jobs are being performed at these workplaces or at workplaces which have not been stated. "Not stated" is a category of workplaces used in the preparation of statistics in order to include jobs which cannot be pinpointed to one permanent workplace, e.g. cleaning business, insurance business, social and health services (child-minders, district nurses, etc.).

Figure 6 Work places, by industry and size 2001



There is an average of ten jobs per workplace, but the vast majority of all workplaces are small. More than two-thirds of all workplaces have fewer than five jobs, and only approximately 9,000 work places in Denmark feature 50 jobs or more. These workplaces are, however, so large that almost half of all jobs in Denmark are found at workplaces with 50 jobs or more.

Figure 7
Number of jobs, by sector
2001



- General government
- Public companies
- Private sector

Large workplaces are most commonly centred around large cities. Approximately 15 per cent of all workplaces with 100 jobs or more are situated in Copenhagen Municipality, and the counties which are home to the other major Danish cities accommodate a substantial proportion of the remaining large work places.

Workplaces are particularly small within agriculture and fishing. Most workplaces comprise only one job, and the person working at such a workplace is usually the owner himself. The largest workplaces are found within manufacturing and services. As regards services, large workplaces are particularly common within public-service activities.

One-third of all jobs are public-sector jobs

Approximately one-third of all workplaces in Denmark are found within the public sector, which comprises general government as well as publicly owned companies. The general government accounts for about 30 pct. of all jobs, whereas publicly owned companies account for 3 pct. of all jobs in Denmark. The private sector is twice the size as two-thirds of all jobs are within private companies.

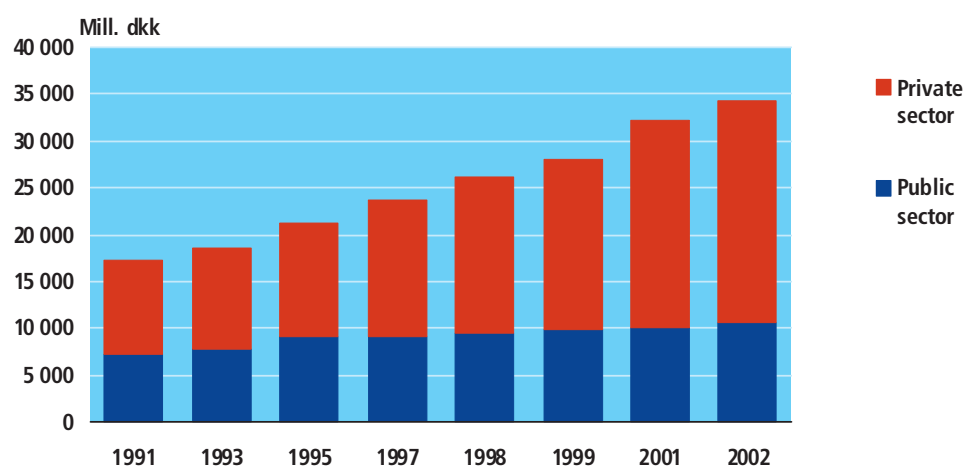
Research and development (R&D)

Increase in the private sector's share of R&D

Research and development is important to the innovations that are made within the business sector by way of developing new products and production processes. The public sector is also engaged in research at, e.g. universities and research centres. Over the period 1991-2002, total Danish R&D expenditure of the public sector and the private sector has almost doubled and was estimated at DKK 34.3 bn. in 2002. There has been an increase in the private sector's share of total R&D expenditure of the private sector since the 1990's and the private sector accounted for more than two-thirds of R&D expenditure in 2002.

Figure 8

R&D expenditure of the public sector and the private sector 1991-2002



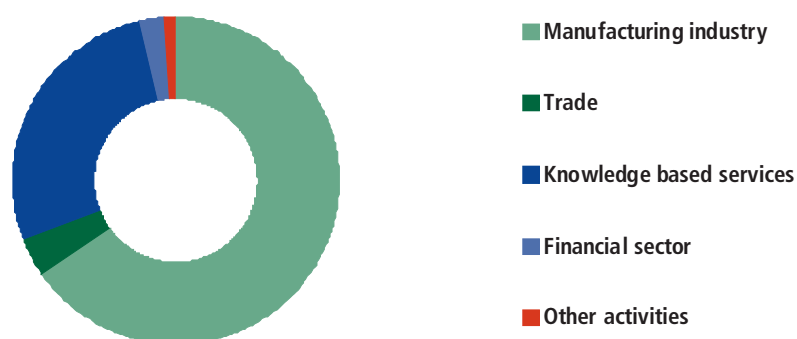
Source: Dansk Center for Forskningsanalyse

Manufacturing and businesses within knowledge services account for the highest R&D investments

R&D expenditure is particularly high within manufacturing, and total expenditure on own R&D activities reached almost DKK 13 bn. This amount corresponds to more than half the amount of the private sector's expenditure on R&D. Business units within knowledge services, which include, e.g. ICT service activities, research and development and consulting engineers accounted for R&D expenditure amounting to DKK 7.4 bn., which corresponds to one-third of R&D expenditure in the private sector.

Figure 9

Own R&D expenditure of the private sector analysed by industry 2001

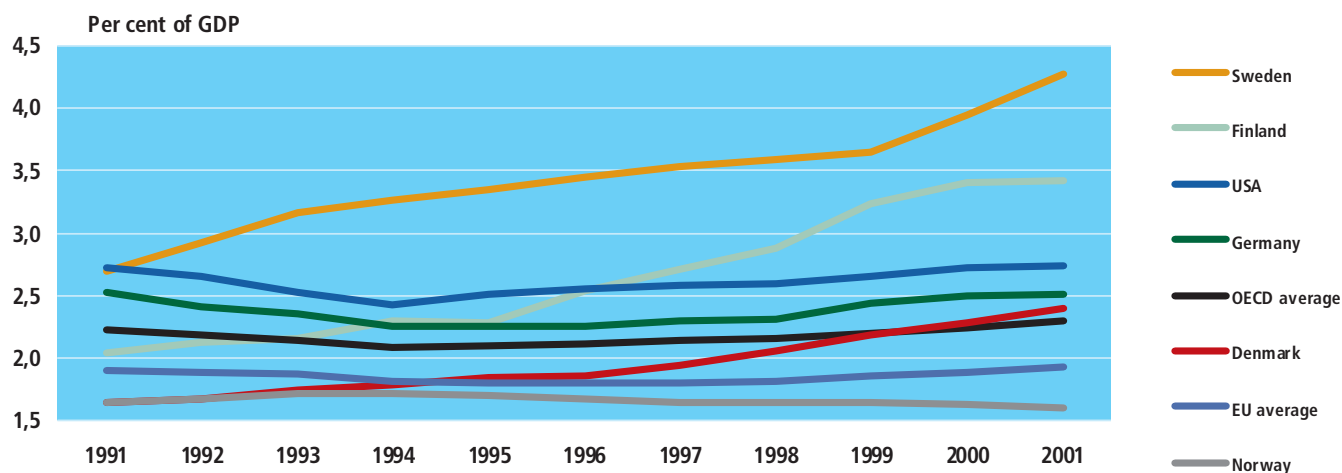


Source: Dansk Center for Forskningsanalyse

R&D accounts for a higher share of GDP

The last decade has seen a continuous increase in the share of R&D expenditure of gross domestic product (GDP) in Denmark. The same pattern can be seen in Sweden and Finland, where the share of R&D expenditure is, however, somewhat higher. In Denmark, the share of R&D expenditure of GDP was at the beginning of the 1990's below the EU as well as the OECD average. However, since the end of the 1990's, the level in Denmark has been higher than in the EU and the OECD.

Figure 10 R&D expenditure in per cent of GDP. Selected countries 1991-2001



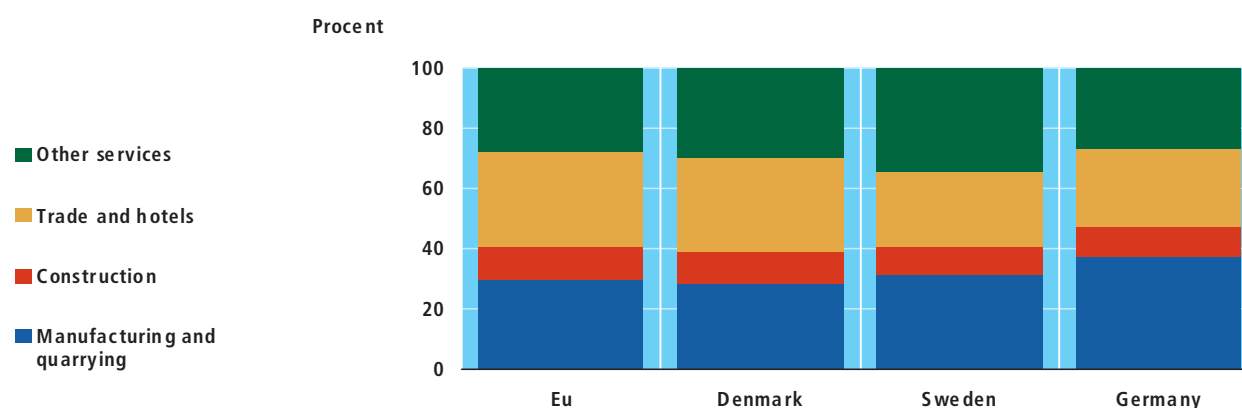
Source: Dansk Center for Forskningsanalyse

5. International comparisons

In the EU countries, business statistics are compiled in accordance with homogeneous principles, which make it possible to compare the business structure among the EU countries. In the present context, only non-agricultural industries in the private sector are described, except for some selected personal services.

The number of jobs within this group which is distributed to main industries is more or less similar in Denmark and in the other EU countries. The groups manufacturing, wholesale and retail trade, and hotels and other services account for about 30 per cent, while construction accounts for just over 10 per cent of the total number of employees. There is a slight difference in the distribution in our neighbouring countries Sweden and Germany. The share of employment within services is higher in Sweden, while the share of employment within manufacturing is higher in Germany.

Figure 11 Employment in non-agricultural industries 2001



General economic statistics

Value added reflects the earnings generated by the businesses for remunerating manpower and capital. The distribution of this value is not consistent with the number of jobs. The share of value added, which is generated by manufacturing, is slightly lower than the job shares. This is, among other reasons, due to differences in the number of part-time jobs and differences in the level of invested capital by the industries.

Figure 12

Value added in the non-agricultural industries 2000

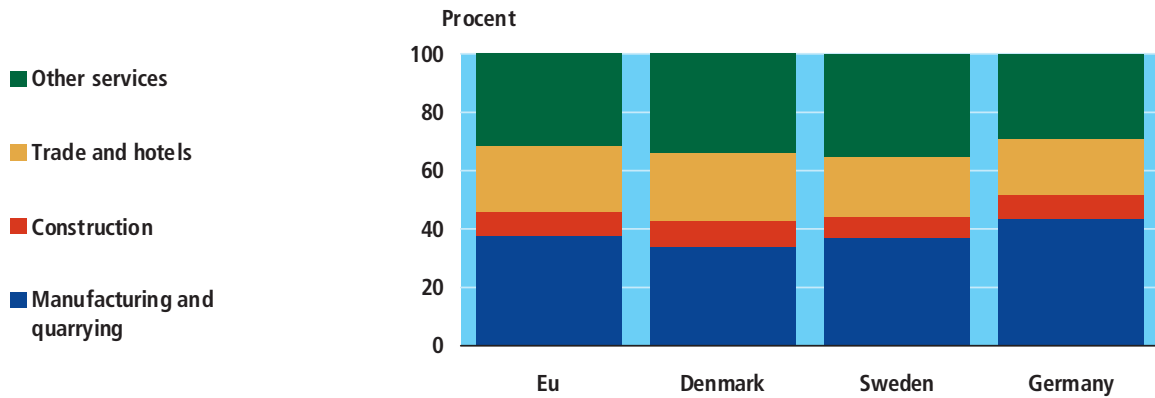


Table 261

Enterprises by kind of ownership and industry 2001

	Sole proprietorship	Partnership etc.	Public limited company	Private limited company	Foundation, society, etc.	Co-operative society, etc.	Public authority	Other owner	Total
	number of enterprises								
Total	171 545	19 808	27 869	42 072	13 664	2 314	482	6 412	284 166
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	46 846	4 449	620	1 150	185	54	-	89	53 393
Manufacturing	8 746	822	5 466	4 408	191	66	-	164	19 863
Electricity, gas and water supply	503	1 401	198	49	1 092	1 076	-	118	4 437
Construction	18 002	869	2 784	6 210	13	10	-	182	28 070
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	35 957	3 823	8 216	12 156	691	733	-	1 012	62 588
Transport, post and telecomm.	11 006	731	1 413	2 025	299	65	3	230	15 772
Finance and business activities	30 569	5 268	8 537	12 829	3 286	204	1	1 069	61 763
Public and personal services	19 760	2 431	590	3 115	7 894	104	478	3 534	37 906
Activity not stated	156	14	45	130	13	2	-	14	374

Note. Number of real active enterprises, which means enterprises where a performance of at least 0.5 full-time equivalent employees has been performed.

Table 262

Enterprises by full-time equivalent employees and industry 2001

	Number of full-time equivalent employees						Total
	0	1-9	10-19	20-49	50-99	100 +	
	number of enterprises						
Total	156 929	102 845	12 514	7 399	2 250	2 229	284 166
Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	40 604	10 022	294	138	20	6	51 084
Fishing, services incidental to fishing	1 046	1 037	8	3	1	-	2 095
Mining and quarrying	83	93	20	8	3	7	214
Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	292	1 033	263	123	51	99	1 861
Mfr. of textiles, wearing apparel, leather	488	476	92	70	33	23	1 182
Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.	1 480	1 528	370	261	99	85	3 823
Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products etc.	276	416	149	131	65	79	1 116
Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	328	237	57	60	21	31	734
Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	3 292	3 364	975	814	298	335	9 078
Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	985	663	158	152	64	47	2 069
Electricity, gas and water supply	3 857	486	39	35	7	13	4 437
Construction	12 847	12 082	1 910	954	179	98	28 070
Sale and repair of motor vehicles etc.	3 164	4 437	517	336	63	41	8 558
Ws. and commis. trade, exc. of m. vehicles	5 581	7 830	1 386	944	303	181	16 225
Re. trade and repair work exp.	10 823	11 808	1 095	478	80	79	24 363
Hotels and restaurants	6 767	5 959	414	225	50	27	13 442
Transport	6 873	6 220	758	441	155	106	14 553
Post and telecommunications	898	214	38	32	11	26	1 219
Financial intermediation and insurance etc.	2 575	1 029	120	112	51	81	3 968
Letting and sale of real estate	15 867	3 946	245	148	42	32	20 280
Business activities etc.	23 475	11 423	1 341	812	245	219	37 515
Public administration and defence etc.	-	64	23	24	24	361	496
Education	1 252	1 032	515	466	135	110	3 510
Human health activities	6 890	5 816	147	18	5	8	12 884
Social institutions etc.	1	1 991	944	268	120	55	3 379
Ref. disposal, organiz., entertainment etc.	7 179	9 296	618	340	124	80	17 637
Activity not stated	6	343	18	6	1	-	374

Note. Number of real active enterprises, which means enterprises where a performance of at least 0,5 full-time equivalent employees has been performed.

Table 263

Full-time equivalent by full-time equivalent employees and industry 2001

	1-9	10-19	20-49	50-99	100 +	Total
	number of full-time equivalent employees					
Total	295 706	167 845	220 025	154 941	1 372 150	2 210 667
Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	19 861	3 902	4 034	1 314	764	29 875
Fishing	2 268	111	74	50	-	2 503
Mining and quarrying	336	282	244	214	1 101	2 177
Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	4 389	3 426	3 707	3 392	57 656	72 570
Mfr. of textiles leather	1 579	1 297	2 107	2 188	4 684	11 855
Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.	5 502	5 065	7 930	6 955	27 495	52 947
Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products	1 525	2 020	4 113	4 259	35 306	47 223
Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	754	828	1 929	1 528	10 503	15 542
Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	12 456	13 491	25 092	20 934	107 351	179 324
Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	2 190	2 198	4 637	4 196	14 383	27 604
Electricity, gas and water supply	1 237	538	1 075	518	5 819	9 187
Construction	40 313	25 357	27 774	12 036	35 532	141 012
Sale and rep. of motor vehicles, sale of auto. fuel	13 695	7 064	9 694	4 227	9 294	43 974
Wholesale except of motor vehicles	25 407	18 805	27 856	20 875	48 868	141 811
Re. trade and repair work exc. of m. vehic.	34 219	14 371	13 590	5 522	48 665	116 367
Hotels and restaurants	14 919	5 469	6 608	3 462	7 729	38 187
Transport	18 098	10 258	13 138	10 446	59 364	111 304
Post and telecommunications	588	543	1 060	699	45 075	47 965
Finance and insurance	2 846	1 619	3 543	3 545	59 724	71 277
Letting and sale of real estate	9 451	3 284	4 483	2 809	6 463	26 490
Business activities	31 295	17 851	24 328	16 742	78 018	168 234
Public administration	256	314	902	1 747	612 825	616 044
Education	3 570	7 297	13 564	9 488	38 523	72 442
Human health activities	14 665	1 817	505	360	20 557	37 904
Social institutions etc.	9 170	12 183	7 875	8 456	12 175	49 859
Associations, culture and refuse disposal	24 492	8 231	9 968	8 926	24 276	75 893
Activity not stated	625	224	195	53	-	1 097

Note. Consists number of full-time equivalent employees in number of real active enterprises.

Table 264

Enterprises by industry etc. 2001

	Turnover	Exports	Result before financial items	Capital formation, net
	DDk mio.			
Total	2 360 183	546 051	154 140	114 717
Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	80 945	774	...	...
Fishing	4 614	504	...	...
Mining and quarrying	33 653	9 226	20 550	6 239
Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	149 461	68 117	7 554	6 599
Mfr. of textiles leather	17 087	7 804	932	705
Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.	59 303	9 147	3 018	2 949
Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products	83 392	53 535	11 017	5 839
Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	17 417	3 783	471	1 689
Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	208 854	114 413	13 844	10 588
Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	31 510	15 840	2 092	1 524
Electricity, gas and water supply	...	...	...	...
Construction	152 485	3 091	9 099	6 265
Sale and rep. of motor vehicles, sale of auto. fuel	124 761	6 471	3 770	1 515
Wholesale except of motor vehicles	574 439	121 361	16 042	8 791
Re. trade and repair work exc. of m. vehic.	217 171	6 654	7 876	4 914
Hotels and restaurants	32 823	920	2 750	1 152
Transport	244 974	94 999	15 051	17 130
Post and telecommunications	56 898	2 513	4 730	19 204
Finance and insurance	...	...	...	...
Letting and sale of real estate	52 020	2 275	22 715	11 138
Business activities	172 528	23 598	12 060	7 528
Public administration	...	...	...	...
Education	...	...	...	...
Human health activities	16 249	26	...	...
Social institutions etc.	...	...	...	...
Associations, culture and refuse disposal	29 599	999	572	947
Activity not stated	...	...	...	...

Note. Number of real active enterprises, that means enterprises.

Table 265 (continued)

Accounts statistics for enterprises for selected industries 2001

	Total ¹	Quarrying	Manu- fac- turing	Con- struc- tion	Sale and repair of motor vehicles, etc.
Operating results					
DKK mio.					
Turnover	2 199 242	33 653	567 024	152 485	124 761
as percentage of turnover					
Other operating income	1.5	0.1	1.3	1.1	0.5
Cost of goods consumed	52.8	3.5	51.2	36.6	79.5
Subcontractors, etc.	2.2	2.4	1.4	16.1	0.4
Wages and salaries, pensions	17.6	2.6	22.6	27.9	9.6
Depreciations	3.4	14.6	4.1	2.3	1.0
Other expenses	18.7	15.9	15.1	12.3	7.2
Result before financial items	6.7	61.1	6.9	6.0	3.0
Financial receipts	5.0	1.5	3.0	1.1	0.6
Financial expenses	4.8	10.8	4.5	1.8	1.5
Extraordinary expenses, net	-0.4	0.0	-0.4	-0.2	0.0
Corporation tax	1.6	12.7	2.0	0.8	0.4
Result after corporation tax	5.7	39.2	3.9	4.7	1.8
Balance sheet data					
DKK mio.					
Total assets = total liabilities	2 337 281	32 543	499 885	89 861	49 206
as percentage of assets					
Total assets:					
Fixed assets, total	61.2	67.4	51.4	38.1	33.5
Intangible assets	2.2	1.1	2.5	2.8	2.1
Land and buildings	17.3	2.0	13.3	15.4	20.5
Plant and equipment	8.2	59.8	10.9	5.6	2.5
Other tangibles	4.5	3.0	5.3	8.8	5.2
Financial assets	29.1	1.4	19.4	5.5	3.2
Current assets, total	38.8	32.6	48.6	61.9	66.5
Stocks	8.9	2.0	16.0	17.9	33.3
Trade debtors	11.5	16.5	13.8	26.8	19.3
Other debtors, cash, etc.	18.4	14.1	18.8	17.1	13.9
Total liabilities:					
Capital and reserves	38.7	37.5	41.2	24.6	25.3
Provisions for liabilities	2.4	17.0	3.4	3.3	2.7
Long-term liabilities	19.7	18.4	15.6	15.1	17.1
Current liabilities	39.2	27.1	39.8	57.0	54.9
Capital formation, net					
DKK mio.					
	108 771	6 239	29 894	6 265	1 515
per cent					
Increase from 2000 to 2001²					
Turnover	3.9	-2.6	6.5	1.6	-2.3
Result after tax	-6.4	-19.6	-24.7	-22.3	-9.2
Total assets = total liabilities	16.0	12.1	2.2	5.0	-1.8
Capital and reserves	13.4	16.6	6.1	4.6	-2.2
Ratios, average					
Gross profit (per cent)	45.0	94.1	47.4	47.4	20.2
Turnover per person engaged (DKK thousand)	1 675	14 887	1 376	958	2 494
Wages and salaries per employees (DKK thousand)	300	372	295	280	256
Number of enterprises	183 332	214	19 863	28 070	8 558
Number of persons engaged	1 331 956	2263	417 491	160 789	50 290
of whom employees	1 205 237	2178	407 097	141 047	43 969

¹ Excluding agriculture, fishing, electricity, gas and water supply, ports, etc., transport via railways and buses, banks, insurance, non-profit housing associations, public administration, etc. ² By calculation of the increase from 2000 to 2001 the Total is excluding air transport, post and telecommunications.

Table 265

Accounts statistics for enterprises for selected industries 2001

	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Hotels and restaurants, etc.	Transport ³	Real estate ⁴ and business activities, etc.
Operating results					
	DKK mio.				
Turnover	574 439	217 171	32 823	272 339	224 548
	as percentage of turnover				
Other operating income	0.8	1.2	2.4	2.4	3.4
Cost of goods consumed	79.9	71.5	32.1	15.8	20.8
Subcontractors, etc.	0.2	0.1	1.5	2.5	3.1
Wages and salaries, pensions	8.8	13.1	29.3	15.7	32.2
Depreciations	1.2	1.6	4.0	6.4	5.4
Other expenses	7.9	11.3	27.1	56.9	26.4
Result before financial items	2.8	3.6	8.4	5.2	15.5
Financial receipts	1.0	0.7	0.9	5.4	29.7
Financial expenses	1.6	1.3	4.2	9.3	15.3
Extraordinary expenses, net	0.0	0.1	-1.4	-0.2	-2.7
Corporation tax	0.7	0.5	0.4	2.6	3.0
Result after corporation tax	1.6	2.5	6.1	-1.2	29.6
Balance sheet tax					
	DKK mio.				
Total assets = total liabilities	258 561	85 075	26 815	366 055	929 280
	as percentage of assets				
Total assets:					
Fixed assets, total	34.6	46.6	77.9	66.1	76.3
Intangible assets	2.5	5.3	6.8	2.9	1.2
Land and buildings	9.4	22.7	53.4	3.4	26.1
Plant and equipment	1.9	1.0	1.7	24.3	1.6
Other tangibles	5.0	8.4	12.7	7.6	1.8
Financial assets	15.9	9.2	3.3	27.9	45.6
Current assets, total	65.4	53.4	22.1	33.9	23.7
Stocks	19.8	28.7	3.4	0.8	1.8
Trade debtors	27.7	8.2	5.1	12.2	3.8
Other debtors, cash, etc.	17.9	16.5	13.5	20.9	18.1
Total liabilities:					
Capital and reserves	32.4	31.4	17.7	37.9	42.9
Provisions for liabilities	1.5	1.5	2.2	3.2	1.3
Long-term liabilities	11.9	19.6	46.5	24.5	21.9
Current liabilities	54.3	47.5	33.5	34.3	33.8
Capital formation, net					
	DKK mio.				
	8 791	4 914	1 152	31 335	18 666
	per cent				
Increase from 2000 to 2001					
Turnover	1.7	1.7	1.0	6.2	11.2
Result after tax	-24.3	-14.3	-11.1	-18.9	16.7
Total assets = total liabilities	-5.2	-1.0	8.2	7.4	42.8
Capital and reserves	3.5	1.6	5.9	17.1	21.8
Ratios, average					
Gross profit (per cent)	19.9	28.5	66.4	81.7	76.1
Turnover per person engaged (DKK thousand)	3 930	1 614	668	1 972	1 028
Wages and salaries per employee (DKK thousand)	336	228	238	301	370
Number of enterprises	16 225	24 363	13 442	15 349	57 248
Number of employees	147 351	136 121	50 321	141 506	225 824
Of whom employees	141 746	116 396	38 362	129 221	185 221

² By calculation of the increase from 2000 to 2001 Transport is excluding air transport, post and telecommunications.

³ Excluding air transport, ports, etc. transport via railways and buses. ⁴ Excluding non-profit housing associations.

Table 266 (continued) **Regional accounts statistics 2001**

	Turnover	Cost of goods consumed, etc.	Gross profit	Capital formation, net	Gross profit, per cent	Number of establishments	Number of employees
Total inklusive quarrying¹	DKK mio.						
Whole country	2 198 891	1 208 750	990 141	95 423	45	202 288	1 205 741
Total excluding quarrying¹							
Whole country	2 164 945	1 206 613	958 332	89 380	44	201 938	1 203 346
Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities	346 695	139 490	207 205	21 332	60	26 566	151 002
Copenhagen County	396 042	223 714	172 328	16 913	44	24 583	199 821
Frederiksborg County	116 143	66 164	49 979	4 830	43	15 868	65 600
Roskilde County	61 634	34 346	27 288	2 219	44	9 411	39 354
West Zealand County	84 644	50 999	33 645	3 038	40	10 582	49 562
Storstrøm County	52 266	29 080	23 186	1 886	44	8 663	38 141
Bornholm County	9 372	5 726	3 645	259	39	1 479	6 516
Funen County	141 460	83 924	57 536	4 670	41	15 785	90 321
South Jutland County	99 465	60 386	39 079	3 045	39	8 645	56 775
Ribe County	87 291	46 517	40 774	3 534	47	7 944	54 144
Vejle County	162 503	100 232	62 271	5 297	38	13 345	91 565
Ringkøbing County	116 012	70 435	45 577	3 924	39	9 842	69 685
Århus County	239 008	140 178	98 830	8 115	41	23 599	138 684
Viborg County	79 078	46 906	32 172	3 257	41	8 450	51 314
North Jutland County	173 333	108 516	64 817	7 061	37	17 176	100 862
Quarrying							
Whole country	33 946	2 137	31 809	6 043	94	350	2 395
Manufacturing							
Whole country	562 572	297 074	265 498	26 672	47	22 096	406 069
Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities	30 002	10 884	19 118	1 605	64	1 839	20 377
Copenhagen County	63 237	25 631	37 607	3 290	59	2 123	41 452
Frederiksborg County	24 590	10 340	14 250	1 521	58	1 454	20 327
Roskilde County	14 854	6 826	8 028	707	54	931	11 738
West Zealand County	35 616	20 858	14 758	1 622	41	1 136	19 752
Storstrøm County	16 330	8 257	8 073	713	49	994	13 900
Bornholm County	3 312	2 199	1 113	81	34	200	2 264
Funen County	46 163	25 254	20 909	2 133	45	2 024	36 023
South Jutland County	36 227	21 678	14 549	1 513	40	1 007	26 585
Ribe County	31 537	16 583	14 954	1 577	47	1 021	24 313
Vejle County	56 234	32 488	23 746	2 262	42	1 811	39 373
Ringkøbing County	51 557	29 718	21 839	2 327	42	1 519	35 747
Århus County	63 366	34 519	28 847	2 597	46	2 769	46 416
Viborg County	34 080	19 033	15 047	1 864	44	1 236	27 780
North Jutland County	55 466	32 807	22 660	2 861	41	2 032	40 023
Construction							
Whole country	150 375	79 529	70 846	5 503	47	28 816	141 761
Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities	8 894	4 485	4 409	195	50	1 996	7 904
Copenhagen County	31 958	18 595	13 363	1 085	42	3 294	26 863
Frederiksborg County	9 172	4 861	4 310	605	47	2 717	7 580
Roskilde County	6 551	3 304	3 247	260	50	1 755	6 199
West Zealand County	7 450	3 580	3 870	262	52	2 017	7 830
Storstrøm County	5 808	2 841	2 966	256	51	1 664	6 249
Bornholm County	748	341	407	31	54	214	992
Funen County	11 469	5 916	5 552	449	48	2 389	12 245
South Jutland County	5 494	2 721	2 773	181	50	1 313	5 789
Ribe County	8 003	4 157	3 845	243	48	1 250	7 468
Vejle County	10 985	5 937	5 048	411	46	1 874	10 317
Ringkøbing County	7 305	3 757	3 548	262	49	1 434	6 900
Århus County	16 951	8 895	8 056	506	48	3 040	16 377
Viborg County	5 775	2 830	2 945	239	51	1 416	5 659
North Jutland County	13 812	7 308	6 505	518	47	2 443	13 390

¹ Excluding agriculture, fishing, quarrying, electricity, gas and water supply, ports, etc. transport via railways and buses, banks, insurance, non-profit housing associations, public administration, etc.

Table 266 (continued) **Regional accounts statistics 2001**

	Turnover	Cost of goods consumed, net	Gross profit	Capital formation, net	Gross profit, per cent	Number of establishments	Number of employees
DKK mio.							
Sale and repair of motor-vehicles, sale of auto. fuel							
Whole country	125 485	100 208	25 277	1 314	20	9 672	44 607
Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities	8 206	6 739	1 467	85	18	496	2 177
Copenhagen County	26 223	21 880	4 343	217	17	848	6 239
Frederiksborg County	8 291	6 635	1 655	94	20	682	3 031
Roskilde County	5 755	4 527	1 228	65	21	430	2 145
West Zealand County	6 306	4 906	1 400	84	22	654	2 734
Storstrøm County	4 267	3 280	987	52	23	523	1 854
Bornholm County	472	350	122	5	26	61	296
Funen County	10 662	8 553	2 109	120	20	873	3 735
South Jutland County	6 840	5 461	1 379	71	20	603	2 544
Ribe County	4 762	3 678	1 084	53	23	448	2 216
Vejle County	10 987	8 850	2 137	104	19	743	3 763
Ringkøbing County	5 416	4 200	1 216	45	22	579	2 368
Århus County	12 717	9 792	2 925	139	23	1 181	5 322
Viborg County	5 198	4 049	1 149	35	22	536	2 074
North Jutland County	9 382	7 306	2 077	146	22	1 015	4 108
Wholesale trade							
Whole country	588 502	471 469	117 033	7 318	20	18 299	142 529
Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities	76 865	62 892	13 972	857	18	1 962	15 349
Copenhagen County	148 991	113 833	35 158	1 808	24	3 081	37 626
Frederiksborg County	39 434	29 972	9 462	607	24	1 572	10 866
Roskilde County	15 049	11 456	3 593	245	24	874	4 883
West Zealand County	14 738	12 008	2 730	225	19	747	4 004
Storstrøm County	8 040	6 280	1 760	165	22	518	2 651
Bornholm County	1 315	1 108	207	18	16	76	343
Funen County	34 306	27 928	6 378	380	19	1 378	8 697
South Jutland County	25 821	21 337	4 484	249	17	799	5 852
Ribe County	16 146	12 743	3 402	218	21	654	4 737
Vejle County	45 295	37 615	7 680	625	17	1 385	9 772
Ringkøbing County	27 596	22 178	5 418	334	20	938	7 022
Århus County	70 692	57 918	12 774	937	18	2 316	17 464
Viborg County	16 812	13 882	2 930	214	17	674	4 030
North Jutland County	47 404	40 319	7 085	435	15	1 325	9 235
Retail trade							
Whole country	206 689	145 583	61 106	4 240	30	30 516	116 306
Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities	25 832	17 685	8 147	366	32	4 657	14 435
Copenhagen County	27 253	19 467	7 787	1 161	29	3 035	14 483
Frederiksborg County	13 627	9 631	3 996	221	29	2 061	7 551
Roskilde County	8 903	6 256	2 647	183	30	1 155	4 872
West Zealand County	10 418	7 417	3 001	191	29	1 636	5 688
Storstrøm County	9 810	6 951	2 860	166	29	1 502	5 785
Bornholm County	1 952	1 411	541	39	28	270	1 081
Funen County	16 818	11 841	4 977	323	30	2 553	9 801
South Jutland County	8 424	5 902	2 522	162	30	1 323	4 944
Ribe County	8 077	5 722	2 355	150	29	1 287	4 644
Vejle County	13 872	9 634	4 238	229	31	1 861	7 969
Ringkøbing County	10 088	7 091	2 997	180	30	1 544	5 969
Århus County	25 054	17 612	7 442	418	30	3 509	14 489
Viborg County	7 532	5 384	2 148	142	29	1 291	4 103
North Jutland County	19 028	13 579	5 448	309	29	2 832	10 493

Table 266

Regional accounts statistics 2001

	Turnover	Cost of goods consumed, etc.	Gross profit	Capital formation, net	Gross profit, per cent	Number of establishments	Number of employees
DKK mio.							
Hotels and restaurants							
Whole country	33 119	11 097	22 022	895	66	14 229	39 048
Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities	8 179	2 732	5 448	785	67	2 601	9 759
Copenhagen County	3 697	1 260	2 437	108	66	1 191	4 971
Frederiksborg County	1 732	572	1 160	39	67	852	1 956
Roskilde County	1 110	462	648	24	58	441	1 165
West Zealand County	1 592	719	873	46	55	744	1 394
Storstrøm County	1 099	385	714	4	65	618	1 149
Bornholm County	486	152	334	0	69	230	501
Funen County	2 538	819	1 720	49	68	1 235	3 102
South Jutland County	1 169	366	803	4	69	684	1 341
Ribe County	1 500	499	1 001	21	67	611	1 784
Vejle County	1 889	569	1 321	40	70	850	2 315
Ringkøbing County	1 187	372	816	6	69	604	1 413
Århus County	3 173	999	2 174	-207	69	1 598	3 813
Viborg County	970	314	656	16	68	573	1 059
North Jutland County	2 797	880	1 917	-38	69	1 397	3 325
Transport²							
Whole country	273 526	49 667	223 859	26 452	82	17 376	129 307
Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities	117 985	15 403	102 583	11 641	87	1 985	24 949
Copenhagen County	47 516	12 582	34 934	5 604	74	2 411	28 659
Frederiksborg County	6 497	1 552	4 945	657	76	1 036	4 211
Roskilde County	3 764	473	3 291	314	87	932	3 540
West Zealand County	3 953	691	3 262	280	83	994	4 168
Storstrøm County	3 523	513	3 009	251	85	824	3 403
Bornholm County	624	92	532	54	85	110	611
Funen County	8 679	1 382	7 296	610	84	1 208	7 503
South Jutland County	11 199	2 255	8 944	459	80	875	6 035
Ribe County	12 789	2 385	10 405	994	81	741	5 147
Vejle County	12 146	2 244	9 902	874	82	1 221	8 628
Ringkøbing County	6 118	1 136	4 982	378	81	810	4 990
Århus County	22 649	4 837	17 811	2 136	79	1 874	15 421
Viborg County	3 209	426	2 783	338	87	761	3 098
North Jutland County	12 876	3 697	9 179	1 862	71	1 594	8 945
Real estate³ and business activities, etc.							
Whole country	224 676	51 986	172 691	16 986	77	60 934	183 719
Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities	70 732	18 670	52 061	5 799	74	11 030	56 053
Copenhagen County	47 166	10 467	36 699	3 641	78	8 600	39 529
Frederiksborg County	12 801	2 601	10 200	1 087	80	5 494	10 080
Roskilde County	5 647	1 042	4 605	421	82	2 893	4 812
West Zealand County	4 571	820	3 750	328	82	2 654	3 991
Storstrøm County	3 390	572	2 817	279	83	2 020	3 149
Bornholm County	464	74	390	32	84	318	429
Funen County	10 825	2 231	8 594	606	79	4 125	9 215
South Jutland County	4 291	665	3 625	405	84	2 041	3 684
Ribe County	4 478	749	3 728	277	83	1 932	3 835
Vejle County	11 094	2 894	8 199	751	74	3 600	9 429
Ringkøbing County	6 743	1 982	4 761	391	71	2 414	5 276
Århus County	24 406	5 606	18 800	1 589	77	7 312	19 383
Viborg County	5 503	989	4 514	410	82	1 963	3 511
North Jutland County	12 567	2 621	9 946	970	79	4 538	11 344

² Excluding air transport, ports, etc. transport via railways and buses. ³ Excluding general housing associations.

Table 267

Workplaces, wage and salary costs, by county

	Workplaces at the end of November		Jobs at the end of November		Full-time employees		Annual wage and salary costs	
	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001
	———— DKK mio. ————							
Total	298 704	297 706	3 058 276	3 081 571	2 198 757	2 216 816	617 182	645 237
Copenhagen Municipality	29 933	30 483	371 722	378 447	269 734	274 155	86 475	91 750
Frederiksberg Municipality	4 853	4 940	48 686	49 452	32 461	33 440	9 607	10 384
Copenhagen County	29 231	29 408	405 770	407 974	316 096	319 068	100 584	105 073
Frederiksborg County	20 123	20 341	175 704	177 812	124 540	125 390	35 785	37 302
Roskilde County	11 798	11 908	109 750	110 219	76 946	77 398	21 127	22 113
West Zealand County	16 848	16 739	142 709	144 223	100 364	101 192	26 383	27 576
Storstrøm County	14 778	14 695	120 055	120 560	82 667	83 153	20 773	21 543
Bornholm County	2 712	2 712	21 814	21 795	15 161	14 990	3 706	3 791
Funen County	25 133	24 832	248 226	248 732	173 867	174 199	45 560	47 114
South Jutland County	14 809	14 614	137 913	137 498	99 053	99 437	25 402	26 369
Ribe County	13 261	12 994	130 610	132 468	93 855	94 246	24 829	25 837
Vejle County	19 385	19 195	204 119	204 095	149 191	149 515	40 138	41 575
Ringkøbing County	17 847	17 600	165 899	167 278	114 892	116 249	29 970	31 460
Århus County	33 864	33 656	359 794	363 534	254 696	257 831	70 143	73 507
Viborg County	15 822	15 546	135 238	136 459	93 016	94 086	23 793	24 922
North Jutland County	27 923	27 725	270 162	272 001	190 374	191 140	49 864	51 893
Outside Denmark	384	318	10 105	9 024	11 484	10 914	2 940	2 907

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Table 268

Workplaces, aggregate wage and salary costs. By industry

	Workplaces at the end of November		Jobs at the end of November		Full-time employees		Annual wage and salary costs	
	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001
	———— DKK mio. ————							
Total	298 704	297 706	3 058 276	3 081 571	2 198 757	2 216 816	617 182	645 237
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	48 753	46 529	113 885	111 003	38 815	38 294	9 478	9 748
Manufacturing	22 006	21 629	488 717	478 202	409 895	406 839	116 354	119 249
Electricity, gas and water supply	2 139	2 132	17 340	16 674	13 260	12 539	4 458	4 343
Construction	26 806	27 224	187 289	187 118	143 365	143 391	38 043	39 423
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	72 644	72 074	547 069	546 272	347 144	344 914	94 009	96 071
Transport, post and telecomm.	15 446	15 396	199 484	196 949	158 755	158 702	45 574	47 177
Finance and business activities	56 455	57 893	411 856	429 199	269 800	284 125	92 828	101 693
Public and personal services	53 791	54 215	1 091 780	1 115 339	817 610	827 867	216 379	227 458

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Table 269 (continued)

Workplaces, wage and salary costs, by industry 2001

	Workplaces at the end of November	Jobs at the end of November	Full-time employees	Annual wage and salary costs
				DKK mio.
Total	297 706	3 081 571	2 216 816	645 237
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	46 529	111 003	38 294	9 748
Agriculture	38 333	74 159	17 396	4 026
Market gardening	1 780	12 124	6 826	1 431
Machine pools and landscape gardening	2 248	10 422	6 259	1 565
Forestry	1 579	4 544	2 144	587
Fishing	2 298	6 304	2 498	978
Extr. of oil and natural gas	25	1 462	1 454	644
Extr. of gravel, clay etc.	266	1 988	1 717	517
Manufacturing	21 629	478 202	406 839	119 249
Production etc. of meat and meat products	248	24 194	21 945	6 213
Mfr. of dairy products	117	10 708	9 762	2 871
Baker's shops	1 132	14 735	6 308	1 349
Mfr. of other food products	564	28 905	24 548	7 004
Mfr. of beverages	79	5 837	5 702	1 767
Mfr. of tobacco products	8	1 338	1 272	372
Mfr. of textiles	680	8 634	7 195	1 908
Mfr. of wearing apparel	809	4 698	3 376	889
Mfr. of leather and footwear	103	1 703	1 465	387
Mfr. of wood and wood products	796	15 757	13 765	3 557
Mfr. of pulp, paper and paper products	216	8 702	8 073	2 467
Publishing of newspapers	211	17 470	7 627	2 779
Publishing activities, excluding newspapers	1 320	15 156	9 907	3 354
Printing activities	1 607	16 649	13 372	4 287
Mfr. of refined petroleum products, etc.	9	673	629	273
Mfr. of chemical raw materials	87	5 479	5 288	1 864
Mfr. of paints and soap	232	8 654	8 041	2 494
Mfr. of pharmaceuticals	93	15 084	13 896	5 293
Mfr. of rubber and plastic products	738	22 873	20 308	5 767
Mfr. of glass and ceramic goods	454	4 440	3 770	1 009
Mfr. of tiles, bricks, cement and concrete	635	14 590	13 259	4 025
Mfr. of basic metals	199	8 872	8 425	2 350
Mfr. of building materials of metal	2 791	29 588	24 272	6 871
Mfr. of various metal products	1 082	18 740	16 370	4 474
Mfr. of marine engines, compressors	285	22 157	21 078	5 962
Mfr. of ovens and cold-storage plants	706	21 491	20 057	6 115
Mfr. of agricultural machinery	429	5 113	4 388	1 179
Mfr. of machinery for industries	878	17 263	15 545	4 745
Mfr. of domestic appliances	66	4 226	4 092	1 116
Mfr. of computers, electric motors	1 087	26 160	23 366	6 953
Mfr. of radio and communication equipment	239	11 291	10 738	2 961
Mfr. of medical and optical instruments	687	17 555	15 833	5 026
Building ships and boats	337	7 443	6 590	1 959
Mfr. of transport equipment, excl. ships	281	9 303	8 800	2 464
Mfr. of furniture	1 369	23 938	21 070	5 250
Mfr. of toys and jewellery	1 055	8 783	6 707	1 894

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Table 269 (continued)

Workplaces, wage and salary costs, by industry 2001

	Workplaces at the end of November	Jobs at the end of November	Full-time employees	Annual wage and salary costs
				DKK mio.
Electricity, gas and water supply	2 132	16 674	12 539	4 343
Production and distribution of electricity	729	8 853	7 410	2 592
Manufacture and distribution of gas	24	1 496	1 386	524
Steam and hot water supply	357	2 917	2 194	716
Collection and distribution of water	1 022	3 408	1 549	511
Construction	27 224	187 118	143 391	39 423
General contractors	4 374	53 377	45 144	13 494
Bricklaying	3 324	16 545	11 019	2 847
Install. of electrical wiring and fittings	2 704	30 873	26 351	7 394
Plumbing	3 095	20 429	15 771	4 230
Joinery installation	7 026	34 459	24 052	5 783
Painting and glazing	3 545	16 479	11 170	2 759
Other construction work	3 156	14 956	9 884	2 916
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	72 074	546 272	344 914	96 071
Sale of motor vehicles and motorcycles	3 617	34 059	28 816	7 785
Maintenance and repair of motor vehicles	5 203	17 626	10 314	2 490
Retail sale of automotive fuel	1 305	15 082	5 500	1 184
Ws. of grain and animal feeds	1 043	9 046	7 033	2 191
Ws. of food, beverages and tobacco	2 068	22 161	16 631	5 063
Ws. of textiles and household goods	4 566	36 676	28 471	9 433
Ws. of wood and construction materials	1 061	13 334	11 533	3 383
Ws. of other raw mat. and semi manufactures	2 060	20 974	17 781	5 789
Ws. of machinery, equipment and supplies	4 762	57 000	50 155	18 617
Other wholesale trade	2 797	14 995	10 643	3 637
Re. sale of food in non-specialized stores	4 565	57 309	30 039	6 763
Re. sale of food in specialized stores	3 589	14 707	6 420	1 285
Department stores	183	30 528	18 243	4 018
Re. sale of phar. goods and cosmetic art	999	9 521	7 026	1 679
Re. sale of clothing and footwear	5 459	25 032	14 458	3 101
Re. sale of furniture and household appliances	4 235	28 852	20 099	4 876
Re. sale in other specialized stores	10 908	38 427	20 394	4 991
Repair of household goods	1 505	3 553	1 730	445
Hotels	1 633	24 639	12 430	3 008
Restaurants	10 516	72 751	27 198	6 333
Transport, post and telecomm.	15 396	196 949	158 702	47 177
Transport via railways and buses	574	21 583	19 839	5 371
Taxi operation and coach services	2 708	16 940	8 851	2 273
Freight transport by road and via pipelines	7 206	40 406	28 340	8 044
Water transport	469	13 064	13 247	3 879
Air transport	119	12 098	12 877	4 892
Supporting transport activities	2 439	34 371	28 120	8 707
Post and telecommunications	1 881	58 487	47 428	14 011

Table 269

Workplaces, wage and salary costs, by industry 2001

	Workplaces at the end of November	Jobs at the end of November	Full-time employees	Annual wage and salary costs
				DKK mio.
Finance and business activities	57 893	429 199	284 125	101 693
Financial institutions	2 114	46 992	42 445	15 644
Mortgage credit institutions	1 271	11 467	9 509	3 952
Insurance	584	18 660	15 353	6 325
Activities auxiliary to finance	384	4 674	3 612	1 619
Letting of own property	10 378	28 618	14 466	4 269
Real estate agents	3 914	14 702	7 816	2 597
Renting of transport equipment and machinery	1 670	8 379	4 669	1 429
Computer and related activities	6 863	46 714	37 666	16 392
Research and development	372	13 227	11 568	3 986
Legal advice	1 589	11 677	7 950	2 679
Accounting, book-keeping and auditing	3 709	19 188	14 260	5 106
Consulting engineers and architects	5 945	41 991	33 590	12 705
Advertising	2 689	18 792	9 717	3 468
Building-cleaning activities	5 178	58 137	30 770	7 470
Other business activities	11 233	85 981	40 734	14 052
Public and personal services	54 215	1 115 339	827 867	227 458
General public service activities	478	70 514	58 020	16 980
Administration of public sectors	896	37 363	30 793	9 684
Defence, police and administration of justice	1 006	71 564	58 995	17 497
Primary education	2 951	112 412	89 407	25 896
Secondary education	608	43 961	35 938	11 180
Higher education	247	37 264	23 172	7 697
Adult and other education	3 383	43 739	21 676	6 960
Hospital activities	171	109 916	97 628	28 007
Medical, dental and veterinary activities	8 327	51 906	31 556	9 065
Social institutions for children	8 449	174 567	131 588	30 398
Social institutions for adults	4 494	189 934	147 326	33 830
Refuse disposal and similar activities	871	23 625	21 467	5 572
Activities of membership organizations	6 478	57 888	31 919	10 892
Recreational, cultural and sporting activities	7 277	65 276	36 234	11 102
Other service activities	8 579	25 410	12 148	2 697

Table 270 (continued)

Workplaces by size, county and industry 2001

	Jobs at workplaces at the end of November							Total
	1	2-4	5-9	10-19	20-49	50-99	100 +	
	workplaces, total							
Total	121 697	78 631	41 966	29 012	17 101	5 592	3 707	297 706
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	27 671	14 643	3 003	826	316	54	16	46 529
Manufacturing	6 720	4 299	3 296	3 009	2 457	947	901	21 629
Electricity, gas and water supply	823	862	213	100	78	25	31	2 132
Construction	11 023	7 140	4 559	2 716	1 370	283	133	27 224
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	24 322	21 030	13 062	8 219	4 198	853	390	72 074
Transport, post and telecomm.	5 156	4 608	2 417	1 525	1 045	387	258	15 396
Finance and business activities	31 868	13 498	5 998	3 590	1 951	570	418	57 893
Public and personal services	13 622	12 436	9 412	9 026	5 686	2 473	1 560	54 215
Copenhagen Municipality	13 810	7 556	3 555	2 623	1 731	635	573	30 483
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	94	29	5	3	2	1	1	135
Manufacturing	745	387	226	158	83	27	30	1 656
Electricity, gas and water supply	2	2	1	1	2	5	4	17
Construction	916	328	195	126	71	19	7	1 662
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	3 295	2 448	1 221	740	414	105	51	8 274
Transport, post and telecomm.	519	429	168	138	88	46	56	1 444
Finance and business activities	5 990	2 391	928	642	402	148	135	10 636
Public and personal services	2 126	1 511	808	815	669	284	289	6 502
Frederiksberg Municipality	2 489	1 166	547	360	234	83	61	4 940
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	18	1	-	-	1	-	-	20
Manufacturing	134	56	30	21	11	4	4	260
Electricity, gas and water supply	1	1	-	1	2	-	1	6
Construction	164	58	36	25	20	5	-	308
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	632	408	192	90	34	6	6	1 368
Transport, post and telecomm.	61	43	19	10	7	5	2	147
Finance and business activities	1 116	371	136	84	52	13	16	1 788
Public and personal services	342	224	134	129	107	50	32	1 018
Copenhagen County	11 756	7 193	3 912	3 146	2 125	726	550	29 408
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	295	92	38	28	8	3	-	464
Manufacturing	621	431	314	261	249	76	85	2 037
Electricity, gas and water supply	13	20	11	10	7	2	6	69
Construction	1 428	759	386	296	165	43	38	3 115
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	2 608	2 186	1 353	928	594	170	96	7 935
Transport, post and telecomm.	745	549	205	158	141	61	55	1 914
Finance and business activities	4 670	1 823	760	507	260	91	97	8 208
Public and personal services	1 314	1 324	844	958	701	280	173	5 594
Frederiksborg County	9 357	5 031	2 619	1 768	1 050	309	207	20 341
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	948	350	71	25	15	1	-	1 410
Manufacturing	591	287	195	180	159	36	39	1 487
Electricity, gas and water supply	26	32	16	7	6	1	2	90
Construction	1 415	629	306	171	72	11	5	2 609
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	1 890	1 520	898	512	259	55	29	5 163
Transport, post and telecomm.	350	289	128	57	55	22	8	909
Finance and business activities	3 123	1 145	416	205	119	22	16	5 046
Public and personal services	949	760	588	611	365	161	108	3 542

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Table 270 (continued) **Workplaces by size, county and industry 2001**

	Jobs at workplaces at the end of November							Total
	1	2-4	5-9	10-19	20-49	50-99	100 +	
	workplaces, total							
Roskilde County	5 172	2 983	1 641	1 160	647	193	112	11 908
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	661	211	65	25	12	4	1	979
Manufacturing	339	185	147	111	84	25	22	913
Electricity, gas and water supply	24	35	4	7	4	-	-	74
Construction	793	406	241	124	63	8	6	1 641
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	990	853	513	321	180	31	9	2 897
Transport, post and telecomm.	360	228	96	56	43	8	8	799
Finance and business activities	1 436	598	228	126	52	17	11	2 468
Public and personal services	561	467	347	390	209	100	55	2 129
West Zealand County	7 334	4 333	2 274	1 530	858	265	145	16 739
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	2 275	812	167	50	25	4	1	3 334
Manufacturing	380	247	160	135	96	43	46	1 107
Electricity, gas and water supply	61	89	14	3	4	1	4	176
Construction	806	498	308	182	88	19	2	1 903
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	1 336	1 152	642	449	176	26	10	3 791
Transport, post and telecomm.	358	269	125	73	49	17	7	898
Finance and business activities	1 373	560	310	139	63	11	5	2 461
Public and personal services	728	704	548	499	357	144	70	3 050
Storstrøm County	6 353	3 871	2 060	1 368	709	209	125	14 695
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	2 050	850	172	53	24	3	1	3 153
Manufacturing	409	184	152	124	96	22	31	1 018
Electricity, gas and water supply	81	75	19	5	3	1	-	184
Construction	679	417	240	152	69	10	5	1 572
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	1 128	984	592	355	156	27	7	3 249
Transport, post and telecomm.	261	220	128	78	34	14	6	741
Finance and business activities	1 074	482	207	117	56	13	4	1 953
Public and personal services	653	657	550	484	271	119	71	2 805
Bornholm County	1 170	697	392	254	134	42	23	2 712
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	473	232	34	6	5	-	-	750
Manufacturing	85	39	31	30	15	6	6	212
Electricity, gas and water supply	4	6	1	1	1	1	-	14
Construction	90	45	40	27	10	1	-	213
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	189	178	132	84	28	2	2	615
Transport, post and telecomm.	28	32	27	10	9	4	2	112
Finance and business activities	179	65	40	20	6	2	-	312
Public and personal services	121	100	87	76	60	26	13	483
Funen County	9 832	6 617	3 746	2 476	1 402	470	289	24 832
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	2 782	1 338	319	136	78	13	6	4 672
Manufacturing	584	400	312	273	245	85	80	1 979
Electricity, gas and water supply	89	96	15	7	8	2	1	218
Construction	774	631	439	250	118	25	9	2 246
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	2 188	1 780	1 092	670	331	70	28	6 159
Transport, post and telecomm.	293	313	231	134	58	24	12	1 065
Finance and business activities	2 041	936	428	249	118	38	16	3 826
Public and personal services	1 057	1 116	909	757	446	213	137	4 635

Table 270 (continued) Workplaces by size, county and industry 2001

	Jobs at workplaces at the end of November							Total
	1	2-4	5-9	10-19	20-49	50-99	100 +	
	workplaces, total							
South Jutland County	5 549	4 322	2 151	1 437	790	220	145	14 614
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	2 075	1 470	231	46	13	3	-	3 838
Manufacturing	253	185	144	145	141	51	47	966
Electricity, gas and water supply	63	58	10	8	3	-	2	144
Construction	383	363	247	158	66	6	3	1 226
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	1 027	995	642	400	195	26	14	3 299
Transport, post and telecomm.	216	236	145	86	71	19	10	783
Finance and business activities	927	461	219	146	53	12	8	1 826
Public and personal services	595	554	513	448	248	103	61	2 522
Ribe County	4 644	3 733	2 019	1 443	752	246	157	12 994
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	1 710	1 182	228	85	17	3	3	3 228
Manufacturing	209	175	159	162	154	56	56	971
Electricity, gas and water supply	46	50	14	4	4	1	3	122
Construction	336	330	258	162	69	15	8	1 178
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	808	871	621	382	178	34	17	2 911
Transport, post and telecomm.	174	207	117	90	66	19	8	681
Finance and business activities	826	433	211	134	58	17	4	1 683
Public and personal services	506	481	411	424	206	101	58	2 187
Vejle County	7 472	4 953	2 878	1 963	1 249	428	252	19 195
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	2 116	1 027	220	41	30	2	-	3 436
Manufacturing	447	340	265	272	228	97	99	1 748
Electricity, gas and water supply	38	50	14	10	7	4	3	126
Construction	625	472	323	205	109	20	10	1 764
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	1 451	1 388	934	589	308	63	27	4 760
Transport, post and telecomm.	383	283	160	109	88	38	18	1 079
Finance and business activities	1 592	702	380	204	141	28	11	3 058
Public and personal services	788	680	582	533	338	176	84	3 181
Ringkøbing County	6 610	5 065	2 666	1 680	1 082	312	185	17 600
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	2 863	1 936	417	89	18	2	-	5 325
Manufacturing	311	231	231	248	238	105	88	1 452
Electricity, gas and water supply	63	68	21	7	8	-	-	167
Construction	410	393	286	148	97	12	2	1 348
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	1 046	1 053	767	507	230	34	14	3 651
Transport, post and telecomm.	246	228	134	74	65	20	7	774
Finance and business activities	1 007	500	248	152	90	19	18	2 034
Public and personal services	658	653	562	455	336	120	56	2 840
Århus County	13 191	8 810	4 939	3 613	1 997	643	463	33 656
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	2 949	1 331	310	70	34	3	2	4 699
Manufacturing	814	555	442	398	274	115	114	2 712
Electricity, gas and water supply	95	86	32	13	4	2	3	235
Construction	1 052	798	495	291	156	36	22	2 850
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	2 721	2 455	1 567	1 025	532	105	52	8 457
Transport, post and telecomm.	500	525	286	183	115	38	35	1 682
Finance and business activities	3 523	1 624	753	449	251	74	50	6 724
Public and personal services	1 505	1 425	1 054	1 183	631	270	185	6 253

Table 270

Workplaces by size, county and industry 2001

	Jobs at workplaces at the end of November							Total
	1	2-4	5-9	10-19	20-49	50-99	100 +	
	workplaces, total							
Viborg County	6 414	4 406	2 162	1 373	778	288	125	15 546
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	2 835	1 546	242	62	16	5	1	4 707
Manufacturing	292	220	189	189	140	90	62	1 182
Electricity, gas and water supply	95	88	17	8	5	1	1	215
Construction	448	391	272	140	60	19	-	1 330
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	1 011	870	603	396	180	25	5	3 090
Transport, post and telecomm.	233	244	133	72	39	9	3	733
Finance and business activities	882	424	202	122	74	25	6	1 735
Public and personal services	605	621	504	384	264	114	47	2 539
North Jutland County	10 492	7 802	4 322	2 769	1 542	511	287	27 725
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	3 527	2 235	484	107	18	7	-	6 378
Manufacturing	501	369	299	299	243	109	92	1 912
Electricity, gas and water supply	122	106	24	8	10	4	1	275
Construction	699	621	487	257	136	33	16	2 249
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	1 996	1 885	1 293	771	403	74	23	6 445
Transport, post and telecomm.	408	452	239	158	104	33	14	1 408
Finance and business activities	2 102	975	526	292	153	40	21	4 109
Public and personal services	1 106	1 149	970	877	475	211	120	4 908
Outside Denmark	52	93	83	49	21	12	8	318
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1
Manufacturing	5	8	-	3	1	-	-	17
Electricity, gas and water supply	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Construction	5	1	-	2	1	1	-	10
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	6	4	-	-	-	-	-	10
Transport, post and telecomm.	21	61	76	39	13	10	7	227
Finance and business activities	7	8	6	2	3	-	-	26
Public and personal services	8	10	1	3	3	1	1	27

Table 271 (continued)

Jobs by size of workplace, county and industry 2001

	Jobs at the workplace at the end of November								Total
	1	2-4	5-9	10-19	20-49	50-99	100 +	Not stated	
Total	121 697	213 150	276 875	391 404	507 465	386 250	984 266	200 464	3 081 571
Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	27 671	37 290	18 872	10 659	9 362	3 603	2 883	663	111 003
Manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	7 543	14 197	23 420	42 768	77 381	67 691	250 821	11 055	494 876
Construction	11 023	19 637	30 109	35 957	40 299	19 124	30 433	536	187 118
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	24 322	58 685	85 874	110 594	121 638	57 847	79 165	8 147	546 272
Transport, post and telecomm.	5 156	12 598	16 007	20 489	31 667	26 491	79 420	5 121	196 949
Finance and business activities	31 868	35 573	39 405	47 741	58 216	39 004	106 423	70 969	429 199
Public and personal services	13 622	34 892	63 154	123 185	168 902	172 490	435 121	103 973	1 115 339
Copenhagen Municipality	13 810	20 245	23 415	35 560	51 368	43 589	170 319	20 141	378 447
Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	94	65	33	36	..	..	..	3	517
Manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	747	1 045	1 494	2 087	2 503	2 193	13 580	753	24 402
Construction	916	869	1 275	1 643	..	..	..	19	9 417
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	3 295	6 677	7 990	10 123	12 043	6 985	12 550	590	60 253
Transport, post and telecomm.	519	1 148	1 096	1 888	2 609	3 191	21 015	457	31 923
Finance and business activities	5 990	6 288	6 083	8 646	12 009	9 879	35 488	11 196	95 579
Public and personal services	2 126	4 075	5 428	11 137	19 986	19 925	86 339	7 123	156 139
Frederiksberg Municipality	2 489	3 050	3 616	5 087	6 677	5 579	20 146	2 808	49 452
Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	18	2	-	-	35	-	-	1	56
Manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	135	153	199	335	376	287	1 868	155	3 508
Construction	164	151	241	340	642	297	-	1	1 836
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	632	1 091	1 284	1 240	948	..	..	127	6 651
Transport, post and telecomm.	61	107	125	131	167	..	..	41	1 399
Finance and business activities	1 116	939	889	1 192	1 449	904	4 626	1 520	12 635
Public and personal services	342	598	878	1 849	3 060	3 405	12 242	963	23 337
Copenhagen County	11 756	19 444	25 876	43 026	62 973	50 711	170 657	23 531	407 974
Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	295	250	259	379	201	175	-	92	1 651
Manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	634	1 254	2 179	3 733	7 833	5 552	25 790	1 090	48 065
Construction	1 428	2 067	2 540	3 982	4 706	2 905	13 385	35	31 048
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	2 608	6 050	8 893	12 748	17 495	11 685	21 907	1 009	82 395
Transport, post and telecomm.	745	1 429	1 361	2 148	4 314	4 151	22 277	636	37 061
Finance and business activities	4 670	4 742	4 999	6 741	7 931	6 342	33 367	9 907	78 699
Public and personal services	1 314	3 631	5 637	13 295	20 493	19 901	53 931	10 762	128 964
Frederiksborg County	9 357	13 562	17 243	23 973	31 129	21 375	48 244	12 929	177 812
Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	948	873	445	336	..	..	-	8	3 115
Manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	617	876	1 409	2 598	5 073	2 702	11 362	390	25 027
Construction	1 415	1 654	1 988	2 218	2 141	714	677	9	10 816
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	1 890	4 237	5 843	6 983	7 648	3 620	5 434	620	36 275
Transport, post and telecomm.	350	766	844	751	1 746	1 571	1 347	179	7 554
Finance and business activities	3 123	2 985	2 757	2 633	..	..	3 175	4 873	24 692
Public and personal services	949	2 124	3 952	8 454	10 466	11 172	26 249	6 850	70 216
Roskilde County	5 172	8 060	10 792	15 663	19 166	13 319	29 422	8 625	110 219
Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	661	531	411	328	348	..	..	3	2 676
Manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	363	614	1 007	1 651	2 533	1 731	6 271	329	14 499
Construction	793	1 078	1 568	1 636	1 870	12	8 542

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Table 271 (continued) **Jobs by size of workplace, county and industry 2001**

	Jobs at the workplace at the end of November								Total
	1	2-4	5-9	10-19	20-49	50-99	100 +	Not stated	
	number of jobs								
Roskilde County (cont.)									
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	990	2 354	3 351	4 300	5 354	2 245	1 815	598	21 007
Transport, post and telecomm.	360	634	637	779	1 264	518	1 389	247	5 828
Finance and business activities	1 436	1 527	1 496	1 653	1 490	1 138	3 006	3 280	15 026
Public and personal services	561	1 322	2 322	5 316	6 307	6 858	15 791	4 156	42 633
West Zealand County	7 334	11 666	15 019	20 662	25 061	18 268	35 838	10 375	144 223
Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	2 275	2 031	1 059	636	739	..	..	3	7 109
Manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	441	902	1 149	1 880	2 973	3 058	13 823	723	24 949
Construction	806	1 361	2 049	2 485	2 517	..	..	126	11 053
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	1 336	3 185	4 204	6 068	5 050	1 665	1 591	445	23 544
Transport, post and telecomm.	358	714	834	954	1 510	1 116	1 229	367	7 082
Finance and business activities	1 373	1 462	2 014	1 812	1 864	776	778	3 224	13 303
Public and personal services	728	2 005	3 710	6 827	10 408	10 016	17 979	5 487	57 160
Storstrøm County	6 353	10 435	13 622	18 314	21 042	14 072	28 636	8 086	120 560
Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	2 050	2 118	1 075	705	713	..	..	13	7 011
Manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	490	691	1 147	1 752	3 014	1 493	8 341	403	17 331
Construction	679	1 122	1 617	2 022	1 961	..	..	30	8 907
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	1 128	2 747	3 902	4 692	4 350	1 751	1 243	407	20 220
Transport, post and telecomm.	261	616	840	1 047	993	993	922	225	5 897
Finance and business activities	1 074	1 269	1 380	1 534	1 637	858	510	2 185	10 447
Public and personal services	653	1 867	3 661	6 562	8 374	8 068	16 716	4 823	50 724
Bornholm County	1 170	1 898	2 624	3 439	3 929	3 006	4 491	1 238	21 795
Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	473	588	214	78	149	-	-	7	1 509
Manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	89	125	208	413	484	523	1 153	193	3 188
Construction	90	127	277	359	..	..	-	1	1 221
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	189	497	902	1 158	754	..	..	9	3 922
Transport, post and telecomm.	28	89	182	128	274	..	..	1	1 551
Finance and business activities	179	176	259	275	..	..	-	262	1 448
Public and personal services	121	296	582	1 028	1 795	1 849	2 519	765	8 955
Funen County	9 832	18 012	24 701	33 062	41 950	31 928	69 994	19 253	248 732
Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	2 782	3 403	2 059	1 834	2 283	790	850	21	14 022
Manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	673	1 374	2 177	3 774	7 735	6 041	20 888	375	43 037
Construction	774	1 756	2 899	3 251	3 435	1 707	2 251	39	16 112
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	2 188	4 947	7 194	8 884	9 487	4 664	5 036	675	43 075
Transport, post and telecomm.	293	877	1 524	1 732	1 796	1 608	2 778	102	10 710
Finance and business activities	2 041	2 478	2 795	3 362	3 739	2 586	2 946	8 675	28 622
Public and personal services	1 057	3 162	6 048	10 225	13 475	14 532	35 245	9 366	93 110
South Jutland County	5 549	11 813	14 036	19 362	23 886	15 504	37 875	9 473	137 498
Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	2 075	3 800	1 410	587	402	203	-	23	8 500
Manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	316	669	1 019	2 109	4 471	3 604	18 074	657	30 919
Construction	383	1 029	1 619	2 077	1 945	425	409	10	7 897
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	1 027	2 845	4 207	5 437	5 725	1 866	2 229	276	23 612
Transport, post and telecomm.	216	656	949	1 169	2 210	1 334	1 457	538	8 529

Table 271 (continued) Jobs by size of workplace, county and industry 2001

	Jobs at the workplace at the end of November								Total
	1	2-4	5-9	10-19	20-49	50-99	100 +	Not stated	
	number of jobs								
South Jutland County (cont.)									
Finance and business activities	927	1 240	1 397	1 975	1 635	761	1 550	2 467	11 952
Public and personal services	595	1 574	3 435	6 008	7 498	7 311	14 156	5 502	46 079
Ribe County	4 644	10 183	13 382	19 336	22 476	16 904	37 674	7 869	132 468
Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	1 710	2 968	1 428	1 094	466	256	1 054	142	9 118
Manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	255	632	1 166	2 315	4 882	4 020	15 590	246	29 106
Construction	336	968	1 723	2 114	2 061	1 029	1 384	14	9 629
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	808	2 438	4 097	5 036	5 220	2 195	3 116	237	23 147
Transport, post and telecomm.	174	580	775	1 198	1 952	1 482	1 883	900	8 944
Finance and business activities	826	1 203	1 416	1 778	1 715	1 146	597	1 652	10 333
Public and personal services	506	1 383	2 777	5 801	6 180	6 776	14 050	4 678	42 151
Vejle County	7 472	13 497	19 099	26 343	37 338	30 064	57 325	12 957	204 095
Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	2 116	2 618	1 390	531	..	..	-	53	7 641
Manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	485	1 090	1 883	3 879	7 346	7 213	24 102	473	46 471
Construction	625	1 306	2 131	2 693	..	..	1 856	77	13 366
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	1 451	3 917	6 159	7 833	8 790	4 234	5 013	723	38 120
Transport, post and telecomm.	383	772	1 067	1 493	2 723	2 641	3 486	416	12 981
Finance and business activities	1 592	1 857	2 496	2 740	4 165	1 992	2 075	4 408	21 325
Public and personal services	788	1 910	3 973	7 174	10 188	12 499	20 793	6 807	64 132
Ringkøbing County	6 610	13 752	17 600	22 568	32 372	21 492	43 429	9 455	167 278
Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	2 863	4 980	2 630	1 127	..	..	-	118	12 425
Manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	374	861	1 682	3 510	7 584	7 266	22 062	802	44 141
Construction	410	1 101	1 928	1 951	..	806	..	7	9 353
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	1 046	2 979	5 092	6 768	6 597	2 378	3 283	352	28 495
Transport, post and telecomm.	246	629	876	1 004	1 906	..	..	86	7 477
Finance and business activities	1 007	1 333	1 614	1 981	2 608	1 325	2 623	2 541	15 032
Public and personal services	658	1 863	3 778	6 227	10 312	8 245	13 711	5 549	50 343
Århus County	13 191	23 968	32 745	48 951	58 904	44 781	116 346	24 648	363 534
Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	2 949	3 376	1 946	874	1 122	..	..	132	10 946
Manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	909	1 770	3 151	5 633	8 566	8 133	26 920	1 633	56 715
Construction	1 052	2 189	3 267	3 864	4 671	..	..	11	21 700
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	2 721	6 865	10 352	13 756	15 338	7 291	9 568	1 100	66 991
Transport, post and telecomm.	500	1 468	1 951	2 494	3 545	2 529	10 630	773	23 890
Finance and business activities	3 523	4 270	4 959	5 953	7 431	5 090	10 045	8 292	49 563
Public and personal services	1 505	4 007	7 119	16 366	18 231	19 102	54 626	12 707	133 663
Viborg County	6 414	11 935	14 165	18 378	23 166	19 815	35 101	7 485	136 459
Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	2 835	3 916	1 548	761	509	..	..	9	10 036
Manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	387	823	1 380	2 768	4 447	6 153	17 400	810	34 168
Construction	448	1 101	1 771	1 891	1 692	1 254	-	10	8 167
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	1 011	2 450	3 951	5 263	5 112	1 805	733	286	20 611
Transport, post and telecomm.	233	696	878	971	1 215	..	..	51	5 115
Finance and business activities	882	1 151	1 332	1 597	2 154	1 725	1 166	1 350	11 357
Public and personal services	605	1 794	3 305	5 127	8 037	7 899	15 252	4 969	46 988

Table 271

Jobs by size of workplace, county and industry 2001

	Jobs at the workplace at the end of November								Total
	1	2-4	5-9	10-19	20-49	50-99	100 +	Not stated	
	number of jobs								
North Jutland County	10 492	21 364	28 374	37 049	45 392	34 999	72 740	21 591	272 001
Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	3 527	5 768	2 965	1 353	521	499	-	35	14 668
Manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	623	1 297	2 170	4 289	7 534	7 722	23 597	2 023	49 255
Construction	699	1 756	3 216	3 404	4 051	2 062	2 594	135	17 917
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	1 996	5 395	8 453	10 305	11 727	4 881	4 487	693	47 937
Transport, post and telecomm.	408	1 237	1 543	2 106	3 070	2 143	3 411	102	14 020
Finance and business activities	2 102	2 632	3 483	3 842	4 493	2 829	4 471	5 137	28 989
Public and personal services	1 106	3 253	6 544	11 750	13 996	14 863	34 180	13 466	99 158
Outside Denmark	52	266	566	631	636	844	6 029	-	9 024
Agriculture, fishing and quarrying	-	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	..	..	-	..	..	-	-	-	95
Construction	..	..	-	..	..	..	-	-	137
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	..	..	-	-	-	-	-	-	17
Transport, post and telecomm.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	6 988
Finance and business activities	..	..	..	..	..	-	-	-	197
Public and personal services	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-	1 587

Table 272**Workplaces, jobs, wage and salary costs, by sector 2001**

	Workplaces at the end of November	Jobs at the end of November	Full-time employees	Annual aggregate wage and salary costs DKK mio.
Total	297 706	3 081 571	2 216 816	645 237
Private sector	270 013	2 018 120	1 376 079	414 648
Public sector, total	27 682	1 063 414	840 600	230 424
Public corporations and quasi-corporations	3 282	102 005	91 071	28 046
General government	24 400	961 409	749 529	202 378
Central government	5 455	215 142	160 365	49 555
Social security funds	121	2 654	2 354	864
Counties	2 657	207 853	173 096	48 411
Municipalities	16 167	535 760	413 714	103 548


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/07.

Table 273

Workplaces by size and sector 2001

	Jobs at workplaces at the end of November							Total
	1	2-4	5-9	10-19	20-49	50-99	100 +	
	number of workplaces							
Total	121 697	78 631	41 966	29 012	17 101	5 592	3 707	297 706
Private sector	119 776	74 531	36 984	21 670	11 854	3 122	2 076	270 013
Public sector, total	1 916	4 096	4 981	7 341	5 247	2 470	1 631	27 682
Public corporations and quasi-corporations	611	975	499	380	427	199	191	3 282
General government, total	1 305	3 121	4 482	6 961	4 820	2 271	1 440	24 400
Central government	341	1 073	1 190	1 099	965	365	422	5 455
Social security funds	25	37	18	14	14	9	4	121
Counties	84	220	392	533	728	455	245	2 657
Municipalities	855	1 791	2 882	5 315	3 113	1 442	769	16 167

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/07.

Table 274

Jobs by size of workplace and sector 2001

	Jobs at workplaces at the end of November								Total
	1	2-4	5-9	10-19	20-49	50-99	100 +	Not stated	
	number of jobs								
Total	121 697	213 150	276 875	391 404	507 465	386 250	984 266	200 464	3 081 571
Private sector	119 776	201 253	242 259	289 718	350 618	213 745	510 823	89 928	2 018 120
Public sector, total	1 916	11 887	34 611	101 669	156 847	172 505	473 443	110 536	1 063 414
Public corporations and quasi-corporations	611	2 689	3 325	5 105	13 293	13 783	62 630	569	102 005
General government, total	1 305	9 198	31 286	96 564	143 554	158 722	410 813	109 967	961 409
Central government	341	3 169	7 923	15 285	28 679	25 507	130 998	3 240	215 142
Social security funds	25	108	119	183	411	606	1 202	-	2 654
Counties	84	682	2 718	7 610	22 955	31 666	137 241	4 897	207 853
Municipalities	855	5 239	20 526	73 486	91 509	100 943	141 372	101 830	535 760

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/07

Table 275

New enterprises, turnover and number of employees 2001

	Total number of enterprises	Turnover reported for VAT	Average turnover	Enterprises with employees	Number of employees end November
	DKK thousands				
Total	16 447	9 502 787	578	2 889	9 642
Manufacturing	1 093	816 060	747	260	1 098
Construction	1 949	1 453 093	746	451	1 579
Wholesale and retail trade; hotels and restaurants	5 565	4 077 968	733	1 175	3 526
Of which: Wholesale	1 202	1 105 901	920	239	538
Retail trade	2 666	1 823 032	684	445	1 268
Hotels and restaurants	1 159	831 329	717	414	1 506
Transport, post and telecommunication	657	574 401	874	111	641
Business activities	6 037	2 206 331	365	749	2 390
Public and personal services	1 073	347 435	324	134	394
Activity not stated	73	27 500	377	9	14

Table 276

New sole proprietorships by sex and age of owner 2001

	Men				Women			
	Under 30 years	30-39 years	40+ years	Total	Under 30 years	30-39 years	40+ years	Total
Total	2 699	3 016	1 960	7 675	905	1 402	1 269	3 576
Manufacturing	137	209	114	460	54	71	69	194
Construction	458	567	264	1 289	15	27	13	55
Wholesale and retail trade; hotels and restaurants	786	858	570	2 214	344	601	611	1 556
Of which: Wholesale	103	162	117	382	37	57	70	164
Retail trade	334	395	253	982	217	391	398	1 006
Hotels and restaurants	187	171	130	488	83	141	126	350
Transport, post and telecommunication	177	159	88	424	17	15	27	59
Business activities	988	1 068	843	2 899	280	516	448	1 244
Public and personal services	146	151	75	372	191	171	100	462
Activity not stated	7	4	6	17	4	1	1	6
	per cent							
Total	35.2	39.3	25.5	100.0	25.3	39.2	35.5	100.0

Table 277**Expenses for Research & Development**

	1991	1993	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
	—mio. DKK. 2002-prices—								
Total R&D expenses	17 252	18 570	21 192	23 651	26 108	28 034	...	32 170	34 309
The public sector	7 153	7 744	9 031	9 135	9 479	9 835	...	10 107	10 545
The private sector	10 099	10 826	12 161	14 516	16 629	18 199	...	22 063	23 764
	—per cent—								
R&D-expenses in per cent of GDP	1.64	1.74	1.84	1.94	2.06	2.19	2.29	2.39	2.52
The public sector	0.68	0.72	0.79	0.75	0.73	0.77	0.76	0.74	0.77
The private sector	0.96	1.02	1.05	1.19	1.33	1.42	1.53	1.65	1.75

Source: Dansk Center for Forskningsanalyse.

Table 278**Expenses for Research & Development. Yearly growth-rate**

	1991-1993	1993-1995	1995-1997	1997-1999	1999-2001	2001-2002
	per cent					
Total	3.3	6.8	5.6	8.9	7.1	6.6
The public sector	3.6	8.0	0.6	3.8	1.4	4.3
The private sector	3.1	6.0	9.3	12.0	10.1	7.7

Source: Dansk Center for Forskningsanalyse.

Table 279**Expenses for own Research & Development, distributed by type of activity**

	1991	1993	1995	1997	1998	1999	2001
	— mio. DKK 2002-prices —						
Total	10 099	10 826	12 161	14 516	16 629	18 199	22 063
Manufacturing industry	7 108	7 138	8 257	9 163	10 735	10 992	14 332
Trade	560	573	614	1 296	1 163	1 357	892
Knowledge based services	2 116	2 740	3 016	3 557	4 280	5 367	5 960
Financial sector	27	59	69	357	243	394	564
Other activities	289	316	206	142	209	89	315

Source: Dansk Center for Forskningsanalyse.

Agriculture

1. Agriculture in Denmark

EU agricultural policies and their influence on statistics

Denmark and the other EU Member States lay down the EU agricultural policies, which constitute the overall framework for Danish agriculture. The collective agricultural policies exercise a direct and indirect influence on the incomes and decision-making behaviour of Danish farmers, and thus on the requirements made in relation to agricultural statistics.

Falling significance to the Danish economy

The significance of agriculture to the Danish economy continues to fall. The reduction in agriculture's proportionate share of the total output, employment, and exports was very rapid from the mid-1950s and up to the early 1970s. However, this decline has been more moderate since Denmark's accession to the EEC in 1973.

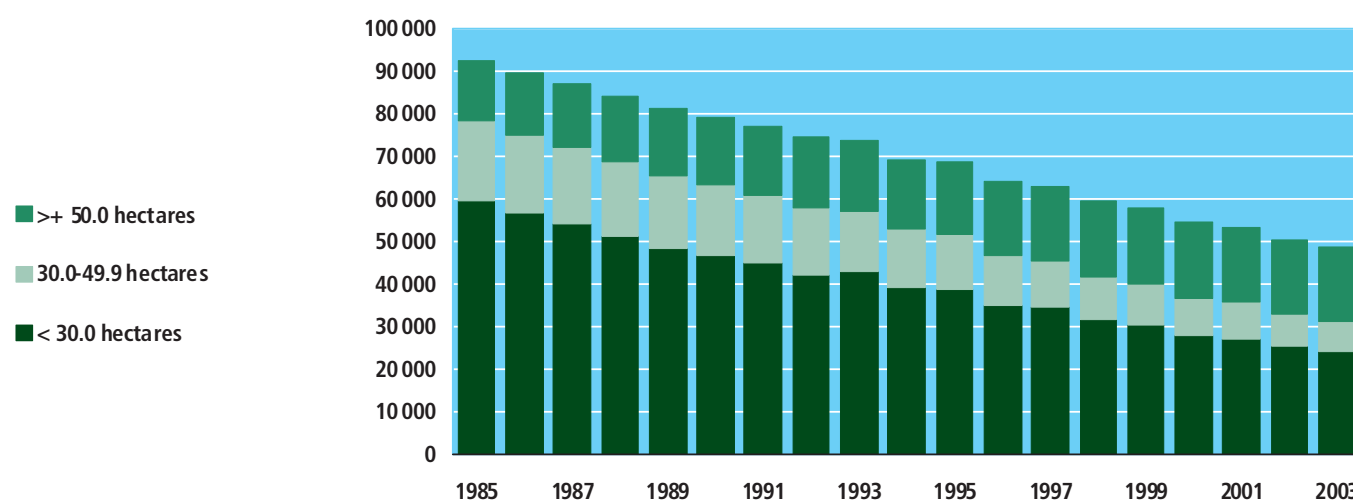
The percentage of total employment and income in Denmark accounted for by agriculture has fallen in the post-war era. However, agriculture still makes a significant contribution to the Danish economy. While the relative importance of agriculture in terms of employment and overall economy has declined, agricultural production has increased in both scope and value. Agricultural exports continue to constitute an important part of exports, accounting for approximately 13 per cent of all Danish exports.

The structure of Danish agriculture - more large farms, fewer small ones

Throughout many years, structural trends within Danish agriculture have been marked by a steady annual decline in the number of farms. During the period 1982 to 2003, the number of farms in Denmark has fallen approximately 53,000. This corresponds to a little more than a 50 per cent reduction.

Figure 1

Number of farms by area 1985-2003



The smaller farms, extending to less than 30.0 ha, constitute a significant proportion of the total number of farms. This proportion has, however, fallen from approximately 69 per cent in 1982 to 50 per cent in 2003. It should, however, be noted that these smaller farms still account for more than half of all farms in Denmark. Medium-sized farms (between 30 and 50 ha) account for more or less the same percentage of all farms when considering the entire period from 1982 to 2002: 19 per cent in 1982 and 15 per cent in 2003. Large farms of 50 ha or more have increased in number by 5,000 during the period 1982-2003. This group of farms accounted for 13 per cent of all farms in 1982, whereas the corresponding 2003 figure is 35 per cent.

Agricultural area by crop type

Danish agriculture is characterised by a wide variety of activities with one common goal: the production of food. Naturally, this variety is reflected in the use of the arable area, which comprises the production of crops used for human consumption and production of fodder for livestock which is used for food of animal origin.

Figure 2

Total arable area by crop type 1985-2003

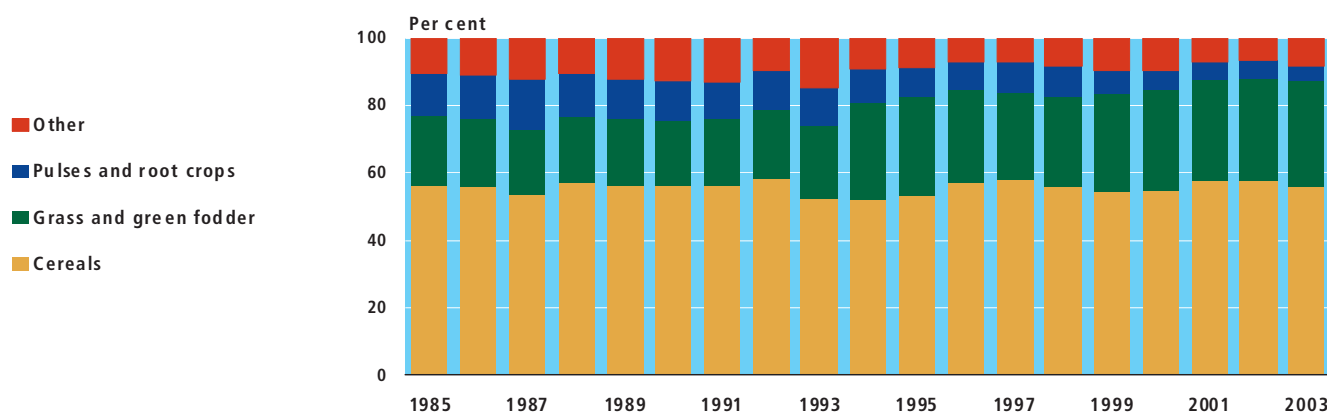
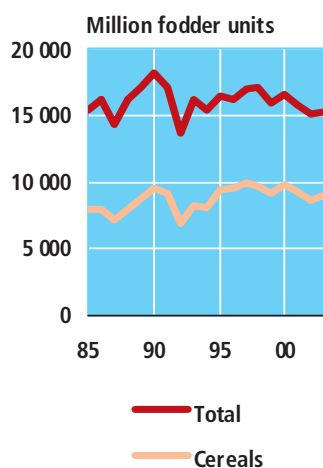


Figure 3
Crop production
1985-2003



The figure above shows the distribution of the arable area by crop type. Please note that the category "other" includes industrial seeds, seeds for sowing, horticultural products, and other areas, while "grass and green fodder" includes areas in rotation as well as areas which are not in rotation, including permanent grasslands and areas which are set aside. As shown in the figure, more than half of the agricultural area is used for cereal production, whereas between 20 and 30 per cent per is used for production of green fodder for livestock.

Crop production

Naturally, crop production is closely connected to area use. As was mentioned above, the majority of the area is used for cereal production, with the primary types of grain being barley and wheat. Thus, cereals account for the majority of the total crop production.

Crop production can be divided into three groups: Products which are used as foods, either directly or after processing; products which are used for livestock fodder; and a third group which comprises flowers, plants, and other non-food crops.

The group of foods which can be used directly comprises potatoes for human consumption, fruit, berries, and vegetables grown on fields and in greenhouses, while potatoes for flour manufacturing, beets for sugar production, and parts of the production of cereals and seeds for industrial use must be processed before being used as foods.

Crop production constitutes a natural basis for agricultural livestock production, as it is the primary source of fodder for livestock. In addition to cereals, of which a large part of production is used as pig fodder, a large variety of grass and green fodder crops are grown for cattle fodder.

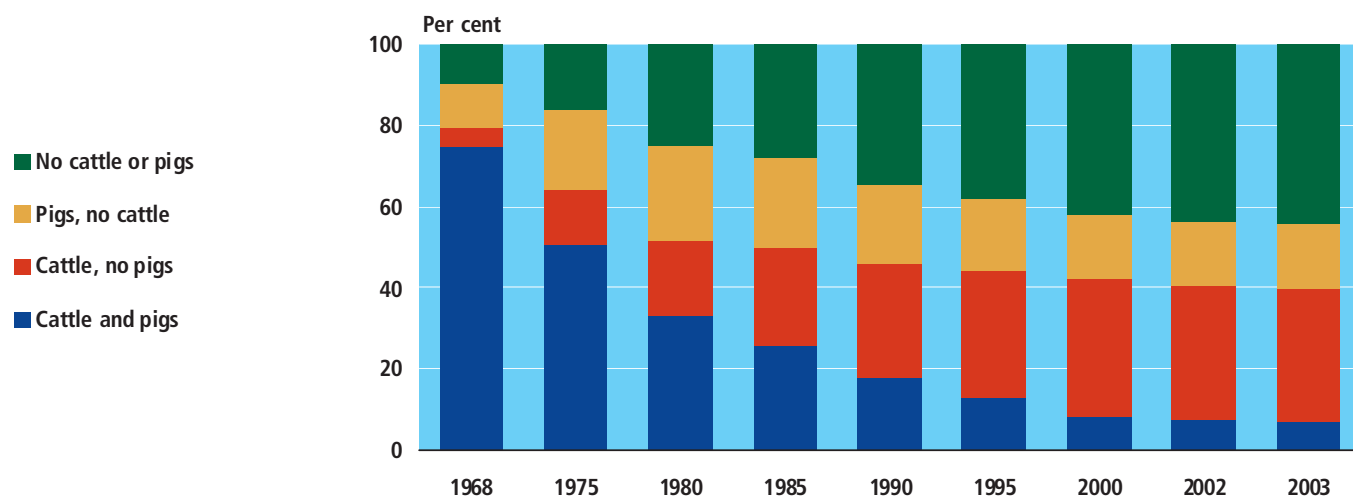
Illustrated in figure 3 are the development trends in recent years as regards total crop production, except fruit, vegetables and other horticultural products.

Livestock and livestock production

The figure below illustrates the development trends within livestock farming, as represented by the degree of specialization within the two main types of livestock farming: cattle farming and pig farming. Up until the late 1960s, it was common for farms to have different types of livestock. The next twenty years saw a significant process of specialisation, including an increase in purely crop cultivation. For example, farms with both cattle and pigs now account for only 7 per cent of all farms.

Figure 4

Degree of specialization 1968-2003

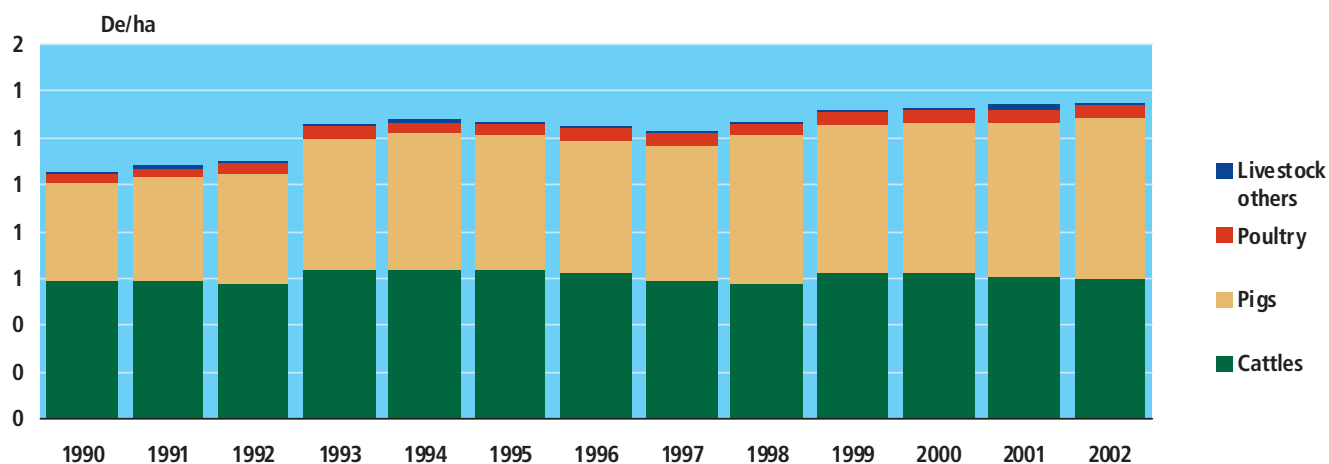


Livestock density reflects the environmental impact

Livestock density is a measurement of the number of livestock converted to livestock units in relation to the area suitable for fertilization. Livestock units reflect the quantity of nitrogen in the slurry, while the area suitable for fertilization is the land where the slurry can be spread.

The livestock density was 1.36 DE per hectare in 2002, see figure 5. This is an increase of more than 1/4, compared to the level in 1990. This increase took place from primarily 1992 to 1993, and since then there has only been a minor increase in livestock density. The reason why is that in order to claim aid per hectare, it was required to set-aside land, and against this background the area suitable for fertilization was considerably reduced.

Figur 5 Livestock density 1990-2002

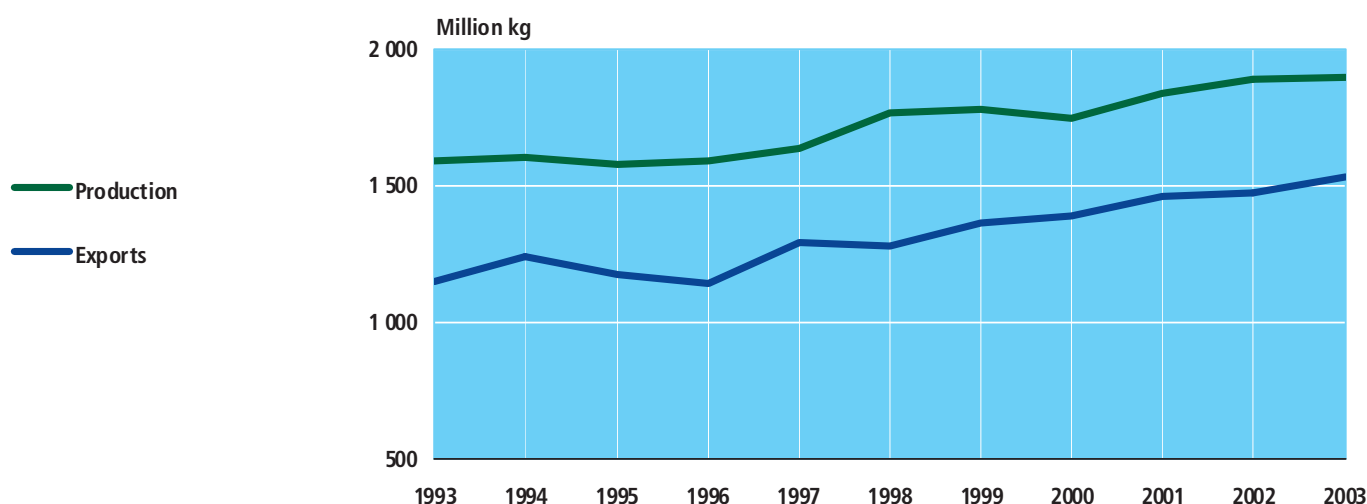


Since 1990, the contribution by cattle to livestock density has generally remained constant, while the contribution by pigs has increased. Consequently, pigs accounted for the largest contributions to livestock density in 2002. A great majority of the fertilization production stems from cattle and pigs, as the contribution of the livestock categories together accounted for 96 pct.

Pork production is the most significant factor in financial terms

The significant reduction in the number of farms with livestock does not entail a reduction in the number of farm animals. For example, the stock of pigs has increased from 6 million in 1960 to 13 million now, and the average number of farm animals at each farm has increased from 36 to 1,165 during the same period. As the number of farm animals has gone up, efficiency has increased at pig farms, and these facts combine to make pork production the most significant single element in financial terms in Denmark's agricultural production. In addition to the total production of pork, figure 6 also shows pork exports. Denmark is the world's leading exporter of pork.

Figure 6 Production and exports of pork

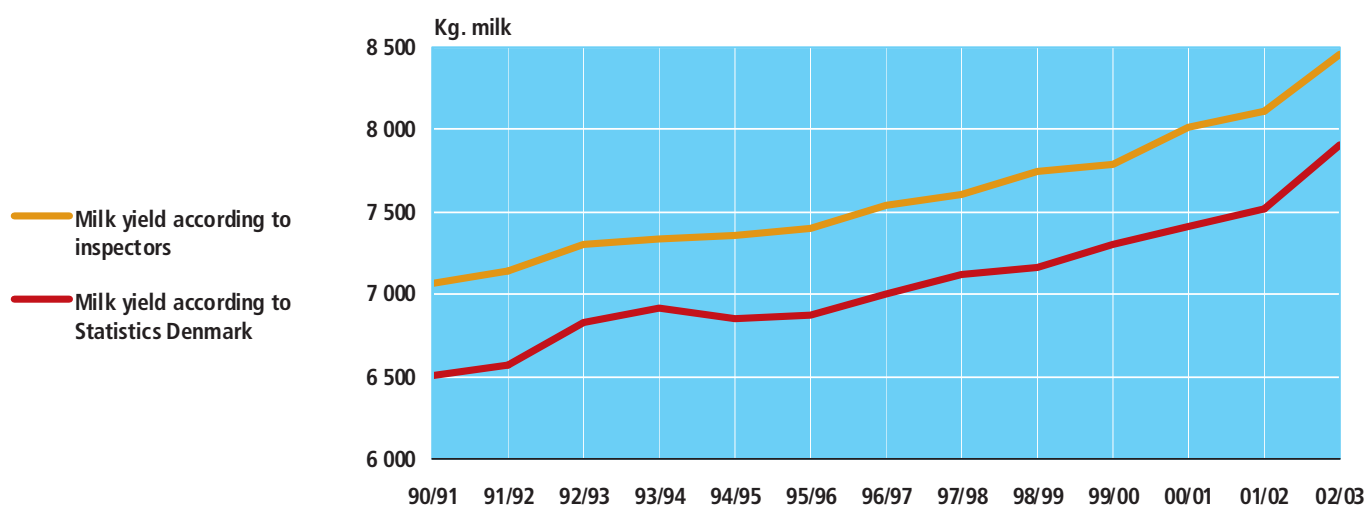


Milk production

The second largest type of agricultural production is milk. Since the middle of the 1980s, the quantities of milk produced have been determined by an EU country quota which has changed only slightly over the years. During the same period, the stock of dairy cows has fallen by one third. However, the increase in the average milk yield means that production has remained constant at 4.8 million kg. During recent years, some of this milk production has come from organic farming. The highest percentage of milk produced at organic farms as yet was in 2001, where this type of milk accounted for 10 per cent of all milk delivered to dairy plants.

Figure 7

Average milk yield per dairy cow



Note: Statistics Denmark calculates average milk yields on the basis of the total stock of dairy cows and the total milk yield. Inspectors calculate the yield from the periodic yield inspection, which covers approximately 88 per cent of the total stock of dairy cows.

The financial position of the agricultural sector

The financial circumstances of the agricultural sector can be described by preparing sector accounts for agriculture. The sector accounts can be briefly described as a statement of the production value of the agricultural sector, less the production costs involved. The sector accounts utilize three income concepts: Gross value added at producers' prices, gross value added at basic prices, and gross value added at factor cost. The difference in the three income concepts concerns incorporating the operating subsidies received by the agricultural sector and the taxes and duties paid by this sector.

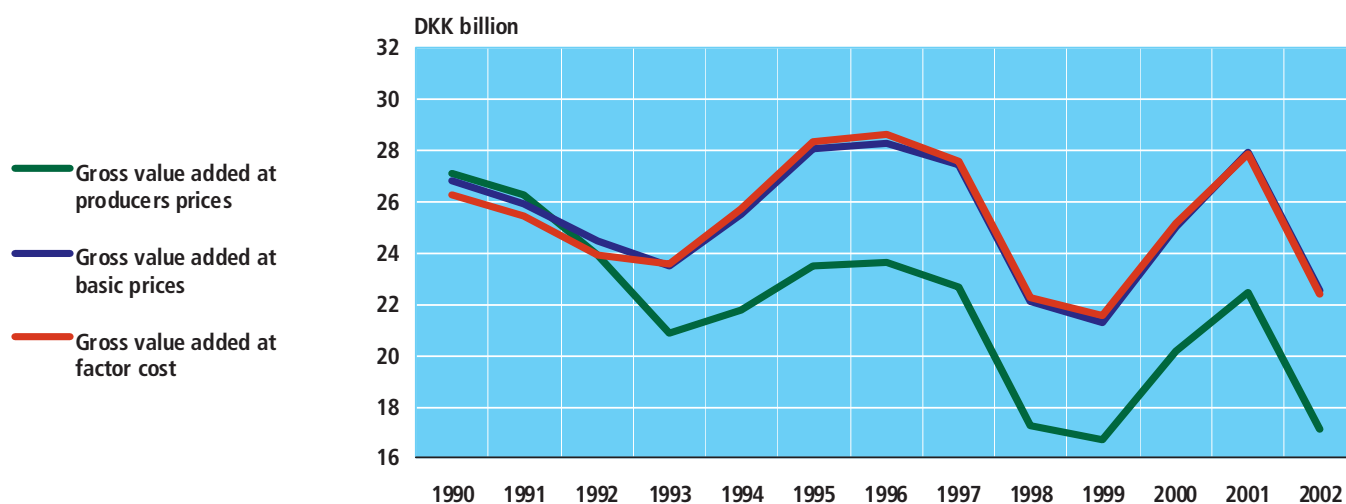
Agriculture

It appears from figure 8 that gross value added at factor cost has varied greatly over the past 10 years. The main reason is great changes in the price of pork, which is the most important product and export for Danish agriculture. The great increase in gross value added at factor cost from 2000 to 2001 has connection with the higher prices on pork, while, e.g. the value of production of beef and veal was declining.

Among EU countries, France and Italy, with about 20 pct. each, account for the largest share of total gross factor income in agriculture in the EU. In 2002, Denmark accounted for 2.1 pct. of gross factor income in the EU, while the consumption of labour in order to generate this income was only 1.2 pct. of the labour force in EU's primary agriculture. Denmark received 2.7 pct. of EU's subsidies to agriculture from the Guarantee Fund of about DKK 300 billion, whereas farmers in France received 22 pct.

Figure 8

Gross value added at producers' prices, basic prices, and at factor cost



Capital formation, liabilities and interest payments

In 2002, gross capital formation reached about DKK 8.6 billion, compared to about DKK 9.3 billion in 2001. In 2002, gross capital formation at current prices was 22 per cent higher than in 1995, as capital formation in farm buildings has increased by 57 per cent., while capital formation in machinery and equipment has only increased by 4 per cent

At the end of 2002, farmers' liabilities are estimated at DKK 157 billion, which is 5 per cent higher than in 2001 and 38 per cent higher than in 1995. In 2002, interest payments amount to almost DKK 9.9 billion, which is 3 per cent higher than in 1995. Lower interest rates and the use of new types of loan are the main reasons for the fall in interest payments, while liabilities are increasing.

7 per cent of all farms are organic

There has been a substantial increase in organic farming in Denmark during recent years. In 2002, organic farms made up about 7 per cent of all farms, whereas the 100 per cent reallocated organic area accounted for almost 6 per cent of the total agricultural area. In 1991, the organic farms only made up about 1 per cent of all farms, and the organic area only about 0.5 per cent of the total agricultural area.

2. Forestry

Forestry censuses

Denmark has a long tradition for preparing forestry statistics at regular intervals. This provides a good overview of the forestry resources. The first forestry statistics were prepared around 1800, and a total of nine forest censuses have been carried out since 1881. These statistics illustrate the development of forests as regards area, species mix, site quality, age range, etc.

The Forestry Act

Under Section 38 a (2) of the 1996 Forestry Act, the Minister for the Environment is responsible for ensuring that national statistics within the forestry area are prepared at least once every ten years. The latest published forest census took place in 2000, the date set on 1 January 2000. A new feature of this census is the collection of information on "forest-management planning" and "rejuvenation and establishment methods" for the latest ten-year period.

Figure 9

Forest area, broadleaf and conifers

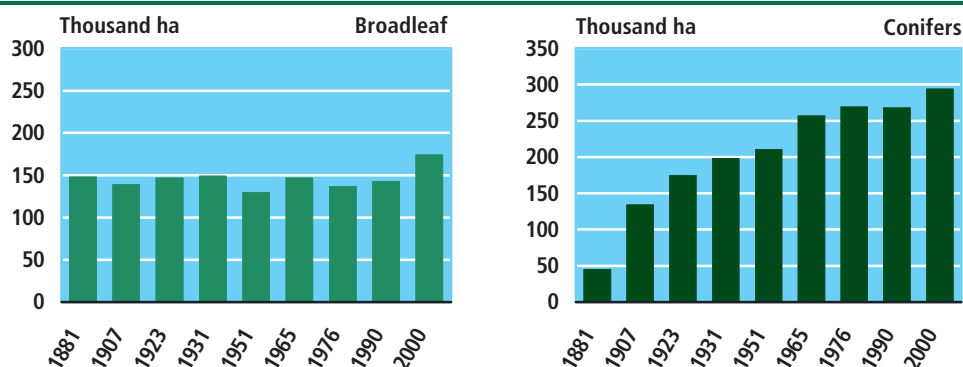
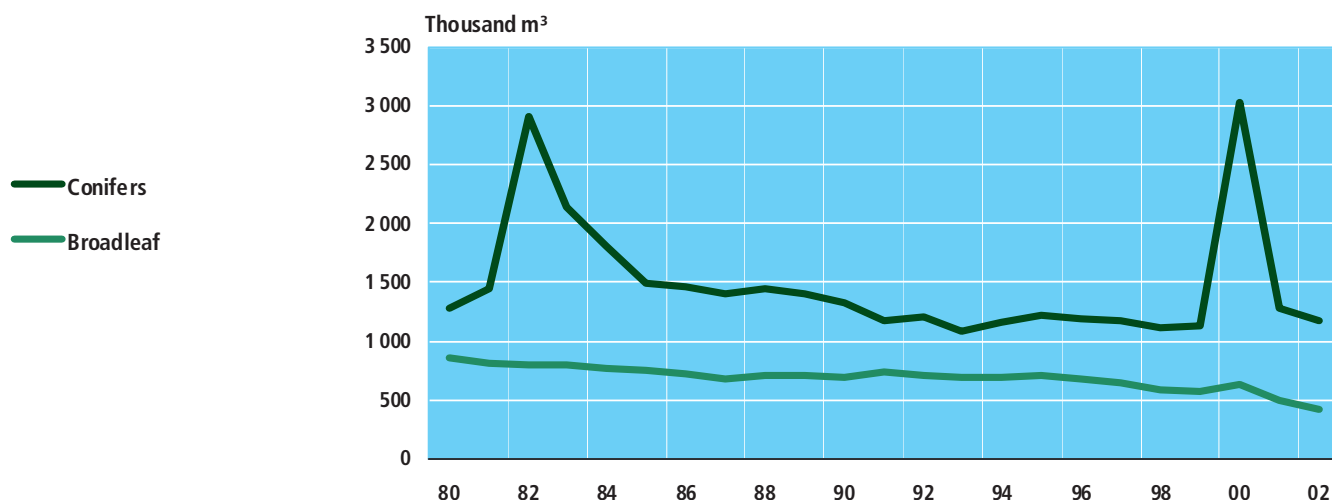


Figure 8 shows the long-term development in the forest area from 1881 to 2000. During this period, the Danish forest area was doubled – primarily by means of an increase in the area with conifers. As regards future developments, the 1997 Nature Protection Act lays down a set of objectives which include an additional doubling of Danish forests area during a period which corresponds to a tree generation (approximately 100 years).

Forest production

Forest production of timber is measured by means of the annual felling statistics. During the last 21 years, production from conifers has been dominant. The storm damage of 1981 and 1999 has a marked effect on the felling of conifers.

Figure 10 Felling 1881-2003



3. Fishing

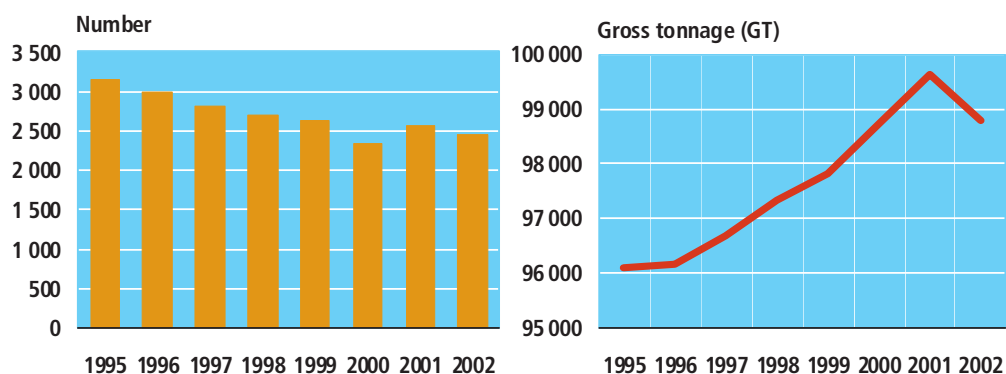
Common EU fishing policies

The common fishing policies of the European Union constitute the framework for Danish fishing. This framework includes a system which aims to preserve and utilize the biological resources of the sea through regulation of catches by means of quotas.

The fishing fleet

The Danish fishing fleet consists of those vessels which are registered in Denmark as fishing vessels. In order for a vessel to be registered as a fishing vessel, the Danish Directorate of Fisheries must authorize use of such a vessel for commercial fishing. As part of the ongoing structural measures within the fishing industry aimed at adapting the capacity of the fishing fleet to the fishing opportunities, public subsidies are available for discontinuing fishing vessels. As a result, a large number of vessels have ceased to be part of the fishing fleet. Developments in the number of Danish vessels for commercial fishing with a length of 6 metres and over are shown in the figure below.

Figure 11 The Danish fishing fleet

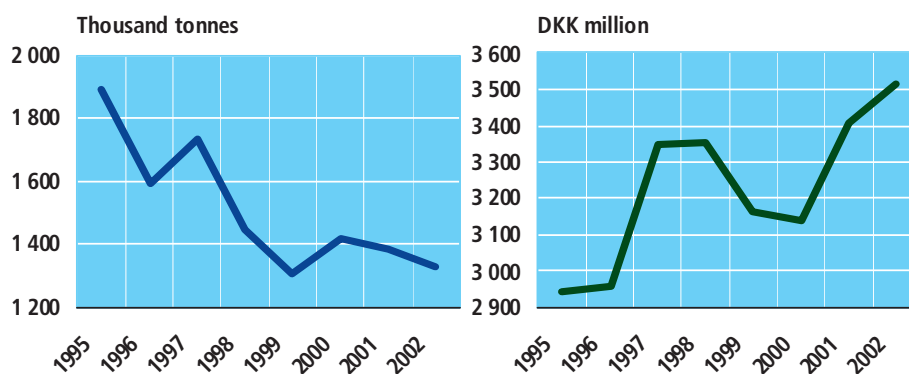


Salt-water fishing

The total catch by Danish fishermen from salt-water fishing has fallen in terms of quantities during the period 1995-2002: from 1.9 million tonnes in 1995 to 1.3 million tonnes in 2002. During this period, the value of the catch has increased from DKK 2.9 billion in 1995 to DKK 3.5 billion in 2002.

Figure 12

Salt-water fishing - total catch by Danish fishermen by quantity and value



Fishing vessels

Statistics on the Danish stock of fishing vessels, fish resources and fishing, catches and fish market as well as the aquaculture are prepared by the Danish Directorate of Fisheries, which maintains records of Danish fishing vessels and prepares statistics on the basis of sales of fish, crustaceans and molluscs at the first transaction link.

Statistics Denmark prepares statistics on fish-processing enterprises, wholesale and retail enterprises, exports of fish and fish products, and prepares sector accounts in connection with the National Accounts.

Table 280

Farms and agricultural area

	1980	2002	2003			
	number of farms					
Total number of farms	119 155	50 531	48 613			
Copenhagen County	}	}	}			
Frederiksborg County				6 337	3 129	2 906
Roskilde County						
West Zealand County	9 510	4 236	4 037			
Storstrøm County	8 807	3 444	3 280			
Bornholm Municipality	2 029	606	636			
Funen County	12 805	4 570	4 400			
South Jutland County	8 707	4 274	4 091			
Ribe County	7 727	3 626	3 494			
Vejle County	8 809	3 688	3 512			
Ringkøbing County	11 598	5 027	4 938			
Århus County	12 665	5 389	5 158			
Viborg County	12 485	5 550	5 325			
North Jutland County	17 676	6 991	6 836			
Under 10.0 ha agricultural area	36 196	9 650	9 829			
10.0 –19.9 ha	30 838	9 752	8 843			
20.0 –29.9 ha	20 850	6 256	5 603			
30.0 –49.9 ha	19 506	7 369	7 159			
50.0 –99.9 ha	9 616	9 880	9 498			
100.0 ha +	2 149	7 624	7 683			
	ha					
Total agricultural area of farms	2 904 745	2 665 507	2 657 706			
Copenhagen County	}	}	}			
Frederiksborg County				132 111	117 935	112 834
Roskilde County						
West Zealand County	209 795	192 795	192 204			
Storstrøm County	249 588	235 435	235 136			
Bornholm Municipality	37 200	32 016	33 797			
Funen County	250 648	233 295	227 714			
South Jutland County	290 129	282 723	279 441			
Ribe County	210 729	192 185	189 478			
Vejle County	205 805	177 441	183 287			
Ringkøbing County	322 547	297 270	299 919			
Århus County	297 046	266 743	263 229			
Viborg County	276 334	254 168	254 637			
North Jutland County	422 812	383 500	386 031			
Under 10.0 ha agricultural area	37 740	59 733	60 717			
10.0 –19.9 ha	447 535	142 454	128 162			
20.0 –29.9 ha	509 476	154 878	138 240			
30.0 –49.9 ha	739 268	285 302	278 753			
50.0 –99.9 ha	631 294	700 622	678 624			
100.0 ha +	389 434	1 322 518	1 373 209			

Note. From 1983 includes agricultural and horticultural surveys - farms with at least 5 ha cultivated area, or with agricultural production which at least corresponds to this. Up to and including 1982 the threshold limit was 0.5 ha. Because of rounding, the total do not necessarily agree with the individual figures.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bdf

Table 281**Farms with area in tenancy 2003**

	Agricultural area of farm						Total
	Under 10.0 ha	10.0-19.9 ha	20.0-29.9 ha	30.0-49.9 ha	50.0-99.9 ha	100.0 ha +	
	number of farms						
Farms without tenant area	8 378	5 936	3 159	2 859	1 707	564	22 602
Farms with tenant area	1 451	2 907	2 444	4 300	7 790	7 119	26 011
	ha						
Area in tenancy	4 985	18 445	21 311	53 601	176 355	477 964	752 661
Average tenant area per farm	3.4	6.3	8.7	12.5	22.6	67.1	28.9


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bdf2

Table 282

Farms by type of farming and county 2003

	Field crops	Horti- culture	Fruit etc.	Cattle etc.	Pigs and poultry	Mixed crop production	Mixed livestock	Crop production and livestock	All types of farming
	number of farms								
All Denmark	23 718	878	579	9 743	3 190	1 275	960	8 270	48 613
Copenhagen Region	1 844	136	75	394	41	85	21	311	2 906
West Zealand County	2 623	60	65	372	151	164	39	563	4 037
Storstrøm County	2 366	39	46	195	100	118	15	400	3 280
Bornholm Municipality	326	3	2	83	49	26	16	130	636
Funen County	2 135	318	191	599	277	175	54	651	4 400
South Jutland County	1 620	31	14	1 212	344	65	92	713	4 091
Ribe County	1 435	31	14	1 158	171	51	77	558	3 494
Vejle County	1 643	31	36	747	281	76	69	628	3 512
Ringkøbing County	2 051	26	17	1 266	497	88	92	900	4 938
Århus County	2 702	108	52	788	340	163	121	885	5 158
Viborg County	2 186	45	31	1 216	462	122	161	1 101	5 325
North Jutland County	2 786	50	36	1 714	478	141	202	1 428	6 833


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bdf

Table 283**Fur farms on agricultural farms**

	1989	1995	1997	1999	2000	2001	2002
Fur farms	5 217	3 049	2 890	2 553	2 523	2 455	2 374
Of which, fur farms on agricultural farms	2 710	1 705	1 645	1 483	1 441	1 408	1 377
Percentage of fur farms on agricultural farms	51.9	55.9	56.9	58.1	57.1	57.4	58.0

Table 284**Organic farms by area**

	2001		2002	
	Organic farms	Percentage of all farms	Organic farms	Percentage of all farms
	number	per cent	number	per cent
Total	3 525	6.6	3 714	7.3
Under 10 ha	906	8.7	1 052	10.9
10.0-19.9 ha	660	6.5	663	6.8
20.0-29.9 ha	367	5.5	394	6.3
30.0-49.9 ha	418	4.9	435	5.9
50.0-99.9 ha	636	6.0	628	6.4
100.0 ha +	538	7.7	542	7.1

Source: Danish Plant Directorate.

Table 285

Land use of organic farms 2002

	Organic farms	All farms	Organic farms	All farms	Organic area as pct. of total area
	ha		per cent		
Total area¹	146 819	2 665 507	100.0	100.0	5.5
Cereals	45 613	1 531 443	31.1	57.5	3.0
Pulses	5 205	40 184	3.5	1.5	13.0
Root crops	1 095	105 410	0.7	4.0	1.0
Seeds for industrial use ²	920	63 263	0.6	2.4	1.5
Seeds for sowing	2 582	71 040	1.8	2.7	3.6
Grass and green fodder ³	85 480	607 369	58.2	22.8	14.1
Horticultural products	1 263	19 478	0.9	0.7	6.5
Set aside	4 311	225 484	2.9	8.5	1.9
Other crops	350	1 834	0.2	0.1	19.1

Note. Crop figures for organic farms apply to areas which have been fully converted to organic production.

¹ Excl. forests, greenhouses, farmyards, and similar. ² Excl. non food crops with set-aside subsidies. ³ Excl. grass with set-aside subsidies.

Source: Danish Plant Directorate.

Table 286**Livestock on organic farms**

	Number of herds 2001		Number of herds 2002	
	Organic	Per cent of all farms	Organic	Per cent of all farms
Dairy cows	789	8.1	718	8.1
Breeding cows	860	7.4	860	7.8
Pigs	400	3.1	364	3.1
Sheep	619	18.0	593	21.4
Chickens	468	11.2	465	12.0

Source: Danish Plant Directorate.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/oeko1

Table 287**Milk production in organic farms**

	Farms	Quota scheme	Proportion of total quota scheme
	number	mio. kg	per cent
1990	63	18	0
1993	132	39	1
1994	140	47	1
1995	147	50	1
1996	329	129	3
1997	430	183	4
1998	672	333	7
1999	751	395	9
2000	827	456	10
2001	749	440	10
2002	695	433	10
2003	636	425	10

www.statbank.dk/oeko1 and [ani7](http://www.statbank.dk/ani7)

Table 288**Egg production in organic farms**

	Farms	Production	Proportion of total production
	number	mio. kg	per cent
1996	364	3.4	5
1997	478	3.8	6
1998	567	5.5	10
1999	580	6.3	12
2000	542	5.9	13
2001	468	7.0	13
2002	465	7.3	14

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/oeko1 and ani8

Table 289

Agricultural area by type of crop

	2001	2002	2003
	ha		
Total agricultural area	2 675 566	2 665 507	2 657 706
Cereals	1 536 516	1 531 443	1 487 312
Pulses	31 964	40 184	31 356
Root crops	107 811	105 410	93 637
Seeds for industrial use	80 047	84 025	106 488
Seeds for sowing	84 958	71 040	87 193
Grass and green fodder in rotation	436 932	429 823	444 303
Horticultural products	20 880	19 479	20 889
Other crops	940	1 834	2 309
Permanent grassland	375 519	382 267	384 219
Set aside ¹	221 922	225 484	227 617
Total arable area in per cent	100.0	100.0	100.0
Cereals	57.4	57.5	56.0
Pulses	1.2	1.5	1.2
Root crops	4.0	4.0	3.5
Seeds for industrial use	3.0	3.2	4.0
Seeds for sowing	3.2	2.7	3.3
Grass and green fodder in rotation	16.3	16.1	16.7
Horticultural products	0.8	0.7	0.8
Other crops	0.0	0.1	0.1
Permanent grassland	14.0	14.3	14.5
Set aside ¹	8.3	8.5	8.6

¹ Set-aside areas with prior subsidy are also included under grass areas and seeds for industrial use (except areas with non food).

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/afg

Table 290

Raw materials consumption in agriculture

	1999/00	2000/01	2001/02	2002/03*
	million FU ¹			
Feeding stuffs, total	15 192	15 297	15 420	14 928
Fodder concentrates				
Cereals, total (incl. bran etc.)	6 690	6 729	6 986	7 005
Oil-cake, oil-meal, etc.	2 573	2 615	2 662	2 441
Other vegetable products, total	686	608	449	479
Meat-and-bone meal, fish meal etc.	556	524	513	692
Milk and milk products	147	154	153	151
Coarse fodder				
Roots, total	730	588	516	441
Beet tops	41	29	27	6
Grass and green fodder	3 389	3 659	3 786	3 541
Straw	378	391	328	177
Commercial fertilizers				
	thousand tons			
Contents of pure nutrients				
Nitrogen	252	234	211	201
Phosphorus	18	16	15	14
Potassium	73	65	64	62
Pesticides, total				
	tons			
Contents of active substances	2 858	2 962	2 976	2 868
Against weeds	1 937	2 073	2 135	2 105
Against fungi	665	588	568	574
Against insects	44	45	46	43
Growth regulation products	213	257	228	146

¹ 1 feed unit = feed value of 1,04 kg barley.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/08

Table 291

Crop production

	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003
	— thousand tonnes —		— mio. feed units ¹ —		— Hkg per ha —	
Total crop production	•	•	15 129	15 253	•	•
Cereals (grain), total	8 807	9 051	8 682	8 966	58	61
Winter wheat	4 013	4 647	4 137	4 790	71	71
Spring wheat	46	55	48	57	42	44
Rye	230	169	230	169	49	51
Triticale	122	146	124	149	48	52
Winter barley	654	769	623	732	56	59
Spring barley	3 466	3 007	3 301	2 864	49	52
Oats	276	260	219	206	50	53
Rape, total	218	354	369	600	26	33
Winter rape	208	346	352	586	27	34
Spring rape	10	8	17	14	16	20
Pulses²	150	124	163	135	37	40
Straw, total	3 663	3 416	690	640	35	34
of which straw of cereals	3 623	3 359	679	626	35	34
Roots, total	5 606	4 816	1 223	1 060	532	514
Seed potatoes	104	99	20	19	306	296
Potatoes for flour manufacturing	915	883	249	240	447	432
Potatoes for human consumption	485	429	95	84	351	351
Beets for sugar production	3 385	2 857	733	618	586	576
Fodder sugar beets and other roots for fodder	717	547	127	98	720	683
Tops	59	41	6	4	86	72
Grass and green fodder, total	20 867	19 386	3 997	3 847	•	•

¹ One feed unit = feed value of 0.97 kg wheat, 1.00 kg rye, 0.98 kg triticale, 1.05 kg barley, 1.26 kg oats, 0.92 kg pulses, 0.59 kg rape. A feed unit for straw is calculated as 5.5 kg wheat, 7.5 rye straw, 5 kg barley, 5.5 oats and triticale straw. For roots the calculation is based on the content of dry matter, and 1 feed unit equals 1 kg dry matter potatoes and 1.1 kg dry matter roots. ² Includes fodder peas and broad beans.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/hst6 and [hst7](http://www.statbank.dk/hst7)

Table 292

National supply and disposition of cereals

	2001	2002*	2003*
	thousand tons		
Crop production less waste	9 140	8 543	8 832
Imports	669	926	819
Stocks at beginning of period	5 844	6 190	5 977
Total, available	15 653	15 658	15 628
Exports	1 796	1 777	1 762
Used for sowing	299	295	288
Industrial uses	818	834	857
Stocks at end of period	6 190	5 977	5 837
Used for feeding	6 551	6 774	6 883


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/korn

Table 293**Livestock**

	1980	2002	2003
Horses	49 596	38 136	42 707
Cattle, total	2 960 926	1 796 118	1 724 409
Cows	1 104 468	729 946	708 141
Of which dairy cows	1 039 623	609 602	596 034
Of which cows kept for suckling	64 845	120 344	112 107
Pigs, total	9 956 800	12 732 035	12 948 944
Sows, total	1 070 927	1 128 055	1 148 589
Pigs for slaughtering	2 449 211	3 502 465	3 528 735
Sheep, total	55 748	131 063	143 699
Poultry	————— thousands —————		
Fowls, total	14 243	19 734	17 152
Of which hens	4 563	3 653	3 701
Of which chickens for slaughtering	7 533	15 129	12 211
Turkeys	382	552	376
Ducks	802	291	260
Geese	82	3	8


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/hdyr og [hdyr1](http://www.statbank.dk/hdyr1)

Table 294

Livestock in regions 2003

	The Islands east of the Great Belt	Funen	Jutland	Total
Horses	13 175	2 947	26 585	42 707
Cattle, total	135 929	110 656	1 477 824	1 724 409
Cows	52 747	46 556	608 838	708 141
Of which dairy cows	34 660	41 792	519 582	596 034
Of which cows kept for suckling	18 087	4 764	89 256	112 107
Pigs, total	1 703 342	1 236 997	10 008 606	12 948 944
Sows, total	150 987	108 146	889 457	1 148 589
Pigs for slaughtering	476 326	348 692	2 703 716	3 528 735
Sheep, total	42 287	6 998	94 414	143 699
Poultry	————— thousands —————			
Fowls, total	1 324	1 039	14 789	17 152
Of which hens	738	288	2 676	3 701
Of which chickens for slaughtering	187	698	11 325	12 211
Turkeys	75	0	300	376
Ducks	4	8	248	260
Geese	4	0	4	8

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/hdyr

Table 295**Farms employing permanent workers 2003**

	Agricultural area of farm						Total
	Under 10.0 ha	10.0-19.9 ha	20.0-29.9 ha	30.0-49.9 ha	50.0-99.9 ha	100.0 ha +	
Farms employing permanent workers	1 320	964	736	1 390	3 792	5 744	13 946
As per cent of total	13	11	13	19	40	75	29
Permanent workers¹	5 352	1 491	1 159	2 069	5 563	12 597	28 232

¹ Includes relations (but not school children), non-family workers, and co-owners of farms which are operated by more than one person and these co-owners work at the farm themselves.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bdf3

Table 296

Livestock density on holdings with livestock 2002

	Holdings	Livestock units ¹	Area	Livestock density
	number	de	ha	de per ha
All Denmark	34 042	2 512 526	1 852 982	1.36
Copenhagen region	1 645	39 721	59 366	0.67
West Zealand County	2 499	109 381	112 802	0.97
Storstrøm County	1 714	97 474	112 845	0.86
Bornholm Municipality	438	34 209	24 612	1.39
Funen County	2 545	199 603	146 834	1.36
South Jutland County	3 293	321 478	219 999	1.46
Ribe County	2 554	207 285	145 367	1.43
Vejle County	2 548	189 597	127 542	1.49
Ringkøbing County	3 666	351 992	224 572	1.57
Århus County	3 538	230 269	183 460	1.26
Viborg County	4 342	319 706	209 424	1.53
North Jutland County	5 259	411 810	286 160	1.44
Type of farm				
Pig farms	7 714	1 204 755	607 075	1.98
Cattle farms	12 511	1 009 128	673 807	1.50
Poultry farms	384	84 288	23 553	3.58
Other livestock farms	1 778	114 376	73 848	1.55
Plant growers with livestock	11 655	99 980	474 699	0.21

Note. The type of farms are defined from the number of livestock units from pigs, cattle, poultry etc.

¹ A livestock unit (de) for cattle corresponds to 100 kilos of nitrogen in the manure ab stock and for the other livestock to 132.76 kilos nitrogen in the manure ab stock.

 For further information www.statbank.dk/brug2

Table 297

Fur farming

	2001	2002	2003
Number of fur farms¹	number of animals		
Minks	2 095	2 035	1 998
Foxes	86	75	60
Chinchilla	130	130	108
Number of breeding females			
Minks	2 278 000	2 385 000	2 440 000
Of which scanglow/brown	1 092 000	941 000	972 201
Foxes	9 150	8 300	7 500
Of which blue foxes	5 400	5 300	3 800
Chinchilla	14 300	15 400	15 000
Production of pelts	thousand pelts		
Minks	12 200	12 200	12 200
Foxes	40	40	34
Other furred animals	29	24	30
Average price	DKK per pelt		
Minks	212	180	191
Foxes	539	483	483
Other furred animals	179	151	148
Value of pelts	DKK mio.		
Value of sales, total	2 607	2 164	2 344
Minks	2 580	2 141	2 324
Foxes	22	19	16
Other furred animals	5	4	4
Value of changes in livestock	27	9	...

¹ Farms which have several of the species are included in the figures for each of these species.

Source: Danish Fur Breeders' Association.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/ani3 and lbfi

Table 298

Output and exports of livestock products

	Production			Exports		
	2001	2002	2003	2001	2002	2003*
Natural milk	thousand tons					
Milk	4 553	4 590	4 675	5	2	10
	kg					
Milk yield per dairy cow	7 204	7 460	7 772	•	•	•
	per cent					
Average fat content	4.33	4.29	4.30	•	•	•
Average protein content	3.41	3.40	3.40	•	•	•
Dairy products	mio. kg					
Butter	47	49	53	41	48	58
Cheese	318	320	326	243	241	245
Whole milk and cream powder	88	81	82	64	69	79
Skim milk powder	40	42	44	10	11	13
Eggs (incl. eggs for hatching)	81	81	126	19	11	13
Meat¹ (incl. edible offal)						
Beef and veal	169	169	161	99	109	93
Pork	1 836	1 892	1 899	1 568	1 609	1 668
Poultry meat	218	219	205	125	129	126
Horsemeat	1	1	1	0	0	0
Mutton and lamb	2	2	2	1	0	1
Meat, total	2 226	2 283	2 268	1 793	1 847	1 888
Of which, edible offal	89	91	91	70	81	83
Game meat	3	3	3	0	0	0
Edible tallow and lard	75	76	76	32	28	26

Note. Production figures for milk, eggs and meat include producers own use for consumption and for sale direct to the consumer. Milk also includes amounts used for fodder.

¹ Incl. export of live animals for slaughtering.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/08 and 13

Table 299

Official prices of barley and wheat (for the regulation of farm rents)

	Barley		Wheat	
	2002	2003	2002	2003
	DKK per 100 kg			
National average	81.58	89.55	71.19	84.45
Regions:				
Copenhagen, Frederiksborg, Roskilde, West Zealand and Storstrøm Counties (excl. municipalities in Lolland-Falster)	87.15	91.13	68.75	81.76
Municipalities in Lolland-Falster	88.49	95.93	69.76	81.27
Bornholm Municipality	73.27	76.51	68.73	75.97
Funen County	85.12	89.41	74.11	85.28
South Jutland County	77.21	87.27	72.08	85.39
Vejle and Århus Counties	78.96	89.69	70.57	87.00
Ribe and Ringkøbing Counties	78.63	88.17	74.47	88.64
Viborg and North Jutland Counties	77.60	86.52	71.82	85.41

Note. Prices for barley and wheat are average prices for 100 kg dry and cleaned barley or wheat which farmers have earned from sales to cereal merchants in the period from July to the end of December in the relevant year.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/kapit1

Table 300

Agricultural sales and intermediate consumption

	Weights (1995 values)	Quantity indices			Price indices		
		1999	2000	2001*	1999	2000	2001*
		per cent ————— 1995=100 —————					
Agricultural products sold, total	100.0	102.0	104.6	104.7	95.4	102.5	93.3
Crop products, total	37.3	97.1	99.9	97.0	93.7	97.2	94.1
Cereals, total	15.1	96.6	108.3	103.8	87.0	89.3	80.2
Of which: Wheat	7.4	100.9	107.4	99.4	88.1	91.0	81.3
Barley	6.7	95.5	112.3	109.7	84.9	88.2	79.7
Pulses, ripened	0.5	49.3	40.4	55.4	102.5	114.9	116.9
Seeds for sowing	1.1	107.2	109.7	99.7	108.2	103.4	112.9
Industrial seeds	0.9	93.9	66.4	66.4	98.2	115.6	115.3
Sugar beets	1.9	106.3	102.9	106.7	102.0	95.9	88.3
Potatoes	2.1	100.9	97.6	100.8	77.5	88.2	79.4
Vegetables, fruit and berries	1.8	109.6	105.6	105.2	107.0	114.9	122.7
Flowers and potted plants	4.2	100.8	98.9	99.2	106.3	110.1	113.0
Nursery products	1.0	93.7	85.9	61.8	109.8	132.0	139.9
Christmas trees	0.1	98.9	44.9	45.2	87.8	87.4	87.0
Other crop products	8.8	93.0	92.4	89.3	94.4	96.3	97.3
Livestock products, total	62.7	105.0	107.4	109.2	96.5	105.7	92.9
Natural milk	20.2	101.0	97.3	98.1	101.3	105.0	104.6
Eggs for human consumption	1.0	73.8	81.0	82.1	134.3	142.4	138.2
Meat and live animals, total	37.6	106.4	110.9	113.6	94.5	107.3	87.4
Of which: Cattle	6.4	83.9	82.2	82.7	84.5	71.8	69.8
Pigs	28.9	110.8	116.4	120.1	97.0	115.6	90.7
Poultry	2.1	113.6	123.3	118.0	90.9	101.1	95.3
Furred animals	3.8	120.8	133.7	133.7	80.1	84.7	72.8
Other livestock products	0.1	96.7	92.4	92.9	90.5	92.5	85.8
Intermediate consumption, total	100.0	104.8	105.3	104.1	102.7	108.4	108.1
Seeds	4.4	97.8	99.6	97.3	104.3	108.4	113.2
Feeding stuffs, total	54.2	110.0	108.6	107.9	92.5	99.3	98.5
Straight feed	28.6	113.1	111.4	113.6	91.8	95.5	92.4
Compound feed	25.6	106.5	105.4	101.6	93.3	103.6	105.3
Fertilizers, total	5.7	80.6	73.4	68.3	97.4	115.8	106.6
Other intermediate consumption	35.7	101.5	106.0	105.0	118.9	121.1	122.4
Pesticides	3.4	74.4	75.5	90.8	133.6	136.1	122.0
Energy	4.2	105.1	107.0	102.0	156.2	154.6	153.5
Repairs and maintenance	9.6	93.9	93.7	88.2	112.1	114.7	118.0
Other raw materials	0.6	87.5	91.2	100.9	105.4	107.7	99.1
Contract work, agricultural sector	5.7	99.3	105.1	105.3	116.1	119.6	122.3
Services, other industries	12.1	115.7	125.2	123.3	109.1	111.6	116.5

Note. The table includes the extended agricultural sector, i.e. agriculture, horticulture, fur farming, hunting, and bee-keeping. Agricultural products are gross sales of the individual products, including internal consumption of crop products, producers' private consumption of own produce and sales to middlemen. The intermediate consumption are gross buying of raw materials and other direct input in the production, including buying from middlemen, intra-used vegetable production, costs for maintenance and services. The price indices stated are calculated on the basis of developments in a representative sample of prices for the individual products. The indices are calculated as Laspeyres indices with 1995 as the base year. Some indices on quantities are calculated based on values and prices.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/piprisand mipris

Table 301

Accounts of Danish farms 2002

	Agricultural area of farm					All farms
	Under 20.0 ha	20.0-29.9 ha	30.0-49.9 ha	50.0-99.9 ha	100.0 ha +	
	1,000 DKK pr. farm					
Gross output, total	445.3	317.3	674.5	1 478.4	3 459.2	1 227.7
Cereals	22.4	52.0	69.1	116.4	354.3	115.1
Peas	0.5	1.0	2.1	3.7	11.7	3.5
Rape seeds	1.0	1.8	2.8	5.7	21.8	6.2
Seeds for sowing	-	2.0	1.8	9.6	37.6	9.1
Potatoes	0.5	0.1	1.8	7.0	28.1	6.6
Potatoes for manufacturing	-	0.3	1.4	6.1	47.1	9.8
Sugar beets	2.8	4.3	14.8	25.6	83.4	23.8
Green crops for drying	0.1	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.7	0.5
Horticultural crops	0.9	0.9	0.5	3.3	11.6	3.4
Non-food	0.1	0.3	1.0	2.1	4.3	1.5
Other crops	2.3	3.9	9.3	20.5	63.0	18.9
Subsidies for plant production	21.8	46.7	72.4	137.8	361.0	120.9
Milk	15.3	49.7	148.2	474.3	657.1	261.5
Other cattle products	20.2	18.3	37.3	74.3	95.7	47.7
Subsidies for cattle	19.5	10.9	32.2	39.1	51.1	28.4
Pigs	97.6	61.7	149.0	441.7	1359.3	406.7
Poultry	46.7	15.6	44.8	36.0	98.0	45.0
Furred animals	173.2	25.3	44.1	9.5	21.5	60.8
Other livestock	1.7	0.7	1.3	1.0	1.0	1.1
Livestock, miscellaneous	0.9	1.5	0.9	0.3	1.3	1.0
Subsidies for other livestock	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2
Other sources	15.4	15.0	28.9	45.6	119.5	43.5
General subsidies	2.1	4.2	9.9	18.0	30.1	12.4
Costs, total	388.6	284.6	564.1	1 150.4	2 731.9	987.4
Seeds for sowing	5.5	9.6	16.5	32.6	79.8	27.3
Fertilizers	7.1	14.2	20.0	33.2	82.8	29.7
Manure, purchased	-	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.3
Chemicals	3.7	9.2	15.9	29.8	87.7	27.3
Concentrates	157.6	71.3	174.4	379.9	852.5	318.1
Roughage	6.0	3.3	13.7	28.7	44.1	18.0
Energy	11.1	9.9	19.5	39.8	98.8	34.2
Fees for use of water	1.1	0.7	1.9	3.4	7.5	2.9
Maintenance	28.5	29.9	46.3	90.8	216.5	79.8
Contract operations	17.4	21.9	37.4	76.9	140.9	57.1
Drying and stocking	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.2
Other costs of plant production	2.2	4.3	6.7	11.4	22.5	9.0
Vet. service and medicine	8.2	5.5	13.1	31.6	62.5	23.4
Control association	0.3	0.8	1.9	5.3	8.8	3.3
Insemination	2.2	1.7	5.4	13.3	27.2	9.6
Other costs, livestock production	13.8	5.0	11.7	21.5	41.5	18.7
Insurances	10.4	12.0	17.0	26.0	49.7	22.2
Private car	9.3	9.2	11.7	15.2	27.2	14.1
Miscellaneous	21.0	19.1	25.2	36.6	66.6	33.0
Depreciations	49.5	43.1	87.9	184.8	440.5	155.1
Paid labour	26.5	3.3	19.9	58.2	297.1	77.0
Land taxes	5.5	8.9	14.7	25.2	62.0	22.1
CO2-tax	1.5	1.4	2.7	5.8	14.7	5.0
Gross profit¹	56.7	32.7	110.4	328.0	727.3	240.3

Note. The figures are based on accounting results from about 2.000 of 10.0 hectares and over.

¹ Gross profit = Gross income, total – costs, total.

Source: The Danish Research Institute of Food Economics.

Table 302

Gross value added at factor cost in agriculture

	1999	2001	2002*
	DKK mio.		
A. Agricultural sales, total	54 133	59 499	53 972
Crop products, total	18 854	19 977	18 544
Cereals, total	7 184	8 269	7 097
Of which: Wheat	3 614	3 978	3 286
Barley	3 012	3 677	3 245
Pulses, ripened	138	126	173
Seeds for sowing	682	662	475
Industrial seeds	441	375	373
Sugar beets	1 116	1 016	971
Potatoes	951	1 028	977
Vegetables, fruit and berries	1 136	1 177	1 213
Flowers and potted plants	2 462	2 481	2 562
Nursery products and Christmas trees	601	625	488
Fodder beets, grass and green fodder	3 781	3 878	3 712
Other crop products	363	340	504
Livestock products, total	35 278	39 522	35 428
Natural milk	11 343	11 327	11 412
Eggs for human consumption	534	621	611
Meat and live animals, total	21 074	24 884	21 154
Of which: Cattle	2 669	2 177	2 204
Pigs	17 032	21 069	17 433
Poultry	1 294	1 540	1 406
Furs	2 238	2 607	2 164
Other livestock products	89	83	87
B. Value of agricultural services	1 282	1 326	1 437
C. Value of secondary activities	36	50	59
D. Changes in producers' stocks, total	956	- 152	- 216
Changes in grain stocks	701	- 207	151
Changes in livestock	255	62	- 367
E. Intermediate consumption	36 218	38 268	38 112
Seeds, total	1 530	1 610	1 641
Feeding stuffs, total	18 818	19 648	19 509
Straight feeding stuffs	10 185	10 208	10 243
Compound feeding stuffs	8 633	9 440	9 267
Fertilizers	1 463	1 579	1 349
Pesticides	1 148	1 135	1 279
Energy	2 268	2 309	2 201
Repairs and maintenance	3 402	3 563	3 462
Other raw and auxiliary materials	232	241	239
Agricultural services	2 292	2 593	2 643
Services from other industries	5 065	5 591	5 788
F. Gross value added in producer prices (A+B+C+D-E)	20 188	22 455	17 140
G. Subsidies on products	4 896	5 431	5 467
H. Taxes on products	45	8	64
I. Gross value added in basic prices (F+G-H)	25 038	27 878	22 543
J. Subsidies on production	889	995	966
K. Taxes on production	770	1 036	1 096
L. Gross domestic product at factor cost (I+K-L)	25 157	27 837	22 414

Note. The table includes the extended agricultural sector, i.e. agriculture, horticulture, fur farming, hunting, and beekeeping. Calculations of GDP at factor cost for agriculture comply with the latest guidelines adopted by the EU.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/lbfi

Table 303

Gross capital formation in agriculture

	2000	2001	2002*
DKK million			
Amounts in current prices			
Gross capital formation, total	8 914	9 161	8 439
Changes in value of stocks and livestock, total	798	- 177	55
Changes in value of livestock (excl. breeding stocks etc.)	97	83	- 194
Changes in value of stocks	701	- 260	249
Gross fixed capital formation, total	8 116	9 338	8 384
Farm buildings	3 343	4 022	3 791
Machinery and equipment	4 515	5 267	4 665
Soil improvement and land reclamation	131	104	109
Breeding stock	126	- 55	- 182
Amounts in 1995 prices			
Gross capital, total	8 256	8 132	7 516
Changes in value of stocks and livestock, total	832	- 284	72
Changes in value of livestock (excl. breeding stock etc.)	50	6	- 247
Changes in value of stocks	782	- 290	319
Gross fixed capital formation, total	7 424	8 416	7 444
Farm buildings	3 076	3 604	3 361
Machinery and equipment	4 181	4 806	4 234
Soil improvement and land reclamation	113	86	88
Breeding stock	54	- 80	- 238
Index 1995=100			
Amounts in current prices			
Gross capital formation, total¹	131	135	124
Gross fixed capital formation, total²	127	146	131
Farm buildings	156	188	177
Machinery and equipment	111	130	115
Soil improvement and land reclamation	128	101	106
Amounts in 1995 prices			
Gross capital formation¹	122	120	111
Gross fixed capital formation²	116	132	117
Farm buildings	144	169	157
Machinery and equipment	103	118	104
Soil improvement and land reclamation	110	84	86

Note. Includes narrow definition of agriculture, i.e. excl. horticulture, fur farming, hunting and beekeeping.

¹ Incl. stock and herd displacements. ² Incl. breeding stock.

For further information visit www.statbank.lbf1 and [lbf2](http://www.statbank.lbf2)

Table 304**Farmer's interest payments and liabilities**

	2000	2001	2002
	----- DDK mio -----		
Total interest payments	9 927	10 599	9 889
Total liabilities¹	140 459	149 530	156 615
Secured liabilities	114 041	121 358	129 797
Other liabilities	21 829	23 153	21 672
	----- avg. amount per farm DKK thousands -----		
Total interest payments	190	208	205
Total liabilities¹	2 692	2 931	3 252
Secured liabilities	2 186	2 378	2 695
Other liabilities	418	454	450

Note. Includes narrow definition of agriculture, i.e. excl. horticulture, fur farming, hunting and bee-keeping.

¹ Finance loans are only included in "Total liabilities".


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/rent

Table 305

Forest and plantation area

	All Denmark			The Islands			Jutland		
	1976	1990	2000	1976	1990	2000	1976	1990	2000
	thousands ha								
Total forest area	493	445	486	153	141	149	340	305	337
Auxiliary areas	87	28	13	24	8	4	63	21	9
Total wooded area	406	417	473	129	133	145	277	284	328
Temporarily uncovered area ¹	...	6	5	...	2	1	...	4	4
Total broadleaves	137	143	174	80	81	90	57	63	85
Beech	75	72	80	46	43	44	29	29	36
Oak	25	30	43	14	15	19	11	15	24
Ash	10	10	13	6	6	8	4	4	5
Sycamore	5	8	9	4	6	6	1	2	3
Other broadleaf	22	23	30	10	11	13	12	12	17
Total conifers	269	268	294	49	51	54	220	218	240
Norwegian and Sitka spruce etc.	168	170	166	36	34	31	132	136	135
Silver fir and other spruce species	25	34	56	5	8	15	20	26	41
Other conifer species	76	64	72	8	8	9	68	56	63

¹ Temporarily bare area in 1976 has been distributed proportionally by species of tree.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/skov1

Table 306

Percentage of forest area by species and ownership class 2000

	Privately owned forests	Foun- dations etc.	Companies and other associ- ations	The National Forest and Nature Agency	Other public owned forests	Total
	per cent					
Total forest area	46.1	6.3	19.3	23.2	5.1	100.0
Auxiliary areas	34.4	7.2	25.2	25.3	8.0	100.0
Total wooded area	46.4	6.3	19.2	23.2	5.0	100.0
Temporarily uncovered area	60.1	4.8	25.4	4.2	5.5	100.0
Total broadleaves	49.1	9.0	15.0	21.3	5.6	100.0
Beech	48.4	10.2	14.2	22.4	4.8	100.0
Oak	39.2	8.2	17.3	29.2	6.0	100.0
Ash	61.8	9.0	14.7	10.5	4.0	100.0
Sycamore	60.5	9.9	14.5	12.6	2.5	100.0
Other broadleaves	56.3	6.6	13.7	14.4	9.1	100.0
Total conifers	44.5	4.7	21.6	24.6	4.7	100.0
Norway spruce	44.9	5.2	24.6	20.5	4.8	100.0
Sitka spruce etc.	32.2	6.8	23.6	32.9	4.5	100.0
Noble fir	60.4	4.6	22.0	11.0	2.0	100.0
Caucasian fir	74.1	3.3	15.8	5.7	1.1	100.0
Silver fir and other fir	30.9	4.3	28.6	30.0	6.2	100.0
Pine	34.1	1.9	12.5	45.8	5.7	100.0
Other conifers	47.0	5.8	21.9	18.6	6.6	100.0

Table 307

Felling in forests 2002

	The Islands	Jutland	Total	Under 250.0 ha	250.0 ha +
	100 m ³				
Beech, total	1 752	790	2 542	617	1 925
Total timber	792	315	1 107	223	884
Veneer and sawnwood logs	492	156	648	139	509
Industrial logs	282	137	420	69	351
Other timber	18	21	39	15	24
Fuel wood, total	954	458	1 412	392	1 021
Woodchip, total	6	17	23	3	20
Oak, total	419	181	600	121	479
Total timber	231	96	327	65	262
Veneer and sawnwood logs	138	43	181	31	150
Industrial logs	73	35	108	24	84
Other timber	20	17	38	11	27
Fuel wood, total	185	77	262	55	207
Woodchip, total	2	9	11	1	10
Other broadleaf, total	669	431	1 100	502	598
Total timber	152	97	249	74	175
Veneer and sawnwood logs	83	48	131	36	95
Industrial logs	57	37	94	31	63
Other timber	13	11	24	7	17
Fuel wood, total	469	316	785	398	387
Woodchip, total	47	19	66	31	36
Conifer, total	2 837	8 990	11 827	4 031	7 796
Total timber	2 358	4 727	7 085	1 732	5 353
Timber, rafters	658	1 552	2 210	547	1 663
Short timber	662	1 224	1 887	453	1 434
Industrial timber	997	1 812	2 810	670	2 140
Other timber	40	138	178	62	116
Fuel wood, total	199	1 392	1 591	1 187	405
Woodchip	280	2 871	3 151	1 113	2 038
Broadleaf and conifer, total	5 676	10 393	16 069	5 272	10 797
Timber	3 533	5 234	8 767	2 094	6 674
Fuel wood	1 808	2 243	4 051	2 031	2 020
Woodchip	335	2 916	3 251	1 148	2 103

Note. Due to rounding differences, the sum of the individual figures in the table may differ from the totals.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/skov6

Table 308**Fishing vessels**

Gross tonnage	31/12 2001		31/12 2002*	
	Number	GT	Number	GT
Total	2 579	99 620	2 457	98 783
- 4.9 GT	942	2 843	952	2 861
5 - 9.9 GT	475	3 280	453	3 125
10 - 14.9 GT	173	2 139	162	1 983
15 - 19.9 GT	296	5 471	237	4 339
20 - 49.9 GT	371	12 325	321	10 568
50 - 99.9 GT	108	7 298	115	7 793
100 - 249.9 GT	106	18 808	105	18 806
250 - 499.9 GT	88	30 434	91	31 528
500 GT +	20	17 023	21	17 780

Note. Commercial fishing vessels of 6 metres or over. For craft where gross tonnage (GT) is unknown, gross registered tonnage is used.

Source: Danish Directorate of Fisheries.

Table 309

Salt-water fishing

	2001		2002*	
	Nominal catches	Value	Nominal catches	Value
	Tonnes	DKK thousands	Tonnes	DKK thousands
Total catches by Danish fishermen	1 385 379	3 407 816	1 328 744	3 512 689
Landed in Denmark, total	1 318 988	3 136 135	1 231 140	3 212 653
Of which in:				
Esbjerg	508 117	478 060	458 357	529 915
Frederikshavn	612	9 008	1 911	11 166
Hirtshals	93 455	425 597	98 880	469 980
Hvide Sande	56 424	227 478	55 460	256 311
Skagen	120 537	283 021	132 287	299 882
Thyborøn	315 239	450 147	290 572	520 499
Hanstholm	72 333	319 129	77 904	318 455
Fishing grounds				
North sea ¹	1 039 668	1 716 585	998 865	1 908 791
Skagerrak	96 117	590 549	98 826	621 823
Kattegat	43 378	247 926	42 128	234 424
Øresund	8 889	51 957	7 340	47 812
Bælthavet and Western Baltic	41 005	198 707	19 385	160 239
Eastern Baltic	86 292	323 662	63 541	232 453
Limfjorden	5 727	8 767	2 555	6 830
Ringkøbing and Nissum fjerne	518	4 113	286	2 663
Types of catch				
For human consumption, total	226 841	2 372 767	217 243	2 295 933
Herring, sprat and mackerel	113 724	386 114	108 806	363 434
Codfish	55 362	797 504	54 219	729 843
Flatfish	39 418	601 764	34 790	545 414
Eel	635	31 507	551	21 455
Other kinds of fish	8 182	122 633	7 113	108 518
Lobster, shrimp and prawn	9 520	433 245	11 764	527 269
Not for human consumption ²	1 094 753	769 499	1 015 684	919 101
Danish fishermen's catches landed in foreign countries	66 391	271 681	97 604	300 036
Of which:				
Sweden	2 594	14 463	7 320	22 897
Norway	36 220	120 432	54 732	168 872
Germany	866	9 707	634	7 009
United Kingdom	55	939	108	2 055
Holland	2 402	43 136	1 798	32 258
Belgium	2	38	...	...
Faroe Island and Greenland	21 003	75 806	27 753	56 946
Foreign fishermen's catches landed in Denmark, total	458 508	1 096 692	500 428	1 146 293
Of which:				
Esbjerg	14 347	19 442	21 637	26 753
Thyborøn	25 798	27 478	39 583	69 935
Hanstholm	81 819	260 065	113 615	337 897
Hirtshals	39 135	189 612	40 258	176 699
Skagen	212 345	405 806	228 898	377 210
Bornholm	10 190	101 718	10 077	47 978

Note. Weight and value of oysters, mussels, and starfish catches are not included in the table. All amounts are stated as whole fish.

¹ Including catches in the English Channel and more distant waters. ² Catches intended for reduction to fish meal and fish oil.

Source: Danish Directorate of Fisheries.

Manufacturing industries

1. Manufacturing industries significance for the overall Danish economy

Relatively constant share of the overall Danish economy since the 1960's

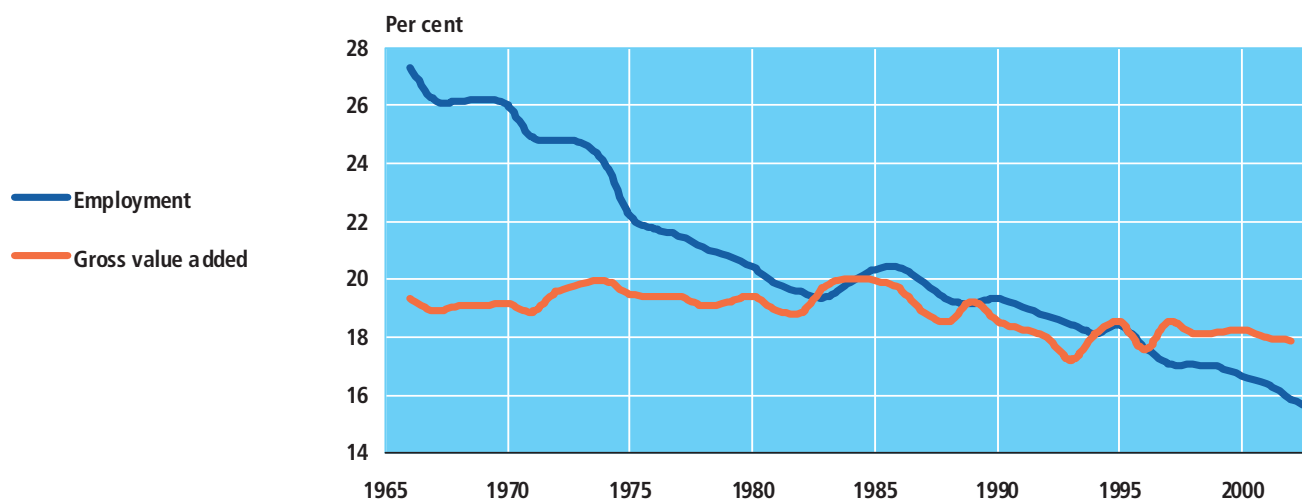
The significance of manufacturing industries for the Danish economy can be described by means of central statistics from the National Accounts. Up until 1980, manufacturing industries represented a more or less constant share of the total value added of 19 pct. Since then, this share has gradually fallen to a level of 18 pct. in 2003.

Manufacturing industries share of total employment is declining

Manufacturing industries has experienced a significant reduction in its share of total employment over the period 1966 to 1983, from 26 pct. to 19 pct. The significance of manufacturing industries to employment increased again until 1986; since then, there has been a general decline up to 2003, where manufacturing industries represented 15 pct. of total employment.

Figure 1

Manufacturing shares in per cent of total activity 1966-2003



2. Manufacturing industries trends

Production in the manufacturing industries

Production in the manufacturing industries can be illustrated by means of an index of production calculated at constant prices. The period 1990-2003 comprises a number of different business cycles, which are reflected in the index of production.

1990-2000

The period 1990-1991 was characterised by moderate economic growth, which was significantly influenced by the Gulf War. In the autumn of 1992, a period of economic recession followed the international instability in foreign currency markets. The following period of economic recovery at the middle of 1993, peaked in the spring of 1995 and was followed by a six-month period (approximately) of zero growth. The

Manufacturing industries statistics

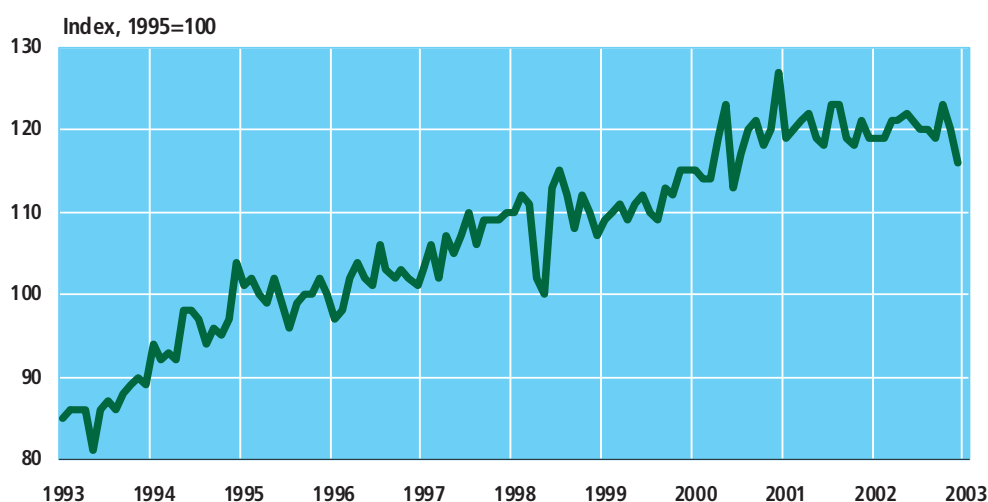
zero-growth period was followed by a period of renewed growth in 1996 and 1997, but in 1998 the Danish economic lost its impetus after a five-year period of more or less uninterrupted growth. Manufacturing production increased again in 1999 and 2000, which was due to the positive international economic trends.

2001-2003

The decline in the world economy from 2001 has affected the Danish manufacturing production, which only experienced a very modest increase in 2002 and 2003.

Figure 2

Production in the manufacturing industries, seasonally adjusted values



Note: Quantity indexes for manufacturing sales, excluding goods resold without further processing, Mining and quarrying, manufacturing.

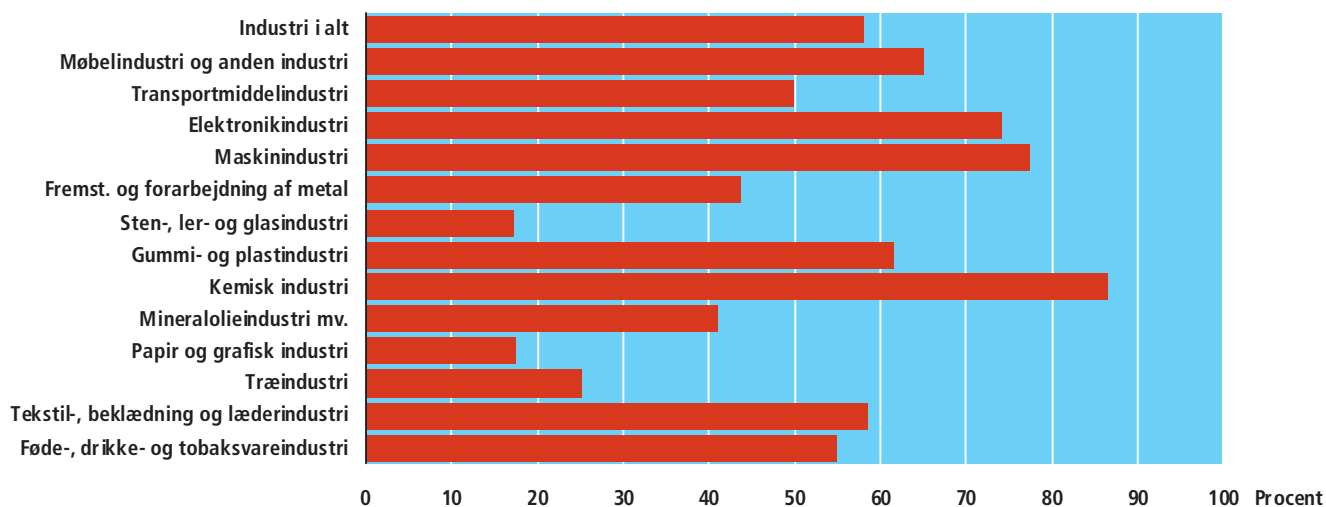
3. Exports of the manufacturing industries

Export shares of the manufacturing industries

Export markets are of great importance to the Danish manufacturing industries. In 2003, total export turnover accounted for 58 pct. of total turnover of the manufacturing industries.

There are among the groups of industries wide differences in the export shares of the manufacturing industries. The industries *manufacture of paper production; printing and publishing* and *manufacture of other non-metallic minerals, etc.* accounted for an export share of 17 pct. in 2003, while *manufacture of machinery and equipment* and *manufacture of chemicals, man-made fibres* accounted for very high export shares of 77 pct. and as high as 86 pct.

Figure 3 Export shares of the manufacturing industries by groups of industries 2003



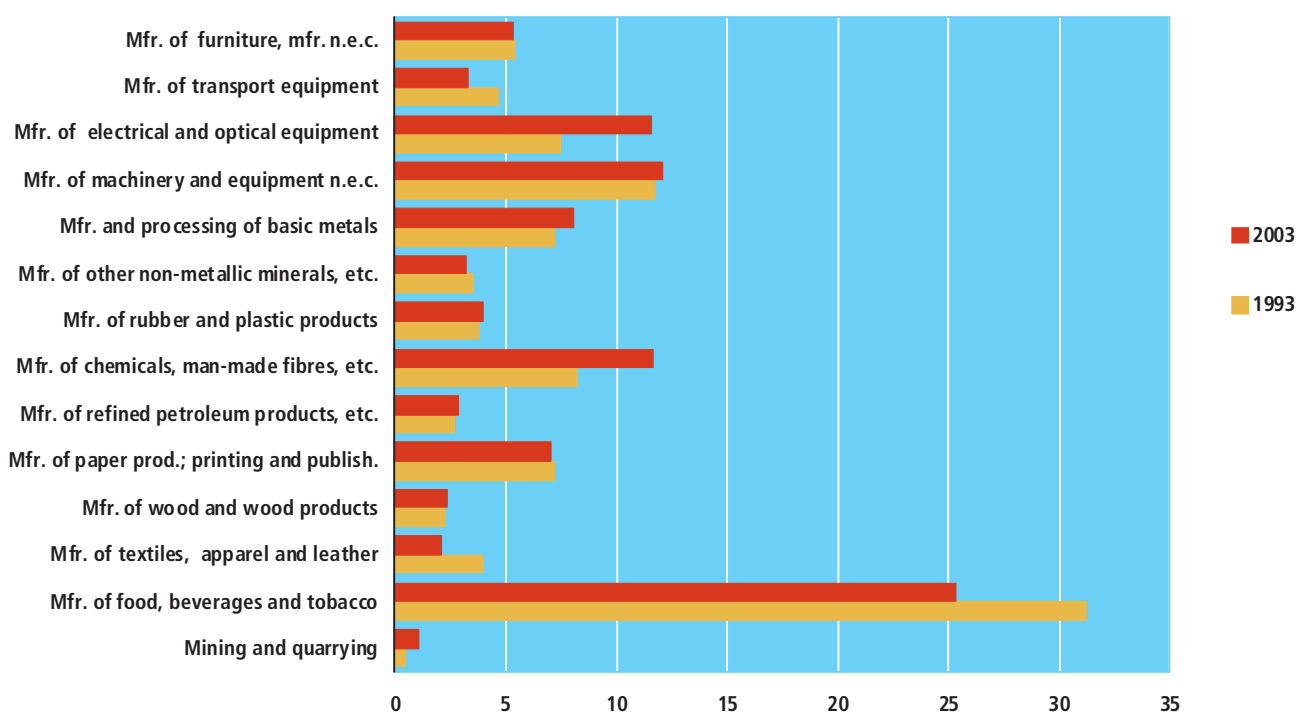
Note: Data for the industry *mining and quarrying* are not published for reasons of confidentiality.

3. Manufacturing industries total turnover by main sectors

Manufacturing industries total turnover

Since 1993, manufacturing industries total turnover (at current prices) for enterprises with 10 employees or more has increased from approximately DKK 344 billion to approximately DKK 516 billion in 2003. Manufacturing of food, beverages and tobacco had the highest turnover.

Figure 3 Manufacturers' total turnover by groups of industries, per cent



Manufacturing industries sector profile in 2002

Manufacturing of food, beverages and tobacco accounted for the bulk of activity, approximately one-quarter of the total turnover. This was followed by manufacturing of machinery and equipment, manufacturing of electrical and optical equipment, and manufacturing of chemicals, man-made fibres, etc.; each of these accounted for approximately 12 per cent, while manufacturing of paper products, printing and publishing as well as manufacturing and processing of basic metals both accounted for approximately 8 per cent of manufacturing industries total turnover. Mining and quarrying, which does not include oil and gas extraction in these statistics, accounted for 1 per cent of manufacturing industries total turnover.

Growth in the manufacture of electrical and optical equipment and pharmaceuticals

The relative composition of Danish manufacturing industries has not seen radical changes since 1993, where manufacturing of food, beverages and tobacco also held the dominant position among manufacturers. This dominant position has, however, diminished in terms of relative importance, as the proportionate share of the manufacturers' total turnover has been reduced from almost one third to the 25 per cent mentioned above. This means that other main groups of industries have increased in terms of relative significance. This is particularly true of the manufacture of electrical and optical equipment, which has risen from accounting for approximately 7 to 12 per cent of the total manufacturing turnover, and to a lesser degree this also applies to the manufacture of chemicals, man-made fibres, etc. (including pharmaceuticals), which has seen an increase in its relative share from 8 to 12 per cent. Both of these groups of industries feature characteristics such as heavy reliance on technology and research and development.

5. Concentration ratio of enterprises and commodity groups

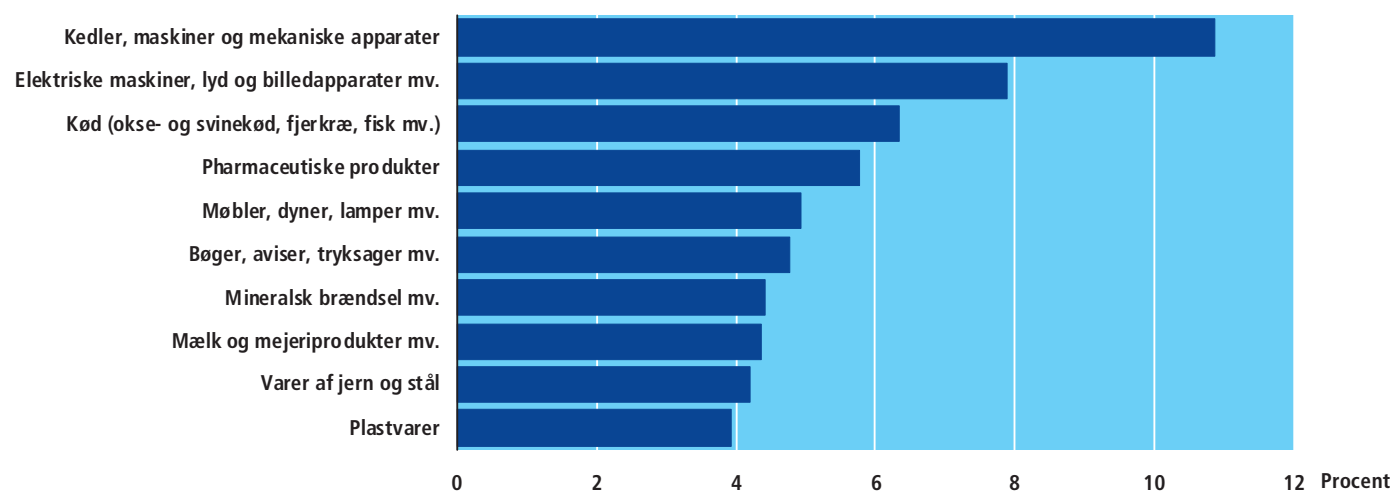
Concentration of industrial enterprises

The three largest enterprises in the manufacturing industries account on average for 11.9 pct. of total turnover of the manufacturing industries, while the ten largest enterprises account for 20.5 pct. The concentration ratio, i.e. the share of total turnover accounted for by a limited number of enterprises differs widely among the groups of industries. For example, within *manufacture of refined petroleum products*, *manufacture of tobacco products* and *manufacture of dairy products* turnover is concentrated on few large enterprises. *Manufacturing and processing of basic metals* and *manufacture of paper products; printing and publishing* are examples of industries characterised by a very low concentration of large enterprises.

Production in the manufacturing industries by commodity

The production of industrial products can be divided into about 100 main commodity groups, where the ten commodity groups accounting for the highest output in Denmark appears from figure 5. *Boilers, machinery and mechanical apparatus* make up 10.9 pct. of total turnover of the manufacturing industries, while *electrical machinery, radio and television sets, etc.* make up 7.9 pct.

Figure 5 The ten commodity groups accounting for the highest output as a share of total turnover in the manufacturing industries 2003



The production of industrial products can be divided into even more detailed commodity groups, of which there are about 10,000 groups. In the present statistics, the production of *pharmaceuticals* has a prominent part in line with *windmills* and *pigmeat* and *gas oils*.

Table 310

Manufacturers' total turnover, by industry and concentration 2003

DB03	Group of industry	Total turnover	Percentage of total turnover	
			The three largest groups	The ten largest groups
		DKK mio.	per cent	
1009+2	Mining, quarrying and manufacturing	516 107	11.9	20.0
1009	Mining and quarrying	5 413	65.7	89.9
2	Manufacturing	510 694	11.5	20.5
15009	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	130 599	34.5	48.6
151000	Production, etc. of meat and meat products	36 752	70.0	87.6
155000	Mfr. of dairy products	23 883	90.7	96.3
158909	Mfr. of other food products	63 604	12.6	29.8
159000	Mfr. of beverages	11 004	72.6	95.5
160000	Mfr. of tobacco products	4 207	92.8	100.0
17009	Mfr. of textiles, clothing and leather	11 051	14.9	29.7
170000	Mfr. of textile	6 721	21.9	42.0
180000	Mfr. of clothing	3 807	24.6	49.9
190000	Mfr. of leather, footwear and leather products	523	66.9	98.9
20000	Mfr. of wood and wood products	12 063	20.5	45.0
21009	Mfr. of paper products; printing and publishing	36 392	8.6	22.6
210000	Mfr. of pulp, paper and paper products	10 661	17.7	49.3
221200	Publishing of newspapers	6 872	42.8	81.4
221309	Publishing activities, excl. newspapers	9 478	29.5	54.0
222009	Printing activities, etc.	9 802	11.9	29.8
23000	Mfr. of refined petroleum products, etc.	14 671	99.6	100.0
24000	Mfr. of chemicals, man-made fibres, etc.	60 281	50.6	69.7
241009	Mfr. of chemical raw materials	10 440	65.1	90.7
243009	Mfr. of paints, soap, cosmetics, etc.	14 282	31.9	64.6
244000	Mfr. of pharmaceuticals, etc.	35 559	83.0	96.4
25000	Mfr. of rubber and plastic products	20 624	20.3	34.3
26000	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral, etc.	16 708	18.1	37.2
261009	Mfr. of glass and ceramic goods, etc.	2 857	40.5	75.7
263009	Mfr. of bricks, cement and concrete	13 851	21.8	43.5
27009	Mfr. and processing of basic metals	41 708	7.9	19.0
270000	Mfr. of basic metals	8 897	31.5	65.4
281009	Mfr. of construction materials of metals	18 347	13.6	24.9
286009	Mfr. of hand tools, packaging of metal, etc.	14 463	13.5	30.3
29000	Mfr. of machinery and equipment, n.e.s.	62 241	17.7	30.0
291000	Mfr. of marine engines, compressors, etc.	20 022	55.1	77.3
292000	Mfr. of other general purpose machinery	19 442	12.0	29.5
293000	Mfr. of agricultural and forestry machinery	4 778	42.9	67.7
294009	Mfr. of machines for industries, etc.	15 178	9.7	25.1
297000	Mfr. of domestic appliances, n.e.s.	4 297	60.0	87.9
30009	Mfr. of electrical and optical equipment	59 632	25.5	43.1
300009	Mfr. of computers, electric motors, etc.	28 970	44.4	65.6
320000	Mfr. of radio and communication equipment, etc.	14 626	51.3	71.3
330000	Mfr. of medical and optical instruments	16 037	22.9	48.4
35009	Mfr. of transport equipment	17 053	42.4	62.8
351000	Building and repairing of ships and boats	6 611	73.6	92.5
352009	Mfr. of transport equipment, excl. ships	10 443	41.1	62.0
36000	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.s.	27 671	28.7	47.1
361000	Mfr. of furniture	19 625	23.6	41.2
365009	Mfr. of toys, gold and silver articles, etc.	8 046	73.3	85.3

✓ New data is expected published 2005.

🌐 For further information visit www.statbank/oms2

Table 311

Industrial production index

		2002	2003
		————— 2000 = 100 —————	
1009+2+4009	Mining, quarrying, manufacturing and energy supply	103,0	103,4
1009+2	Mining, quarrying, and manufacturing	103,1	102,4
1009	Mining and quarrying	104,0	102,1
2	Manufacturing	103,0	102,5
15009	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	107,4	114,2
151000	Production, etc. of meat and meat products	95,0	99,9
155200	Mfr. of dairy products	90,3	95,2
158909	Mfr. of other food products	123,3	133,2
159000	Mfr. of beverages	107,8	112,2
160000	Mfr. of tobacco products	94,0	94,8
17009	Mfr. of textiles, clothing and leather	85,3	81,4
170000	Mfr. of textile	90,2	88,4
180000	Mfr. of clothing	83,6	73,7
190000	Mfr. of leather, footwear and leather products	66,7	66,7
20000	Mfr. of wood and wood products	95,3	91,7
21009	Mfr. of paper products; printing and publishing	94,1	88,9
210000	Mfr. of pulp, paper and paper products	96,8	91,0
221200	Publishing of newspapers	89,0	85,6
221309	Publishing activities, excl. newspapers	90,5	83,3
222009	Printing activities, etc.	98,4	94,0
23000	Mfr. of refined petroleum products, etc.	80,0	78,2
24000	Mfr. of chemicals, man-made fibres, etc.	113,6	111,2
241009	Mfr. of chemical raw materials	102,4	102,8
243009	Mfr. of paints, soap, cosmetics, etc.	101,8	95,2
244000	Mfr. of pharmaceuticals, etc.	122,1	120,1
25000	Mfr. of rubber and plastic products	100,4	101,0
26000	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral, etc.	88,8	93,8
261009	Mfr. of glass and ceramic goods, etc.	77,7	92,4
263009	Mfr. of bricks, cement and concrete	91,7	94,2
27009	Mfr. and processing of basic metals	101,3	104,4
29000	Mfr. of machines and equipment, n.e.s.	102,7	99,2
30009	Mfr. of electrical and optical equipment	107,8	106,9
35009	Mfr. of transport equipment	105,6	97,6
351000	Building and repairing of ships and boats	105,2	89,5
352009	Mfr. of transport equipment, excl. ships	105,9	102,8
36000	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.s.	105,4	99,9
361000	Mfr. of furniture	91,7	89,4
365009	Mfr. of toys, gold and silver articles, etc.	150,9	135,0
4009	Electricity, gas and water supply	101,9	120,5


Table 312

Major manufactured commodities

	2002	2003*
	DKK thousands	
Production, total	457 620 092	454 056 110
Medicaments containing insulin but not antibiotics, put up in forms or packings for retail sale	10 202 943	9 524 981
Medicaments consisting of mixed or unmixed products for therapeutic or prophylactic purposes, put u	7 733 678	8 865 693
Windmills, output over 750 kVA	8 942 868	8 317 769
Frozen boneless meat of domestic swine (excl. bellies and cuts thereof)	8 187 793	7 205 897
Gas oils of petroleum or bituminous minerals, with a sulphur content of max. 0,05% by weight per cent	5 797 710	5 862 088
Fresh or chilled boneless meat of domestic swine (excl. bellies and cuts thereof)	4 736 935	4 685 544
Newspapers, published at least 4 times weekly, from the publishing house, printed by own printing works	4 102 989	4 351 775
Iron and steel structures and parts thereof, mainly sheets excl. sluices, chimneys and ceiling sheets with ridge	4 946 600	4 280 834
Feeding stuffs for pigs	2 954 740	4 104 954
Transmission apparatus, incorporating reception apparatus, for cellular networks mobile telephones	4 698 750	4 094 538
Fresh or chilled with bone in, domestic swine hams and cuts thereof	4 101 866	3 864 268
Enzymes and prepared enzymes, n.e.s. (excl. rennet and concentrates thereof, lipoprotein lipase and	3 603 567	3 779 286
Roll-On/Roll-Off and other containers, seagoing, new	3 625 552	3 663 616
Motor spirit, with a lead content min. 0,013 g/l, with an research octane number RON of min. 95 and less than 98	3 573 270	3 448 257
Windmills, output over 375 but max 750 kVA	3 345 980	3 185 185
Medicaments containing hormones or steroids used as hormones, but not antibiotics, put up in forms	2 988 068	3 087 171
Articles of plastics (excl. plastic films) n.e.s.	3 062 594	3 020 378
Books (excl. dictionaries and encyclopaedias) also in serial instalments, from the publishing house, not printed by own	2 994 465	2 939 486
Danbo, Fontal, Fontina, Fynbo, Havarti, Maribo and Samsø, of a fat content by weight of over 40% but max 72 weight per cent	2 332 657	2 756 501
Beer, tax schedule 1, in bottles	2 443 310	2 699 858
Insulin and its salts, used primarily as hormones	2 234 882	2 674 571
Cigarettes, containing tobacco (excl. containing cloves)	2 638 910	2 612 093
Cartons, boxes and cases, of corrugated paper or paperboard	2 657 800	2 593 259
Articles of iron and steel, n.e.s.	2 626 333	2 592 725
Natural butter of a fat content, by weight, of max. 85%, in retail sale packings of max 1 kg	2 368 177	2 464 657

Note 1. Commodities may be absent because for confidentiality reasons.

Note 2. The table is based on a 10-digit nomenclature which is based on the 8-digit CN (Combined Nomenclature).

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/varer

Construction and housing

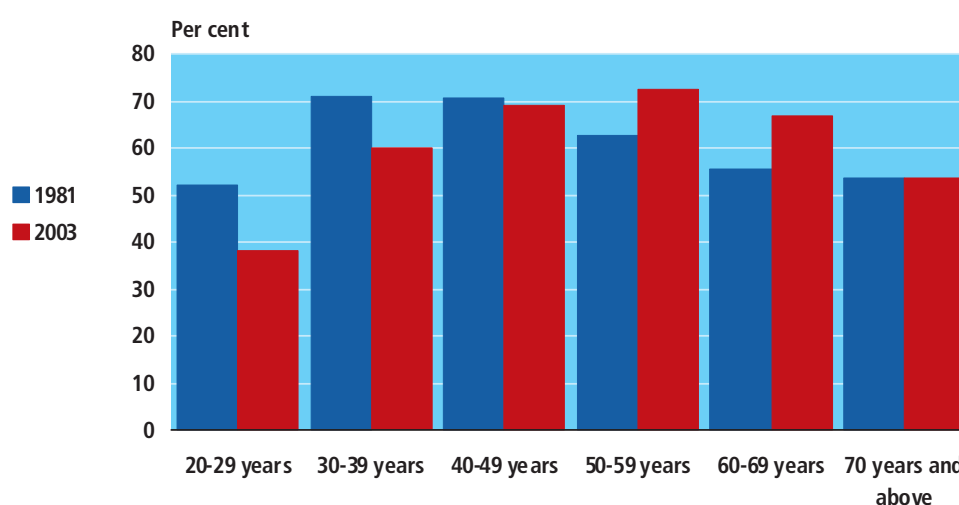
1. Housing conditions

On 1 January 2003, there were 2,540,908 year-round dwellings in Denmark. 41 pct. of the dwellings are detached one-family houses, 40 pct. are dwellings in multi-family buildings, while the remaining dwellings are found in terraced or semi-detached one-family houses, student hostels or buildings used mainly for business purposes. Privately owned dwellings make up just over half of the occupied dwellings, while rented dwellings and dwellings owned by non-profit housing associations make up, respectively 40 and 7 pct. of the occupied dwellings.

Fewer young people live in a privately owned dwelling

When looking at the way in which the Danish population live, it can be seen that 60 pct. of all persons aged over 20 years live in a privately owned dwelling. Since 1981, this proportion has remained unchanged, while the proportion of 20-39-year olds living in a privately owned dwelling declined from 62 to 50 pct. during the same period. The largest decline is seen for persons aged 20-29 years, where 38 pct. now live in a privately owned dwelling, compared to 52 pct. in 1981. However, the proportion of 60-69-year olds living in a privately owned dwelling has increased by 1/5 since 1981. There are great regional differences as to whether persons aged 20-29 years live in a privately owned dwelling. The lowest proportion can be seen in the municipalities of Copenhagen and Frederiksberg, and make up 16 pct., whereas the regional municipality of Bornholm accounts for the highest proportion reaching 63 pct.

Figure 1 Proportion of persons aged 20 and over living in a privately owned dwelling in 1981 and 2003



More space for each occupant

Since 1981, each occupant per dwelling in Denmark has on average 7.5 m² more space at his/her disposal. The average number of square metres per occupant was 50.1 m² in 2003. However, there are differences as to the number of square metres available to an occupant of a detached one-family house and of a multi-family building, where the

Construction and housing

figures made up, respectively 53.1 and 44 m² in 2003. The reason why there is more space for each occupant is that households have decreased while at the same time dwellings have increased. The average household size has decreased from 2.5 persons in 1981 to 2.18 persons in 2003, and the average dwelling size has increased from 106.4 m² to 109.3 m² during the same period.

Families with children live more frequently in detached one-family houses

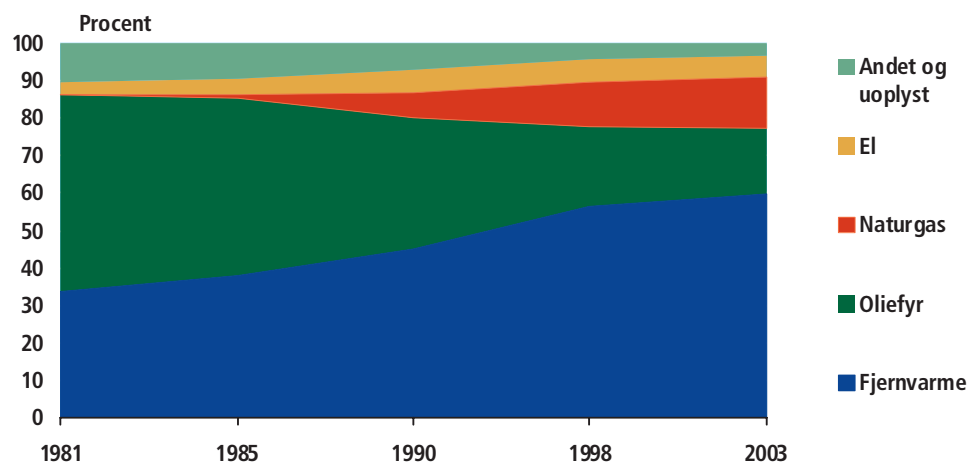
There is a link between how occupants live and whether they have children. Among the 651.000 occupants in Denmark with children 56 per cent lives in detached one-family houses and 24 per cent in a multi-family building. For occupants without children it is different: 36 lives in detached one-family houses and 44 per cent in a multi-family building.

2. Heating of dwellings

District heating is most frequently used

Since 1981, the proportion of dwellings with district heating has increased from 34 to 60 pct., while the proportion of oil heated dwellings has decreased from 53 to 18 pct. Natural gas, which was introduced in the beginning of the 1980s, is used in about 14 pct. of the dwellings. District heating is the most frequent type of heating in detached one-family houses and in multi-family buildings, where it is used in, respectively 40 and 86 pct. of the dwellings.

Figure 2 Dwellings by type of heating in the period 1981 to 2003



Note: As of 1 January.

2. Residential construction

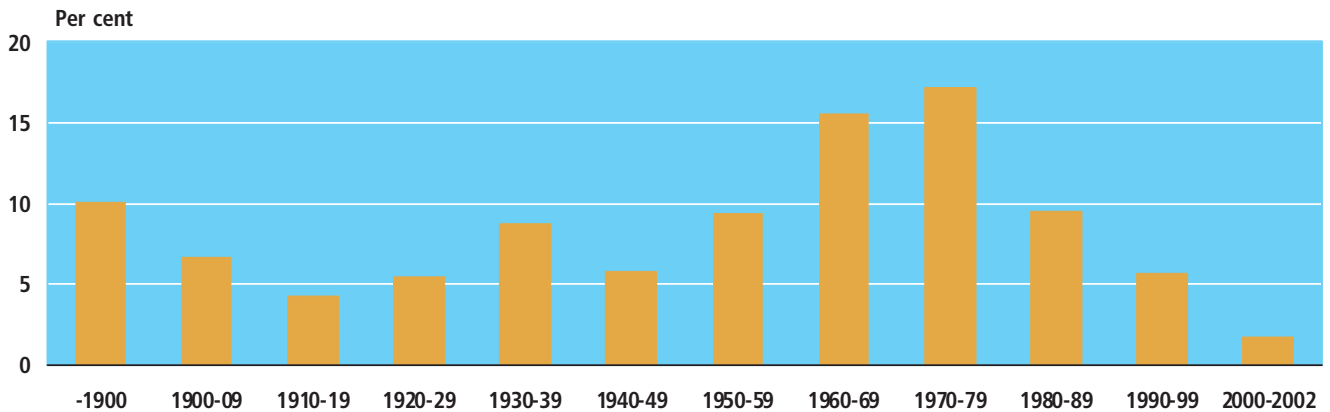
90 per cent of all dwellings are from the 20th century

Of all the 2.5 million dwellings in Denmark, approximately 90 per cent were built during the 20th century. As shown in Figure 3, only 10 per cent of all Danish dwellings were built before 1900. The decades with the lowest construction rates are those decades in which the two World Wars occurred. Only 4.3 per cent and 5.9 per cent of the existing dwelling stock were built during the periods 1910-19 and 1940-49, respectively.

One third of all dwellings is from the 1960s and 70s

The greatest proportion of Danish dwellings was built during the 1960s and 1970s due to the rise in welfare and changed family patterns these years. Building activity culminated in 1973, where 56,000 new buildings were completed. The significant increase in the dwelling stock in Denmark during this period is also linked to a greater demand for dwellings.

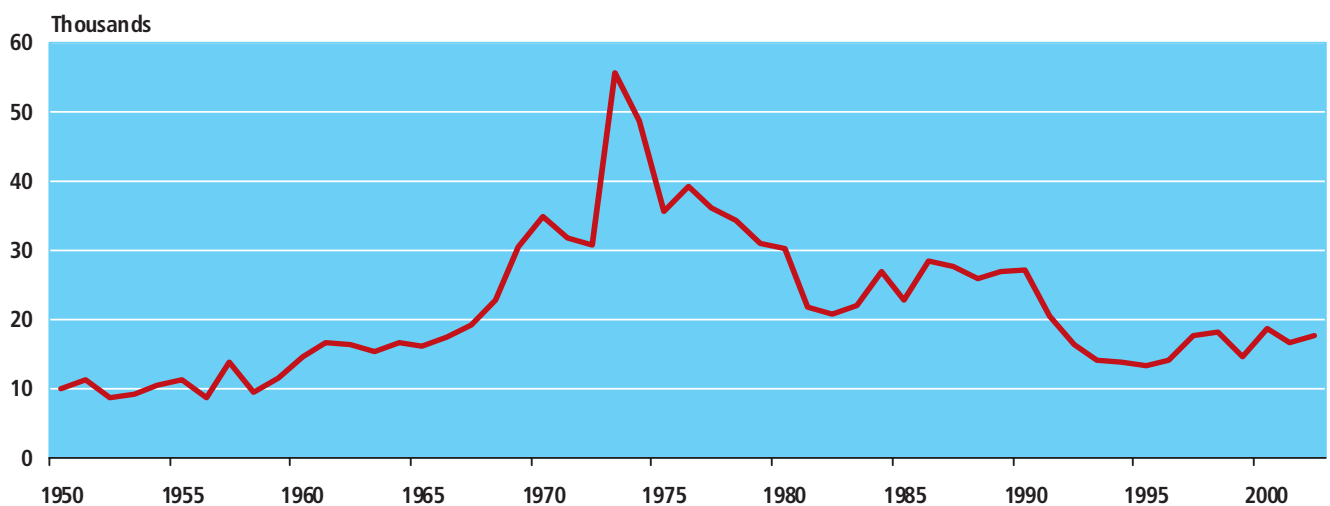
Figure 3 Dwelling stock by year of construction, by 1 January 2003



Less residential construction during the 1990s

In the period between 1975 and 1991 between 20,000 and 40,000 buildings were constructed on average. After 1991 the figure decreased and during the nineties only approximately 15,000 buildings were constructed per year. Since the average has risen and was 17,000 in 2002

Figure 4 Dwellings completed 1950-2002



Note: the figures provided on the dwellings completed in 1998-2001 are preliminary statistics only.

Construction and housing

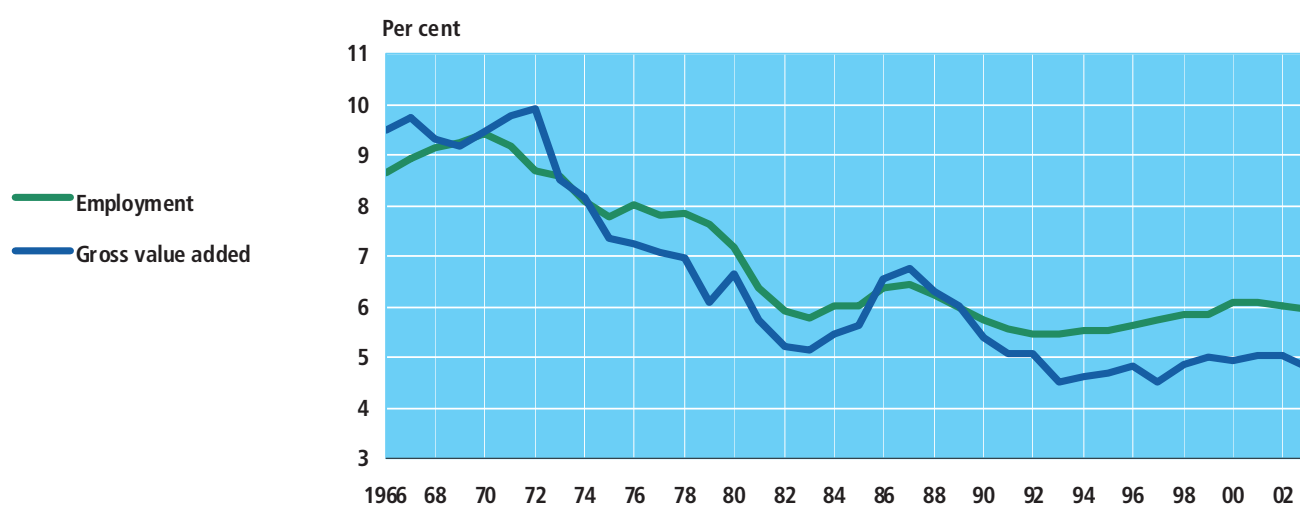
3. Construction and the Danish economy

Value added

The significance of the construction sector in the overall Danish economy can be described by means of central statistics from the national accounts. Figure 4 illustrates the proportionate significance of the construction sector in the overall Danish economy by means of the gross value added in fixed prices. The significance of this sector has fallen the total gross value added reached a peak in 1972 – apart from a small increase in the mid-1980s. Since the mid-nineties it has presumably been stabilizing – the total gross value added has been about 5 per cent on a yearly basis.

Figure 5

Construction in relation to total activities 1966-2003



Construction employment

The proportion of the construction sector with regard to total employment has developed concurrently with the significance of construction in the overall Danish economy. Since the employment rate peaked in 1970 at 9.4 per cent of total employment, this proportion declined until 1983. During the period until 1987, construction accounted for an increasing proportion of total employment. This was, however, followed by a new period of decline, with the lowest proportion being observed in 1993. During the last five years, this share has shown some slight increase, and in 2001 construction accounted for 6.1 per cent of total employment. The employment has stabilized at 6 per cent.

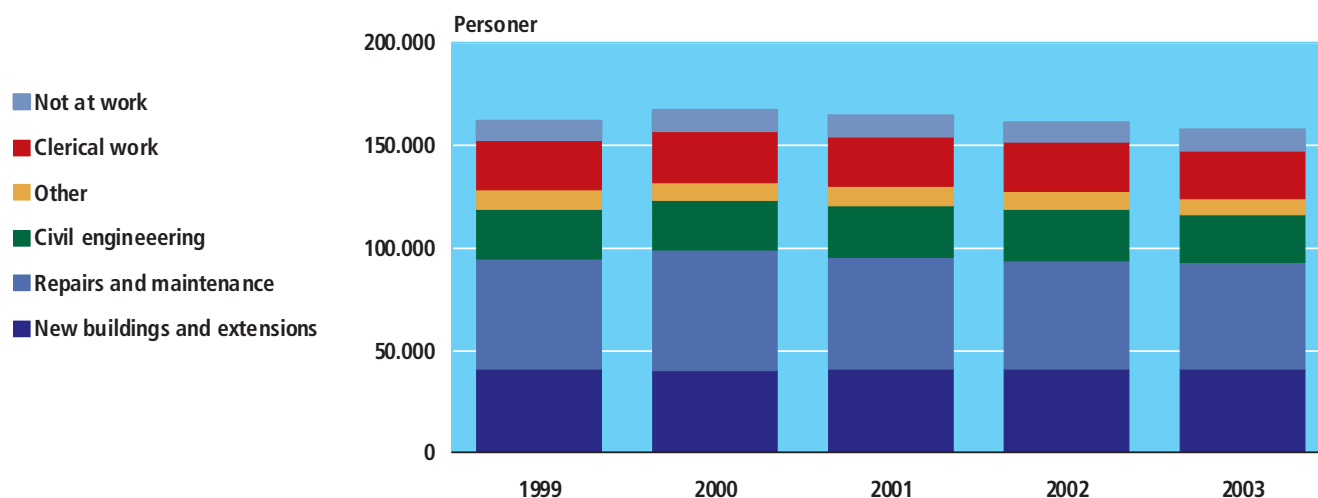
4. Construction employment by activity

Highest number of persons employed within repairs and maintenance

Since 2000, there has been a slight decline in construction employment. In 2000, 167,000 were employed, compared to 157,000 persons employed in 2003, corresponding to a fall of 6 pct. As a result of the stormy weather in December in 1999, the number of persons employed on repairs peaked in 2000. A total of 59,000 persons were employed on repairs in 2000, compared to 52,000 in 2003. 35 pct. of those employed within construction worked on repairs in 2000, compared to 33 pct. in both 1999 and 2003.

Figure 6

Construction employment by activity 1999-2003



Note: The statistics on construction employment have been adjusted to cover the entire construction industry. This adjustment of the statistics has resulted in an increase in the employment level of 14 pct., compared to earlier statistics. The annual figures are a simple average of the quarterly surveys, where employment is calculated in the middle of the quarter.

Increase in employment on new buildings

There has been a relative increase in the number of employed persons on new buildings during recent years. In 2000, 24 pct. of those employed within construction worked on new buildings, compared to 26 pct. in 2003, corresponding to about 41,000 persons employed.

Fall in employment on civil engineering projects

The number of people employed on civil engineering projects increased in 2001 and 2002, when employment on civil engineering projects accounted for, respectively 15.5 and 15.6 pct. of total construction employment, compared to 14.6 pct. in 2000. During recent years, this trend has been reverted so that employment on civil engineering projects has fallen to 15 pct. of total construction employment in 2003, corresponding to 24,000 persons employed.

Construction employment in decline

The proportion employed in the construction sector in relation to total employment is not the only figure which is in decline. Actual employment among wage earners and working masters within construction has been in decline since 1970. The total number has decreased from 179,000 in 1970 to 114,000 in 2002. Employment remained at a constant level throughout the 1990s.

Construction and housing

5. Building costs

Increase in total building costs

In 2003 the previous regulating price indices for residential buildings was replaced by the present construction cost indices for residential buildings. Besides the general indices for residential building, indices are now also being made for one-family house and for multi-family buildings.

The total building costs have increased by 68 per cent from 1987 to 2003. During this period, the costs of materials have increased by 63 per cent and the costs of labour by 84 per cent. During the period from 1988 to 1997, the materials index saw greater increases than the labour index. Subsequently the development in wages has been significantly higher.

Figure 7 Regulating index for residential construction, January 1987=100

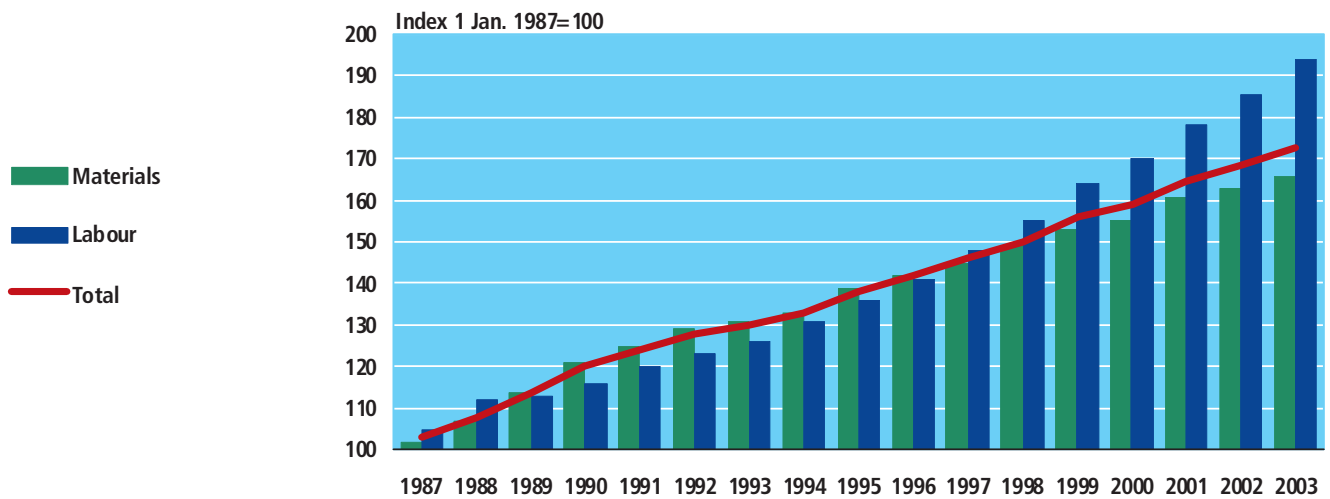


Table 313

Building stock 2003

	Number of buildings	Type of heating installation				Utilised floor space (excl. area not used for habitation or business) ³	Gross floor space (incl. cellars, but excl. attics which cannot be utilised) ⁴
		District heating	Central heating	Heating stoves, electricity etc. ²	None or not known		
Per 1 January							
	thousand m ²						
Building stock, total¹	2 446 796	218 531	191 083	42 273	140 466	464 743	664 268
Building stock by principal use							
Residential buildings, total	1 461 361	146 097	112 665	20 045	159	197 114	334 271
Farmhouses and detached one-family houses	1 161 290	57 334	93 368	15 947	78	144 409	199 055
Terraced houses, etc.	203 423	19 639	7 843	2 609	12	24 412	33 369
Multi-family buildings	85 295	65 257	9 462	1 286	25	24 114	94 433
Other residential buildings	11 353	3 867	1 992	203	44	4 179	7 414
Industrial and commercial buildings	700 610	46 223	65 857	7 268	137 729	223 129	267 595
Non-residential farm buildings	493 304	1 130	13 102	962	114 112	122 598	131 547
Factories, workshops, etc.	70 949	9 978	30 233	2 726	9 077	46 601	53 791
Buildings for public administration, distributive and professional trades	72 683	29 310	17 664	2 210	6 831	37 964	61 143
Other industrial and commercial buildings	63 674	5 805	4 858	1 370	7 709	15 966	21 114
Other buildings, total	284 825	26 211	12 559	14 961	2 576	44 501	62 402
Buildings for institutional, educational, and cultural use, etc.	45 393	22 942	9 836	1 125	1 317	24 356	40 167
Holiday dwellings	200 680	59	624	12 431	251	13 188	13 890
Other buildings for leisure	38 752	3 210	2 099	1 405	1 008	6 957	8 345
Counties							
Copenhagen Municipality	47 730	33 671	2 303	958	821	12 451	45 552
Frederiksberg Municipality	5 996	5 583	674	122	77	1 763	7 928
Copenhagen County	156 442	18 994	26 022	2 157	1 615	31 646	58 335
Frederiksborg County	159 455	7 635	15 117	4 817	3 456	25 027	35 216
Roskilde County	89 452	4 797	10 338	1 885	2 864	16 315	22 042
West Zealand County	188 943	6 494	13 861	5 118	9 435	29 387	38 867
Storstrøm County	157 114	6 511	11 501	4 388	8 826	26 296	34 626
Bornholm County	34 123	1 285	2 096	721	1 939	5 109	6 824
Funen County	243 520	21 654	17 858	2 714	12 902	45 812	62 404
South Jutland County	147 722	8 057	12 280	2 798	12 482	30 634	38 904
Ribe County	130 296	11 489	7 188	1 867	10 217	26 975	33 380
Vejle County	172 481	13 365	16 275	1 982	10 723	35 302	46 723
Ringkøbing County	179 176	14 069	10 427	2 392	15 566	37 968	45 998
Aarhus County	274 248	32 943	16 004	4 335	14 040	52 436	75 407
Viborg County	163 059	8 146	12 517	1 877	14 097	31 959	40 096
North Jutland County	297 039	23 838	16 623	4 141	21 406	55 663	71 968

¹ Incl. buildings where use is not known, but excl. garages, car ports, and out houses. ² Including electric panels. ³ Area of ground floor. ⁴ Area of all floors, including cellar/basement, but excl. attics which cannot be used.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/10

Table 314

Building activity

	Building permits issued during the year		Buildings started during the year		Buildings completed during the year	
	2001*	2002*	2001*	2002*	2001*	2002*
	thousands m ²					
Buildings in all Denmark, gross floor space	11 556	12 277	10 896	11 023	8 678	7 518
Residential buildings	3 112	3 858	2 848	3 210	2 158	2 114
Type of building						
Detached one-family houses ¹	1 672	1 988	1 507	1 678	1 297	1 164
Other one-family houses	639	887	592	737	420	453
Multi-family buildings	648	839	603	658	337	416
Other buildings	152	144	146	138	104	80
Industrial and administrative buildings, etc.	6 473	6 295	6 195	5 909	5 044	4 056
Farm buildings, etc.	2 913	3 331	2 887	3 267	2 369	1 787
Factories, workshops, etc.	1 151	1 007	1 124	898	1 078	819
Power stations, gasworks, etc.	57	76	53	48	32	29
Transport depots, etc.	226	132	189	121	61	111
Public administration, distributive and professional trades	1 849	1 531	1 702	1 391	1 292	1 141
Hotels and other service trade buildings	101	92	98	77	99	62
Other buildings	176	125	143	109	112	108
Buildings for cultural and institutional use	646	602	621	516	454	450
Of which:						
Buildings for education and research	375	415	320	350	268	291
Hospitals, nursing homes, etc.	46	28	98	20	64	30
Other buildings	1 325	1 523	1 233	1 388	1 023	897
Of which: Holiday dwellings	306	384	271	323	216	205
Regional distribution						
All Denmark	11 556	12 277	10 896	11 023	8 678	7 518
Undistributed building activity	-	-134	-	-96	-	-35
Copenhagen Municipality	704	534	673	368	322	399
Frederiksberg Municipality	8	18	10	17	23	9
Copenhagen County	675	538	576	484	483	461
Frederiksborg County	656	536	578	478	403	373
Roskilde County	448	434	363	404	304	248
West Zealand County	711	761	717	649	543	450
Storstrøm County	513	599	466	475	366	338
Bornholm County	69	105	64	98	46	47
Funen County	795	681	783	659	734	670
South Jutland	815	932	777	848	666	509
Ribe County	739	831	718	761	583	434
Vejle County	1 082	1 038	1 023	974	907	650
Ringkøbing County	987	1 207	968	1 104	788	712
Århus County	1 273	1 750	1 190	1 518	1 070	791
Viborg County	827	908	773	818	592	521
North Jutland County	1 253	1 538	1 216	1 465	847	939

¹ Including farmhouses and detached one-family houses.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/10

Table 315

Residential construction

	Building permits issued during the year		Buildings started during the year		Buildings completed during the year	
	2001*	2002*	2001*	2002*	2001*	2002*
	number of dwellings					
All Denmark, total	25 125	32 126	23 541	27 236	16 746	17 704
Of which:						
Conversion, etc. of buildings	3 638	4 043	3 055	3 770	2 629	2 577
Type of building						
Detached one-family houses ¹	6 925	9 008	6 448	7 728	5 401	5 169
Other one-family houses	6 767	9 855	6 361	8 110	4 285	4 927
Multi-family buildings	8 169	10 202	7 594	8 425	4 944	5 647
Student hostels	517	365	853	303	543	408
Residential institutions	1 189	1 207	1 036	1 199	671	521
Other buildings	1 558	1 489	1 249	1 471	902	1 032
Builders						
Private builders	19 047	23 668	17 594	19 736	13 438	13 217
Non-profit-making building societies	4 074	6 111	4 238	5 445	2 194	3 157
Public authorities	2 004	2 347	1 709	2 055	1 114	1 330
Regional distribution						
All Denmark	25 125	32 126	23 541	27 236	16 746	17 704
Undistributed residential construction	-	-766	-	-621	-1	-411
Copenhagen Municipality	1 306	1 662	1 220	909	732	711
Frederiksberg Municipality	44	2	54	13	126	67
Copenhagen County	1 629	1 545	1 584	1 283	851	1 163
Frederiksborg County	2 479	1 754	2 136	1 660	1 257	1 529
Roskilde County	1 280	1 290	1 444	1 151	716	1 001
West Zealand County	1 401	2 325	1 164	1 913	1 115	1 057
Storstrøm County	1 330	1 660	1 326	1 074	620	788
Bornholm County	134	154	86	130	48	81
Funen County	2 104	2 640	2 128	2 248	1 873	1 883
South Jutland County	1 308	2 296	1 197	1 824	1 056	822
Ribe County	847	1 155	843	1 020	624	639
Vejle County	2 120	2 757	2 011	2 339	1 544	1 523
Ringkøbing County	1 254	1 780	1 212	1 568	1 044	908
Aarhus County	3 936	6 334	3 629	5 575	2 964	2 994
Viborg County	1 283	1 589	1 166	1 291	821	951
North Jutland County	2 670	3 949	2 341	3 859	1 356	1 998

¹ Incl. farmhouses and detached one-family houses.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/10

Tabel 316

Total space of buildings

	1981	1986	1991	2002	2003
	mio. m ²				
Total	534.9	566.4	606.1	659.2	664.3
Residential buildings	280.6	293.8	308.2	331.9	334.3
Of which:					
Detached one-family houses	139.3	146.7	153.0	170.5	171.8
Terraced houses, etc.	18.5	22.9	28.2	32.8	33.4
Multi-family buildings	84.5	85.8	88.6	93.7	94.4
Industrial and commercial buildings	209.0	222.9	244.4	265.7	267.6
Of which:					
Non-residential farm buildings	115.9	121.7	127.5	131.2	131.5
Factories, workshops, etc.	39.0	41.8	47.3	53.5	53.8
Buildings for public administration, distributive and professional trades	39.9	43.5	51.3	60.0	61.1
Other buildings	45.2	49.7	53.5	61.6	62.4
Of which:					
Buildings for institutional and cultural use, etc.	30.0	32.9	35.1	39.8	40.2
Holiday dwellings	10.8	11.4	12.1	13.7	13.9

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bygb3

Table 317

Average size of new dwellings completed

	1980	1985	1990	1995	2002
	m ² per dwelling				
Year-round dwellings, total	118	99	85	98	111
Farmhouses	213	196	206	196	227
Detached one-family houses	144	129	134	145	159
Other one-family houses	95	83	80	84	92
Multi-family buildings	78	74	73	77	89
Student hostels	24	24	37	37	35
	number of dwellings				
New buildings completed, total	30 345	22 613	27 237	13 503	17 704
Detached one-family houses	15 207	7 678	3 392	3 357	5 169
Other one-family houses	7 297	8 863	12 431	2 444	4 927
Multi-family buildings	6 562	5 198	9 417	6 266	5 647
Other buildings	1 279	874	1 997	1 436	1 961

Note. The average area of completed dwellings is calculated alone on basis of new constructed dwellings.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/10

Table 318**Construction cost indices for civil engineering projects**

	Average 1996	Average 2002	Average 2003
	————— 1995=100 —————		
Road work	103.98	127.53	130.43
Earth work, etc.	105.07	126.84	129.57
Asphalt work	103.60	131.25	134.18
Concrete structures	102.70	121.26	124.44
Iron structures	101.68	116.49	120.02


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/byg7

Table 319**Regulating price index for residential construction**

	Weights 1 Jan. 1987	Average 1992	Average 1997	Average 2002
	————— 1 January 1987=100 —————			
Regulating price index, total	1 000	128	146	168.2
Concrete work/underground	51	116	126	143.3
Concrete structures	136	130	145	171.9
Bricklayers	135	129	145	172.6
Carpenters	256	130	148	164.7
Joiners	109	115	125	128.6
Painters	56	121	150	184.7
Heating, sanitation, etc.	125	133	163	197.0
Plumbers	13	137	166	208.4
Electricians	41	138	163	193.0
Fixtures	78	126	139	151.2

Note. The construction cost index for residential buildings is in 2003 replaced by a new construction cost index.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/10

Table 320**Construction employment**

	Average 2002	Average 2003
Total employment	161 430	157 389
General contractors, etc.	46 652	44 385
Master bricklayers	12 299	12 386
Electricians	24 958	24 176
Plumbers	17 316	17 189
Carpenters and joiners	27 759	27 434
Master painters	11 224	11 110
Master glaziers	1 347	1 311
Other construction activities ¹	11 803	11 732
Public institutions, etc.	7 773	7 668

¹ Estimate over data which are not collected in 2002 and first quarter of 2003.

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/byg

Table 321

Housing conditions

Per 1 January	1960	1970	1980	2003
	number			
Occupied dwellings (households)	1 475 620	1 796 648	2 000 231 ¹	2 421 436 ¹
Occupants	4 437 550	4 832 842	4 947 728 ¹	5 279 076 ¹
Average number of occupants per household	3.01	2.69	2.47	2.18
Occupants in the household¹	per cent			
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0²	100.0
1 occupant	16.0	23.7	27.9	36.9
2 occupants	27.4	29.5	31.6	33.5
3 occupants	20.9	18.5	16.1	12.3
4 occupants	18.9	16.7	16.5	11.9
5 or more occupants	16.8	11.6	7.9	5.4
Type of building¹				
Total (incl. not stated)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Households in:				
Farmhouses	12.4	9.8	7.8	4.9
One-family houses, etc.	32.6	39.7	49.9	54.8
Multi-dwelling houses	55.0	49.0	41.6	39.7
Other dwellings	-	1.6	0.6	0.6
Tenure¹				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Occupied by owner	44.9	46.9	54.6	52.9
Rented	55.1	53.1	44.1	46.8
Not stated	-	-	1.3	0.1
Installations				
Per cent with central heating	47.0	84.0	91.3	98.7
Per cent with bath	45.0	71.3	84.0	95.1

¹ Residential institutions and holiday dwellings are not included. ² Excluding student hostels.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/10

Table 322

Dwelling stock by type, size, etc. 2003

Per 1 January	Dwellings by type of building					Dwelling stock total ¹	Of which freehold flats
	One-family houses detached	One-family houses (terraced or semidetached)	Dwellings in multi-family buildings	Student hostels	Other dwellings		
	number of dwellings						
Dwelling stock, total	1 166 874	333 312	984 827	34 944	20 949	2 540 908	215 541
By number of rooms:							
1 room	3 193	12 877	103 183	30 610	6 810	156 674	24 675
2 rooms	27 716	70 415	367 700	3 515	2 642	471 988	84 242
3 rooms	153 089	95 714	325 339	635	2 183	576 960	64 013
4 rooms	364 969	111 622	145 610	57	2 054	624 312	31 526
5 rooms	307 778	31 634	29 603	25	1 515	370 556	7 466
6 rooms	170 794	7 946	8 749	14	1 303	188 806	2 304
7 or more rooms	139 242	3 101	4 639	88	4 436	151 506	1 315
By floor space:							
0- 39 m ²	1 613	8 191	56 127	29 220	3 510	98 661	10 025
40- 59 m ²	8 250	21 563	214 314	4 354	2 394	250 876	46 658
60- 79 m ²	45 925	80 838	341 023	803	2 032	470 621	72 899
80- 99 m ²	122 959	114 502	238 047	120	1 595	477 223	47 575
100-119 m ²	197 393	64 518	79 583	36	1 354	342 884	20 770
120-159 m ²	456 513	37 141	40 134	103	1 958	535 849	12 314
160-199 m ²	212 220	4 832	10 076	63	1 252	228 443	3 356
200-299 m ²	106 968	1 527	4 787	74	2 305	115 662	1 661
300- m ²	15 033	199	736	171	4 548	20 687	283
By construction period:							
Before 1900	131 913	16 419	102 870	1 164	4 238	256 604	19 693
1900-1919	126 075	11 985	132 794	1 051	4 430	276 335	23 958
1920-1939	159 862	9 461	188 806	997	3 390	362 517	38 418
1940-1949	53 025	13 540	78 964	820	911	147 260	10 630
1950-1959	103 237	23 015	107 952	2 094	1 651	237 949	11 834
1960-1964	95 094	12 325	59 023	2 229	943	169 614	10 718
1965-1969	119 741	17 527	79 024	7 148	1 030	224 470	20 442
1970-1974	139 961	29 565	81 555	10 184	958	262 223	24 291
1975-1979	106 340	32 980	34 255	973	734	175 282	10 875
1980-1984	39 315	47 106	29 031	1 213	462	117 127	10 844
1985-1989	38 687	56 112	27 831	1 679	977	125 286	13 275
1990-1994	10 921	33 437	30 380	2 658	418	77 814	9 074
1995-1999	26 564	16 222	20 257	1 622	453	65 118	6 690
2000-	15 987	13 609	12 003	1 112	323	43 035	4 789
By ownership:							
Individuals; limited liability company, etc.	1 146 233	165 147	472 221	26 282	17 869	1 827 754	207 871
Non-profit-making building society	9 178	123 709	356 476	6 175	843	496 381	3 513
Housing society	6 540	33 672	130 755	6	213	171 186	277
Public authority	4 923	10 784	25 375	2 481	2 024	45 587	3 880
By tenure:							
Rented	89 859	202 206	813 875	29 853	8 272	1 144 065	85 400
Owner-occupied	1 036 053	120 728	123 182	6	5 471	1 285 440	118 144
By installations:							
Toilet, central heating, and bath	1 117 715	326 395	881 274	28 765	15 542	2 369 693	208 029
Toilet and central heating but no bath	20 942	3 753	65 118	232	1 464	91 509	3 211
Toilet but no central heating	21 444	2 272	6 834	4	909	31 463	1 725
No toilet or not stated	6 773	892	31 601	5 943	3 034	48 243	2 576

Note 1. Residential institutions and holiday dwellings are not included.

Note 2. Not known are not specified in the first column, except for the 'by installation' section, but only included in total dwellings.

¹ Including type of dwelling not known.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/10

Table 323

Dwelling stock by type of building. Regional analysis 2003

	Dwellings by type of building					Dwelling stock total ¹
	One-family houses detached	One-family houses (terraced or semi-detached)	Dwellings in multi-family buildings	Student hostels	Other dwellings	
Per 1 january	number of dwellings					
All Denmark	1 166 874	333 312	984 827	34 944	20 949	2 540 908
Copenhagen Municipality	14 562	6 651	251 404	6 356	555	279 528
Frederiksberg Municipality	1 013	562	50 071	121	89	51 856
Copenhagen County	83 174	52 145	146 200	5 529	1 292	288 340
Frederiksborg County	78 176	30 755	43 892	390	1 428	154 641
Roskilde County	53 268	17 673	27 686	1 480	805	100 912
West Zealand County	79 141	18 508	35 471	1 353	1 599	136 072
Storstrøm County	78 467	16 505	27 918	445	1 135	124 470
Bornholm Municipality	13 584	5 348	2 174	197	304	21 607
Funen County	120 755	41 613	58 705	3 581	2 446	227 101
South Jutland County	71 726	16 061	27 840	1 966	1 363	118 956
Ribe County	60 910	14 417	26 075	1 110	947	103 459
Vejle County	90 519	18 593	53 244	1 051	1 106	164 513
Ringkøbing County	77 826	15 055	28 526	1 287	1 312	124 006
Aarhus County	134 934	40 066	116 282	6 434	2 845	300 561
Viborg County	74 042	11 441	21 486	938	1 145	109 052
North Jutland County	134 777	27 919	67 853	2 706	2 578	235 834

Note. Residential institutions and holiday dwellings are not included.

¹ Incl. dwellings where use is not known.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/10

Table 324

Dwellings, households and persons, by type of building 2003

Per 1 January	Dwellings	Households	Persons	Average number of persons per household
	number			
Total	2 778 210	2 466 693	5 383 507	2.18
Total with known housing condition ¹	2 778 210	2 448 307	5 340 273	2.18
Type of building				
Dwelling stock total	2 540 908	2 421 436	5 279 076	2.18
Farmhouses	127 682	118 981	333 458	2.80
One-family houses (detached)	1 039 192	1 004 861	2 630 566	2.62
Terraced houses	333 312	322 630	646 946	2.01
Multi-family buildings	984 827	932 647	1 602 285	1.72
Student hostels	34 944	29 268	36 430	1.24
Other dwellings	20 949	13 048	29 389	2.25
Type of building not stated	2	1	2	2.0
Residential institutions	17 290	12 932	35 614	2.75
Holiday dwellings	219 800	13 727	24 763	1.8
Housing conditions not known¹		18 386	43 234	2.35

Note. Information is based on a combination of the Construction and Housing Register (BBR) and the Central Person Register (CPR). A household comprises the persons registered at the same address on the CPR.

¹ Known housing conditions for households and persons means that the same address is on both the BBR and CPR, while housing not known means that the address for households and people on the CPR is not on the BBR, or that there is no dwelling at the address on the BBR.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/10

Table 325

Dwelling stock by type of heating installation 2003

Per 1 january	District heating	Central heating from own unit				Heating stoves ¹	No heating installation or not known	Total
		Burning oil	Burning natural gas	Other or not known	Total			
----- number of dwellings -----								
Dwelling stock total	1 515 321	452 500	341 752	54 555	848 807	174 625	2 155	2 540 908
Farmhouses	1 797	86 559	3 651	21 927	112 137	13 478	270	127 682
One-family houses (detached)	411 400	275 503	212 967	27 344	515 814	111 483	495	1 039 192
Terraced houses	217 564	23 181	61 103	1 856	86 140	29 416	192	333 312
Multi-family buildings	846 891	60 093	58 012	2 288	120 393	17 069	474	984 827
Student hostels	29 796	922	3 197	321	4 440	705	3	34 944
Other dwellings	7 873	6 242	2 822	819	9 883	2 474	721	20 951

Note. Residential institutions and holiday dwellings are not included.

¹ Including electric cookers and panels.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/10

Table 326

Households by type of building 2003

	Type of building					Dwellings proper, total ¹	Of which	
	Farm-houses	Detached one family houses	Terraced houses, etc.	Multi-family buildings	Student hostels and other dwellings		Rented dwellings	Owner-occupied dwellings
Per 1 january								
Households, total	118 981	1 004 861	322 630	932 647	29 268	2 421 436	1 133 555	1 280 086
Of which with:								
0 children	74 551	640 292	239 530	774 185	28 489	1 767 286	916 487	844 972
1 child	14 445	135 054	38 223	84 717	545	274 232	107 995	165 389
2 children	18 269	170 849	34 946	52 098	191	277 398	75 977	200 612
3 or more children	11 716	58 666	9 931	21 647	43	102 520	33 096	69 113
Households with One single man, total	15 299	92 428	49 640	241 142	14 022	416 146	273 316	140 926
of which with:								
0 children	14 657	87 186	47 578	235 865	14 006	402 823	266 175	134 793
1 child	432	3 704	1 597	4 172	14	9 978	5 552	4 390
2 children	159	1 301	406	916	2	2 804	1 307	1 490
3 or more children	51	237	59	189	0	541	282	253
Households with One single woman, total	7 196	107 014	112 564	339 423	10 572	579 480	426 363	150 951
of which with:								
0 children	6 139	90 582	90 946	288 394	10 345	488 702	352 842	134 111
1 child	427	6 928	10 919	30 153	179	48 821	40 140	8 467
2 children	409	6 972	8 560	16 033	44	32 163	25 347	6 660
3 or more children	221	2 532	2 139	4 843	4	9 794	8 034	1 713
Households with One married couple, total	58 649	541 040	99 011	147 904	541	850 249	194 723	653 561
of which with:								
0 children	32 146	313 064	63 282	93 599	271	504 286	124 216	379 017
1 child	5 945	62 699	12 100	21 484	161	102 801	24 975	77 543
2 children	11 874	121 784	18 205	21 230	88	173 684	28 911	144 317
3 or more children	8 684	43 493	5 424	11 591	21	69 478	16 621	52 684
Households with two single adults of opposite sex, total	13 317	112 864	31 089	116 486	2 615	277 772	131 747	145 018
of which with:								
0 children	6 804	54 871	17 431	88 130	2 381	170 564	92 929	77 000
1 child	2 667	25 819	6 934	17 679	168	53 479	21 791	31 495
2 children	2 741	25 258	5 344	8 590	52	42 161	13 082	28 938
3 or more children	1 105	6 916	1 380	2 087	14	11 568	3 945	7 585
Households with more than one family or with children 18 and over	15 655	109 685	22 430	37 137	57	185 756	50 103	135 376
of which with:								
0 children	10 152	71 072	15 312	27 540	51	124 651	35 228	89 244
1 child	3 425	28 292	5 309	6 444	5	43 660	9 845	33 749
2 children	1 564	8 436	1 414	2 098	0	13 577	3 395	10 160
3 or more children	514	1 885	395	1 055	1	3 868	1 635	2 223
Households, other types, total	8 865	41 830	7 896	50 555	1 461	112 033	57 303	54 254
of which with:								
0 children	4 653	23 517	4 981	40 657	1 435	76 260	45 097	30 807
1 child	1 549	7 612	1 364	4 785	18	15 493	5 692	9 745
2 children	1 522	7 098	1 017	3 231	5	13 009	3 935	9 047
3 or more children	1 141	3 603	534	1 882	3	7 271	2 579	4 655

Note. Note. Information is based on a combination of the construction and housing register (BBR) and the central person register (CPR). A household comprises the persons registered at the same address on the CPR. The table only includes households with known housing conditions. Known housing conditions for households and persons means that the same address is on both the BBR and CPR, while housing not known means that the address for households and people on the CPR is not on the BBR, or that there is no dwelling at the address on the BBR. Children are defined as unmarried, childless persons under 18 years of age who live at the same address as their parents. Dwellings do not include institutional households and summer dwellings.

¹ Incl. type of building not known, and residential institutions and holiday dwellings are not included.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/10

Table 327

Number of rented dwellings by quality, size, etc. 2003

	With all installations				Not with all installations				Total			
	All Den-mark	Copen-hagen Region	Of which Copen-hagen, Frederiksberg	Rest of Den-mark	All Den-mark	Copen-hagen region	Of which Copen-hagen, Frederiksberg	Rest of Den-mark	All Den-mark	Copen-hagen region	Of which Copen-hagen, Frederiksberg	Rest of Den-mark
	number of rented dwellings in thousands											
Dwelling stock, total	1,045.6	388.5	212.8	657.1	98.5	52.9	48.0	45.6	1,144.1	441.4	260.8	702.7
By type of dwelling:												
Detached one-family houses	69.3	5.3	0.8	64.1	5.6	0.5	0.2	5.1	75.0	5.7	1.0	69.2
Terraced houses	199.0	36.3	3.0	162.6	3.2	0.7	0.2	2.6	202.2	37.0	3.2	165.2
Multi-family houses	730.9	335.6	203.8	395.3	83.0	50.4	46.5	32.6	813.9	386.0	250.3	427.9
By gross square meters:												
Under 40 m ²	59.9	20.7	9.4	39.2	16.1	4.3	3.4	11.8	76.0	25.0	12.8	51.0
40- 59 m ²	169.4	78.5	52.6	90.9	34.4	21.2	19.3	13.2	203.8	99.7	71.9	104.1
60- 79 m ²	340.6	129.7	72.6	210.9	27.2	16.2	15.2	11.0	367.8	145.9	87.9	221.8
80- 99 m ²	293.2	101.2	46.3	192.0	12.7	7.2	6.5	5.6	305.9	108.4	52.8	197.5
100-119 m ²	100.2	33.2	16.4	67.0	4.3	2.2	2.0	2.1	104.5	35.4	18.4	69.1
120-159 m ²	51.1	17.3	10.1	33.8	2.7	1.4	1.2	1.4	53.8	18.7	11.3	35.1
160 m ² +	31.3	7.9	5.4	23.4	1.1	0.4	0.3	0.7	32.3	8.3	5.7	24.1
By ownership:												
Individuals, etc.	157.9	23.1	14.1	134.8	31.8	6.5	5.6	25.3	189.7	29.5	19.7	160.1
Non-profit building society	475.8	169.1	55.2	306.7	8.5	4.6	3.7	3.9	484.3	173.7	58.8	310.5
Limited liability companies, cooperative societies, etc.	163.4	65.8	44.0	97.6	21.3	10.6	9.9	10.7	184.7	76.3	53.9	108.3
Public authorities	28.0	6.2	2.7	21.8	5.2	2.5	1.4	2.6	33.1	8.7	4.1	24.4
Rented freehold flats	82.6	34.4	21.5	48.1	2.8	1.4	1.3	1.4	85.4	35.9	22.8	49.5
By construction period:												
Before 1900	76.6	30.9	29.2	45.7	26.2	16.7	16.3	9.5	102.8	47.6	45.4	55.2
1900-1919	91.1	35.5	32.7	55.6	29.9	17.1	16.4	12.8	121.0	52.6	49.1	68.4
1920-1939	142.2	81.0	69.8	61.2	23.7	12.8	11.5	10.9	165.8	93.8	81.3	72.0
1940-1949	73.9	34.0	21.5	39.9	8.8	4.5	2.9	4.3	82.7	38.5	24.5	44.2
1950-1959	119.3	51.7	13.7	67.6	4.3	1.1	0.6	3.1	123.6	52.8	14.3	70.8
1960-1964	64.1	25.5	6.4	38.6	1.3	0.1	0.0	1.2	65.4	25.6	6.4	39.8
1965-1969	83.0	28.9	8.3	54.1	1.3	0.0	0.0	1.3	84.3	28.9	8.3	55.4
1970-1974	93.7	35.9	9.0	57.9	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.4	94.3	36.1	9.2	58.3
1975-1979	46.9	15.3	3.9	31.6	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.2	47.2	15.4	3.9	31.8
1980-1984	61.5	13.2	6.1	48.2	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	62.0	13.3	6.1	48.7
1985-1989	72.5	13.0	3.6	59.5	0.9	0.1	0.1	0.8	73.3	13.1	3.7	60.3
1990-1994	64.3	13.7	4.4	50.6	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.4	64.8	13.8	4.4	51.1
1995-1999	35.7	7.3	3.1	28.4	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.2	35.9	7.3	3.1	28.6
2000-	20.6	2.6	1.1	18.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	20.8	2.6	1.1	18.2

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/10

Table 328

Annual rent per m² by quality, size, etc. 1999

	With all installations				Not with all installations				Total			
	All Den- mark	Copen- hagen region	Of which Copen- hagen, Frede- riksberg	Rest of Den- mark	All Den- mark	Copen- hagen region	Of which Copen- hagen, Frede- riksberg	Rest of Den- mark	All Den- mark	Copen- hagen region	Of which Copen- hagen, Frede- riksberg	Rest of Den- mark
	DKK per m ²											
Dwelling stock, total	485	498	487	478	431	411	407	450	482	490	475	477
By type of dwelling:												
Detached one-family houses	387	422	421	384	371	381	349	366	386	415	365	383
Terraced houses	528	553	496	521	436	464	530	426	527	552	498	520
Multi-family houses	475	490	486	465	430	410	407	451	472	482	474	464
By gross square meters:												
Under 40 m ²	574	573	581	575	550	481	472	583	571	559	551	575
40- 59 m ²	519	504	487	530	449	430	429	467	508	491	473	521
60- 79 m ²	496	501	493	493	415	407	404	423	492	494	481	490
80- 99 m ²	469	507	514	449	381	378	372	385	467	501	501	447
100-119 m ²	432	466	438	414	345	339	340	355	429	459	426	413
120-159 m ²	395	419	372	375	335	338	334	328	392	414	368	374
160 m ² +	326	348	344	299	317	324	327	292	325	346	343	299
By ownership:												
Individuals, etc.	468	436	429	478	434	398	397	453	461	425	418	473
Non-profit building society	482	517	530	462	445	455	444	429	481	516	525	462
Limited liability companies, co- operative societies, etc.	495	462	444	527	427	404	405	471	487	453	436	522
Public authorities	502	488	477	504	420	439	447	409	485	469	463	489
Rented freehold flats	521	505	511	538	351	316	305	479	518	499	501	537
By construction period:												
Before 1900	489	464	463	506	422	402	402	455	469	439	438	495
1900-1919	463	416	415	484	422	395	393	447	451	408	407	475
1920-1939	434	408	410	465	433	409	409	450	434	408	410	462
1940-1949	443	481	499	412	451	458	459	444	444	478	495	414
1950-1959	417	448	464	393	452	463	445	447	418	448	464	394
1960-1964	423	454	454	401	434	408	408	434	423	454	454	402
1965-1969	442	483	493	422	444	425	425	445	442	483	493	422
1970-1974	474	513	537	454	465	489	371	463	474	513	537	454
1975-1979	544	594	628	518	558	550	-	566	544	594	628	518
1980-1984	538	606	610	517	572	405	-	573	538	606	610	518
1985-1989	603	695	706	577	521	655	647	487	602	695	705	577
1990-1994	629	738	775	595	575	835	835	569	629	738	775	595
1995-	646	729	719	618	601	687	-	588	646	729	719	618

Note. Average figures for rent pr. m² are not calculated if the number of dwellings is less than 50. Calculations of average rent pr. m² have changed since 1991.

Services sector and the information society

1. Structure of the services sector

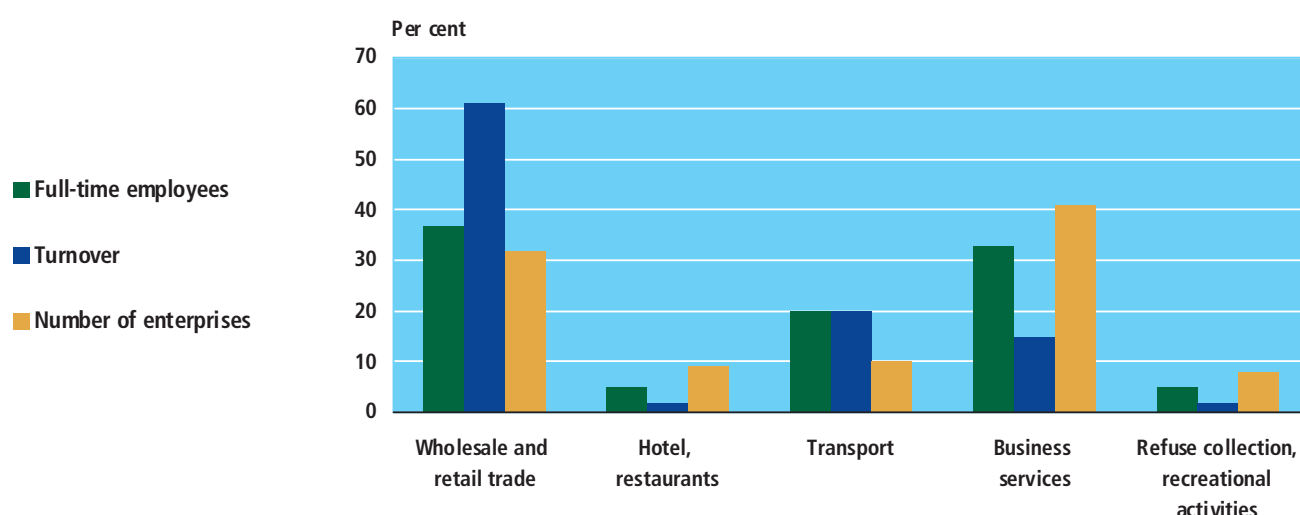
Business activities account for highest increase.

The services sector comprises a number of different industries with one thing in common: the production of services. These industries include the wholesale and retail trade, hotels and restaurants and catering, transports, telecommunications and postal services, financial services and business activities comprising ICT services, research and development, auditing and book-keeping, cleaning, leasing of machinery and equipment, temporary employment agencies, etc. The services sector has experienced a 20 per cent increase in employment during the period 1992-1999, followed by a 6 per cent growth from 1999 to 2001. In comparison, the number of persons employed in manufacturing has declined by 3 per cent from 1992-1999. Since then it has been stabilized.

Wholesale and retail trade account for the highest number of persons employed

The structure of the private services sector is illustrated in figure 1. In 2001, the greatest number of persons employed was found within the wholesale and retail trade, which accounted for 302,000 full-time employees. Next was business activities with 266,000 persons employed. In 2001, the wholesale and retail trade accounted for 61 per cent of the total value added, followed by transport which generated 20 per cent, and business services with 15 per cent. Business services accounted for 41 per cent of the total number of business enterprises within the services sector and the wholesale and retail trade for 32 per cent.

Figure 1 Employment and value added within the service sector 2001



Services sector

2. Retail trade

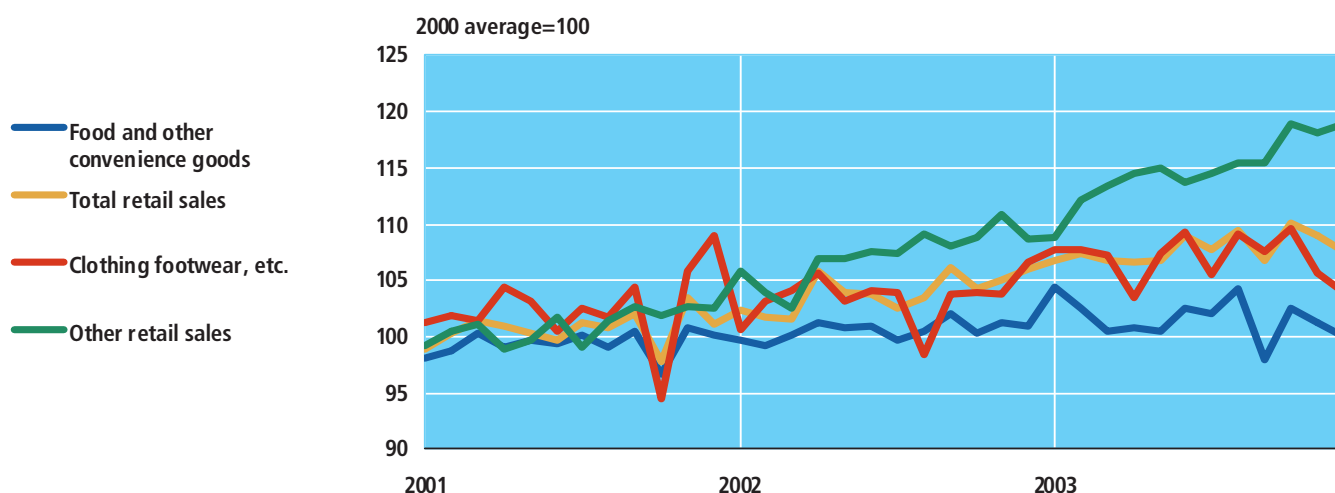
Slight increase in retail sales

The total turnover within retail sales saw an increasing trend. The retail sales is divided into three categories, *Food and other everyday commodities, clothing, etc.* and *other consumer goods* (equipment for accommodation and leisure). *Food and other everyday commodities* and *other consumer goods* represents respectively 50 and 40 per cent of the total retail sales.

There are great differences in the trends seen in retail sales for the three commodity groups during recent years. Det sæsonkorrigerede mængdeindeks for *fødevarer og andre dagligvarer* ligger relativt stabilt omkring 100, whereas *other consumer goods* at the end of 2003 had increased to 119 and this was the main reason for the increase in retail sales.

Figure 2

Monthly seasonally adjusted deflated turnover index of retail sales



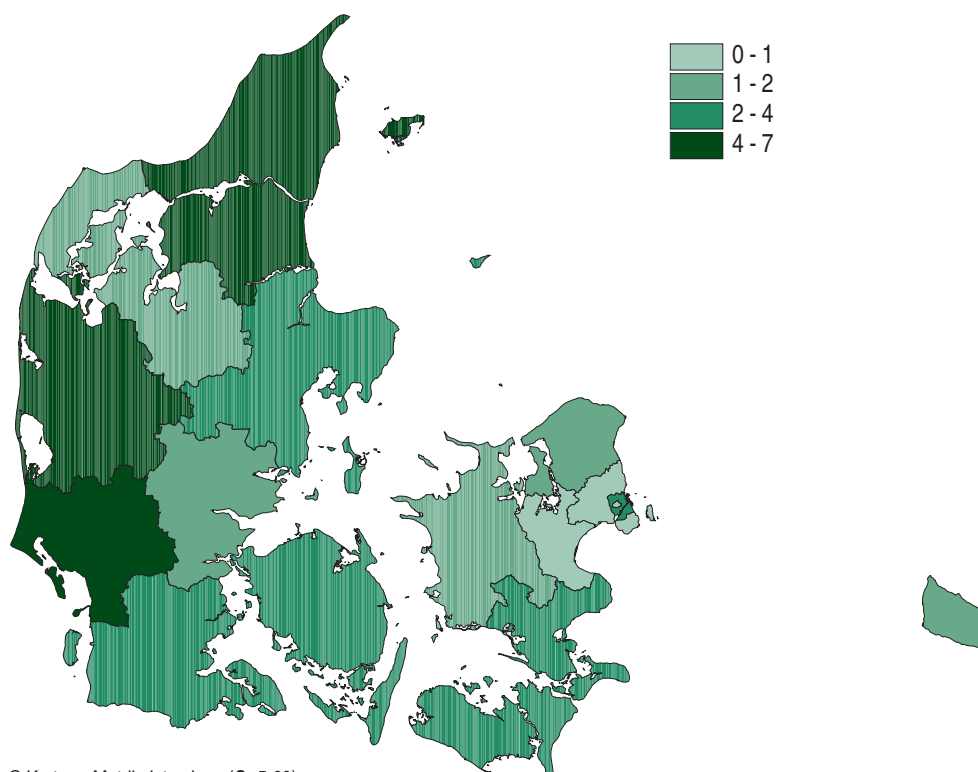
3. Tourism

Camping sites, rented holiday dwellings and marinas saw an increase in 2003

In 2003, the total number of nights spent at hotels, etc., camping sites, hostels, marinas and holiday dwellings rented through Danish agencies was 43.5 mio. This is an increase of 1.1 mio. or 3 pct. compared to the previous year. The large increase is due to, e.g. the good summer weather with more hours of sunshine than usually. There was a significant increase in the number of nights spent at camping sites, as a fall was seen for both hotels, etc. and hostels of, respectively 1 and 4 pct. The number of nights spent at camping sites increased by 850,000, of which 540,000 were spent by Danes, 173,000 by Germans and 99,000 by the Dutch. There was also a large increase in the number of nights spent in holiday dwellings rented through Danish agencies. The nights spent by Danes accounted for 45 pct. of all nights spent in 2003. The Germans accounted for 35 pct., the Swedes and the Norwegians each accounted for 5 pct. and the Dutch accounted for 3 pct. The counties of Nordjylland, Ribe and Ringkøbing each accounted for over 4 mio. nights for all categories, whereas the counties of Roskilde and Copenhagen each accounted for under 1 mio.

Figure 3

Total number of overnight stays in counties (mio.) 2003

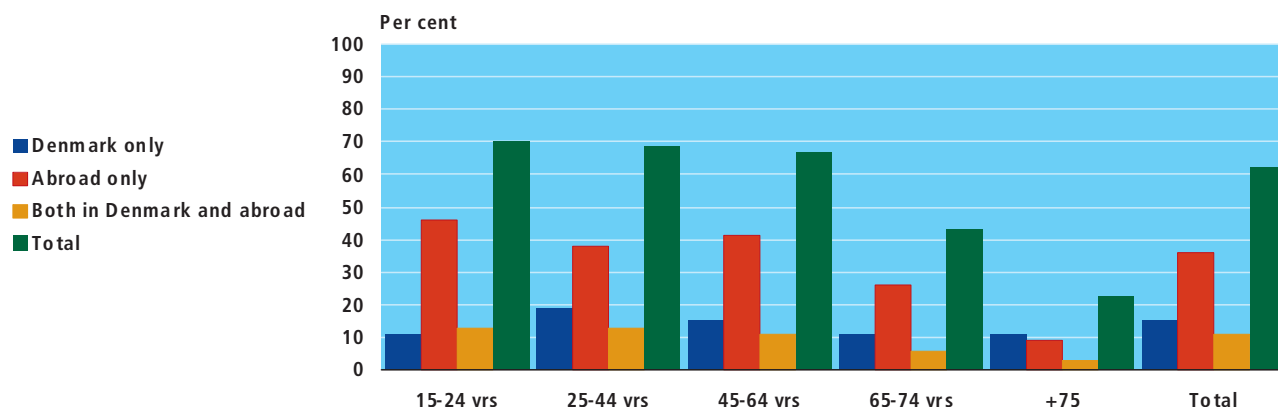


Danes on holiday and business trips

2.7 million adult Danes, corresponding to 61 pct. of the adult population, went on one or more trips with at least 4 nights in 2002. 2.0 million people took a holiday trip abroad in 2002 and 1.1 million went on a holiday trip in Denmark. Some Danes took a holiday trip abroad as well as in Denmark. About half of the trips were by plane, while 3/4 of the trips in Denmark were by car. For about 26 pct. of the trips in Denmark, the type of accommodation was with family/friends, 23 pct. were in rented holiday dwellings and 13 pct. were in own holiday dwellings. Camping was also a popular way of going on holiday in Denmark with 19 pct. of all trips. The most popular type of accommodation abroad was hotels, while 14 pct. stayed with family/friends. 4.0 million holiday trips were made by Danes in 2002, 2/3 of the trips were made abroad.

Services sector

Figure 4 Danes travelling abroad in 2001, after age and destination



4. Business activities

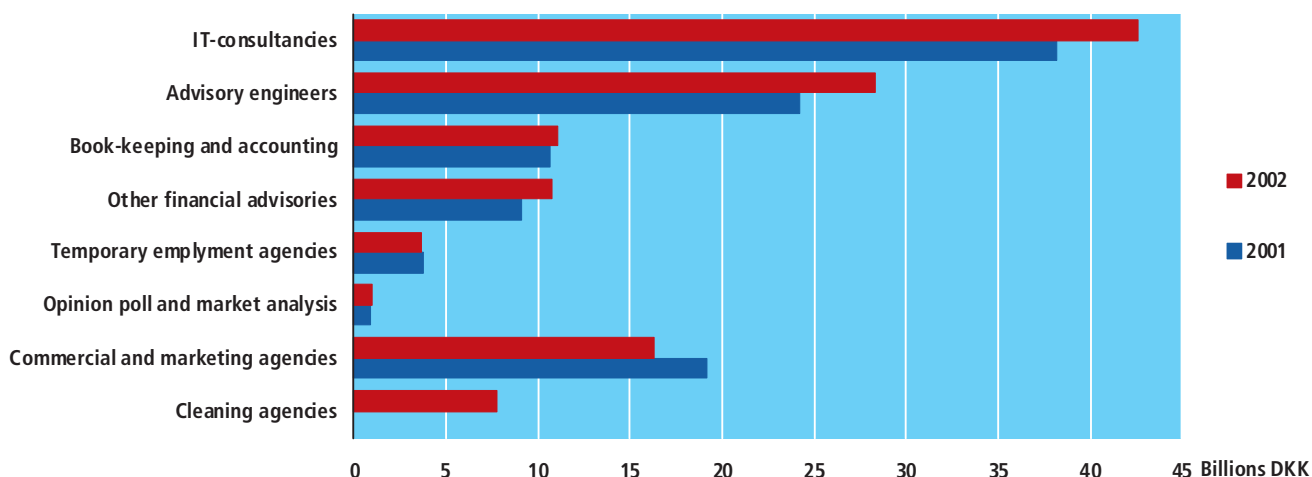
Business activities

Business activities comprise a range of different services. It includes the knowledge-intensive services like the IT-consultancy, consulting engineers, Auditing and book-keeping, architects etc., but also operational service like cleaning, packaging and guard- and surveillance-services. The common element is, that the companies within business activities primarily deliver services to other companies.

Increasing turnover and increased specialisation

The industries comprising business activities have generally experienced an increase in sales from 2001 to 2002. The growth of sales is seen, together with an increase in the degree of specialisation within each main activity of the industries. For example, 48 pct. and 65 pct. of the sales of ICT consultancy services can be ascribed to core competencies in 2002. Auditing and book-keeping are also highly specialised. Here, the share of sales accounted for by core competencies made up as much as 89 pct. in 2002.

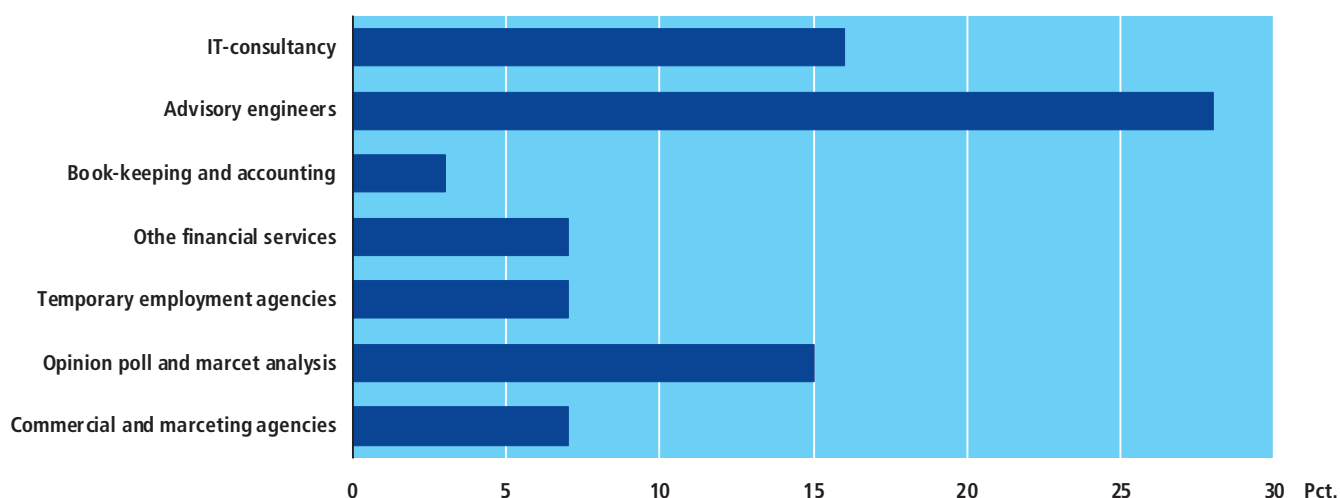
Figure 5 Development in sales within business activities by industries in 2002



Exports of knowledge-intensive services

There are differences in exports within the industries comprising business activities, where auditing and book-keeping account for 3 pct. and consulting engineers account for 28 pct. In the sub-industry *mounting and delivery of ready-made production plants*, exports accounted for 96 pct. of total sales in the industries of business activities in 2002. ICT consultancy services made up 30 pct. of total sales within development and sale of packaged software, and 15 pct. of total sales were ascribed to development and sale of customised software in 2002.

Figure 6 Export share of sales within business activities 2002



5. The information society

About the information society

An analysis of the information society can be made partly via the supply side in the form of enterprises and employment in the ICT sector and partly via the demand side in the form of use of information technology by enterprises, public sector and families, e.g. the Internet. Statistics Denmark’s publications on the information society are available at www.dst.dk/it.

The ICT sector

The ICT sector comprises those enterprises which produce products and services within electronics, ICT, computer software, telecommunications, and other areas which are primarily based on information technologies. The ICT sector can be divided into ICT Manufacturing, ICT Wholesale, Telecommunications, and ICT Consultancy services. All these comprise a total of 35 individual industries.

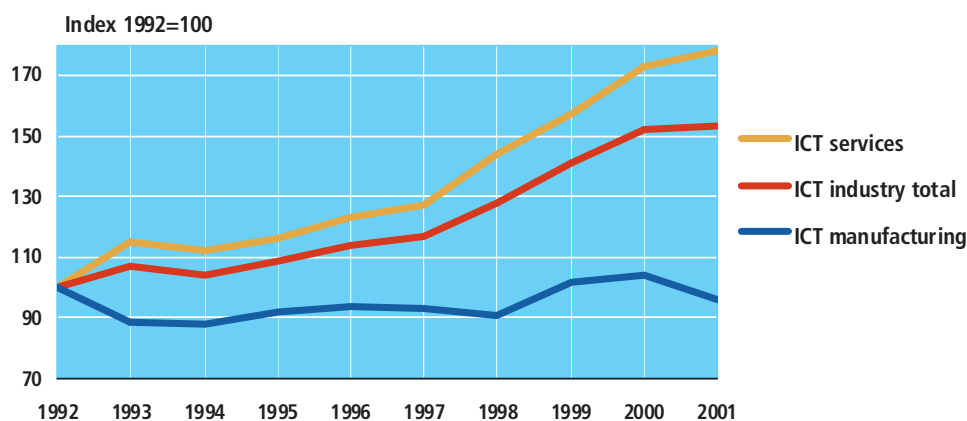
Steep growth rate in ICT Service Industries

In 2001, the Danish ICT sector employed a total of 105,000 full-time persons. Of these consultancy services accounted for 35 pct. and ICT wholesale for 27 pct., while ICT manufacturing and telecommunications accounted for, respectively 19 pct. and 20 pct. Since the beginning of the 1990’s, the number of full-time employed persons in ICT manufacturing has roughly remained constant, while ICT Service Industries have experienced some of the most rapid developments within Danish enterprises with an overall growth rate of 78 pct. from 1992 to 2001. For

Services sector

the purposes of comparison, the overall growth rate for Danish private non-agricultural industry was 31 pct. during the same period.

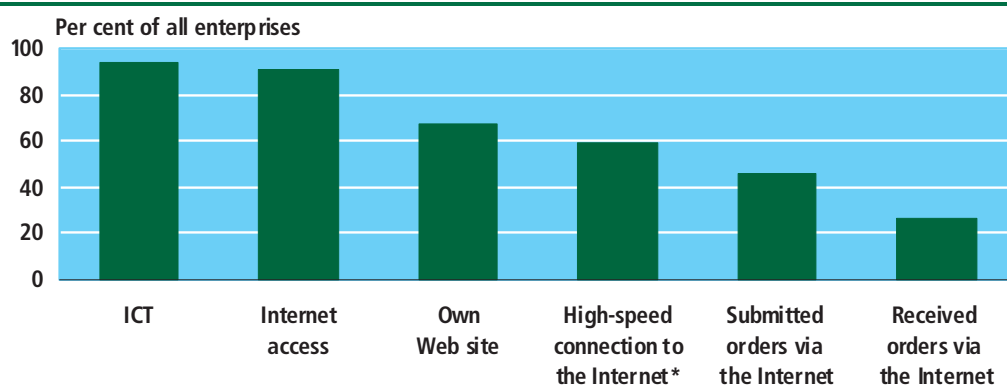
Figure 7 Number of full-time employees in the ICT sector 1992-2001



Use of ICT by enterprises

In 2002, nine out of ten enterprises with five or more persons employed had access to the Internet and two out of three enterprises had their own website. About six out of ten enterprises had high-speed connection to the Internet (e.g. broadband connection or ADSL). As regards electronic commerce, almost half of the enterprises had submitted orders via the Internet and one out of four enterprises had received orders.

Figure 8 Use of ICT by enterprises in 2002

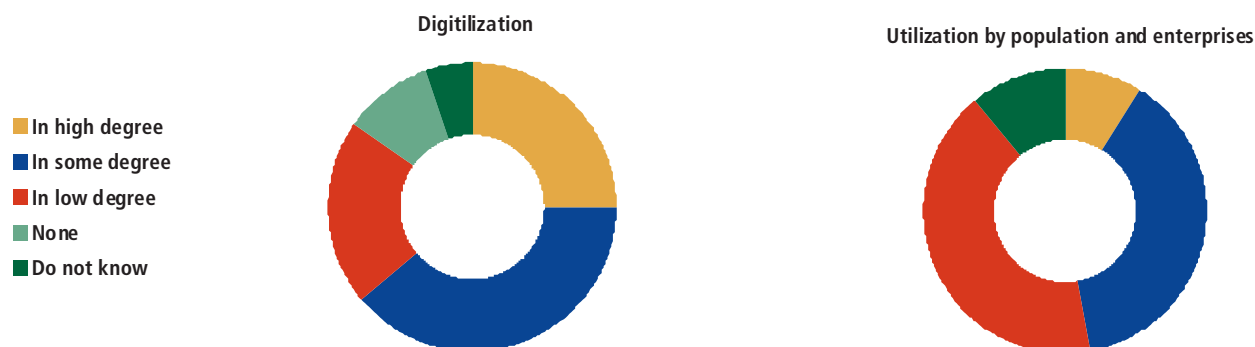


Note 1: Based on data reported by 3,549 enterprises with 5 or more persons employed. 2002 relates to the end of the year.
 Note 2: High-speed connection to the Internet comprises: Broadband connection at min. 2 Mbit/sec., ADSL, etc.

Use of ICT by the public sector

Forms are, to some degree, typically digitalised in the public sector. 39 pct. of the public authorities in the central government, counties and municipalities hold the view that they have, "to some degree" digitalised citizen- or business-oriented forms. 25 pct. of the public authorities had, to a high degree, digitalised, 21 pct. to a low degree, 10 pct. replied that they did not offer digitalised forms and 5 pct. replied "do not know".

Figure 9 Digitalised forms in the public sector 2003



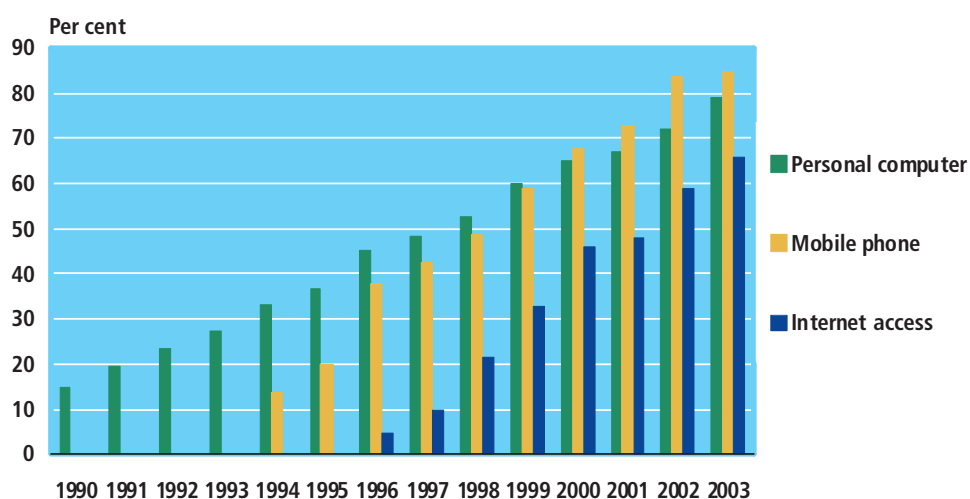
Note: Figures represent qualified estimates of digitalisation, rather than exact figures.

However, the rate of utilization among the public authorities which have digitalised forms is lower. Here, 9 pct. of the authorities hold the view that the forms are, to a high degree, used by citizens and enterprises, 38 pct. to some degree and 42 pct. that they are used to a low degree. There were no authorities with digitalised forms, which were not used.

Use of PC and the Internet by Danish families is increasing

An increasing number of Danish families have access to PC and the Internet in their homes. In 2003, 66 per cent had access to the Internet in the home, compared to only 22 per cent in 1998. Since 2000 the dissemination of mobile phones have passed the dissemination of the PC. In 2003 85 per cent of the Danish families have a mobile phone against 49 per cent in 1998. In 2003 79 per cent of the families had a PC at home.

Figure 10 Families' access to ICT goods



Note: As of 1 January.

Four out of five can access the Internet

In 2003 79 per cent of the population were able to access the Internet from their home, workplace or educational institution. This is an increase in comparison to 2002 (76 per cent). The reason for the increase is that more people now are able to

Services sector

access the Internet from their home. In 2003 71 per cent of the population could access the Internet at home against 64 per cent in 2002. An unchanged 52 per cent can access the Internet from their workplace. The proportion having Internet access at their place of work only has fallen, and make up only 8 pct. in 2003.

Two out of five connected to the Internet every day

In 2003, 63 pct. of the population were connected to the Internet at least once per week, and 42 pct. were connected to the Internet every day. 67 pct. were connected to the Internet within the last month, and 4 pct. were connected less than once every month.

Men are the most frequent users

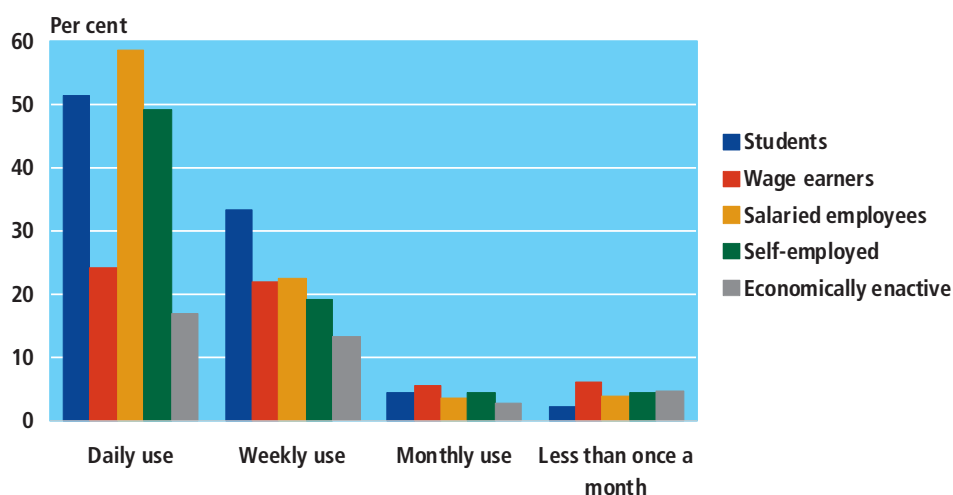
In 2003 48 per cent of all men were connected to the Internet every day from their home and 68 per cent were connected to the Internet at least once a week. 67 per cent has been using the Internet within the last month and 4 per cent use it less often than once a month.

One half of all students are connected to the Internet every day

Like gender, the frequency of Internet usage is closely linked to occupation. 51 per cent of the students were connected to the Internet every day in 2003 and 85 per cent at least once a week. 81 per cent of the salaried employed are also connected to the Internet at least once a week and 61 per cent was connected every day. Only 30 per cent of the economically inactive use the internet once a week and only 17 per cent use it daily.

Figure 11

The frequency of Internet usage in the home 2002



More frequent use of the Internet east of the Great Belt

The Internet is more frequently used east of the Great Belt compared to west of the Great Belt. 68 pct. east of the Great Belt are connected to the Internet at least once a week and 47 pct. each day, whereas west of the Great Belt 60 pct. and 37 pct., respectively are connected to the Internet.

Table 329

Value index for retail sale

	2001	2002	2003
	————— 2000 = 100 —————		
Retail trade of food etc.	104	107	112
Retail sale of food in non-specialized stores	104	108	113
Grocer's shops	99	101	90
All-night shops	103	103	123
Supermarkets	102	103	106
Discount stores	111	120	139
Retail sale of food in specialized stores	102	106	110
Retail sale of fruit and vegetables	97	106	108
Retail sale of meat and meat products	102	102	105
Retail sale of fish and game	103	110	122
Bakers' shops, retail sale of bread, cakes etc.	104	112	114
Retail sale of chocolate and sugar confectionery	97	96	93
Retail sale of alcoholic and other beverages	97	92	118
Retail sale of tobacco products and wine	100	104	106
Retail sale of cheese	107	106	84
Other retail sale of food in specialized stores	105	119	147
Hypermarkets and department stores	104	108	109
Retail sale of pharmaceutical goods, cosmetic art.	107	111	118
Retail sale of medical and orthopaedic goods	106	111	119
Perfumery shops	109	103	117
Chemists (not licensed to dispense medicines)	108	114	120
Retail sale of clothing, footwear etc.	100	105	109
Retail sale of textiles etc.	101	110	116
Retail sale of ladies' clothing	102	109	115
Retail sale of men's clothing	97	99	98
Retail sale of men's and ladies' clothing	101	106	114
Retail sale of baby articles and children's clothing	108	127	134
Retail sale of footwear	97	100	99
Retail sale of leather goods	100	96	105
Other retail sale	107	115	124
Retail sale of furniture, household appliances	102	108	113
Retail sale of furniture	102	111	118
Retail sale of furnishing fabrics	100	105	115
Retail sale of kitchen utensils, glass and china	99	90	105
Retail sale of electric household appliances	106	125	97
Retail sale of radio and television goods	95	92	149
Retail sale of records, CD's, cassettes etc.	97	96	82
Retail sale of musical instruments	102	108	104
Retail sale of hardware	101	114	118
Retail sale of building materials	104	113	128
Retail sale of paints and wallpaper	100	121	121
Retail sale in other specialized stores etc.	118	131	113
Retail sale of books, newspapers and stationery	100	107	146
Retail sale of carpets	89	103	104
Retail sale of watches and clocks	96	103	107
Retail sale of watches, clocks and jewellery	98	90	97
Retail sale of jewellery	100	97	104
Retail sale of glasses	106	112	116
Retail sale of photographic equipment	97	92	99
Gift shops	106	129	175
Retail sale of sports goods	98	108	112
Retail sale of toys and games	100	108	116
Retail sale of bicycles and mopeds	98	101	112
Retail sale of computers and standard software	100	129	169
Florist's shops, retail sale of plants and seeds	104	116	136
Retail sale via mail-order houses	88	94	107

Table 330

Holiday trips 2002

	Holiday trips		
	4 nights +		1-3 nights
	Denmark	Abroad	
Trips, total	1 663 000	3 024 000	3 876 000
Nights per trip	7.8	10.1	2.3
Means of transport	per cent		
Aeroplane	1	49	5
Car	77	32	72
Bus	5	13	5
Train	11	3	15
Ship	2	2	2
Boat	2	0	..
Bicycle	2	0	..
Other	0	0	1
Accommodation			
Hotel	9	54	
Holiday centre	5	3	21
Camping site	19	11	9
Youth hostel	1	2	..
Rented dwelling	23	11	8
Own dwelling	13	3	10
Boat	2	1	..
Family/friends	26	14	48
Other	2	1	4
Destination			
Denmark	100	•	82
Norway	•	7	1
United Kingdom	•	4	1
Sweden	•	8	6
Germany	•	6	3
France	•	13	..
Spain	•	14	..
Greece	•	7	..
Europe, total	•	30	7
Other countries	•	11	..

Note. For trips with 1-3 nights hotels and holiday centre are combined.

Table 331

Business trips 2002

	Business trips	
	Denmark	Abroad
Trips	1 412 000	1 203 000
Nights per trip	1.89	3.69
Means of transport	per cent	
Aeroplane	10	75
Car	71	17
Bus	4	6
Train	14	1
Ship	1	2
Boat	..	..
Bicycle	..	..
Other	..	..
Destination		
Denmark	100	•
Norway	•	4
United Kingdom	•	11
Sweden	•	17
Germany	•	17
France	•	..
Spain	•	..
Greece	•	..
Europe, other	•	39
Other countries	•	12

Table 332

Holiday rates for residents in Denmark

	2001 ¹	2002 ¹
	thousands	
Population, 15 years and over	4 357	4 365
	per cent	
Pct. taking holiday trip		
1 holiday trip	33	34
2 holiday trips	18	17
3 holiday trips	8	6
4 holiday trips	3	2
5 holiday trips and more	1	1
Holiday trip, total	62	61
No holiday trip	38	39
	thousands	
Number of persons taking holiday trips	2 711	2 671
Number of holiday trips	4 700	4 551
	trips	
Trips per traveller	1.7	1.7
Trips per person	1.1	1.0

¹ Calculated as the average of 3 surveys (October, January and April).

Table 333**Hotels, camping sites, youth hostels and marinas 2003**

	Hotels, etc.	Hotel beds	Hotel rooms	Camping sites	Camping units	Youth hostels	Youth hostels beds	Marinas	Berths
All Denmark	557	106 080	41 729	440	90 600	101	11074	308	54 261
Copenhagen Municipality	67	16 744	9 150	2	550	2	776	7	2 820
Frederiksberg Municipality	4	1 421	548	-	-	-	-	-	-
Copenhagen County	25	4 965	2 629	5	1 255	2	286	10	4 206
Frederiksborg County	25	3 199	1 315	21	4 096	5	741	18	4 841
Roskilde County	11	1 522	685	7	1 755	2	232	11	2 772
West Zealand County	20	2 105	1 047	27	4 110	9	774	20	3 241
Storstrøm County	30	7 527	2 091	31	6 393	9	766	49	5 149
Bornholm Municipality	43	6 935	2 311	16	2 435	6	800	18	1 078
Funen County	46	7 071	3 125	48	9 370	11	1 092	48	8 779
South Jutland County	35	4 777	1 630	49	11 175	10	1 012	23	3 879
Ribe County	34	5 390	1 781	32	6 582	5	462	5	437
Vejle County	29	4 841	2 351	27	4 997	6	633	10	3 335
Ringkøbing County	27	4 786	1 691	31	5 504	7	534	16	1 837
Aarhus County	48	9 784	3 798	51	11 039	11	1144	27	5 460
Viborg County	19	4 387	1 285	27	4 995	4	436	15	1 636
North Jutland County	94	20 626	6 292	66	16 344	12	1 386	31	4 791

Note. Hotels, motels, inns, boarding houses and holiday centre with 40 beds or over. Camping sites with 75 camping units or over. Marinas with berths for guests.

For further information visit www.statistikbanken.dk/11

Table 334

Nights spent by type of accommodation 2003

	Hotels, etc.	Camping sites	Youth hostels	Marinas	Holiday dwellings	Total
thousand person-nights						
All Denmark	13 264	12 055	1 029	1 567	15 568	43 483
Copenhagen Municipality	3 134	-	155	27	-	3 316
Frederiksberg Municipality	168	-	-	-	-	168
Copenhagen County	678	202	41	41	0	962
Frederiksborg County	357	560	69	95	331	1 412
Roskilde County	177	231	35	11	35	489
West Zealand County	208	488	47	87	327	1 157
Storstrøm County	1 095	781	58	174	767	2 875
Bornholm Municipality	571	293	51	52	608	1 575
Funen County	794	1 363	105	416	815	3 493
South Jutland County	512	1 627	78	153	1 348	3 718
Ribe County	725	1 114	49	4	3 276	5 168
Vejle County	668	720	57	56	281	1 782
Ringkøbing County	477	713	33	20	3 494	4 737
Aarhus County	1 089	1 429	95	211	1 081	3 905
Viborg County	399	602	31	28	732	1 792
North Jutland County	2 212	1 932	126	191	2 472	6 933
Nationality:						
Denmark	7 339	8 498	652	793	2 414	19 696
Sweden	1 346	305	102	160	332	2 245
Norway	1 286	254	74	53	732	2 399
Germany	904	2 268	66	486	11 622	15 346
United Kingdom	454	26	13	...	...	493
Netherlands	247	469	17	59	314	1 106
Europe, other	823	221	70	15	155	1 284
United States	303	2	7	...	...	312
Other countries	563	14	30	...	...	607

Note. Hotels, motels, inns, boarding houses and holiday centre with 40 beds or over. Camping sites with 75 camping units or over. Marinas with berths for guests. Privately-owned holiday dwellings which are let through a Danish renting agency.

¹ Data for Copenhagen Municipality is included in Copenhagen County.

For further information visit www.statistikbanken.dk/11

Table 335

Sales and exports of goods and services by sector for engineering consultancy activities 2002

	Activities					Total	Of which export
	Engineering consultancy activities related to construction and civil engineering	Engineering consultancy activities related to industrial and mechanical engineering	Mounting and delivery of ready-made production plants	Geological surveying and prospecting activities	Other technical consultancy		
	DKK mio.						
Sales, total	15 347	4 168	4 248	572	3 945	28 280	7 835
	per cent						
Products, total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Projecting services	48	61	0	0	7	36	18
Project management	17	7	1	0	5	11	4
Planning and analysis related to investments (urban planning, transport, environment, etc.)	5	9	0	2	20	7	5
Activities related to maintenance, administration, etc. of buildings and plants	5	2	0	1	1	3	1
Other technical advisory services	11	8	1	91	55	17	11
Engineering design services including integrated engineering services for turnkey projects	0	2	45	0	0	7	23
Business and management consultancy services	0	2	0	0	3	1	0
Computer services	1	2	0	0	1	1	1
Construction	3	0	0	4	0	2	1
Other sales	10	8	53	2	7	16	36

Table 336

Sales of services in the sector for general and specialized cleaning
2002

	General cleaning	Specialized cleaning	Total
	DKK mio.		
Sales, total	7 006	744	7 749
	per cent		
Products, total	100	100	100
General cleaning	73	2	66
Specialized cleaning	8	87	15
of which in new buildings	0	6	1
in the health sector	5	0	5
cleaning related to insurance covered damages	1	20	2
Other services	20	11	19
Window cleaning	3	1	3
Property maintenance etc.	7	1	6
Other sales	10	9	10

Table 337

Sales and exports of goods and services in the sectors for temporary employment agencies and recruitment agencies 2002

	Temporary employment agencies		Recruitment agencies	
	Sales	Of which export	Sales	Of which export
	DKK mio.			
Total	3 271	207	410	36
	per cent			
Products, total	100	100	100	100
Placement services	3	0	76	100
Executive search services	1	-	61	100
Placement services of specialists	0	-	9	-
of which IT and computer staff	0	-	1	0
Placement services of office support personnel and other workers	2	0	6	-
Supply services of management	23	1	-	-
Supply services of management and middle management staff	1	-	-	-
Supply services of specialists	2	-	-	-
of which IT and computer staff	1	-	-	-
Supply services of office support personnel	20	1	-	-
Supply services of canteen and kitchen staff	4	-	-	-
Supply services of nursing personnel	37	77	-	-
of which nurses	12	24	-	-
social and health assistants	8	-	-	-
social and health helpers	8	-	-	-
doctors	3	50	-	-
Other personnel	6	2	-	-
Supply services of commercial workers	2	-	-	-
Supply services of non-technical industrial workers	29	23	-	-
Other supply services	1	-	-	-
Other services	1	0	24	-
of which outplacement services	0	-	2	-
other consultancy services	0	0	22	-
other services	1	-	0	-

Table 338**Sales and exports of goods and services in the sector for market research and public opinion polling activities 2002**

	Market research and public opinion polling services	
	Sales	Of which export
	DKK mio.	
Total	1 033	150
	per cent	
Products, total	100	100
Market research services	73	92
Qualitative surveys	12	10
Quantitative ad hoc surveys	27	49
Quantitative continuous/regular surveys	34	32
Public opinion polling services	13	0
Advertising services	1	6
Business and management consultancy services	1	0
Computer services	1	1
Training services	0	1
Other sales	11	0

Table 339

Sales and exports of goods and services in the sector for accounting and bookkeeping 2002

	Accounting, bookkeeping and auditing activities		Business and management consultancy activities	
	Sales	of which export	Sales	of which export
	DKK mio.			
Total	11 104	331	10 719	743
	per cent			
Products, total	100	100	100	100
Accounting, bookkeeping, auditing services and tax consultancy services	89	87	3	2
Auditing services	56	59	1	1
Accounting and bookkeeping services, except tax returns	23	10	1	1
Tax consultancy services, including tax returns	11	19	0	0
Business and management consultancy services	8	7	67	72
Business organization consultancy services	1	0	21	24
Strategic consultancy services	2	2	9	7
Financial management consultancy services	2	1	3	5
Human resources management consultancy services	1	3	14	6
Other business and management consultancy services	1	2	19	30
Computer services	1	3	18	6
Hardware consultancy services	1	1	6	0
Software and other computer consultancy services	-	2	9	5
Other computer related services	-	-	3	1
Training services	0	0	4	1
Other sales	2	3	9	19

Table 340

Sales and exports of goods and services in the sector for advertising activities 2002

	Advertising services	
	Sales	of which export
	DKK mio.	
	per cent	
Total	16 334	1 114
Products, total	100	100
Advertising services	81	83
Sale or leasing of advertising space or time	35	32
Full service advertising	27	40
Direct marketing	4	1
Advertising design	15	10
Other advertising related services	11	9
Photography services related to advertising	1	0
Production of film for advertising	2	3
Public relation services	6	2
Other advertising related services	2	4
Business and management consultancy services	1	0
Computer services	1	0
Other sales	7	8

Table 341

The ICT sector in Denmark 2001

	Enter- prises	Full-time equivalent employees	Turn- over	Wages and salaries
	number of		DKK mio.	
Private non-agricultural industries, total	195 026	1 263 222	2 215 436	395 671
ICT industries, total	9 202	104 839	203 869	43 274
Manufacturing	596	19 989	26 253	6 471
Wholesale trade	1 711	26 350	89 669	11 452
Telecommunications	236	21 290	43 461	7 805
Consultancy services	6 659	37 210	44 486	17 546

Table 342

Sales and exports of goods and services by ICT activity 2002

	Activities						Total	Of which exports
	Hardware consultancy	Software consultancy and supply	Data processing	Database activities	Maintenance and repair of office, accounting and computing machinery	Other computer-related activities		
	DKK mio.							
Sales, total	1 444	31 938	4 690	1 622	748	2 122	42 564	6 718
	per cent							
Products, total	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Hardware consultancy services	48	2	1	1	2	2	3	1
Development and sale of packaged software	1	22	5	4	0	1	17	33
Development and sale of customised software	3	26	20	6	1	7	22	21
Other software and computer consultancy services	5	9	1	1	0	6	8	5
Computer facilities management and data processing	3	10	54	7	1	15	15	12
Database services	0	1	1	50	-	6	3	4
System maintenance services	4	8	2	0	5	4	6	5
Computer hardware servicing, repair and maintenance of computing machinery and equipment	4	1	0	-	64	0	2	0
Network and telecommunication services	0	3	10	24	1	51	7	13
ICT-related training	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0
Leasing or rental services of computing machinery without operator	0	0	0	-	0	1	0	0
Resale of software	6	3	1	1	3	1	3	1
Resale of hardware and equipment	25	5	2	1	21	3	5	1
Resale of other sales	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1
Other sales	1	8	3	4	1	2	7	2

Table 343

Enterprises' use of ICT 2002

	Internet access	Own web site	High-speed connection to the internet ²
	per cent		
All enterprises¹	91	67	59
Industry			
Manufacturing	95	74	61
Construction	87	54	35
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	92	69	62
Transport, post and telecomm.	85	52	54
Business activities etc.	94	77	77
Full-time employees			
5-9	85	58	46
10-19	94	66	57
20-49	98	78	73
50-99	99	89	85
100 +	99	93	95

¹ Figures are based on the replies November 2002 of 3 549 enterprises with at least 5 employees. ² Broadband connection (min. 2 Mbit/sec.), ADSL etc.

Table 344**Enterprises' use of the internet (selected areas) 2002**

	Banking and financial services	Interaction with public authorities	Recruitment of personnel	Placing orders via the internet	Receiving orders via the internet
	per cent of enterprises with internet access				
All enterprises¹	82	72	21	50	28
Industry					
Manufacturing	82	73	20	50	24
Construction	83	65	11	33	23
Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	81	68	20	51	36
Transport, post and telecomm.	83	72	15	43	26
Business activities etc.	83	85	37	70	25
Full-time employees					
5-9	82	65	14	47	28
10-19	81	73	17	46	28
20-49	83	77	26	53	28
50-99	83	83	35	62	28
100 +	80	87	58	78	33

¹ Figures are based on the replies November 2002 of 3 401 enterprises with internet access and at least 5 employees.

Table 345**ICT security problems encountered by enterprises 2002**

	All enterprises ¹	5-49 full-time employees	50 or more full-time employees
	per cent of enterprises with internet access		
Virus attack	43	42	49
Software defects	33	31	46
Other internet problems	32	31	39
Hardware defects	30	28	45
Loss of data due to lack of backup	7	7	9
Denial of service attack	4	3	8
Unauthorized access	3	3	7
Sabotage	3	3	2
Economical ICT abuse	1	1	2
Blackmail or threats	1	1	0

¹ Figures are based on the replies November 2002 of 3 401 enterprises with internet access and at least 5 employees.

Table 346**Access to the internet by the population 2003**

	Access to the internet, total	Access from both home and work place	Only access from home	Only access from work place
Total	79	45	26	8
Sex				
Male	80	47	26	7
Female	78	43	27	8
Age				
16-19 years	94	63	22	9
20-39 years	87	53	23	10
40-59 years	83	51	26	7
60-74 years	47	9	35	3
Employment				
Student	96	69	13	14
Wage-earning employee	71	23	39	8
Salaried employee	93	71	13	10
Self-employed	86	49	34	4
Unemployed/retired	47	0	47	0
Regions				
East of the Great Belt	82	48	26	7
West of the Great Belt	76	42	27	8

Table 347

Households possessing consumer durables

	2001	2002	2003	2001	2002	2003
	thousands			per cent		
Number of households	2 302	2 318	2 232	100	100	100
Of which possessing:						
Private home	1 413	1 334	1 300	61	58	63
Summer dwelling	240	208	272	10	9	12
Tumble dryer	978	989	1 109	42	43	50
Washing machine	1 753	1 748	1 833	76	75	82
Dishwasher	1 113	1 284	1 275	48	55	57
Microwave oven	1 285	1 350	1 442	56	58	65
Video recorder	1 897	1 896	1 796	82	82	80
CD player	2 050	2 126	529	89	92	24
PC	1 539	1 679	2 039	67	72	91
Answering machine	1 073	1 073	827	47	46	37
Mobile telephone	1 680	1 956	1 888	73	84	85
Fax	303	304	1 079	13	13	48
DVD-player	216	492	330	9	21	15
Video camera	517	498	1 759	22	21	79
CD-ROM	1 368	1 426	1 531	59	62	69
DVD for PC	477	588	920	21	25	41
Access to the internet	1 107	1 375	1 480	48	59	66

Note. The figures are based on telephone interviews with a representative sample of the population between 16 and 74 years old. The results were then weighted to the number of families in the whole country comprising one, or more than one, persons between 16 and 74 years old who live in the same dwelling and are related to each other (including co-habiting couples), although allowing for a maximum of one married/co-habiting couple per family. The results are accurate to within +/- 2.5 pct.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/vareforbr

Table 348

Postal service

	2000	2001
Establishments	number	
Postal establishments, total	1 116	1 083
Post offices	100	94
Branch post offices	1 016	989
Letter boxes	9 806	9 837
Stamp selling establishments	5 847	5 830
Mail handled etc.	thousands	
Ordinary letters, total	1 444 200	1 414 700
Priority mail	1 143 500	1 083 200
Non-priority mail	300 700	331 500
Other mail items		
Registered and insured letters	1 985	1 832
Parcels	31 700	31 800
Cash-on-deliveries	2 833	2 487
Newspapers	437 876	408 180
Wrappers ¹	791	250
Unaddressed mail	913 410	911 247
Personnel, total	29 916	27 884

¹ Discontinued on July the 1st, 2001

Source: Post Denmark.

Table 349

Telephone service

	2001	2002
	thousands	
Telephone subscribers	3 860	3 701
Per 100 inhabitants	72	69
Mobile telephone subscribers	3 960 ¹	4 478 ¹
Per 100 inhabitants	74 ¹	83 ¹
ISDN connection	407	394
	mio. minutes	
International fixed net traffic from Denmark	728	657
Outgoing mobile traffic	2 979	3 482
	DKK mio.	
Revenue	35 126	34 588
Investments	10 646	7 652

¹ Including pre-paid cards that have been active within the last 12 months. A pre-paid card is defined as active if there has been outgoing calls from the telephone (the pre-paid card) or reloads of the pre-paid card within the last 12 months.

Source: National Telecom Agency.

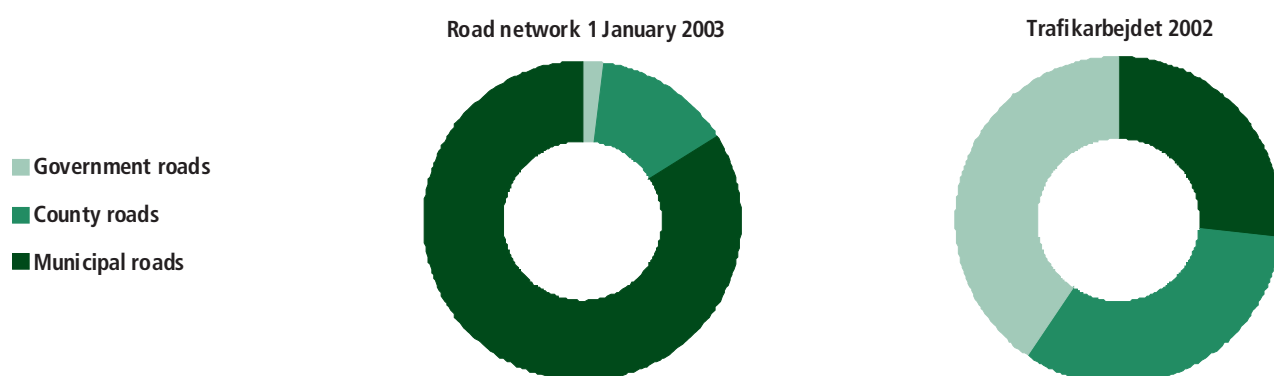
Transport

1. Road transport

The road network

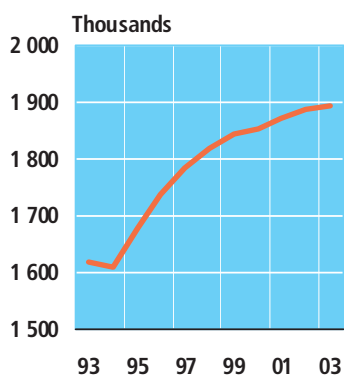
There are 71,951 km of public roads in Denmark (1 January 2003) and 84 per cent of these are municipal roads. The length of the public road network has been increased by about 1,200 km since 1990. This increase is mainly due to extension of municipal roads. Per square kilometre Denmark has 1.7 km of road against i.e. 0.5 km in Sweden and 4.0 in Holland.

Figure 1 Distribution of road network and transport



At the same time, the overall road network has also been extended. The motorway system was extended by 398 km or 65 per cent to make up 1,009 km and another 60 km were added to the dual-carriageway network thus making up 341 km. The majority of the public road network (65 per cent) is in Jutland, while the rest is distributed between the Islands (25 per cent) and the Greater Copenhagen Region (10 per cent).

Figure 2 Stock of passenger cars



Increase in km's driven by cars and fall in km's driven by bicycles

In 2002 vehicles drove 49.9 billion kilometres on Danish roads, including kilometres driven by bicycles/mopeds. This is an increase of 27 per cent compared to 1990. This increase is particularly due to the km's driven by lorries, delivery vans and passenger cars, which accounted for an increase of 140 and 33 per cent, respectively. This increase is both a result of the rise in the number of passenger cars and also the opening of the Great Belt Link in July 1998. In 2002 almost 25 per cent of all transport was carried out on government roads. During the 1990s transport performance by bicycles/mopeds has been falling. In 2002, 2.3 million kilometres were driven by bicycles/mopeds. This is a fall of 27 per cent compared to 1990.

Three out of four motor vehicles are passenger cars

On 1 January 2004 there were a total of 2,477.300 motor vehicles. 76 per cent of motor vehicles were passenger cars, 15 per cent delivery vans, 6 per cent were motorbikes and mopeds, and the rest were busses and lorries. The growth in the number of motor vehicles from 2000 to 2004 – 120.000 units or 5 pct. - was completely dominated by passenger cars and delivery vans, which accounted for 43 per cent and 35 per cent of the growth, respectively. Furthermore, there has

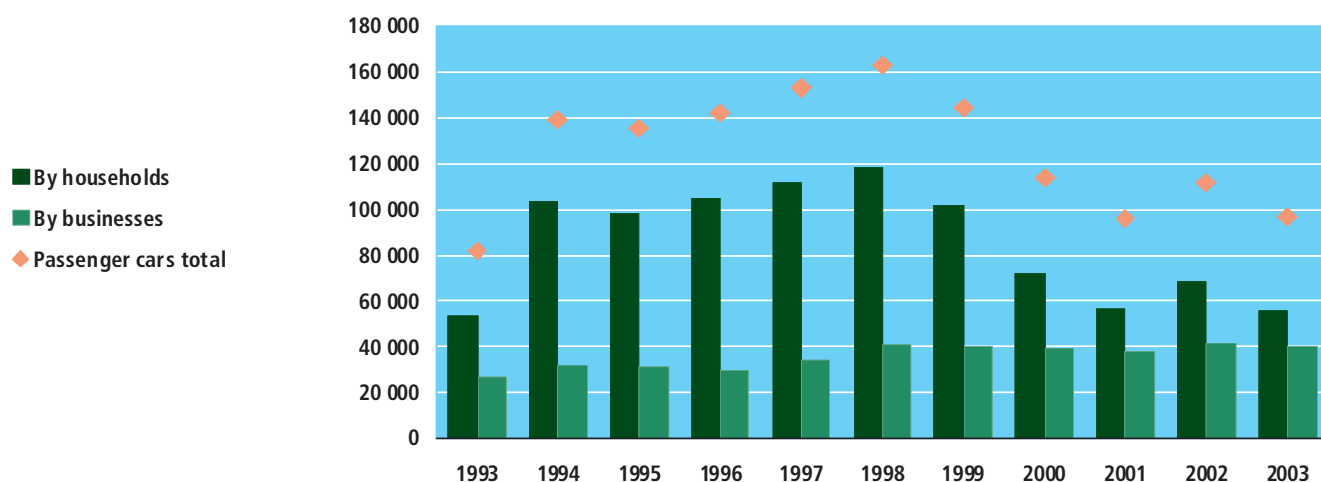
been a sharp increase in the number of motorbikes and mopeds. The number of busses and lorries has on the whole remained unchanged over the period.

Substantial fall in the number of new private cars registered

The number of new private cars registered has been considerably lower over the last three years, compared to the period 1994-99. This fall solely applied to the number of new cars registered by private households, as the number of new cars registered by businesses has generally remained unchanged since 1998.

Figure 3

New passenger cars registered, by type of ownership

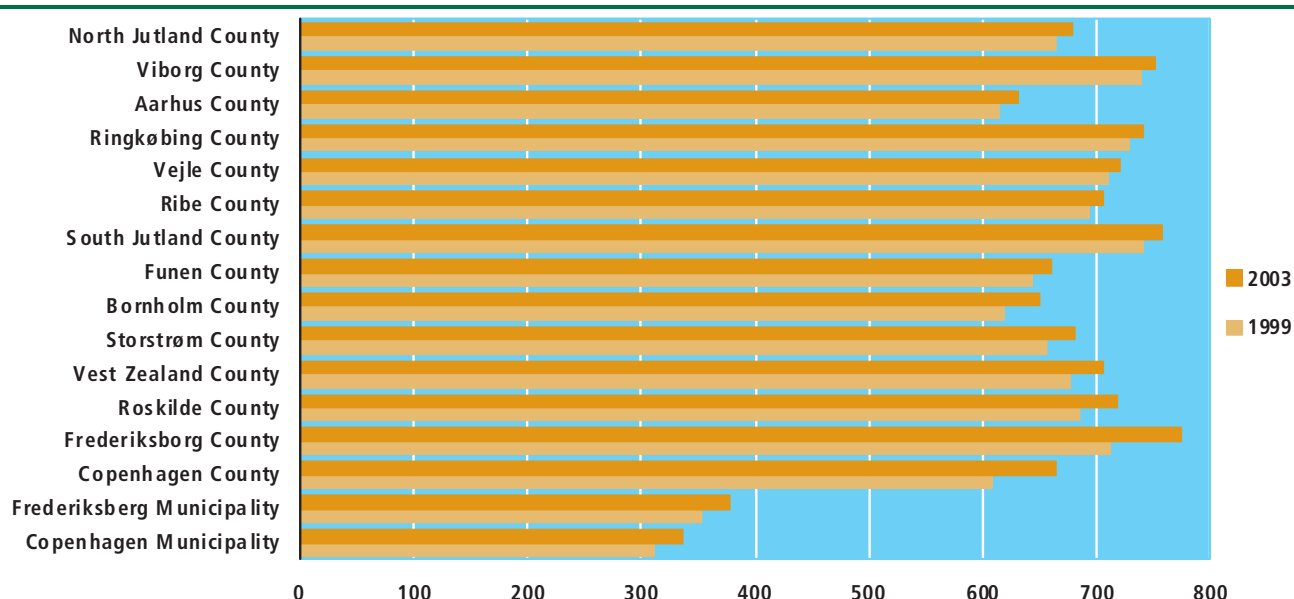


More cars available

The average car-availability increased by just over 5 pct. from 1999 to 2003. In 2003, the car-availability rate increased to 547 out of 1,000 families, compared to 518 in 1999. The largest increase was in the municipalities of Copenhagen and Frederiksberg, but the car-availability rate for families in the two municipalities has remained considerably lower, compared to families in other parts of Denmark.

Figure 4

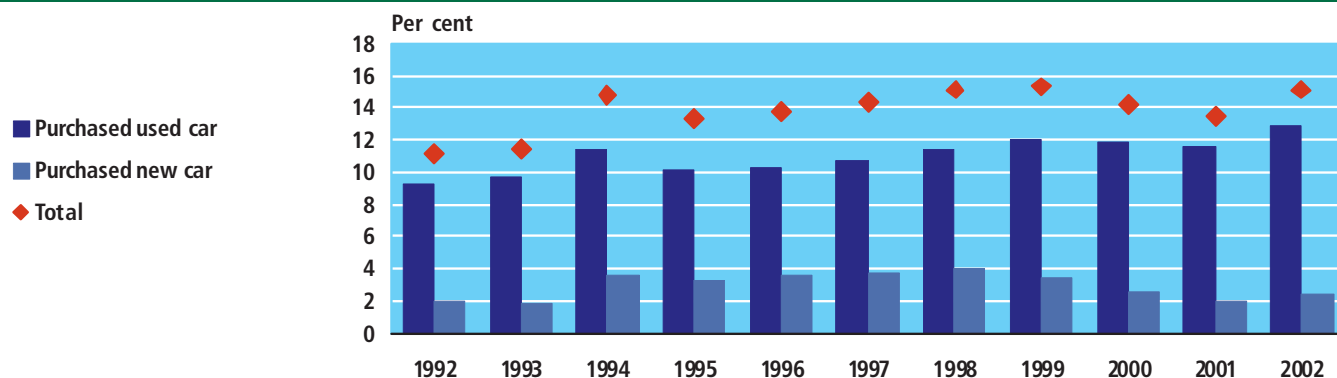
Passenger cars per thousand families broken down by county (1 January)



One in seven families has purchased a new or a used car every year

A large number of Danish families purchased a new or used car over the period 1992-2002. Since 1994, one in seven families has on average purchased a car every year. Four out of five have purchased a used car and the remaining number purchased a new car.

Figure 5 Purchase of cars per hundred families

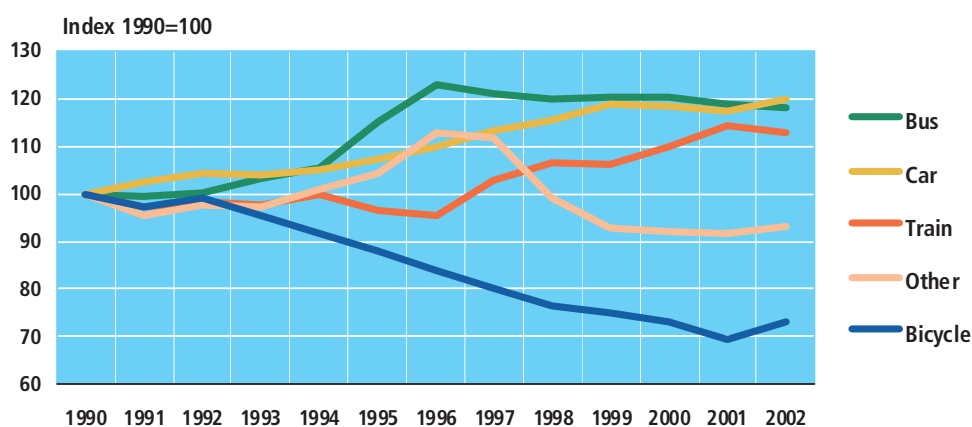


2. Passenger transport

Increase in passenger km by more than 16 pct. compared to 1990

On average every Dane covered a distance of approximately 14,500 km in 2002, corresponding to a total passenger transport performance of 78,011 million passenger km. This is a 14 per cent increase compared to 1990 and it is mainly due to the considerable increase in transport performance by private car. Since 1990, there has also been a substantial increase of 75 per cent and of 15 per cent in passenger transport performance by motorcycles and trains, respectively. This development may be explained by the greater number of cars, and by especially the expansion of the motorway network and the opening of the Great Belt Link and the Oresund Link.

Figure 6 Developments in passenger transport



Most passenger km's are accounted for by car

The majority of passenger transport performance is by car (77 per cent), 12 per cent by bus and 7 per cent by train. Transport performance by bicycles has fallen sharply since 1992 and it was in 2001 31 per cent less than in 1990. Only 3 per cent of total passenger transport, corresponding to about 420 km per person, was by bicycle/moped.

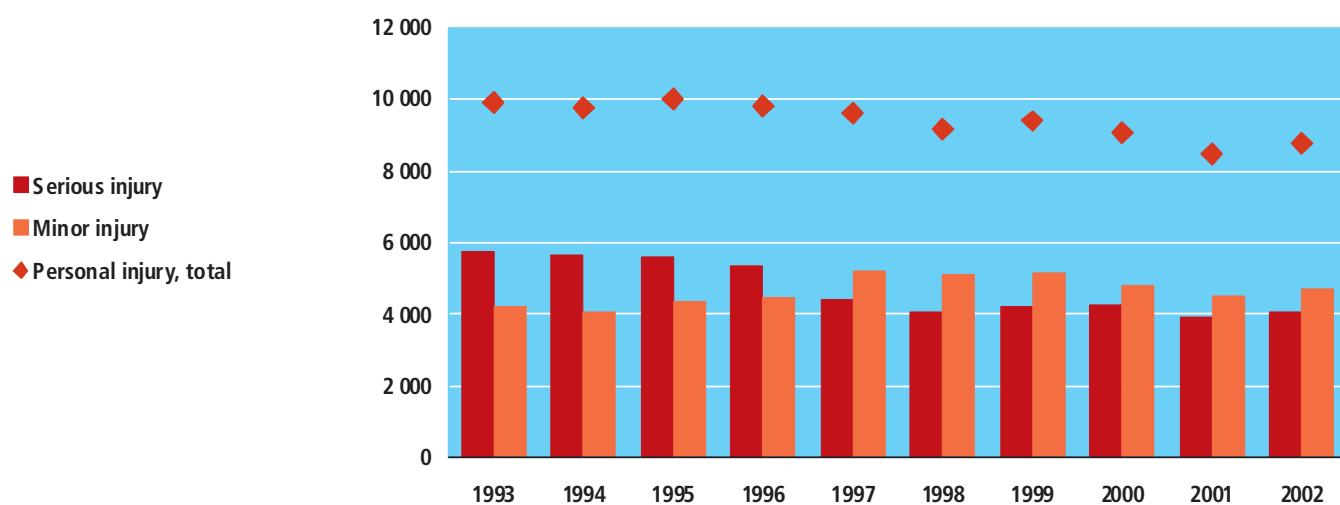
3. Traffic accidents

Fall in number of personal injuries in traffic registered by the police from 1993 to 2002

In 2002 the number of traffic accidents leading to personal injury and which have been recorded by the police was 16 per cent lower than it was in 1993. The number of traffic accidents fell from 8,513 in 1993 to 7,126 in 2002. The number of people killed in traffic accidents fell 17 per cent from 559 in 1993 to 463 in 2002. In the same period the number of serious and minor injuries fell from 9,930 injured persons to 8,791, corresponding to a 11 per cent drop. In 2002 alcohol accidents accounted for 17 per cent of all traffic accidents and for 29 per cent of all people killed in traffic accidents. Alcohol accidents involve at least one driver or pedestrian having an alcohol count of over 0.5.

Figure 7

Personal injuries registered by the police



Note: There is a break in the relative distribution of minor and serious injuries from 1997 due to a new definition of type of injury.

Significant underreported figures in the statistics on road traffic accidents

It is generally known that the official statistics on road traffic accidents based on data reported by the police, only cover a limited proportion of the total number of personal injuries in traffic. Since 1996, the annual surveys conducted by Statistics Denmark have therefore included nationwide information on persons treated by casualty wards as the result of a traffic accident in order to analyse the so-called underreported figures. The surveys have shown that the total number of personal injuries in traffic is almost 5 times higher than the number registered by the police. However, the statistical coverage with respect to the number of persons killed in traffic is almost 100 per cent. The greatest underreported figures for casualties appear among one-man accidents, cyclists and children and young people under 15 years. For these groups, only about 10 per cent of the personal injuries are recorded by the police. The survey results are published annually in the publication *Færdselsuheld* (Road traffic accidents).

Injured and killed in railway accidents

In the ten years period from 1993-2002 11 people have been injured and 8 persons killed on yearly average.

4. Goods transport

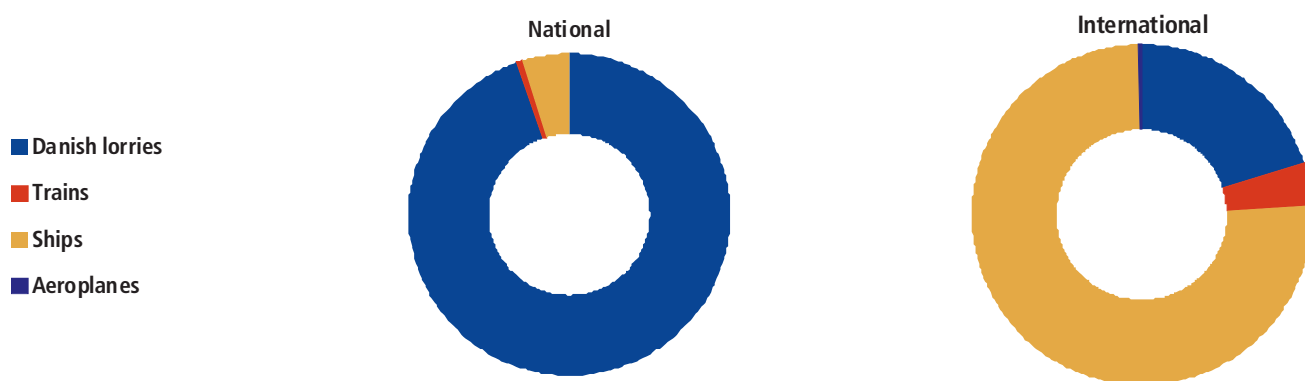
How are goods transported?

Total domestic goods transport, i.e. transport where loading and unloading takes place in Denmark, was approximately 205 million tonnes in 2002. Lorries are by far the most commonly used form of transport and are used for 94 per cent of all goods transport. 5 per cent of goods were transported by cargo ship and 1 per cent by train.

With regard to international traffic, i.e. transport between Denmark and foreign countries, transport by ship is the most commonly used mode of transport. In 2001 almost 68 per cent of all goods weighing approximately 80 million tonnes were transported by ship, whilst only 18 per cent were transported by Danish lorries and 12 per cent by foreign lorries. The rest were mainly transported by train.

Figure 8

Amount of goods – national and international traffic 2002



National goods transport by lorries

The total amount of goods transported within Denmark has been going up since 1994. In 2002 the total amount of transport work was 11.1 billion tonne-km of which 81 per cent was lorries. The stagnation in the early 1990s was caused by the general economic recession in Denmark at this time. However, due to increased activity in construction in the second half of the 1990s, the total amount of goods transported has gone up again. In particular this increasing activity can be seen in the transport carried out by haulage contractors, while businesses' own transport of goods (i.e. transport paid by the hour on the businesses' own account) has fallen slightly throughout the 1990s. This should be seen as an indication of a growing tendency to outsource service activities, including transport services.

Transport

Figure 9

Goods transported by Danish companies and transport of goods within Denmark, analysed by group of goods

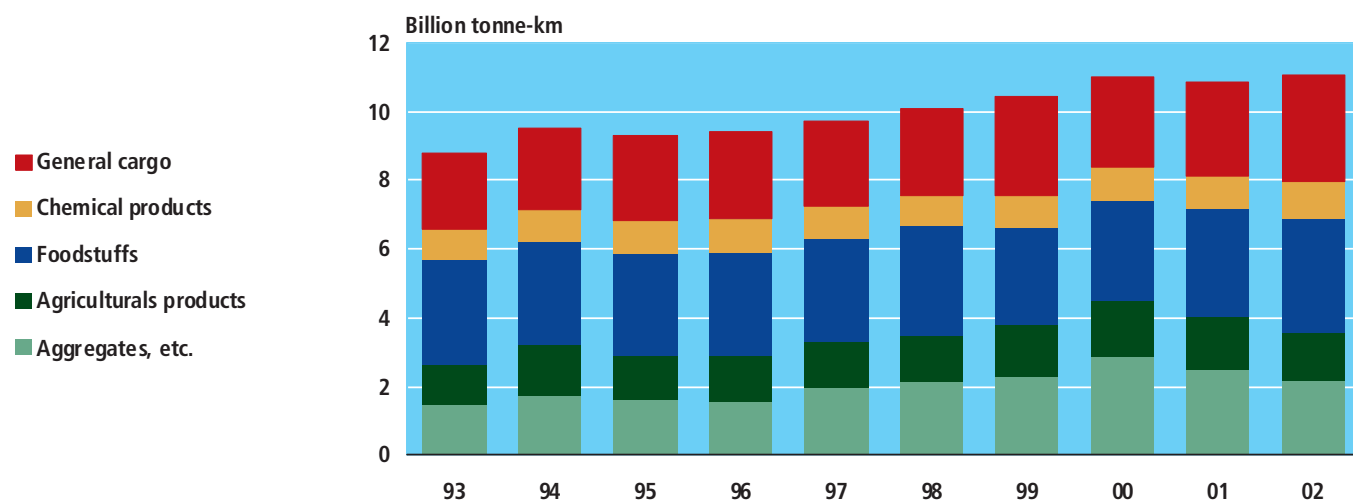
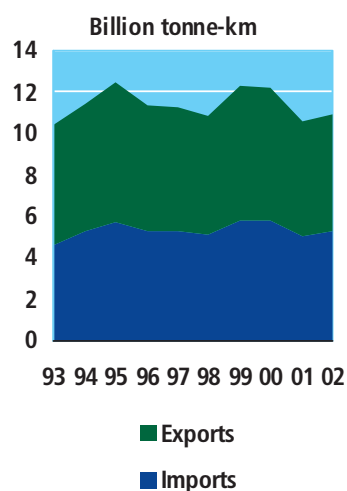


Figure 10
International transport
by Danish lorries
1990-2002



Goods are mainly transported within the same region

A majority of all goods is transported within the same county, and is predominantly transported across the county border to a neighbouring county. Only a small amount of goods was transported between the different regions.

International goods transport by Danish lorries

International road transport of goods by Danish lorries rose steadily until 1995, however in 1996 this development turned. 1999 saw again a heavy increase in transport of goods; this increase continued to a smaller extent in 2000, where the international road transport reached 13 mio tonne-km. Total international goods transport by Danish lorries was calculated at 11.3 billion tonne-km in 2001, of which transport by haulage contractors makes up almost 100 per cent.

49 per cent of all goods transport was carried out from Denmark to foreign countries and 46 per cent from foreign countries to Denmark. 5 per cent was carried out between foreign places of loading and unloading. Goods transport to and from Denmark and foreign countries consisted of general cargo, processed goods, semi-finished products, etc., and loading and unloading primarily took place in Germany.

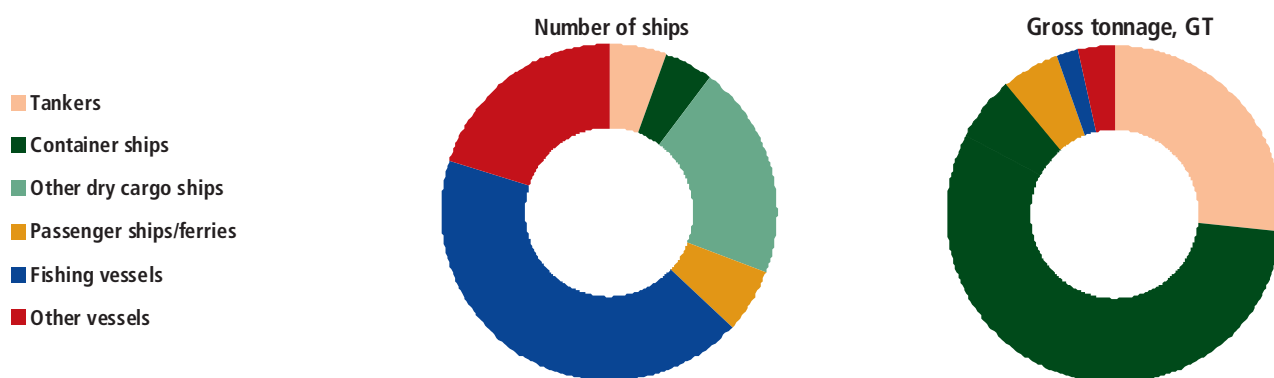
The international lorries covered 40 per cent of the total transportwork between Denmark and abroad (2001). Among the international lorries there was an overweight of Dutch and German lorries

5. Carriage by sea

Danish ships

On 1 January 2004 there were 1,783 Danish ships of at least 20 gross tonnes,. This is a 3 per cent decrease compared to 2003. 43 per cent of vessels are fishing vessels, whilst almost 31 per cent are used as cargo ships. Total gross tonnage (GT) was 7.6 million on 1 January 2004, this is an increase of 0.3 million compared to the year before and the highest ever. The gross tonnage of container ships represented 4.3 million GT at the beginning of 2004, corresponding to 56 pct. of the total gross tonnage. This is more than twice the figure, compared to 10 years ago. Tankers accounted for 2.0 million GT, representing 27 pct. of the total gross tonnage of Danish ships.

Figure 11 Danish ships by use 1 January 2004



Ships less than ten years represented on the 1st of January 2004 70 per cent of the total GT. 14 per cent of the gross tonnes was between 10 and 14 year old. For tankers 77 per cent of the GT was represented by ships less than ten years old and only 1 per cent for ships more than 25 years.

The merchant navy are made up of cargo and passengerships of at least 100 GT. Prior to 2004 473 ships altogether carried 7.3 million GT. The Danish merchant navy has 1.3 of the total world GT. This was the fourth largest in Europe and the sixteenth largest in the world.

Table 350

Infrastructure for transport

Per 1 January	2002	2003
	----- km -----	
Road network, total	71 888	71 951
Of which motorways	971	1 009
State roads	1 660	1 659
County roads	9 988	9 964
Municipality roads	60 240	60 328
Railway network, total	2 768	2 779
Of which private railways	495	495
	----- number -----	
Stations and halts	554	556
Sea ports	124	124
Airports	23	23

Table 351

Infrastructure for transport, expenditure

	2001	2002
	DKK mio.	
Road network¹	8 884	7 944
Construction expenditure	3 971	2 962
Operation and maintenance	4 913	4 982
State railway network¹	1 455	1 612
New investments	878	960
Reinvestments	532	582
Other investments	45	70
Private railways	53	34
Sea ports	718	...
Buildings	451	...
Constructions	267	...
Airports	464	...
Great Belt Link	23	3
Øresund Link	4	3
Copenhagen Metro	1 891	1 903

¹ Figures do not include the Great Belt Link.

Table 352

Vans and lorries etc.

	2003	2004
Fleet (start of year)	number	
Vans, total¹	353 610	365 112
Under 2,001 kg	58 174	55 511
2,001-3,000 kg	181 496	195 176
3,001-3,500 kg	113 940	114 425
Lorries, total¹	35 752	34 896
3,501-6,000 kg	4 045	3 787
6,001-15,000 kg	9 992	9 870
Over 15,000 kg	21 715	21 239
Tractors for semi-trailers	12 400	12 805
Trailers over 5,000 kg	20 850	21 870
Semi-trailers	25 601	26 628

¹ Total weight.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bil7

Table 353

Private cars, buses and motorcycles etc.

	2003	2004
Fleet (start of year)	number	
Private cars, total¹	1 888 290	1 894 649
Of which in households	1 746 418	1 755 425
Of which in business and industry	132 905	139 224
Petrol	1 748 911	1 736 917
Diesel	139 162	157 537
Age:		
0- 3 years	442 266	394 038
4- 7 years	558 666	567 886
8-11 years	362 098	406 687
12-15 years	275 879	260 481
16-19 years	196 758	204 704
over 19 years	52 623	60 853
Average age in years	8.8	9.1
Buses, total	13 986	14 132
In scheduled service	4 778	4 903
Tourist coaches	9 208	9 229
Caravans	113 338	116 930
Motor cycles	82 731	87 779
Moped-45	68 591	67 961
Standard mopeds	...	...

¹ 2003 includes private cars where owner is not known.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bil7

Table 354**New registrations of vehicles**

	2002 ¹	2003
	number	
Private cars	111 598	96 501
Petrol	88 894	74 218
Diesel	22 704	22 280
Buses	765	635
Motor cycles	2 625	2 824

¹ Revised figures.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bil5

Table 355

New registrations of vans and lorries etc.

	2002 ¹	2003
	number	
Vans²		
Under 2,001 kg	232	140
2,001-3000 kg	23 896	25 519
3,001-3,500 kg	7 197	6 126
Lorries²		
3,501-6,000 kg	178	160
over 6,000 kg	1 949	1 928
Tractors for semi-trailers	1 985	2 147

¹ Revised figures. ² Total weight.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bil5

Table 356

Ships of at least 20 GT

Per 1 January	2003	2004
	number	
Danish ships, total	1 838	1 783
Tankers	95	99
Container ships	79	85
Other dry cargo ships	425	364
Passenger ships/ferries	114	110
Fishing vessels	781	766
Other ships	344	359
	thousand GT	
Ship tonnage, total	7 391	7 548
Tankers	2 053	2 039
Container ships	3 893	4 283
Other dry cargo ships	622	480
Passenger ships/ferries	454	424
Fishing vessels	150	150
Other ships	219	271

Note. Incl. ships based in Greenland.

Table 357

Civil aircraft

Per 31 December	2001		2002	
	Aircraft	Seats	Aircraft	Seats
	number			
Danish aircraft	1 149	•	1 083	•
Jet, 3-4 engines	20	1 493	12	1 467
Jet, 2 engines	155	16 924	140	15 262
Turbo-prop, 4 engines	6	325	6	325
Turbo-prop, 2 engines	96	3 400	92	3 180
Propeller, 2 engines	70	478	63	435
Propeller, 1 engine ¹	746	2 713	721	2 621
Helicopters	56	481	49	448
Seats	•	25 814	•	23 738
1- 2	203	381	193	365
3- 5	564	2 300	532	2 167
6- 9	116	793	113	779
10-99	169	4 998	158	4 612
100 or more	97	17 342	87	15 815

¹ This category also includes a few turbo-prop aircrafts with 1 engine.

Source: Civil Aviation Administration.

Table 358

Road traffic, railways and airports

	2001	2002
	— mio. vehicle km —	
Road traffic, total	48 770	49 916
Private cars ¹	38 036	38 854
Motor cycles	518	550
Vans 2-6 tons total weight	5 685	5 904
Solo trucks over 6 tons total weight	780	650
Lorries and trailers	318	349
Lorries –Semi trailers	486	544
Busses in scheduled service	295	299
Tourist coaches	330	326
Bicycles/Mopeds	2 229	2 344
Moped 45s	92	95
	— mio. train km —	
Metropolitan trains	14.4	14.7
Private railways	7.6	7.1
Other passenger trains	41.9	42.9
Goods trains	5.3	4.8
	— thousand calls —	
Ferries in domestic service	431	447
Ferries in international service	84	77
Cargo ships	29	29
	— thousand take-offs —	
Domestic flights	90	107
International flights	288	263

¹ Incl. vans up to 2 tonnes and taxis.

Table 359

Passenger transport

	2001	2002
	mio. passenger-km	
Passenger transport in Denmark	76 710	78 011
Cars	58 589	59 884
Motor cycles	647	688
Buses in sceduled service	2 866	2 903
Tourist coaches	6 165	6 069
Bicycles/mopeds	2 229	2 344
Moped 45s	93	95
Metropolitan trains	1 168	1 125
Other trains	4 380	4 354
Ferries	235	245
Aircraft ¹	338	304
	thousand passengers	
Domestic ferries, total	10 047	10 153
Of which east/west Denmark	2 545	2 598
International ferries	27 745	27 777
Denmark-Sweden	15 818	15 149
Denmark-Germany	7 778	8 290
Denmark-Norway	3 807	3 978
Scheduled and charter flights, total	10 991	10 752
Scheduled, domestic	1 743	1 529
Scheduled, international	7 999	8 124
Charters	1 249	1 099

¹ Includes only passenger transport for domestic flights.

Table 360

Road transport of goods by lorries over 6 tons total weight

	2001	2002
	----- mio. tonnes -----	
National road transport of goods, total	190.0	194.1
Transport for hire or reward	144.6	146.3
Transport on own account	45.4	47.8
	----- mio. tonne-km -----	
National road transport of goods, total	10 887	11 057
Transport for hire or reward	8 752	8 934
Transport on own account	2 135	2 123
	----- mio. tonnes -----	
International road transport of goods, total	15.3	15.2
From Denmark	7.4	7.6
To Denmark	6.5	6.8
Third country	0.6	0.5
Cabotage	0.7	0.4
	----- mio. tonne-km -----	
International road transport of goods, total	11 269	11 459
From Denmark	5 487	5 642
To Denmark	5 023	5 253
Third country	573	432
Cabotage	187	132

Note. Third country is transport of goods where loading and unloading is in separate foreign countries. Cabotage is where loading and unloading are in the same foreign country.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/nvg1 and [ivg1](#)

Table 361

Goods transport by train, ship, and aircraft

	2001	2002
	thousand tonnes	
Goods carried by train	7 173	7 297
National	1 592	1 382
To Denmark	1 822	1 984
From Denmark	962	1 016
In transit	2 797	2 914
	mio. tonne-km	
Transport performance	1 961	1 906
National	362	319
To Denmark	441	406
From Denmark	215	196
In transit	943	986
	thousand tonnes	
Goods carried by cargo vessel	63 527	63 429
National	9 767	9 486
To Denmark	30 543	29 296
From Denmark	23 217	24 648
Goods carried by ferry	18 240	18 757
National	3 951	4 283
International	14 289	14 474
Goods carried by aircraft	117	112
National	4	8
International	113	104

Table 362

Families with use of cars 2003

Per 1 January	Families 2003	No car total	With car total	One car	Two cars or more
per cent of families					
All Denmark	2 890 447	45.3	54.7	44.4	10.3
Copenhagen Municipality	324 668	73.5	26.5	24.1	2.4
Frederiksberg Municipality	58 725	65.1	34.9	31.4	3.5
Copenhagen County	330 681	48.9	51.1	41.6	9.5
Frederiksborg County	189 944	39.1	60.9	45.9	15.1
Roskilde County	119 190	38.4	61.6	47.3	14.3
West Zealand County	158 085	39.1	60.9	48.0	12.9
Storstrøm County	141 166	40.2	59.8	48.1	11.8
Bornholm Municipality	23 581	42.3	57.7	49.0	8.7
Funen County	252 586	42.4	57.6	47.3	10.3
South Jutland County	129 350	34.7	65.3	53.1	12.3
Ribe County	114 130	38.0	62.0	51.0	11.0
Vejle County	182 701	38.5	61.5	48.5	13.0
Ringkøbing County	138 726	35.6	64.4	53.4	11.0
Århus County	347 479	46.3	53.7	43.5	10.2
Viborg County	119 161	34.6	65.4	53.2	12.1
North Jutland County	260 274	41.0	59.0	48.3	10.7

Table 363

The 20 most sold private car makes

	2001 ¹	2002
New registrations, total	96 137	111 829
Peugeot (1)	15 175	18 340
Citroën (3)	9 244	11 945
Volkswagen (2)	9 340	10 819
Toyota (5)	7 847	9 812
Ford (4)	9 041	9 081
Skoda (7)	5 506	6 261
Opel (6)	6 693	5 413
Renault (8)	5 062	5 101
Fiat (9)	4 712	4 991
Suzuki (10)	3 695	4 487
Volvo (17)	1 377	4 222
Hyundai (11)	2 557	3 548
Nissan (13)	2 044	2 845
Audi (12)	2 370	2 827
Seat (14)	1 970	2 239
Mitsubishi (16)	1 448	1 894
Mazda (15)	1 941	1 667
BMW (19)	1 028	1 255
Mercedes-Benz (18)	1 327	1 222
Honda (20)	956	852

Note. The numbers in brackets show the position in 2001.

¹ Revised figures

Table 364

Families with purchase of cars

	Families		Purchased new car		Purchased used car		Purchased car, total ¹	
	2002	2003	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002
All Denmark	2 887 329	2 890 447	57 447	71 090	334 994	371 214	388 565	437 551
	per cent of families							
All Denmark			2.0	2.5	11.6	12.8	13.5	15.1
Copenhagen Municipality	325 568	324 668	0.9	1.1	6.7	7.3	7.6	8.3
Frederiksberg Municipality	58 827	58 725	1.3	1.7	6.6	7.0	7.8	8.7
Copenhagen County	330 923	330 681	2.3	2.8	9.6	10.4	11.7	13.1
Frederiksborg County	189 656	189 944	3.0	3.7	12.3	13.5	15.1	16.9
Roskilde County	119 036	119 190	2.8	3.3	12.6	13.8	15.2	16.8
West Zealand County	157 336	158 085	2.4	2.8	13.8	15.4	15.9	18.0
Storstrøm County	140 881	141 166	2.5	3.0	13.0	14.4	15.3	17.2
Bornholm County	23 666	23 581	1.6	2.2	11.0	12.2	12.5	14.2
Funen County	252 136	252 586	1.7	2.1	11.6	13.0	13.2	14.9
South Jutland County	129 397	129 350	2.1	2.8	13.9	15.7	15.8	18.3
Ribe County	114 066	114 130	1.9	2.4	13.4	15.2	15.2	17.4
Vejle County	181 890	182 701	2.1	2.6	13.8	15.5	15.8	17.9
Ringkøbing County	138 622	138 726	2.1	2.5	13.8	15.0	15.7	17.3
Århus County	345 656	347 479	1.8	2.3	11.6	12.7	13.3	14.8
Viborg County	119 209	119 161	2.0	2.5	14.1	15.9	16.0	18.2
North Jutland County	260 460	260 274	1.9	2.5	12.6	14.2	14.4	16.5

¹ "Purchased car, total" is less than the sum of "Purchased new car" and "Purchased used car", as some families have purchased both new and used.

Table 365

Families with purchase of cars by county

	Families		Purchased new car		Purchased used car		Purchased car, total	
	2002	2003	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002
All Denmark	2 887 329	2 890 447	57 447	71 090	334 994	371 214	388 565	437 551
	per cent of total							
All Denmark	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Copenhagen Municipality	11.3	11.2	5.2	4.9	6.5	6.4	6.3	6.2
Frederiksberg Municipality	2.0	2.0	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.2
Copenhagen County	11.5	11.4	13.2	13.1	9.4	9.3	10.0	9.9
Frederiksborg County	6.6	6.6	9.8	9.8	7.0	6.9	7.4	7.4
Roskilde County	4.1	4.1	5.9	5.5	4.5	4.4	4.7	4.6
West Zealand County	5.4	5.5	6.5	6.2	6.5	6.6	6.5	6.5
Storstrøm County	4.9	4.9	6.0	6.0	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.6
Bornholm County	0.8	0.8	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Funen County	8.7	8.7	7.3	7.4	8.8	8.8	8.6	8.6
South Jutland County	4.5	4.5	4.8	5.1	5.4	5.5	5.3	5.4
Ribe County	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.8	4.6	4.7	4.5	4.5
Vejle County	6.3	6.3	6.7	6.8	7.5	7.6	7.4	7.5
Ringkøbing County	4.8	4.8	5.1	4.8	5.7	5.6	5.6	5.5
Århus County	12.0	12.0	10.9	11.0	12.0	11.8	11.8	11.7
Viborg County	4.1	4.1	4.2	4.2	5.0	5.1	4.9	5.0
North Jutland County	9.0	9.0	8.6	9.1	9.8	10.0	9.7	9.8

Table 366

Car traffic on Danish E-roads, selected bridges etc.

	2001	2002
	ave. no. cars per 24 hours	
E20 Amager Motorway	69 700	72 500
Holbæk Motorway, at Vallensbæk Mose	73 900	76 500
West Motorway, at Roskilde-West Zealand	30 500	31 900
The Funen Motorway, north of Nyborg	22 100	22 700
Great Belt Link	21 200	22 100
The Funen Motorway, south of Odense	37 200	39 000
The New Little Belt Bridge	48 100	50 200
Mid-Jutland Motorway, at Herslev	21 500	22 300
Esbjerg-Kolding, at Holsted	12 200	12 800
E45 National border, Kruså	12 000	12 400
South Jutland Motorway, at Hammelev	25 600	25 100
Vejle Fjord Bridge	51 300	53 000
Mid-Jutland Motorway, at Løsning	36 500	37 900
North-Jutland Motorway, north of Århus	28 100	30 100
Limfjord Tunnel	51 300	54 100
Aalborg-Frederikshavn	7 600	8 000
E39 Aalborg-Hirtshals	3 800	4 500
E47/E55 Helsingør Motorway, at Nærum	70 700	72 000
Motorring 3, at Husum	71 800	72 700
Køgebugt Motorway, at Ølby	75 200	78 700
South Motorway, at Tappernøje	18 200	19 100
Farø Bridges, north of Farø	17 300	18 500
Guldborgsund Tunnel	9 500	10 000
E47 South Motorway, south of Rødby	5 700	5 300
E55 Ørslev-Gedser	12 700	13 100
Other bridges		
Allsund Bridge	20 600	21 300
Svendborgsund Bridge	14 700	15 200
Oddesund Bridge	5 000	5 300
Vilsund Bridge	7 250	7 600
Sallingsund Bridge	9 100	9 500
Frederik IX's Bridge	19 900	19 500
Rømødæmningen	3 800	4 300
Limfjord Bridge	27 400	28 300
Storstrøm Bridge	4 600	4 800
Bispeengbuen	48 700	49 400

Source: Road Directorate.

Table 367

Ships observed passing through the Sound and Belts

	2002	2003
	observations	
Øresund		
Northern observation point		
Going north	17 704	17 916
Going south	19 162	19 245
Southern observation point		
Going north	18 055	17 903
Going south	19 542	19 235
The Great Belt		
Going north	9 518	9 559
Going south	7 720	7 845
The Little Belt¹		
Going north	1 412	945
Going south	1 433	987

¹ Observation post discontinued from December 2003.

Source: Admiral Danish Fleet.

Table 368

Accidents at sea and losses of Danish ships

	Merchant ships		Fishing vessels		Total	
	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002
	number					
Total	52	41	44	34	96	75
Of which shipwrecks	2	1	18	21	20	22
Of which passenger ships	15	16	•	•	15	16
Groundings	17	11	8	1	25	12
Contact damage	9	5	2	1	11	6
Collisions	14	10	18	10	32	20
Capsizing	1	1	5	5	6	6
Mechanical breakdown	5	2	-	1	5	3
Fire, explosions	4	7	9	3	13	10
Other damage	2	5	2	13	4	18
Deaths ¹	2	1	3	1	5	2
Injuries ¹	-	1	12	17	12	18

¹ As result of the above.

Source: Danish Maritime Authority.











Table 369**Persons seriously injured or killed in railway accidents**

	2001	2002	Annual average 1993-2002
	number of persons		
Passengers	9	7	6
Of which killed	2	1	1
Staff	2	-	4
Of which killed	1	-	1
Others	4	6	9
Of which killed	1	2	6

Note. Exclusive accident on rail network not managed by Banestyrelsen.

Table 370

Road traffic accidents with casualties by accident situation 2002

	Accident situation										Total ¹
											
Accidents, total	1 548	861	558	800	636	734	796	245	837	91	7 126
Accidents involving:											
Passenger cars	942	666	469	647	572	634	687	191	548	34	5 404
Vans	117	136	100	109	78	105	86	46	54	4	840
Lorries	20	109	58	77	23	46	45	37	19	3	438
Buses	6	39	14	25	9	19	19	9	42	2	185
Tractors	5	13	11	23	9	8	13	7	6	0	95
Motor cycles	78	56	29	39	51	21	43	5	10	4	336
Mopeds-45	64	40	24	27	29	19	48	16	11	10	289
Mopeds	237	100	82	236	108	117	110	59	61	17	1 131
Bicycles	80	223	83	301	213	262	337	90	93	17	1 704
Pedestrians	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	837	•	853

Note. Accident situations 0-9 include 0: single-vehicle accidents, 1: vehicles on same road going in same direction, 2: vehicles on same road going in opposite directions, 3: vehicles on same road going in same direction, turning into T junction, Y junction, crossroads, etc., 4: vehicles on same road going in opposite directions, turning into T junction, Y junction, crossroads, etc., 5: vehicles on different roads meeting in crossroads, without turning, 6: vehicles on different roads meeting in T junction, Y junction, crossroads, etc. turning, 7: accidents involving parked vehicles, etc., 8: accidents involving vehicles and pedestrians, 9: accidents involving animals, obstacles, etc. on roadway, 10: all accident situations.

¹ Incl. accidents where the situation is either unspecified, or it cannot be described using one of the main types of accident situation. 20 such accidents are included in the total figures.

Table 371**Road traffic accidents causing casualties**

	1990	1995	2002
Accidents, total	9 155	8 373	7 126
Of which:			
Alcohol accidents ¹	1 613	1 282	1 230
Casualties, total	11 287	10 573	9 254
Killed	634	582	463
Seriously injured	6 396	5 624	4 088
Slightly injured	4 257	4 367	4 703
Casualties in alcohol accidents	2 057	1 672	1 581
Killed	154	123	132
Seriously injured	1 176	893	712
Slightly injured	727	656	737

Note. The table only includes traffic accidents causing personal injury which have come to the attention of the Police, and which took place on roads, streets or squares which are accessible by the public and which are being used by at least one of the traffic units involved in the accident, and at least one of the traffic units involved in the accident was driving. Therefore, accidents involving only pedestrians, railway accidents (except at level crossings), and accidents in yards, fields and garages, etc. do not count as traffic accidents. Deaths include deaths up to 30 days after the accident and as a consequence of the accident.

¹ Accidents with a least one driver or pedestrian involved having an alcohol count of over 0.5. Up to and including 1996, accidents where a driver or pedestrian had a count of exactly 0.5 are also included.

Table 372

Fatal casualties in road traffic accidents 2002

	Vehicle used					Pedestrian	Total
	Car etc. ¹	Motor cycle	Moped-45	Moped	Bicycle		
Men, total	209	23	7	28	32	45	344
0- 6 years	3	-	-	-	1	1	5
7-14 years	1	-	-	-	1	-	2
15-19 years	24	1	1	7	-	7	40
20-24 years	33	3	-	1	1	2	40
25-44 years	75	14	6	8	7	10	120
45-64 years	41	3	-	6	6	12	68
65 years +	32	2	-	6	16	13	69
Women, total	76	1	2	1	20	19	119
0- 6 years	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
7-14 years	-	-	-	1	2	2	5
15-19 years	10	-	-	-	1	2	13
20-24 years	7	1	-	-	1	-	9
25-44 years	20	-	-	-	4	1	25
45-64 years	20	-	2	-	5	4	31
65 years +	17	-	-	-	7	10	34

Note. The sum of the totals in the individual columns will not always add up to the total, as full information is not always available for all accidents.

¹ Incl. other vehicles which are not specified in the table, e.g. tractors, horse carts, etc.


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Table 373

Fatal and non-fatal casualties in road traffic accidents 2002

	Vehicle used					Pedestrian	Total
	Car etc. ¹	Motor cycle	Moped-45	Moped	Bicycle		
Men, total	3 056	304	246	930	811	446	5 794
0- 6 years	62	-	-	-	12	19	93
7-14 years	78	2	2	24	114	69	289
15-19 years	462	15	30	430	79	60	1 076
20-24 years	571	54	36	70	63	42	836
25-44 years	1 152	168	117	230	278	103	2 049
45-64 years	491	57	55	136	165	99	1 003
65 years +	234	7	6	40	100	53	440
Not stated	6	1	-	-	-	1	8
Women, total	1 949	54	40	155	860	400	3 460
0- 6 years	61	-	-	-	3	16	80
7-14 years	88	1	2	7	71	44	213
15-19 years	226	5	11	68	79	51	440
20-24 years	234	14	6	11	112	24	401
25-44 years	669	27	13	33	243	64	1 049
45-64 years	447	7	8	30	257	56	806
65 years +	221	-	-	6	95	145	468
Not stated	3	-	-	-	-	-	3

Note. The sum of the totals in the individual columns will not always add up to the total, as full information is not always available for all accidents.

¹ Incl. other vehicles which are not specified in the table, e.g. tractors, horse carts, etc.

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External trade

1. Changes in total external trade

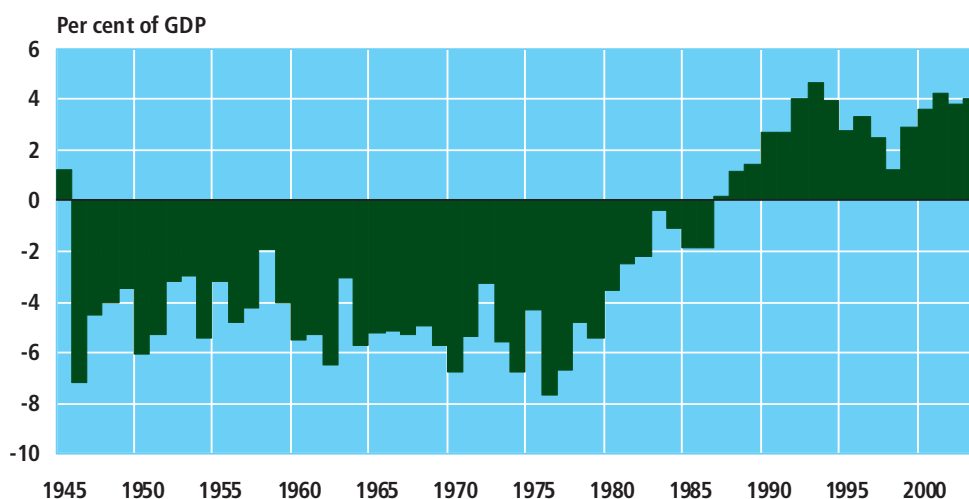
External trade statistics are detailed registrations of the value and quantity of goods imported to and exported from Denmark.

Turning point in 1987

Until 1987, Denmark's post-war external trade was characterised by deficits each year, while since 1987 there has been a surplus in the balance of trade.

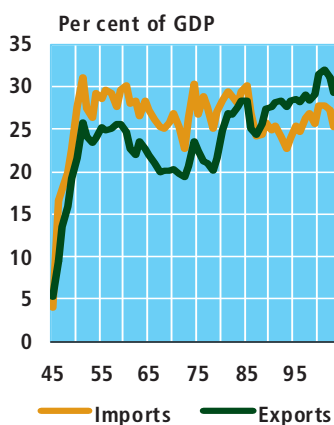
Figure 1

Balance of trade 1945-2002



Note. Changes from 1945-1947 are calculated on the basis of GDP for 1948.

Figure 2
Imports and exports
1945-2002



Note: changes from 1945-1947 are calculated on the basis of GDP for 1948.

Between 1945 and 1986, there was an average annual deficit in external trade of approximately 4,5 per cent of gross domestic product (GDP). The average surplus in the following period has been 3.0 per cent of GDP.

A characteristic of developments in the post-war period is that imports and exports accounted for 20-30 per cent of GDP - although there were a number of short-term changes in price levels, which must be considered in relation to the changes in import prices.

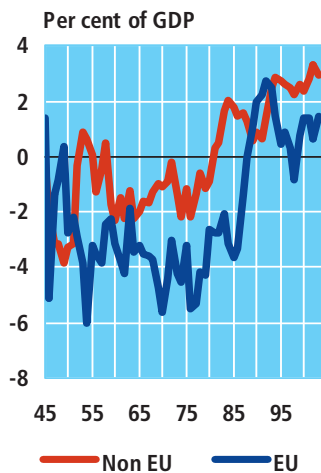
In the early 1950s, imports and exports rose sharply as a percentage of GDP because of increasing raw-materials prices following the outbreak of the Korean War. The oil crises in the 1970s also resulted in soaring import prices.

Exports as a percentage of GDP rose steeply in the 1970's until the middle of the 1980's. Since 1987 exports as a percentage of GDP exceeded imports and there was a surplus on the balance of trade. Thus, Denmark's external trade made a positive contribution to GDP growth.

External trade

2. Trade with EU countries and non-EU countries

Figure 3
Balance of trade with EU and non-EU countries 1945-2002



Note: changes from 1945-1947 are calculated on the basis of GDP for 1948

Surplus in trade with non-EU countries

External trade analysed by EU countries and non-EU countries shows a trade deficit for a longer period since World War II. Since the beginning of the 1980s there has been a trade surplus with non-EU countries.

Trade with EU countries did not move into a trade surplus until the late 1980s – which again moved into a trade deficit in the latter half of the 1990s. However, the most recent developments show that the balance of trade with the EU is again moving into surplus.

Trade with EU countries

Another characteristic of Denmark's external trade is that throughout the post-war period, the largest trading partners have been geographically close to Denmark. The largest Danish trading partners in the EU in terms of both imports and exports are Germany, Sweden, and the United Kingdom. Trade with these countries account for over 41 per cent of total Danish external trade with regard to both imports and exports.

Trade with non-EU countries

Of non-EU countries, Denmark's largest trade partners are the United States, Norway and Japan. Trade with these countries accounts for approximately 14 per cent of total Danish external trade.

3. Break-down of external trade by category

Increase in the percentage of finished goods in imports

After 1960 the percentage of finished goods in imports increased considerably, and trade in these goods now accounts for over half of the total imports. In the same period, the trade in semi-finished goods saw a decline, implying that the proportion of semi-finished goods now accounts for only about one third of total imports.

Figure 4

Imports and goods by selected categories 1960-2002

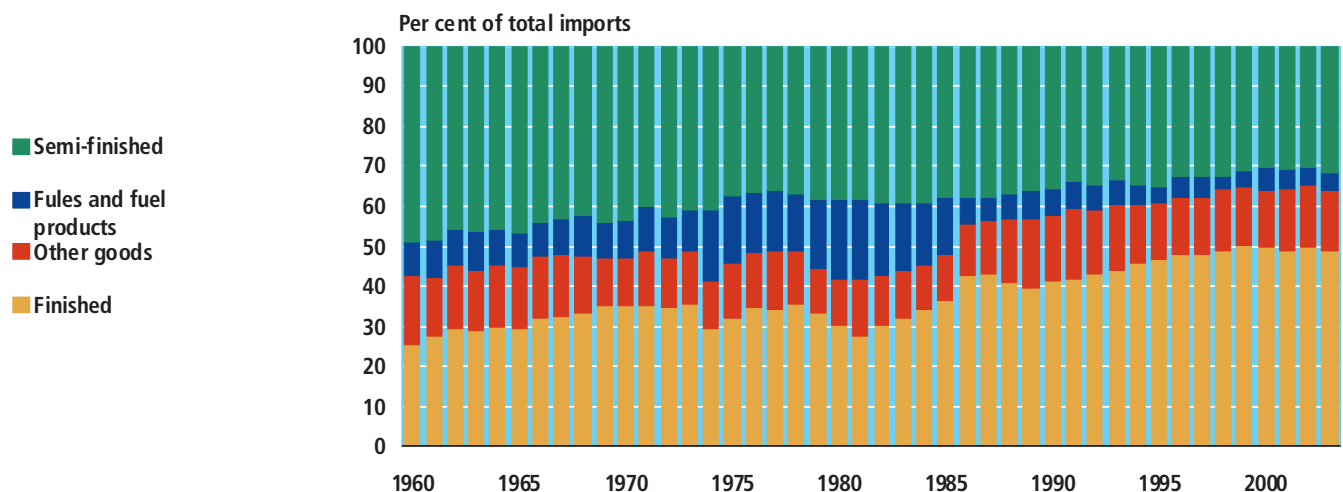
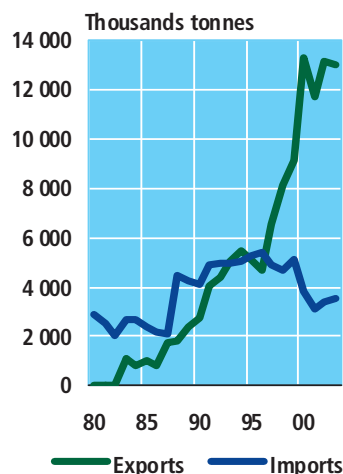


Figure 5
Exports and imports of oil
1980-2002



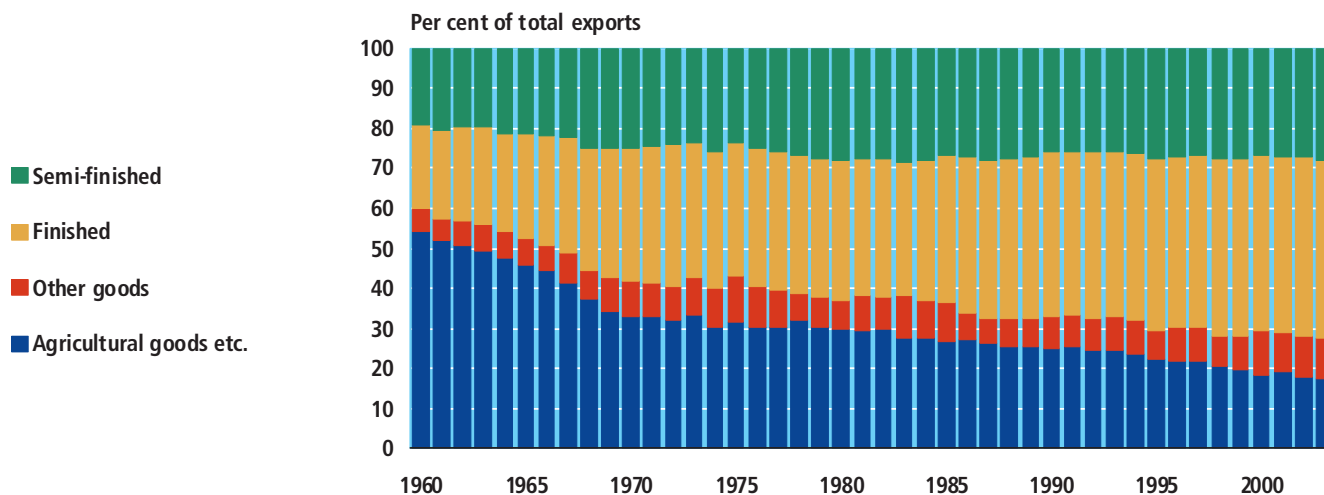
Until the first oil crisis in 1973, imports of oil and oil-based products were stable at around 10 per cent of total annual imports. After this, an increase in oil prices meant that imports of these goods until the mid-1980s rose to an annual percentage of about 20 per cent in terms of value of total imports in the 1980s. Subsequently, imports of oil and oil-based products fell implying that these goods now account for only about 1.3 per cent of total imports. The exact opposite applies to oil exports, which have seen a substantial increase, especially from 1997. Exports of crude oil account today for about 4.2 pct. of total exports and are three times higher than imports. This development is partly due to Danish energy production in the North Sea, which has implied that Denmark is now a net exporter of oil.

Semi-finished and finished goods dominate exports

Since the beginning of the 1960s, the percentage of total exports made up of agricultural products has more than halved, implying that sales of these goods now only account for about 20 per cent of total exports. The drop in the percentage of agricultural products export has, however, been counteracted by increasing prices for agricultural goods arising from Denmark's entry to the EEC in 1973.

The percentage of total exports represented by finished goods has, however, increased considerably since the beginning of the 1960s, and accounts today for over 45 per cent of total exports. Correspondingly, trade in semi-finished goods increased over the same period, and accounts today for about one third of total exports

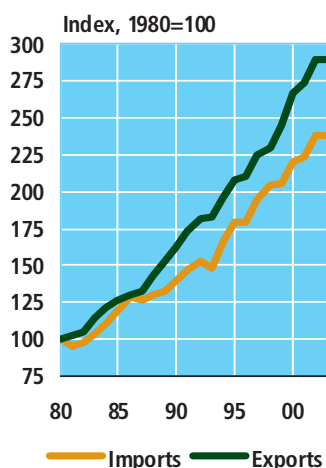
Figure 6
Exports of goods by selected groups 1960-2002



External trade

4. Quantities, unit values, and the terms of trade

Figure 7
Quantity index of imports and exports 1980-2002



Quantities and values have doubled since 1980

The quantity index, which describes developments in external trade in terms of quantities, shows, that exports rose relatively more than imports after 1980. The average annual increase since 1980 for exports was 4.5 per cent, while imports in the same period rose by 3.7 per cent on average. Correspondingly, the value of total exports increased by an annual average of 6.5 per cent after 1980, while imports rose by an average of 5.3 per cent per year.

Developments since 1980 have thus implied that both quantities and values of total external trade have more than doubled.

Parallel development in prices for imports and exports since 1987

Changes in import and export prices since 1980 show that up to 1985 there was a reasonably parallel development in prices for imported and exported goods; this development appears from the index of unit values. In the period 1985-1987, there was a sharp fall in import prices due to falling oil prices. Subsequently, there has been an almost parallel development in prices for imported and exported goods

From 1980 to 2003 there has been an average yearly growth in the index of unit values: 1.5 per cent for imports and 1.9 per cent for the exports.

Over the period 1985-1987, changes in import and exports have resulted in a positive development in Denmark's terms of trade with other countries, i.e. the relationship between unit values of exports and imports. Since 1987 the terms of trade have remained constant.

Figure 8

Index of unit values for imports and exports and the terms of trade 1980-2001

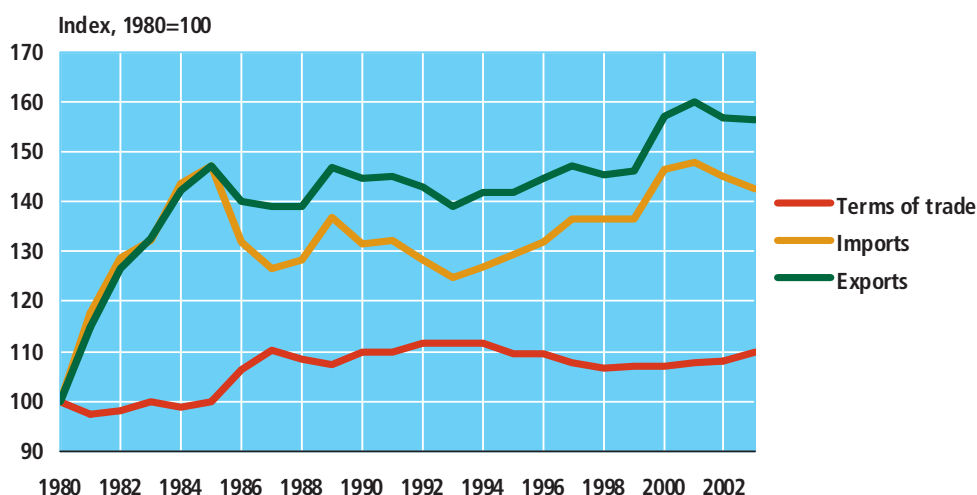


Table 374

Main figures for external trade

	Exports		Imports	
	2002	2003*	2002	2003*
	DKK mio.			
Total	442 163	436 639	387 818	376 700
EU countries, total	286 496	286 574	277 581	266 732
Belgium	7 094	8 447	13 979	13 423
Finland	13 800	13 556	9 868	8 740
France, Monaco	20 653	22 183	25 319	18 212
Greece	3 376	3 330	892	916
Netherlands	19 932	20 436	26 280	26 167
Ireland	6 594	6 543	4 979	4 652
Italy	14 135	14 757	16 388	15 417
Luxembourg	1 173	353	493	929
Portugal	2 032	1 928	2 370	2 205
Spain	12 334	14 667	6 470	6 693
United Kingdom	43 354	36 457	34 209	29 797
Sweden	51 552	55 305	46 125	48 816
Germany	85 472	82 453	85 714	85 886
Not classified EC country	1 032	1 634	11	6
Austria	3 964	4 526	4 482	4 874
OECD countries, total	386 859	382 687	342 031	324 517
Norway	27 048	24 516	18 482	16 721
United States	28 430	26 377	15 267	12 084
Japan	13 394	13 342	5 219	3 122
ASEAN countries, total	4 788	4912	5 792	8137
Denmark's 10 largest trading partners:				
Germany	85 472	82 453	85 714	85 886
Sweden	51 552	55 305	46 125	48 816
United Kingdom	43 354	36 457	34 209	29 797
Netherlands	19 932	20 436	26 280	26 167
Norway	27 048	24 516	18 482	16 721
France, Monaco	20 653	22 183	25 319	18 212
United States	28 430	26 377	15 267	12 084
Italy	14 135	14 757	16 388	15 417
Finland	13 800	13 556	9 868	8 740
Belgium	7 094	8 447	13 980	13 423

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Table 375 (continued)

External trade by country

	Exports		Imports		Trade balance	
	2002	2003*	2002	2003*	2002	2003*
	DKK thousand					
Total	442 162 939	436 639 245	387 818 162	376 700 459	54 344 777	59 938 786
Europe, total¹	350 512 565	348 195 419	326 515 360	314 572 376	23 997 205	33 623 043
Albania	26 464	41 602	1 828	315	24 636	41 287
Andorra	7 155	6 428	129	710	7 027	5 718
Belgium	7 093 575	8 446 959	13 979 470	13 422 851	-6 885 895	-4 975 893
Bosnia-Herzegovina	124 622	85 490	7 344	9 301	117 278	76 189
Bulgaria	515 280	490 554	214 550	197 984	300 730	292 570
Cyprus	291 559	501 809	38 752	35 312	252 807	466 497
Estonia	1 168 269	1 114 245	1 370 092	1 196 762	-201 823	-82 517
Finland	13 799 796	13 556 209	9 868 037	8 740 257	3 931 759	4 815 952
France, Monaco	20 653 246	22 182 541	25 318 897	18 212 455	-4 665 651	3 970 086
Faroe Islands ¹	1 922 864	1 820 798	1 328 298	1 382 202	594 566	438 597
Gibraltar	38 667	34 719	147	1 139	38 519	33 580
Greenland ²	2 571 621	2 277 307	2 146 804	2 117 546	424 817	159 762
Greece	3 376 291	3 329 514	892 068	915 697	2 484 224	2 413 816
Netherlands	19 931 975	20 435 545	26 280 016	26 166 629	-6 348 041	-5 731 083
Belarus	228 554	232 137	256 107	180 053	-27 553	52 084
Ireland	6 593 555	6 543 445	4 979 385	4 652 433	1 614 171	1 891 012
Iceland	1 816 420	1 990 788	865 670	901 564	950 750	1 089 224
Italy	14 135 048	14 757 164	16 387 573	15 417 105	-2 252 525	-659 941
Federal Republic of Yugoslavia	390 911	397 899	44 339	38 792	346 571	359 107
Croatia	667 056	724 999	81 522	78 252	585 533	646 747
Latvia	1 192 630	1 087 058	1 280 201	1 498 827	-87 571	-411 768
Liechtenstein	19 611	13 311	23 876	19 546	-4 266	-6 236
Lithuania	2 078 331	1 974 363	1 999 274	2 012 429	79 057	-38 066
Luxembourg	1 172 596	353 004	493 197	928 675	679 399	-575 671
Macedonia	56 021	76 643	12 144	12 917	43 877	63 725
Malta	205 230	180 711	18 793	27 895	186 437	152 816
Moldova	45 613	24 567	598	1 446	45 016	23 121
Norway	27 047 771	24 516 353	18 482 414	16 721 431	8 565 358	7 794 923
Poland	7 077 064	6 812 455	7 420 346	6 646 397	-343 282	166 058
Portugal	2 032 062	1 928 078	2 370 449	2 204 554	-338 387	-276 476
Romania	611 748	652 834	227 018	214 038	384 730	438 796
Russian Federation	5 428 717	5 765 012	3 212 646	3 961 111	2 216 071	1 803 900
San Marino	34 370	21 778	3 867	3 726	30 502	18 052
Switzerland	5 557 070	4 933 147	4 385 889	4 155 780	1 171 181	777 366
Slorakia	525 498	679 586	603 798	749 212	-78 300	-69 626
Slovenia	404 043	422 507	723 372	768 551	-319 329	-346 044
Spain	12 334 035	14 666 893	6 470 419	6 692 665	5 863 615	7 974 228
United Kingdom	43 354 323	36 456 670	34 208 983	29 796 785	9 145 341	6 659 885
Sweden	51 551 695	55 304 846	46 124 953	48 815 673	5 426 742	6 489 173
Czech Republic	1 882 291	2 039 990	1 652 809	1 761 140	229 482	278 850
Turkey	1 975 970	1 999 827	3 053 957	3 375 395	-1 077 987	-1 375 568
Germany	85 471 657	82 452 642	85 713 808	85 886 409	-242 151	-3 433 767
Ukraine	915 500	1 155 318	317 186	333 422	598 314	821 896
Hungary	1 761 464	1 824 115	1 307 756	1 555 114	453 708	269 001
Not classified EC country	1 031 680	1 634 181	11 303	5 826	1 020 377	1 628 355
Holy See	152	854	44	41	108	812
Austria	3 964 117	4 525 833	4 482 035	4 873 557	-517 918	-347 725

Note: Turkey is included in Europe.

¹ Faroe Islands are included in Europe. ² Greenland is included in America.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/13

Table 375 (continued)

External trade by country

	Exports		Imports		Trade balance	
	2002	2003*	2002	2003*	2002	2003*
	DKK 1 000					
Africa, total	5 104 832	4 879 054	1 868 874	1 847 563	3 235 958	3 031 490
Algeria	467 789	256 053	810	19 576	466 980	236 477
Angola	75 541	64 351	232	3 388	75 308	60 962
Benin	40 326	23 880	2 556	29 463	37 771	-5 583
Botswana	7 366	6 021	186	267	7 180	5 754
British Indian Ocean Territory	5 530	891	-	2	5 530	890
Burkina Faso	33 927	26 559	7 755	28 284	26 172	-1 725
Burundi	14 082	10 112	1 850	4 525	12 233	5 587
Cameroon	24 593	26 403	8 668	7 601	15 925	18 802
Central African Republic	2 644	4 452	-	79	2 644	4 373
Ceuta	23 534	13 186	59	71	23 476	13 116
Comoros	578	938	687	4	-109	934
Congo	19 037	17 324	4 835	4 988	14 202	12 336
Congo (Democratic Republic)	12 241	36 520	1 379	7 350	10 862	29 169
Djibouti	16 633	16 861	349	205	16 284	16 655
Egypt	801 731	788 780	50 342	67 616	751 390	721 164
Côte d'Ivoire	32 074	26 104	31 527	13 412	547	12 692
Eritrea	26 441	24 975	139	111	26 303	24 865
Ethiopia	73 132	67 521	5 272	12 578	67 860	54 944
Gabon	10 050	17 911	1 913	2 816	8 137	15 095
Gambia	12 154	16 088	207	1 624	11 947	14 464
Ghana	140 286	108 238	45 877	85 597	94 409	22 641
Guinea	41 292	25 856	992	1 157	40 299	24 699
Guinea-Bissau	5 329	2 616	23 800	32	-18 471	2 584
Cap Verde	10 847	7 291	194	2 733	10 653	4 559
Kenya	150 660	104 894	27 326	27 164	123 334	77 730
Lesotho	4 162	4 044	-	3	4 162	4 041
Liberia	198 551	480 115	495 432	56 958	-296 881	423 156
Libya	129 476	200 156	60 304	197	69 173	199 960
Madagascar	22 647	49 333	15 167	7 689	7 480	41 644
Malawi	14 719	17 797	25 409	20 809	-10 690	-3 012
Mali	14 771	17 700	2 715	2 929	12 056	14 771
Morocco	469 325	242 824	46 171	44 524	423 154	198 300
Mauritania	26 616	35 777	324	18	26 292	35 760
Mauritius	40 368	67 607	26 951	22 446	13 417	45 161
Mayotte	1 036	331	-	-	1 036	331
Melilla	5 506	6 255	-	28	5 506	6 226
Mozambique	39 662	48 902	260	1 049	39 402	47 854
Namibia	12 525	14 243	22 919	24 168	-10 393	-9 926
Niger	5 833	5 779	38	112	5 796	5 667
Nigeria	406 097	339 597	4 358	6 191	401 739	333 406
Rwanda	28 076	19 348	4 160	6 847	23 917	12 500
Sao Tome and Principe	720	1 830	2	-	718	1 830
Senegal	102 158	39 065	3 091	6 947	99 067	32 118
Seychelles	22 428	20 680	4 926	13 269	17 502	7 410
Sierra Leone	115 242	118 725	10 938	9 032	104 304	109 692
Somalia	3 071	1 204	5	21	3 066	1 183
Saint Helena, etc.	622	466	34	223	588	243
Sudan	68 476	128 100	3 584	434	64 891	127 666
Swaziland	4 912	1 836	13 116	959	-8 204	876
South Africa	902 890	919 208	729 121	1 134 661	173 769	-215 453
Tanzania	119 770	82 541	16 539	14 248	103 230	68 293
Chad	25 357	11 686	2	-	25 355	11 686
Togo	22 406	27 456	735	16 930	21 670	10 526
Tunisia	153 526	168 626	51 237	34 549	102 289	134 077
Uganda	29 826	36 864	27 187	22 102	2 639	14 762
Zambia	26 037	32 719	1 398	807	24 639	31 912
Zimbabwe	31 180	36 060	85 331	77 727	-54 150	-41 667
Equatorial Guinea	9 021	8 355	463	1 040	8 558	7 315

Table 375 (continued) External trade by country

	Exports		Imports		Trade balance	
	2002	2003*	2002	2003*	2002	2003*
	DKK 1 000					
America, total	41 028 458	38 127 340	25 523 432	20 841 213	15 505 026	17 286 127
of which: North America ¹	34 441 177	32 515 800	20 121 379	15 422 422	14 319 798	17 093 379
South and Central America	6 587 280	5 611 540	5 402 053	5 418 792	1 185 228	192 748
Virgin Islands (U.S.)	24 307	515 437	7 325	773	16 982	514 664
Anguilla	441	1 321	-	8	441	1 313
Antigua and Barbuda	6 554	9 076	368	248	6 186	8 828
Argentina	231 554	381 950	2 282 955	1 990 016	-2 051 401	-1 608 066
Aruba	12 660	15 903	216	159	12 444	15 744
Bahamas	817 834	22 872	163	76 164	817 671	-53 293
Barbados	43 346	45 016	2 646	2 159	40 700	42 857
Belize	32 807	31 547	946	1 082	31 861	30 465
Bermuda	10 429	13 209	36	576	10 393	12 633
Bolivia	21 731	15 560	1 368	7 530	20 363	8 031
Brazil	1 184 614	1 218 878	738 743	903 069	445 871	315 808
Virgin Islands (British)	522 521	110 736	5	49	522 516	110 686
Canada	3 439 373	3 860 630	2 707 372	1 220 501	732 002	2 640 129
Cayman Islands	3 781	4 160	2	214	3 779	3 947
Chile	485 543	414 530	576 114	584 848	-90 571	-170 318
Colombia	229 314	220 799	382 847	747 620	-153 533	-526 822
Costa Rica	79 669	71 448	35 686	49 925	43 984	21 523
Cuba	87 960	100 131	7 619	10 760	80 341	89 371
Dominica	3 554	2 307	568	11	2 985	2 296
Dominican Republic	462 808	215 811	5 054	5 043	457 754	210 768
Ecuador	63 488	59 348	16 050	16 516	47 439	42 832
El Salvador	75 658	77 581	4 357	2 974	71 301	74 607
Falkland Islands	116	576	17	70	99	506
Grenada	10 822	8 601	30	5	10 792	8 596
Guatemala	78 053	70 014	22 420	24 418	55 633	45 597
Guyana	5 649	7 622	2	186	5 647	7 436
Haiti	15 725	13 042	10	5	15 716	13 038
Honduras	57 057	37 718	37 176	25 415	19 881	12 303
Jamaica	16 056	52 029	351	115	15 705	51 914
Mexico	1 108 070	1 084 705	406 182	404 013	701 888	680 692
Montserrat	1 410	386	29	-	1 381	386
Netherlands Antilles	51 100	50 572	1 413	57 867	49 687	-7 295
Nicaragua	17 836	13 727	7 741	3 678	10 095	10 049
Panama	222 829	159 181	8 988	16 848	213 840	142 332
Paraguay	7 491	6 621	3 758	3 538	3 732	3 083
Peru	148 519	122 463	128 741	111 180	19 778	11 283
Saint Kitts, Nevis	86 068	77 598	3 183	2 036	82 885	75 562
Saint Lucia	2 261	2 711	515	448	1 746	2 263
Saint Pierre, etc.	358	658	-	-	358	658
Saint Vincent and Grenadines	14 561	14 428	3 621	8	10 939	14 419
Suriname	10 999	16 119	273	745	10 726	15 374
Trinidad and Tobago	23 989	49 854	4 604	1 607	19 385	48 247
Turks and Caicos Islands	477	361	6	-	470	361
Uruguay	86 125	59 508	19 078	35 336	67 047	24 172
United States	28 429 825	26 377 205	15 267 203	12 084 375	13 162 622	14 292 830
Venezuela	221 496	216 085	690 848	331 529	-469 352	-115 444
Asia, total	41 516 848	41 111 585	32 537 801	37 576 547	8 979 048	3 535 038
Afghanistan	76 873	47 347	8 443	12 627	68 430	34 720
Armenia	15 018	13 689	309	19	14 709	13 670
Azerbaijan	53 816	69 991	26	389	53 790	69 601
Bahrain	152 023	150 152	145 080	4 094	6 942	146 058
Bangladesh	193 185	170 322	592 909	692 070	-399 724	-521 748
Bhutan	1 104	1 802	4	29	1 100	1 773

¹ United States, Canada, Greenland, Saint. Pierre, etc.

Table 375 (continued)

External trade by country

	Exports		Imports		Trade balance	
	2002	2003*	2002	2003*	2002	2003*
	DKK 1 000					
Brunei	5 969	1 836	16	171	5 953	1 665
Cambodia	6 754	9 954	24 251	24 229	-17 497	-14 275
United Arab Emirates	1 411 938	1 353 044	168 045	415 589	1 243 894	937 456
Georgia	58 539	43 016	5 236	3 618	53 303	39 398
Hong Kong	4 258 795	3 981 056	1 751 177	1 624 148	2 507 617	2 356 908
India	1 063 075	1 458 208	1 653 282	1 983 369	-590 207	-525 161
Indonesia	508 165	405 193	1 119 009	1 080 506	-610 844	-675 312
Iraq	302 843	159 709	4 766	1 552	298 077	158 158
Iran	716 369	836 080	68 996	71 715	647 373	764 365
Israel	1 552 026	909 648	531 358	464 281	1 020 669	445 367
Japan	13 394 131	13 342 198	5 219 438	3 122 373	8 174 694	10 219 825
Jordan	232 110	351 195	3 734	4 595	228 376	346 599
Kazakhstan	136 431	154 944	9 804	23 881	126 627	131 063
China	4 262 490	4 986 590	11 041 987	13 628 475	-6 779 497	-8 641 885
Kyrgyzstan	6 950	5 436	36	44 999	6 914	-39 563
Kuwait	439 954	598 602	136 051	98 787	303 903	499 816
Lao People's Democratic Republic	3 271	32 277	5 258	3 583	-1 988	28 693
Lebanon	328 513	353 446	19 534	25 080	308 979	328 366
Macao	13 941	35 807	227 485	223 000	-213 544	-187 192
Malaysia	910 529	758 916	1 363 254	1 310 152	-452 725	-551 236
Maldives	20 896	17 516	145	48	20 752	17 468
Mongolia	16 448	16 780	104	62	16 343	16 718
Myanmar	8 593	7 312	133 882	108 211	-125 288	-100 899
Nepal	17 226	14 428	7 150	8 670	10 076	5 758
Korea, Democratic People's Republic	101 326	81 380	22 153	13 665	79 173	67 715
Oman	214 518	310 640	2 235	1 821	212 283	308 819
Pakistan	312 661	215 547	297 393	328 331	15 268	-112 784
Philippines	499 455	359 452	440 734	414 998	58 721	-55 546
Qatar	122 174	123 712	20 568	3 050	101 606	120 662
Saudi Arabia	2 237 868	2 121 455	39 280	21 280	2 198 588	2 100 175
Singapore	1 472 165	1 790 481	759 968	3 004 779	712 197	-1 214 298
Sri Lanka	123 345	100 835	89 922	71 398	33 423	29 436
Korea, Republic of	2 909 897	2 390 801	2 091 222	3 694 842	818 674	-1 304 041
Syria	141 302	152 681	34 447	13 588	106 855	139 094
Tajikistan	15 396	35 794	4 128	1 987	11 268	33 807
Taiwan	1 458 589	1 260 095	2 548 283	2 834 508	-1 089 693	-1 574 413
Thailand	1 029 174	1 092 903	1 338 991	1 454 633	-309 816	-361 729
Turkmenistan	7 115	34 719	573	611	6 543	34 109
Uzbekistan	51 208	40 136	70	404	51 138	39 732
West Bank/Gaza Strip	7 416	6 970	-	6	7 416	6 964
Viet Nam	343 787	453 135	606 555	736 124	-262 768	-282 990
Yemen	301 014	254 078	498	40	300 516	254 039
East Timor	465	276	12	162	453	114
Oceania, total	3 486 273	3 824 979	968 874	1 389 024	2 517 399	2 435 955
American Samoa	1 086	125	-	1	1 086	124
Antarctica	428	93	-	-	428	93
Australia	2 965 154	3 218 273	553 616	698 091	2 411 538	2 520 182
Bouvet Islands	901	1	26	-	875	1
Cocos Islands	682	1	2	2	679	-1
Cook Islands	942	1 969	108	128	834	1 841
Fiji Islands	8 179	10 820	562	440	7 617	10 379
French Southern Territories	198	293	-	-	198	293
French Polynesia	18 667	20 877	1 961	594	16 706	20 284
Guam	15 719	11 551	722	683	14 997	10 868
Heard Islands and McDonald Islands	-	-	1	-	-1	-
Christmas Islands	238	59	-	37	238	21

Table 375

External trade by country

	Exports		Imports		Trade balance	
	2002	2003*	2002	2003*	2002	2003*
	DKK 1 000					
Kiribati	1 384	1 475	1 213	1 350	172	125
Marshall Islands	2 998	2 098	198	67	2 800	2 032
Nauru	86	-	-	-	86	-
New Zealand	428 401	514 432	401 526	675 138	26 874	-160 706
Niue	232	97	-	20	232	77
Northern Mariana Islands	75	127	8	408	67	-280
Norfolk Islands	-	-	47	40	-47	-40
New Caledonia	19 703	16 958	1 193	3	18 510	16 955
Palau	-	2 250	43	-	-43	2 250
Papua New Guinea	16 239	17 362	4 266	10 081	11 973	7 281
Pitcairn	251	179	-	-	251	179
Solomon Islands	117	771	23	184	93	587
Samoa	306	45	0	82	306	-37
Federated States of Micronesia	11	320	543	-	-532	320
South Georgia/Southern Sandwich Islands	287	53	-	250	287	-196
Tokelau	2 509	3 353	2 369	1 316	140	2 037
Tonga	1 115	1 141	397	56	718	1 085
Tuvalu	16	158	2	26	14	132
Wallis and Futuna	-	-	-	-	-	-
Vanuatu	348	97	46	28	303	69
United States Minor outlying islands	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not classified non-EC country	513 964	500 868	403 823	473 735	110 141	27 133

Table 376**External trade: quantity index and unit value index**

Commodity groups	Quantity			Unit value		
	2001	2002	2003*	2001	2002	2003*
	1995=100					
Imports¹						
Imports, total (excl. ships, etc. and confidential shipments)	125	133	133	114	112	110
Intermediate goods for agriculture and horticulture	99	101	107	128	125	122
Intermediate goods for construction industry	137	139	145	100	99	99
Intermediate goods for other industries	116	121	119	111	110	108
Fuels, lubricants, and electricity	85	87	89	197	181	181
Machinery and other capital equipment (excl. drilling rigs and production platforms)	134	156	148	120	116	111
Transport equipment (excl. ships of over 250 GT and aircraft)	127	137	122	104	104	103
Intermediate goods for household consumption	135	146	154	111	110	107
Exports¹						
Exports, total (excl. ships, etc. and confidential shipments)	132	140	139	113	111	110
Agricultural products of animal origin	117	119	124	115	105	97
Agricultural products of vegetable origin	88	91	90	109	107	111
Canned meat and milk	81	83	72	126	120	111
Manufactured goods, total (excl. canned meat and milk, etc.)	138	147	145	108	107	108
Fish, crustaceans, and molluscs not processed or preserved	115	113	116	115	113	107
Fur skins, untreated	134	136	147	137	134	119
Fuels, lubricants, and electricity	169	187	190	197	189	192
Terms of trade				99	99	100

Note. The classification 'other goods' has been omitted from the table, but it is included in the totals.

¹ Excl. ships of over 250 GT, aircraft, drilling rigs and production platforms.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/13

Table 377

Exports by commodity group

Commodity group ¹	2002	2003*
	————— DKK mio. —————	
Exports, total	442 163	436 639
Agricultural products of animal origin, total	35 794	34 773
Live bovine cattle; meat from bovine animals, fresh, chilled or frozen	1 898	1 835
Live swine; meat of swine	21 270	20 658
Poultry; live killed or dressed; fresh, chilled or frozen	1 495	1 563
Butter	1 104	1 139
Cheese	7 245	7 028
Birds' eggs, in the shell	46	51
Pig fat and poultry fat	304	310
Bovine and equine hides and skins, undressed	383	255
Guts, bladders and stomachs of animals (excl. fish)	467	468
Edible offal of cattle, sheep, pigs and horses	813	696
Other agricultural products of animal origin	771	770
Agricultural products of vegetable origin, total	7 886	7 999
Cereals	1 751	1 832
Seeds, fruit and spores for sowing	1 197	1 362
Flowers, plants, fruits and vegetables	3 967	3 851
Other agricultural products of vegetable origin	971	954
Canned meat and milk, total	5 668	4 519
Canned meat	3 637	2 647
Canned milk	2 031	1 872
Manufactured goods, total (excl. canned meat and milk, ships, etc.)	335 278	333 266
Sugar and molasses	902	724
Other manufactured products of agricultural origin	17 747	17 673
Fish, crustaceans and molluscs, prepared or preserved	3 557	3 479
Feeding stuffs (excl. straw, roots, etc.)	4 411	4 285
Beer	1 720	1 810
Other beverages (excl. fruit and vegetable juices)	1 657	1 759
Animal and vegetable oils and fats	1 438	1 508
Medicinal and pharmaceutical products	30 359	34 437
Other chemical goods	27 511	26 613
Leather, leather manufactures; dressed furskins	422	521
Rubber manufactures, n.e.s	1 417	1 426
Wood and cork manufactures (excl. furniture)	4 611	4 583
Paper, paperboard, articles of paper pulp, of paper, or of paperboard	4 920	5 107
Textiles and clothing	22 520	22 377
Non-metallic mineral manufactures	5 857	5 215
Metals	7 319	7 812
Manufactures of metals, n.e.s	12 388	12 425
Machinery and instruments	122 847	117 583
Transport equipment, excl. ships of over 250 GT and aircraft	14 928	15 343
Furniture	16 177	16 356
Articles of artificial plastic materials, n.e.s	8 211	8 692
Other manufactured goods, n.e.s	24 358	23 538
Ships of over 250 GT, aircraft and drilling rigs and production platforms	4 384	1 952
Fish, crustaceans and molluscs, not prepared or preserved	12 765	12 253
Furskins, raw	3 378	3 243
Fuels, lubricants and electric current	30 442	31 570
Other goods	6 569	7 066

¹ KONJ – commodity group.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/konj2

Table 378 (continued) **Exports and imports by geographical area and commodity group 2003***

SITC Selected commodity groups	France, Monaco		Belgium, Luxembourg		Netherlands	
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports
	DKK mio.					
Total	22 183	18 212	8 800	14 352	20 436	26 167
0 Food and live animals, total	3 745	1 851	933	1 562	2 749	4 495
01 Meat and meat preparations	891	473	32	117	298	726
02 Dairy products and birds' eggs	323	254	123	314	452	377
03 Fish, (not marine mammals), crustaceans, molluscs and aquatic invertebrates	1 607	54	444	58	1 111	260
04 Cereals, and cereal preparations	160	186	33	101	199	204
05 Vegetables and fruit	35	363	28	406	56	1 662
06 Sugar, sugar preparations, and honey	65	120	11	97	46	186
07 Coffee, tea, cocoa, spices and manufactures thereof	22	118	24	137	35	329
08 Feeding stuff for animals (not including unmilled cereals)	157	166	97	274	222	452
1 Beverages and tobacco, total	159	1 317	97	46	90	280
11 Beverages	108	1 308	83	45	35	230
12 Tobacco and tobacco manufactures	51	9	14	1	56	49
2 Crude materials, inedible, except fuels total	750	241	234	131	769	1 632
21 Hides, skins, and furskins, raw	44	1	0	9	31	203
24 Wood and cork	16	34	5	19	14	42
28 Metalliferous ores and metal scrap	39	4	23	0	275	11
3 Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials, total	1 930	45	175	104	3 655	306
32 Coal, coke and briquettes	12	0	1	4	4	4
33 Petroleum, petroleum products, and related products	1 916	45	169	88	3 631	206
34 Gas, natural and manufactured	1	1	2	1	14	2
35 Electric current	0	0	4	11	6	93
4 Animal and vegetable oils, fats, and waxes, total	45	21	51	60	101	156
5 Chemicals, and related products, n.e.s., total	3 955	3 322	1 976	3 908	1 939	3 934
51 Organic chemicals	449	329	565	170	490	403
52 Inorganic chemicals	21	64	15	183	12	249
53 Dying and tanning and colouring materials	149	106	422	204	65	213
54 Medical and pharmaceutical products	2 721	758	590	857	528	850
55 Essential oils and resinoids and perfume materials; toilet and cleansing preparations	84	1 023	49	305	105	303
57 Plastics in primary forms	16	331	7	1 544	43	1 124
58 Plastics in non-primary forms	185	299	139	308	255	272
6 Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material, total	2 325	2 527	1 054	2 244	2 351	3 427
62 Rubber manufactures, n.e.s.	133	125	111	118	105	209
63 Wood and cork manufactures other than furniture	174	104	127	51	305	60
64 Paper, paperboard, and articles of paper pulp, paper, or paperboard	320	359	147	303	316	819
65 Textile yarn, fabrics, made-up articles, n.e.s., and related products	432	322	174	468	401	464
66 Non-metallic mineral manufactures, n.e.s.	175	260	38	258	111	336
67 Iron and steel	191	752	65	571	349	674
68 Non-ferrous metals, n.e.s.	303	188	99	133	68	132
7 Machinery and transport equipment, total	5 509	7 293	2 947	4 452	4 870	8 254
71 Power generating machinery and equipment	192	314	61	218	672	176
72 Machinery specialized for particular industries	920	589	345	368	417	736
73 Metalworking machinery	32	40	9	97	45	30
74 General industrial machinery and equipment, n.e.s., and machine parts, n.e.s.	2 007	1 193	650	877	1 267	602
75 Office machines and automatic data processing machines	430	789	85	910	585	3 381
76 Telecommunications and sound recording and reproducing apparatus and equipment	784	350	1 284	199	881	928
77 Electrical machinery, apparatus and appliances, n.e.s., and electrical parts thereof	755	939	332	461	435	991
78 Road vehicles (including air-cushion vehicles)	294	2 952	165	1 314	246	1 105
79 Transport equipment, n.e.s.	95	127	17	9	324	306

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/sitc31 and sitc41

Table 378 (continued) **Exports and imports by geographical area and commodity group 2003***

SITC Selected commodity groups	France, Monaco		Belgium, Luxembourg		Netherlands	
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports
	DKK mio.					
8 Miscellaneous manufactured articles, total	3 612	1 437	1 225	1 634	3 587	3 411
81 Prefabricated buildings; sanitary, plumbing, heating and lighting fixtures and fittings, n.e.s.	147	85	34	95	74	76
82 Furniture and parts thereof; bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions, and similar	823	60	258	45	620	192
83 Travel goods, handbags, and similar containers	6	55	6	73	11	44
84 Articles of apparel, and clothing accessories	226	333	276	504	1 264	412
85 Footwear	17	49	21	147	220	421
87 Professional, scientific and controlling instruments and apparatus, n.e.s.	759	229	173	156	447	520
88 Photographic apparatus, equipment and supplies, and optical goods, n.e.s.; watches and clocks	87	69	59	139	43	253
9 Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC, total	152	158	108	211	324	271

Table 378 (continued) Exports and imports by geographical area and commodity group 2003*

SITC Selected commodity groups	Germany		Italy		United Kingdom	
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports
	DKK mio.					
Total	82 453	85 886	14 757	15 417	36 457	29 797
0 Food and live animals, total	14 415	8 080	5 181	1 349	10 415	1 504
01 Meat and meat preparations	3 904	1 854	2 182	191	5 796	299
02 Dairy products and birds' eggs	2 708	763	211	212	1 134	108
03 Fish, (not marine mammals), crustaceans, molluscs and aquatic invertebrates	3 727	397	1 996	20	1 122	274
04 Cereals, and cereal preparations	1 003	1 385	152	227	362	317
05 Vegetables and fruit	493	1 466	38	547	276	112
06 Sugar, sugar preparations, and honey	197	307	5	9	54	84
07 Coffee, tea, cocoa, spices and manufactures thereof	209	539	1	51	108	81
08 Feeding stuff for animals (not including unmilled cereals)	640	939	380	24	221	128
1 Beverages and tobacco, total	1 668	407	557	617	234	350
11 Beverages	1 190	333	550	616	219	338
12 Tobacco and tobacco manufactures	479	74	7	1	15	12
2 Crude materials, inedible, except fuels total	3 429	1 756	879	183	853	377
21 Hides, skins, and furskins, raw	123	70	196	9	17	0
24 Wood and cork	137	384	2	12	97	7
28 Metalliferous ores and metal scrap	701	125	2	0	16	4
3 Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials, total	4 688	1 448	55	6	1 200	154
32 Coal, coke and briquettes	1	39	8	1	1	0
33 Petroleum, petroleum products, and related products	1 358	304	47	4	1 181	150
34 Gas, natural and manufactured	2 228	8	0	1	18	4
35 Electric current	1 102	1 098	0	0	0	0
4 Animal and vegetable oils, fats, and waxes, total	292	812	82	54	132	19
5 Chemicals, and related products, n.e.s., total	5 780	9 491	1 897	1 266	4 018	5 927
51 Organic chemicals	481	1 126	280	122	251	381
52 Inorganic chemicals	67	465	4	22	16	333
53 Dying and tanning and colouring materials	514	957	26	39	186	338
54 Medical and pharmaceutical products	2 682	1 774	1 165	297	2 362	1 518
55 Essential oils and resinoids and perfume materials; toilet and cleansing preparations	382	778	21	217	149	2 010
57 Plastics in primary forms	174	1 515	19	164	51	551
58 Plastics in non-primary forms	594	1 503	77	347	514	302
6 Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material, total	10 224	15 629	1 026	2 707	4 350	2 978
62 Rubber manufactures, n.e.s.	232	651	38	101	148	278
63 Wood and cork manufactures other than furniture	1 277	1 029	158	52	861	42
64 Paper, paperboard, and articles of paper pulp, paper, or paperboard	1 097	2 271	87	178	434	378
65 Textile yarn, fabrics, made-up articles, n.e.s., and related products	1 392	2 027	217	540	720	600
66 Non-metallic mineral manufactures, n.e.s.	1 272	2 019	64	484	524	194
67 Iron and steel	1 412	2 796	101	385	447	667
68 Non-ferrous metals, n.e.s.	771	1 431	80	195	217	219
7 Machinery and transport equipment, total	26 759	38 318	3 582	5 628	8 040	15 201
71 Power generating machinery and equipment	5 717	2 455	176	227	730	360
72 Machinery specialized for particular industries	1 555	3 536	311	888	987	1 062
73 Metalworking machinery	187	527	21	126	63	78
74 General industrial machinery and equipment, n.e.s., and machine parts, n.e.s.	5 125	5 675	877	1 948	2 037	1 629
75 Office machines and automatic data processing machines	1 213	3 643	766	208	812	2 877
76 Telecommunications and sound recording and reproducing apparatus and equipment	5 183	2 973	600	168	1 145	6 179
77 Electrical machinery, apparatus and appliances, n.e.s., and electrical parts thereof	2 290	7 175	499	833	983	1 368
78 Road vehicles (including air-cushion vehicles)	5 175	9 009	147	1 064	1 083	1 134
79 Transport equipment, n.e.s.	313	3 324	186	165	200	514

Table 378 (continued) **Exports and imports by geographical area and commodity group 2003***

SITC Selected commodity groups	Germany		Italy		United Kingdom	
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports
	DKK mio.					
8 Miscellaneous manufactured articles, total	14 296	9 040	1 380	3 509	6 992	2 855
81 Prefabricated buildings; sanitary, plumbing, heating and lighting fixtures and fittings, n.e.s.	409	432	38	156	284	94
82 Furniture and parts thereof; bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions, and similar	4 421	651	163	614	2 436	107
83 Travel goods, handbags, and similar containers	31	58	3	31	19	39
84 Articles of apparel, and clothing accessories	3 404	1 261	86	1 397	726	443
85 Footwear	316	330	17	475	151	46
87 Professional, scientific and controlling instruments and apparatus, n.e.s.	1 426	1 530	582	140	865	541
88 Photographic apparatus, equipment and supplies, and optical goods, n.e.s.; watches and clocks	225	927	58	111	128	292
9 Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC, total	902	906	117	97	224	432

Table 378 (continued) Exports and imports by geographical area and commodity group 2003*

SITC Selected commodity groups	Sweden		Finland		Austria	
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports
	DKK mio.					
Total	55 305	48 816	13 556	8 740	4 526	4 874
0 Food and live animals, total	7 126	3 067	1 105	230	458	190
01 Meat and meat preparations	1 995	245	170	5	10	44
02 Dairy products and birds' eggs	673	378	244	29	47	84
03 Fish, (not marine mammals), crustaceans, molluscs and aquatic invertebrates	1 113	641	110	10	225	2
04 Cereals, and cereal preparations	459	681	68	15	3	15
05 Vegetables and fruit	676	150	52	1	19	24
06 Sugar, sugar preparations, and honey	612	342	153	103	9	1
07 Coffee, tea, cocoa, spices and manufactures thereof	314	273	23	55	6	4
08 Feeding stuff for animals (not including unmilled cereals)	634	99	161	4	66	7
1 Beverages and tobacco, total	1 292	164	164	12	19	13
11 Beverages	594	142	144	12	2	4
12 Tobacco and tobacco manufactures	698	22	20	0	17	9
2 Crude materials, inedible, except fuels total	1 921	3 330	442	847	167	28
21 Hides, skins, and furskins, raw	59	104	149	132	11	0
24 Wood and cork	134	2 338	5	678	4	4
28 Metalliferous ores and metal scrap	527	176	32	0	10	0
3 Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials, total	11 018	2 998	3 590	283	0	0
32 Coal, coke and briquettes	4	22	1	1	0	0
33 Petroleum, petroleum products, and related products	8 612	2 836	3 590	281	0	0
34 Gas, natural and manufactured	1 138	1	0	0	0	0
35 Electric current	1 265	139	0	0	0	0
4 Animal and vegetable oils, fats, and waxes, total	199	112	25	1	9	0
5 Chemicals, and related products, n.e.s., total	5 367	5 324	1 858	791	636	336
51 Organic chemicals	159	208	59	25	78	42
52 Inorganic chemicals	73	189	24	129	7	11
53 Dying and tanning and colouring materials	475	606	141	51	35	4
54 Medical and pharmaceutical products	2 241	1 477	987	91	365	124
55 Essential oils and resinoids and perfume materials; toilet and cleansing preparations	1 104	527	203	10	14	13
57 Plastics in primary forms	294	967	54	222	7	84
58 Plastics in non-primary forms	596	659	134	175	60	44
6 Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material, total	6 966	11 137	1 021	3 501	532	1 192
62 Rubber manufactures, n.e.s.	212	451	18	46	27	28
63 Wood and cork manufactures other than furniture	398	633	34	467	84	30
64 Paper, paperboard, and articles of paper pulp, paper, or paperboard	985	3 490	163	1 417	59	153
65 Textile yarn, fabrics, made-up articles, n.e.s., and related products	561	488	135	104	114	277
66 Non-metallic mineral manufactures, n.e.s.	1 174	653	139	85	36	129
67 Iron and steel	1 118	2 489	143	1 072	54	223
68 Non-ferrous metals, n.e.s.	306	809	13	116	41	146
7 Machinery and transport equipment, total	11 194	15 010	3 029	2 155	1 477	2 176
71 Power generating machinery and equipment	270	538	78	395	270	113
72 Machinery specialized for particular industries	1 536	1 019	290	301	162	309
73 Metalworking machinery	67	114	28	28	13	15
74 General industrial machinery and equipment, n.e.s., and machine parts, n.e.s.	2 934	2 264	746	389	440	293
75 Office machines and automatic data processing machines	1 524	1 320	442	26	84	141
76 Telecommunications and sound recording and reproducing apparatus and equipment	1 232	3 637	376	669	191	897
77 Electrical machinery, apparatus and appliances, n.e.s., and electrical parts thereof	2 239	2 571	704	238	243	192
78 Road vehicles (including air-cushion vehicles)	1 339	3 181	348	98	71	208
79 Transport equipment, n.e.s.	53	367	18	10	4	8

Table 378 (continued) **Exports and imports by geographical area and commodity group 2003***

SITC Selected commodity groups	Sweden		Finland		Austria	
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports
	DKK mio.					
8 Miscellaneous manufactured articles, total	9 894	7 314	2 265	784	1 209	893
81 Prefabricated buildings; sanitary, plumbing, heating and lighting fixtures and fittings, n.e.s.	336	792	74	66	24	17
82 Furniture and parts thereof; bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions, and similar	1 641	1 184	152	63	274	54
83 Travel goods, handbags, and similar containers	46	45	16	3	3	1
84 Articles of apparel, and clothing accessories	2 977	1 051	1 113	36	280	456
85 Footwear	387	233	69	20	40	23
87 Professional, scientific and controlling instruments and apparatus, n.e.s.	821	841	259	122	350	64
88 Photographic apparatus, equipment and supplies, and optical goods, n.e.s.; watches and clocks	214	466	46	3	14	22
9 Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC, total	329	360	56	138	19	44

Table 378 (continued) Exports and imports by geographical area and commodity group 2003*

SITC Selected commodity groups	EU countries, total		Norway		Iceland, Switzerland	
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports
	DKK mio.					
Total	286 574	266 732	24 516	16 721	6 924	5 057
0 Food and live animals, total	50 729	24 435	2 448	2 262	747	694
01 Meat and meat preparations	16 472	4 274	46	4	20	9
02 Dairy products and birds' eggs	6 953	2 638	160	32	43	16
03 Fish, (not marine mammals), crustaceans, molluscs and aquatic invertebrates	12 614	1 836	385	1 969	293	237
04 Cereals, and cereal preparations	2 685	3 163	582	28	60	1
05 Vegetables and fruit	1 722	5 711	102	7	23	1
06 Sugar, sugar preparations, and honey	1 169	1 305	421	8	40	6
07 Coffee, tea, cocoa, spices and manufactures thereof	755	1 597	111	10	48	20
08 Feeding stuff for animals (not including unmilled cereals)	3 032	2 105	422	180	56	383
1 Beverages and tobacco, total	4 526	3 842	168	33	80	6
11 Beverages	2 976	3 651	110	24	25	6
12 Tobacco and tobacco manufactures	1 550	192	58	8	55	0
2 Crude materials, inedible, except fuels total	10 231	8 821	608	910	203	84
21 Hides, skins, and furskins, raw	914	545	36	244	5	22
24 Wood and cork	448	3 536	92	68	7	1
28 Metalliferous ores and metal scrap	1 803	326	49	82	15	1
3 Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials, total	26 966	5 348	1 805	6 366	14	1
32 Coal, coke and briquettes	38	74	1	110	1	0
33 Petroleum, petroleum products, and related products	21 137	3 916	955	6 063	12	1
34 Gas, natural and manufactured	3 414	18	27	0	1	0
35 Electric current	2 376	1 341	822	193	0	0
4 Animal and vegetable oils, fats, and waxes, total	995	1 264	240	45	5	71
5 Chemicals, and related products, n.e.s., total	33 448	37 015	2 270	1 029	1 283	1 310
51 Organic chemicals	3 745	2 899	46	88	297	341
52 Inorganic chemicals	260	1 685	30	104	8	1
53 Dying and tanning and colouring materials	2 140	2 548	261	106	47	55
54 Medical and pharmaceutical products	17 854	9 858	628	198	654	555
55 Essential oils and resinoids and perfume materials; toilet and cleansing preparations	2 181	5 362	744	50	76	51
57 Plastics in primary forms	688	6 553	58	297	20	66
58 Plastics in non-primary forms	2 724	3 998	348	59	103	163
6 Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material, total	31 508	46 873	3 392	2 600	888	539
62 Rubber manufactures, n.e.s.	1 077	2 112	69	14	26	5
63 Wood and cork manufactures other than furniture	3 792	2 556	193	123	134	25
64 Paper, paperboard, and articles of paper pulp, paper, or paperboard	3 738	9 469	325	357	178	41
65 Textile yarn, fabrics, made-up articles, n.e.s., and related products	4 337	5 786	528	143	113	61
66 Non-metallic mineral manufactures, n.e.s.	3 717	4 619	432	164	71	103
67 Iron and steel	4 099	9 835	358	373	74	61
68 Non-ferrous metals, n.e.s.	2 040	3 448	84	1 014	36	70
7 Machinery and transport equipment, total	76 323	102 904	6 505	2 169	1 987	1 239
71 Power generating machinery and equipment	9 007	4 928	213	208	62	85
72 Machinery specialized for particular industries	7 343	8 957	1 583	954	152	285
73 Metalworking machinery	508	1 075	66	16	17	111
74 General industrial machinery and equipment, n.e.s., and machine parts, n.e.s.	17 396	15 299	1 308	163	655	334
75 Office machines and automatic data processing machines	6 398	15 187	626	85	230	58
76 Telecommunications and sound recording and reproducing apparatus and equipment	15 767	16 692	600	175	374	100
77 Electrical machinery, apparatus and appliances, n.e.s., and electrical parts thereof	9 397	15 295	887	222	312	245
78 Road vehicles (including air-cushion vehicles)	9 092	20 617	996	169	168	14
79 Transport equipment, n.e.s.	1 415	4 855	227	176	17	7

Table 378 (continued) **Exports and imports by geographical area and commodity group 2003***

SITC Selected commodity groups	EU countries, total		Norway		Iceland, Switzerland	
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports
	DKK mio.					
8 Miscellaneous manufactured articles, total	47 818	33 427	6 696	797	1 666	935
81 Prefabricated buildings; sanitary, plumbing, heating and lighting fixtures and fittings, n.e.s.	1 519	1 863	234	95	44	12
82 Furniture and parts thereof; bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions, and similar	11 315	3 055	1 483	285	375	19
83 Travel goods, handbags, and similar containers	158	357	31	2	5	8
84 Articles of apparel, and clothing accessories	11 602	6 673	1 896	38	299	26
85 Footwear	1 338	2 427	414	4	40	2
87 Professional, scientific and controlling instruments and apparatus, n.e.s.	6 241	4 212	387	113	227	147
88 Photographic apparatus, equipment and supplies, and optical goods, n.e.s.; watches and clocks	927	2 297	198	23	58	109
9 Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC, total	4 030	2 802	383	510	51	179

Table 378 (continued) Exports and imports by geographical area and commodity group 2003*

SITC Selected commodity groups	Western Europe, total		Eastern Europe total		United States	
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports
	DKK mio.					
Total	324 302	294 264	23 894	20 308	26 377	12 084
0 Food and live animals, total	54 737	28 797	3 430	1 427	2 857	684
01 Meat and meat preparations	16 773	4 287	859	16	1 501	0
02 Dairy products and birds' eggs	7 246	2 691	111	19	460	14
03 Fish, (not marine mammals), crustaceans, molluscs and aquatic invertebrates	13 376	5 277	651	615	211	183
04 Cereals, and cereal preparations	3 400	3 199	512	77	399	20
05 Vegetables and fruit	1 906	5 839	40	231	28	229
06 Sugar, sugar preparations, and honey	1 650	1 321	59	64	12	43
07 Coffee, tea, cocoa, spices and manufactures thereof	938	1 627	167	70	23	7
08 Feeding stuff for animals (not including unmilled cereals)	3 600	2 700	332	306	17	162
1 Beverages and tobacco, total	4 842	3 917	105	47	183	381
11 Beverages	3 152	3 691	58	43	133	90
12 Tobacco and tobacco manufactures	1 690	227	48	4	51	290
2 Crude materials, inedible, except fuels total	11 278	9 970	783	1 244	379	516
21 Hides, skins, and furskins, raw	994	812	130	78	37	3
24 Wood and cork	566	3 621	113	816	2	126
28 Metalliferous ores and metal scrap	1 964	411	1	10	12	15
3 Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials, total	28 885	11 716	114	3 286	2 267	146
32 Coal, coke and briquettes	40	184	3	504	0	61
33 Petroleum, petroleum products, and related products	22 204	9 980	83	2 782	2 267	85
34 Gas, natural and manufactured	3 443	18	28	0	0	0
35 Electric current	3 198	1 534	0	0	0	0
4 Animal and vegetable oils, fats, and waxes, total	1 257	1 391	302	0	4	14
5 Chemicals, and related products, n.e.s., total	38 418	39 448	4 120	997	6 503	1 357
51 Organic chemicals	4 228	3 338	217	135	1 191	273
52 Inorganic chemicals	312	1 796	22	249	34	63
53 Dying and tanning and colouring materials	2 540	2 721	331	60	135	34
54 Medical and pharmaceutical products	20 072	10 664	2 142	124	4 422	358
55 Essential oils and resinoids and perfume materials; toilet and cleansing preparations	3 046	5 467	214	19	41	153
57 Plastics in primary forms	770	6 920	121	18	41	48
58 Plastics in non-primary forms	3 237	4 223	339	80	95	60
6 Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material, total	36 440	50 550	3 806	5 006	1 233	552
62 Rubber manufactures, n.e.s.	1 199	2 165	65	117	45	23
63 Wood and cork manufactures other than furniture	4 171	2 729	131	1 207	69	19
64 Paper, paperboard, and articles of paper pulp, paper, or paperboard	4 337	9 890	292	145	110	44
65 Textile yarn, fabrics, made-up articles, n.e.s., and related products	5 096	6 228	1 636	574	238	77
66 Non-metallic mineral manufactures, n.e.s.	4 296	5 004	221	292	270	73
67 Iron and steel	4 602	10 274	402	1 330	41	52
68 Non-ferrous metals, n.e.s.	2 179	4 581	195	133	46	8
7 Machinery and transport equipment, total	86 933	107 454	7 585	3 162	7 521	5 653
71 Power generating machinery and equipment	9 567	5 327	348	267	2 039	528
72 Machinery specialized for particular industries	9 352	10 211	1 708	268	939	744
73 Metalworking machinery	620	1 209	208	42	125	35
74 General industrial machinery and equipment, n.e.s., and machine parts, n.e.s.	19 787	15 931	2 534	615	1 910	820
75 Office machines and automatic data processing machines	7 342	15 338	249	290	496	944
76 Telecommunications and sound recording and reproducing apparatus and equipment	17 005	17 229	469	148	650	340
77 Electrical machinery, apparatus and appliances, n.e.s., and electrical parts thereof	10 764	16 125	877	603	916	663
78 Road vehicles (including air-cushion vehicles)	10 535	21 043	1 106	879	163	101
79 Transport equipment, n.e.s.	1 962	5 041	86	51	284	1 477

Table 378 (continued) **Exports and imports by geographical area and commodity group 2003***

SITC Selected commodity groups	Western Europe, total		Eastern Europe total		United States	
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports
	DKK mio.					
8 Miscellaneous manufactured articles, total	56 997	37 452	3 561	4 732	5 195	1 594
81 Prefabricated buildings; sanitary, plumbing, heating and lighting fixtures and fittings, n.e.s.	1 824	1 994	88	140	283	20
82 Furniture and parts thereof; bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions, and similar	13 279	3 452	427	1 185	1 207	32
83 Travel goods, handbags, and similar containers	199	371	10	11	3	4
84 Articles of apparel, and clothing accessories	13 923	8 758	761	1 951	98	31
85 Footwear	1 818	2 446	398	427	200	10
87 Professional, scientific and controlling instruments and apparatus, n.e.s.	7 074	4 539	649	260	1 084	908
88 Photographic apparatus, equipment and supplies, and optical goods, n.e.s.; watches and clocks	1 220	2 431	36	10	253	83
9 Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC, total	4 515	3 568	88	407	233	1 187

Table 378 (continued) Exports and imports by geographical area and commodity group 2003*

SITC Selected commodity groups	Canada		All America		All Africa	
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports
	DKK mio.					
Total	3 861	1 221	38 127	20 841	4 879	1 848
0 Food and live animals, total	346	599	4 481	6 091	651	150
01 Meat and meat preparations	123	0	1 819	64	63	0
02 Dairy products and birds' eggs	82	0	1 014	16	276	0
03 Fish, (not marine mammals), crustaceans, molluscs and aquatic invertebrates	15	556	314	2 836	4	37
04 Cereals, and cereal preparations	64	2	678	26	74	1
05 Vegetables and fruit	4	3	88	331	93	53
06 Sugar, sugar preparations, and honey	1	14	38	106	11	9
07 Coffee, tea, cocoa, spices and manufactures thereof	12	0	62	348	1	44
08 Feeding stuff for animals (not including unmilled cereals)	8	6	35	2 319	28	5
1 Beverages and tobacco, total	80	4	399	922	33	234
11 Beverages	28	2	264	470	28	134
12 Tobacco and tobacco manufactures	52	3	134	452	4	100
2 Crude materials, inedible, except fuels total	71	100	605	934	113	231
21 Hides, skins, and furskins, raw	19	22	56	44	0	17
24 Wood and cork	1	51	30	202	0	22
28 Metalliferous ores and metal scrap	0	0	12	16	0	0
3 Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials, total	527	1	2 818	1 142	5	781
32 Coal, coke and briquettes	0	0	0	684	2	746
33 Petroleum, petroleum products, and related products	527	1	2 813	457	2	35
34 Gas, natural and manufactured	0	0	4	0	0	0
35 Electric current	0	0	0	0	0	0
4 Animal and vegetable oils, fats, and waxes, total	8	2	52	51	92	12
5 Chemicals, and related products, n.e.s., total	932	63	9 090	1 470	1 136	65
51 Organic chemicals	119	3	1 635	285	112	32
52 Inorganic chemicals	0	4	42	85	7	3
53 Dying and tanning and colouring materials	5	1	190	39	21	6
54 Medical and pharmaceutical products	729	25	5 931	386	814	3
55 Essential oils and resinoids and perfume materials; toilet and cleansing preparations	4	9	107	167	17	1
57 Plastics in primary forms	1	7	54	57	4	0
58 Plastics in non-primary forms	6	6	145	66	29	0
6 Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material, total	173	46	2 028	751	215	112
62 Rubber manufactures, n.e.s.	5	5	80	31	17	1
63 Wood and cork manufactures other than furniture	3	6	145	60	2	20
64 Paper, paperboard, and articles of paper pulp, paper, or paperboard	52	2	254	49	26	1
65 Textile yarn, fabrics, made-up articles, n.e.s., and related products	31	4	325	95	32	16
66 Non-metallic mineral manufactures, n.e.s.	39	5	405	85	39	6
67 Iron and steel	4	1	90	74	9	56
68 Non-ferrous metals, n.e.s.	2	7	59	26	24	2
7 Machinery and transport equipment, total	1 215	255	11 735	6 321	2 303	137
71 Power generating machinery and equipment	259	20	2 630	563	237	0
72 Machinery specialized for particular industries	264	17	1 825	773	523	4
73 Metalworking machinery	5	1	157	38	16	0
74 General industrial machinery and equipment, n.e.s., and machine parts, n.e.s.	174	19	2 627	970	426	5
75 Office machines and automatic data processing machines	18	16	618	1 044	99	2
76 Telecommunications and sound recording and reproducing apparatus and equipment	71	45	1 048	403	132	45
77 Electrical machinery, apparatus and appliances, n.e.s., and electrical parts thereof	58	40	1 140	746	128	6
78 Road vehicles (including air-cushion vehicles)	17	6	327	134	237	1
79 Transport equipment, n.e.s.	349	89	1 364	1 650	504	73

Table 378 (continued) **Exports and imports by geographical area and commodity group 2003***

SITC Selected commodity groups	Canada		All America		All Africa	
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports
	DKK mio.					
8 Miscellaneous manufactured articles, total	471	95	6 555	1 782	279	87
81 Prefabricated buildings; sanitary, plumbing, heating and lighting fixtures and fittings, n.e.s.	23	1	347	22	14	1
82 Furniture and parts thereof; bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions, and similar	86	4	1 438	49	22	7
83 Travel goods, handbags, and similar containers	0	0	6	5	0	1
84 Articles of apparel, and clothing accessories	22	13	215	61	9	42
85 Footwear	29	2	257	20	2	5
87 Professional, scientific and controlling instruments and apparatus, n.e.s.	125	31	1 430	968	128	1
88 Photographic apparatus, equipment and supplies, and optical goods, n.e.s.; watches and clocks	14	1	292	85	11	1
9 Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC, total	38	55	363	1 380	53	36

Table 378 (continued) Exports and imports by geographical area and commodity group 2003*

SITC Selected commodity groups	Japan		All Asia		Oceania	
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports
	DKK mio.					
Total	13 342	3 122	41 112	37 577	3 825	1 389
0 Food and live animals, total	6 425	5	11 608	777	824	463
01 Meat and meat preparations	5 363	0	6 270	16	522	144
02 Dairy products and birds' eggs	347	0	2 055	33	62	227
03 Fish, (not marine mammals), crustaceans, molluscs and aquatic invertebrates	442	0	1 247	393	61	74
04 Cereals, and cereal preparations	87	0	382	25	50	0
05 Vegetables and fruit	2	0	56	167	44	10
06 Sugar, sugar preparations, and honey	3	0	71	32	29	3
07 Coffee, tea, cocoa, spices and manufactures thereof	1	0	11	67	2	2
08 Feeding stuff for animals (not including unmilled cereals)	124	0	304	8	2	0
1 Beverages and tobacco, total	7	0	92	97	10	214
11 Beverages	3	0	53	3	8	214
12 Tobacco and tobacco manufactures	4	0	39	94	2	0
2 Crude materials, inedible, except fuels total	286	28	3 114	650	25	52
21 Hides, skins, and furskins, raw	28	0	2 342	14	0	0
24 Wood and cork	24	0	72	108	0	16
28 Metalliferous ores and metal scrap	0	0	86	0	0	0
3 Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials, total	3	0	136	448	0	149
32 Coal, coke and briquettes	3	0	5	202	0	149
33 Petroleum, petroleum products, and related products	0	0	131	246	0	0
34 Gas, natural and manufactured	0	0	0	0	0	0
35 Electric current	0	0	0	0	0	0
4 Animal and vegetable oils, fats, and waxes, total	28	0	128	451	2	0
5 Chemicals, and related products, n.e.s., total	2 957	249	7 535	1 054	565	159
51 Organic chemicals	150	83	768	356	59	22
52 Inorganic chemicals	5	67	82	113	6	7
53 Dying and tanning and colouring materials	5	21	106	73	15	0
54 Medical and pharmaceutical products	2 563	4	5 088	136	389	59
55 Essential oils and resinoids and perfume materials; toilet and cleansing preparations	8	9	115	42	20	7
57 Plastics in primary forms	2	39	45	113	1	0
58 Plastics in non-primary forms	4	13	120	46	6	0
6 Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material, total	234	392	1 499	4 222	254	39
62 Rubber manufactures, n.e.s.	8	83	54	341	11	2
63 Wood and cork manufactures other than furniture	41	0	100	445	7	2
64 Paper, paperboard, and articles of paper pulp, paper, or paperboard	34	18	132	128	65	1
65 Textile yarn, fabrics, made-up articles, n.e.s., and related products	21	70	245	1 004	11	1
66 Non-metallic mineral manufactures, n.e.s.	60	17	213	543	41	0
67 Iron and steel	2	64	116	272	8	27
68 Non-ferrous metals, n.e.s.	4	19	92	89	9	0
7 Machinery and transport equipment, total	1 858	1 917	12 716	15 609	1 426	161
71 Power generating machinery and equipment	668	150	2 126	492	391	28
72 Machinery specialized for particular industries	276	142	2 043	347	260	18
73 Metalworking machinery	39	82	132	137	19	1
74 General industrial machinery and equipment, n.e.s., and machine parts, n.e.s.	435	188	4 208	874	426	7
75 Office machines and automatic data processing machines	80	167	540	2 910	41	18
76 Telecommunications and sound recording and reproducing apparatus and equipment	100	159	1 215	2 436	113	41
77 Electrical machinery, apparatus and appliances, n.e.s., and electrical parts thereof	175	178	1 314	2 040	138	42
78 Road vehicles (including air-cushion vehicles)	66	843	257	2 139	21	5
79 Transport equipment, n.e.s.	19	9	880	4 234	17	0

Table 378 (continued) **Exports and imports by geographical area and commodity group 2003***

SITC Selected commodity groups	Japan		All Asia		Oceania	
	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports	Exports	Imports
	DKK mio.					
8 Miscellaneous manufactured articles, total	1 525	404	3 998	13 816	711	103
81 Prefabricated buildings; sanitary, plumbing, heating and lighting fixtures and fittings, n.e.s.	49	3	144	367	27	1
82 Furniture and parts thereof; bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions, and similar	502	2	758	1 374	47	1
83 Travel goods, handbags, and similar containers	3	0	6	344	1	0
84 Articles of apparel, and clothing accessories	19	6	105	6 949	6	3
85 Footwear	13	0	85	1 141	6	3
87 Professional, scientific and controlling instruments and apparatus, n.e.s.	394	168	1 398	388	179	34
88 Photographic apparatus, equipment and supplies, and optical goods, n.e.s.; watches and clocks	59	139	175	379	14	2
9 Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC, total	19	127	285	452	9	49

Table 378 (continued) **Exports and imports by geographical area and commodity group 2003***

SITC Selected commodity groups	Total	
	Exports	Imports
	DKK mio.	
Total	436 639	376 700
0 Food and live animals, total	75 731	37 795
01 Meat and meat preparations	26 306	4 546
02 Dairy products and birds' eggs	10 764	2 989
03 Fish, (not marine mammals), crustaceans, molluscs and aquatic invertebrates	15 653	9 238
04 Cereals, and cereal preparations	5 096	3 332
05 Vegetables and fruit	2 227	6 640
06 Sugar, sugar preparations, and honey	1 858	1 543
07 Coffee, tea, cocoa, spices and manufactures thereof	1 181	2 196
08 Feeding stuff for animals (not including unmilled cereals)	4 300	5 339
1 Beverages and tobacco, total	5 487	5 518
11 Beverages	3 570	4 588
12 Tobacco and tobacco manufactures	1 917	930
2 Crude materials, inedible, except fuels total	15 918	13 081
21 Hides, skins, and furskins, raw	3 522	965
24 Wood and cork	781	4 786
28 Metalliferous ores and metal scrap	2 063	436
3 Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials, total	31 958	17 522
32 Coal, coke and briquettes	51	2 469
33 Petroleum, petroleum products, and related products	25 234	13 501
34 Gas, natural and manufactured	3 475	18
35 Electric current	3 198	1 534
4 Animal and vegetable oils, fats, and waxes, total	1 834	1 907
5 Chemicals, and related products, n.e.s., total	60 864	43 243
51 Organic chemicals	7 019	4 170
52 Inorganic chemicals	470	2 254
53 Dying and tanning and colouring materials	3 204	2 899
54 Medical and pharmaceutical products	34 437	11 373
55 Essential oils and resinoids and perfume materials; toilet and cleansing preparations	3 519	5 748
57 Plastics in primary forms	995	7 108
58 Plastics in non-primary forms	3 877	4 416
6 Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material, total	44 242	60 698
62 Rubber manufactures, n.e.s.	1 426	2 657
63 Wood and cork manufactures other than furniture	4 556	4 464
64 Paper, paperboard, and articles of paper pulp, paper, or paperboard	5 107	10 214
65 Textile yarn, fabrics, made-up articles, n.e.s., and related products	7 347	7 920
66 Non-metallic mineral manufactures, n.e.s.	5 215	5 931
67 Iron and steel	5 227	12 037
68 Non-ferrous metals, n.e.s.	2 558	4 832
7 Machinery and transport equipment, total	122 699	133 063
71 Power generating machinery and equipment	15 299	6 750
72 Machinery specialized for particular industries	15 710	11 735
73 Metalworking machinery	1 152	1 427
74 General industrial machinery and equipment, n.e.s., and machine parts, n.e.s.	30 009	18 426
75 Office machines and automatic data processing machines	8 888	19 603
76 Telecommunications and sound recording and reproducing apparatus and equipment	19 982	20 303
77 Electrical machinery, apparatus and appliances, n.e.s., and electrical parts thereof	14 361	19 565
78 Road vehicles (including air-cushion vehicles)	12 483	24 204
79 Transport equipment, n.e.s.	4 813	11 051

Table 378**Exports and imports by geographical area and commodity group 2003***

Selected commodity groups	Total	
	Exports	Imports
	DKK mio.	
8 Miscellaneous manufactured articles, total	72 110	57 982
81 Prefabricated buildings; sanitary, plumbing, heating and lighting fixtures and fittings, n.e.s.	2 443	2 525
82 Furniture and parts thereof; bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions, and similar	15 970	6 068
83 Travel goods, handbags, and similar containers	222	732
84 Articles of apparel, and clothing accessories	15 019	17 764
85 Footwear	2 567	4 043
87 Professional, scientific and controlling instruments and apparatus, n.e.s.	10 858	6 198
88 Photographic apparatus, equipment and supplies, and optical goods, n.e.s.; watches and clocks	1 748	2 908
9 Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in the SITC, total	5 797	5 892

Table 379

Major exported commodities

	2002	2003*
	DKK thousand	
Exports, total	442 162 939	436 639 245
Mineral oil and crude oil from bituminous minerals, except condensates of natural gas	18 654 772	18 501 599
Transmitters-receivers for cell phones (mobile phones)	14 533 191	10 185 337
Medicines, including insulin, retail packaging	8 522 064	9 633 144
Medicines, retail packaging, except with antibiotics, hormones, alkaloids, vitamins and iodine compounds	7 777 378	9 249 456
Meat from domestic pigs, boneless, frozen, ham, luncheon meat, fore end, loin, streaky bacon and chopped bacon	7 895 722	7 235 804
Generators, wind powered, except turbo generators	7 842 675	6 589 298
Ham and chopped ham from domestic pigs, with bone in, fresh/frozen	4 196 716	4 021 143
Enzymes, enzyme concentrates and preparations, except rennet, lipoprotein lipase and aspergillum alkaline protease	3 463 653	3 853 604
Bedroom furniture, wooden	3 590 668	3 667 855
Haemoglobin, blood globulins and serum globulins	2 724 942	3 618 706
Dining and lounge furniture, wooden	3 555 502	3 489 708
Medicines, with hormones (except insulin and adrenal cortex hormones), retail packaging	3 274 174	3 366 449
Electrical energy	2 518 714	3 198 020
Mink furs, untreated, whole, without head, tail, and legs	3 028 862	2 966 966
Parts suitable for use solely or principally with electric motores and generators, electric generating set and rotary converters, n.e.s. (excl. non-magnetic retaining rings and of cast iron or cast steel)	1 451 154	2 837 262
Meat from domestic pigs, boneless, fresh/frozen, ham, luncheon meat, loin, fore end, streaky bacon and chopped bacon	2 534 966	2 630 360
Electronic assemblies for automatic data-processing machines and units thereof	2 637 313	2 553 210
Parts and accessories of automatic data-processing machines and units thereof. except electronic assemblies	2 229 482	2 363 140
Meat from domestic pigs, boneless, salted or in brine, except ham, luncheon meat, loin, and chopped loin	2 398 785	2 329 074
Insulin and its salts	2 025 378	2 275 375
Hearing aids, except components and accessories	2 225 455	2 216 354
Ready-made food and beverages, containing dairy fat, glucose and starch, n.e.s.	2 082 624	2 177 843
Ready-made food and beverages, not containing dairy fat, glucose and starch, n.e.s.	2 084 840	2 161 949
Articles made from plastic sheet, n.e.s.	1 554 855	2 055 890
Plastic goods (except plastic sheet), n.e.s.	2 016 581	2 041 799

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/kn8a

Table 380

Major imported commodity groups

	2002	2003*
	DKK thousand	
Imports, total	387 818 162	376 700 459
Transmitters-receivers for cell phones (mobile phones)	12 507 917	8 221 513
Cars, with internal combustion engines, with pistons, new, over 1500 max. 3000 cc, not for accommodation/camping	8 426 705	6 498 374
Medicines, retail packaging, except with antibiotics, hormones, alkaloids, vitamins and iodine compounds	4 353 985	4 913 386
Floating or submersible drilling or productions platforms	.	3 638 798
Mineral oil and crude oil from bituminous minerals, except condensates of natural gas	3 225 772	3 630 803
Components and accessories for automatic data-processing machines and units, except assembled electronic components	3 436 335	3 130 978
Components and accessories for automatic data-processing machines and units	2 940 456	3 042 430
Vehicles for passenger transport, diesel or semi-diesel engines, new, over 1500 max. 2500 cc, except for accommodation or camping	2 928 190	2 801 504
Pit coal (not as briquettes), except anthracite, bituminous pit coal	1 526 122	2 279 536
Gas oil (except for undergoing a specific process) with a sulphur content not exceeding 0,05 % by weight	1 851 204	2 241 306
Oil cake and other residues from soya-oil extraction, also ground or as tablets	2 397 277	2 192 676
Digital processing units, combined with one/two of the following: storage, input and output unit, not elsewhere specified, not for civilian aircraft	2 139 365	2 148 059
Input and output units , wheter or not containing storage units in same housing, except printers, keyboards and for civilian aircraft	1 780 517	1 932 515
Medicines, (not retail packaging), except with antibiotics, hormones, alkaloids, vitamins and iodine compounds	1 642 798	1 921 464
Data-processing machines, automatic, digital, portable, weighing <= 10 kg consisting of at least a central processing unit, a keyboard and display (excl. peripheral units)	1 226 171	1 782 566
Forest firs, sawn or trimmed longitudinally, notched or barked, thickness over 6 mm	1 537 596	1 714 181
Mineral oil and crude oil from bituminous minerals, in the form of condensates of natural gas	1 954 438	1 660 146
Pacific salmon, Atlantic salmon and Danube salmon, fresh/chilled	1 734 574	1 659 032
Sea-going vessels for transport of goods (excl. refrigerated vessels and tankers)	1 198 919	1 658 070
Automobile parts/accessories, not made of drop-forged steel, not for industrial assembly, not (chassis, parts for operators, gear boxes, brakes, wheels, steering wheels, etc.)	1 790 275	1 627 753
Parts suitable for use solely or principally with electric motors, generators and rotary converters, except of cast iron or cast steel and non-magnetic retaining rings	2 137 336	1 571 078
Electrical energy	2 102 766	1 533 873
T-shirts, singlets and other vests of cotton, knitted or crocheted	1 201 355	1 497 508
Parts for boring or sinking machinery, except for tunnelling machinery	1 505 591	1 477 495
Structures of iron or steel, n.e.s.	1 470 871	1 372 317

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/kn8a

Table 381

Imports by end-use and commodity groups

BEC - commodity group ¹	2002	2003*
	DKK mio.	
Imports, total	387 818	376 700
Intermediate goods for agriculture, total	9 500	9 704
Cereals, unmilled or semi-processed	1 464	1 362
Feeding stuff for animals	5 579	5 470
Fertilizers	970	1 331
Other	1 488	1 541
Intermediate goods for construction industry, total	27 078	27 987
Timber, worked, coniferous	3 083	3 312
Non-metallic mineral manufactures for const.	2 473	2 701
Iron or steel products for construction	5 636	5 556
Miscellaneous finished goods for construction	4 966	5 155
Other	10 920	11 264
Intermediate goods for other industries, total	129 036	125 097
Oil seeds, oleag. fruit (excl. flour and meal)	1 002	1 078
Pulp and waste paper	409	348
Paper, paperboard and manufactures thereof	8 744	8 350
Textile fibres, yarn and fabric	6 265	5 894
Chemical elements and compounds	6 430	6 076
Plastic materials and articles thereof	11 903	11 674
Other chemical materials and products	8 478	8 056
Iron and steel	10 433	11 151
Non-ferrous metals	4 586	4 420
Miscellaneous manufactures of metal	3 774	3 890
Other raw materials and semi-manufactures	16 607	16 658
Parts of non-elec. machinery, etc.	19 535	20 034
Parts of elec. machinery etc.	13 189	11 988
Other parts and accessories n.e.s.	3 303	3 046
Parts and accessories of transport equipment	12 536	11 250
Aircraft engines	745	254
Engines for other transport equipment	1 098	932
Fuels, lubricants and electric energy, total	16 786	17 114
Coal, coke and briquettes	1 697	2 411
Petroleum oils, crude	5 180	5 291
Light and medium oils (motor spirit etc.)	3 335	2 590
Gas oils and fuel oils n.e.s.	3 679	4 547
Other fuels and lubricants, electric current	2 896	2 276
Machinery and other capital equip., total	55 279	53 962
Agricultural and dairy machinery	2 671	2 356
Office machines, automatic data processing equipment	12 290	12 901
Construction machinery	1 328	1 470
Other machinery and appliances, non-electrical	12 823	16 175
Electrical machinery, apparatus and appliances	26 167	21 060
Transport equipment, total	33 638	24 271
Ships	2 583	3 426
Aircraft	8 650	904
Railway vehicles and industrial motor vehicles	8 042	8 098
Passenger motor cars	14 363	11 843
Goods for household consumption, total	109 175	112 550
Food, beverages and tobacco	33 232	33 922
Other non-durable consumer goods	18 688	20 889
Clothing and footwear	21 727	21 769
Other semi-durable consumer goods	18 481	18 549
Pleasure craft, caravans, other non-industrial transport equipment (excl. passenger motor cars)	1 428	1 501
Other durable consumer goods	15 620	15 920
Goods not elsewhere specified	7 326	6 016

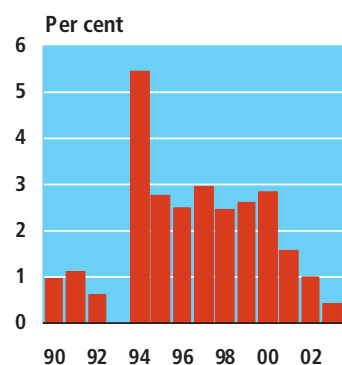
¹ BEC –commodity group.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bec2

National accounts and balance of payments

1. Danish economy 1990 to 2003

Figure 1
Real growth in GDP
1990-2003



Lean and fat years

The economic slowdown that took its beginning in 2001 continued into 2003. The recession comes after a period of high economic growth and employment from 1994 to 2000.

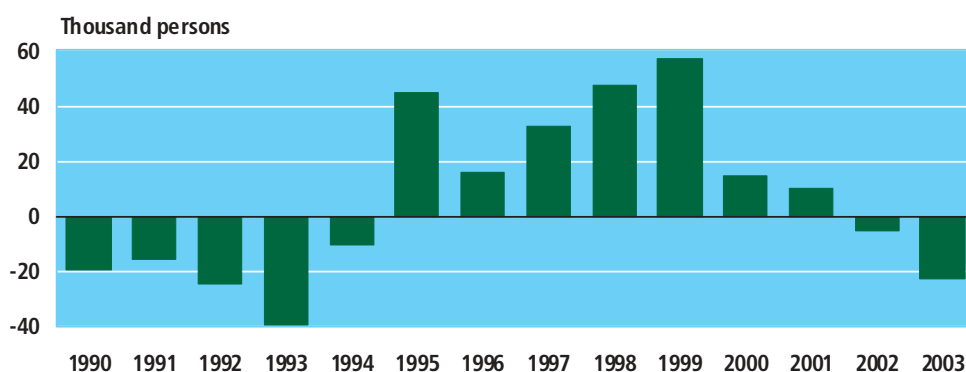
In the lean years from the end of the 1980s to 1993 showed average annual economic growth of less than 0.6 per cent (measured as the increase in GDP in 1995 prices). This development changed at the end of 1993, and a strong economic recovery began in 1994. The average actual annual growth in GDP was 3.1 per cent from 1994 to 2000. In 2001 the economic growth mitigated and since then the average yearly growth in GDP has been 1 per cent.

Employment fell in 2003

The decline in employment reflects the economic evolution. In 2003 the employment fell for the second year in a row. Around 27.500 people lost their job in 2003, which makes a total of 2.754.600 employed Danes. In addition 36.5000 people were on leave. Changes in employment are often seen with some delay in relation to the economic growth. This is seen clearly at the entrance to the boom in 1994 and again at the slowdown in 2001. Employment fell between 1990 and 1994 by a total of about around 61.200, corresponding to a fall of 203.1 million working hours, while 184.600 people was employed from 1995 to 2001 – a total growth of 380.3 million working hours. During 2002 and 2003 the total fall in employment has been 37.600 people.

Figure 2

Annual growth in employment



Goods-producing industries (agriculture, etc., manufacturing, energy, and construction) employed fewer people in 2003 compared to 1990. In 1990, 31.4 per cent were employed in the goods-producing industries, while in 2003 the proportion was 25.7 per cent. During the period from 1990, employment increased, in particular in the private service industries (from 35.1 per cent in 1990 to 38.6 per cent in 2003). The percentage of employed in public and personal services increased slightly from 33.5 pct. to 35.7 pct. in 2003.

National accounts and balance of payments

2. Domestic demand and foreign trade

Domestic demand was the driving force in the 1990s

In contrast to domestic demand, exports rose strongly and contributed to GDP in 1990 and 1991. Subsequently, due to a slowdown in economic growth abroad, domestic demand became the driving force in the Danish economy. In 1998, domestic demand remained strong, while exports were weakened by the general strike and the effects of the crises in Asia and Russia. Therefore, there was again a deficit on Denmark's balance of payments in 1998.

Figure 3

Contribution to real annual growth in GDP

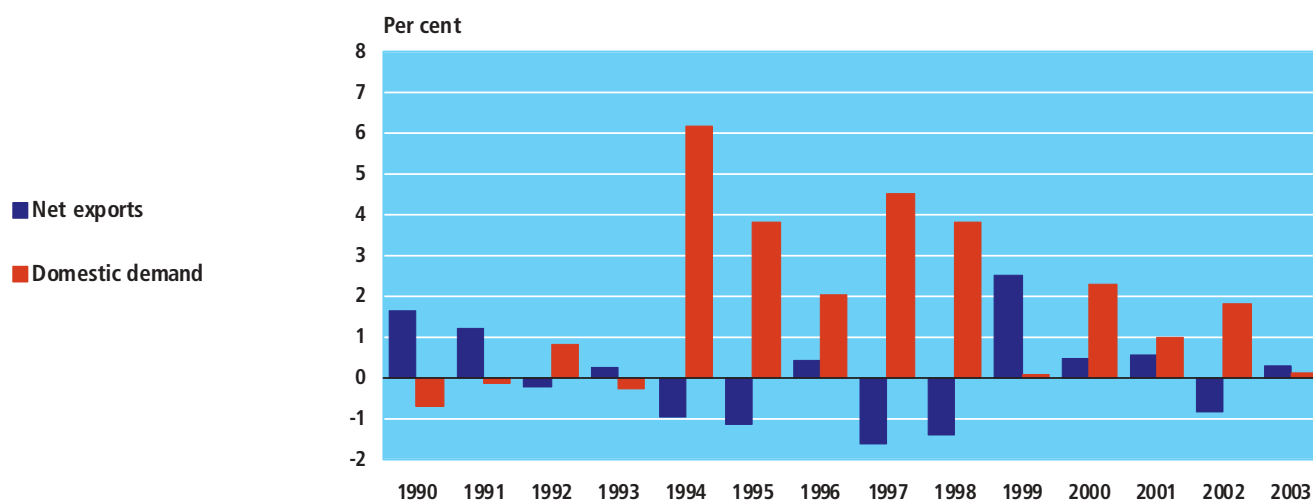
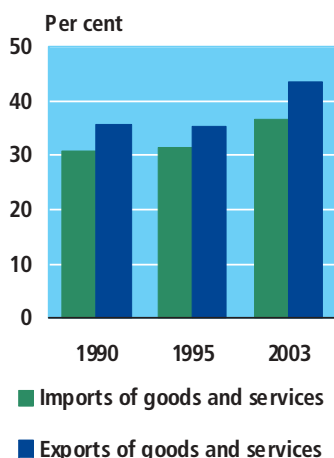


Figure 4
Imports and exports as per cent of GDP, current prices



Domestic demand and exports contributed to growth in 2000-2002

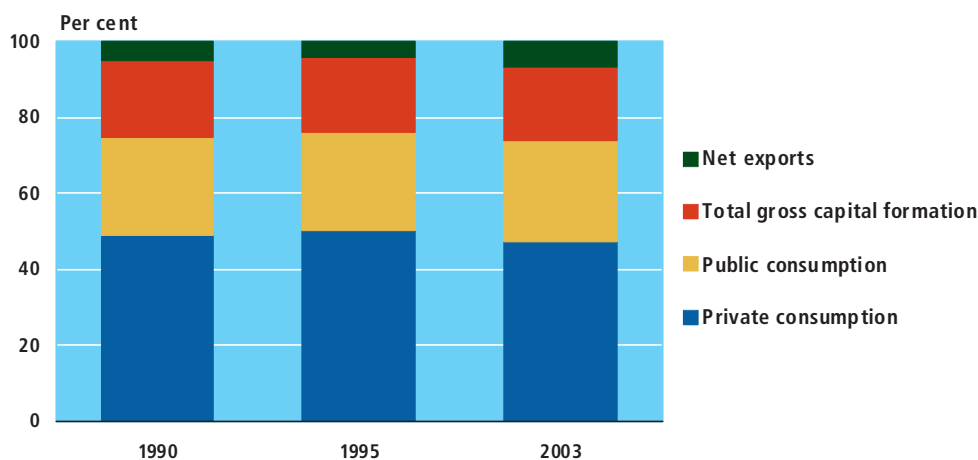
In 1999, domestic demand moderated and resulted in a reduction in import growth. At the same time the economic situation abroad improved and competitiveness was strengthened through a drop in the effective exchange rate for the Krone. This contributed to an increase in exports which again lead to exports being the driving force in economic growth. In 2000-2001, both domestic demand and net exports contributed to economic growth. In 2002 and 2003 the weakened international market conditions were felt. In 2002 there was still some progress in the domestic demand. The import rose faster than the export and again there was a negative contribution to growth from international trade. The growth in GDP in 2003 was the lowest in ten years and the contribution to growth from domestic and international trade were small – however also positive.

Growing foreign trade

Figures 4 and 5 show a number of main components in the national accounts as a percentage of GDP for 1988, 1995, and 2003. Most remarkable is that Denmark's foreign trade grew significantly when measured as the size of imports and exports in proportion to GDP. Exports increased most, and therefore, net exports as a percentage of GDP increased from 5.1 per cent in 1990 to 6.6 per cent in 2003.

Figure 5

Final uses as a percentage of GDP, current prices



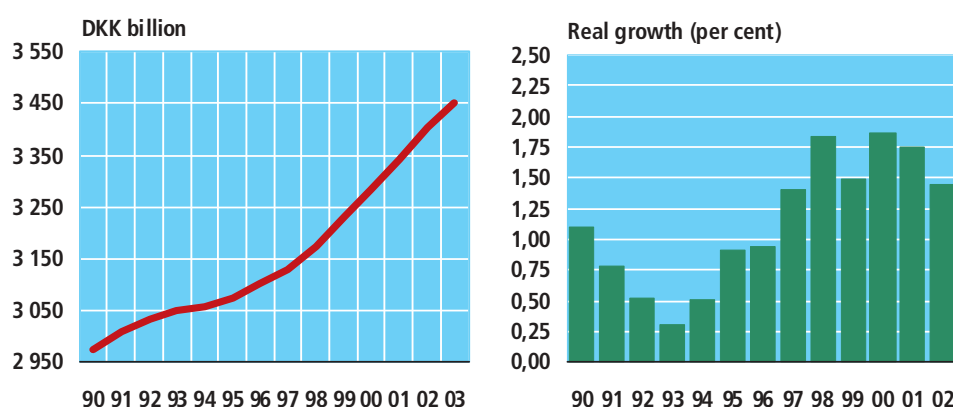
Increase in capital stocks

The share of the national wealth that is held in the form of fixed assets (net capital stock) has increased by almost 16 per cent from 1990 to 2003, measured at constant prices. The net capital stock has continuously increased over the period 1990-2003. The latter half of the decade saw the strongest increase in real growth, while the period 1992-1994 saw the lowest increase in real growth it never exceeded 0.6 per cent.

The change in the capital stock (net capital stock) at constant prices between two dates of compilation reflects net investment, i.e. the gross fixed capital formation less consumption of fixed capital. The relatively modest growth in the net capital stock between 1993 and 1994 reflects the low level of investments in the period.

Figure 6

Net capital stock



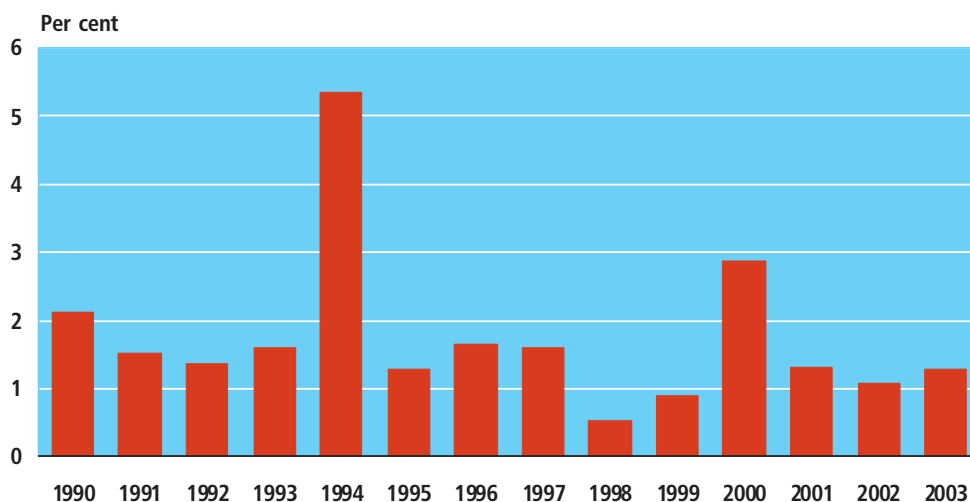
Increased employment resulted in weaker growth in productivity

The productivity of the labour force measured as gross added value at constant prices per employee (exclusive persons on leave), increased by an annual average of 1.7 per cent from 1990 to 2003. This development is due to a large increase in productivity at the beginning of the economic recovery and a considerably weaker growth in recent years when employment increased. 2003 saw a slight increase in productivity.

National accounts and balance of payments

Figure 7

Growth in gross value added at 1995 prices per employee. Annual growth rate

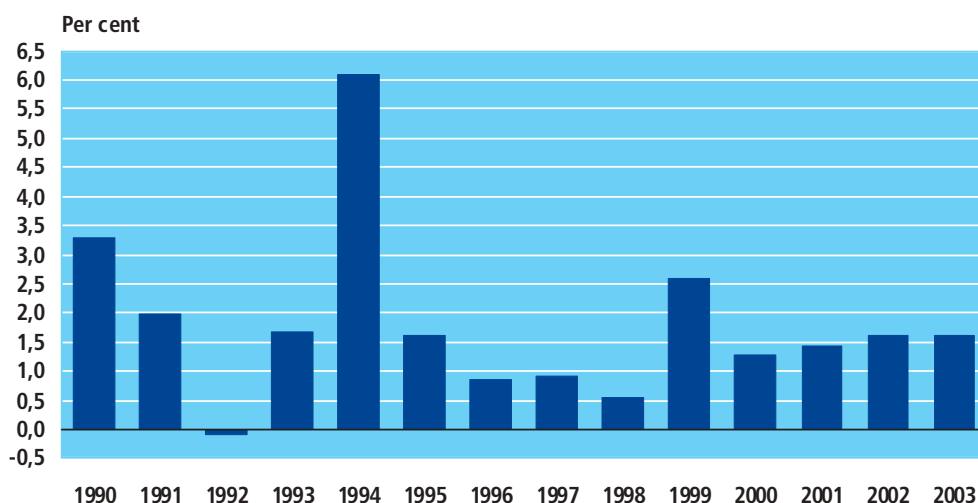


Growth in productivity of 1.8 pct. from 1995-2003

As data on hours of work are now available in the national accounts, the productivity from 1995 can be estimated as gross value added per hour of work. This results in an annual growth rate of 1.8 pct. from 1995 to 2003, compared to an average growth of 1.7 pct. if the estimate is based on employment, excluding people on leave, as a reflection of the manpower used over the same period. This conceals that there was an average increase in working hours.

Figure 8

Gross value added at 1995 prices per hour. Annual growth rate



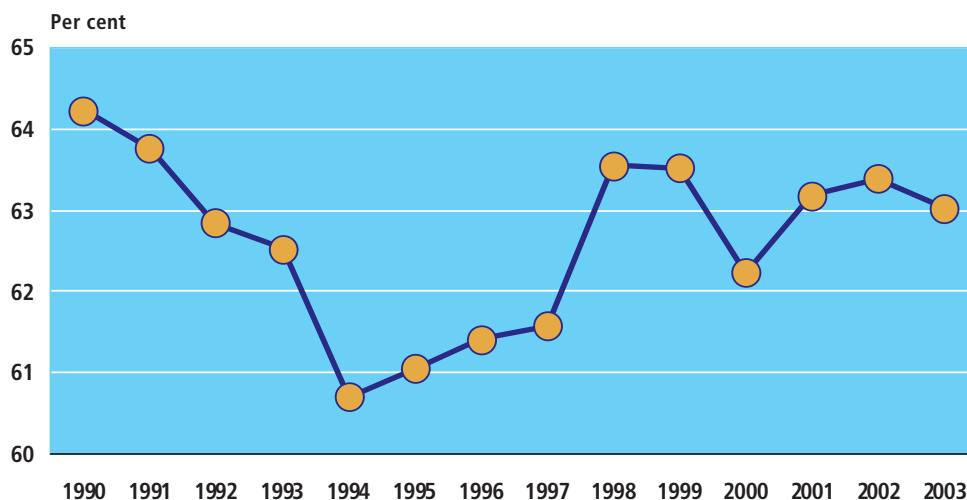
Profits grew more than wages and salaries

Total income from production comprises compensation of employees and enterprises' profits (gross operating surplus and mixed income). There was a general fall in the share of wages and salaries of total incomes during the period of stagnation until 1994. Despite quite good increases in the nominal wages and salaries per employee over the period 1990 to 1994, the wage share fell, which was attributed to the drop in total employment. From 1995 the wages are generally increased and during the latest years the level has been the same as in the

beginning of the nineties. Figure 9 shows changes in compensation of employees as a proportion of gross income at factor prices.

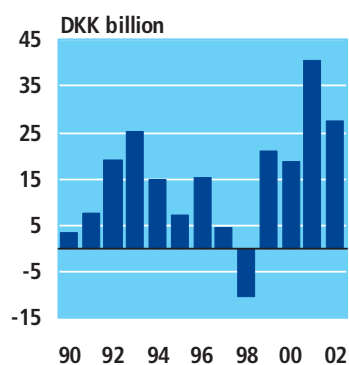
Figure 9

The wage share



3. Balance of payments

Figure 10
Balance of current accounts



Savings, the balance of payments and debt

The savings share of the whole economy (i.e. savings as a percentage of disposable income) increased from 21.7 per cent in 1990 to the lowest level 19.9 per cent in 1994. After this the savings share has been increasing to 23.5 in 2003. Throughout the period from 1990 to 1997 savings were able to finance investment, but as the growth in capital formation from 1994 was high, net lending for society as a whole (the balance of payments surplus, plus net capital transfers) fell from DKK 25.5 billion in 1993 to DKK 10.8 billion in 1998. From 1999 net lending was again positive and reached DKK 42,0 billion in 2003 – a little more than the hitherto highest level in 2001.

Reduction in Denmark's foreign debt

The general positive net lending over the period is reflected in the reduction in Denmark's foreign debt. Debt is also influenced by changes in the prices of stocks and shares, and currency fluctuations, changes in stock and share prices. The net lending fell during 1999 from 285 to 152 billion DKK. Since then international exchange movements raised the debt in 2000 to 218 billion DKK. By the end of 2003 the debt was 210 billion DKK.

4. Financial claims

Increase in the net equity of households

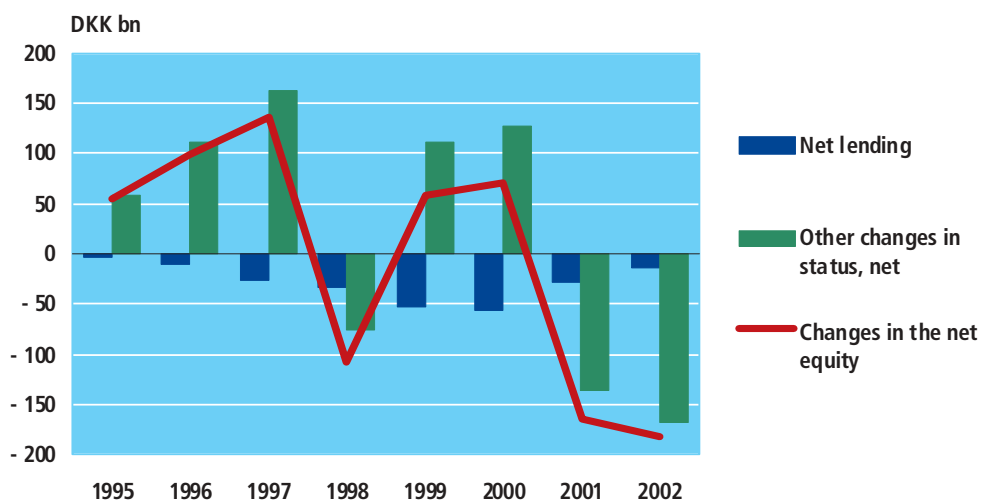
The period 1995 to 2000 saw an increase in the net equity – which comprises financial assets less liabilities in the form of, e.g. shares and bonds less loans of households. However, it is notable that over the same period the sector saw an increasing savings deficit (negative net lending). The reason for this is the development in "Other changes in assets, net", where the revaluation in the form of price adjustments of the sector's holding of shares and bonds and loans and especially mortgage loans, have generally been positive for all years, except 1998.

National accounts and balance of payments

Thereby the price adjustments have contributed to financing final consumption expenditure and investments of households during the period considered.

Figure 11

Development in the net equity of households



In the Danish national accounts the economy is divided into four main institutional sectors: corporations, general government, household including non-profit institutions serving households and the Rest of the World.

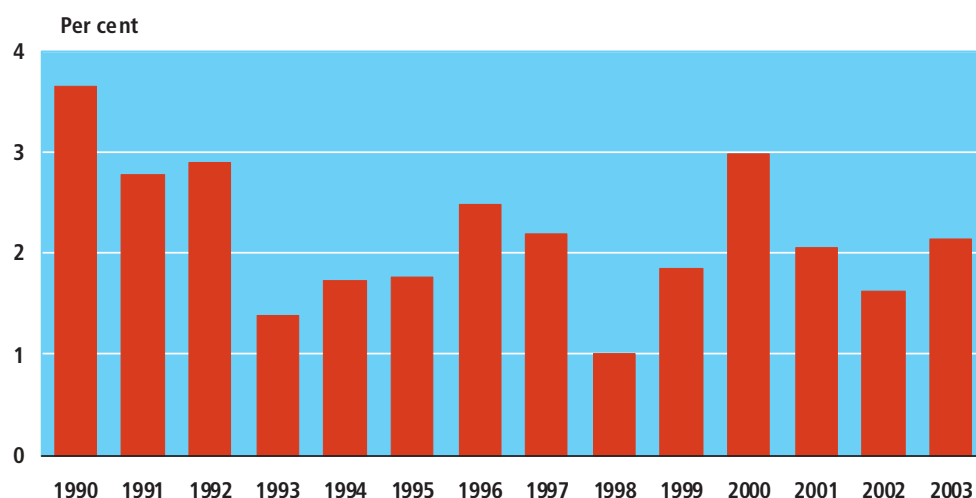
5. Inflation

Higher level of inflation in recent years

Since 1990, inflation (measured as the annual increase in the GDP deflator) has been less than 3 per cent p.a. From 1994 to 1998 annual price increases remained at just under 2 per cent. In 1999 and 2000 inflation was for a short period slightly increasing, this changed however again in 2001 and 2002 with decreasing inflation. In 2003 the inflation rose to 2.1 per cent, the same level as in 2001.

Figure 12

Inflation measured as the annual increase in the GDP deflator



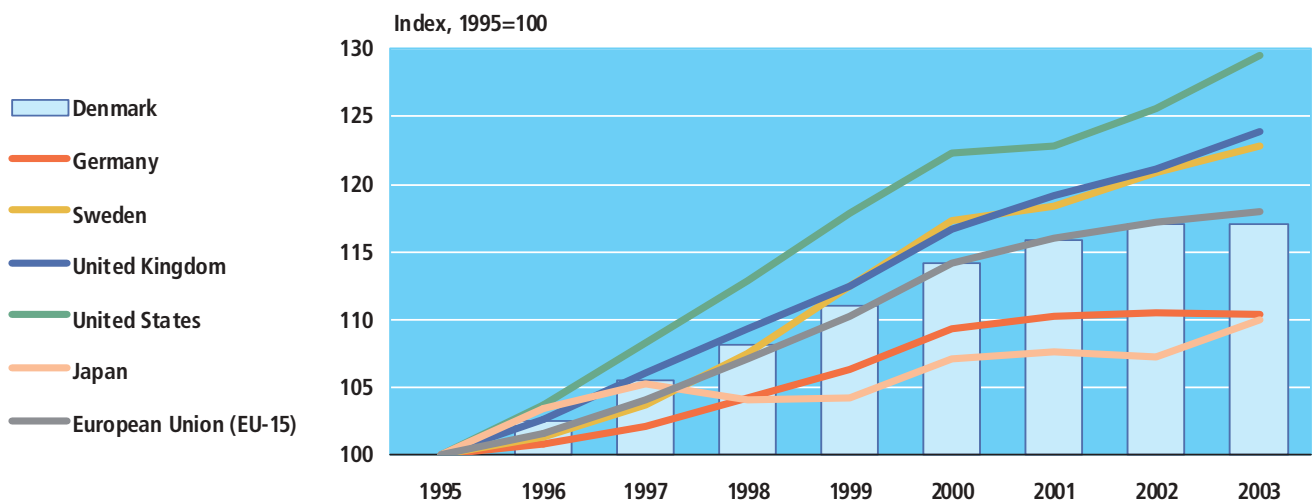
6. International comparisons

Danish growth high relative to the rest of the EU

Of the countries with the greatest significance for Danish economic development, the United States, United Kingdom and Sweden in particular have had high economic growth in recent years. Growth in Germany has been weak and in Japan there have been periods of actual reductions in economic activity. Since 1995 Denmark has experienced economic growth similar to the EU average.

Figure 13

GDP in selected countries, constant prices



Source: Eurostat, New Cronos.

Table 382

Supply and demand

	Gross domestic product at market prices	Imports of goods and services	Resources, total	Private consumption expenditure	Government consumption expenditure	Gross capital formation	Exports of goods and services
DKK mio. in current prices							
1990	825 310	253 832	1 079 142	404 915	210 930	167 599	295 698
1991	857 652	268 677	1 126 329	423 030	220 530	163 679	319 090
1992	887 868	265 572	1 153 440	439 262	229 156	160 776	324 246
1993	900 153	257 305	1 157 458	450 158	240 918	147 805	318 577
1994	965 718	291 002	1 256 720	493 821	250 302	169 965	342 632
1995	1 009 756	316 144	1 325 900	509 551	260 299	198 596	357 454
1996	1 060 888	327 181	1 388 069	533 209	274 562	200 885	379 413
1997	1 116 324	367 685	1 484 009	560 854	284 529	231 735	406 891
1998	1 155 407	390 097	1 545 504	581 269	300 452	250 378	413 405
1999	1 207 749	401 816	1 609 565	599 497	312 129	238 312	459 627
2000	1 278 956	487 237	1 766 193	610 469	323 349	268 941	563 434
2001*	1 325 512	505 985	1 831 497	624 483	343 273	272 233	591 508
2002*	1 360 709	525 805	1 886 514	641 856	358 509	283 409	602 740
2003*	1 395 854	514 459	1 910 313	660 936	369 248	273 933	606 196
DKK mio. in 1995 prices							
1990	915 918	262 616	1 178 534	454 311	234 378	176 409	313 436
1991	926 130	270 484	1 196 614	461 622	235 799	166 606	332 587
1992	931 786	269 384	1 201 170	470 389	237 713	163 497	329 571
1993	931 773	262 228	1 194 001	472 690	247 555	148 988	324 768
1994	982 704	294 500	1 277 204	503 350	254 870	171 624	347 360
1995	1 009 756	316 144	1 325 900	509 551	260 299	198 596	357 454
1996	1 035 188	327 357	1 362 545	522 160	269 085	198 400	372 900
1997	1 065 929	360 111	1 426 040	537 195	271 334	229 185	388 326
1998	1 092 236	392 031	1 484 267	549 335	279 783	250 279	404 870
1999	1 121 019	413 591	1 534 610	553 049	285 299	241 768	454 494
2000	1 152 767	469 458	1 622 225	549 042	287 852	269 591	515 740
2001*	1 170 719	485 663	1 656 382	547 960	295 601	274 507	538 314
2002*	1 182 628	520 977	1 703 605	551 375	301 922	286 422	563 886
2003*	1 187 744	518 968	1 706 712	557 557	303 359	280 358	565 438
Annual real growth in per cent							
1990	1,0	1,2	1,0	0,1	-0,2	-3,3	6,2
1991	1,1	3,0	1,5	1,6	0,6	-5,6	6,1
1992	0,6	-0,4	0,4	1,9	0,8	-1,9	-0,9
1993	-0,0	-2,7	-0,6	0,5	4,1	-8,9	-1,5
1994	5,5	12,3	7,0	6,5	3,0	15,2	7,0
1995	2,8	7,3	3,8	1,2	2,1	15,7	2,9
1996	2,5	3,5	2,8	2,5	3,4	-0,1	4,3
1997	3,0	10,0	4,7	2,9	0,8	15,5	4,1
1998	2,5	8,9	4,1	2,3	3,1	9,2	4,3
1999	2,6	5,5	3,4	0,7	2,0	-3,4	12,3
2000	2,8	13,5	5,7	-0,7	0,9	11,5	13,5
2001*	1,6	3,5	2,1	-0,2	2,7	1,8	4,4
2002*	1,0	7,3	2,9	0,6	2,1	4,3	4,8
2003*	0,4	-0,4	0,2	1,1	0,5	-2,1	0,3

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/nat01 and [nat02](http://www.statbank.dk/nat02)

Table 383

Generation and disposition of income

	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio. at current prices			
Compensation of employees	680 370	714 646	734 918	752 163
+ Gross operating surplus and mixed income	412 913	416 563	424 608	441 274
Gross domestic income at factor cost, GDI	1 093 284	1 131 209	1 159 526	1 193 437
+ Other taxes less subsidies on production	2 607	5 229	3 937	5 159
Gross value added	1 095 891	1 136 438	1 163 463	1 198 596
+ Taxes on products	201 616	207 943	215 688	217 454
÷ Subsidies on products	18 551	18 869	18 441	20 196
Gross domestic product at market prices, GDP	1 278 956	1 325 512	1 360 709	1 395 854
+ Compensation of employees from the rest of the world	5 394	6 052	6 434	6 477
÷ Compensation of employees to the rest of the world	5 335	6 198	6 768	6 735
+ Subsidies from the rest of the world	8 681	8 882	8 701	9 119
÷ Taxes on production and import to the rest of the world	2 700	2 443	2 190	2 238
+ Property income from the rest of the world	90 658	83 628	67 097	55 358
÷ Property income paid to the rest of the world	123 530	108 247	94 013	80 359
Gross national income, GNI	1 252 125	1 307 187	1 339 971	1 377 476
+ Current taxes on income, wealth, etc. from the rest of the world	2 135	2 480	2 708	2 695
+ Other current transfers, etc. from the rest of the world	16 135	20 705	17 686	17 682
÷ Current taxes on income, wealth, etc. to the rest of the world.	1 282	1 463	1 555	1 566
÷ Other current transfers, etc. to the rest of the world.	47 727	48 456	47 456	49 896
Gross national disposable income	1 221 385	1 280 452	1 311 353	1 346 390
÷ Private final consumption expenditure	610 469	624 483	641 856	660 936
÷ General government final consumption expenditure	323 349	343 273	358 509	369 248
Gross national saving	287 567	312 696	310 988	316 206
÷ Corporations and households gross fixed capital formation	236 624	246 167	258 783	...
÷ General government gross fixed capital formation	21 461	24 803	23 937	22 395
Current external balance	18 627	40 463	27 579	42 273
+ Capital transfers from the rest of the world	2 608	2 096	2 709	1 939
÷ Capital transfers to the rest of the world	2 730	2 318	1 964	2 243
Net lending/net borrowing	18 505	40 240	28 324	41 968

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/nat01

Table 384

Net value added, consumption and gross fixed capital formation

	Net value added		Total consumption ¹			Gross fixed capital formation
	Constant prices	Annual increase at constant prices	Constant prices	Constant prices per inhabitant	Annual real growth per inhabitant	Constant prices
	1980=100	per cent	1980=100		per cent	1980=100
1870-1894 ² average	7	2.7	7	18	1.9	4
1895-1914 ² average	14	4.0	15	29	2.1	10
1921-1929 average	24	4.1	25	37	2.8	13
1930-1939 average	31	2.5	30	42	1.4	19
1940-1946 average	31	0.2	28	37	0.6	16
1947-1950 average	39	4.4	39	47	0.6	30
1951-1957 average	44	1.7	43	50	1.0	38
1958-1965 average	57	4.6	57	63	4.1	64
1966-1973 average	79	3.7	79	82	2.9	105
1974-1975 average	88	-2.1	88	89	-0.7	107
1976-1979 average	96	3.6	98	98	3.1	114
1980-1981 average	99	-1.1	100	100	-0.9	90
1982-1986 average	106	2.9	106	107	2.7	103
1987-1993 average	114	0.2	111	110	-0.3	117
1994-2003* average	133	2.0	130	126	1.5	160

Note. Excl. 1915-20. With regard to the basis of calculation, see the source listed below, which also contains further information regarding the years 1870-1952. The growth rates illustrate the average annual growth rate for the period in question.

¹ Incl. Changes in stock and livestock. ² From 1921 onwards, figures include South Jutland; in 1921 the net domestic product at factor cost in South Jutland appears to have comprised 2-3 per cent of the total net domestic product at factor cost.

Source: Kjeld Bjerke and Niels Ussing: *Studier over Danmarks nationalprodukt 1870-1950*, Copenhagen 1958.

Table 385

Denmark and rest of the world (ROW)

	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio. in current prices			
Exports of goods	405 263	419 826	436 258	431 435
+ Income from tourism from ROW	30 297	33 905	38 002	35 235
+ Exports of other services	127 875	137 777	128 480	139 525
+ Compensation of employees from ROW	5 394	6 052	6 434	6 477
+ Subsidies from ROW	8 681	8 882	8 701	9 119
+ Property income from ROW	90 658	83 628	67 097	55 358
+ Current taxes on income, wealth, etc. from ROW	2 135	2 480	2 708	2 695
+ Other current transfers, etc. from ROW	16 135	20 705	17 686	17 682
Current income from ROW	686 437	713 255	705 366	697 526
+ Capital transfers, etc. from ROW	2 608	2 096	2 709	1 939
Total income from ROW	689 046	715 351	708 075	699 464
Imports of goods	364 409	371 725	390 472	377 529
+ Expenditure on tourism etc. in ROW	38 936	41 856	47 978	45 615
+ Imports of other services	83 892	92 405	87 355	91 315
+ Compensation of employees to ROW	5 335	6 198	6 768	6 735
+ Taxes on production and import	2 700	2 443	2 190	2 238
+ Property income to ROW	123 530	108 247	94 013	80 359
+ Current taxes on income, wealth, etc. to ROW	1 282	1 463	1 555	1 566
+ Other current transfers, etc. to ROW	47 727	48 456	47 456	49 896
Current expenditure to ROW, total	667 811	672 792	677 787	655 253
+ Capital transfers, etc. to ROW	2 730	2 318	1 964	2 243
Total expenditure to ROW	670 541	675 111	679 750	657 496
External balance of goods	40 854	48 101	45 786	53 906
External balance of services	35 343	37 421	31 149	37 830
External balance of goods and services	76 197	85 522	76 935	91 736
Current external balance	18 627	40 463	27 579	42 273
Net lending	18 505	40 240	28 324	41 968

Note. Figures are excluding Greenland and Faroe Islands.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/nat01

Table 386

General government

	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio. in current prices			
Output	344 834	366 738	383 025	394 419
÷ Intermediate consumption	101 328	110 096	116 702	120 825
Gross value added, GVA	243 506	256 642	266 323	273 595
÷ Consumption of fixed capital	25 598	26 290	26 707	27 063
Net value added	217 908	230 352	239 616	246 532
Gross value added, GVA	243 506	256 642	266 323	273 595
÷ Other taxes less subsidies on production	1 277	1 291	662	- 370
Gross domestic product at factor cost	242 229	255 350	265 661	273 964
÷ Compensation of employees (paid by res. employers)	216 631	229 060	238 954	246 901
Gross operating surplus	25 598	26 290	26 707	27 063
+ Taxes on production and income	219 845	229 388	237 987	240 283
÷ Subsidies	28 191	28 647	30 292	30 984
+ Property income, net from ROW	-15 928	-10 265	-9 415	-3 789
Gross primary income	201 324	216 766	224 987	232 572
+ Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	379 807	397 808	399 912	416 401
+ Social contributions	41 628	42 719	36 707	37 791
+ Social benefits other than transfers in kind	•	•	•	•
+ Other current transfers	8 861	10 557	10 714	9 006
Gross total income	631 621	667 850	672 321	695 770
+ Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	•	•	•	•
+ Social contributions	•	•	•	•
+ Social benefits other than transfers in kind	221 234	229 573	238 624	252 784
+ Other current transfers	33 042	34 829	35 383	36 175
Gross total expenditure	254 276	264 402	274 007	288 959
Gross disposable income	377 345	403 448	398 314	406 812
÷ Social transfers in kind	222 831	241 975	255 500	263 417
Gross adjusted disposable income	154 514	161 472	142 814	143 395
Gross disposable income	377 345	403 448	398 314	406 812
÷ Final consumption expenditure	323 349	343 273	358 509	369 247
Gross saving	53 996	60 175	39 805	37 565
Adjusted gross disposable income	154 514	161 472	142 814	143 395
÷ Actual collective consumption	100 518	101 298	103 009	105 830
Gross saving	53 996	60 175	39 805	37 565
+ Capital transfers, net	- 215	190	5 148	1 514
Changes in net worth due to saving and capital transfers	53 781	60 364	44 953	39 078
÷ Gross fixed capital formation	21 461	24 803	23 937	22 395
÷ Changes in inventories	- 179	11	33	0
÷ Acquisitions of non-financial non-produced assets, net.	18	-1 975	- 183	24
Net lending	32 481	37 525	21 164	16 659

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/nat03

Table 387

Corporate sector

	2000	2001*	2002*
	DKK mio. in current prices		
Output	1 532 308	1 619 904	1 647 848
÷ Intermediate consumption	822 226	886 425	898 886
Gross value added, GVA	710 082	733 479	748 962
÷ Consumption of fixed capital	123 404	131 985	137 634
Net value added	586 678	601 494	611 328
Gross value added, GVA	710 082	733 479	748 962
÷ Other taxes less subsidies on production	544	2 007	1 481
Gross domestic product at factor cost,	709 538	731 472	747 481
÷ Compensation of employees (paid by resident producers)	417 677	437 717	447 037
Gross operating surplus and mixed income	291 862	293 755	300 444
+ Property income, net.	-5 720	-4 868	-2 911
÷ Financial intermediation services indirectly measured (FISIM)	36 813	40 158	42 002
Gross entrepreneurial income	343 693	326 060	315 196
Gross primary income	249 329	248 729	255 531
+ Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	•	•	•
+ Social contributions	37 986	44 109	48 686
+ Social benefits other than transfers in kind	•	•	•
+ Other current transfers	47 804	50 818	53 724
Gross total income	335 118	343 655	357 941
+ Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	30 707	41 449	38 581
+ Social contributions	•	•	•
+ Social benefits other than transfers in kind	28 944	30 361	32 657
+ Other current transfers	50 654	50 987	54 106
Gross total expenditure	110 305	122 797	125 344
Gross disposable income	224 813	220 858	232 597
÷ Adjustment for the change in net equity of households in pension funds reserves	9 042	13 747	16 028
Gross saving	215 771	207 111	216 569
+ Capital transfers, net.	1 437	713	-1 709
Changes in net worth due to saving and capital transfers	217 208	207 824	214 860
÷ Gross fixed capital formation, etc.	166 101	173 967	190 244
÷ Changes in inventories	10 509	270	903
÷ Acquisitions of non-financial non-produced assets, net.	- 880	1 188	- 599
Net lending	41 477	32 400	24 313

Note. Figures for the corporate sector and the household sector have been carried forward up to and including 2002. Sole proprietorships are included in the household sector.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/nat03

Table 388

Household sector

	2000	2001*	2002*
	DKK mio. in current prices		
Output	284 212	297 788	303 906
÷ Intermediate consumption	105 097	111 314	113 726
Gross value added, GVA	179 115	186 474	190 180
÷ Consumption of fixed capital	50 605	53 012	54 195
Net value added	128 510	133 462	135 985
Gross value added, GVA	179 115	186 474	190 180
÷ Other taxes less subsidies on production	786	1 930	1 793
Gross domestic product at factor cost	178 329	184 545	188 386
÷ Compensation of employees (paid by resident producers)	46 063	47 869	48 927
Gross operating surplus and mixed income	132 266	136 675	139 459
+ Compensation of employees (received by resident employees)	680 430	714 501	734 584
+ Taxes on production and imports	•	•	•
+ Subsidies	•	•	•
+ Property income, net	-11 223	-9 486	-14 590
Gross primary income	801 472	841 690	859 453
+ Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	•	•	•
+ Social contributions	•	•	•
+ Social benefits other than transfers in kind	250 348	260 009	271 271
+ Other current transfers	24 388	25 293	28 588
Gross total income	1 076 208	1 126 992	1 159 312
+ Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	348 248	355 342	360 178
+ Social contributions	80 584	87 931	86 562
+ Social benefits other than transfers in kind	•	•	•
+ Other current transfers	28 149	27 572	32 129
Gross total expenditure	456 981	470 846	478 869
Gross disposable income	619 227	656 147	680 443
+ Social transfers in kind	222 831	241 975	255 500
Adjusted gross disposable income	842 058	898 122	935 942
Gross disposable income	619 227	656 147	680 443
+ Adjustment for the change in net equity in households in pension funds reserves	9 042	13 747	16 028
÷ Individual consumption expenditure	610 469	624 483	641 856
Gross saving	17 800	45 411	54 615
Adjusted gross disposable income	842 058	898 122	935 942
+ Adjustment for the change in net equity in households in pension funds reserves	9 042	13 747	16 028
÷ Actual individual consumption	833 300	866 458	897 356
Gross saving	17 800	45 411	54 615
+ Capital transfers, net	-1 343	-1 125	-2 694
Changes in net worth due to saving and capital transfer	16 457	44 286	51 921
÷ Gross fixed capital formation, etc.	70 523	72 200	68 539
÷ Changes in inventories	526	984	- 247
÷ Acquisitions of non-financial non-produced assets, net.	862	787	782
Net lending	-55 454	-29 684	-17 153

Note 1. Figures for the corporate sector and the household sector have been carried forward up to and including 2002. Sole proprietorships are included in the household sector.

Note 2. Households and non-profit institutions serving households (NPISH).

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/nat03

Table 389

Financial accounts. Denmark and rest of the world

	2000	2001*	2002*
current prices, mio. DKK			
Financial account (transactions)			
Financial assets	567 245	231 218	293 984
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	2 142	- 1 826	1 631
Currency and deposits	93 434	- 17 500	85 200
Securities other than shares	27 406	81 444	34 372
Loans	153 989	95 314	124 097
Shares and other equity	231 093	37 304	20 954
Insurance technical reserves	- 128	1 499	- 1 798
Other accounts receivable	59 308	34 982	29 529
Financial liabilities	585 749	271 459	322 308
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	•	•	•
Currency and deposits	- 13 058	42 483	44 697
Securities other than shares	62 550	83 739	27 384
Loans	148 571	29 726	186 121
Shares and other equity	301 406	126 150	- 2 601
Insurance technical reserves	- 5 304	- 694	1 274
Other accounts receivable	91 584	- 9 945	65 433
Net lending (+)/net borrowing (-)	- 18 504	- 40 241	- 28 324
Other changes in assets account			
Financial assets	- 162 508	- 136 936	- 238 183
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	•	•	•
Currency and deposits	11 096	8 578	- 44 341
Securities other than shares	15 411	23 095	84 298
Loans	- 109 747	- 86 996	- 189 624
Shares and other equity*	- 29 441	- 48 618	- 68 049
Insurance technical reserves	38	- 274	- 258
Other accounts receivable	- 49 865	- 32 721	- 20 209
Financial liabilities	- 205 782	- 222 496	- 287 240
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	•	•	•
Currency and deposits	9 329	- 103 987	9 852
Securities other than shares	37 803	- 21 655	133 553
Loans	- 40 731	- 7 240	- 142 635
Shares and other equity*	- 57 928	- 99 863	- 218 443
Insurance technical reserves	-	-	-
Other accounts receivable	- 154 253	10 248	- 69 568
Closing balance sheet			
Financial assets	2 255 428	2 351 535	2 405 705
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	•	•	•
Currency and deposits	517 658	508 736	549 596
Securities other than shares	733 542	838 081	956 751
Loans	339 862	348 179	282 653
Shares and other equity*	594 286	582 972	535 877
Insurance technical reserves	12 210	13 435	11 379
Other accounts receivable	57 869	60 131	69 450
Financial liabilities	2 060 760	2 109 724	2 144 792
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	•	•	•
Currency and deposits	399 426	337 921	392 470
Securities other than shares	410 543	472 628	633 565
Loans	248 909	271 395	314 881
Shares and other equity*	898 690	924 977	703 934
Insurance technical reserves	2 460	1 766	3 041
Other accounts receivable	100 733	101 036	96 901
Net financial assets	194 668	241 811	260 913

Note. The figures are non-consolidated, i.e. outstanding accounts between the individual units in the sector are not eliminated.

Financial accounts figures for the rest of the world are drawn up from the point of view of the rest of the world. Thus, a financial asset held by the rest of the world is a liability for Denmark and vice versa.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/nat10, nat11 and nat 12

Table 390

Financial accounts. General government

	2000	2001*	2002*
current prices, mio. DKKk			
Financial account (transactions)			
Financial assets	- 40	47 612	39 372
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	•	•	•
Currency and deposits	- 4 099	8 981	4 478
Securities other than shares	9 918	- 2 203	58 812
Loans	3 966	2 946	8 420
Shares and other equity	6 925	35 771	- 45 213
Insurance technical reserves	- 5	- 26	- 37
Other accounts receivable	- 16 684	2 144	12 912
Financial liabilities	- 32 521	10 087	18 208
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	•	•	•
Currency and deposits	1 388	892	47
Securities other than shares	- 30 620	- 9 908	12 145
Loans	2 226	3 490	- 580
Shares and other equity	•	•	•
Insurance technical reserves	•	•	•
Other accounts receivable	- 5 516	15 613	6 596
Net lending (+)/net borrowing (-)	32 481	37 525	21 164
Other changes in assets account			
Financial assets	8 194	- 12 936	- 30 682
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	•	•	•
Currency and deposits	-	-	- 140
Securities other than shares	- 1 654	- 6 080	- 14 839
Loans	557	261	1
Shares and other equity*	10 006	- 7 161	- 13 733
Insurance technical reserves	-	-	-
Other accounts receivable	- 715	44	- 1 970
Financial liabilities	- 482	- 625	12 439
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	•	•	•
Currency and deposits	-	-	-
Securities other than shares	1 914	1 278	4 330
Loans	- 2 455	- 1 866	8 109
Shares and other equity*	•	•	•
Insurance technical reserves	•	•	•
Other accounts receivable	59	- 36	- 36
Closing balance sheet			
Financial assets	772 610	807 286	815 976
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	•	•	•
Currency and deposits	46 788	55 770	60 107
Securities other than shares	298 063	289 779	333 751
Loans	92 597	95 803	104 224
Shares and other equity*	254 785	283 395	224 449
Insurance technical reserves	446	420	383
Other accounts receivable	79 932	82 119	93 061
Financial liabilities	883 330	892 793	923 440
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	•	•	•
Currency and deposits	9 257	10 149	10 195
Securities other than shares	744 988	736 358	752 833
Loans	65 744	67 368	74 898
Shares and other equity*	•	•	•
Insurance technical reserves	•	•	•
Other accounts receivable	63 341	78 918	85 514
Net financial assets	- 110 720	- 85 507	- 107 464

Note. The figures are non-consolidated, i.e. outstanding accounts between the individual units in the sector are not eliminated.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/nat10, nat11 and nat 12

Table 391

Financial accounts. Corporate sector

	2000	2001*	2002*
current prices, mio. DKKk			
Financial account (transactions)			
Financial assets	532 231	698 332	525 355
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	- 2 142	1 826	- 1 631
Currency and deposits	4 292	124 865	41 751
Securities other than shares	47 346	294 632	247 947
Loans	211 532	167 736	129 634
Shares and other equity	183 595	105 479	58 293
Insurance technical reserves	- 9 111	385	1 901
Other accounts receivable	96 719	3 409	47 460
Financial liabilities	490 284	667 716	504 085
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	•	•	•
Currency and deposits	101 400	104 462	128 672
Securities other than shares	51 128	292 708	285 244
Loans	133 465	134 931	- 11 124
Shares and other equity	136 125	44 469	32 775
Insurance technical reserves	42 581	71 438	65 208
Other accounts receivable	25 586	19 708	3 309
Net lending (+)/net borrowing (-)	41 947	30 616	21 270
Other changes in assets account			
Financial assets	35 498	- 352 898	- 352 472
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	250	297	197
Currency and deposits	- 1 437	- 112 831	54 732
Securities other than shares	6 340	3 735	42 137
Loans	- 2 174	- 38 278	- 10 121
Shares and other equity*	118 916	- 251 551	- 385 487
Insurance technical reserves	-	-	-
Other accounts receivable	- 86 398	45 731	- 53 931
Financial liabilities	214 061	- 416 381	- 514 859
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	•	•	•
Currency and deposits	9 211	- 11 142	1 159
Securities other than shares	- 17 849	44 665	- 18 921
Loans	- 75 085	- 85 372	- 59 957
Shares and other equity*	267 359	- 325 592	- 405 305
Insurance technical reserves	11 220	- 42 672	- 25 921
Other accounts receivable	19 204	3 732	- 5 914
Closing balance sheet			
Financial assets	6 263 944	6 609 378	6 782 260
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	5 211	7 333	5 899
Currency and deposits	843 857	855 890	952 373
Securities other than shares	1 463 207	1 761 574	2 051 658
Loans	2 033 871	2 163 329	2 282 842
Shares and other equity*	1 467 578	1 321 507	994 313
Insurance technical reserves	22 162	22 547	24 448
Other accounts receivable	428 058	477 198	470 726
Financial liabilities	7 181 344	7 432 679	7 421 906
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	•	•	•
Currency and deposits	1 504 115	1 597 435	1 727 266
Securities other than shares	1 510 644	1 848 016	2 114 340
Loans	936 568	986 128	915 047
Shares and other equity*	2 090 797	1 809 675	1 437 146
Insurance technical reserves	869 019	897 784	937 071
Other accounts receivable	270 200	293 641	291 036
Net financial assets	- 917 400	- 823 301	- 639 646

Note. The figures are non-consolidated, i.e. outstanding accounts between the individual units in the sector are not eliminated.

Table 392

Financial accounts. Household sector

	2000	2001*	2002*
current prices, mio. DKKk			
Financial account (transactions)			
Financial assets	60 501	87 957	90 051
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	•	•	•
Currency and deposits	- 3 897	31 488	41 985
Securities other than shares	430	- 5 163	- 14 572
Loans	- 162	- 30	23
Shares and other equity	15 919	- 7 939	- 3 859
Insurance technical reserves	46 581	68 886	66 416
Other accounts receivable	1 631	714	58
Financial liabilities	116 424	115 857	104 161
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	•	•	•
Currency and deposits	-	-	-
Securities other than shares	2 041	2 169	1 785
Loans	85 065	97 819	87 757
Shares and other equity	•	•	•
Insurance technical reserves	•	•	•
Other accounts receivable	29 318	15 868	14 620
Net lending (+)/net borrowing (-)	- 55 923	- 27 900	- 14 110
Other changes in assets account			
Financial assets	131 786	- 167 858	- 174 012
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	•	•	•
Currency and deposits	8 881	- 10 874	761
Securities other than shares	1 770	3 537	7 367
Loans	-	-	-
Shares and other equity*	109 949	- 118 120	- 156 479
Insurance technical reserves	11 182	- 42 398	- 25 662
Other accounts receivable	4	- 3	1
Financial liabilities	4 922	- 31 426	- 5 888
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	•	•	•
Currency and deposits	-	-	-
Securities other than shares	-	-	-
Loans	6 904	- 30 537	- 5 261
Shares and other equity*	•	•	•
Insurance technical reserves	•	•	•
Other accounts receivable	- 1 982	- 889	- 627
Closing balance sheet			
Financial assets	2 234 690	2 154 790	2 070 829
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	•	•	•
Currency and deposits	504 495	525 109	567 855
Securities other than shares	193 049	191 423	184 218
Loans	159	129	152
Shares and other equity*	672 837	546 779	386 441
Insurance technical reserves	836 660	863 148	903 902
Other accounts receivable	27 490	28 202	28 261
Financial liabilities	1 396 028	1 480 459	1 578 733
Monetary gold and Special Drawing Rights (SDRs)	•	•	•
Currency and deposits	-	-	-
Securities other than shares	21 686	23 856	25 641
Loans	1 215 267	1 282 549	1 365 045
Shares and other equity*	•	•	•
Insurance technical reserves	•	•	•
Other accounts receivable	159 075	174 055	188 047
Net financial assets	838 662	674 331	492 096

Note. The figures are non-consolidated, i.e. outstanding accounts between the individual units in the sector are not eliminated.

Figures for the household sector includes figures for non-profit institutions serving households (NPISH).

Table 393

Output by kind of activity

	Current prices				Constant 1995 prices			
	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio.							
Output, total	2 161 355	2 284 430	2 334 779	2 374 108	1 964 659	2 029 011	2 056 413	2 059 828
Of which: General government	344 834	366 737	383 024	393 173	306 069	314 798	321 738	323 151
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	108 305	109 634	104 534	101 381	89 931	88 933	86 962	86 677
Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	64 999	69 143	62 622	60 612	67 049	66 286	64 007	64 173
Fishing	4 593	5 037	5 183	3 881	4 001	4 627	4 080	3 381
Mining and quarrying	38 713	35 455	36 730	36 887	18 881	18 019	18 876	19 123
Manufacturing	515 629	537 528	542 960	542 372	483 350	496 022	496 639	494 656
Manufacture of food, beverages, and tobacco	116 760	125 437	131 155	135 247	114 342	116 688	121 824	127 225
Manufacture of textiles and leather	15 403	14 957	13 512	13 374	14 860	14 403	12 995	12 724
Manufacture of wood products, printing and publishing	59 985	58 061	56 292	56 170	55 158	51 957	49 366	48 003
Manufacture of chemicals and plastic products	89 340	92 572	96 564	97 456	80 398	87 239	89 470	87 145
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	18 418	19 572	20 132	19 850	16 923	17 462	17 683	17 046
Manufacture of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	187 644	196 242	193 643	191 413	176 093	180 906	177 430	177 399
Manufacture of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	28 079	30 688	31 663	28 862	25 576	27 368	27 871	25 115
Electricity, gas and water supply	39 315	40 879	44 216	45 749	35 846	35 415	35 598	35 702
Construction	146 693	159 525	162 750	161 345	131 175	138 479	138 866	134 693
Wholesale and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	278 444	293 323	303 281	309 683	271 902	281 662	287 204	286 453
Sale and repair of motor vehicles, sale of auto. tuel	33 651	35 121	37 894	37 461	30 198	30 848	32 629	31 010
Wholesale except motor vehicles	139 250	151 276	155 858	157 868	142 996	153 371	156 307	155 090
Retail trade and repair work, except of motor vehicles	65 939	67 189	69 819	71 859	64 047	63 615	65 085	65 645
Hotels and restaurants	39 603	39 736	39 710	42 495	34 660	33 828	33 183	34 708
Transport, post and telecommunications	248 075	261 613	257 530	265 572	213 554	220 601	228 590	235 257
Transport	199 099	210 925	205 338	212 432	162 256	166 524	173 298	178 833
Post and telecommunications	48 977	50 688	52 192	53 141	51 298	54 077	55 293	56 423
Finance and business activities	407 493	437 238	452 303	467 939	371 765	390 865	396 160	399 383
Finance and insurance	92 329	96 378	100 898	104 510	85 360	88 545	90 878	91 507
Letting and sale of real estate	162 817	171 871	180 693	190 182	143 194	145 594	148 222	151 080
Business activities	152 346	168 988	170 713	173 247	143 211	156 726	157 060	156 796
Public and personal services	417 400	444 689	467 204	480 066	367 136	377 036	386 394	387 007
Public administration	109 987	118 376	121 560	124 751	97 855	100 598	100 492	100 899
Education	77 426	82 798	87 727	90 201	67 912	69 414	71 759	71 824
Human health activities	68 692	72 853	78 018	80 280	61 597	64 638	68 438	68 249
Social institutions etc.	84 056	88 226	93 544	96 270	74 736	75 778	77 123	77 837
Associations, culture and refuse disposal	77 239	82 437	86 355	88 564	65 035	66 608	68 581	68 198

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Table 394

Gross value added, by kind of activity

	Current prices				Constant 1995 prices			
	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio.							
Gross value added, total	1 095 891	1 136 438	1 163 463	1 198 596	1 000 014	1 017 068	1 026 029	1 030 571
Of which: General government	243 508	256 641	266 323	274 625	214 661	218 463	222 054	223 987
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	65 249	64 467	60 265	57 487	51 677	50 709	49 822	48 882
Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	29 383	31 229	25 849	24 862	34 792	33 720	32 700	32 929
Fishing	2 246	2 521	2 688	666	2 140	2 672	2 117	758
Mining and quarrying	33 620	30 718	31 728	31 958	14 744	14 317	15 005	15 195
Manufacturing	181 613	184 473	188 384	194 447	167 874	168 651	168 472	171 257
Manufacture of food, beverages, and tobacco	29 151	30 267	31 560	35 840	27 197	26 797	28 739	31 613
Manufacture of textiles and leather	5 055	4 963	4 324	4 487	4 784	4 730	4 164	4 197
Manufacture of wood products, printing and publishing	24 656	23 123	22 817	24 093	21 817	20 121	18 971	18 921
Manufacture of chemicals and plastic products	29 996	31 253	34 767	36 829	33 376	32 176	32 781	32 536
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	8 450	8 031	8 264	8 490	7 872	7 204	7 146	7 039
Manufacture of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	73 320	74 963	74 349	73 363	64 165	68 356	67 077	68 306
Manufacture of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	10 984	11 874	12 303	11 345	8 662	9 266	9 594	8 644
Electricity, gas and water supply	23 544	24 814	26 988	28 992	22 862	22 551	21 147	21 202
Construction	59 140	58 674	60 063	61 097	49 358	51 335	51 666	49 368
Wholesale and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	156 284	160 059	163 188	169 274	161 482	163 810	166 055	166 150
Sale and repair of motor vehicles, sale of auto. tuel	16 456	16 657	18 002	18 324	14 133	14 151	15 116	14 353
Wholesale except motor vehicles	79 202	82 274	83 375	85 578	90 419	93 855	95 143	94 804
Retail trade and repair work, except of motor vehicles	41 309	41 657	42 504	44 261	41 614	40 778	41 137	41 627
Hotels and restaurants	19 316	19 471	19 307	21 111	15 316	15 024	14 659	15 367
Transport, post and telecommunications	90 629	93 822	92 738	96 041	89 917	94 756	97 430	100 056
Transport	66 387	69 139	67 475	69 880	62 800	64 309	66 485	68 148
Post and telecommunications	24 243	24 683	25 263	26 161	27 117	30 447	30 945	31 908
Finance and business activities	265 079	283 094	293 227	304 783	240 918	250 356	253 699	255 822
Finance and insurance	56 307	60 154	62 382	64 902	52 454	56 327	57 455	57 737
Letting and sale of real estate	126 070	132 202	139 349	147 086	111 096	111 902	113 723	115 537
Business activities	82 702	90 738	91 496	92 795	77 368	82 127	82 521	82 548
Public and personal services	291 165	307 192	320 612	329 091	253 131	256 357	260 939	260 630
Public administration	72 260	77 217	80 053	81 389	63 950	64 160	64 754	64 478
Education	58 988	63 046	66 350	67 975	51 635	52 424	53 900	53 696
Human health activities	48 018	49 840	52 194	53 720	42 184	43 604	45 584	45 229
Social institutions etc.	65 562	67 966	71 559	73 512	58 080	58 036	58 440	58 882
Associations, culture and refuse disposal	46 338	49 123	50 456	52 493	37 282	38 133	38 261	38 345
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured (FISIM)	-36 813	-40 157	-42 002	-42 615	-37 205	-41 457	-43 201	-42 797


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Table 395

Compensation of employees and gross operating surplus and mixed income, by kind of activity

	Compensation of employees				Gross operating surplus and mixed income			
	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio.							
Total	680 370	714 646	734 918	752 163	412 913	416 563	424 608	441 274
Of which: General government	216 632	229 060	238 954	248 897	25 599	26 290	26 707	27 070
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	9 291	9 457	9 507	9 588	56 584	55 454	51 385	48 403
Agriculture, horticulture, and forestry	7 085	7 102	7 038	7 153	22 845	24 495	19 351	18 133
Fishing	965	1 032	1 053	1 026	1 323	1 529	1 681	- 318
Mining and quarrying	1 241	1 323	1 415	1 409	32 416	29 430	30 353	30 588
Manufacturing	122 752	127 476	128 342	128 667	60 179	58 194	61 464	67 081
Manufacture of food, beverages, and tobacco	20 078	20 848	21 707	21 887	9 352	9 671	10 153	14 227
Manufacture of textiles and leather	3 260	3 313	3 139	3 073	1 802	1 651	1 191	1 417
Manufacture of wood products, printing and publishing	17 951	17 823	16 981	16 771	6 792	5 369	5 925	7 400
Manufacture of chemicals and plastic products	15 927	16 996	17 877	18 175	14 133	14 299	16 953	18 702
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	5 856	5 429	5 141	5 411	2 617	2 618	3 147	3 098
Manufacture of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	52 061	55 470	56 037	55 917	22 087	20 286	19 220	18 300
Manufacture of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	7 619	7 596	7 461	7 433	3 397	4 300	4 874	3 937
Electricity, gas and water supply	5 109	5 002	5 269	5 723	18 382	19 740	21 652	23 195
Construction	45 842	47 879	47 684	47 579	13 286	10 721	12 342	13 450
Wholesale and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	106 288	110 053	113 538	117 632	50 149	50 006	49 760	51 667
Sale and repair of motor vehicles, sale of auto. tuel	11 784	12 114	12 525	13 145	4 613	4 456	5 400	5 090
Wholesale except motor vehicles	55 151	57 099	58 535	60 433	24 148	25 212	24 924	25 195
Retail trade and repair work, except of motor vehicles	28 992	30 111	31 360	32 500	12 387	11 566	11 202	11 790
Hotels and restaurants	10 362	10 729	11 119	11 553	9 001	8 771	8 234	9 592
Transport, post and telecommunications	49 882	51 557	52 412	54 814	41 936	43 365	41 616	42 419
Transport	35 766	36 986	37 534	39 281	32 063	33 563	31 536	32 113
Post and telecommunications	14 116	14 570	14 879	15 533	9 873	9 802	10 080	10 306
Finance and business activities	98 674	107 223	111 415	112 421	160 916	168 775	175 062	185 036
Finance and insurance	29 639	31 150	32 170	32 610	24 326	26 293	27 457	29 454
Letting and sale of real estate	8 221	8 853	9 327	9 580	113 999	118 299	125 260	132 302
Business activities	60 814	67 220	69 919	70 231	22 591	24 182	22 345	23 281
Public and personal services	242 531	255 999	266 751	275 739	48 293	50 467	53 329	52 638
Public administration	60 248	63 746	66 421	68 692	11 748	13 138	13 311	12 352
Education	51 823	54 765	57 190	58 996	6 716	7 748	8 626	8 423
Human health activities	38 250	40 311	41 970	42 677	9 415	9 082	9 795	10 582
Social institutions etc.	62 892	66 453	69 192	72 170	2 649	1 435	2 321	1 268
Associations, culture and refuse disposal	29 318	30 724	31 978	33 205	17 765	19 064	19 277	20 013
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured (FISIM)	-	-	-	-	-36 813	-40 157	-42 002	-42 615

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Table 396

Hours worked, by kind of activity

	Total actual hours worked				Actual hours worked for employees			
	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*
	1 000 hours							
Total	4 245 138	4 256 353	4 225 860	4 177 194	3 727 429	3 744 504	3 715 570	3 672 069
Of which: General government	1 002 296	1 013 961	1 022 400	1 021 662	1 002 296	1 013 961	1 022 400	1 021 662
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	221 014	214 748	213 028	208 082	62 967	60 580	60 098	58 354
Agriculture, horticulture, and forestry	203 813	196 859	194 575	190 070	52 917	50 382	49 652	48 309
Fishing	11 324	11 898	12 220	12 007	4 348	4 372	4 371	4 190
Mining and quarrying	5 876	5 990	6 233	6 005	5 702	5 826	6 075	5 855
Manufacturing	737 462	732 000	704 618	676 711	695 260	688 695	661 215	633 399
Manufacture of food, beverages, and tobacco	116 544	116 704	115 662	111 063	112 722	112 890	111 939	107 424
Manufacture of textiles and leather	26 309	25 658	24 135	23 056	21 423	20 554	18 923	17 855
Manufacture of wood products, printing and publishing	104 104	99 641	93 238	89 379	95 724	90 888	84 334	80 431
Manufacture of chemicals and plastic products	80 011	81 478	81 819	78 949	78 858	80 260	80 603	77 725
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	35 988	32 010	29 265	29 056	33 880	29 948	27 237	27 053
Manufacture of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	318 755	322 893	309 855	296 618	302 219	305 898	292 766	279 486
Manufacture of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	55 752	53 617	50 644	48 591	50 435	48 256	45 414	43 426
Electricity, gas and water supply	23 568	22 384	23 074	23 510	23 568	22 384	23 074	23 510
Construction	317 771	316 883	310 169	303 700	265 200	263 303	259 208	252 392
Wholesale and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	742 104	736 438	742 920	747 503	623 488	622 594	626 381	633 347
Sale and repair of motor vehicles, sale of auto. tuel	99 774	97 800	98 510	98 716	79 116	78 484	78 525	79 362
Wholesale except motor vehicles	276 320	274 782	275 420	276 976	254 061	253 745	254 744	256 835
Retail trade and repair work, except of motor vehicles	263 454	262 008	264 762	266 690	208 184	208 308	210 236	213 192
Hotels and restaurants	102 556	101 848	104 228	105 121	82 127	82 059	82 876	83 959
Transport, post and telecommunications	304 587	300 209	291 789	296 657	281 528	278 180	271 187	276 416
Transport	223 441	220 763	215 007	218 875	200 382	198 733	194 405	198 635
Post and telecommunications	81 146	79 446	76 782	77 782	81 146	79 446	76 782	77 782
Finance and business activities	539 350	559 551	561 546	545 661	454 507	471 889	472 755	456 071
Finance and insurance	99 778	100 699	99 266	96 154	99 778	100 699	99 266	96 154
Letting and sale of real estate	67 652	69 424	69 971	69 293	50 941	52 587	52 922	52 245
Business activities	371 920	389 428	392 309	380 214	303 788	318 603	320 566	307 672
Public and personal services	1 359 282	1 374 140	1 378 716	1 375 370	1 320 912	1 336 879	1 341 652	1 338 580
Public administration	298 434	299 584	301 893	301 067	298 418	299 567	301 876	301 049
Education	274 174	278 605	278 909	278 293	270 098	274 438	274 711	274 052
Human health activities	199 489	200 820	200 767	197 486	187 759	189 666	189 893	186 835
Social institutions etc.	393 737	399 720	402 908	404 334	393 737	399 720	402 908	404 334
Associations, culture and refuse disposal	193 447	195 410	194 238	194 189	170 900	173 488	172 264	172 309

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Table 397

Total employed and wage and salary earners, by kind of activity

	Total employed ¹				Of which, wage and salary earners ¹			
	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*
	number of persons							
Total	2 783 971	2 792 190	2 782 111	2 754 626	2 584 629	2 595 073	2 586 080	2 559 554
Of which: General government	845 949	851 416	858 477	855 972	845 949	851 416	858 477	855 972
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	108 801	107 194	106 589	104 005	50 928	50 738	50 770	49 610
Agriculture, horticulture, and forestry	99 145	97 280	96 612	94 360	44 229	43 872	43 854	43 032
Fishing	6 304	6 410	6 363	6 178	3 421	3 431	3 366	3 170
Mining and quarrying	3 352	3 504	3 614	3 467	3 278	3 435	3 550	3 408
Manufacturing	460 376	453 799	437 998	422 552	445 293	438 346	422 443	406 836
Manufacture of food, beverages, and tobacco	79 889	79 001	78 706	76 344	78 302	77 447	77 152	74 830
Manufacture of textiles and leather	15 655	15 083	14 035	13 379	13 887	13 217	12 133	11 449
Manufacture of wood products, printing and publishing	69 443	65 937	61 416	58 996	66 499	62 864	58 308	55 815
Manufacture of chemicals and plastic products	49 603	50 385	50 721	49 430	49 171	49 931	50 263	48 958
Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products	21 811	19 422	17 714	17 768	21 031	18 653	16 949	17 007
Manufacture of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	190 765	192 082	185 348	177 756	185 057	186 211	179 425	171 727
Manufacture of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	33 210	31 889	30 058	28 879	31 346	30 023	28 213	27 050
Electricity, gas and water supply	14 593	13 882	14 185	14 610	14 593	13 882	14 185	14 610
Construction	169 657	170 147	167 468	164 278	149 302	149 616	146 965	143 235
Wholesale and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	518 581	521 064	524 236	526 584	471 491	475 662	479 428	482 806
Sale and repair of motor vehicles, sale of auto. tuel	60 504	59 545	59 602	59 765	52 789	52 412	52 562	53 072
Wholesale except motor vehicles	175 432	176 798	177 188	177 296	167 365	169 136	169 701	170 088
Retail trade and repair work, except of motor vehicles	199 755	201 618	203 872	205 455	177 880	180 370	182 926	184 919
Hotels and restaurants	82 890	83 103	83 574	84 068	73 457	73 744	74 239	74 727
Transport, post and telecommunications	186 054	183 525	178 932	180 370	176 022	173 869	169 397	171 036
Transport	131 420	129 939	127 062	128 852	121 388	120 283	117 527	119 518
Post and telecommunications	54 634	53 586	51 870	51 518	54 634	53 586	51 870	51 518
Finance and business activities	350 889	361 963	362 774	353 031	318 809	329 188	329 810	319 113
Finance and insurance	77 484	76 530	75 595	73 833	77 484	76 530	75 595	73 833
Letting and sale of real estate	40 670	41 671	42 065	41 902	34 433	35 444	35 818	35 659
Business activities	232 735	243 762	245 114	237 296	206 892	217 214	218 397	209 621
Public and personal services	975 020	980 616	989 929	989 196	958 191	963 772	973 082	972 308
Public administration	197 637	197 985	200 002	200 438	197 631	197 978	199 995	200 431
Education	198 282	198 605	200 457	200 770	196 831	197 122	198 968	199 229
Human health activities	148 211	149 111	150 054	146 724	142 901	143 890	144 820	141 611
Social institutions etc.	295 442	298 487	302 374	304 109	295 442	298 487	302 374	304 109
Associations, culture and refuse disposal	135 448	136 428	137 042	137 155	125 386	126 295	126 925	126 928

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Table 398

Private consumption expenditure

	Current prices				1995 prices			
	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio.							
Total private consumption expenditure	610 469	624 483	641 856	660 936	549 042	547 960	551 375	557 557
Household consumption on Danish territory	601 928	616 185	632 157	649 292	545 587	545 362	548 200	551 874
Food	66 174	68 408	69 092	70 459	62 250	62 226	61 737	61 822
Beverages and tobacco	37 542	38 637	38 465	39 192	34 111	33 844	33 325	34 434
Clothing and footwear	30 296	31 330	32 067	33 169	29 249	30 600	30 706	31 436
Housing	131 253	136 502	141 852	148 756	113 284	113 409	114 068	115 641
Electricity, gas and other fuels	36 615	39 479	40 011	41 552	28 633	30 030	29 497	30 365
Furnishing, household equipment etc.	35 055	36 142	36 890	38 486	32 673	33 126	33 278	34 377
Medical products and health services	15 373	16 414	17 249	18 117	14 751	15 757	16 321	17 145
Purchase of vehicles	26 573	22 185	26 342	23 749	26 052	21 567	24 870	21 417
Other transport and communication	59 807	60 838	63 128	65 621	52 326	53 286	54 277	55 579
Recreation and culture	63 800	65 435	65 124	66 216	65 719	67 486	67 719	68 382
Other goods and services	99 440	100 815	101 938	103 975	86 539	84 032	82 402	81 276
Balance of tourism, net	-1 330	-2 339	-1 739	- 618	-4 782	-5 995	-5 790	-3 547
Income from tourism	-30 297	-33 905	-38 002	-35 163	-27 086	-29 859	-32 763	-29 652
Expenditure on tourism	28 966	31 565	36 263	34 545	22 304	23 864	26 974	26 105
Membership organizations etc.	9 871	10 637	11 438	12 263	8 237	8 594	8 965	9 229
Goods	306 143	311 136	318 899	324 662	287 419	288 254	292 576	295 153
Durable	62 975	59 621	63 911	62 045	68 421	66 299	71 523	69 404
Semi-durable	67 306	69 238	70 733	73 922	64 843	66 299	66 507	68 612
Non-durable	175 862	182 277	184 256	188 696	154 155	155 656	154 546	157 137
Services	295 785	305 049	313 258	324 629	258 168	257 107	255 623	256 722
Housing	131 253	136 502	141 852	148 756	113 284	113 409	114 068	115 641
Other services	164 532	168 547	171 406	175 874	144 884	143 699	141 555	141 081

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Table 399

Capital formation by type of goods

	Current prices				1995 prices			
	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio.							
Machines and equipment	74 245	77 141	81 713	78 267	89 386	98 050	106 744	105 468
Transport	32 695	33 868	34 444	33 762	29 520	29 344	29 006	30 409
Buildings; facilities and installations	123 315	131 439	136 294	135 281	108 819	112 239	114 368	111 491
Housing	55 900	54 512	61 099	66 906	49 887	47 227	52 186	56 272
Other buildings	45 082	51 829	49 856	41 198	40 258	44 757	42 145	34 167
Civil engineering works	22 333	25 097	25 339	27 176	18 673	20 255	20 037	21 052
Livestock	120	- 55	- 182	- 340	116	- 48	- 183	127
Valuables, net	1 782	1 806	1 810	1 701	1 736	1 723	1 688	1 564
Purchased and own-account computer software	23 853	24 069	26 063	26 276	29 232	29 753	31 788	33 365
Entertainment, literary and artistic originals	1 415	1 570	1 564	1 558	1 296	1 405	1 375	1 351
Mineral exploration	660	1 132	1 015	688	552	877	766	506
Total gross fixed capital formation	258 085	270 969	282 721	277 193	260 657	273 344	285 554	284 280
Of which: General government acquisition of new fixed assets	22 166	25 145	24 201	22 939	21 755	24 069	22 861	22 011
+ Change in stocks, net	10 856	1 265	689	-3 260	8 935	1 162	868	-3 921
Total gross capital formation	268 940	272 234	283 409	273 933	269 592	274 506	286 422	280 360
- Consumption of fixed capital	199 607	211 287	218 536	221 491	197 761	209 138	219 006	223 901
Total net capital formation	69 333	60 947	64 873	52 442	71 831	65 368	67 416	56 459

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Table 400

Gross fixed capital formation by kind of activity and by type of goods

	Current prices				1995-prices			
	1998	1999	2000	2001*	1998	1999	2000	2001*
	DKK mio.							
Total gross fixed capital formation	238 293	238 790	256 303	269 164	238 224	241 671	258 921	271 622
Machinery, equipment and transport equipment	99 857	100 303	107 060	110 954	104 889	110 241	119 021	127 347
Building and construction	116 481	113 906	123 314	131 438	107 409	102 017	108 820	112 239
Other gross fixed capital formation.	21 955	24 582	25 928	26 771	25 925	29 413	31 080	32 036
Hereby: General government	19 545	20 057	21 460	24 803	19 119	19 910	21 141	24 040
Machinery, equipment and transport equipment	6 751	6 946	6 032	6 374	7 423	8 253	7 542	8 268
Building and construction	11 438	11 604	13 170	15 945	10 064	9 813	10 834	12 703
Other gross fixed capital formation.	1 356	1 507	2 258	2 484	1 632	1 844	2 765	3 069
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	14 904	14 599	15 120	17 572	14 104	13 694	13 944	15 582
Machinery, equipment and transport equipment	6 887	6 953	7 313	7 478	6 671	6 781	7 082	7 101
Building and construction	7 245	6 595	6 786	8 602	6 639	5 859	5 868	7 157
Other gross fixed capital formation.	771	1 052	1 020	1 493	794	1 054	994	1 324
Manufacturing	30 336	30 438	33 012	33 029	30 790	31 511	34 397	33 936
Machinery, equipment and transport equipment	20 700	20 987	22 378	21 879	20 954	21 840	23 606	22 848
Building and construction	6 459	6 284	7 014	7 532	6 016	5 803	6 352	6 618
Other gross fixed capital formation.	3 177	3 167	3 621	3 617	3 819	3 868	4 438	4 469
Electricity, gas and water supply	10 181	7 950	8 084	7 159	9 460	7 284	7 221	6 328
Machinery, equipment and transport equipment	1 938	1 453	1 650	1 879	1 839	1 423	1 655	1 876
Building and construction	8 093	6 415	6 357	5 193	7 439	5 761	5 473	4 345
Other gross fixed capital formation.	150	82	76	87	181	101	94	107
Construction	4 938	6 214	5 819	5 637	4 953	6 238	5 825	5 509
Machinery, equipment and transport equipment	4 014	4 382	4 024	3 672	3 878	4 280	3 874	3 455
Building and construction	78	932	783	967	61	862	709	820
Other gross fixed capital formation.	846	900	1 012	998	1 014	1 096	1 241	1 235
Wholesale and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	22 324	21 998	26 403	22 177	23 546	24 000	29 282	24 638
Machinery, equipment and transport equipment	17 053	17 265	19 182	15 128	18 137	19 022	21 995	17 619
Building and construction	3 282	2 628	4 886	4 728	3 021	2 412	4 425	4 149
Other gross fixed capital formation.	1 990	2 105	2 335	2 321	2 388	2 565	2 863	2 870
Transport, post and telecommunications	37 594	33 972	40 029	41 960	36 640	33 836	38 127	39 123
Machinery, equipment and transport equipment	21 060	21 956	26 401	26 913	20 785	22 227	25 121	25 132
Building and construction	14 410	9 591	10 402	11 582	13 301	8 648	9 050	9 700
Other gross fixed capital formation.	2 124	2 425	3 226	3 465	2 555	2 961	3 956	4 290
Finance and business activities	85 255	91 517	94 995	105 370	86 333	92 607	96 773	109 887
Machinery, equipment and transport equipment	14 542	13 102	13 492	20 612	17 951	18 380	20 414	32 611
Building and construction	61 173	67 125	71 203	74 791	56 896	60 398	63 741	64 964
Other gross fixed capital formation.	9 540	11 290	10 300	9 966	11 486	13 829	12 619	12 313
Public and personal services	32 761	32 102	32 841	36 260	32 398	32 501	33 352	36 619
Machinery, equipment and transport equipment	13 663	14 205	12 620	13 393	14 674	16 288	15 274	16 705
Building and construction	15 741	14 336	15 883	18 043	14 036	12 274	13 202	14 486
Other gross fixed capital formation.	3 357	3 561	4 338	4 824	3 688	3 939	4 875	5 428

¹ Ekskl. acquisitions less disposals of valuables.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/nat06

Table 401 (continues) **Supply of goods 2000**

SITC	Danish turnover	Imports incl. customs duties	Exports	Domestic supply	Used for			
					Inter-mediate consumption	Household consumption	Government consumption ¹	Capital formation, stocks
DKK mio.								
0 Food and live animals	145 059	33 926	70 250	108 735	75 781	31 268	11	1 675
00 Live animals other than animals of division 03	21 620	116	949	20 787	20 503	59	-	224
01 Meat and meat preparations	36 505	3 908	26 380	14 033	5 338	8 735	-	- 39
02 Dairy products and birds' eggs	30 167	2 115	10 975	21 306	15 523	5 564	-	219
03 Fish (not marine mammals), crustaceans, molluscs, and aquatic invertebrates preparations and preparations thereof	12 359	9 232	12 742	8 849	7 734	582	-	533
04 Cereals and cereals preparations	16 245	2 651	5 725	13 171	9 464	3 323	-	385
05 Vegetables and fruit	6 808	5 379	1 617	10 571	5 045	5 487	-	39
06 Sugars, sugar preparations and honey	4 386	1 297	2 306	3 377	1 824	1 457	-	97
07 Coffee, tea, cocoa, spices and manufactures thereof	1 973	2 475	844	3 604	1 022	2 505	-	78
08 Feeding stuff for animals (not including unmilled cereals)	7 040	5 096	3 262	8 874	7 769	1 040	-	64
09 Miscellaneous edible products and preparations	7 954	1 658	5 450	4 162	1 561	2 515	11	75
1 Beverages and tobacco	10 953	4 801	3 836	11 917	3 840	8 151	-	- 74
11 Beverages	8 274	3 894	2 541	9 628	3 159	6 577	-	- 108
12 Tobacco and tobacco manufactures	2 678	906	1 295	2 289	681	1 574	-	34
2 Crude materials, inedible, except fuels	18 347	12 143	12 247	18 242	17 062	2 533	-	-1 353
21 Hides, skins and furskins, raw	2 651	737	3 367	21	264	-	-	- 243
22 Oil seeds and oleaginous fruit	653	716	77	1 292	1 311	5	-	- 25
23 Crude rubber (including synthetic and reclaimed)	43	215	22	236	236	-	-	- 0
24 Cork and wood	3 128	4 831	995	6 965	6 147	650	-	168
25 Pulp and waste paper	135	437	66	506	509	-	-	- 3
26 Textile fibres (other than wool tops and other combed wool) and their wastes (not manufactured into yarn or fabric)	879	291	678	492	477	13	-	1
27 Crude fertilizers other than those of division 56, and crude minerals (excluding coal, petroleum and precious stones)	2 112	1 179	627	2 664	2 654	83	-	- 73
28 Metalliferous ores and metal scrap	354	452	811	- 5	1 209	- 21	-	-1 192
29 Crude animals and vegetable materials, n.e.s.	8 390	3 284	5 603	6 071	4 253	1 803	-	15
3 Mineral fuels, lubricants and related materials	79 758	27 181	35 113	71 827	55 860	12 839	-	3 128
32 Coal, coke and briquettes	240	1 768	76	1 932	1 971	55	-	- 94
33 Petroleum, petroleum products and related materials	50 293	24 852	30 981	44 163	35 821	5 094	-	3 249
34 Gas, natural and manufactured	15 550	33	3 133	12 449	10 458	2 018	-	- 27
35 Electric current	13 677	528	923	13 282	7 609	5 673	-	-
4 Animal and vegetable oils, fats and waxes	2 345	1 506	1 247	2 604	2 409	169	-	26
41 Animal oils and fats	749	250	536	464	430	36	-	- 2
42 Fixed vegetable fats and oils, crude, refined or fractionated	733	811	372	1 173	1 069	105	-	- 2
43 Animal or vegetable fats and oils, processed; waxes of animal or vegetable origin, inedible mixtures or preparations of animal or vegetable fats and oils, n.e.s.	862	444	339	967	909	27	-	31
5 Chemicals and related products, n.e.c	53 725	36 508	43 685	46 548	39 349	4 791	2 476	- 69
51 Organic chemicals	7 385	3 414	6 297	4 503	4 361	62	-	80
52 Inorganic chemicals	722	2 324	495	2 551	2 542	18	-	- 9
53 Dyeing, tanning and colouring materials	4 886	3 187	3 295	4 778	4 676	86	-	16
54 Medical and pharmaceutical products	23 448	7 670	22 033	9 085	4 661	2 156	2 476	- 208
55 Essential oils and resinoids and perfume materials; toilet, polishing and cleaning preparations	2 667	3 719	2 264	4 122	1 923	2 216	-	- 16

¹ Goods for producing services in the general government sector are included in "Intermediate consumption". Goods for public consumption mainly cover subsidy schemes, e.g. for medical products.

Table 401 (continued) Supply of goods 2000

SITC	Danish turnover	Imports incl. customs duties	Exports	Domestic supply	Used for			
					Inter-mediate consumption	Household consumption	Government consumption ¹	Capital formation, stocks
DKK mio.								
56 Fertilizers (other than those of group 272)	1 217	916	579	1 555	1 573	10	-	- 28
57 Plastics in primary forms	918	6 851	894	6 874	6 884	0	-	- 10
58 Plastics in non-primary forms	5 442	4 399	2 880	6 961	6 766	103	-	92
59 Chemical materials and products, n.e.s.	7 039	4 028	4 948	6 118	5 962	140	-	16
6 Manufactured goods classified chiefly by material	77 515	59 630	38 197	98 948	88 697	5 310	291	4 649
61 Leather, leather manufactures, n.e.s. and dressed furskins	203	479	315	367	269	87	-	10
62 Rubber manufactures, n.e.s.	1 509	2 910	1 307	3 112	2 878	154	-	81
63 Cork and wood manufactures (excluding furniture)	10 625	4 024	4 038	10 611	9 727	402	-	482
64 Paper, paperboard and articles of paper pulp, of paper or of paperboard	9 447	10 068	4 095	15 420	14 430	923	291	- 224
65 Textile yarn, fabrics, made-up articles, n.e.s., and related products	6 779	8 899	6 378	9 300	7 069	1 693	-	538
66 Non-metallic mineral manufactures, n.e.s.	16 092	5 538	5 550	16 079	15 114	697	-	268
67 Iron and steel	4 995	10 916	4 746	11 165	11 092	1	-	72
68 Non-ferrous metals	3 061	5 652	2 214	6 498	6 469	0	-	29
69 Manufactures of metal, n.e.s.	24 805	11 144	9 553	26 396	21 649	1 354	-	3 393
7 Machinery and transport equipment	102 291	132 590	96 997	137 884	59 977	17 927	279	59 700
71 Power generating machinery and equipment	14 237	5 737	10 213	9 761	7 639	58	-	2 064
72 Machinery specialized for particular industries	13 895	12 267	12 453	13 709	3 236	249	-	10 223
73 Metal working machinery	1 199	1 830	1 027	2 002	550	-	-	1 452
74 General industrial machinery and equipment, n.e.s. and machine parts, n.e.s.	30 347	15 446	22 178	23 616	14 375	115	-	9 126
75 Office machines; automatic data processing machines	1 534	18 624	6 441	13 717	2 546	1 524	6	9 641
76 Telecommunications and sound recording and reproducing apparatus and equipment	10 860	19 534	17 035	13 359	7 663	3 014	-	2 682
77 Electrical machinery, apparatus and appliances, n.e.s. and electrical parts thereof (including non-electrical counterparts n.e.s. of electrical household type equipment)	16 234	21 950	11 948	26 236	19 220	2 780	1	4 235
78 Road vehicles (including air-cushion vehicles)	8 527	23 340	8 293	23 574	4 356	9 995	272	8 951
79 Other transport equipment	5 458	13 862	7 410	11 909	392	192	-	11 326
8 Miscellaneous manufactured articles	87 509	54 054	61 680	79 882	42 205	23 579	710	13 388
81 Prefabricated buildings, sanitary plumbing, heating and lighting fixtures and fittings, n.e.s.	4 162	2 147	2 071	4 238	1 966	790	7	1 475
82 Furniture and parts thereof; bedding, mattresses, mattress supports, cushions and similar stuffed furnishings	21 492	5 565	14 198	12 859	2 626	3 601	110	6 523
83 Travel goods, handbags and similar containers	87	787	228	646	50	534	-	62
84 Articles of apparel and clothing accessories	6 577	18 693	13 162	12 108	2 131	9 932	-	46
85 Footwear	1 223	3 410	1 770	2 864	786	1 928	6	144
87 Professional, scientific and controlling instruments and apparatus n.e.s.	10 163	5 351	8 859	6 655	4 046	98	11	2 501
88 Photographic apparatus, equipment and supplies and optical goods, n.e.s.; watches and clocks	5 014	3 126	4 352	3 788	2 636	836	31	285
89 Miscellaneous manufactured articles, n.e.c	38 791	14 975	17 041	36 725	27 966	5 861	545	2 353
9 Commodities and transactions not classified elsewhere in SITC	10	1 417	104	1 323	1 350	- 30	-	3
93 Special transactions and commodities not classified according to kind	-	1 283	72	1 211	1 211	-	-	-
96 Coin (other than gold coin) not being legal tender	10	5	1	14	0	4	-	10
97 Gold, non-monetary (excluding gold ores and concentrates)	-	129	31	98	139	- 34	-	- 7

Table 402

Gross domestic product by counties 2002

	Gross domestic product	Gross domestic product per capita ¹	Gross domestic product per capita ¹	Annual average real growth 1993-2002*
	current prices DKK mio.	current prices DKK 1.000	index the whole country = 100	per cent
Whole country²	1 360 709	253,1	100	2,7
Copenhagen region ³	553 141	304,5	120	3,3
Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities	239 083	403,8	160	2,8
Copenhagen County	198 347	321,2	127	3,6
Frederiksborg County	73 889	198,9	79	3,6
Roskilde County	41 822	177,6	70	3,6
West Zealand County	56 492	188,4	74	1,2
Storstrøm County	45 797	175,6	69	2,3
Bornholm County	7 799	176,5	70	0,5
Funen County	96 597	204,2	81	2,0
South Jutland County	57 255	226,1	89	2,4
Ribe County	53 207	237,1	94	1,6
Vejle County	82 539	234,3	93	2,9
Ringkøbing County	67 990	247,4	98	2,6
Århus County	142 251	219,9	87	2,5
Viborg County	54 260	231,5	91	2,3
North Jutland County	106 411	214,7	85	1,9
Outside the counties ⁴	36 970	•	•	8,6

¹ Outside the counties are only enters into GDP per capita for the whole Country. ² Figures for the whole country correspond to earlier figures – National Accounts, December version 2002. ³ Copenhagen and Frederiksberg Municipalities, Copenhagen County, Frederiksborg County and Roskilde County. ⁴ Activities that can't be allocated to any county. Primary activities in the North Sea.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/rnat1

Table 403

Input-output table 2000

	Input in main groups of industries									Total
	Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	Manufacturing	Electricity, gas and water supply	Construction	Wholesale and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	Transport, post and telecommunications	Finance and business activities	Public and personal services	Financial intermediation services indirectly measured, FISIM	
	DKK mio. in current prices									
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying.	12 128	47 517	4 893	1 431	400	28	106	1 264	-	67 766
Manufacturing	7 718	84 248	694	31 212	15 108	7 162	15 584	9 774	-	171 500
Electricity, gas and water supply	1 018	5 689	2 652	101	2 910	795	1 097	3 547	-	17 808
Construction	1 144	2 047	2 187	642	1 522	5 167	15 415	5 681	-	33 805
Wholesale and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	5 104	30 226	301	14 731	11 433	7 832	5 525	7 608	-	82 760
Transport, post and telecommunications	1 491	15 169	336	2 215	28 873	31 033	15 584	15 379	-	110 080
Finance and business activities	5 039	24 715	1 722	19 323	36 320	13 625	57 944	29 879	36 813	225 380
Public and personal services	1 229	4 965	406	534	4 464	3 265	9 478	21 031	-	45 371
Total use of domestic products	34 870	214 576	13 190	70 190	101 028	68 907	120 733	94 163	36 813	754 470
Imports incl. customs duties	8 254	117 047	2 457	16 144	16 174	84 293	10 294	13 000	-	267 662
Taxes on products, net and VAT	- 68	2 393	124	1 219	4 958	4 247	11 387	19 072	-	43 332
Uses at market prices	43 056	334 016	15 771	87 553	122 160	157 446	142 413	126 235	36 813	1 065 464
Other taxes linked to production, net.	- 626	-1 319	53	11	- 154	-1 189	5 490	342	-	2 607
Compensation of employees	9 291	122 752	5 109	45 842	106 288	49 882	98 674	242 531	-	680 370
Gross operating surplus and mixed income	56 584	60 180	18 382	13 286	50 149	41 936	160 916	48 292	-36 813	412 913
Gross output at basic prices	108 305	515 629	39 315	146 693	278 444	248 075	407 493	417 400	-	2 161 355

Table 403 (continued)

	Final demand						Exports	Total	Total	
	Private consumption	Government consumption	Gross fixed capital formation			Increase in stocks				Total
			Machinery and transport equipment	Building and construction	Other capital formations					
	DKK mio. in current prices									
Agriculture, fishing, quarrying.	3 290	1 471	1	-	765	397	34 616	40 539	108 305	
Manufacturing	47 884	898	28 859	-	1 811	7 309	257 369	344 129	515 629	
Electricity, gas and water supply	17 738	-	-	-	50	48	3 671	21 507	39 315	
Construction	6 370	6 009	101	100 341	50	-	19	112 889	146 693	
Wholesale and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	125 962	1 939	17 718	-	2 924	146	46 995	195 684	278 444	
Transport, post and telecommunications	29 194	562	-	-	1 079	0	107 160	137 995	248 075	
Finance and business activities	141 896	4 327	1 737	6 337	12 696	0	15 120	182 113	407 493	
Public and personal services	64 581	303 679	6	145	2 964	0	654	372 028	417 400	
Total use of domestic products	436 914	318 885	48 421	106 823	22 338	7 899	465 604	1 406 885	2 161 355	
Imports incl. custom duties	87 811	2 894	47 555	-	4 951	3 392	75 360	221 963	489 625	
Tourism revenues etc.	-26 761	-	-	-	-	-	26 761	-	-	
Taxes on products, net. and VAT	112 506	1 570	10 964	16 492	541	- 436	-4 291	137 345	180 677	
Use at market prices	610 469	323 349	106 941	123 315	27 830	10 856	563 434	1 766 193	2 831 657	

Table 404

Balance of payments

	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio.		
Current receipts, total	750 107	748 006	732 229
Export of goods (fob)	419 826	436 258	431 435
Services	208 534	209 122	209 464
Sea transport	93 949	86 682	93 719
Other transportation	28 488	29 292	27 863
Travel	33 404	37 563	34 564
Communication, Information services etc.	15 017	15 648	14 119
Other business services	31 515	30 197	30 307
Financial and cultural services etc.	6 160	9 740	8 891
Compensation of employees	6 052	6 434	6 477
Investment income	83 628	67 097	55 358
Current transfers from EU	10 835	10 024	10 307
Other current transfers	21 232	19 071	19 188
Current expenditure, total	709 645	720 427	689 956
Import of goods (fob)	358 092	376 122	363 741
Services	184 746	192 322	185 421
Sea transport	83 521	76 652	81 392
Other transportation	13 311	13 499	13 506
Travel	40 501	45 920	43 231
Communication, Information services etc.	12 897	14 931	13 096
Other business services	23 933	28 956	22 090
Financial and cultural services etc.	10 583	12 364	12 106
Compensation of employees	6 198	6 768	6 735
Investment income	108 247	94 013	80 359
Current transfers to EU	13 611	15 640	15 323
Other current transfers	38 752	35 562	38 377
Surplus on current accounts	40 463	27 579	42 273
+ Capital transfers, etc. from abroad, net	-222	745	-304
Net lending	40 241	28 324	41 968
+ Financial transactions, net from abroad	-12 769	17 109	-11 189
Change in Danmarks Nationalbank's reserve assets	27 472	45 433	30 779

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bet6

Table 405

Balance of payments and foreign debt

	Goods and services, net ¹	Investment income, net ¹	Balance of payments current account, net ¹		Net foreign liabilities at end of year ²		
	DKK mio.	DKK mio.	DKK mio.	As percentage of gross domestic product	DKK mio.	As percentage of gross domestic product	Per capita in DKK
1960	- 458	33	- 407	- 1.0	417	1.0	90
1965	- 1 129	- 89	- 1 218	- 1.7	4 501	6.4	942
1970	- 3 452	- 334	- 4 077	- 3.4	14 929	12.6	3 016
1975	- 1 800	- 1 866	- 3 176	- 1.5	26 818	12.4	5 294
1980	- 4 090	- 9 580	- 13 400	- 3.6	99 700	26.7	19 457
1985	- 533	- 27 045	- 28 833	- 4.7	243 500	39.6	47 593
1990	41 863	- 33 891	3 425	0.4	282 000	34.2	54 795
1995	41 306	- 25 815	7 153	0.7	268 000	26.3	50 657
2000	76 197	- 32 872	18 627	1.5	218 000	17.0	40 754
2003*	91 737	- 25 001	42 273	3.0	210 000	15.0	38 906

¹ Figures for 1988 and onwards changed in accordance with the IMF fifth Balance of Payments Manual and exclusive of the Faroe Islands and Greenland. ² From 1991 and onwards figures are based on Danmarks Nationalbank's revised external debt figures.

Source (for liabilities): Danmarks Nationalbank.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bet6

Table 406

Foreign debt

Per 31 december	2001	2002*	2003*
DKK bn.			
INSTRUMENTS			
Assets, total	2 131	2 167	2 350
Direct investment	659	601	611
Abroad	624	571	581
In Denmark	35	30	30
Portfolio investment	720	613	755
Equity securities	403	254	301
Debt securities	317	359	454
Other investment	598	757	757
Loans, deposits, etc	474	508	576
Other	124	249	181
Exchange reserves	152	197	228
Liabilities, total	2 359	2 408	2 560
Direct investment	634	584	608
Abroad	33	33	33
In Denmark	601	551	575
Portfolio investment	955	909	966
Equity securities	201	146	189
Debt securities	754	763	777
Other investment	767	912	983
Loans, deposits, etc	661	698	844
Other	106	214	139
Exchange reserves	4	4	3
SECTORS			
Assets, total	2 131	2 167	2 350
Private, companies and households	1 264	1 138	1 241
General government sector	121	142	155
Monetary Financial Institutions (MFI)	592	690	725
Danmarks Nationalbank	152	197	228
Liabilities, total	2 359	2 408	2 560
Private, companies and households	1 018	932	1 033
General government sector	298	288	253
Monetary Financial Institutions (MFI)	1 039	1 184	1 271
Danmarks Nationalbank	4	4	3
Net liabilities, total (liabilities-assets)	229	241	210
Private, companies and households	-246	-205	-208
General government sector	177	146	97
Monetary Financial Institutions (MFI)	447	494	546
Danmarks Nationalbank (reserve assets)	-148	-193	-224

Source: Danmarks Nationalbank.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/bet01 and [bet04](http://www.statbank.dk/bet04)

Table 407

Fixed capital

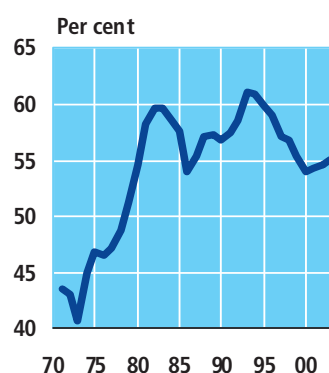
	Current prices				1995-prices			
	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio.							
Total gross capital stock, opening stock	6 511 497	6 793 700	7 067 597	7 406 795	5 964 944	6 100 895	6 240 758	6 398 713
Other machinery and equipment	874 824	894 160	942 842	995 796	887 153	920 028	956 349	989 351
Transport equipment	306 116	327 644	334 516	348 181	275 026	286 566	299 645	315 360
Buildings and structures	5 220 035	5 446 294	5 650 508	5 916 301	4 676 424	4 751 085	4 822 731	4 919 603
Dwellings	2 609 900	2 717 736	2 804 513	2 940 382	2 409 444	2 441 193	2 468 472	2 522 692
Non-residential buildings	1 782 723	1 858 716	1 945 522	2 035 474	1 586 755	1 618 666	1 651 170	1 680 710
Other structures	827 411	869 842	900 473	940 445	680 224	691 226	703 089	716 201
Livestock	7 275	8 221	8 464	8 802	8 368	8 484	8 425	8 652
Computer software	78 746	90 843	102 430	107 474	96 298	112 589	130 623	142 125
Entertainment, literary or artistic originals	8 413	8 803	9 271	9 535	7 751	7 937	8 158	8 305
Mineral exploration	16 089	17 736	19 566	20 706	13 924	14 205	14 827	15 317
Total consumption of fixed capital	199 607	211 287	218 536	...	197 761	209 138	219 006	...
Other machinery and equipment	61 167	65 775	68 824	...	71 134	77 413	82 606	...
Transport equipment	21 097	21 213	21 366	...	18 684	18 613	18 693	...
Buildings and structures	98 813	103 524	106 084	...	85 977	87 706	89 527	...
Dwellings	42 012	44 061	45 554	...	37 378	37 984	38 759	...
Non-residential buildings	35 917	37 474	37 474	...	31 582	32 287	32 883	...
Other structures	20 884	21 989	23 056	...	17 016	17 435	17 884	...
Livestock								
Computer software	16 606	18 703	20 095	...	20 248	23 645	26 374	...
Entertainment, literary or artistic originals	1 353	1 429	1 484	...	1 239	1 269	1 294	...
Mineral exploration	571	642	684	...	478	492	512	...
Total net capital stock, opening stock	3 571 425	3 708 198	3 838 735	3 989 790	3 281 881	3 343 041	3 401 705	3 451 216
Other machinery and equipment	465 009	474 495	502 366	531 579	474 531	492 782	514 594	533 402
Transport equipment	177 239	201 986	210 440	222 359	166 684	177 520	188 610	198 417
Buildings and structures	2 858 802	2 952 863	3 039 225	3 147 598	2 559 761	2 582 603	2 597 873	2 614 638
Dwellings	1 418 196	1 467 462	1 504 092	1 552 179	1 305 486	1 317 995	1 323 723	1 331 568
Non-residential buildings	973 648	999 922	1 036 697	1 079 964	863 165	871 841	879 248	884 717
Other structures	466 958	485 480	498 436	515 455	391 110	392 767	394 902	398 353
Livestock	7 275	8 221	8 464	8 802	8 368	8 484	8 425	8 652
Computer software	49 391	55 941	62 180	62 613	60 411	69 394	79 403	82 956
Entertainment, literary or artistic originals	4 728	4 895	5 158	5 291	4 356	4 413	4 538	4 608
Mineral exploration	8 980	9 796	10 902	11 549	7 771	7 845	8 262	8 543

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/nat08

Public finance

1. Developments in the general government sector

Figure 1
Current and capital
expenditure as a per cent
of GDP
1971-2003



Stagnation since 1983

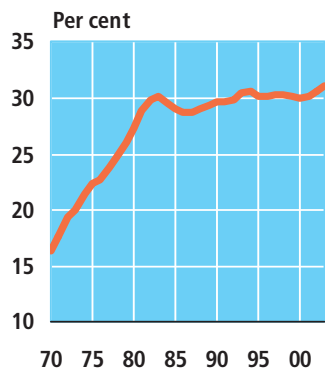
Since 1970 the general government sector has undergone considerable development. Current and capital expenditure accounted for an increasing proportion of GDP at factor cost during the 1970s. In 1971 it accounted for about 43 per cent of GDP, and in 1983 this percentage had risen to about 60 per cent. However, after 1983 this growth more or less corresponded to general economic growth and the proportion of GDP at factor cost has remained almost constant. Even though, there is some variation from year to year. There are many reasons for the changes in the general government sector. A significant reason is that the economic activity of women has increased so that many of the functions at home, which they used to take care of, are now looked after by the general government sector (e.g. care of children and the elderly). Since 1994 there has been a tendency towards a fall in the proportion of current and capital expenditure of GDP. However, there has been a slight increase since 2000. In 2003 current and capital expenditure accounted for 54 per cent of GDP.

Part of the public sector

The public sector is composed of the general government sector *and* all public enterprises. The general government sector comprises institutions whose objective is to produce non-market services for the public which are primarily funded through taxes. These services are available for private households and enterprises and include, for example, central and local government administration, education, and hospitals. The general government sector does not therefore include quasi public corporations such as municipal utility companies, ports and harbours, and the Danish National Railways. Neither does it include public corporations such as A/S Storebæltsforbindelsen and DONG A/S.

Public finance

Figure 2
Employment in the general government sector as a per cent of total employment 1970-2003



Number employed by the public sector has increased

The number employed in the general government sector exhibited a sharp growth during the 1970s. This development also stagnated, however, in the early 1980s as the number employed by the general government sector remained at more or less the same proportion of overall employment during the 1980s and 1990s. In 1970 the number employed by the general government sector amounted to 17 per cent of the total number employed. The corresponding percentage for 1981 was 30 per cent

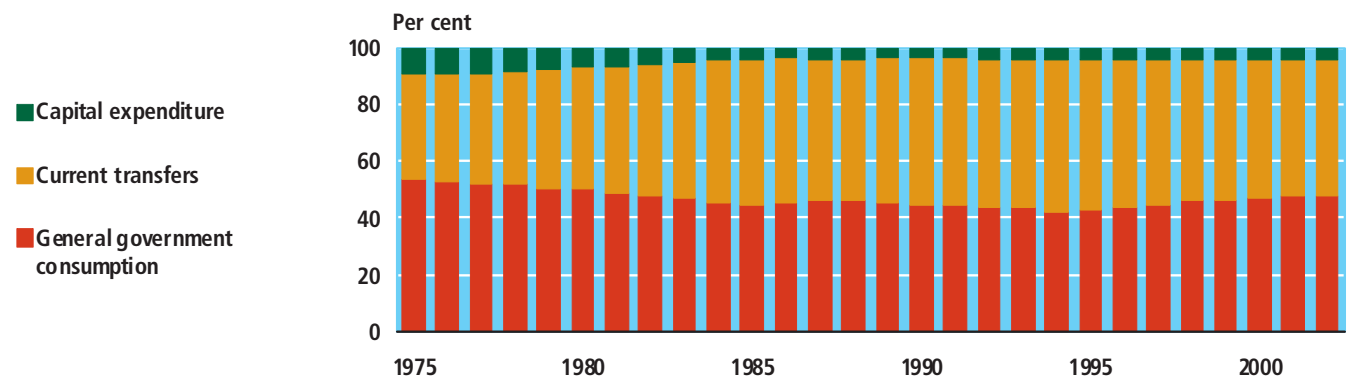
Expenditure by type of transaction

In addition to the change in public expenditure as a proportion of GDP, there has also been change in the composition of expenditure. Expenditure by type of transaction shows that general government consumption until 1994 comprises a falling proportion of total expenditure. General government consumption primarily comprises salaries and purchases of goods used in production. In the latest period 1994-2002, there has been a slight increase in general government consumption proportion of total expenditure.

On the other hand, current transfers account for a larger percentage until 1994, but the share decreased slightly again in the period 1994-2002. In 2003 the share raised a bit. Current transfers are primarily transfers to households (pensions, unemployment benefits, etc.) and interest. Also the percentage of capital expenditure has fallen until the mid eighties, but has since then showed a relatively constant share of public expenditure. Capital expenditure covers such things as investment in schools, hospitals, and roads.

Figure 3

General government current and capital expenditure by type of transaction 1975-2003



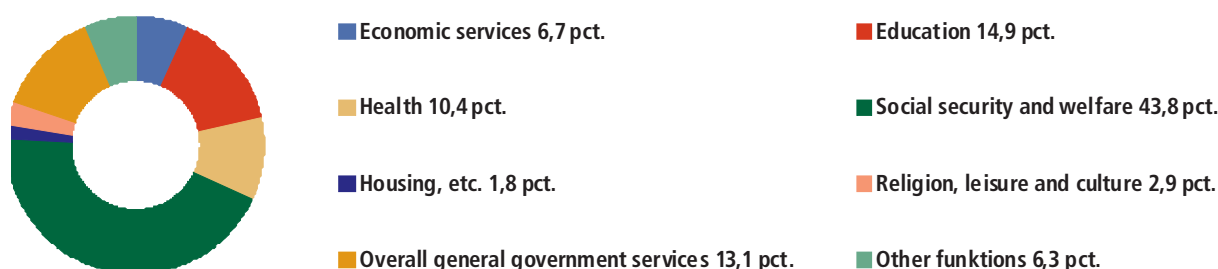
Expenditure by function

Figure 4 analyses general government expenditure by function. 73.9 per cent of expenditure in 2003 was spent on social conditions, i.e. education, health, social security and welfare, housing, religion, leisure, and culture. These areas are often considered as the core of a modern welfare state.

Expenditure on social security and welfare accounts for the largest amount of resources (43.8 per cent), which includes expenditure on, e.g. old-age pension, unemployment benefits, and cash benefits. Expenditure on education and health amounts to 14.9 per cent and 10.4 per cent of total expenditure, respectively. Expenditure on housing, religion, leisure, and culture only accounts for 1.8 per cent and 2.9 per cent, respectively.

Figure 4

Current and capital expenditure by function 2003

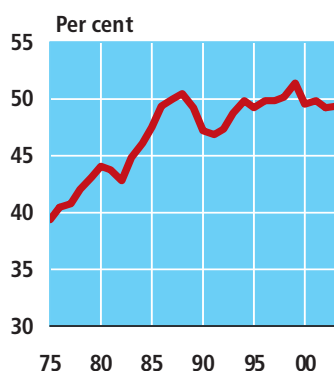


Expenditure on overall general government services amounts to 13.1 per cent and comprises general government administration etc., defence, law and order, and security. This category includes expenditure which historically has been the basis for the general government sector. Furthermore, 6.7 per cent of expenditure was spent on the economic services and 6.3 per cent on other functions. The 'other functions' category includes interest payments on public debt.

The distribution of expenditure by function has been more or less stable since 1970. However, there has been a slight increase in expenditure on social conditions which have been compensated for by a reduction in the proportion of expenditure on overall general government services and economic services.

2. Funding general government expenditure

Figure 5
Taxes and duties as a per cent of GDP 1971-2003



The tax and duties as per cent of GDP slightly lower

The growth in the general government sector is reflected in a greater need for funding where taxes and duties in particular play a decisive role. This can be seen in the tax burden which increased from 43.2 per cent in 1971 to 50.4 per cent in 1988. The period following and up to now has shown an almost constant tax burden. In 2003 the taxes amounted to 49.3 per cent of GDP.

No changes in the tax structure

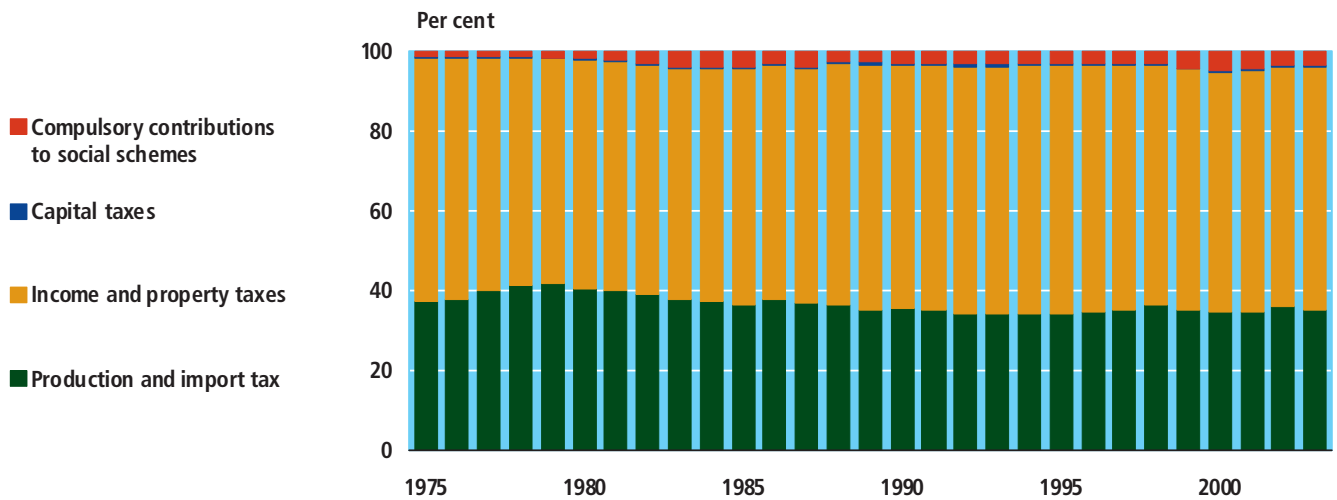
Despite the increase in the tax burden, the tax structure has not changed very much since 1971. Income and property taxes have accounted for the largest part of total tax. In 2003 they amounted to 60.9 per cent of total taxes, against 55.2 per cent in 1971. Income and property taxes are taxes on incomes earned by individuals and enterprises. (e.g. personal taxes, social security contributions, corporation tax, real interest tax), and taxes linked to the possession of property (e.g. vehicle excise duty).

Production and import taxes are another large item which primarily comprise VAT and various selective excise duties. These taxes amounted to 35.7 per cent of total taxes in 2002 against 40.8 per cent in 1971. Some production and import taxes are used to influence people's and companies' behaviour. These include, e.g. 'green' taxes which have become increasingly significant during the 1990s.

Public finance

Figure 6

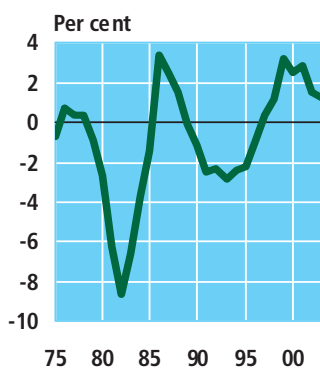
National accounts distribution of total taxes and duties 1975-2003



Capital taxes and compulsory contributions to social schemes are not significant in terms of revenue. The latter is important in other countries, but not in Denmark where welfare benefits are funded by non-earmarked taxes and where social benefits are granted without reference to people's attachment to the labour market (e.g. the state pension).

3. Developments in public finances

Figure 7
Public-sector surplus (net lending) as a per cent of GDP 1971-2003



Changes in the economic cycle

Public finances have fluctuated between surplus and deficit from 1971 to today. Changes in the economic business cycle have a significant influence on public finances. Periods of economic recovery reduce the costs of unemployment benefits and simultaneous increases revenue from taxes and duties. The opposite applies in periods of recession.

Surplus on public finances since 1997

Public finances deteriorated with the oil crises of 1973/74 and 1979/80. This trend, which from 1979 resulted in a period of deficits, was replaced by improvements in public finances between 1983 and 1986. These improvements were partly due to economic recovery in both Denmark and abroad. The positive development held firm until 1986 when the surplus on public finances amounted to 3.4 per cent of GDP. After 1986, recession in Denmark reversed this trend. The result was another period of deficits which began in 1989 and ended in 1996. Since 1997 there has been a surplus on public finances, again partly due to economic growth. The public-sector surplus described above has been applied in notifications of the public-sector deficit and public debt in connection with assessment of convergence for the EMU.

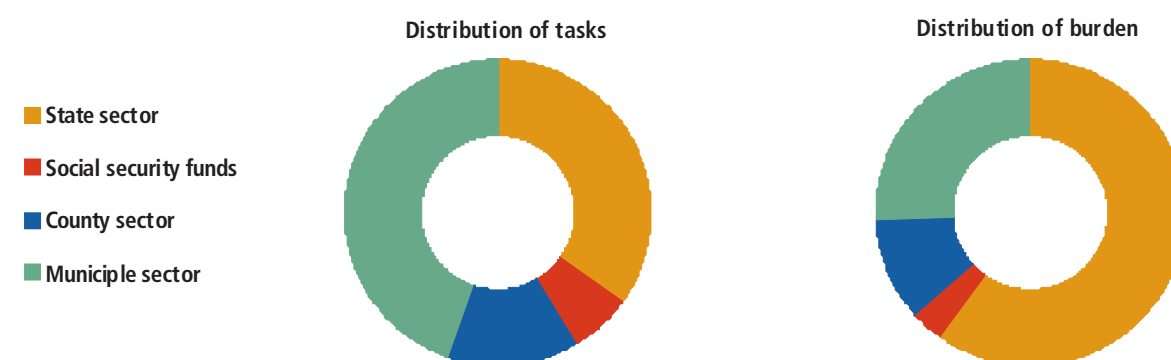
New rules account for fall in the surplus in 2002

The comparatively considerable fall in the surplus from 2001 (2.8 per cent of GDP) to 2002 (1.9 per cent of GDP) is accounted for by new rules applying to the Special Pension Scheme Savings. The new rules imply that the Scheme is no longer part of the general government sector as from 2002.

4. Distribution of tasks and burden between sub sectors

The *general government sector* can be divided into sub sectors; municipalities, counties, the state, and social security funds.

Figure 8 Distribution of tasks and burden between sub sectors 2003



In Denmark there is a high degree of division of responsibilities between the individual sub sectors. This division of responsibilities can be described by distributing expenditure according to tasks and burden. The distribution of tasks shows expenditure according to the sector which is responsible for such tasks in relation to the public. The distribution of burden shows the final distribution of expenditure between sectors after transfers between the individual sectors.

The state covers more of the expenditure than the division of responsibilities dictates. Counties, social security funds, and especially municipalities cover less expenditure than is dictated by the division of responsibilities. This is because the state refunds the other sub sectors for a number of costs, particularly statutory costs in the social area. In an international context, general government in Denmark is characterised by a high degree of decentralisation.

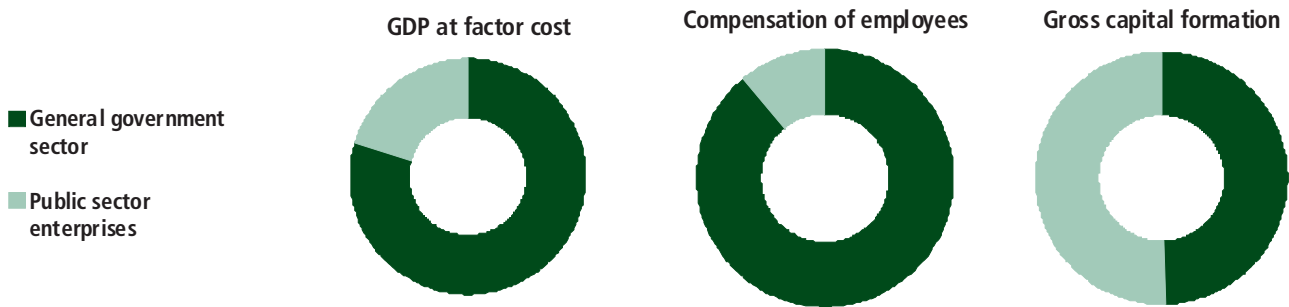
5. The public sector

21 per cent of GDP at factor cost in the public sector is created by public enterprises. Public enterprises employ only a relatively small proportion of all public employees in that no more than 11 per cent of total pay is paid by public enterprises. On the other hand, nearly half (51 per cent) of gross capital formation takes place in the public enterprises.

Public finance

Figure 9

The public sector divided into general government sector and public enterprises 2001



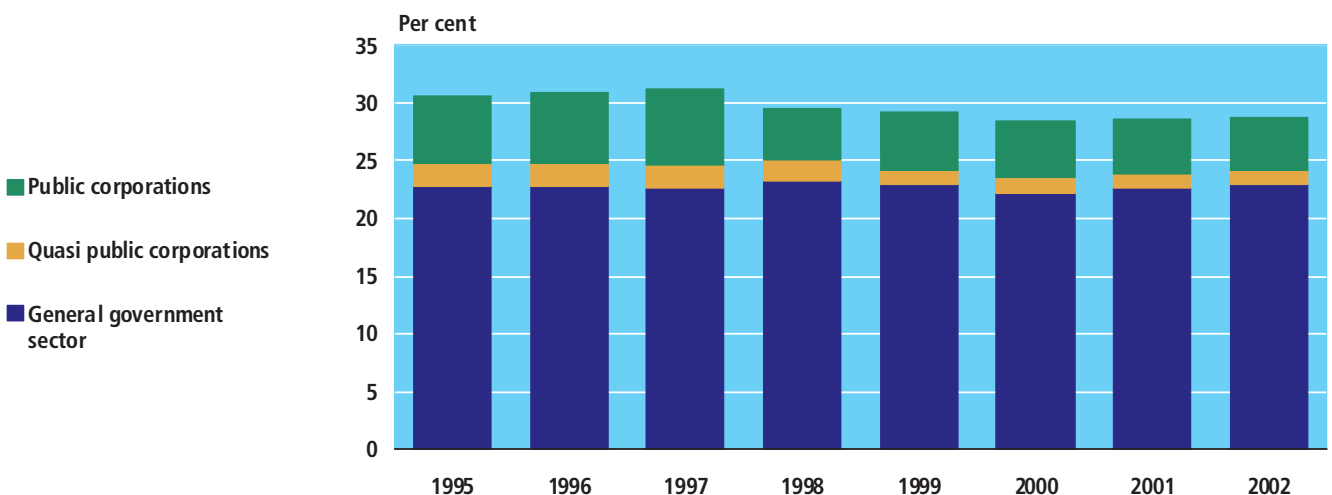
Public enterprises are quasi public corporations and public corporations. Together with the general government sector, these make up the public sector. Quasi public corporations are public institutions which are operated under market conditions and their accounts can be separated from the other state and municipal accounts. They include, for example, municipal utility companies, ports and harbours, and the Danish National Railways. Public corporations are organised according to civil law and are fully owned or majority owned by public authorities. These include A/S Great Belt Link and DONG A/S.

The size of the public sector remains almost constant

Compared with the total Danish economy, the size of the public sector has remained constant between 28-31 per cent since 1993. The shift in the size of the public sector depends on shifting preferences for privatization. In the latest years the trend has been more private ownership, which reduces the size of the public sector. Tele Denmark A/S is an example of a company which has shifted status from public corporation to private enterprise. From 1998, when the state sold its shares, Tele Denmark A/S has no longer been a public enterprise, and is therefore no longer part of the public sector.

Figure 10

GDP at factor cost for the public sector as a per cent of GDP at factor cost for the total Danish economy



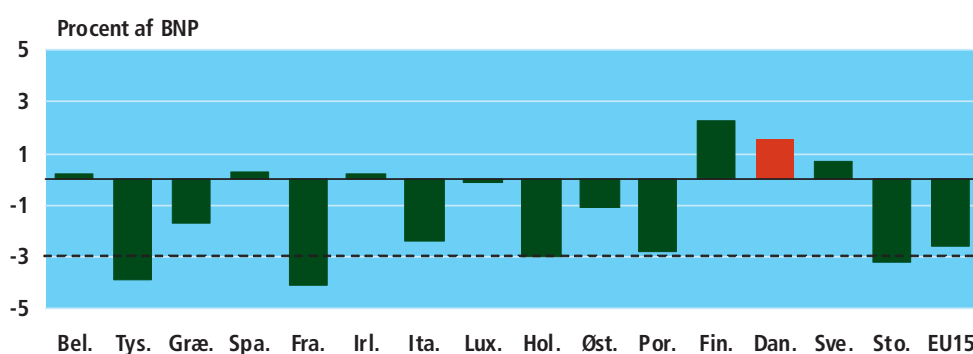
6. International comparisons

Public EMU deficit/surplus in the EU

The public EMU deficit/surplus and EMU debt in the EU serve as guide to the fiscal situation in the EU and are used in connection with what is known as the procedure for disproportionately large deficits. The procedure prescribes that the total government-budget deficit of the EU member states must not exceed the GDP by more than 3 pct., and EMU debt must not exceed the GDP by more than 60 pct. However, it is acceptable that EMU debt is above 60 pct. of the GDP, if it is declining, at a satisfactory rate, getting close to 60 pct. Furthermore, a deficit of over 3 pct. of the GDP is acceptable, if the situation is temporary.

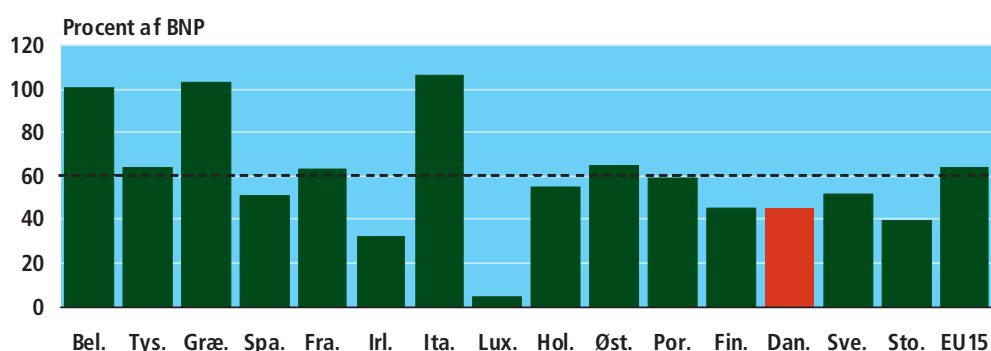
In 2003, Finland and Denmark (1.5 pct.) accounted for the highest public EMU surplus, while Germany, France and UK had a deficit above the limit of 3 pct. EU 15 accounted for an EMU deficit of 2.6 pct. in 2003.

Figure 11

EMU deficit (-) / surplus (+) as a percentage of the GDP, EU 2003

Since 1993, Denmark's EMU debt as a percentage of the GDP has declined and has made up less than 60 pct. of the GDP since 1998. France's EMU debt has exceeded the limit of 60 pct. compared to 2002. EU15 had an EMU debt of 64.0 pct. in 2003.

Figure 12

EMU debt as a percentage of the GDP, EU 2003

EMU debt is a consolidated statement of selected liabilities (at nominal value) for the general government sector. These liabilities comprise: 1) notes and coins and deposits, 2) securities, except shares and 3) loans. A more complete statement is the so called net debt (at market value), which is published, together with the

financial accounts for the general government sector. Net debt is the difference between total financial assets and liabilities.

Comparisons between countries should be made with caution, as the size of public expenditure and the tax burden is dependent, amongst other things, on whether income transfers take place as net transfers, gross transfers, or allowances. Net transfers are transfers, which are tax free for the recipient, while gross transfers are subject to tax. In Denmark, gross transfers are most prevalent which, all else being equal, means that income and expenditure is greater than in countries, which primarily use net transfers.

Table 408

Central government finance. Summary

	2003*			2004*		
	Expenditure	Revenue	Net expenditure	Expenditure	Revenue	Net expenditure
	DKK mio.					
§ 1. Queen Margrethe II	58.5	•	58.5	59.7	•	59.7
§ 2. Members of the Royal House	7.9	•	7.9	8.1	•	8.1
§ 3. Danish Parliament	787.2	•	787.2	770.6	•	770.6
§ 5. Prime Minister's Department	121.2	•	121.2	113.1	•	113.1
§ 6. Royal Danish Ministry of Foreign Affairs	12 631.3	55.0	12 576.3	12 792.3	1 456.2	11 336.1
§ 7. Ministry of Finance	3 227.4	825.8	2 401.6	3 903.3	1 178.2	2 725.1
§ 8. Ministry of Economic and Business Affairs	5 005.1	3 372.1	1 633.0	4 166.8	7 225.9	-3 059.1
§ 9. Ministry of Taxation	3 414.6	129.8	3 284.8	3 526.7	138.2	3 388.5
§ 11. Ministry of Justice	10 454.4	2 706.8	7 747.6	11 194.8	2 532.0	8 662.8
§ 12. Ministry of Defence	17 522.8	25.7	17 497.1	17 448.4	23.7	17 424.7
§ 15. Ministry of Social Affairs	96 520.8	32.0	96 488.8	100 229.4	32.7	100 196.7
§ 16. Ministry of the Interior and Health	38 970.9	9.8	38 961.1	48 911.1	9.8	48 901.3
§ 17. Ministry of Employment	83 183.3	-133.6	83 316.9	88 973.3	-6.6	88 979.9
§ 18. Ministry of Refugee, Immigration and Integration Affairs	5 387.3	•	5 387.3	3 943.2	•	3 943.2
§ 19. Ministry of Science, Technology and Innovation	12 614.1	421.8	12 192.3	13 159.9	408.9	12 751.0
§ 20. Ministry of Education	30 173.2	30.8	30 142.4	30 682.2	25.9	30 656.3
§ 21. Ministry of Culture	3 895.7	•	3 895.7	4 070.7	76.5	3 994.2
§ 22. Ministry of Ecclesiastical Affairs	434.0	•	434.0	543.5	•	543.5
§ 23. Ministry of the Environment	1 824.4	36.0	1 788.4	1 574.1	34.0	1 540.1
§ 24. Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Fisheries	2 936.4	•	2 936.4	2 453.5	•	2 453.5
§ 28. Ministry of Transport	7 819.8	597.1	7 222.7	8 035.2	643.2	7 392.0
§ 34. Labour Market Funds	•	81 373.0	-81 373.0	•	82 390.3	-82 390.3
§ 35. General reserves	6 431.7	1 000.0	5 431.7	6 688.0	1 000.0	5 688.0
§ 36. Pensions	11 475.8	•	11 475.8	12 087.7	•	12 087.7
Total	354 897.8	90 482.1	264 415.7	375 335.6	97 168.9	278 166.7
§ 37. Interests	41 950.0	7 648.0	34 302.0	37 339.3	7 851.0	29 488.3
§ 38. Taxes and duties	26 851.6	342 995.0	-316 143.4	27 672.8	349 800.0	-322 127.2
Total Surplus	423 699.4	441 125.1	-17 425.7	440 347.7	454 819.9	-14 472.2
	•	17 425.7	-17 425.7	•	14 472.2	-14 472.2
Current investment and lending budget	•	11 061.0	-11 061.0	•	10 036.3	-10 036.3
§ 40. Bond purchases. etc.	13 828.1	•	13 828.1	5 098.2	•	5 098.2
§ 41. Changes in investment portfolio. etc.	•	-7 195.1	7 195.1	•	-2 732.8	2 732.8
§ 42. Repayment of central government debt	-9 962.2	•	-9 962.2	2 205.3	•	2 205.3
Total	3 865.9	3 865.9	0	7 303.5	7 303.5	0

Source: Appropriation Act 2004.

Table 409 (continued)

Specification of central government finance, net expenditure

Current, investment and lending budget	Accounts 2002	Budget 2003	Appropriation accounts 2004
	DKK mio.		
§ 1. Queen Margrethe II	55.0	58.5	59.7
1. Central government grants	55.0	58.5	59.7
§ 2. Members of the Royal House	7.5	7.9	8.1
1. Civil list (apanage)	7.5	7.9	8.1
§ 3. Danish Parliament	748.8	787.2	770.6
1. Expenditure in connection with the Danish Parliament	562.6	590.1	567.7
2. The Ombudsman	34.9	38.6	39.8
3. Auditing	151.4	158.5	163.1
§ 5. Prime Minister's Department	117.5	121.2	113.1
1. Joint expenditure	117.5	121.2	113.1
§ 6. Royal Danish Ministry of Foreign Affairs	13 016.9	12 631.3	12 792.3
1. Foreign service, etc.	1 116.7	742.6	1 781.8
2. International organizations	360.6	361.4	383.6
3. Official assistance to developing countries	11 106.6	11 129.3	10 523.5
4. Danish Export Council	433.0	398.0	103.4
§ 7. Ministry of Finance	2 658.1	3 227.4	3 903.3
1. Public economics	-834.7	-340.2	281.7
2. Greenland and the Faroe Islands	3 492.8	3 567.6	3 621.6
Greenland	2 877.3	2 952.1	3 006.1
The Faroe Islands	615.5	615.5	615.5
§ 8. Ministry of Economics and Business Affairs	5 560.5	5 005.1	4 166.8
1. Joint expenditure	148.5	169.9	171.5
2. Business adjustment and consumer conditions	500.0	453.5	420.5
3. Industry development and housing	658.6	653.0	444.3
4. Subsidized housing construction, etc.	2 612.1	2 282.7	1 898.7
5. Statistics	209.4	216.2	227.4
6. Energy	1 081.9	846.9	616.8
7. Shipping	350.0	382.9	387.6
§ 9. Ministry of Taxation	3 413.3	3 414.6	3 526.7
1. Joint expenditure	179.5	156.7	143.7
2. Administration	3 233.7	3 257.9	3 383.0
§ 11. Ministry of Justice	10 453.4	10 454.4	11 194.8
1. Joint expenditure	244.2	243.1	252.7
2. Administration of police service	6 819.3	6 821.7	7 282.3
3. Criminal administration system	1 797.0	1 789.0	2 022.3
4. Administration of justice	1 592.9	1 600.6	1 637.5
§ 12. Ministry of Defence	17 645.2	17 522.8	17 448.4
1. Joint expenditure	158.5	265.5	243.3
2. Military defence	17 276.6	17 040.5	16 988.3
3. Civil activities	210.2	216.8	216.8
Administration of Danish waters, etc.	193.8	207.5	206.8
Other civil activities	16.3	9.3	10.0

Source: Appropriation Act 2004.

Table 409 (continued)

Specification of central government finance, net expenditure

Current, investment and lending budget	Accounts 2002	Budget 2003	Appropriation accounts 2004
	DKK mio.		
§ 15. Ministry of Social Affairs	93 360.4	96 520.8	100 229.4
1. Joint expenditure	7 292.4	7 625.0	8 304.5
2. Family/young persons' allowances	2 157.0	2 182.4	2 276.8
Family/young persons' allowances	1 978.9	2 017.4	2 083.1
Other family allowances	178.1	165.0	193.7
3. Individual rent subsidies	6 480.3	6 442.4	6 719.6
Rent subsidies paid to pensioners	5 359.3	5 469.1	5 696.6
Other individual rent subsidies	1 121.0	1 201.5	1 250.2
Repayment, depreciations etc. for rent allowance loan, rent subsidies loan and tenant's deposit loan etc..	-	-228.2	-227.2
4. Cash benefits	1 128.6	1 221.8	1 315.3
Temporary cash benefits, etc.	273.7	283.7	298.7
Help to refugees	112.3	130.8	114.6
Benefits for the care of children	712.0	715.6	776.6
Benefits for the care of disabled adults	21.3	85.6	115.1
Survivor's benefits	9.4	6.1	10.3
5. Benefits for and care of the disabled	99.9	136.8	255.0
Benefits for and care of the disabled	8.1	-	-
Benefits for and care of the disabled	91.7	136.8	255.0
6. Other social security schemes	835.1	944.0	1 047.9
Reception centres	352.7	360.3	333.5
Benefits for psychiatric patients who are not hospitalised	136.3	141.7	145.3
Benefits for socially maladjusted groups	346.1	442.0	569.1
7. Social security pension payments	75 367.2	77 968.4	80 310.3
Old-age pension	59 842.9	62 209.6	65 119.5
Highest and intermediate early retirement pension	17 181.8	16 711.3	17 297.9
Ordinary early retirement pension	5 421.8	5 433.1	4 335.6
Personal pension supplement	801.2	1 000.1	880.9
ATP contribution on early retirement pension and supplementary pension	49.6	266.4	293.5
Transfers from the Social Pension Fund	-7 930.0	-8 140.0	-8 370.0
Early retirement pension	-	487.9	752.9
§ 16. Ministry of Interior and Health	39 476.7	38 970.9	48 911.1
1. Joint expenditure	1 102.2	1 133.9	1 207.6
2. Prevention	56.0	73.0	98.3
3. Education and research	231.6	302.5	213.7
4. The primary health service	20.4	31.3	23.4
5. Hospitals, etc.	2 427.1	1 550.5	2 129.4
6. Emergency services	431.7	433.1	422.9
7. Grants, etc. to local governments	35 207.8	35 446.6	44 815.8
§ 17. Ministry of Employment	77 820.6	83 183.3	88 973.3
1. Joint expenditure	25.4	-28.1	508.0
2. Working environment	1 159.9	1 119.5	1 052.0
3. Labour market-related social assistance	56 527.9	61 749.1	68 628.2
Joint expenditure	478.4	576.1	649.5
Unemployment benefit	17 874.7	19 400.0	23 000.0
Early retirement pay	20 908.0	22 339.0	24 735.0
Transitional benefits	1 969.8	1 450.0	975.0
Cash benefits	4 412.6	4 399.2	5 056.1
Maternity benefits	5 328.2	7 894.0	8 211.0
Sickness benefits	5 439.7	5 565.0	5 900.9
Repayments	116.5	125.8	100.7

Table 409 (continued)

Specification of central government finance, net expenditure

Current, investment and lending budget	Accounts 2002	Budget 2003	Appropriation accounts 2004
	DKK mio.		
4. Labour-market services	20 107.4	20 342.8	18 785.1
Joint expenditure	110.2	110.4	95.3
Public employment offices and business services	965.1	1 037.2	923.7
Active employment efforts	13 930.9	15 936.2	14 648.0
Active labour market policy	2 401.0	373.8	278.9
Active social policy	2 327.2	2 533.9	2 569.4
Other employment-creating schemes	372.9	351.3	269.8
§ 18. Ministry of Refugee, Immigration and Integration Affairs	5 568.1	5 387.3	3 943.2
1. Joint expenditure	340.6	349.9	332.2
2. Asylum applicant	1 241.2	1 063.1	697.9
3. Integration	3 986.3	3 974.3	2 913.1
Integration programme and Danish classes	3 754.5	3 794.7	2 760.3
Efforts concerning integration on the labour market	66.4	58.1	66.7
Efforts concerning building areas	106.3	62.6	25.6
Other integration initiatives etc.	59.0	58.9	60.5
§ 19. Ministry of Science, Technology and Innovation	12 098.3	12 614.1	13 159.9
1. Joint expenditure	997.1	807.1	700.2
2. Research and further education	9 123.9	9 685.9	10 215.8
3. Danish Research Council and research training	915.0	1 113.2	1 257.7
4. Research institutions	387.8	346.4	370.4
5. Information technology, telecommunic.	37.8	51.3	41.9
6. Competence and technology	636.6	610.2	573.9
§ 20. Ministry of Education	28 883.7	30 173.2	30 682.2
1. Administration, etc.	95.6	1 480.9	1 357.2
2. Basic school	2 317.8	2 352.9	2 069.2
3. Vocationally-oriented youth education	4 683.3	4 907.2	6 127.5
4. General and vocational upper-secondary education	2 054.0	2 053.8	2 105.0
5. Other youth education, etc.	704.5	645.8	619.6
6. Further education, etc.	4 070.0	3 920.8	3 988.4
7. Community education and adult, and further education and training	3 205.9	2 570.6	2 392.3
8. Cross-disciplinary and international activities	653.9	622.2	637.5
9. Assistance schemes, etc.	11 098.7	11 619.0	11 385.5
State Education Fund's financial assistance to students	8 808.2	9 271.8	9 712.1
Transport assistance	146.9	149.1	150.9
Adult education assistance	1 610.9	1 615.0	631.0
Other assistance schemes	532.7	583.1	891.5

Table 409 (continued)

Specification of central government finance, net expenditure

Current, investment and lending budget	Accounts 2002	Budget 2003	Appropriation accounts 2004
	DKK mio.		
§ 21. Ministry of Culture Affairs	3 751.3	3 895.7	4 070.7
1. Joint expenditure	198.7	215.1	249.1
2. Artistic and literary activities	1 499.5	1 598.2	1 656.1
Financial assistance to artists, authors, etc.	282.6	503.1	553.9
Music	262.9	193.9	181.2
Theatres	605.0	549.3	561.5
Films	348.9	351.9	359.5
3. Preservation and presentation of the cultural heritage	1 281.1	1 295.1	1 354.8
Libraries	555.9	567.6	581.9
Archives, etc.	131.4	143.9	148.2
Museums, etc.	593.8	583.6	624.7
4. Further education	763.6	786.9	809.1
5. Radio and TV	8.4	0.4	1.6
§ 22. Ministry of Ecclesiastical Affairs	423.6	434.0	543.5
1. Joint expenditure	41.1	41.3	45.9
2. The Danish National Church	379.9	390.2	495.1
3. Churches and cemeteries	2.6	2.5	2.5
§ 23. Ministry of Environment	1 545.5	1 824.4	1 574.1
1. Joint expenditure	152.6	160.1	138.9
2. Environmental protection	773.1	680.5	506.3
3. Environmental surveys	147.5	145.2	123.7
4. Forest and nature management	165.9	531.1	510.7
5. Geological research and surveys	145.6	137.7	126.7
6. Map production	160.8	169.8	167.8
§ 24. Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Fisheries	2 971.0	2 936.4	2 453.5
1. Joint expenditure	192.6	225.2	206.2
2. General farming and fishing	1 148.4	1 155.9	859.1
3. Control, combating of diseases and research	1 667.6	1 560.8	1 394.5
4. Market schemes	-37.6	-5.5	-6.3
§ 28. Ministry of Transport	6 847.4	7 819.8	8 035.2
1. Joint expenditure	1 035.7	1 056.3	601.4
2. Road traffic	710.1	669.6	769.7
3. Aviation and meteorology	199.9	92.6	53.9
4. Ports, coasts, and ferry services	140.2	128.2	166.7
5. Railway traffic	4 761.5	5 873.1	6 443.5
§ 34. Labour market funds	-81 581.1	-81 373.0	-82 390.3
1. Unemployment benefit fund	-81 581.1	-81 373.0	-82 390.3
§ 35. General reserves	5 502.8	6 431.7	6 688.0
1. Reserves, etc.	-	1 461.7	1 425.0
VAT rebates	5 502.8	4 970.0	5 263.0
§ 36. Pensions	9 320.1	11 475.8	12 087.7
1. Civil servants' pensions	2 588.0	2 616.1	2 722.7
2. Employees with civil servants' pensions			
Public limited companies, public utilities etc.	506.7	2 338.7	2 389.7
3. State-guarantees pension schemes	5 082.5	5 346.9	5 751.9
4. Pension schemes excl. public servants' pensions	0.6	-0.1	-0.3
5. Indexed pension schemes	1 144.1	1 125.0	1 170.0
6. Administrative expenditure, etc.	-1.8	49.2	53.7

Table 409 (continued)

Specification of central government finance, net expenditure

Current, investment and lending budget	Accounts 2002	Budget 2003	Appropriation accounts 2004
	DKK mio.		
§ 37. Interests	45 135.6	41 950.0	37 339.3
1. Interest on central government debt	42 325.0	39 409.5	34 894.9
Domestic central government debt	39 771.2	36 203.3	33 270.5
Foreign central government debt	2 553.8	3 206.2	1 624.4
2. Adjustment of provisions	2 810.6	2 540.5	2 444.4
3. Accounts with the Danish National Bank and the Mortgage Bank, etc.	-5 416.2	-5 276.7	-4 779.0
4. Social Pension Fund	335.8	623.4	106.8
5. Interest on bond purchases, etc.	-2 429.7	-2 994.7	-3 178.8
6. Regulation of provisions	-402.3	-	-
7. Interest on bond purchases, etc., plant	58.0	36.1	12.2
§ 38. Taxes and duties	-342 139.9	-341 197.0	-349 800.0
1. Taxes on income and wealth	-128 170.8	-118 498.5	125 063.0
Personal taxation	-85 513.2	-79 222.9	-72 256.4
Family allowance	-11 768.0	-12 300.0	-12 580.0
Corporation tax, etc.	-34 790.3	-32 586.0	-34 317.0
Pensions profits tax	-2 352.3	-1 800.0	-12 900.0
Stamp duties etc.	-5 421.0	-4 800.0	-5 500.0
Other taxes	-93.8	-89.6	-89.6
2. Customs and excise duties	-212 468.2	-220 922.5	-222 767.0
Value added tax	-130 234.0	-136 735.0	-139 950.0
Duties on energy products, etc.	-31 115.0	-31 425.0	-31 875.0
Duties on motor vehicles	-24 574.3	-26 435.0	-25 275.0
Environmental taxes	-9 280.9	-9 556.0	-9 161.0
Duties on gambling, etc.	-1 901.4	-1 895.0	-2 010.0
Other excise duties	-15 362.5	-14 876.5	-14 496.0
3. Labour market contributions	-3 591.1	-3 795.0	-3 720.0
4. EU schemes	-2 139.1	-2 395.0	-2 120.0
5. Interest earned, etc.	118.2	200.0	-480.0
6. Transfer to other sections	4 057.0	4 214.0	4 350.0
§ 40. Bond purchases etc.	8 909.1	13 828.1	5 098.2
1. Purchase, etc. of bonds	-0.1	-	-
2. Purchases of government loans	8 926.3	13 836.1	5 103.2
3. Inconvertible mortgage-credit loans	-17.2	-8.0	-5.0
§ 41. Changes in investment portfolio, etc.	-20 080.2	-7 195.1	-2 732.8
1. Depreciation of loss on bond issue	-95.2	-140.3	990.9
2. Changes in investment portfolio	-19 334.8	-7 147.4	-3 704.0
3. Currency exchange adjustments	-650.2	92.6	-19.7
§ 42. Repayment of central government debt	-3 232.9	-9 962.2	2 205.3
1. Repayment of domestic debt	-9 541.8	3 971.8	6 127.3
2. Repayment of foreign debt	-22.8	0.8	-
3. Borrowing from Danmarks Nationalbank	6 331.7	-13 934.8	-3 922.0

Table 410

Central government assets and liabilities

	2001		2002	
	1 January	31 December	1 January	31 December
	DKK in million			
Assets				
Assets, total	466 619,5	489 742,5	500 339,2	532 925,2
Fixed assets	219 489,3	218 854,5	222 179,3	230 542,9
Properties and plants, total	95 548,0	97 543,1	100 896,8	99 309,9
Lending and accounts receivable	114 972,5	117 654,6	117 655,7	126 056,4
Securities	7 486,7	5 500,6	5 470,6	5 172,2
Loss on bond issue, government loans	1 482,2	-1 843,8	-1 843,8	4,5
Domestic government debt	1 424,0	-2 050,9	-2 050,9	-646,9
Foreign government debt	-46,9	-25,9	-25,9	29,8
Relending	105,1	233,0	233,0	621,6
Current assets	98 972,3	122 748,1	130 020,0	154 636,0
Operating assets	245,7	205,2	218,0	248,0
Stock-in-trade	50,1	65,2	68,3	95,0
Debtors	65 329,6	77 541,1	84 797,1	106 220,9
Accounts with Danmarks Nationalbank	31 332,3	39 620,5	39 620,8	45 952,3
Cheque accounts (arrears)	-948,5	267,5	267,5	-272,5
Ministry of Finance's ordinary account	41 069,5	49 053,2	49 053,2	57 311,1
Government institutions' accounts with Danmarks Nationalbank	-8 788,7	-9 700,2	-9 700,2	-11 086,3
Liquid balance	2 014,5	5 316,1	5 316,1	2 119,8
Other assets	148 158,0	148 139,8	148 139,8	147 746,3
Assets of special funds	148 157,9	148 139,9	148 139,9	147 746,3
Social Pension Fund	146 950,1	146 938,0	146 938,0	146 602,1
Other funds	1 207,8	1 201,9	1 201,9	1 144,2
Liabilities				
Liabilities, total	466 619,5	489 742,5	500 339,2	532 925,2
Net capital	-525 918,7	-500 738,2	-497 375,8	-474 247,3
Balance	-525 918,7	-500 738,2	-497 375,8	-474,247,3
Long-term debt	705 649,0	679 957,7	679 929,2	680 143,0
Domestic government debt	589 149,2	561 763,2	561 763,2	561 509,4
Foreign government debt	84 376,5	83 794,7	83 794,7	83 729,4
Mortgage debt	90,8	1 834,5	1 834,9	29,9
Other long-term debt	32 032,5	32 565,3	32 536,4	34 874,2
Short-term debt	138 731,4	162 383,2	169 645,9	179 283,2
Short-term domestic government debt	36 846,0	49 224,0	49 224,0	63 404,0
Short-term foreign government debt	832,3	-	-	0,7
Periodic interest on government debt	14 772,5	12 465,9	12 465,9	9 258,6
Renounced commitment	65 617,0	66 160,2	73 422,9	75 269,1
Account with special funds	1 441,9	714,2	714,2	407,6
Creditors	19 221,6	33 818,9	33 818,9	30 943,1
Other liabilities	148 158,0	148 139,8	148 139,8	147 746,3
Capital for special funds	148 158,0	148 139,8	148 139,8	147 746,3

Source: Government accounts 2001 and 2002.

Table 411

Central government net borrowing requirement

	2000	2001	2002
	DKK mio.		
Net borrowing requirement	-26 999	-22 870	3 232
+Discount on new issue, foreign loans	-20	22	45
+Revaluation of foreign loans, etc.	-913	911	-210
+Discount on new issues, domestic loans	2 431	-773	3 727
+Changes in the social pension fund stock of government loans	-880	-3 162	-3 658
=Change in central government debt	-26 381	-25 872	3 136
Total indebtedness of central government per 31 December	571 560	545 688	548 824
Total domestic debt, net	486 431	461 893	465 094
Bonded debt, total	587 149	566 563	577 709
a. Ordinary bonds	506 992	494 875	497 938
b. Short-term debt certificates	81 257	70 788	79 371
c. Premium bonds	900	900	400
The Social Pension Fund stock of government bonds	-106 312	-109 474	-113 132
Liabilities to Danmarks Nationalbank, net	-31 332	-39 621	-45 952
Treasury bills	36 846	49 224	63 404
Total foreign bonded debt, net	85 209	83 795	83 730
Total domestic and foreign borrowing¹	79 994	94 862	130 990
Repayment of domestic and foreign loans, total	106 993	116 465	127 100
a. Repayment of domestic loans	90 687	97 130	102 879
b. Repayment of foreign loans	15 659	19 335	24 221
Domestic borrowing, total	69 571	78 103	108 618
a. Ordinary bonds	65 672	86 391	114 950
b. Borrowing from Danmarks Nationalbank	3 899	-8 288	-6 332
Foreign borrowing, total	10 423	16 759	22 373

¹ At nominal value.

Source: Government accounts.

Table 412**Central government debt and borrowing**

	1993	2002
	per cent of GDP	
Total central government debt	65.8	40.4
Domestic debt	62.4	46.0
Foreign debt	18.2	6.2
	DKK mio.	
Total central government borrowing	162 541	137 323
Domestic debt	135 013	114 950
Foreign debt	27 528	22 373

Table 413

Expenditure and revenue of social security funds

	Unemployment insurance funds		Labour Market Supplementary Pension Fund ¹		Employees' Guarantee Fund		All social security funds	
	2002*	2003*	2002*	2003*	2002*	2003*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio.							
Current expenditure	56 433	62 721	4 204	7 105	612	446	61 249	70 272
Consumption expenditure	3 173	3 213	466	503	41	45	3 680	3 761
Real interest, etc.	-	-	-	-	5	5	5	5
Income transfers to households	40 692	46 927	3 738	4 069	566	396	44 996	51 392
Income transfers to central government	12 568	12 581	-	2 533	-	-	12 568	15 114
Current revenue	56 784	63 453	18 391	22 556	404	699	75 579	86 708
Interests and dividends, etc.	82	80	12 057	15 945	-	-	12 139	16 025
Compulsory contributions	15 969	16 300	6 334	6 612	288	516	22 591	23 428
Transfers from central government	40 732	47 072	-	-	-	-	40 732	47 072
Other current transfers	-	-	-	-	116	183	116	183
Current surplus (gross saving)	351	732	14 187	15 452	-208	253	14 330	16 437
Capital outlays, net	201	378	713	507	-	-	914	885
Overall surplus (net lending)	150	354	13 474	14 945	-208	253	13 416	15 552

¹ From 2002, the Social Pensions Fund is no longer part of the social security funds, due to amendment to an act

Table 415

Local government accounts 2002

	Counties ¹		Copenhagen and Frederiksberg		Other municipalities		All Denmark ¹	
	Expenditure	Revenue	Expenditure	Revenue	Expenditure	Revenue	Expenditure	Revenue
	DKK mio.							
Balance, total	108 369	108 369	51 349	51 349	256 517	256 517	416 122	416 122
Current items, total	98 320	22 680	43 653	10 292	225 591	50 017	367 564	82 989
Housing and community amenities	799	241	1 395	433	5 538	2 180	7 732	2 854
Public utilities etc.	5	5	4 736	5 665	14 745	17 327	19 486	22 997
Traffic and infrastructure etc.	4 773	2 056	516	260	6 086	1 762	11 375	4 078
Education and culture	11 589	3 574	4 281	575	44 477	5 303	60 347	9 452
Of which								
Primary and lower secondary	4 106	2 408	2 721	167	36 763	4 169	43 590	6 744
Hospital services and public health insurance	58 289	6 474	7 842	6	•	•	66 131	6 480
Social and health services	17 813	9 907	21 310	2 895	133 013	20 743	172 136	33 545
Of which:								
Public assistance and care	12	0	3 832	71	16 682	325	20 526	396
Child day care	479	445	4 180	1 077	25 248	6 899	29 907	8 421
Residential care and preventative measures for children	3 367	1 862	1 186	120	8 326	1 625	12 879	3 607
Institutions and measures for elderly or handicapped	9 268	5 438	6 078	825	39 846	7 617	55 192	13 880
Early retirement pension and personal supplements	-	-	1 581	6	14 251	275	15 832	281
Daily-cash unemployment benefits	-	-	809	10	6 966	118	7 775	128
Rent allowances etc.	1	-	1 238	25	8 235	218	9 474	243
Labour-market measures etc.	522	149	658	81	3 256	541	4 436	771
Other social and health services	4 164	2 013	1 748	680	10 203	3 125	16 115	5 818
Administration etc.	5 052	423	3 573	458	21 732	2 702	30 357	3 583
State refunds, total	-	554	-	4 540	-	27 971	-	33 065
Capital items, total	2 786	312	2 870	794	14 032	4 281	19 688	5 387
Housing and community amenities	97	97	1 114	753	3 417	3 151	4 628	4 001
Public utilities etc.	0	5	786	12	2 782	491	3 568	508
Traffic and infrastructure etc.	664	32	200	9	1 163	147	2 027	188
Education and culture	345	23	408	11	3 363	88	4 116	122
Hospital services and public health insurance	1 292	91	-	-	-	-	1 292	91
Social and health services	312	55	268	3	2 839	351	3 419	409
Administration etc.	76	9	94	6	468	53	638	68
Interests²	311	454	528	397	1 466	1 745	2 305	2 596
Repayment of loans	1 114	•	2 410	•	4 646	•	8 170	•
Financing	4 701	84 369	1 888	35 213	9 266	172 503	15 855	292 085
Loans ²	•	1 883	•	1 260	•	8 843	•	11 986
General grants	-	9 861 ³	-	4 201 ⁴	-	28 665	-	42 727 ³
Settlement of VAT	4 701	-	1 888	-	9 266	-	15 855	-
Taxes	-	72 625	-	29 752	-	134 995	-	237 372
Financial changes⁵	1 137	-	-	113	1 516	-	2 540	-

Note. Expenditure is exclusive of VAT.

¹ Including Greater Copenhagen Authority. ² Excluding capital losses in connection with loans. In 2002 the capital losses amounted to DKK 115 mio. ³ Including contributions to Greater Copenhagen Authority Council and equivalent revenue of the Development Council. ⁴ Including contributions to Greater Copenhagen Authority Council. ⁵ Financial changes in the municipal sector are accounted for by a increase in liquidity of DKK 0.9 bn. and an increase in the other financial net wealth of DKK 1.6 bn.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/reg31

Table 415

Current and capital expenditure and revenue of local government¹
2002

	Housing and community amenities	Public utilities etc.	Traffic and infrastructure etc.	Education and culture	Hospital services and public health insurance	Social and health services	Administration etc.	Total
	DKK mio.							
Net expenditure, total	5 506	-449	9 138	54 890	60 852	141 597	27 343	298 877
Gross expenditure, total	12 361	23 055	13 402	64 462	67 423	175 552	30 994	387 249
Calculated costs	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	0
Depreciations	-	1 511	1	-	-	0	0	1 512
Stock changes	-	-0	-	-	-	-	-	-0
Appropriations	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
Return on investments	-1	13	1	-	-	-	-	13
Other calculated expenditure	-	12	1	-	-	-	0	13
Calculated revenue	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
Set-off account	-	-1 539	-3	-	-	-0	-0	-1 542
Compensation of employees²	2 455	2 043	2 722	37 689	25 413	68 783	18 729	157 834
Intermediate consumption	1 934	8 920	1 871	4 727	6 448	8 124	1 561	33 585
Food	14	3	5	273	342	1 593	141	2 371
Fuels and lubricants	435	6 912	613	1 106	626	1 158	191	11 041
Purchase of land and buildings	869	16	68	121	1	351	3	1 429
Acquisitions	68	69	238	154	491	241	130	1 391
Other consumption goods	548	1 920	947	3 073	4 988	4 781	1 096	17 353
External services	6 689	11 395	7 895	17 412	19 397	30 762	8 065	101 615
VAT-exempt services	1 445	1 761	3 203	3 111	4 114	6 944	1 876	22 454
Building contractors and craftsmen	2 626	3 761	3 219	3 950	1 565	3 567	561	19 249
Payments to central government	168	121	38	2 898	1 048	99	11	4 383
Payments to other local authorities	162	61	320	4 611	10 437	15 284	138	31 013
Other services	2 288	5 691	1 115	2 842	2 233	4 868	5 479	24 516
Grants and transfers	1 252	163	1 132	4 518	16 116	67 368	2 790	93 339
Civil servant pensions	156	155	88	338	637	331	2 332	4 037
Other transfers to persons	80	7	7	675	15 433	65 015	83	81 300
Other grants and transfers	1 016	1	1 037	3 505	46	2 022	375	8 002
Financial expenses	31	493	12	-	-	354	-	890
Internal expenditure and revenue³	0	41	-230	116	49	161	-151	-14
Regarding compensation of employees	296	322	587	113	21	1 368	17	2 724
Regarding intermediate consumption	18	47	20	6	472	65	14	642
Regarding services	299	81	402	162	309	274	52	1 579
Internal revenue	-613	-409	-1 239	-165	-753	-1 546	-234	-4 959
Gross revenue, total	6 855	23 504	4 264	9 572	6 571	33 955	3 651	88 372
Revenue	6 813	23 343	4 244	9 456	6 346	33 005	3 553	86 760
Rent received	913	1	16	93	97	900	37	2 057
Sales of goods and services	622	14 428	2 687	2 417	661	11 893	428	33 136
Payments from central government	636	42	394	509	1 180	1 767	411	4 939
Payments from other local authorities	155	27	223	4 920	3 831	15 261	225	24 642
Other revenue	4 487	8 845	924	1 517	577	3 184	2 452	21 986
Financial receipts	42	161	20	116	225	950	98	1 612

Note. Expenditure is exclusive of VAT.

¹Including Greater Copenhagen Authority Council. ²Income deducted from the Daily Cash Benefits Fund. ³Internal expenditure and revenue are transfers within the individual municipality unit.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/reg11

Table 416

Financial assets and liabilities of local authorities 2002

	Counties ¹	Copenhagen and Frede- riksberg municipalities	Other muni- cipalities	All Denmark ¹
	DKK mio.			
Assets, total	15 263	17 415	69 560	102 238
Liquid assets	3 667	2 688	9 061	15 416
Of which:				
Cash in hand	39	29	105	173
Bank deposits etc.	-414	1 879	231	1 696
Mortgage credit association bonds	2 844	388	5 562	8 794
Local government bonds	0	-	481	481
Central government bonds etc.	1 193	392	2 641	4 226
Liquid assets issued in other EU-countries	5	-	41	46
Short-term claims on central govt.	1 063	766	1 700	3 529
Other short-term claims	5 755	4 903	20 575	31 233
Long-term claims	3 647	6 856	20 552	31 055
Advances concerning utilities etc.	-1	1 979	5 267	7 245
Assets concerning settlement of debt for others	-1	31	3 797	3 827
Assets of trust funds etc.	1 133	192	8 608	9 933
Liabilities, total	15 263	17 415	69 560	102 238
Short-term debt to banks	286	-	1 359	1 645
Short-term debt to central government	343	1 807	5 882	8 032
Other short-term debt	9 032	3 220	19 010	31 262
Long-term debt	8 760	11 940	36 033	56 733
Of which:				
Domestic debt, total	8 760	5 233	36 927	50 920
Of which:				
Non-profit institutions with contract	253	400	896	1 549
Central govt. and Mortgage Bank	3 154	1 193	280	4 627
Other municipalities and counties	4	1	157	162
Local Gov. Pension Fund	-	-	37	37
Other insurance companies	0	-	1	1
Mortgage credit	135	492	1 686	2 313
Local Gov. Credit Association	4 616	2 837	21 015	28 468
Banks	453	-	3 859	4 312
Public issues of bonds	-	-	-	-
Other domestic long-term debt	1	210	500	711
Long-term debt, dwellings for the elderly	72	100	8 334	8 506
Long-term debt, gains from ferry service	72	-	162	234
Foreign debt, total	-	5 778	3 269	9 047
Of which:				
Public issues of bonds	-	5 778	9	5 787
Other foreign long-term debt	-	-	3 260	3 260
Liabilities of trust funds etc.	1 138	888	9 042	11 068
Liabilities concerning settlement of debt to others	-3	681	6 194	6 872
Balance account	-4 293	-192	-12 123	-16 608

¹ Including Greater Copenhagen Authority.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/reg4

Table 417

Accounts of counties 2002

	Expenditure (gross)			Capital items Total	Revenue			Expenditure -revenue = Financial changes (net revenue)	Balance sheet items at end of year	
	Current items		Total ¹		Of which		Taxes		Liquid funds	Long- term liabilities
	Total	Of which			Current and capital items					
		Hospital services and public health insurance			Social and health services					
	DKK mio.									
All counties	98 320	58 289	17 813	2 786	102 242	23 546	72 625	-1 135	3 667	8 760
Copenhagen Development Council	2 650	-	-	81	2 763	1 389	-	-32	282	-
Copenhagen County	12 906	7 912	2 464	327	13 232	2 875	12 236	1	599	2 590
Frederiksborg County	7 061	4 191	1 498	104	7 217	1 418	7 019	-52	14	760
Roskilde County	4 201	2 677	702	173	4 479	865	4 074	-104	209	513
West Zealand County	6 563	4 020	1 237	218	6 810	1 880	4 205	-29	-92	655
Storstrøms County	5 950	3 302	1 489	105	6 287	1 758	3 608	-232	121	396
Bornholms County	987	558	180	54	1 044	236	531	-2	-2	57
Funen County	10 038	6 350	1 637	245	10 266	2 429	6 585	16	792	427
South Jutland County	4 721	2 895	733	152	4 864	769	3 444	10	36	264
Ribe County	4 088	2 512	730	180	4 307	722	3 113	-39	143	294
Vejle County	6 683	3 980	1 283	342	7 153	1 600	4 955	-128	480	679
Ringkøbing County	5 022	2 861	932	80	5 323	1 015	3 767	-221	410	354
Århus County	13 394	8 344	2 389	406	13 938	3 910	9 252	-138	238	799
Viborg County	4 800	2 838	989	56	4 874	1 047	3 174	-18	102	284
North Jutland County	9 256	5 849	1 550	263	9 685	1 633	6 662	-167	335	688

Note. Expenditure is exclusive of VAT.

¹ Includes current and capital expenditure, state refunds, general subsidies, tax income, net interest income, net loans, and net expenditure on VAT settlement schemes.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/reg4 and [reg31](http://www.statbank.dk/reg31)

Table 418 (continued) **Accounts of municipalities 2002**

	Expenditure (gross)			Capital items Total	Revenue			Expenditure revenue = Financial changes (net revenue)	Balance sheet items at end of year	
	Current items		Total ²		Of which		Liquid funds		Long- term liabilities	
	Total	Of which			Current and capital items	Taxes				
										Education and culture	Social and health services
DKK mio.										
All municipalities	269 244¹	48 758	154 323	16 902	287 545	97 894	164 747	-1 398	11 750	51 207
Copenhagen	37 803	3 521	18 522	2 515	40 109	13 898	24 581	209	2 172	9 333
Frederiksberg	5 849	760	2 788	356	6 300	1 727	5 171	-95	516	1 678
Copenhagen County, total	30 357	6 260	17 688	2 159	32 846	9 925	22 733	-329	1 569	5 360
Albertslund	1 897	408	998	50	1 975	736	906	-27	-8	328
Ballerup	2 589	454	1 704	203	2 818	919	1 707	-25	31	484
Brøndby	1 891	417	1 161	104	1 980	552	965	15	247	266
Dragør	531	105	302	35	595	149	522	-29	-9	162
Gentofte	3 021	565	1 744	340	3 338	1 042	3 504	22	124	901
Gladsaxe	3 045	624	1 800	347	3 441	1 045	2 118	-51	204	389
Glostrup	1 071	219	593	51	1 112	380	680	10	71	153
Herlev	1 351	294	817	55	1 402	399	820	5	113	96
Hvidovre	2 450	421	1 530	151	2 637	719	1 537	-36	165	392
Høje Tåstrup	2 392	550	1 377	188	2 535	725	1 430	45	32	494
Ishøj	1 239	245	670	98	1 420	488	557	-82	38	441
Ledøje-Smørum	394	119	194	64	449	123	376	9	41	75
Lyngby-Tårnbæk	2 283	505	1 263	114	2 484	723	2 212	-87	132	360
Rødovre	1 924	387	1 148	55	1 976	634	1 130	3	-57	260
Søllerød	1 320	323	716	119	1 486	372	1 852	-46	121	263
Tårnby	1 698	336	978	72	1 826	554	1 190	-55	309	3
Vallensbæk	486	127	235	17	519	135	456	-17	18	172
Værløse	775	161	458	96	853	230	771	17	-3	121
Frederiksborg County, total	17 864	3 787	9 989	1 224	19 370	6 095	12 862	-282	524	3 786
Allerød	957	264	499	64	1 104	290	949	-83	110	205
Birkerød	924	232	509	66	1 003	273	905	-13	77	175
Farum	1 111	221	516	194	1 259	238	676	46	-111	371
Fredensborg-Humlebæk	893	183	523	49	949	305	699	-8	-9	224
Frederikssund	853	201	488	88	942	280	575	-1	-47	160
Frederiksværk	1 048	210	598	98	1 137	406	572	9	36	338
Græsted-Gilleleje	896	204	505	57	960	318	612	-8	22	165
Helsingø	821	151	511	37	885	290	600	-26	36	129
Helsingør	3 404	557	1 983	208	3 640	1 339	2 096	-28	68	536
Hillerød	1 930	391	1 065	117	2 096	809	1 250	-48	64	473
Hundested	456	90	270	16	468	137	268	4	24	52
Hørsholm	1 015	235	544	34	1 141	308	1 193	-91	143	69
Jægerspris	449	80	278	41	480	137	279	10	-13	82
Karlebo	1 033	242	594	12	1 043	323	619	2	29	265
Skibby	298	58	181	5	324	97	192	-22	26	67
Skævinge	232	60	123	16	241	69	159	7	-7	40
Slangerup	378	92	207	61	427	135	273	12	11	112
Stenløse	580	147	305	15	618	173	482	-23	25	162
Ølstykke	586	169	290	46	653	168	463	-21	40	161

Note. Expenditure excluding VAT

¹ Incl. hospital service for Copenhagen (DKK 6.564 mio.) and Frederiksberg (DKK 1.278 mio.). ² Includes current and capital expenditure, state refunds, general subsidies, tax income, net interest income, net loans, and net expenditure on VAT settlement schemes.

Source: Reports from individual municipalities through the municipal budget and accounts system.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/reg31 og [reg4](http://www.statbank.dk/reg4)

Table 418 (continued) **Accounts of municipalities 2002**

	Expenditure (gross)				Revenue			Expenditure revenue = financial changes (net revenue)	Balance sheet items at end of year	
	Current items		Capital items total	Total ²	Of which		Liquid funds		Long- tem liabilities	
	Total	Of which			Current and capital items	Taxes				
		Education and culture	Social and health services							
DKK mio.										
Roskilde County, total	10 654	2 439	5 919	887	11 416	3 912	7 213	125	327	2 180
Bramsnæs	381	81	231	23	426	127	273	-22	2	65
Greve	2 056	492	1 146	62	2 156	697	1 436	-38	44	401
Gundsø	567	156	305	51	606	157	488	12	6	86
Hvalsø	328	89	178	35	359	101	231	3	6	59
Køge	2 008	434	1 130	269	2 127	781	1 115	151	65	175
Lejre	302	84	160	27	326	102	262	3	27	48
Ramsø	385	91	227	29	395	108	280	19	69	57
Roskilde	2 926	567	1 599	221	3 143	1 278	1 804	4	0	901
Skovbo	557	148	312	49	626	197	383	-21	22	182
Solrød	739	216	382	80	808	234	637	11	70	80
Vallø	405	81	249	41	444	130	304	3	16	126
West Zealand County, total	14 220	2 762	8 664	812	15 232	5 127	8 040	-200	610	2 664
Bjergsted	384	68	245	34	445	153	190	-27	6	134
Dianalund	339	63	220	6	360	122	171	-15	15	59
Dragsholm	653	128	412	22	682	226	378	-7	-6	141
Fuglebjerg	311	66	193	16	312	107	160	15	-9	26
Gørlev	288	50	176	9	295	99	161	2	-3	41
Hashøj	265	47	167	30	274	82	161	22	-8	61
Haslev	636	134	374	35	677	195	399	-7	23	167
Holbæk	1 643	328	1 027	74	1 783	589	994	-64	35	380
Hvidebæk	244	47	155	11	260	78	138	-5	9	30
Høng	375	71	247	23	394	137	195	4	0	17
Jernløse	231	51	134	9	253	71	149	-14	-3	42
Kalundborg	1 093	182	631	152	1 241	487	584	3	150	183
Korsør	999	178	619	41	1 040	347	515	-1	74	172
Nykøbing-Rørvig	402	52	244	19	412	164	209	9	-15	56
Ringsted	1 415	331	795	71	1 535	486	833	-49	66	267
Skælskør	542	111	316	16	592	193	313	-34	34	85
Slagelse	1 772	317	1 089	98	1 883	683	931	-14	88	298
Sorø	688	134	444	36	772	249	447	-48	116	254
Stenlille	242	54	145	5	247	69	134	1	-2	35
Svinninge	275	63	165	13	302	94	164	-14	22	40
Tornved	461	99	275	18	464	169	236	15	19	77
Trundholm	553	105	343	23	576	193	325	0	-2	23
Tølløse	409	83	248	51	433	134	253	28	1	76
Storstrøm County, total	12 783	2 236	7 784	739	13 548	5 026	6 465	-25	480	2 699
Fakse	589	98	386	31	632	224	332	-13	15	116
Fladså	301	67	182	23	335	97	182	-10	14	62
Holeby	214	37	142	2	215	72	100	1	-4	15
Holmegård	308	74	176	54	413	109	184	-53	2	140
Højreby	210	37	132	4	218	77	96	-4	10	59
Langebæk	256	51	158	5	260	83	139	1	19	64
Maribo	654	119	344	15	662	296	274	7	0	96
Møn	539	101	338	36	595	191	283	-20	50	119

Table 418 (continued) **Accounts of municipalities 2002**

	Expenditure (gross)			Capital items total	Revenue			Expenditure revenue = financial changes (net revenue)	Balance sheet items at end of year	
	Current items		Total ²		Of which		Liquidity funds		Long-term liabilities	
	Total	Of which			Current and capital items	Taxes				
										Education and culture	Social and health services
DKK mio.										
Storstrøm County (continued)										
Nakskov	968	139	630	108	1 040	436	365	36	-35	392
Nykøbing-Falster	1 375	214	812	89	1 430	601	620	33	-35	279
Nysted	268	48	158	5	273	98	126	0	-8	85
Næstved	2 221	377	1 383	132	2 335	886	1 210	19	244	412
Nørre Alslev	383	75	243	19	403	112	209	-1	49	62
Præstø	332	60	200	9	370	156	186	-28	33	116
Ravnsborg	320	40	201	51	329	121	135	42	-16	112
Rudbjerg	183	26	118	2	186	68	87	-1	6	41
Rødby	429	55	253	13	453	198	170	-11	28	41
Rønnede	293	58	171	17	314	89	185	-4	5	65
Sakskøbing	446	63	292	24	468	169	208	1	22	112
Stevns	501	110	302	33	535	183	297	0	36	92
Stubbekøbing	309	53	198	18	321	108	154	7	7	42
Suså	337	81	193	15	365	120	206	-13	19	70
Sydfalster	296	57	174	9	296	97	179	9	29	7
Vordingborg	1 051	196	598	25	1 100	435	538	-23	-10	100
Bornholm County, total	2 203	384	1 328	119	2 281	829	1 040	41	75	436
Allinge-Gudhjem	359	68	213	26	376	120	169	9	0	41
Hasle	302	63	172	4	300	107	139	6	6	85
Neksø	396	64	244	28	406	132	199	18	33	92
Rønne	819	132	493	42	871	358	384	-9	35	124
Åkirkeby	327	57	206	19	328	112	149	17	1	94
Funen County, total	22 732	4 381	13 730	1 220	24 043	8 383	12 123	-93	516	4 012
Assens	494	90	314	76	536	180	259	34	-1	92
Bogense	304	59	182	13	314	100	156	3	5	64
Broby	269	60	165	3	280	85	160	-9	11	4
Egebjerg	366	84	215	9	379	120	201	-4	-5	54
Ejby	442	89	271	26	463	150	240	4	10	59
Fåborg	767	134	489	36	827	289	434	-24	6	94
Glamsbjerg	279	72	161	19	296	99	145	2	3	58
Gudme	287	55	188	6	298	109	134	-5	10	32
Hårby	203	46	122	7	210	58	122	-1	7	19
Kerteminde	529	119	282	66	685	224	301	-89	12	202
Langeskov	269	60	143	43	284	101	155	28	22	33
Marstal	165	27	93	15	173	65	71	6	9	41
Middelfart	924	179	554	72	1 013	351	571	-15	67	183
Munkebo	282	56	167	19	302	104	149	-2	0	48
Nyborg	891	151	611	36	881	290	471	46	9	286
Nørre Åby	227	51	136	5	239	76	131	-7	26	26
Odense	9 454	1 779	5 631	421	9 861	3 621	4 920	16	49	1 170
Otterup	479	96	284	10	493	169	262	-4	-3	35
Ringe	502	104	301	20	524	172	264	-2	17	36
Rudkøbing	365	67	234	7	382	138	169	-10	16	52

Table 418 (continued) **Accounts of municipalities 2002**

	Expenditure (gross)			Capital items total	Revenue			Expenditure - revenue = financial changes (net revenue)	Balance sheet items at end of year	
	Current items		Total ²		Of which		Liquid funds		Long-term liabilities	
	Total	Of which			Current and capital items	Taxes				
										Education and culture	Social and health services
DKK mio.										
Funen County (continued)										
Ryslinge	315	65	196	11	325	100	164	1	24	9
Svendborg	2 179	367	1 326	141	2 350	849	1 110	-28	108	883
Syddjurs	197	38	116	17	216	68	98	-2	2	71
Søndersø	473	111	286	11	492	156	286	-8	11	36
Tommerup	326	79	191	33	360	100	188	-2	16	101
Tranekær	160	28	100	6	180	65	82	-13	8	53
Ullerslev	218	47	120	24	249	81	122	-8	18	62
Vissenbjerg	290	56	191	8	303	101	151	-6	14	32
Ærøskøbing	183	29	105	6	183	58	91	6	4	56
Ørbæk	283	53	183	19	295	93	147	6	2	36
Årslev	369	83	222	25	397	129	234	-3	29	41
Årup	241	47	151	10	253	82	135	-3	10	44
South Jutland County, total	10 844	2 193	6 479	787	11 601	3 669	6 229	31	418	1 816
Augustenborg	248	59	139	2	264	71	168	-15	4	48
Bov	442	89	250	59	485	158	295	17	56	76
Bredebro	157	34	93	12	165	44	90	5	25	6
Broager	257	60	148	23	262	80	150	17	14	16
Christiansfeld	380	86	222	32	413	124	232	-1	17	60
Gram	215	41	138	28	254	64	117	-10	3	73
Gråsten	323	56	186	23	336	128	168	10	8	65
Haderslev	1 475	272	916	76	1 575	526	870	-22	-41	212
Højer	132	25	79	3	133	38	76	2	2	8
Lundtoft	254	60	146	17	254	75	141	17	1	40
Løgumkloster	274	58	159	15	292	86	151	-4	34	10
Nordborg	612	119	355	58	629	224	316	42	13	111
Nørre Rangstrup	401	94	231	18	417	125	211	2	26	39
Rødding	416	92	242	37	470	129	250	-17	23	62
Rødekro	431	95	254	9	449	139	238	-10	15	29
Skærbæk	313	66	176	9	322	109	180	-1	13	35
Sundeved	193	48	106	12	204	58	123	2	13	31
Sydals	256	62	142	49	286	94	174	19	8	59
Sønderborg	1 329	241	834	115	1 481	455	752	-36	53	330
Tinglev	430	93	254	17	428	140	219	18	12	90
Tønder	570	123	325	34	593	211	315	11	31	59
Vojens	704	154	425	71	783	228	393	-8	23	184
Åbenrå	1 032	166	659	68	1 106	363	600	-7	65	173
Ribe County, total	10 719	2 155	6 116	431	11 156	4 021	5 805	-6	492	1 880
Billund	363	87	192	22	399	108	291	-14	73	38
Blåbjerg	271	60	140	6	286	86	169	-9	35	29
Blåvandshuk	201	35	108	14	219	70	131	-4	3	35
Bramming	550	133	328	50	570	167	300	29	23	10
Brørup	268	60	162	7	277	87	148	-2	24	19
Esbjerg	4 738	829	2 681	127	4 848	2 032	2 288	16	116	998
Fanø	144	25	71	6	155	51	94	-5	8	72

Table 418 (continued) **Accounts of municipalities 2002**

	Expenditure (gross)			Capital items total	Revenue			Expenditure - revenue = financial changes (net revenue)	Balance sheet items at end of year	
	Current items		Total ²		Of which		Liquid funds		Long-term liabilities	
	Total	Of which			Current and capital items	Taxes				
										Education and culture	Social and health services
DKK mio.										
Ribe County (continued)										
Grindsted	764	160	451	23	784	270	412	4	16	201
Helle	313	81	177	12	318	77	192	7	13	40
Holsted	281	61	173	11	299	79	150	-7	19	36
Ribe	766	176	443	66	838	300	456	-5	31	172
Varde	909	179	514	33	950	341	495	-8	29	120
Vejen	696	159	408	38	740	222	407	-6	58	52
Ølgod	455	110	268	16	473	131	272	-2	44	58
Vejle County, total	16 251	3 189	9 642	1 023	17 504	5 977	9 529	-230	919	2 960
Brædstrup	347	79	203	47	398	113	209	-4	14	95
Børkop	455	89	269	19	496	172	285	-22	11	64
Egtved	558	130	339	29	594	183	357	-6	21	15
Fredericia	2 510	417	1 481	111	2 569	963	1 354	52	-33	377
Gedved	392	94	235	24	409	115	234	7	-1	33
Give	576	146	329	32	606	182	328	3	44	89
Hedensted	609	152	347	39	647	196	409	1	-2	64
Horsens	2 767	488	1 738	151	2 995	991	1 587	-76	201	676
Jelling	263	60	161	35	290	92	148	9	-12	92
Juelsminde	587	123	346	17	610	200	376	-6	34	0
Kolding	3 086	601	1 746	276	3 399	1 216	1 851	-39	90	704
Lunderskov	211	54	116	17	249	78	139	-21	28	35
Nørre Snede	301	61	193	25	315	91	178	11	4	24
Tørring-Uldum	505	121	300	15	530	161	303	-10	9	63
Vamdrup	336	77	204	18	352	116	180	1	27	36
Vejle	2 748	497	1 635	168	3 045	1 108	1 591	-130	484	593
Ringkøbing County, total	11 636	2 384	7 028	606	12 398	3 951	7 008	-156	770	2 403
Avlum-Haderup	263	50	167	5	273	75	162	-6	35	4
Brande	376	79	222	17	406	117	223	-13	50	73
Egvad	399	88	232	34	417	119	217	16	12	76
Herning	2 672	555	1 591	151	2 845	987	1 664	-21	102	629
Holmsland	227	45	117	5	255	91	168	-23	52	35
Holstebro	1 757	324	1 167	110	1 925	567	1 098	-58	121	692
Ikast	978	176	599	44	1 035	344	572	-12	32	165
Lemvig	769	172	467	28	813	249	444	-16	36	188
Ringkøbing	755	155	436	55	805	270	446	5	91	54
Skjern	540	97	313	15	563	201	309	-8	80	56
Struer	765	170	457	35	800	243	487	-1	25	197
Thyborøn-Harboør	231	46	124	4	235	83	134	0	15	29
Thyholm	158	31	96	2	166	54	84	-6	9	49
Trehøje	377	97	223	19	391	120	225	5	31	5
Ulfborg-Vemb	290	60	174	13	303	85	165	0	13	60
Videbæk	471	112	282	14	495	145	271	-9	19	46
Vinderup	335	67	200	49	387	114	183	-3	29	34
Åskov	273	60	161	6	284	87	156	-6	18	11

Table 418 (continued) **Accounts of municipalities 2002**

	Expenditure (gross)				Revenue			Expenditure revenue = financial changes (net revenue)	Balance sheet items at end of year	
	Current items		Capital items total	Total ²	Of which		Liquid funds		Long- tem liabilities	
	Total	Of which			Current and capital items	Taxes				
		Education and culture	Social and health services							
	DKK mio.									
Århus County, total	32 120	5 803	18 996	2 021	34 355	12 979	17 634	-213	1 542	4 787
Ebeltoft	667	123	406	35	713	232	413	-11	15	81
Galten	422	104	250	52	474	132	280	0	19	112
Gjern	313	73	183	16	334	105	193	-5	23	26
Grenå	946	175	556	52	997	388	493	1	26	120
Hadsten	455	113	269	80	517	152	295	18	14	91
Hammel	433	97	262	40	463	155	280	10	-8	117
Hinnerup	464	136	249	43	511	171	321	-3	17	66
Hørning	322	75	187	11	331	95	219	2	-4	36
Langå	348	81	205	22	408	103	216	-37	25	113
Mariager	354	76	212	10	354	112	195	10	-2	54
Midtdjurs	328	77	202	30	354	97	185	3	-5	73
Nørhald	375	77	231	11	384	116	204	3	5	42
Nr. Djurs	337	73	212	16	358	103	185	-6	3	100
Odder	825	184	514	63	888	269	542	0	9	106
Purhus	338	85	197	11	357	94	210	-8	21	42
Randers	3 163	540	2 105	150	3 371	1 194	1 665	-57	34	664
Rosenholm	423	107	244	31	462	130	263	-8	27	93
Rougsø	386	76	249	21	411	134	182	-4	-19	130
Ry	426	113	241	51	473	133	290	4	31	141
Rønde	271	63	164	25	299	87	183	-4	25	56
Samsø	213	34	121	8	217	75	101	4	8	56
Silkeborg	2 557	496	1 475	188	2 705	1 016	1 511	41	152	421
Skanderborg	882	212	552	114	1 016	328	572	-21	50	128
Sønderhald	321	73	198	27	356	94	214	-8	35	58
Them	287	71	160	9	296	88	178	-1	23	35
Århus	16 264	2 469	9 352	905	17 306	7 376	8 244	-136	1 018	1 826
Viborg County, total	9 838	2 042	6 067	643	10 473	3 305	5 690	7	502	1 527
Bjerringbro	550	131	324	80	593	166	351	37	6	130
Fjends	297	73	172	24	324	89	169	-3	9	21
Hanstholm	269	49	160	41	322	115	150	-12	23	62
Hvorslev	260	54	156	24	277	75	156	7	35	54
Karup	271	51	173	6	278	76	156	-1	16	56
Kjellerup	531	118	334	20	567	170	307	-16	50	99
Morsø	967	180	617	86	1 013	330	528	40	39	72
Møldrup	301	64	187	26	318	101	176	10	28	58
Sallingsund	242	59	135	7	259	71	154	-9	33	27
Skive	1 251	246	783	40	1 328	476	727	-37	-8	234
Spøttrup	315	75	179	13	331	99	170	-2	17	5
Sundsøre	270	57	146	5	272	77	149	3	15	23
Sydthy	474	96	296	33	508	146	259	-1	14	104
Thisted	1 283	276	777	78	1 369	461	706	-10	120	227
Tjele	337	72	210	18	352	108	189	2	30	15

Table 418

Accounts of municipalities 2002

	Expenditure (gross)			Capital items total	Revenue			Expenditure - revenue = financial changes (net revenue)	Balance sheet items at end of year	
	Current items		Total ²		Of which		Liquid funds		Long-term liabilities	
	Total	Of which			Current and capital items	Taxes				
										Education and culture	Social and health services
DKK mio.										
Viborg County (continued)										
Viborg	1 904	376	1 224	138	2 042	649	1 188	-1	71	297
Ålestrup	316	65	194	4	320	96	155	0	4	43
North Jutland County, total	23 371	4 462	13 583	1 360	24 913	9 070	12 624	-183	317	3 686
Arden	349	79	214	16	370	111	183	-6	-3	80
Brovst	374	86	225	20	425	130	206	-31	45	81
Brønderslev	957	178	545	53	1 023	375	469	-13	62	217
Dronninglund	643	127	408	14	674	211	364	-18	2	50
Farsø	369	76	232	58	396	144	194	31	14	50
Fjerritslev	366	79	225	25	380	121	193	11	19	24
Frederikshavn	1 710	274	967	53	1 839	719	877	-76	63	347
Hadsund	439	89	271	21	470	138	261	-9	25	54
Hals	449	104	259	26	485	144	282	-9	34	27
Hirtshals	621	139	365	26	655	210	320	-9	-2	210
Hjørring	1 637	327	1 023	113	1 768	638	874	-19	-33	241
Hobro	754	141	487	50	788	296	372	17	-7	102
Læsø	132	18	63	6	138	55	60	0	3	46
Løgstør	495	93	317	21	516	172	250	0	4	57
Løkken-Vrå	390	71	250	17	407	132	204	0	36	65
Nibe	331	63	206	19	356	110	196	-6	12	71
Nørager	236	46	150	11	257	76	124	-9	15	106
Pandrup	483	88	291	13	508	161	290	-12	-1	76
Sejlfod	366	83	220	55	404	117	203	17	12	58
Sindal	403	83	254	33	455	146	195	-19	8	45
Skagen	606	110	323	41	651	224	351	-5	17	201
Skørping	412	95	241	32	431	126	257	13	-14	52
Støvring	484	129	273	23	520	148	331	-13	0	91
Sæby	773	135	472	33	818	275	414	-13	34	101
Åbybro	428	101	251	26	454	132	279	0	8	73
Ålborg	8 619	1 523	4 724	495	9 140	3 763	4 563	-25	-33	1 034
Års	545	125	327	60	585	196	312	20	-3	127

Table 419

Personal taxation. Summary table

	2002	2003	2004
Personal relief per person	DKK		
Ordinary personal relief	34 400	35 600	36 800
Single under 18 years	25 600	26 500	27 300
Basic allowance			
Basic allow. for coll. income tax, mean limit	191 200	198 000	216 800
Basic allow. for coll. income tax, upper limit	285 200	295 300	304 800
Maximum contribution to capital pension	37 600	38 900	40 100
Limit for inclusion of under-paid tax	15 100	15 600	16 100
Tax allowance per kilometre ¹	1.58/0.79	1.60/0.80	1.62/0.81
Limit value for property-value tax	3 040 000	3 040 000	3 040 000
Tax rate for State	per cent		
Lower limit for income tax	5.5	5.5	5.5
Mean limit for income tax	6.0	6.0	6.0
Upper limit for income tax	15.0	15.0	15.0
Labour market contributions	8	8	8
Special pension-scheme savings	1	1	1
Average municipal tax rates	22.1	22.2	22.2
Average county tax rates	11.9	11.9	11.9
Average local government tax rates	32.6	32.6	32.6
Average church tax rates	0.86	0.86	0.86
Calculation percent for property-value tax ²	1.0/3.0	1.0/3.0	1.0/3.0
Tax ceilings			
»Tilted« tax ceiling	59.0	59.0	59.0

¹ For the part of the journey between 25 and 100 km, and the part over 100 km respectively. There is no allowance for the first 24 km. ² For the part up to the limit and the part over the limit respectively.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/15

Table 420

Taxpayers, income and tax

	2001	2002*
	———— persons in thousands ————	
Taxable population		
Danish population, end of year	5 368	5 384
Of whom subject to assessment	4 612	4 624
	———— DKK mio. ————	
Advance assessed incomes		
+Personal income	790 189	824 674
A-income ¹	821 386	857 406
Other personal income	-31 197	-32 732
+Capital income	-46 705	-47 160
+Income deductions	32 688	35 697
+Taxable income	710 796	741 817
Provisional taxes		
+Total	287 561	293 771
A-tax	257 542	264 642
B-tax	15 616	16 247
Share tax	2 801	2 464
Voluntary payments	11 867	10 697
Section 55 refunds	-265	-279
Underpaid tax from previous years, etc.		
+Underpaid tax from previous years	3 813	3 737
+Retained profits paid	1 487	1 573
Finally assessed incomes		
+Taxable income (gross)	731 495	752 622
+Income tax relief	142 432	146 618
+Net taxable income	589 063	606 004
Final taxes		
+Total	280 398	284 417
+Central government tax (State tax)	66 486	64 023
Ordinary income tax, lower limit	40 208	38 198
Additional income tax, intermediate limit	12 428	11 647
Additional income tax, upper limit	13 741	14 108
+Church tax	4 275	4 441
+County tax	60 554	62 591
+Municipal tax	130 298	134 587
+Corporation tax	3 431	3 089
+Share tax	5 851	5 528
+Imputed income from owner-occupied dwelling	9 503	10 158
Labour market contributions	54 938	56 354
Special pension-scheme savings	6 788	6 940
Results of final assessment		
Tax overpayment minus underpayment	4 837	7 190
Tax overpayment	12 770	14 495
Tax underpayment	7 933	7 305
Tax overpayment after set-offs minus underpayment		
after set-offs (incl. interest, etc.)	4 213	7 412
Tax overpayment, etc. for refunding	12 930	14 762
Tax underpayment, etc. for collection	8 717	7 350
For collection with provisional tax	4 236	3 988
For collection separately	4 481	3 362

¹ Excluding labour market contributions.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/15

Table 421 (continued)

Local government taxation

		Municipal tax rate for personal taxation (excl. county tax)		Local government tax rate for personal taxation (municipal plus county tax)		Church tax rate ¹		Budgeted municipal income tax revenue (incl. share of seamen's income tax)			Municipal land tax rate ²	
		2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	increase	2003	2004
		per cent		per cent		per cent		DKK mio.		per cent	per mille	
	All Denmark³	22.2	22.2	32.6	32.6	0.86	0.86	143 943	147 348	2.4	15.51	15.56
101	Copenhagen	32.2	32.1	32.2	32.1	0.78	0.76	20 668	21 096	2.1	34.00	34.00
147	Frederiksberg	31.2	31.2	31.2	31.2	0.44	0.45	4 789	4 845	1.2	27.00	27.00
400	Bornholm	33.6	33.6	33.6	33.6	0.93	0.93	1 468	1 491	1.6	33.65	33.65
	All Denmark excl. Copenhagen, Frederiksberg and Bornholm	20.8	20.8	32.5	32.7	0.88	0.88	118 486	119 915	1.2	13.24	13.54
	Copenhagen County	20.1	20.1	31.8	31.8	0.61	0.61	18 821	19 041	1.2	12.74	12.79
165	Albertslund	20.6	20.6	32.3	32.3	0.71	0.71	724	730	0.8	24.00	24.00
151	Ballerup	21.1	21.1	32.8	32.8	0.65	0.67	1 304	1 311	0.6	18.00	18.00
153	Brøndby	20.0	20.0	31.7	31.7	0.77	0.77	816	832	1.9	9.00	9.00
155	Dragør	20.9	20.9	32.6	32.6	0.60	0.60	433	442	1.9	15.90	15.90
157	Gentofte	19.5	19.5	31.2	31.2	0.42	0.42	3 011	3 077	2.2	6.00	6.00
159	Gladsaxe	20.4	20.3	32.1	32.0	0.73	0.73	1 685	1 721	2.2	13.00	13.00
161	Glostrup	19.9	19.9	31.6	31.6	0.60	0.60	555	560	1.0	15.00	15.00
163	Herlev	19.9	19.9	31.6	31.6	0.73	0.73	691	703	1.8	11.40	11.40
167	Hvidovre	21.4	21.4	33.1	33.1	0.69	0.69	1 298	1 314	1.3	20.00	20.00
169	Høje Taastrup	20.3	20.6	32.0	32.3	0.80	0.80	1 170	1 209	3.3	15.00	15.00
183	Ishøj	20.4	20.9	32.1	32.6	0.80	0.80	483	497	2.9	15.00	15.00
171	Ledøje-Smørum	20.9	20.9	32.6	32.6	0.60	0.60	329	337	2.4	10.20	10.20
173	Lyngby-Taarbæk	19.9	19.9	31.6	31.6	0.52	0.55	1 829	1 843	0.7	8.30	8.30
175	Rødovre	21.0	21.0	32.7	32.7	0.68	0.68	970	982	1.2	20.80	20.80
181	Søllerød	18.6	18.4	30.3	30.1	0.48	0.51	1 480	1 411	-4.6	12.10	12.50
185	Tårnby	19.3	19.3	31.0	31.0	0.58	0.58	997	1 020	2.3	14.00	14.00
187	Vallensbæk	20.9	20.9	32.6	32.6	0.49	0.49	381	384	0.9	14.00	14.00
189	Værløse	20.5	20.5	32.2	32.2	0.60	0.60	664	667	0.5	11.00	11.00
	Frederiksborg County	20.5	20.5	32.1	32.1	0.69	0.68	11 202	11 208	0.0	14.18	14.42
201	Allerød	20.6	20.6	32.2	32.2	0.58	0.58	787	777	-1.4	18.00	16.00
205	Birkerød	19.6	19.5	31.2	31.1	0.41	0.40	777	799	2.9	8.50	8.50
207	Farum	22.8	22.8	34.4	34.4	0.68	0.68	682	686	0.5	18.00	18.00
208	Fredensborg-Humlebæk	20.1	20.1	31.7	31.7	0.54	0.54	627	642	2.4	9.50	9.50
209	Frederikssund	20.8	20.8	32.4	32.4	0.85	0.85	505	501	-0.8	14.00	14.00
211	Frederiksværk	21.6	21.6	33.2	33.2	0.85	0.85	490	500	2.1	24.00	24.00
213	Græsted-Gilleleje	19.9	19.9	31.5	31.5	0.82	0.82	500	519	3.7	18.80	18.80
215	Helsingø	19.8	19.6	31.4	31.2	0.85	0.85	487	485	-0.5	20.00	20.00
217	Helsingør	20.9	20.9	32.5	32.5	0.78	0.78	1 723	1 672	-3.0	17.50	17.50
219	Hillerød	21.1	21.0	32.7	32.6	0.66	0.66	1 129	1 121	-0.7	6.50	9.80
221	Hundested	21.7	21.7	33.3	33.3	0.77	0.77	239	244	1.7	23.00	23.00
223	Hørsholm	18.5	18.5	30.1	30.1	0.52	0.52	1 036	1 006	-2.9	8.00	8.00
225	Jægerspris	21.3	21.3	32.9	32.9	0.95	0.95	242	248	2.6	21.50	21.50
227	Karlebo	20.3	20.3	31.9	31.9	0.55	0.55	580	573	-1.1	9.00	9.00
229	Skibby	21.0	21.0	32.6	32.6	1.11	1.11	161	173	7.5	22.00	22.00
231	Skævinge	20.6	20.6	32.2	32.2	0.88	0.88	145	150	3.1	11.00	11.00
233	Slangerup	20.9	20.9	32.5	32.5	0.80	0.77	254	261	2.5	10.00	10.00
235	Stenløse	21.3	21.3	32.9	32.9	0.70	0.70	416	427	2.6	20.00	20.00
237	Ølstykke	20.7	20.7	32.3	32.3	0.70	0.70	421	425	1.0	10.00	10.00
	Roskilde County	19.9	19.9	31.4	31.4	0.85	0.85	6 347	6 395	0.8	9.43	9.92
251	Bramsnæs	20.9	20.9	32.4	32.4	0.97	0.97	241	243	0.7	18.00	18.00
253	Greve	19.1	19.1	30.6	30.6	0.73	0.73	1 280	1 303	1.8	6.00	6.00
255	Gundsø	19.9	19.9	31.4	31.4	0.70	0.70	425	423	-0.5	9.00	9.00
257	Hvalsø	21.0	21.0	32.5	32.5	0.90	0.90	210	210	0.3	18.00	17.00

¹ Church tax as a percentage of the tax-base for those subject to church tax. ² The county land tax rate amounted to 0.1 per cent in all counties in 2003 and 2004. ³ As county tax is not paid in Copenhagen, Frederiksberg and Bornholm, the difference between the average local government tax rate and the average local government and county tax rate is less than the average county tax rate.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pskat

Table 421 (continued)

Local government taxation

	Municipal tax rate for personal taxation (excl. county tax)		Local government tax rate for personal taxation (municipal plus county tax)		Church tax rate ¹		Budgeted municipal income tax revenue (incl. share of seamen's income tax)			Municipal land tax rate ²		
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	increase	2003	2004	
	per cent						DKK mio.	per cent		per mille		
Roskilde County (continued)												
259	Køge	20.8	20.7	32.3	32.2	0.90	0.90	1 000	999	-0.1	7.30	7.30
261	Lejre	17.9	17.9	29.4	29.4	0.97	0.97	227	230	1.3	10.00	10.00
263	Ramsø	19.7	19.7	31.2	31.2	0.93	0.94	236	236	-0.0	18.00	18.00
265	Roskilde	20.4	20.4	31.9	31.9	0.87	0.87	1 557	1 553	-0.3	12.00	12.00
267	Skovbo	19.7	19.7	31.2	31.2	0.80	0.80	351	361	2.8	6.00	6.00
269	Solrød	19.4	19.4	30.9	30.9	0.92	0.92	556	569	2.3	6.00	10.00
271	Vallø	19.9	19.9	31.4	31.4	1.00	1.00	264	269	1.7	11.50	11.50
West Zealand County												
		21.4	21.4	33.8	33.8	0.98	0.98	7 209	7 300	1.3	17.25	17.29
301	Bjergsted	21.3	21.3	33.7	33.7	1.20	1.20	172	174	1.3	24.00	24.00
303	Dianalund	22.0	22.0	34.4	34.4	0.85	0.85	164	168	2.2	14.00	14.00
305	Dragsholm	22.5	22.5	34.9	34.9	0.85	0.85	316	318	0.4	24.00	24.00
307	Fuglebjerg	21.8	22.5	34.2	34.9	1.20	1.20	142	150	5.6	15.00	15.00
309	Gørlev	21.0	21.0	33.4	33.4	1.10	1.10	136	145	6.4	24.00	24.00
311	Hashøj	21.6	21.6	34.0	34.0	1.25	1.25	154	156	1.1	13.50	13.50
313	Haslev	22.1	22.1	34.5	34.5	0.93	0.93	364	369	1.2	16.00	16.00
315	Holbæk	20.5	20.5	32.9	32.9	0.95	0.95	867	872	0.6	12.50	12.50
317	Hvidebæk	22.2	22.2	34.6	34.6	1.15	1.15	131	130	-0.9	15.00	15.00
319	Høng	20.5	20.5	32.9	32.9	1.00	1.00	180	184	2.0	10.00	10.00
321	Jernløse	21.4	21.4	33.8	33.8	1.10	1.10	137	138	0.9	12.00	12.00
323	Kalundborg	20.2	20.2	32.6	32.6	0.88	0.88	490	498	1.5	22.00	22.00
325	Korsør	21.9	21.9	34.3	34.3	0.80	0.80	473	480	1.4	19.50	19.50
327	Nykøbing-Rørvig	21.9	21.7	34.3	34.1	1.05	1.05	194	206	6.1	24.00	24.00
329	Ringsted	21.5	21.5	33.9	33.9	1.00	1.00	759	767	1.1	12.20	12.20
331	Skælskør	21.9	21.9	34.3	34.3	1.18	1.21	276	281	1.7	19.00	19.00
333	Slagelse	20.7	20.7	33.1	33.1	0.90	0.90	863	866	0.4	15.00	15.00
335	Sorø	21.7	21.7	34.1	34.1	1.00	1.00	396	401	1.2	16.00	16.00
337	Stenlille	21.8	21.8	34.2	34.2	0.83	0.83	127	129	1.3	13.00	13.00
339	Svinninge	21.9	21.9	34.3	34.3	1.07	1.07	154	152	-1.5	16.40	16.40
341	Tornved	23.2	23.2	35.6	35.6	1.08	1.08	216	217	0.4	16.00	16.00
343	Trundholm	22.5	22.5	34.9	34.9	1.10	1.10	263	264	0.3	24.00	24.00
345	Tølløse	21.3	21.3	33.7	33.7	0.93	0.93	233	237	1.5	16.00	16.00
Storstrøm County												
		21.0	21.0	33.5	33.5	1.09	1.09	5 907	5 969	1.0	16.63	16.63
351	Fakse	21.7	21.7	34.2	34.2	1.25	1.25	297	299	0.7	19.00	18.50
353	Fladså	20.5	20.5	33.0	33.0	1.15	1.15	170	170	0.1	10.00	10.00
355	Holeby	22.2	22.2	34.7	34.7	1.35	1.25	92	94	2.1	21.00	21.00
357	Holmegaard	21.7	21.7	34.2	34.2	0.80	0.80	173	174	0.4	12.00	12.00
359	Højreby	21.9	21.9	34.4	34.4	1.25	1.25	86	88	1.6	24.00	24.00
361	Langebæk	20.8	20.8	33.3	33.3	0.90	0.90	131	133	1.6	14.00	14.00
363	Maribo	21.2	21.2	33.7	33.7	1.32	1.33	251	251	0.1	21.50	21.50
365	Møn	21.5	21.5	34.0	34.0	1.24	1.24	249	254	2.1	21.00	21.00
367	Nakskov	22.9	22.9	35.4	35.4	1.05	1.05	343	352	2.7	24.00	24.00
369	Nykøbing Falster	20.3	20.3	32.8	32.8	0.99	1.03	552	568	2.8	17.00	17.00
371	Nysted	21.2	21.2	33.7	33.7	1.30	1.30	120	119	-0.9	14.00	14.00
373	Næstved	20.1	20.1	32.6	32.6	0.97	0.97	1 108	1 118	0.8	12.00	12.00
375	Nørre Alslev	21.3	21.3	33.8	33.8	1.25	1.30	198	201	1.3	10.00	10.00
377	Præstø	20.8	20.8	33.3	33.3	1.17	1.17	167	168	0.8	16.00	16.00
379	Ravnsborg	22.5	22.5	35.0	35.0	1.20	1.20	122	124	1.6	22.50	22.50
381	Rudbjerg	21.2	21.2	33.7	33.7	1.20	1.25	80	79	-1.1	22.00	22.00
383	Rødby	22.9	22.9	35.4	35.4	1.19	1.19	154	152	-1.5	24.00	24.00
385	Rønnede	22.0	22.0	34.5	34.5	1.35	1.46	182	184	1.5	12.00	12.00
387	Sakskøbing	20.8	20.8	33.3	33.3	1.34	1.34	193	198	2.6	20.00	20.00
389	Stevns	21.7	21.7	34.2	34.2	1.25	1.22	273	269	-1.2	13.00	13.00
391	Stubbekøbing	21.3	21.3	33.8	33.8	1.20	1.25	148	148	-0.3	12.50	12.50

Table 421 (continued)

Local government taxation

	Municipal tax rate for personal taxation (excl. county tax)		Local government tax rate for personal taxation (municipal plus county tax)		Church tax rate ¹		Budgeted municipal income tax revenue (incl. share of seamen's income tax)			Municipal land tax rate ²		
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	increase	2003	2004	
	per cent						DKK mio.	per cent		per mille		
Storstrøm County (continued)												
393	Suså	21.1	21.1	33.6	33.6	1.15	1.15	190	190	0.2	14.00	14.00
395	Sydfalster	17.9	17.9	30.4	30.4	0.85	0.80	140	139	-0.7	22.30	22.30
397	Vordingborg	20.8	20.8	33.3	33.3	0.80	0.80	488	497	1.9	19.00	19.00
	Funen County	21.4	21.5	33.8	33.9	0.91	0.91	10 947	11 103	1.4	12.28	12.34
421	Assens	20.7	20.7	33.1	33.1	1.20	1.20	234	233	-0.3	6.00	6.00
423	Bogense	22.1	22.1	34.5	34.5	1.15	1.16	142	142	0.0	19.50	18.50
425	Broby	21.8	21.8	34.2	34.2	1.10	1.10	146	143	-2.4	15.00	15.00
427	Egebjerg	22.2	22.2	34.6	34.6	1.25	1.25	190	195	2.5	6.00	6.00
429	Ejby	21.4	21.4	33.8	33.8	1.25	1.25	219	220	0.6	12.00	12.00
431	Faaborg	21.8	21.8	34.2	34.2	0.95	0.98	398	399	0.2	12.50	12.50
433	Glamsbjerg	21.5	21.5	33.9	33.9	1.15	1.15	132	133	0.6	14.00	14.00
435	Gudme	22.0	22.0	34.4	34.4	1.30	1.35	133	134	1.3	6.00	6.00
437	Haarby	21.2	21.2	33.6	33.6	0.90	0.90	112	114	1.5	8.00	8.00
439	Kerteminde	20.9	20.9	33.3	33.3	1.34	1.33	267	268	0.4	19.00	19.00
441	Langeskov	20.9	20.9	33.3	33.3	0.90	0.90	140	141	1.0	10.00	10.00
443	Marstal	20.8	20.8	33.2	33.2	1.15	1.15	63	64	2.2	10.00	10.00
445	Middefart	20.3	20.3	32.7	32.7	0.75	0.75	492	506	3.0	12.00	12.00
447	Munkebo	21.6	21.6	34.0	34.0	0.58	0.58	135	137	1.7	12.00	12.00
449	Nyborg	22.2	23.2	34.6	35.6	1.10	1.10	451	484	7.2	16.00	16.00
451	Nørre Aaby	21.2	21.2	33.6	33.6	1.21	1.21	119	124	3.6	6.00	6.00
461	Odense	21.3	21.3	33.7	33.7	0.68	0.68	4 368	4 419	1.2	12.40	12.40
471	Otterup	21.4	21.4	33.8	33.8	1.25	1.15	238	239	0.5	12.00	12.00
473	Ringe	21.6	21.8	34.0	34.2	1.25	1.25	248	257	3.8	7.00	9.00
475	Rudkøbing	22.9	22.9	35.3	35.3	1.21	1.21	155	155	0.3	13.80	13.80
477	Ryslinge	22.1	22.1	34.5	34.5	0.90	0.95	159	160	1.0	8.50	8.50
479	Svendborg	21.9	21.9	34.3	34.3	0.97	0.97	986	1 004	1.8	13.00	13.00
481	Sydlangeland	22.2	22.2	34.6	34.6	1.10	1.10	89	87	-2.1	12.00	14.00
483	Søndersø	21.3	21.3	33.7	33.7	1.00	1.00	264	260	-1.8	15.00	15.00
485	Tommerup	21.6	21.6	34.0	34.0	0.80	0.80	178	180	1.1	10.00	10.00
487	Tranekær	22.5	22.5	34.9	34.9	1.40	1.40	73	74	1.3	14.00	14.00
489	Ullerslev	21.6	21.6	34.0	34.0	1.10	1.07	115	113	-2.2	17.00	17.00
491	Vissenbjerg	22.4	22.4	34.8	34.8	0.90	0.87	145	147	1.3	15.00	15.00
493	Ærøskøbing	21.5	22.5	33.9	34.9	1.40	1.40	83	88	6.6	12.00	12.00
495	Ørbæk	21.6	21.6	34.0	34.0	1.20	1.20	144	145	0.4	10.00	10.00
497	Årslev	20.6	20.6	33.0	33.0	1.04	1.00	210	212	1.2	10.00	10.00
499	Aarup	21.2	21.2	33.6	33.6	1.21	1.21	120	126	4.5	12.00	12.00
	South Jutland County	20.7	20.8	32.7	32.8	0.99	0.99	5 823	5 879	1.0	8.50	8.58
501	Augustenborg	22.4	22.4	34.4	34.4	1.07	1.07	158	161	2.0	10.00	10.00
503	Bov	21.1	21.1	33.1	33.1	0.90	0.90	272	259	-4.8	6.00	6.00
505	Bredebro	20.4	20.4	32.4	32.4	1.31	1.31	80	80	0.3	10.00	10.00
507	Broager	20.4	21.0	32.4	33.0	1.00	1.00	137	144	5.1	10.00	12.00
509	Christiansfeld	21.2	21.2	33.2	33.2	1.28	1.28	213	210	-1.6	11.00	11.00
511	Gram	22.1	22.1	34.1	34.1	1.00	1.00	111	111	0.4	9.00	9.00
513	Gråsten	19.9	19.9	31.9	31.9	1.08	1.08	161	167	3.5	7.00	7.00
515	Haderslev	22.3	22.3	34.3	34.3	0.92	0.92	816	819	0.4	10.00	10.00
517	Højer	21.6	21.6	33.6	33.6	1.50	1.40	62	62	-0.2	11.00	11.00
519	Lundholt	21.8	21.8	33.8	33.8	0.99	0.99	132	139	4.7	9.00	9.00
521	Løgumkloster	20.3	20.3	32.3	32.3	1.30	1.30	147	149	1.5	6.00	6.00
523	Nordborg	20.4	20.4	32.4	32.4	0.86	0.89	318	320	0.8	10.00	10.00
525	Nørre Rangstrup	21.8	21.8	33.8	33.8	1.12	1.12	206	209	1.4	6.00	6.00
527	Rødding	20.7	20.7	32.7	32.7	1.15	1.15	237	237	-0.1	6.00	6.00
529	Rødekro	18.8	18.8	30.8	30.8	0.99	0.99	221	222	0.5	10.00	10.00
531	Skærbæk	19.7	19.7	31.7	31.7	1.20	1.20	169	164	-3.4	14.00	14.00

Table 421 (continued)

Local government taxation

	Municipal tax rate for personal taxation (excl. county tax)		Local government tax rate for personal taxation (municipal plus county tax)		Church tax rate ¹		Budgeted municipal income tax revenue (incl. share of seamen's income tax)			Municipal land tax rate ²		
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	increase	2003	2004	
	per cent						DKK mio.		per cent	per mille		
South Jutland County (continued)												
533	Sundeved	20.6	20.6	32.6	32.6	0.95	0.95	123	122	-1.0	7.00	7.00
535	Sydals	20.8	20.8	32.8	32.8	1.00	0.95	159	163	2.1	15.00	15.00
537	Sønderborg	19.9	19.9	31.9	31.9	0.84	0.87	696	720	3.5	6.00	6.00
539	Tinglev	20.4	21.0	32.4	33.0	1.15	1.15	204	214	4.5	8.00	9.00
541	Tønder	19.9	20.4	31.9	32.4	1.00	1.00	292	295	1.1	6.00	6.00
543	Vojens	20.9	20.9	32.9	32.9	0.96	0.96	362	368	1.5	10.00	10.00
545	Aabenraa	20.4	20.4	32.4	32.4	0.86	0.85	548	547	-0.2	6.00	6.00
	Ribe County	20.7	20.7	32.7	32.7	0.86	0.87	5 185	5 192	0.1	13.33	13.39
551	Billund	18.2	18.9	30.2	30.9	0.70	0.70	207	220	6.4	6.00	6.00
553	Blåbjerg	21.0	21.0	33.0	33.0	1.35	1.35	138	139	0.6	20.00	20.00
555	Blåvandshuk	20.0	20.0	32.0	32.0	1.10	1.10	95	97	2.3	21.00	21.00
557	Bramming	20.4	20.4	32.4	32.4	1.04	1.03	282	284	0.7	8.00	8.00
559	Brørup	20.6	20.6	32.6	32.6	0.92	0.92	138	138	-0.2	8.00	8.00
561	Esbjerg	21.2	21.2	33.2	33.2	0.65	0.65	2 051	2 031	-1.0	17.00	17.00
563	Fanø	18.5	18.5	30.5	30.5	1.30	1.20	69	68	-1.1	24.00	24.00
565	Grindsted	20.7	20.7	32.7	32.7	0.96	0.96	387	390	0.7	9.00	9.00
567	Helle	21.0	21.0	33.0	33.0	1.30	1.25	180	181	0.6	8.00	8.00
569	Holsted	20.9	20.9	32.9	32.9	1.30	1.30	140	140	0.0	8.00	8.00
571	Ribe	20.8	20.8	32.8	32.8	1.15	1.15	422	415	-1.6	12.00	12.00
573	Varde	20.1	20.1	32.1	32.1	0.80	0.80	456	461	1.2	6.00	6.00
575	Vejen	21.0	21.0	33.0	33.0	0.92	0.90	379	382	0.8	8.00	8.00
577	Ølgod	20.4	20.4	32.4	32.4	0.85	0.95	242	247	2.0	8.00	8.00
	Vejle County	20.6	20.6	32.0	32.0	0.93	0.93	8 432	8 553	1.4	12.92	12.95
601	Brædstrup	20.8	20.9	32.2	32.3	1.14	1.14	197	202	2.3	6.00	8.00
603	Børkop	20.5	20.5	31.9	31.9	0.85	0.85	268	272	1.8	10.00	10.00
605	Egtved	20.1	20.1	31.5	31.5	0.95	0.95	334	343	2.5	6.00	6.00
607	Fredericia	20.7	20.7	32.1	32.1	0.85	0.85	1 171	1 204	2.8	16.00	16.00
609	Gedved	20.4	20.4	31.8	31.8	1.10	1.10	222	223	0.6	6.00	6.00
611	Give	21.5	21.5	32.9	32.9	1.20	1.18	315	317	0.5	8.00	8.00
613	Hedensted	19.8	19.8	31.2	31.2	1.04	1.00	385	392	1.8	6.00	6.00
615	Horsens	21.6	21.6	33.0	33.0	0.78	0.78	1 414	1 429	1.0	14.70	14.70
617	Jelling	22.6	22.5	34.0	33.9	1.17	1.17	137	136	-0.8	14.00	14.00
619	Juelsminde	18.9	18.9	30.3	30.3	1.25	1.22	339	342	0.8	8.00	8.00
621	Kolding	21.5	21.5	32.9	32.9	0.88	0.88	1 624	1 645	1.3	10.00	10.00
623	Lunderskov	21.7	21.7	33.1	33.1	0.97	1.04	129	127	-1.7	6.00	6.00
625	Nørre Snede	21.6	21.6	33.0	33.0	1.08	1.08	160	158	-0.7	9.00	9.00
627	Tørring-Uldum	21.3	21.3	32.7	32.7	1.18	1.18	278	281	1.3	10.00	10.00
629	Vamdrup	21.6	21.6	33.0	33.0	1.00	1.00	163	163	0.2	8.00	8.00
631	Vejle	18.6	18.6	30.0	30.0	0.89	0.88	1 296	1 319	1.7	24.00	24.00
	Ringkøbing County	20.7	20.7	32.7	32.7	1.02	1.03	6 370	6 556	2.9	10.60	10.50
651	Aulum-Haderup	21.2	21.2	33.2	33.2	1.05	1.10	146	147	0.3	9.00	9.00
653	Brande	19.9	19.9	31.9	31.9	1.04	1.02	187	207	10.5	6.00	6.00
655	Egvad	21.2	21.2	33.2	33.2	1.20	1.20	207	212	2.3	10.00	10.00
657	Herning	20.8	20.8	32.8	32.8	0.96	0.96	1 460	1 494	2.3	11.70	11.70
659	Holmsland	17.0	16.5	29.0	28.5	1.00	1.00	105	109	3.4	21.00	20.00
661	Holstebro	21.5	21.5	33.5	33.5	0.95	0.95	1 015	1 051	3.5	9.00	9.00
663	Ikast	20.8	20.8	32.8	32.8	0.89	0.89	530	538	1.6	6.00	6.00
665	Lemvig	20.9	20.9	32.9	32.9	1.22	1.22	418	422	1.0	12.00	12.00
667	Ringkøbing	19.9	19.9	31.9	31.9	1.15	1.15	411	448	9.0	9.00	9.00
669	Skjern	20.2	20.2	32.2	32.2	0.95	0.95	291	295	1.3	6.00	6.00
671	Struer	20.9	20.9	32.9	32.9	1.06	1.06	451	455	0.9	12.00	12.00
673	Thyborøn-Harboøre	20.3	20.3	32.3	32.3	0.95	1.15	112	112	-0.2	20.00	20.00

Table 421 (continued)

Local government taxation

	Municipal tax rate for personal taxation (excl. county tax)		Local government tax rate for personal taxation (municipal plus county tax)		Church tax rate ¹		Budgeted municipal income tax revenue (incl. share of seamen's income tax)			Municipal land tax rate ²		
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	increase	2003	2004	
	per cent						DKK mio.		per cent	per mille		
Ringkøbing County (continued)												
675	Thyholm	21.4	21.4	33.4	33.4	1.35	1.35	87	84	-3.2	8.00	8.00
677	Trehøje	19.8	19.8	31.8	31.8	1.00	1.00	211	208	-1.6	6.00	6.00
679	Ulfborg-Vemb	20.6	20.6	32.6	32.6	1.25	1.25	146	175	20.1	15.00	15.00
681	Videbæk	21.2	21.2	33.2	33.2	1.00	1.00	270	275	1.8	6.00	6.00
683	Vinderup	20.7	20.7	32.7	32.7	1.15	1.15	170	172	1.0	11.00	11.00
685	Åskov	20.7	20.7	32.7	32.7	1.10	1.10	153	153	0.3	6.00	6.00
Århus County												
		20.9	20.9	32.5	32.5	0.86	0.86	15 538	15 796	1.7	15.41	15.47
701	Ebeltoft	19.5	19.4	31.1	31.0	1.16	1.16	331	331	0.0	22.70	24.00
703	Galten	20.9	20.9	32.5	32.5	1.00	1.00	248	255	3.0	15.00	15.00
705	Gjern	21.0	21.0	32.6	32.6	1.10	1.10	174	178	2.4	13.00	13.00
707	Grenaa	21.0	21.5	32.6	33.1	0.87	0.87	427	441	3.3	18.50	20.50
709	Hadsten	20.9	20.9	32.5	32.5	1.05	1.05	274	275	0.5	11.00	11.00
711	Hammel	21.1	21.1	32.7	32.7	1.17	1.17	247	250	0.9	15.00	15.00
713	Hinnerup	20.9	20.9	32.5	32.5	0.89	0.89	289	294	1.8	12.00	12.00
715	Hørning	20.7	20.7	32.3	32.3	1.07	1.07	205	210	2.4	8.00	8.00
717	Langå	22.2	22.2	33.8	33.8	1.15	1.15	198	199	0.9	13.00	13.00
719	Mariager	21.9	21.9	33.5	33.5	1.20	1.20	188	193	2.5	10.00	10.00
721	Midtdjurs	21.7	21.5	33.3	33.1	1.05	1.05	171	169	-1.1	18.00	18.00
723	Nørhald	22.2	22.2	33.8	33.8	1.25	1.25	193	193	0.1	11.00	11.00
725	Nørre Djurs	21.9	21.9	33.5	33.5	1.25	1.25	164	168	2.3	24.00	24.00
727	Odder	20.1	20.1	31.7	31.7	1.00	1.00	470	480	2.2	13.50	13.50
729	Purhus	21.5	21.5	33.1	33.1	1.12	1.13	193	192	-0.5	14.00	14.00
731	Randers	21.6	21.6	33.2	33.2	0.75	0.75	1 496	1 521	1.7	22.00	22.00
733	Rosenholm	21.3	21.3	32.9	32.9	0.93	0.93	238	238	-0.4	20.00	20.00
735	Rougsø	22.3	22.0	33.9	33.6	1.20	1.18	181	175	-3.1	14.00	14.00
737	Ry	20.8	20.8	32.4	32.4	0.90	0.90	258	264	2.0	15.00	15.00
739	Rønde	21.3	21.3	32.9	32.9	0.93	0.93	164	167	2.0	19.00	19.00
741	Samsø	22.5	22.5	34.1	34.1	1.50	1.50	96	101	5.1	21.00	21.00
743	Silkeborg	20.5	20.5	32.1	32.1	0.90	0.90	1 348	1 374	1.9	18.00	17.50
745	Skanderborg	19.6	19.6	31.2	31.2	0.70	0.70	525	536	2.0	6.80	6.80
747	Sønderhald	21.3	21.3	32.9	32.9	1.00	1.00	200	203	1.7	7.00	7.00
749	Them	21.5	21.5	33.1	33.1	0.90	0.90	160	162	0.8	12.00	12.00
751	Århus	20.7	20.7	32.3	32.3	0.74	0.74	7 101	7 230	1.8	14.60	14.60
Viborg County												
		21.0	21.0	33.5	33.5	1.07	1.08	5 269	5 419	2.9	11.63	11.59
761	Bjerringbro	20.9	20.9	33.4	33.4	0.90	0.90	324	331	2.2	10.00	10.00
763	Fjends	20.7	20.7	33.2	33.2	1.10	1.25	163	162	-0.1	10.00	10.00
765	Hanstholm	20.8	20.8	33.3	33.3	1.20	1.20	132	142	7.5	13.00	13.00
767	Hvorslev	20.9	20.9	33.4	33.4	1.05	1.05	146	153	4.7	10.00	10.00
769	Karup	21.2	21.2	33.7	33.7	0.55	0.55	154	152	-0.8	8.00	8.00
771	Kjellerup	20.6	20.6	33.1	33.1	1.14	1.14	297	298	0.6	9.00	9.00
773	Morsø	20.8	20.8	33.3	33.3	1.22	1.22	489	501	2.6	13.00	13.00
775	Møldrup	20.2	20.2	32.7	32.7	1.10	1.10	160	160	-0.0	8.50	8.50
777	Sallingsund	20.8	20.8	33.3	33.3	1.10	1.10	139	201	45.1	10.00	10.00
779	Skive	21.2	21.2	33.7	33.7	0.90	0.90	673	677	0.7	10.00	10.00
781	Spøttrup	20.5	20.5	33.0	33.0	1.15	1.15	154	163	5.7	14.00	14.00
783	Sundsøre	21.2	21.2	33.7	33.7	1.25	1.25	138	142	2.8	12.00	12.00
785	Sydthy	21.4	21.4	33.9	33.9	1.47	1.47	241	242	0.3	12.00	12.00
787	Thisted	20.9	20.9	33.4	33.4	1.20	1.20	656	656	-0.0	10.00	10.00
789	Tjele	21.0	20.9	33.5	33.4	1.20	1.20	178	182	2.1	6.00	6.00
791	Viborg	21.1	21.1	33.6	33.6	0.95	0.95	1 075	1 104	2.7	16.00	16.00
793	Aalestrup	21.4	21.4	33.9	33.9	1.20	1.20	151	152	0.7	8.00	8.00

Table 421

Local government taxation

	Municipal tax rate for personal taxation (excl. county tax)		Local government tax rate for personal taxation (municipal plus county tax)		Church tax rate ¹		Budgeted municipal income tax revenue (incl. share of seamen's income tax)			Municipal land tax rate ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	increase	2003	2004
	per cent						DKK mio.	per cent		per mille	
North Jutland County	21.4	21.4	33.4	33.4	1.04	1.04	11 436	11 506	0.6	15.57	15.64
801 Arden	21.5	21.5	33.5	33.5	1.30	1.30	174	179	2.8	14.00	14.00
803 Brovst	22.5	22.3	34.5	34.3	1.22	1.22	188	185	-1.6	12.00	12.00
805 Brønderslev	21.6	21.6	33.6	33.6	1.11	1.11	446	437	-2.1	15.00	15.00
807 Dronninglund	21.7	21.7	33.7	33.7	1.05	1.05	344	346	0.7	12.00	12.00
809 Farsø	22.1	22.0	34.1	34.0	1.25	1.20	181	180	-0.5	14.00	14.00
811 Fjerritslev	22.0	22.0	34.0	34.0	1.30	1.35	183	185	1.4	10.00	10.00
813 Frederikshavn	21.6	21.6	33.6	33.6	0.97	1.00	777	782	0.6	14.00	14.00
815 Hadsund	20.2	20.6	32.2	32.6	1.10	1.10	232	237	1.8	18.00	18.00
817 Hals	20.9	20.9	32.9	32.9	1.01	1.01	250	248	-0.7	19.00	19.00
819 Hirtshals	20.8	20.8	32.8	32.8	1.20	1.20	304	324	6.5	16.80	16.80
821 Hjørring	21.6	21.6	33.6	33.6	1.00	1.00	803	818	1.9	13.00	13.00
823 Hobro	20.5	20.5	32.5	32.5	1.00	1.00	338	340	0.6	15.00	15.00
825 Læsø	22.4	22.4	34.4	34.4	1.20	1.20	50	50	-0.8	24.00	24.00
827 Løgstør	22.5	22.5	34.5	34.5	1.25	1.15	236	241	2.1	13.00	13.00
829 Løkken-Vrå	21.6	21.6	33.6	33.6	1.34	1.34	188	190	1.2	16.80	16.80
831 Nibe	21.4	21.4	33.4	33.4	1.23	1.23	186	189	1.6	11.00	11.00
833 Nørager	22.0	22.0	34.0	34.0	1.24	1.22	119	122	2.2	13.00	13.00
835 Pandrup	20.8	20.8	32.8	32.8	1.15	1.15	242	241	-0.2	18.90	18.90
837 Sejfflod	21.4	21.2	33.4	33.2	1.16	1.18	190	195	2.6	13.00	17.25
839 Sindal	20.9	20.9	32.9	32.9	1.20	1.20	187	192	2.5	8.00	8.00
841 Skagen	21.5	21.5	33.5	33.5	1.00	1.00	292	297	1.9	24.00	24.00
843 Skørping	21.4	21.4	33.4	33.4	1.40	1.40	238	238	-0.1	17.50	17.50
845 Støvring	20.4	20.4	32.4	32.4	1.10	1.10	297	295	-0.6	12.00	12.00
847 Sæby	21.1	21.1	33.1	33.1	1.15	1.15	383	394	3.0	14.00	14.00
849 Aabybro	21.0	21.0	33.0	33.0	1.08	1.08	260	262	1.0	12.00	12.00
851 Aalborg	21.4	21.4	33.4	33.4	0.90	0.90	4 055	4 038	-0.4	17.00	17.00
861 Aars	21.4	21.9	33.4	33.9	1.15	1.15	292	299	2.5	8.00	8.00

Table 422

Taxation of corporations 2002

	Size of tax levied (size groups; total) ¹							
	Under DKK 100 000.		DKK 100 000-1 mio.		Over DKK 1 mio.		Total	
	Number of companies	Amount in DKK mio.	Number of companies	Amount in DKK mio.	Number of companies	Amount in DKK mio.	Number of companies	Amount in DKK mio.
Total	30 066	953	17 500	5 363	3 143	30 537	50 709	36 854
Agriculture, fishing, and quarrying	479	16	388	129	58	3 800	925	3 945
Manufacturing	2 090	79	2 024	672	600	5 224	4 714	5 976
Manufacturing of food, beverages, and tobacco	132	5	105	33	65	465	302	502
Manufacturing of textile, wearing apparel, and leather	109	5	90	31	30	94	229	129
Manufacturing of wood products, printing and publishing	500	18	351	107	72	238	923	363
Manufacturing of chemicals, plastic products, etc.	136	5	155	58	64	2 806	355	2 868
Manufacturing of other non-metallic mineral products, etc.	69	2	67	23	32	210	168	236
Manufacturing of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	979	38	1 115	370	300	1 217	2 394	1 625
Manufacturing of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	165	6	141	51	37	196	343	253
Electricity, gas and water supply	40	1	26	11	13	866	79	877
Construction	3 050	116	2 074	570	127	253	5 251	940
Wholesale and retail trade, hotels and restaurants	6 017	215	4 402	1 419	801	3 056	11 220	4 690
Transport, storage and communication	692	34	699	218	118	3 227	1 779	3 479
Financial intermediation, etc., business activities	10 387	317	5 315	1 628	1 120	12 859	16 822	14 804
Financial intermediation and insurance, etc.	1 841	54	843	280	344	7 365	3 028	7 700
Real estate and renting activities	3 360	95	1 446	444	263	1 153	5 069	1 692
Business activities, etc.	5 186	168	3 026	904	513	4 342	8 725	5 413
Public and personal services	1 646	60	1 111	267	47	151	2 804	478
Not known	5 395	117	1 461	449	259	1 100	7 115	1 666

¹ Including all supplements, reductions and allowances.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/15

Table 423

Customs and excise duties

	2001	2002	2003
	DKK mio.		
Customs and import duties	2 411	2 139	2 158
Value added tax	142 819	130 234	132 203
Duty on wage and salary costs	3 839	3 591	3 589
Duties on motor vehicles	21 290	24 251	22 779
Weight duty	7 406	7 943	8 017
Registration duty	12 358	14 487	12 839
Duty on third-party liability insurance	1 526	1 821	1 923
Taxes on energy products	35 112	35 963	36 514
Petrol	10 151	10 432	10 420
Certain petroleum products	7 029	7 141	7 444
Electricity	7 734	8 241	8 310
Coal	1 401	1 508	1 739
Natural gas	3 845	3 794	3 597
CO ₂	4 844	4 728	4 809
Sulphur	108	119	195
Pollution taxes	2 745	2 864	2 600
Certain retail containers ¹	875	971	951
Insecticides, herbicides, etc.	359	371	398
Waste	1 069	1 090	916
CFC	44	58	56
Chlorinated solvents	1	1	1
Nickel/cadmium batteries	20	21	14
Effluent charges	284	265	187
Nitrogen	28	27	26
Specific growth stimulants	0	0	0
PVC and phthalates	65	60	51
Duties on spirits, wine and beer	4 325	4 304	4 141
Spirits	1 666	1 699	1 516
Wine	1 188	1 167	1 159
Beer	1 471	1 438	1 466
Duties on non-alcoholic beverages	1 032	1 043	948
Coffee	275	271	261
Tea	9	9	8
Mineral water	749	763	679
Duties on chocolate, sugar confection., etc.	1 509	1 494	1 504
Chocolate, sugar confectionary	1 337	1 320	1 326
Ice-cream	172	174	178
Duties on tobacco	7 586	7 735	7 727
Cigarettes, smoking tobacco, etc.	7 453	7 613	7 608
Cigars, cheroots and cigarillos	68	66	63
Cigarette paper	65	56	56
Other duties	2 541	3 041	3 095
Electric bulbs, etc.	203	214	208
Raw materials	168	157	154
Piped water	1 414	1 432	1 416
Insurance of pleasure boats	69	69	76
Casinos	189	181	164
Passenger duty	481	512	464
Slot machines	54	484	606
Other duties	-37	-8	7
Customs and excise duties, total	225 207	216 659	217 258
European Union	-2 170	-1 604	-1 619

¹ Amount is inclusive of taxes on disposable tableware.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/15

Table 424

Public sector 2002*

	General government sector	Quasi public corporations	Public corporations	The public sector
DKK mio.				
Production account				
Output	383 025	42 199	90 562	515 785
Intermediate consumption	116 702	27 770	36 494	180 965
Gross value added	266 323	14 429	54 068	334 820
Consumption of fixed capital	26 707	4 183	10 656	41 546
Net value added	239 616	10 246	43 412	293 274
Generation of income account				
Gross value added	266 323	14 429	54 068	334 820
Taxes less subsidies on production	662	289	-954	-3
Taxes on production	662	289	-	951
Production subsidies	-	-	954	954
GDP at factor cost	265 661	14 140	55 022	334 823
Compensation of employees	238 954	6 785	22 994	268 733
Gross operating surplus	26 707	7 355	32 028	66 090
Consumption of fixed capital	26 707	4 183	10 656	41 546
Net operating surplus	-	3 172	21 372	24 544
Allocation of primary income account				
Gross operating surplus	26 707	7 355	32 028	66 090
Interest and dividends	40 608	1 005	22 611	64 224
Taxes on production and imports	237 987	-	-	237 987
Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	399 912	-	-	399 912
Actual contributions to social benefits	23 428	-	3 439	26 867
Imputed contributions to social benefits	13 279	-	-	13 279
International cooperation	1 394	-	-	1 394
Other current transfers	9 320	3 754	-515	12 559
Gross primary income	752 636	12 114	57 562	822 313
Interest and dividends	50 185	7 523	20 896	78 604
Subsidies	30 292	434	-	30 727
Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	-	-	2 720	2 720
Social contributions	238 624	41	1 867	240 532
International cooperation	22 123	9	-	22 132
Other current transfers	13 261	3	-	13 264
Gross total expenditure	354 485	8 011	25 483	387 978
Gross disposable income	398 152	4 103	32 080	434 334
Consumption of fixed capital	26 707	4 183	10 656	41 546
Net disposable income	371 445	-81	21 424	392 788
Redistribution of income account				
Gross disposable income	398 152	4 103	32 080	434 334
Adj. for the change in net equity of households and pension funds, consumption expenditure	358 509	-	-	358 509
Change in households net worth	-	-	1 642	1 642
Gross saving	39 643	4 103	30 438	74 183
Consumption of fixed capital	26 707	4 183	10 656	41 546
Net saving	12 936	-81	19 782	32 637
Capital account				
Gross saving	39 643	4 103	30 438	74 183
Capital taxes	2 538	-	-	2 538
Other capital transfers	8 463	585	-	9 048
Total gross saving and capital transfers	50 643	4 688	30 438	85 769
Gross fixed capital formation	23 937	8 975	15 552	48 465
Changes in stocks	33	-3	-	31
Acquisitions of land and rights, net	-183	-1 451	268	-1 365
Investment subsidies	5 853	-	-	5 853
Other capital transfers	-	94	-	94
Of which, public sub-sector	-	44	-	44
Net lending/borrowing	21 002	-2 928	14 618	32 693

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/off14

Table 425

Expenditure and revenue of general government

	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio.			
Current outlays, total	661 008	689 634	712 832	737 290
Consumption expenditure	323 350	343 273	358 509	369 247
Real interest, etc.	55 191	53 311	50 023	48 100
Subsidies	28 191	28 647	30 292	30 984
Other current transfers	254 276	264 402	274 007	288 959
Current revenue, total	715 003	749 808	752 636	774 857
Income on wealth, earned income, etc.	77 094	82 696	81 362	85 680
Taxes on production and import	219 845	229 388	237 987	240 283
Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	379 807	396 808	399 912	416 401
Social security contributions	29 396	29 358	22 660	23 487
Other current transfers	8 862	10 557	10 714	9 006
Capital outlays, total	28 484	29 417	29 641	28 177
Non-financial capital accumulation	21 300	22 839	23 788	22 419
Capital transfers	7 184	6 577	5 853	5 758
Capital revenue, total	6 969	6 767	11 001	7 271
Capital taxes	2 861	2 701	2 538	2 716
Other capital transfers	4 108	4 066	8 463	4 555
Current surplus (gross saving)	53 996	60 174	39 805	37 567
Overall surplus (net lending)	32 481	37 525	21 164	16 661

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/15

Table 426

Expenditure and revenue of general government 2003*

	Central government	Social security funds	Local government	General government ¹
	DKK mio.			
Current outlays, total	468 579	70 271	437 913	737 290
Consumption expenditure	101 528	3 761	263 958	369 247
Real interest, etc.	45 651	5	2 444	48 100
Subsidies	25 028	-	5 956	30 984
Other current transfers	296 372	66 505	165 555	288 959
Current revenue, total	484 984	86 708	442 639	774 857
Income on wealth, earned income, etc.	42 209	16 025	27 447	85 680
Taxes on production and import	223 625	-	16 657	240 283
Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	195 266	-	221 135	416 401
Social security contributions	59	23 428	-	23 487
Other current transfers	23 825	47 255	177 400	9 006
Capital outlays, total	11 844	885	15 496	28 177
Non-financial capital accumulation	7 462	9	14 948	22 419
Capital transfers	4 382	876	548	5 758
Capital revenue, total	5 569	-	1 750	7 271
Capital taxes	2 716	-	-	2 716
Other capital transfers	2 853	-	1 750	4 555
Current surplus (gross saving)	16 405	16 437	4 726	37 567
Overall surplus (net lending)	10 130	15 552	-9 020	16 661

¹ Consolidated, i.e. excluding internal general government transfers.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/15

Table 427

Expenditure and revenue of general government

	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio.			
Central government¹				
Current outlays	430 047	442 945	454 093	468 579
Capital outlays	14 483	13 659	12 429	11 844
Current revenue	452 889	467 828	471 320	484 984
Capital revenue	5 197	4 887	8 967	5 569
Current surplus	22 842	24 883	17 227	16 405
Overall surplus ²	13 555	16 111	13 764	10 130
Social security funds				
Current outlays	60 718	58 764	61 248	70 271
Capital outlays	458	624	914	885
Current revenue	80 465	81 448	75 578	86 708
Capital revenue	-	-	-	-
Current surplus	19 747	22 684	14 330	16 437
Overall surplus ²	19 289	22 060	13 416	15 552
Local governments, total¹				
Current outlays	378 937	400 279	419 022	437 913
Capital outlays	13 755	15 272	16 373	15 496
Current revenue	390 344	412 886	427 270	442 639
Capital revenue	1 985	2 019	2 110	1 750
Current surplus	11 407	12 607	8 247	4 726
Overall surplus ²	-363	-646	-6 016	-9 020
Of which:				
Counties				
Current outlays	89 433	95 475	99 402	103 860
Capital outlays	3 681	4 590	4 265	3 748
Current revenue	91 810	98 523	102 072	102 799
Capital revenue	256	194	118	62
Current surplus	2 377	3 048	2 670	-1 061
Overall surplus ²	-1 048	-1 348	-1 477	-4 747
Municipalities				
Current outlays	299 407	316 126	331 630	346 988
Capital outlays	10 080	10 686	12 111	11 748
Current revenue	308 437	325 685	337 207	352 775
Capital revenue	1 734	1 828	1 995	1 688
Current surplus	9 030	9 559	5 577	5 787
Overall surplus ²	685	701	4 538	-4 273

¹ Consolidated, i.e. excluding internal general-government transfers. ² Current and capital surplus = change in net debt.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/15

Table 428

Expenditure of general government sector, by type of transaction

	2001*	2002*	2003*	2004 ¹
	DKK mio.			
Total outlays	719 050	742 473	765 467	786 692
Current outlays, total	689 634	712 832	737 290	756 178
Final consumption expenditure, total	343 273	358 509	369 247	381 736
Compensation of employees	229 060	238 954	246 901	256 339
+ Consumption of fixed capital	26 290	26 707	27 063	27 427
+ Intermediate consumption	111 387	117 364	120 455	120 563
+ Social transfers in kind	17 428	19 099	19 341	20 473
+ Sales of goods and services	40 893	43 615	44 513	43 067
Income transfers, total	346 361	354 322	368 043	374 442
Interest, etc.	53 311	50 023	48 100	45 180
+ Subsidies	28 647	30 292	30 984	30 828
To public quasi-corporations	10 116	9 863	10 921	10 727
To other corporations	18 531	20 429	20 064	20 101
+ Other income transfers	264 402	274 007	288 959	298 434
To other levels of government				
To households	229 573	238 624	252 784	261 651
To NPIHs ¹	5 134	4 625	5 433	4 844
To the rest of the world (a-d)	29 695	30 759	30 742	31 939
a. To the Faeroe Islands, net	1 113	788	754	749
b. To Greenland, net	3 212	3 291	3 415	3 348
c. To the EU	11 167	13 450	13 085	14 173
d. To others	14 203	13 230	13 488	13 668
Capital outlays, total	29 417	29 641	28 177	30 515
Non-financial capital accumulation, total	22 839	23 788	22 419	24 676
Acquisition of new fixed assets	25 145	24 201	22 938	24 900
+ Acquisition of buildings, and other existing investments, net	-342	-264	-542	-275
+ Changes in inventories	11	33	0	1
+ Acquisition of land and intangible assets, net	-1 975	-183	24	50
Capital transfers, total	6 577	5 853	5 758	5 839
Investment grants and capital transfers	6 577	5 853	5 758	5 839
To public quasi-corporations	670	54	330	328
To other enterprises	3 802	3 433	3 137	2 782
To other levels of government				
To households	1 904	2 191	2 110	2 549
To NPIHs ²	139	112	120	129
To the rest of the world (a-d)	62	62	60	50
a. To the Faeroe Islands, net	0	1	1	0
b. To Greenland, net	34	36	32	22
c. To the EU	-	-	-	-
d. To others	27	26	27	28

¹ Budget figures. ² To non-profit institutions (households).

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/off16

Table 429

Revenue of general government sector, by type of transaction

	2001*	2002*	2003*	2004 ¹
	DKK mio.			
Current plus capital revenue	756 575	763 637	782 128	801 726
Current revenue, total	749 808	752 636	774 857	794 208
Gross operating surplus	26 290	26 707	27 063	27 427
Withdrawals of income from quasi-corporations	6 112	6 594	6 289	5 797
Interest	34 449	31 462	35 306	31 004
Rents	2 485	2 552	2 716	4 426
Taxes on production and imports	229 388	237 987	240 283	249 428
Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	397 808	399 912	416 401	428 382
Compulsory social security contributions	29 358	22 660	23 487	23 955
Voluntary social contributions	734	768	719	623
Imputed social contributions	12 626	13 979	13 587	14 144
Other income transfers	10 557	10 714	9 006	9 023
From other levels of government	•	•	•	•
From domestic private sector	8 509	9 320	7 739	7 873
From the rest of the world	2 047	1 394	1 267	1 149
From EU institutions	1 953	1 323	1 188	1 082
From others	94	72	80	67
Capital revenue, total	6 767	11 001	7 271	7 518
Capital taxes	2 701	2 538	2 716	2 850
Other capital transfers	4 066	8 463	4 555	4 668
From other levels of government	•	•	•	•
From domestic private sector	3 677	5 993	3 578	3 269
From the rest of the world	389	2 470	977	1 400
From EU institutions	389	2 470	977	1 400
From others	-	-	-	-
Current surplus (gross saving)	60 174	39 804	37 567	38 030
Overall surplus (net lending)²	37 525	21 164	16 661	15 034

¹ Budget figures. ² Current and capital surplus = change in net debt.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/off16

Table 430

Expenditure of general government sector, by function

Expenditure	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio.			
Total	689 492	719 050	742 473	765 467
1. Public services	88 276	93 493	96 947	100 184
General public services	56 086	58 681	61 404	64 028
General administration	23 169	24 547	25 792	28 279
External affairs	30 397	31 750	32 851	33 010
Other	2 520	2 385	2 761	2 740
Defence etc.	20 508	21 995	22 440	22 450
Law and order and safety	11 682	12 817	13 103	13 706
2. Social conditions	491 559	521 438	542 116	565 622
Education	100 036	107 491	110 515	114 394
Primary education	41 458	45 332	47 576	49 750
Secondary education	17 520	18 053	18 014	19 278
Institutions of higher education	22 090	25 136	25 652	26 272
Adult education	15 393	14 994	16 272	16 415
Subsidiary services	621	679	725	636
General administration	2 864	3 258	2 226	1 995
Other	90	39	51	48
Health	66 680	71 548	75 890	79 575
Hospitals etc.	49 103	52 427	55 510	58 579
Individual health services	16 250	17 503	18 989	19 427
General administration	985	1 082	1 204	1 154
Other	342	536	188	415
Social security and welfare services	291 423	306 620	319 695	335 486
Social security assistance	202 212	210 160	218 064	232 989
Welfare services	78 882	85 370	90 114	90 579
General administration	10 226	10 965	11 380	11 858
Other	103	125	138	60
Housing and community amenities	12 377	12 970	13 127	13 591
Housing	7 407	7 167	7 265	7 482
Community development	2 032	2 824	2 641	2 717
Sanitary services ¹	2 666	2 609	2 762	2 951
Other	272	370	460	441
Religious, recreational and cultural services	21 043	22 809	22 888	22 577
Religious services	5 520	6 118	6 209	6 175
Recreational services	6 984	7 520	7 552	7 292
Cultural services	8 215	8 868	8 849	8 810
Other services	324	303	278	300
3. Economic services	53 487	50 035	50 509	51 074
Energy supplies	2 977	2 395	2 092	1 683
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	4 292	3 937	3 748	3 992
Mining and quarrying, manufacturing and construction	1 856	2 083	1 336	1 266
Communications	24 998	24 255	24 197	25 541
Roads and transportation	14 939	13 347	13 844	14 473
Inland and coastal waterways	519	129	413	540
Public transport	9 510	10 722	9 917	10 506
Other	30	56	22	22
Commerce and industrial development	19 363	17 364	19 136	18 591
Commerce etc.	2 277	624	2 340	2 115
General industrial development	17 049	16 686	16 767	16 397
Other	37	54	29	79
4. Other functions	56 171	54 084	52 901	48 586
Expenditure by unclassified functions	56 171	54 084	52 901	48 586

¹ Taxes on waste water have been calculated net.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/off19

Table 431

Expenditure of general government and its sub-sectors, by function, 2003*

Expenditure	Central government	Social security funds	Counties	Municipalities	Transfers within general government sector	General government sector
	DKK mio.					
Total	480 423	71 156	107 609	358 736	252 457	765 467
1. Public services	79 570	-	3 239	17 505	129	100 184
General public services	45 075	-	3 231	15 850	128	64 028
General administration	9 377	-	3 170	15 769	37	28 279
External affairs	33 008	-	-	23	21	33 010
Other	2 689	-	62	58	69	2 740
Defence etc.	22 450	-	-	-	-	22 450
Law and order and safety	12 044	-	8	1 655	1	13 706
2. Social conditions	277 518	68 623	97 529	324 091	202 140	565 622
Education	56 712	-	9 414	55 541	7 273	114 394
Primary education	5 901	-	1 966	45 363	3 480	49 750
Secondary education	12 117	-	6 514	1 068	422	19 278
Institutions of higher education	25 878	-	477	11	94	26 272
Adult education	12 108	-	33	7 531	3 256	16 415
Subsidiary services	131	-	164	360	19	636
General administration	529	-	260	1 208	2	1 995
Other	48	-	-	-	-	48
Health	3 449	-	70 444	14 012	8 330	79 575
Hospitals etc.	2 153	-	55 755	8 848	8 177	58 579
Individual health services	212	-	14 191	5 156	133	19 427
General administration	685	-	470	-	1	1 154
Other	399	-	28	8	20	415
Social security and welfare services	198 945	68 623	15 999	237 663	185 745	335 486
Social security assistance	193 538	64 848	1 569	153 293	180 260	232 989
Welfare services	4 739	-	13 640	77 674	5 474	90 579
General administration	609	3 775	789	6 696	11	11 858
Other	60	-	-	-	-	60
Housing and community amenities etc.	8 122	-	830	4 785	146	13 591
Housing	6 177	-	2	1 381	78	7 482
Community development	230	-	-	2 488	1	2 717
Sanitary services ¹	1 356	-	781	880	67	2 951
Other	360	-	46	35	-	441
Religious, recreational and cultural services	10 290	-	842	12 090	646	22 577
Religious services	6 012	-	-	172	10	6 175
Recreational services	1 406	-	132	5 762	8	7 292
Cultural services	2 571	-	711	6 156	628	8 810
Other	300	-	-	-	-	300
3. Economic services	34 698	-	6 082	14 070	3 775	51 074
Energy supplies	1 711	-	-	-	28	1 683
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	3 992	-	-	-	-	3 992
Mining and quarrying, manufacturing and construction	1 014	-	27	238	13	1 266
Communications	12 239	-	4 320	9 026	44	25 541
Roads and transport	3 506	-	2 887	8 089	9	14 473
Inland and coastal waterways	539	-	1	-	-	540
Public transport	8 172	-	1 433	937	35	10 506
Other	22	-	-	-	-	22
Commerce and industrial development	15 741	-	1 734	4 806	3 690	18 591
Commerce etc.	1 557	-	102	460	5	2 115
General industrial development	14 105	-	1 632	4 345	3 685	16 397
Other	79	-	-	-	-	79
4. Other functions	88 637	2 533	758	3 070	46 412	48 586

**Expenditure by unclassified
functions**

88 637 2 533 758 3 070 46 412 48 586

¹ Taxes on waste water have been calculated net.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/15

Table 432

Subsidies

	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio.			
Subsidies, total	36 873	37 529	38 994	40 103
Analysed by recipients:				
Subsidies to quasi public corporations	8 898	10 116	9 863	10 921
Subsidies to other enterprises	18 598	18 275	20 138	19 631
Subsidies to EU schemes	9 378	9 138	8 993	9 551
Analysed by kind and scheme:				
1. Subsidies on products, total	18 551	18 869	18 441	20 196
a. EU schemes, total	7 762	7 236	7 087	7 957
Of which:				
Export subsidy schemes	2 783	1 999	2 191	1 795
Other EU schemes	4 980	5 237	4 896	6 163
b. Danish schemes, total	10 789	11 633	11 354	12 239
Of which:				
The Danish State Railways	5 833	6 597	6 164	7 008
Local government buses, etc.	1 046	1 485	1 524	1 427
2. Other subsidies on production, total	18 322	18 660	20 552	19 907
a. EU schemes, total	1 615	1 902	1 905	1 594
b. Danish schemes, total	16 707	16 758	18 647	18 313
Of which:				
Interest subsidies	4 873	5 413	5 994	5 904
Other private enterprises	5 040	5 693	7 074	7 262
Analysed by source of finance:				
a. EU schemes, total	9 378	9 138	8 993	9 551
b. EU share of EU schemes, total	8 682	8 882	8 701	9 119
c. Danish share of EU schemes, total	696	256	291	432
d. Danish schemes, total	27 496	28 391	30 001	30 552
e. Financed by Denmark, total	28 191	28 647	30 292	30 984

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/15

Table 433

Current transfers to households from the general government sector

	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio.			
Current transfers, total	221 234	229 573	238 623	252 784
Social benefits other than social transfers in kind	205 362	213 541	222 401	237 222
Civil servants' pensions	14 552	15 353	16 111	16 691
Special pension schemes	3 403	3 701	4 038	4 340
Old-age and early-retirement pensions	85 147	88 464	90 875	94 671
Early-retirement pay	21 378	21 848	22 855	24 745
Unemployment benefit	17 490	17 254	17 854	22 225
Cash benefits under Social Asst. Act	16 933	17 676	18 082	18 607
Gross rehabilitation benefit	4 210	4 806	4 813	4 767
Sickness and maternity benefit	13 108	14 270	15 662	18 888
Child and youth allowances	3 326	3 456	3 639	3 769
Sabbatical leave, child care	1 884	1 816	1 659	575
Family allowance	10 830	11 283	11 770	12 243
Housing subsidies	8 644	8 864	9 223	9 477
Other transfers	4 458	4 749	5 822	6 224
Other current transfers, total	15 872	16 032	16 222	15 562
Education grants	8 223	8 842	9 351	9 824
Sabbatical leave, education	892	494	11	0
Other	6 757	6 696	6 861	5 738

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/15

Table 434 (continued)

Total taxation

	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio.		
Total taxation	661 699	665 287	685 124
National accounts distribution:			
Danish schemes			
Taxes on production and imports	229 388	237 987	240 283
Current taxes on income, wealth etc.	397 808	399 912	416 401
Social contributions	29 358	22 660	23 487
Capital taxes	2 701	2 538	2 716
EU schemes			
Taxes on production and imports	2 443	2 190	2 238
Distribution by type of tax:			
Income taxes, total	392 010	393 702	410 189
Personal income tax	349 369	353 645	364 102
State income tax	76 818	72 687	74 802
County income tax	60 554	62 532	64 370
Municipality income tax	130 524	134 272	138 214
Church tax	4 275	4 440	4 568
Special contribution to labour market funds	59 275	61 125	62 942
Tax on imp. income from owner-occupied dwelling	9 503	10 151	10 250
Other personal income taxes	8 421	8 438	8 957
Corporation tax	41 640	38 906	39 900
Real interest tax	903	1 063	6 100
Property release and surrender tax	97	89	86
Compulsory fees, total	115	114	112
Compulsory contrib. to social-security schemes	29 358	22 660	23 487
Social contributions from employees	24 965	18 147	18 561
Social contributions from employers	4 393	4 513	4 926
Other labour market contributions	3 438	3 342	2 901
Labour market contributions from employers	3 438	3 342	2 901
Taxes on wealth, real property, etc.	24 762	26 077	27 243
Inheritance tax and gift tax	2 701	2 538	2 716
Motor vehicle weight duty	7 406	7 943	8 017
Taxes on real property	14 656	15 596	16 510
Taxes on goods and services	211 882	219 261	221 048
VAT	128 550	132 484	135 349
Tax on wage totals	3 939	3 573	3 594
Customs and import duties	2 261	1 971	2 019
Taxes on specific goods	67 591	70 536	68 391
Vehicle registration duty	12 288	14 566	12 681
Energy taxes	35 507	35 789	36 482
Pollution duties	2 724	2 886	2 594
Tobacco duties	7 582	7 735	7 795
Duties on beer, wine and spirits	4 316	4 264	3 993
Other taxes on specific goods	5 172	5 295	4 845
Taxes on specific transactions	4 964	5 480	6 216
Stamp duty	4 896	5 438	6 171
Other taxes on specific transactions	68	42	45
Taxes on specific services	4 433	5 090	5 344
Turnover tax on football pools etc.	944	916	884
Tax on insurance of vehicles and leisure craft	1 572	1 879	2 042
Other taxes on specific services	1 917	2 295	2 418
Other duties	144	126	134
Other production taxes	133	131	145

Table 434

Total taxation

	2001 [*]	2002 [*]	2003 [*]
	DKK mio.		
Distribution by receiving sub-sector			
Central government	406 892	410 861	421 666
Social security funds	29 341	22 591	23 428
Counties	68 196	70 713	72 755
Municipalities	154 826	158 932	165 038
Supranational authorities (EU)	2 443	2 190	2 238
	per cent		
Tax incidence¹, total	49.9	48.9	49.1
Taxes on production and imports	17.5	17.7	17.4
Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	30.0	29.4	29.8
Compulsory contribution to social security	2.2	1.7	1.7
Taxes on capital	0.2	0.2	0.2

¹ Taxes and duties in percentage of gross domestic product.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/off12

Table 435

Danish official aid to developing countries

	2001	2002	2003
	DKK thousand		
Total official aid	11 403 600	10 621 810	10 453 190
Bilateral aid, total	6 439 600	5 876 420	5 789 930
Projects and project aid			
Africa	2 592 600	2 311 950	2 167 960
Asia	995 600	878 780	1 107 030
Latin America	370 100	384 510	341 330
Special project aid	177 300	194 840	136 320
Grants through NGOs	985 300	892 920	866 330
Transitional assistance to the western Balkans	197 300	140 080	68 760
Aid to regional areas and localities	•	•	75 860
Personnel	596 200	483 500	492 050
Debt relief	•	160 570	110 260
Various credit facilities	249 800	165 420	83 690
Other bilateral activities	195 800	180 470	240 350
Human rights and democratising	79 600	83 400	99 980
Multilateral aid, total	4 320 200	4 087 300	4 056 000
United Nations Development Programme	525 600	439 930	448 460
United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)	213 700	191 230	192 890
United Nations Population and Health Programme	383 000	294 450	302 740
United Nations Agricultural and Food Programme	277 800	234 700	227 130
Global environmental programmes	119 500	136 920	145 210
Other United Nations aid programmes	246 800	246 490	245 310
World Bank Group	560 400	523 740	471 990
Regional banks	52 300	34 140	47 870
Regional and other funds	249 000	470 350	333 010
EU development aid	118 800	231 480	348 280
Multilateral regional aid and temporary aid	182 800	173 030	162 270
International development studies	97 800	80 760	79 250
Various multilateral contributions	137 400	100 330	115 740
Humanitarian organizations	259 000	227 130	240 840
Extraordinary humanitarian contributions and International Humanitarian Emergency	851 500	557 900	566 470
Thematic multilateral aid	44 900	144 730	128 520
Current expenditure	627 200	650 300	600 000
Purchases of real property ¹	16 600	7 790	7 270

¹ Budget receipts and outlays for 2003.

Source: Danish Ministry of Foreign Affairs, DANIDA.

Table 436

Bilateral official aid to developing countries 2003

	Programme and project aid	Other grants, aid ¹	Total ²		Programme and project aid	Other grants, aid ¹	Total ²
	DKK mio.				DKK mio.		
Total	3 897.25	1 026.39	5 789.93	East Timor	-	0.58	0.58
Africa, total	2 294.75	329.70	2 946.23	Gaza Strip	24.06	7.67	38.30
Africa	8.65	8.39	20.45	Georgia	-	-	1.41
Africa south of Sahara	7.82	1.20	10.26	India	117.14	8.58	153.17
Algeria	-	0.20	0.20	Indonesia	0.02	9.96	18.05
Angola	-	-1.12	10.60	Iran	-	3.43	3.43
Benin	131.50	9.50	141.00	Iraq	6.56	7.09	13.65
Botswana	-	1.00	1.00	Jordan	-	0.13	0.13
Burkina Faso	174.98	4.76	179.84	Kazakhstan	-	-	0.98
Cameroon	-	64.88	64.88	Kyrgyzstan	-	-2.88	0.36
Central African Republic	-	-	0.06	Laos	-	0.73	7.27
Congo, The Republic	-	-	-0.01	Lebanon	-	0.09	0.09
East Africa	-	3.79	7.17	Maldives	-	0.92	0.92
Egypt	112.84	86.08	199.92	Middle East	3.97	1.50	6.79
Eritrea	63.10	2.51	75.37	Mongolia	-	0.12	13.65
Ethiopia	-	-	19.51	Nepal	223.67	25.21	263.36
Gambia	0.46	-	0.87	North Korea	-	0.08	0.08
Ghana	324.80	19.78	371.59	Oceania	-	-	-0.01
Guinea-Bissau	-	1.00	1.00	Pakistan	-	-	2.64
Kenya	91.07	16.55	114.07	Philippines	-	3.89	18.35
Lesotho	-	0.82	0.82	Solomon Islands	-	-	0.32
Liberia	-	-	1.66	South East Asia	0.49	-	0.49
Madagascar	-	-	-0.02	Sri Lanka	12.49	3.90	16.39
Malawi	1.67	0.58	25.48	Syria	-	0.09	0.09
Mali	-	-	0.33	Thailand	-	-10.93	-12.37
Mozambique	334.29	33.84	413.91	Viet Nam	337.74	57.87	409.46
Namibia	-	-	3.92	Yemen	-	0.40	0.40
Niger	41.24	2.22	52.31	Latin America. total	344.00	50.72	524.21
Nigeria	-	-	0.68	Bolivia	157.88	13.21	188.60
Rwanda	-	-	11.71	Brazil	-	0.01	0.01
SADCC	16.00	-	20.07	The Caribbean Islands	-	-	0.25
Sahel	-	2.02	2.02	Central America	13.04	2.01	34.10
Senegal	-	-	8.72	Chile	-	0.00	0.18
Sierra Leone	-	-	1.53	Columbia	-	0.98	0.98
Somalia	8.58	0.09	8.97	Dominican Rep.	-	-	3.35
South African Republic	57.64	2.06	68.69	Ecuador	-	11.39	16.47
Southern Africa	-	2.40	11.90	El Salvador	0.07	-	7.18
Sudan	-	0.02	8.63	Guatemala	0.00	2.43	29.22
Swaziland	-	-	0.08	Haiti	-	-	0.01
Tanzania	479.54	33.48	532.59	Honduras	-0.01	5.94	25.17
Togo	-	-	2.08	Latin America	-	1.17	2.26
Uganda	270.67	20.39	349.49	Mexico	-	0.33	0.33
West Africa	6.92	0.05	6.97	Nicaragua	173.03	11.97	210.70
Zambia	158.06	12.75	182.51	Panama	-	-	1.66
Zimbabwe	4.96	0.46	13.45	Peru	-	0.45	3.09
Asia, total	1 152.65	190.93	1 534.02	South America	-	0.83	0.66
Afghanistan	84.67	2.13	117.80	The Balkans. total	68.76	28.26	98.93
Armenia	-	-	2.69	Albania	12.08	1.64	13.69
ASEAN countries	0.50	-	0.50	Bosnia-Herzegovina	-	0.47	0.47
ASEM countries	-	-0.12	-0.12	Kosovo	42.87	2.58	45.45
Asia	0.80	1.58	3.72	Macedonia	14.90	-	16.84
Bangladesh	255.28	22.83	297.74	Serbia-Montenegro	-1.09	22.19	21.10
Bhutan	85.25	12.84	98.09	Other former	-	-	-
Burma	-	3.81	10.44	rep. of Yugoslavia	-	1.39	1.39
Cambodia	-0.01	3.40	19.14	Not broken down			
China	-	26.04	26.04	by country³	37.09	426.78	686.53

Note. The negative amounts given in the table relate to projects, where the extent of co-operation on bilateral assistance is insignificant, implying that aid is not paid every year to the country concerned. In connection with finalizing these projects, there are amounts that have not been spent and which are to be repaid, and consequently appear as negative amounts.

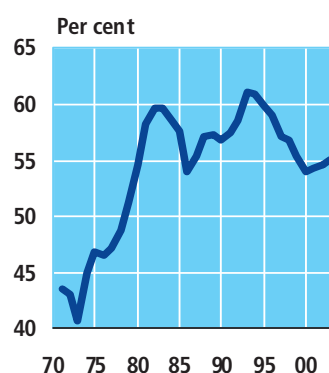
¹ Other bilateral assistance includes personnel service, various credit facilities, research, projects in Denmark, IFU-activities, information activities, Human Rights, and democratization, etc. ² The Total sum includes programme and project aid, other grants aid, and grants through NGOs ³ Assistance not broken down by country includes costs of interregional issues, costs of posting volunteers, research assistance, projects in Denmark, etc.

Source: Danish Ministry of Foreign Affairs, *Department of International Development Co-operation (DANIDA)*

Public finance

1. Developments in the general government sector

Figure 1
Current and capital
expenditure as a per cent
of GDP
1971-2003



Stagnation since 1983

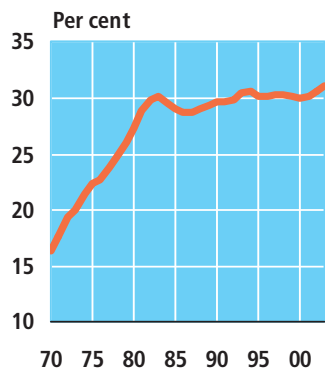
Since 1970 the general government sector has undergone considerable development. Current and capital expenditure accounted for an increasing proportion of GDP at factor cost during the 1970s. In 1971 it accounted for about 43 per cent of GDP, and in 1983 this percentage had risen to about 60 per cent. However, after 1983 this growth more or less corresponded to general economic growth and the proportion of GDP at factor cost has remained almost constant. Even though, there is some variation from year to year. There are many reasons for the changes in the general government sector. A significant reason is that the economic activity of women has increased so that many of the functions at home, which they used to take care of, are now looked after by the general government sector (e.g. care of children and the elderly). Since 1994 there has been a tendency towards a fall in the proportion of current and capital expenditure of GDP. However, there has been a slight increase since 2000. In 2003 current and capital expenditure accounted for 54 per cent of GDP.

Part of the public sector

The public sector is composed of the general government sector *and* all public enterprises. The general government sector comprises institutions whose objective is to produce non-market services for the public which are primarily funded through taxes. These services are available for private households and enterprises and include, for example, central and local government administration, education, and hospitals. The general government sector does not therefore include quasi public corporations such as municipal utility companies, ports and harbours, and the Danish National Railways. Neither does it include public corporations such as A/S Storebæltsforbindelsen and DONG A/S.

Public finance

Figure 2
Employment in the general government sector as a per cent of total employment 1970-2003



Number employed by the public sector has increased

The number employed in the general government sector exhibited a sharp growth during the 1970s. This development also stagnated, however, in the early 1980s as the number employed by the general government sector remained at more or less the same proportion of overall employment during the 1980s and 1990s. In 1970 the number employed by the general government sector amounted to 17 per cent of the total number employed. The corresponding percentage for 1981 was 30 per cent

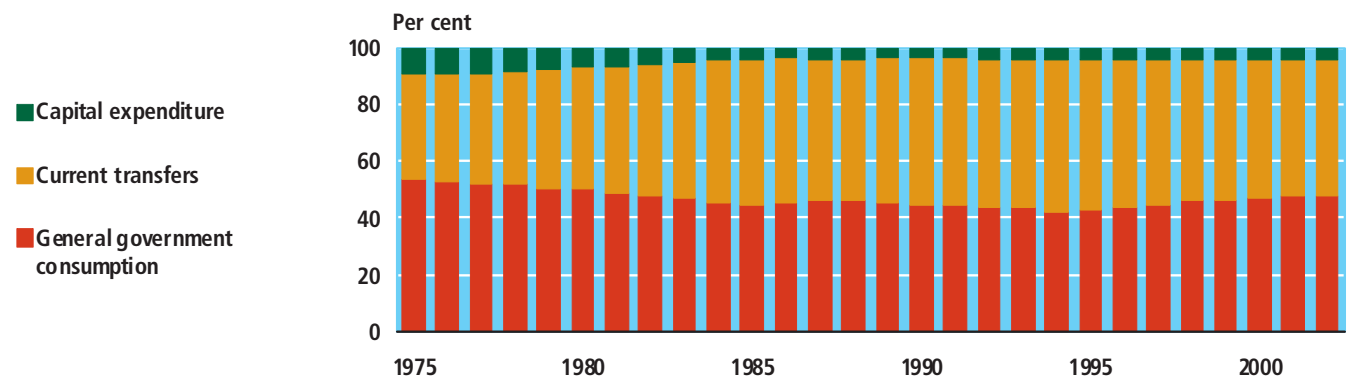
Expenditure by type of transaction

In addition to the change in public expenditure as a proportion of GDP, there has also been change in the composition of expenditure. Expenditure by type of transaction shows that general government consumption until 1994 comprises a falling proportion of total expenditure. General government consumption primarily comprises salaries and purchases of goods used in production. In the latest period 1994-2002, there has been a slight increase in general government consumption proportion of total expenditure.

On the other hand, current transfers account for a larger percentage until 1994, but the share decreased slightly again in the period 1994-2002. In 2003 the share raised a bit. Current transfers are primarily transfers to households (pensions, unemployment benefits, etc.) and interest. Also the percentage of capital expenditure has fallen until the mid eighties, but has since then showed a relatively constant share of public expenditure. Capital expenditure covers such things as investment in schools, hospitals, and roads.

Figure 3

General government current and capital expenditure by type of transaction 1975-2003



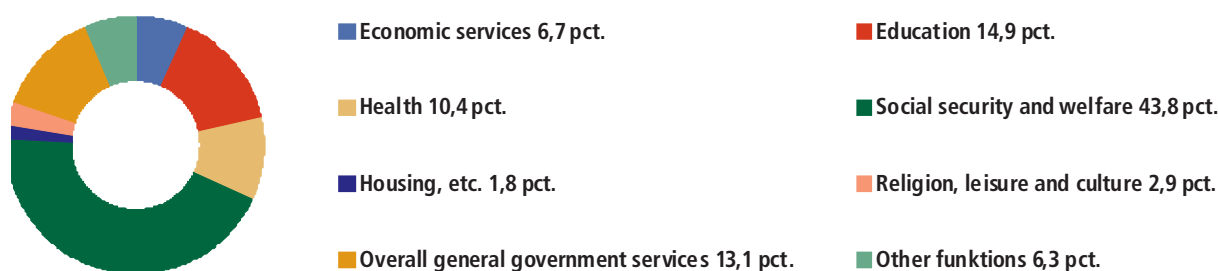
Expenditure by function

Figure 4 analyses general government expenditure by function. 73.9 per cent of expenditure in 2003 was spent on social conditions, i.e. education, health, social security and welfare, housing, religion, leisure, and culture. These areas are often considered as the core of a modern welfare state.

Expenditure on social security and welfare accounts for the largest amount of resources (43.8 per cent), which includes expenditure on, e.g. old-age pension, unemployment benefits, and cash benefits. Expenditure on education and health amounts to 14.9 per cent and 10.4 per cent of total expenditure, respectively. Expenditure on housing, religion, leisure, and culture only accounts for 1.8 per cent and 2.9 per cent, respectively.

Figure 4

Current and capital expenditure by function 2003

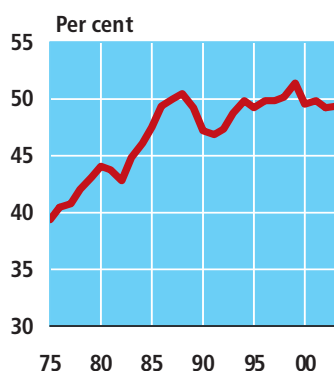


Expenditure on overall general government services amounts to 13.1 per cent and comprises general government administration etc., defence, law and order, and security. This category includes expenditure which historically has been the basis for the general government sector. Furthermore, 6.7 per cent of expenditure was spent on the economic services and 6.3 per cent on other functions. The 'other functions' category includes interest payments on public debt.

The distribution of expenditure by function has been more or less stable since 1970. However, there has been a slight increase in expenditure on social conditions which have been compensated for by a reduction in the proportion of expenditure on overall general government services and economic services.

2. Funding general government expenditure

Figure 5
Taxes and duties as a per cent of GDP 1971-2003



The tax and duties as per cent of GDP slightly lower

The growth in the general government sector is reflected in a greater need for funding where taxes and duties in particular play a decisive role. This can be seen in the tax burden which increased from 43.2 per cent in 1971 to 50.4 per cent in 1988. The period following and up to now has shown an almost constant tax burden. In 2003 the taxes amounted to 49.3 per cent of GDP.

No changes in the tax structure

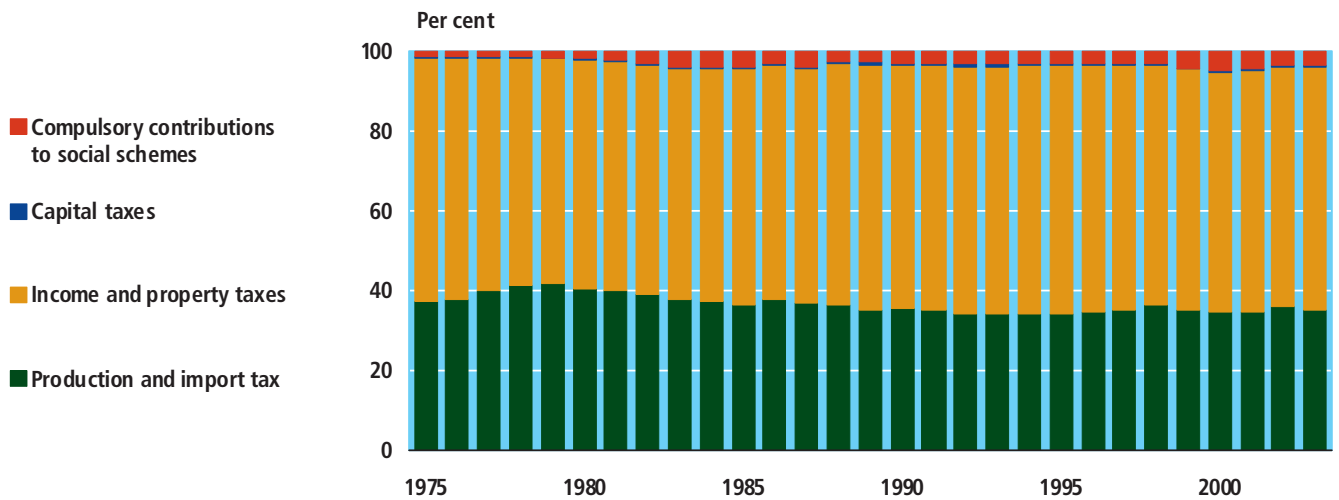
Despite the increase in the tax burden, the tax structure has not changed very much since 1971. Income and property taxes have accounted for the largest part of total tax. In 2003 they amounted to 60.9 per cent of total taxes, against 55.2 per cent in 1971. Income and property taxes are taxes on incomes earned by individuals and enterprises. (e.g. personal taxes, social security contributions, corporation tax, real interest tax), and taxes linked to the possession of property (e.g. vehicle excise duty).

Production and import taxes are another large item which primarily comprise VAT and various selective excise duties. These taxes amounted to 35.7 per cent of total taxes in 2002 against 40.8 per cent in 1971. Some production and import taxes are used to influence people's and companies' behaviour. These include, e.g. 'green' taxes which have become increasingly significant during the 1990s.

Public finance

Figure 6

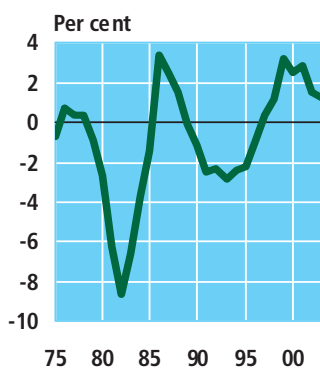
National accounts distribution of total taxes and duties 1975-2003



Capital taxes and compulsory contributions to social schemes are not significant in terms of revenue. The latter is important in other countries, but not in Denmark where welfare benefits are funded by non-earmarked taxes and where social benefits are granted without reference to people's attachment to the labour market (e.g. the state pension).

3. Developments in public finances

Figure 7
Public-sector surplus (net lending) as a per cent of GDP 1971-2003



Changes in the economic cycle

Public finances have fluctuated between surplus and deficit from 1971 to today. Changes in the economic business cycle have a significant influence on public finances. Periods of economic recovery reduce the costs of unemployment benefits and simultaneous increases revenue from taxes and duties. The opposite applies in periods of recession.

Surplus on public finances since 1997

Public finances deteriorated with the oil crises of 1973/74 and 1979/80. This trend, which from 1979 resulted in a period of deficits, was replaced by improvements in public finances between 1983 and 1986. These improvements were partly due to economic recovery in both Denmark and abroad. The positive development held firm until 1986 when the surplus on public finances amounted to 3.4 per cent of GDP. After 1986, recession in Denmark reversed this trend. The result was another period of deficits which began in 1989 and ended in 1996. Since 1997 there has been a surplus on public finances, again partly due to economic growth. The public-sector surplus described above has been applied in notifications of the public-sector deficit and public debt in connection with assessment of convergence for the EMU.

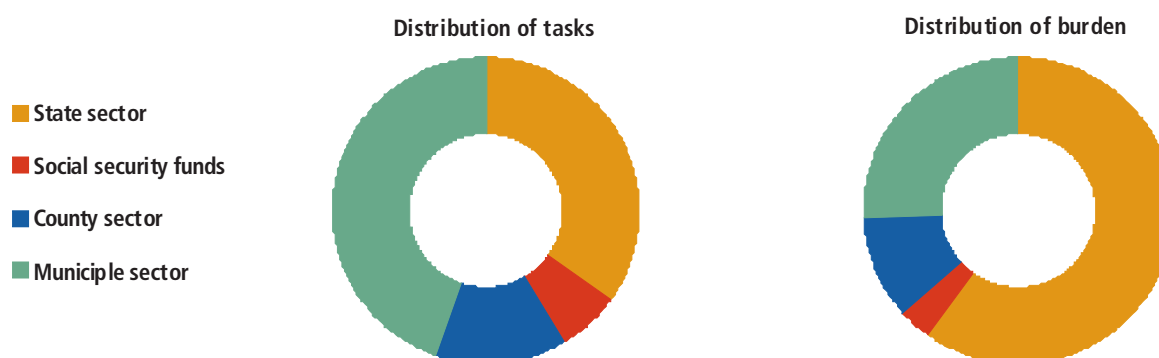
New rules account for fall in the surplus in 2002

The comparatively considerable fall in the surplus from 2001 (2.8 per cent of GDP) to 2002 (1.9 per cent of GDP) is accounted for by new rules applying to the Special Pension Scheme Savings. The new rules imply that the Scheme is no longer part of the general government sector as from 2002.

4. Distribution of tasks and burden between sub sectors

The *general government sector* can be divided into sub sectors; municipalities, counties, the state, and social security funds.

Figure 8 Distribution of tasks and burden between sub sectors 2003



In Denmark there is a high degree of division of responsibilities between the individual sub sectors. This division of responsibilities can be described by distributing expenditure according to tasks and burden. The distribution of tasks shows expenditure according to the sector which is responsible for such tasks in relation to the public. The distribution of burden shows the final distribution of expenditure between sectors after transfers between the individual sectors.

The state covers more of the expenditure than the division of responsibilities dictates. Counties, social security funds, and especially municipalities cover less expenditure than is dictated by the division of responsibilities. This is because the state refunds the other sub sectors for a number of costs, particularly statutory costs in the social area. In an international context, general government in Denmark is characterised by a high degree of decentralisation.

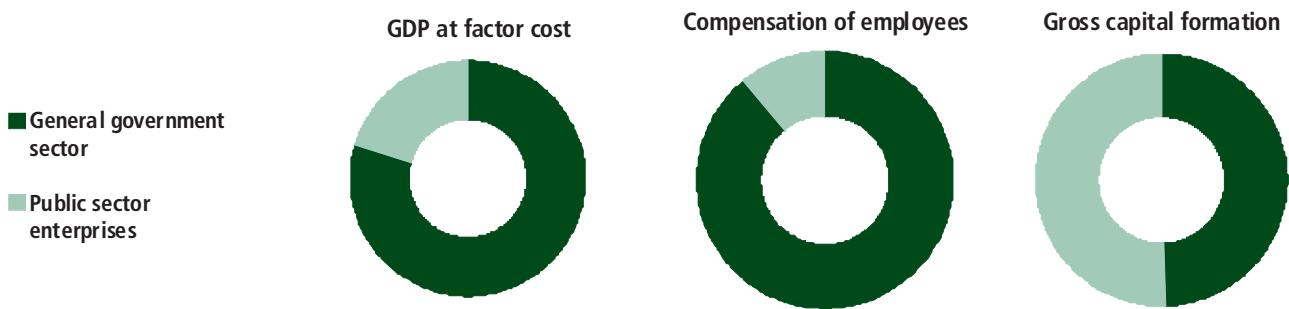
5. The public sector

21 per cent of GDP at factor cost in the public sector is created by public enterprises. Public enterprises employ only a relatively small proportion of all public employees in that no more than 11 per cent of total pay is paid by public enterprises. On the other hand, nearly half (51 per cent) of gross capital formation takes place in the public enterprises.

Public finance

Figure 9

The public sector divided into general government sector and public enterprises 2001



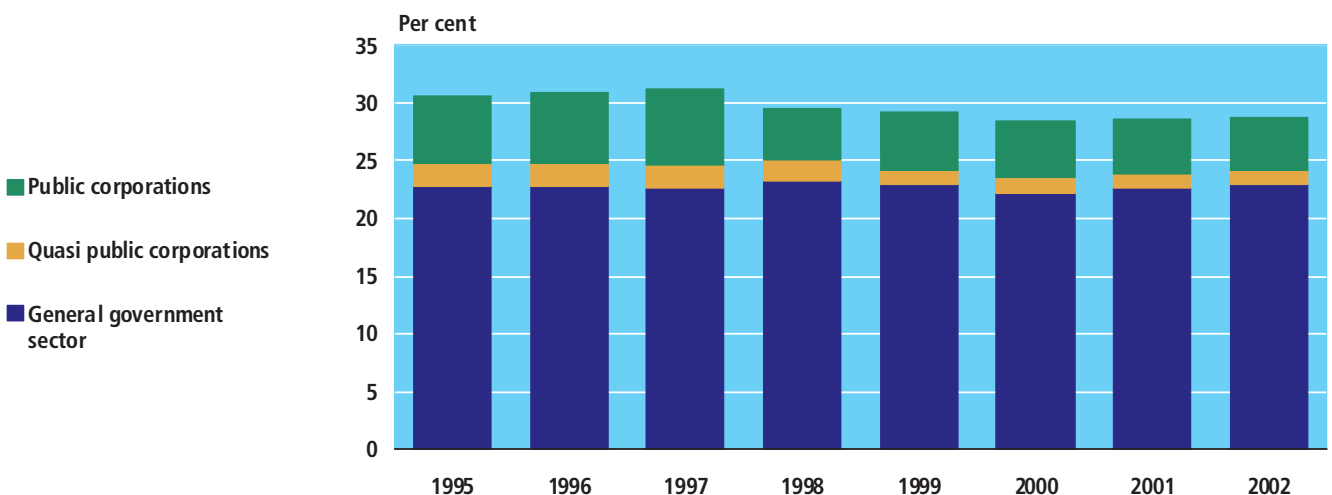
Public enterprises are quasi public corporations and public corporations. Together with the general government sector, these make up the public sector. Quasi public corporations are public institutions which are operated under market conditions and their accounts can be separated from the other state and municipal accounts. They include, for example, municipal utility companies, ports and harbours, and the Danish National Railways. Public corporations are organised according to civil law and are fully owned or majority owned by public authorities. These include A/S Great Belt Link and DONG A/S.

The size of the public sector remains almost constant

Compared with the total Danish economy, the size of the public sector has remained constant between 28-31 per cent since 1993. The shift in the size of the public sector depends on shifting preferences for privatization. In the latest years the trend has been more private ownership, which reduces the size of the public sector. Tele Denmark A/S is an example of a company which has shifted status from public corporation to private enterprise. From 1998, when the state sold its shares, Tele Denmark A/S has no longer been a public enterprise, and is therefore no longer part of the public sector.

Figure 10

GDP at factor cost for the public sector as a per cent of GDP at factor cost for the total Danish economy



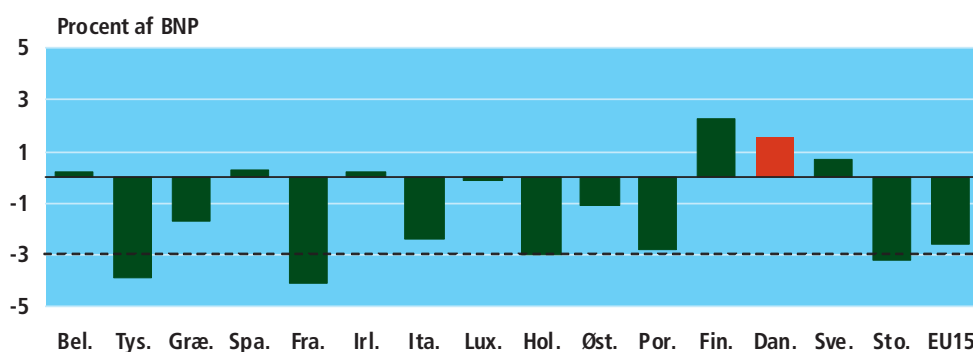
6. International comparisons

Public EMU deficit/surplus in the EU

The public EMU deficit/surplus and EMU debt in the EU serve as guide to the fiscal situation in the EU and are used in connection with what is known as the procedure for disproportionately large deficits. The procedure prescribes that the total government-budget deficit of the EU member states must not exceed the GDP by more than 3 pct., and EMU debt must not exceed the GDP by more than 60 pct. However, it is acceptable that EMU debt is above 60 pct. of the GDP, if it is declining, at a satisfactory rate, getting close to 60 pct. Furthermore, a deficit of over 3 pct. of the GDP is acceptable, if the situation is temporary.

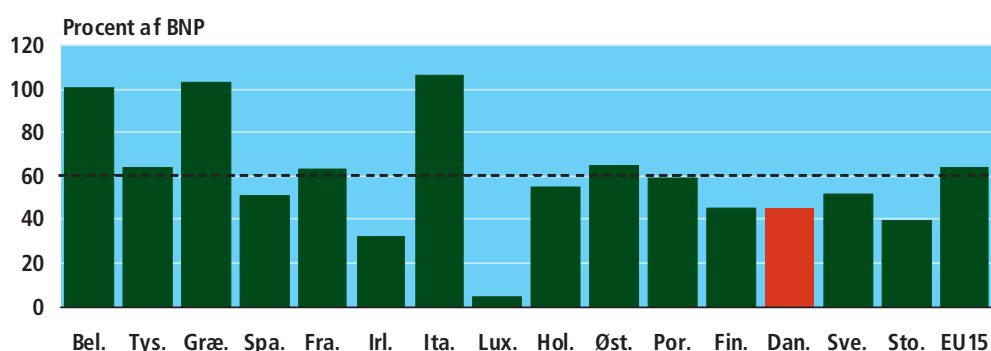
In 2003, Finland and Denmark (1.5 pct.) accounted for the highest public EMU surplus, while Germany, France and UK had a deficit above the limit of 3 pct. EU 15 accounted for an EMU deficit of 2.6 pct. in 2003.

Figure 11

EMU deficit (-) / surplus (+) as a percentage of the GDP, EU 2003

Since 1993, Denmark's EMU debt as a percentage of the GDP has declined and has made up less than 60 pct. of the GDP since 1998. France's EMU debt has exceeded the limit of 60 pct. compared to 2002. EU15 had an EMU debt of 64.0 pct. in 2003.

Figure 12

EMU debt as a percentage of the GDP, EU 2003

EMU debt is a consolidated statement of selected liabilities (at nominal value) for the general government sector. These liabilities comprise: 1) notes and coins and deposits, 2) securities, except shares and 3) loans. A more complete statement is the so called net debt (at market value), which is published, together with the

financial accounts for the general government sector. Net debt is the difference between total financial assets and liabilities.

Comparisons between countries should be made with caution, as the size of public expenditure and the tax burden is dependent, amongst other things, on whether income transfers take place as net transfers, gross transfers, or allowances. Net transfers are transfers, which are tax free for the recipient, while gross transfers are subject to tax. In Denmark, gross transfers are most prevalent which, all else being equal, means that income and expenditure is greater than in countries, which primarily use net transfers.

Table 408

Central government finance. Summary

	2003*			2004*		
	Expenditure	Revenue	Net expenditure	Expenditure	Revenue	Net expenditure
	DKK mio.					
§ 1. Queen Margrethe II	58.5	•	58.5	59.7	•	59.7
§ 2. Members of the Royal House	7.9	•	7.9	8.1	•	8.1
§ 3. Danish Parliament	787.2	•	787.2	770.6	•	770.6
§ 5. Prime Minister's Department	121.2	•	121.2	113.1	•	113.1
§ 6. Royal Danish Ministry of Foreign Affairs	12 631.3	55.0	12 576.3	12 792.3	1 456.2	11 336.1
§ 7. Ministry of Finance	3 227.4	825.8	2 401.6	3 903.3	1 178.2	2 725.1
§ 8. Ministry of Economic and Business Affairs	5 005.1	3 372.1	1 633.0	4 166.8	7 225.9	-3 059.1
§ 9. Ministry of Taxation	3 414.6	129.8	3 284.8	3 526.7	138.2	3 388.5
§ 11. Ministry of Justice	10 454.4	2 706.8	7 747.6	11 194.8	2 532.0	8 662.8
§ 12. Ministry of Defence	17 522.8	25.7	17 497.1	17 448.4	23.7	17 424.7
§ 15. Ministry of Social Affairs	96 520.8	32.0	96 488.8	100 229.4	32.7	100 196.7
§ 16. Ministry of the Interior and Health	38 970.9	9.8	38 961.1	48 911.1	9.8	48 901.3
§ 17. Ministry of Employment	83 183.3	-133.6	83 316.9	88 973.3	-6.6	88 979.9
§ 18. Ministry of Refugee, Immigration and Integration Affairs	5 387.3	•	5 387.3	3 943.2	•	3 943.2
§ 19. Ministry of Science, Technology and Innovation	12 614.1	421.8	12 192.3	13 159.9	408.9	12 751.0
§ 20. Ministry of Education	30 173.2	30.8	30 142.4	30 682.2	25.9	30 656.3
§ 21. Ministry of Culture	3 895.7	•	3 895.7	4 070.7	76.5	3 994.2
§ 22. Ministry of Ecclesiastical Affairs	434.0	•	434.0	543.5	•	543.5
§ 23. Ministry of the Environment	1 824.4	36.0	1 788.4	1 574.1	34.0	1 540.1
§ 24. Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Fisheries	2 936.4	•	2 936.4	2 453.5	•	2 453.5
§ 28. Ministry of Transport	7 819.8	597.1	7 222.7	8 035.2	643.2	7 392.0
§ 34. Labour Market Funds	•	81 373.0	-81 373.0	•	82 390.3	-82 390.3
§ 35. General reserves	6 431.7	1 000.0	5 431.7	6 688.0	1 000.0	5 688.0
§ 36. Pensions	11 475.8	•	11 475.8	12 087.7	•	12 087.7
Total	354 897.8	90 482.1	264 415.7	375 335.6	97 168.9	278 166.7
§ 37. Interests	41 950.0	7 648.0	34 302.0	37 339.3	7 851.0	29 488.3
§ 38. Taxes and duties	26 851.6	342 995.0	-316 143.4	27 672.8	349 800.0	-322 127.2
Total Surplus	423 699.4	441 125.1	-17 425.7	440 347.7	454 819.9	-14 472.2
	•	17 425.7	-17 425.7	•	14 472.2	-14 472.2
Current investment and lending budget	•	11 061.0	-11 061.0	•	10 036.3	-10 036.3
§ 40. Bond purchases. etc.	13 828.1	•	13 828.1	5 098.2	•	5 098.2
§ 41. Changes in investment portfolio. etc.	•	-7 195.1	7 195.1	•	-2 732.8	2 732.8
§ 42. Repayment of central government debt	-9 962.2	•	-9 962.2	2 205.3	•	2 205.3
Total	3 865.9	3 865.9	0	7 303.5	7 303.5	0

Source: Appropriation Act 2004.

Table 409 (continued)

Specification of central government finance, net expenditure

Current, investment and lending budget		Accounts 2002	Budget 2003	Appropriation accounts 2004
DKK mio.				
§ 1.	Queen Margrethe II	55.0	58.5	59.7
	1. Central government grants	55.0	58.5	59.7
§ 2.	Members of the Royal House	7.5	7.9	8.1
	1. Civil list (apanage)	7.5	7.9	8.1
§ 3.	Danish Parliament	748.8	787.2	770.6
	1. Expenditure in connection with the Danish Parliament	562.6	590.1	567.7
	2. The Ombudsman	34.9	38.6	39.8
	3. Auditing	151.4	158.5	163.1
§ 5.	Prime Minister's Department	117.5	121.2	113.1
	1. Joint expenditure	117.5	121.2	113.1
§ 6.	Royal Danish Ministry of Foreign Affairs	13 016.9	12 631.3	12 792.3
	1. Foreign service, etc.	1 116.7	742.6	1 781.8
	2. International organizations	360.6	361.4	383.6
	3. Official assistance to developing countries	11 106.6	11 129.3	10 523.5
	4. Danish Export Council	433.0	398.0	103.4
§ 7.	Ministry of Finance	2 658.1	3 227.4	3 903.3
	1. Public economics	-834.7	-340.2	281.7
	2. Greenland and the Faroe Islands	3 492.8	3 567.6	3 621.6
	Greenland	2 877.3	2 952.1	3 006.1
	The Faroe Islands	615.5	615.5	615.5
§ 8.	Ministry of Economics and Business Affairs	5 560.5	5 005.1	4 166.8
	1. Joint expenditure	148.5	169.9	171.5
	2. Business adjustment and consumer conditions	500.0	453.5	420.5
	3. Industry development and housing	658.6	653.0	444.3
	4. Subsidized housing construction, etc.	2 612.1	2 282.7	1 898.7
	5. Statistics	209.4	216.2	227.4
	6. Energy	1 081.9	846.9	616.8
	7. Shipping	350.0	382.9	387.6
§ 9.	Ministry of Taxation	3 413.3	3 414.6	3 526.7
	1. Joint expenditure	179.5	156.7	143.7
	2. Administration	3 233.7	3 257.9	3 383.0
§ 11.	Ministry of Justice	10 453.4	10 454.4	11 194.8
	1. Joint expenditure	244.2	243.1	252.7
	2. Administration of police service	6 819.3	6 821.7	7 282.3
	3. Criminal administration system	1 797.0	1 789.0	2 022.3
	4. Administration of justice	1 592.9	1 600.6	1 637.5
§ 12.	Ministry of Defence	17 645.2	17 522.8	17 448.4
	1. Joint expenditure	158.5	265.5	243.3
	2. Military defence	17 276.6	17 040.5	16 988.3
	3. Civil activities	210.2	216.8	216.8
	Administration of Danish waters, etc.	193.8	207.5	206.8
	Other civil activities	16.3	9.3	10.0

Source: Appropriation Act 2004.

Table 409 (continued)

Specification of central government finance, net expenditure

Current, investment and lending budget	Accounts 2002	Budget 2003	Appropriation accounts 2004
	DKK mio.		
§ 15. Ministry of Social Affairs	93 360.4	96 520.8	100 229.4
1. Joint expenditure	7 292.4	7 625.0	8 304.5
2. Family/young persons' allowances	2 157.0	2 182.4	2 276.8
Family/young persons' allowances	1 978.9	2 017.4	2 083.1
Other family allowances	178.1	165.0	193.7
3. Individual rent subsidies	6 480.3	6 442.4	6 719.6
Rent subsidies paid to pensioners	5 359.3	5 469.1	5 696.6
Other individual rent subsidies	1 121.0	1 201.5	1 250.2
Repayment, depreciations etc. for rent allowance loan, rent subsidies loan and tenant's deposit loan etc..	-	-228.2	-227.2
4. Cash benefits	1 128.6	1 221.8	1 315.3
Temporary cash benefits, etc.	273.7	283.7	298.7
Help to refugees	112.3	130.8	114.6
Benefits for the care of children	712.0	715.6	776.6
Benefits for the care of disabled adults	21.3	85.6	115.1
Survivor's benefits	9.4	6.1	10.3
5. Benefits for and care of the disabled	99.9	136.8	255.0
Benefits for and care of the disabled	8.1	-	-
Benefits for and care of the disabled	91.7	136.8	255.0
6. Other social security schemes	835.1	944.0	1 047.9
Reception centres	352.7	360.3	333.5
Benefits for psychiatric patients who are not hospitalised	136.3	141.7	145.3
Benefits for socially maladjusted groups	346.1	442.0	569.1
7. Social security pension payments	75 367.2	77 968.4	80 310.3
Old-age pension	59 842.9	62 209.6	65 119.5
Highest and intermediate early retirement pension	17 181.8	16 711.3	17 297.9
Ordinary early retirement pension	5 421.8	5 433.1	4 335.6
Personal pension supplement	801.2	1 000.1	880.9
ATP contribution on early retirement pension and supplementary pension	49.6	266.4	293.5
Transfers from the Social Pension Fund	-7 930.0	-8 140.0	-8 370.0
Early retirement pension	-	487.9	752.9
§ 16. Ministry of Interior and Health	39 476.7	38 970.9	48 911.1
1. Joint expenditure	1 102.2	1 133.9	1 207.6
2. Prevention	56.0	73.0	98.3
3. Education and research	231.6	302.5	213.7
4. The primary health service	20.4	31.3	23.4
5. Hospitals, etc.	2 427.1	1 550.5	2 129.4
6. Emergency services	431.7	433.1	422.9
7. Grants, etc. to local governments	35 207.8	35 446.6	44 815.8
§ 17. Ministry of Employment	77 820.6	83 183.3	88 973.3
1. Joint expenditure	25.4	-28.1	508.0
2. Working environment	1 159.9	1 119.5	1 052.0
3. Labour market-related social assistance	56 527.9	61 749.1	68 628.2
Joint expenditure	478.4	576.1	649.5
Unemployment benefit	17 874.7	19 400.0	23 000.0
Early retirement pay	20 908.0	22 339.0	24 735.0
Transitional benefits	1 969.8	1 450.0	975.0
Cash benefits	4 412.6	4 399.2	5 056.1
Maternity benefits	5 328.2	7 894.0	8 211.0
Sickness benefits	5 439.7	5 565.0	5 900.9
Repayments	116.5	125.8	100.7

Table 409 (continued)

Specification of central government finance, net expenditure

Current, investment and lending budget	Accounts 2002	Budget 2003	Appropriation accounts 2004
	DKK mio.		
4. Labour-market services	20 107.4	20 342.8	18 785.1
Joint expenditure	110.2	110.4	95.3
Public employment offices and business services	965.1	1 037.2	923.7
Active employment efforts	13 930.9	15 936.2	14 648.0
Active labour market policy	2 401.0	373.8	278.9
Active social policy	2 327.2	2 533.9	2 569.4
Other employment-creating schemes	372.9	351.3	269.8
§ 18. Ministry of Refugee, Immigration and Integration Affairs	5 568.1	5 387.3	3 943.2
1. Joint expenditure	340.6	349.9	332.2
2. Asylum applicant	1 241.2	1 063.1	697.9
3. Integration	3 986.3	3 974.3	2 913.1
Integration programme and Danish classes	3 754.5	3 794.7	2 760.3
Efforts concerning integration on the labour market	66.4	58.1	66.7
Efforts concerning building areas	106.3	62.6	25.6
Other integration initiatives etc.	59.0	58.9	60.5
§ 19. Ministry of Science, Technology and Innovation	12 098.3	12 614.1	13 159.9
1. Joint expenditure	997.1	807.1	700.2
2. Research and further education	9 123.9	9 685.9	10 215.8
3. Danish Research Council and research training	915.0	1 113.2	1 257.7
4. Research institutions	387.8	346.4	370.4
5. Information technology, telecommunic.	37.8	51.3	41.9
6. Competence and technology	636.6	610.2	573.9
§ 20. Ministry of Education	28 883.7	30 173.2	30 682.2
1. Administration, etc.	95.6	1 480.9	1 357.2
2. Basic school	2 317.8	2 352.9	2 069.2
3. Vocationally-oriented youth education	4 683.3	4 907.2	6 127.5
4. General and vocational upper-secondary education	2 054.0	2 053.8	2 105.0
5. Other youth education, etc.	704.5	645.8	619.6
6. Further education, etc.	4 070.0	3 920.8	3 988.4
7. Community education and adult, and further education and training	3 205.9	2 570.6	2 392.3
8. Cross-disciplinary and international activities	653.9	622.2	637.5
9. Assistance schemes, etc.	11 098.7	11 619.0	11 385.5
State Education Fund's financial assistance to students	8 808.2	9 271.8	9 712.1
Transport assistance	146.9	149.1	150.9
Adult education assistance	1 610.9	1 615.0	631.0
Other assistance schemes	532.7	583.1	891.5

Table 409 (continued)

Specification of central government finance, net expenditure

Current, investment and lending budget	Accounts 2002	Budget 2003	Appropriation accounts 2004
	DKK mio.		
§ 21. Ministry of Culture Affairs	3 751.3	3 895.7	4 070.7
1. Joint expenditure	198.7	215.1	249.1
2. Artistic and literary activities	1 499.5	1 598.2	1 656.1
Financial assistance to artists, authors, etc.	282.6	503.1	553.9
Music	262.9	193.9	181.2
Theatres	605.0	549.3	561.5
Films	348.9	351.9	359.5
3. Preservation and presentation of the cultural heritage	1 281.1	1 295.1	1 354.8
Libraries	555.9	567.6	581.9
Archives, etc.	131.4	143.9	148.2
Museums, etc.	593.8	583.6	624.7
4. Further education	763.6	786.9	809.1
5. Radio and TV	8.4	0.4	1.6
§ 22. Ministry of Ecclesiastical Affairs	423.6	434.0	543.5
1. Joint expenditure	41.1	41.3	45.9
2. The Danish National Church	379.9	390.2	495.1
3. Churches and cemeteries	2.6	2.5	2.5
§ 23. Ministry of Environment	1 545.5	1 824.4	1 574.1
1. Joint expenditure	152.6	160.1	138.9
2. Environmental protection	773.1	680.5	506.3
3. Environmental surveys	147.5	145.2	123.7
4. Forest and nature management	165.9	531.1	510.7
5. Geological research and surveys	145.6	137.7	126.7
6. Map production	160.8	169.8	167.8
§ 24. Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Fisheries	2 971.0	2 936.4	2 453.5
1. Joint expenditure	192.6	225.2	206.2
2. General farming and fishing	1 148.4	1 155.9	859.1
3. Control, combating of diseases and research	1 667.6	1 560.8	1 394.5
4. Market schemes	-37.6	-5.5	-6.3
§ 28. Ministry of Transport	6 847.4	7 819.8	8 035.2
1. Joint expenditure	1 035.7	1 056.3	601.4
2. Road traffic	710.1	669.6	769.7
3. Aviation and meteorology	199.9	92.6	53.9
4. Ports, coasts, and ferry services	140.2	128.2	166.7
5. Railway traffic	4 761.5	5 873.1	6 443.5
§ 34. Labour market funds	-81 581.1	-81 373.0	-82 390.3
1. Unemployment benefit fund	-81 581.1	-81 373.0	-82 390.3
§ 35. General reserves	5 502.8	6 431.7	6 688.0
1. Reserves, etc.	-	1 461.7	1 425.0
VAT rebates	5 502.8	4 970.0	5 263.0
§ 36. Pensions	9 320.1	11 475.8	12 087.7
1. Civil servants' pensions	2 588.0	2 616.1	2 722.7
2. Employees with civil servants' pensions			
Public limited companies, public utilities etc.	506.7	2 338.7	2 389.7
3. State-guarantees pension schemes	5 082.5	5 346.9	5 751.9
4. Pension schemes excl. public servants' pensions	0.6	-0.1	-0.3
5. Indexed pension schemes	1 144.1	1 125.0	1 170.0
6. Administrative expenditure, etc.	-1.8	49.2	53.7

Table 409 (continued)

Specification of central government finance, net expenditure

Current, investment and lending budget	Accounts 2002	Budget 2003	Appropriation accounts 2004
	DKK mio.		
§ 37. Interests	45 135.6	41 950.0	37 339.3
1. Interest on central government debt	42 325.0	39 409.5	34 894.9
Domestic central government debt	39 771.2	36 203.3	33 270.5
Foreign central government debt	2 553.8	3 206.2	1 624.4
2. Adjustment of provisions	2 810.6	2 540.5	2 444.4
3. Accounts with the Danish National Bank and the Mortgage Bank, etc.	-5 416.2	-5 276.7	-4 779.0
4. Social Pension Fund	335.8	623.4	106.8
5. Interest on bond purchases, etc.	-2 429.7	-2 994.7	-3 178.8
6. Regulation of provisions	-402.3	-	-
7. Interest on bond purchases, etc., plant	58.0	36.1	12.2
§ 38. Taxes and duties	-342 139.9	-341 197.0	-349 800.0
1. Taxes on income and wealth	-128 170.8	-118 498.5	125 063.0
Personal taxation	-85 513.2	-79 222.9	-72 256.4
Family allowance	-11 768.0	-12 300.0	-12 580.0
Corporation tax, etc.	-34 790.3	-32 586.0	-34 317.0
Pensions profits tax	-2 352.3	-1 800.0	-12 900.0
Stamp duties etc.	-5 421.0	-4 800.0	-5 500.0
Other taxes	-93.8	-89.6	-89.6
2. Customs and excise duties	-212 468.2	-220 922.5	-222 767.0
Value added tax	-130 234.0	-136 735.0	-139 950.0
Duties on energy products, etc.	-31 115.0	-31 425.0	-31 875.0
Duties on motor vehicles	-24 574.3	-26 435.0	-25 275.0
Environmental taxes	-9 280.9	-9 556.0	-9 161.0
Duties on gambling, etc.	-1 901.4	-1 895.0	-2 010.0
Other excise duties	-15 362.5	-14 876.5	-14 496.0
3. Labour market contributions	-3 591.1	-3 795.0	-3 720.0
4. EU schemes	-2 139.1	-2 395.0	-2 120.0
5. Interest earned, etc.	118.2	200.0	-480.0
6. Transfer to other sections	4 057.0	4 214.0	4 350.0
§ 40. Bond purchases etc.	8 909.1	13 828.1	5 098.2
1. Purchase, etc. of bonds	-0.1	-	-
2. Purchases of government loans	8 926.3	13 836.1	5 103.2
3. Inconvertible mortgage-credit loans	-17.2	-8.0	-5.0
§ 41. Changes in investment portfolio, etc.	-20 080.2	-7 195.1	-2 732.8
1. Depreciation of loss on bond issue	-95.2	-140.3	990.9
2. Changes in investment portfolio	-19 334.8	-7 147.4	-3 704.0
3. Currency exchange adjustments	-650.2	92.6	-19.7
§ 42. Repayment of central government debt	-3 232.9	-9 962.2	2 205.3
1. Repayment of domestic debt	-9 541.8	3 971.8	6 127.3
2. Repayment of foreign debt	-22.8	0.8	-
3. Borrowing from Danmarks Nationalbank	6 331.7	-13 934.8	-3 922.0

Table 410

Central government assets and liabilities

	2001		2002	
	1 January	31 December	1 January	31 December
	DKK in million			
Assets				
Assets, total	466 619,5	489 742,5	500 339,2	532 925,2
Fixed assets	219 489,3	218 854,5	222 179,3	230 542,9
Properties and plants, total	95 548,0	97 543,1	100 896,8	99 309,9
Lending and accounts receivable	114 972,5	117 654,6	117 655,7	126 056,4
Securities	7 486,7	5 500,6	5 470,6	5 172,2
Loss on bond issue, government loans	1 482,2	-1 843,8	-1 843,8	4,5
Domestic government debt	1 424,0	-2 050,9	-2 050,9	-646,9
Foreign government debt	-46,9	-25,9	-25,9	29,8
Relending	105,1	233,0	233,0	621,6
Current assets	98 972,3	122 748,1	130 020,0	154 636,0
Operating assets	245,7	205,2	218,0	248,0
Stock-in-trade	50,1	65,2	68,3	95,0
Debtors	65 329,6	77 541,1	84 797,1	106 220,9
Accounts with Danmarks Nationalbank	31 332,3	39 620,5	39 620,8	45 952,3
Cheque accounts (arrears)	-948,5	267,5	267,5	-272,5
Ministry of Finance's ordinary account	41 069,5	49 053,2	49 053,2	57 311,1
Government institutions' accounts with Danmarks Nationalbank	-8 788,7	-9 700,2	-9 700,2	-11 086,3
Liquid balance	2 014,5	5 316,1	5 316,1	2 119,8
Other assets	148 158,0	148 139,8	148 139,8	147 746,3
Assets of special funds	148 157,9	148 139,9	148 139,9	147 746,3
Social Pension Fund	146 950,1	146 938,0	146 938,0	146 602,1
Other funds	1 207,8	1 201,9	1 201,9	1 144,2
Liabilities				
Liabilities, total	466 619,5	489 742,5	500 339,2	532 925,2
Net capital	-525 918,7	-500 738,2	-497 375,8	-474 247,3
Balance	-525 918,7	-500 738,2	-497 375,8	-474,247,3
Long-term debt	705 649,0	679 957,7	679 929,2	680 143,0
Domestic government debt	589 149,2	561 763,2	561 763,2	561 509,4
Foreign government debt	84 376,5	83 794,7	83 794,7	83 729,4
Mortgage debt	90,8	1 834,5	1 834,9	29,9
Other long-term debt	32 032,5	32 565,3	32 536,4	34 874,2
Short-term debt	138 731,4	162 383,2	169 645,9	179 283,2
Short-term domestic government debt	36 846,0	49 224,0	49 224,0	63 404,0
Short-term foreign government debt	832,3	-	-	0,7
Periodic interest on government debt	14 772,5	12 465,9	12 465,9	9 258,6
Renounced commitment	65 617,0	66 160,2	73 422,9	75 269,1
Account with special funds	1 441,9	714,2	714,2	407,6
Creditors	19 221,6	33 818,9	33 818,9	30 943,1
Other liabilities	148 158,0	148 139,8	148 139,8	147 746,3
Capital for special funds	148 158,0	148 139,8	148 139,8	147 746,3

Source: Government accounts 2001 and 2002.

Table 411

Central government net borrowing requirement

	2000	2001	2002
	DKK mio.		
Net borrowing requirement	-26 999	-22 870	3 232
+Discount on new issue, foreign loans	-20	22	45
+Revaluation of foreign loans, etc.	-913	911	-210
+Discount on new issues, domestic loans	2 431	-773	3 727
+Changes in the social pension fund stock of government loans	-880	-3 162	-3 658
=Change in central government debt	-26 381	-25 872	3 136
Total indebtedness of central government per 31 December	571 560	545 688	548 824
Total domestic debt, net	486 431	461 893	465 094
Bonded debt, total	587 149	566 563	577 709
a. Ordinary bonds	506 992	494 875	497 938
b. Short-term debt certificates	81 257	70 788	79 371
c. Premium bonds	900	900	400
The Social Pension Fund stock of government bonds	-106 312	-109 474	-113 132
Liabilities to Danmarks Nationalbank, net	-31 332	-39 621	-45 952
Treasury bills	36 846	49 224	63 404
Total foreign bonded debt, net	85 209	83 795	83 730
Total domestic and foreign borrowing¹	79 994	94 862	130 990
Repayment of domestic and foreign loans, total	106 993	116 465	127 100
a. Repayment of domestic loans	90 687	97 130	102 879
b. Repayment of foreign loans	15 659	19 335	24 221
Domestic borrowing, total	69 571	78 103	108 618
a. Ordinary bonds	65 672	86 391	114 950
b. Borrowing from Danmarks Nationalbank	3 899	-8 288	-6 332
Foreign borrowing, total	10 423	16 759	22 373

¹ At nominal value.

Source: Government accounts.

Table 412**Central government debt and borrowing**

	1993	2002
	per cent of GDP	
Total central government debt	65.8	40.4
Domestic debt	62.4	46.0
Foreign debt	18.2	6.2
	DKK mio.	
Total central government borrowing	162 541	137 323
Domestic debt	135 013	114 950
Foreign debt	27 528	22 373

Table 413

Expenditure and revenue of social security funds

	Unemployment insurance funds		Labour Market Supplementary Pension Fund ¹		Employees' Guarantee Fund		All social security funds	
	2002*	2003*	2002*	2003*	2002*	2003*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio.							
Current expenditure	56 433	62 721	4 204	7 105	612	446	61 249	70 272
Consumption expenditure	3 173	3 213	466	503	41	45	3 680	3 761
Real interest, etc.	-	-	-	-	5	5	5	5
Income transfers to households	40 692	46 927	3 738	4 069	566	396	44 996	51 392
Income transfers to central government	12 568	12 581	-	2 533	-	-	12 568	15 114
Current revenue	56 784	63 453	18 391	22 556	404	699	75 579	86 708
Interests and dividends, etc.	82	80	12 057	15 945	-	-	12 139	16 025
Compulsory contributions	15 969	16 300	6 334	6 612	288	516	22 591	23 428
Transfers from central government	40 732	47 072	-	-	-	-	40 732	47 072
Other current transfers	-	-	-	-	116	183	116	183
Current surplus (gross saving)	351	732	14 187	15 452	-208	253	14 330	16 437
Capital outlays, net	201	378	713	507	-	-	914	885
Overall surplus (net lending)	150	354	13 474	14 945	-208	253	13 416	15 552

¹ From 2002, the Social Pensions Fund is no longer part of the social security funds, due to amendment to an act

Table 415

Local government accounts 2002

	Counties ¹		Copenhagen and Frederiksberg		Other municipalities		All Denmark ¹	
	Expenditure	Revenue	Expenditure	Revenue	Expenditure	Revenue	Expenditure	Revenue
	DKK mio.							
Balance, total	108 369	108 369	51 349	51 349	256 517	256 517	416 122	416 122
Current items, total	98 320	22 680	43 653	10 292	225 591	50 017	367 564	82 989
Housing and community amenities	799	241	1 395	433	5 538	2 180	7 732	2 854
Public utilities etc.	5	5	4 736	5 665	14 745	17 327	19 486	22 997
Traffic and infrastructure etc.	4 773	2 056	516	260	6 086	1 762	11 375	4 078
Education and culture	11 589	3 574	4 281	575	44 477	5 303	60 347	9 452
Of which								
Primary and lower secondary	4 106	2 408	2 721	167	36 763	4 169	43 590	6 744
Hospital services and public health insurance	58 289	6 474	7 842	6	•	•	66 131	6 480
Social and health services	17 813	9 907	21 310	2 895	133 013	20 743	172 136	33 545
Of which:								
Public assistance and care	12	0	3 832	71	16 682	325	20 526	396
Child day care	479	445	4 180	1 077	25 248	6 899	29 907	8 421
Residential care and preventative measures for children	3 367	1 862	1 186	120	8 326	1 625	12 879	3 607
Institutions and measures for elderly or handicapped	9 268	5 438	6 078	825	39 846	7 617	55 192	13 880
Early retirement pension and personal supplements	-	-	1 581	6	14 251	275	15 832	281
Daily-cash unemployment benefits	-	-	809	10	6 966	118	7 775	128
Rent allowances etc.	1	-	1 238	25	8 235	218	9 474	243
Labour-market measures etc.	522	149	658	81	3 256	541	4 436	771
Other social and health services	4 164	2 013	1 748	680	10 203	3 125	16 115	5 818
Administration etc.	5 052	423	3 573	458	21 732	2 702	30 357	3 583
State refunds, total	-	554	-	4 540	-	27 971	-	33 065
Capital items, total	2 786	312	2 870	794	14 032	4 281	19 688	5 387
Housing and community amenities	97	97	1 114	753	3 417	3 151	4 628	4 001
Public utilities etc.	0	5	786	12	2 782	491	3 568	508
Traffic and infrastructure etc.	664	32	200	9	1 163	147	2 027	188
Education and culture	345	23	408	11	3 363	88	4 116	122
Hospital services and public health insurance	1 292	91	-	-	-	-	1 292	91
Social and health services	312	55	268	3	2 839	351	3 419	409
Administration etc.	76	9	94	6	468	53	638	68
Interests²	311	454	528	397	1 466	1 745	2 305	2 596
Repayment of loans	1 114	•	2 410	•	4 646	•	8 170	•
Financing	4 701	84 369	1 888	35 213	9 266	172 503	15 855	292 085
Loans ²	•	1 883	•	1 260	•	8 843	•	11 986
General grants	-	9 861 ³	-	4 201 ⁴	-	28 665	-	42 727 ³
Settlement of VAT	4 701	-	1 888	-	9 266	-	15 855	-
Taxes	-	72 625	-	29 752	-	134 995	-	237 372
Financial changes⁵	1 137	-	-	113	1 516	-	2 540	-

Note. Expenditure is exclusive of VAT.

¹ Including Greater Copenhagen Authority. ² Excluding capital losses in connection with loans. In 2002 the capital losses amounted to DKK 115 mio. ³ Including contributions to Greater Copenhagen Authority Council and equivalent revenue of the Development Council. ⁴ Including contributions to Greater Copenhagen Authority Council. ⁵ Financial changes in the municipal sector are accounted for by a increase in liquidity of DKK 0.9 bn. and an increase in the other financial net wealth of DKK 1.6 bn.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/reg31

Table 415

Current and capital expenditure and revenue of local government¹
2002

	Housing and community amenities	Public utilities etc.	Traffic and infrastructure etc.	Education and culture	Hospital services and public health insurance	Social and health services	Administration etc.	Total
	DKK mio.							
Net expenditure, total	5 506	-449	9 138	54 890	60 852	141 597	27 343	298 877
Gross expenditure, total	12 361	23 055	13 402	64 462	67 423	175 552	30 994	387 249
Calculated costs	0	0	0	-	-	0	0	0
Depreciations	-	1 511	1	-	-	0	0	1 512
Stock changes	-	-0	-	-	-	-	-	-0
Appropriations	-	4	-	-	-	-	-	4
Return on investments	-1	13	1	-	-	-	-	13
Other calculated expenditure	-	12	1	-	-	-	0	13
Calculated revenue	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	0
Set-off account	-	-1 539	-3	-	-	-0	-0	-1 542
Compensation of employees²	2 455	2 043	2 722	37 689	25 413	68 783	18 729	157 834
Intermediate consumption	1 934	8 920	1 871	4 727	6 448	8 124	1 561	33 585
Food	14	3	5	273	342	1 593	141	2 371
Fuels and lubricants	435	6 912	613	1 106	626	1 158	191	11 041
Purchase of land and buildings	869	16	68	121	1	351	3	1 429
Acquisitions	68	69	238	154	491	241	130	1 391
Other consumption goods	548	1 920	947	3 073	4 988	4 781	1 096	17 353
External services	6 689	11 395	7 895	17 412	19 397	30 762	8 065	101 615
VAT-exempt services	1 445	1 761	3 203	3 111	4 114	6 944	1 876	22 454
Building contractors and craftsmen	2 626	3 761	3 219	3 950	1 565	3 567	561	19 249
Payments to central government	168	121	38	2 898	1 048	99	11	4 383
Payments to other local authorities	162	61	320	4 611	10 437	15 284	138	31 013
Other services	2 288	5 691	1 115	2 842	2 233	4 868	5 479	24 516
Grants and transfers	1 252	163	1 132	4 518	16 116	67 368	2 790	93 339
Civil servant pensions	156	155	88	338	637	331	2 332	4 037
Other transfers to persons	80	7	7	675	15 433	65 015	83	81 300
Other grants and transfers	1 016	1	1 037	3 505	46	2 022	375	8 002
Financial expenses	31	493	12	-	-	354	-	890
Internal expenditure and revenue³	0	41	-230	116	49	161	-151	-14
Regarding compensation of employees	296	322	587	113	21	1 368	17	2 724
Regarding intermediate consumption	18	47	20	6	472	65	14	642
Regarding services	299	81	402	162	309	274	52	1 579
Internal revenue	-613	-409	-1 239	-165	-753	-1 546	-234	-4 959
Gross revenue, total	6 855	23 504	4 264	9 572	6 571	33 955	3 651	88 372
Revenue	6 813	23 343	4 244	9 456	6 346	33 005	3 553	86 760
Rent received	913	1	16	93	97	900	37	2 057
Sales of goods and services	622	14 428	2 687	2 417	661	11 893	428	33 136
Payments from central government	636	42	394	509	1 180	1 767	411	4 939
Payments from other local authorities	155	27	223	4 920	3 831	15 261	225	24 642
Other revenue	4 487	8 845	924	1 517	577	3 184	2 452	21 986
Financial receipts	42	161	20	116	225	950	98	1 612

Note. Expenditure is exclusive of VAT.

¹Including Greater Copenhagen Authority Council. ²Income deducted from the Daily Cash Benefits Fund. ³Internal expenditure and revenue are transfers within the individual municipality unit.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/reg11

Table 416

Financial assets and liabilities of local authorities 2002

	Counties ¹	Copenhagen and Frede- riksberg municipalities	Other muni- cipalities	All Denmark ¹
	DKK mio.			
Assets, total	15 263	17 415	69 560	102 238
Liquid assets	3 667	2 688	9 061	15 416
Of which:				
Cash in hand	39	29	105	173
Bank deposits etc.	-414	1 879	231	1 696
Mortgage credit association bonds	2 844	388	5 562	8 794
Local government bonds	0	-	481	481
Central government bonds etc.	1 193	392	2 641	4 226
Liquid assets issued in other EU-countries	5	-	41	46
Short-term claims on central govt.	1 063	766	1 700	3 529
Other short-term claims	5 755	4 903	20 575	31 233
Long-term claims	3 647	6 856	20 552	31 055
Advances concerning utilities etc.	-1	1 979	5 267	7 245
Assets concerning settlement of debt for others	-1	31	3 797	3 827
Assets of trust funds etc.	1 133	192	8 608	9 933
Liabilities, total	15 263	17 415	69 560	102 238
Short-term debt to banks	286	-	1 359	1 645
Short-term debt to central government	343	1 807	5 882	8 032
Other short-term debt	9 032	3 220	19 010	31 262
Long-term debt	8 760	11 940	36 033	56 733
Of which:				
Domestic debt, total	8 760	5 233	36 927	50 920
Of which:				
Non-profit institutions with contract	253	400	896	1 549
Central govt. and Mortgage Bank	3 154	1 193	280	4 627
Other municipalities and counties	4	1	157	162
Local Gov. Pension Fund	-	-	37	37
Other insurance companies	0	-	1	1
Mortgage credit	135	492	1 686	2 313
Local Gov. Credit Association	4 616	2 837	21 015	28 468
Banks	453	-	3 859	4 312
Public issues of bonds	-	-	-	-
Other domestic long-term debt	1	210	500	711
Long-term debt, dwellings for the elderly	72	100	8 334	8 506
Long-term debt, gains from ferry service	72	-	162	234
Foreign debt, total	-	5 778	3 269	9 047
Of which:				
Public issues of bonds	-	5 778	9	5 787
Other foreign long-term debt	-	-	3 260	3 260
Liabilities of trust funds etc.	1 138	888	9 042	11 068
Liabilities concerning settlement of debt to others	-3	681	6 194	6 872
Balance account	-4 293	-192	-12 123	-16 608

¹ Including Greater Copenhagen Authority.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/reg4

Table 417

Accounts of counties 2002

	Expenditure (gross)			Capital items Total	Revenue		Expenditure -revenue	Balance sheet items at end of year		
	Current items		Total ¹		Of which			=	Liquid funds	Long- term liabilities
	Total	Of which		Current and capital items	Taxes	Financial changes				
		Hospital services and public health insurance	Social and health services				(net revenue)			
	DKK mio.									
All counties	98 320	58 289	17 813	2 786	102 242	23 546	72 625	-1 135	3 667	8 760
Copenhagen Development Council	2 650	-	-	81	2 763	1 389	-	-32	282	-
Copenhagen County	12 906	7 912	2 464	327	13 232	2 875	12 236	1	599	2 590
Frederiksborg County	7 061	4 191	1 498	104	7 217	1 418	7 019	-52	14	760
Roskilde County	4 201	2 677	702	173	4 479	865	4 074	-104	209	513
West Zealand County	6 563	4 020	1 237	218	6 810	1 880	4 205	-29	-92	655
Storstrøms County	5 950	3 302	1 489	105	6 287	1 758	3 608	-232	121	396
Bornholms County	987	558	180	54	1 044	236	531	-2	-2	57
Funen County	10 038	6 350	1 637	245	10 266	2 429	6 585	16	792	427
South Jutland County	4 721	2 895	733	152	4 864	769	3 444	10	36	264
Ribe County	4 088	2 512	730	180	4 307	722	3 113	-39	143	294
Vejle County	6 683	3 980	1 283	342	7 153	1 600	4 955	-128	480	679
Ringkøbing County	5 022	2 861	932	80	5 323	1 015	3 767	-221	410	354
Århus County	13 394	8 344	2 389	406	13 938	3 910	9 252	-138	238	799
Viborg County	4 800	2 838	989	56	4 874	1 047	3 174	-18	102	284
North Jutland County	9 256	5 849	1 550	263	9 685	1 633	6 662	-167	335	688

Note. Expenditure is exclusive of VAT.

¹ Includes current and capital expenditure, state refunds, general subsidies, tax income, net interest income, net loans, and net expenditure on VAT settlement schemes.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/reg4 and [reg31](http://www.statbank.dk/reg31)

Table 418 (continued) **Accounts of municipalities 2002**

	Expenditure (gross)			Capital items Total	Revenue			Expenditure revenue = Financial changes (net revenue)	Balance sheet items at end of year	
	Current items		Total ²		Of which		Liquid funds		Long-term liabilities	
	Total	Of which			Current and capital items	Taxes				
										Education and culture	Social and health services
DKK mio.										
All municipalities	269 244¹	48 758	154 323	16 902	287 545	97 894	164 747	-1 398	11 750	51 207
Copenhagen	37 803	3 521	18 522	2 515	40 109	13 898	24 581	209	2 172	9 333
Frederiksberg	5 849	760	2 788	356	6 300	1 727	5 171	-95	516	1 678
Copenhagen County, total	30 357	6 260	17 688	2 159	32 846	9 925	22 733	-329	1 569	5 360
Albertslund	1 897	408	998	50	1 975	736	906	-27	-8	328
Ballerup	2 589	454	1 704	203	2 818	919	1 707	-25	31	484
Brøndby	1 891	417	1 161	104	1 980	552	965	15	247	266
Dragør	531	105	302	35	595	149	522	-29	-9	162
Gentofte	3 021	565	1 744	340	3 338	1 042	3 504	22	124	901
Gladsaxe	3 045	624	1 800	347	3 441	1 045	2 118	-51	204	389
Glostrup	1 071	219	593	51	1 112	380	680	10	71	153
Herlev	1 351	294	817	55	1 402	399	820	5	113	96
Hvidovre	2 450	421	1 530	151	2 637	719	1 537	-36	165	392
Høje Tåstrup	2 392	550	1 377	188	2 535	725	1 430	45	32	494
Ishøj	1 239	245	670	98	1 420	488	557	-82	38	441
Ledøje-Smørum	394	119	194	64	449	123	376	9	41	75
Lyngby-Tårnbæk	2 283	505	1 263	114	2 484	723	2 212	-87	132	360
Rødovre	1 924	387	1 148	55	1 976	634	1 130	3	-57	260
Søllerød	1 320	323	716	119	1 486	372	1 852	-46	121	263
Tårnby	1 698	336	978	72	1 826	554	1 190	-55	309	3
Vallensbæk	486	127	235	17	519	135	456	-17	18	172
Værløse	775	161	458	96	853	230	771	17	-3	121
Frederiksborg County, total	17 864	3 787	9 989	1 224	19 370	6 095	12 862	-282	524	3 786
Allerød	957	264	499	64	1 104	290	949	-83	110	205
Birkerød	924	232	509	66	1 003	273	905	-13	77	175
Farum	1 111	221	516	194	1 259	238	676	46	-111	371
Fredensborg-Humlebæk	893	183	523	49	949	305	699	-8	-9	224
Frederikssund	853	201	488	88	942	280	575	-1	-47	160
Frederiksværk	1 048	210	598	98	1 137	406	572	9	36	338
Græsted-Gilleleje	896	204	505	57	960	318	612	-8	22	165
Helsingø	821	151	511	37	885	290	600	-26	36	129
Helsingør	3 404	557	1 983	208	3 640	1 339	2 096	-28	68	536
Hillerød	1 930	391	1 065	117	2 096	809	1 250	-48	64	473
Hundested	456	90	270	16	468	137	268	4	24	52
Hørsholm	1 015	235	544	34	1 141	308	1 193	-91	143	69
Jægerspris	449	80	278	41	480	137	279	10	-13	82
Karlebo	1 033	242	594	12	1 043	323	619	2	29	265
Skibby	298	58	181	5	324	97	192	-22	26	67
Skævinge	232	60	123	16	241	69	159	7	-7	40
Slangerup	378	92	207	61	427	135	273	12	11	112
Stenløse	580	147	305	15	618	173	482	-23	25	162
Ølstykke	586	169	290	46	653	168	463	-21	40	161

Note. Expenditure excluding VAT

¹ Incl. hospital service for Copenhagen (DKK 6.564 mio.) and Frederiksberg (DKK 1.278 mio.). ² Includes current and capital expenditure, state refunds, general subsidies, tax income, net interest income, net loans, and net expenditure on VAT settlement schemes.

Source: Reports from individual municipalities through the municipal budget and accounts system.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/reg31 og reg4

Table 418 (continued) **Accounts of municipalities 2002**

	Expenditure (gross)				Revenue			Expenditure - revenue = financial changes (net revenue)	Balance sheet items at end of year	
	Current items		Capital items total	Total ²	Of which		Liquid funds		Long- tem liabilities	
	Total	Of which			Current and capital items	Taxes				
										Education and culture	Social and health services
DKK mio.										
Roskilde County, total	10 654	2 439	5 919	887	11 416	3 912	7 213	125	327	2 180
Bramsnæs	381	81	231	23	426	127	273	-22	2	65
Greve	2 056	492	1 146	62	2 156	697	1 436	-38	44	401
Gundsø	567	156	305	51	606	157	488	12	6	86
Hvalsø	328	89	178	35	359	101	231	3	6	59
Køge	2 008	434	1 130	269	2 127	781	1 115	151	65	175
Lejre	302	84	160	27	326	102	262	3	27	48
Ramsø	385	91	227	29	395	108	280	19	69	57
Roskilde	2 926	567	1 599	221	3 143	1 278	1 804	4	0	901
Skovbo	557	148	312	49	626	197	383	-21	22	182
Solrød	739	216	382	80	808	234	637	11	70	80
Vallø	405	81	249	41	444	130	304	3	16	126
West Zealand County, total	14 220	2 762	8 664	812	15 232	5 127	8 040	-200	610	2 664
Bjergsted	384	68	245	34	445	153	190	-27	6	134
Dianalund	339	63	220	6	360	122	171	-15	15	59
Dragsholm	653	128	412	22	682	226	378	-7	-6	141
Fuglebjerg	311	66	193	16	312	107	160	15	-9	26
Gørlev	288	50	176	9	295	99	161	2	-3	41
Hashøj	265	47	167	30	274	82	161	22	-8	61
Haslev	636	134	374	35	677	195	399	-7	23	167
Holbæk	1 643	328	1 027	74	1 783	589	994	-64	35	380
Hvidebæk	244	47	155	11	260	78	138	-5	9	30
Høng	375	71	247	23	394	137	195	4	0	17
Jernløse	231	51	134	9	253	71	149	-14	-3	42
Kalundborg	1 093	182	631	152	1 241	487	584	3	150	183
Korsør	999	178	619	41	1 040	347	515	-1	74	172
Nykøbing-Rørvig	402	52	244	19	412	164	209	9	-15	56
Ringsted	1 415	331	795	71	1 535	486	833	-49	66	267
Skælskør	542	111	316	16	592	193	313	-34	34	85
Slagelse	1 772	317	1 089	98	1 883	683	931	-14	88	298
Sorø	688	134	444	36	772	249	447	-48	116	254
Stenlille	242	54	145	5	247	69	134	1	-2	35
Svinninge	275	63	165	13	302	94	164	-14	22	40
Tornved	461	99	275	18	464	169	236	15	19	77
Trundholm	553	105	343	23	576	193	325	0	-2	23
Tølløse	409	83	248	51	433	134	253	28	1	76
Storstrøm County, total	12 783	2 236	7 784	739	13 548	5 026	6 465	-25	480	2 699
Fakse	589	98	386	31	632	224	332	-13	15	116
Fladså	301	67	182	23	335	97	182	-10	14	62
Holeby	214	37	142	2	215	72	100	1	-4	15
Holmegård	308	74	176	54	413	109	184	-53	2	140
Højreby	210	37	132	4	218	77	96	-4	10	59
Langebæk	256	51	158	5	260	83	139	1	19	64
Maribo	654	119	344	15	662	296	274	7	0	96
Møn	539	101	338	36	595	191	283	-20	50	119

Table 418 (continued) **Accounts of municipalities 2002**

	Expenditure (gross)			Capital items total	Revenue			Expenditure revenue = financial changes (net revenue)	Balance sheet items at end of year	
	Current items		Total ²		Of which		Liquidity funds		Long-term liabilities	
	Total	Of which			Current and capital items	Taxes				
										Education and culture	Social and health services
DKK mio.										
Storstrøm County (continued)										
Nakskov	968	139	630	108	1 040	436	365	36	-35	392
Nykøbing-Falster	1 375	214	812	89	1 430	601	620	33	-35	279
Nysted	268	48	158	5	273	98	126	0	-8	85
Næstved	2 221	377	1 383	132	2 335	886	1 210	19	244	412
Nørre Alslev	383	75	243	19	403	112	209	-1	49	62
Præstø	332	60	200	9	370	156	186	-28	33	116
Ravnsborg	320	40	201	51	329	121	135	42	-16	112
Rudbjerg	183	26	118	2	186	68	87	-1	6	41
Rødby	429	55	253	13	453	198	170	-11	28	41
Rønnede	293	58	171	17	314	89	185	-4	5	65
Sakskøbing	446	63	292	24	468	169	208	1	22	112
Stevns	501	110	302	33	535	183	297	0	36	92
Stubbekøbing	309	53	198	18	321	108	154	7	7	42
Suså	337	81	193	15	365	120	206	-13	19	70
Sydfalster	296	57	174	9	296	97	179	9	29	7
Vordingborg	1 051	196	598	25	1 100	435	538	-23	-10	100
Bornholm County, total	2 203	384	1 328	119	2 281	829	1 040	41	75	436
Allinge-Gudhjem	359	68	213	26	376	120	169	9	0	41
Hasle	302	63	172	4	300	107	139	6	6	85
Neksø	396	64	244	28	406	132	199	18	33	92
Rønne	819	132	493	42	871	358	384	-9	35	124
Åkirkeby	327	57	206	19	328	112	149	17	1	94
Funen County, total	22 732	4 381	13 730	1 220	24 043	8 383	12 123	-93	516	4 012
Assens	494	90	314	76	536	180	259	34	-1	92
Bogense	304	59	182	13	314	100	156	3	5	64
Broby	269	60	165	3	280	85	160	-9	11	4
Egebjerg	366	84	215	9	379	120	201	-4	-5	54
Ejby	442	89	271	26	463	150	240	4	10	59
Fåborg	767	134	489	36	827	289	434	-24	6	94
Glamsbjerg	279	72	161	19	296	99	145	2	3	58
Gudme	287	55	188	6	298	109	134	-5	10	32
Hårby	203	46	122	7	210	58	122	-1	7	19
Kerteminde	529	119	282	66	685	224	301	-89	12	202
Langeskov	269	60	143	43	284	101	155	28	22	33
Marstal	165	27	93	15	173	65	71	6	9	41
Middelfart	924	179	554	72	1 013	351	571	-15	67	183
Munkebo	282	56	167	19	302	104	149	-2	0	48
Nyborg	891	151	611	36	881	290	471	46	9	286
Nørre Åby	227	51	136	5	239	76	131	-7	26	26
Odense	9 454	1 779	5 631	421	9 861	3 621	4 920	16	49	1 170
Otterup	479	96	284	10	493	169	262	-4	-3	35
Ringe	502	104	301	20	524	172	264	-2	17	36
Rudkøbing	365	67	234	7	382	138	169	-10	16	52

Table 418 (continued) **Accounts of municipalities 2002**

	Expenditure (gross)			Capital items total	Revenue			Expenditure - revenue = financial changes (net revenue)	Balance sheet items at end of year	
	Current items		Total ²		Of which		Liquid funds		Long-term liabilities	
	Total	Of which			Current and capital items	Taxes				
										Education and culture	Social and health services
DKK mio.										
Funen County (continued)										
Ryslinge	315	65	196	11	325	100	164	1	24	9
Svendborg	2 179	367	1 326	141	2 350	849	1 110	-28	108	883
Syddjurs	197	38	116	17	216	68	98	-2	2	71
Søndersø	473	111	286	11	492	156	286	-8	11	36
Tommerup	326	79	191	33	360	100	188	-2	16	101
Tranekær	160	28	100	6	180	65	82	-13	8	53
Ullerslev	218	47	120	24	249	81	122	-8	18	62
Vissenbjerg	290	56	191	8	303	101	151	-6	14	32
Ærøskøbing	183	29	105	6	183	58	91	6	4	56
Ørbæk	283	53	183	19	295	93	147	6	2	36
Årslev	369	83	222	25	397	129	234	-3	29	41
Årup	241	47	151	10	253	82	135	-3	10	44
South Jutland County, total	10 844	2 193	6 479	787	11 601	3 669	6 229	31	418	1 816
Augustenborg	248	59	139	2	264	71	168	-15	4	48
Bov	442	89	250	59	485	158	295	17	56	76
Bredebro	157	34	93	12	165	44	90	5	25	6
Broager	257	60	148	23	262	80	150	17	14	16
Christiansfeld	380	86	222	32	413	124	232	-1	17	60
Gram	215	41	138	28	254	64	117	-10	3	73
Gråsten	323	56	186	23	336	128	168	10	8	65
Haderslev	1 475	272	916	76	1 575	526	870	-22	-41	212
Højer	132	25	79	3	133	38	76	2	2	8
Lundtoft	254	60	146	17	254	75	141	17	1	40
Løgumkloster	274	58	159	15	292	86	151	-4	34	10
Nordborg	612	119	355	58	629	224	316	42	13	111
Nørre Rangstrup	401	94	231	18	417	125	211	2	26	39
Rødding	416	92	242	37	470	129	250	-17	23	62
Rødekro	431	95	254	9	449	139	238	-10	15	29
Skærbæk	313	66	176	9	322	109	180	-1	13	35
Sundeved	193	48	106	12	204	58	123	2	13	31
Sydals	256	62	142	49	286	94	174	19	8	59
Sønderborg	1 329	241	834	115	1 481	455	752	-36	53	330
Tinglev	430	93	254	17	428	140	219	18	12	90
Tønder	570	123	325	34	593	211	315	11	31	59
Vojens	704	154	425	71	783	228	393	-8	23	184
Åbenrå	1 032	166	659	68	1 106	363	600	-7	65	173
Ribe County, total	10 719	2 155	6 116	431	11 156	4 021	5 805	-6	492	1 880
Billund	363	87	192	22	399	108	291	-14	73	38
Blåbjerg	271	60	140	6	286	86	169	-9	35	29
Blåvandshuk	201	35	108	14	219	70	131	-4	3	35
Bramming	550	133	328	50	570	167	300	29	23	10
Brørup	268	60	162	7	277	87	148	-2	24	19
Esbjerg	4 738	829	2 681	127	4 848	2 032	2 288	16	116	998
Fanø	144	25	71	6	155	51	94	-5	8	72

Table 418 (continued) **Accounts of municipalities 2002**

	Expenditure (gross)			Capital items total	Revenue			Expenditure - revenue = financial changes (net revenue)	Balance sheet items at end of year	
	Current items		Total ²		Of which		Liquid funds		Long-term liabilities	
	Total	Of which			Current and capital items	Taxes				
										Education and culture	Social and health services
DKK mio.										
Ribe County (continued)										
Grindsted	764	160	451	23	784	270	412	4	16	201
Helle	313	81	177	12	318	77	192	7	13	40
Holsted	281	61	173	11	299	79	150	-7	19	36
Ribe	766	176	443	66	838	300	456	-5	31	172
Varde	909	179	514	33	950	341	495	-8	29	120
Vejen	696	159	408	38	740	222	407	-6	58	52
Ølgod	455	110	268	16	473	131	272	-2	44	58
Vejle County, total	16 251	3 189	9 642	1 023	17 504	5 977	9 529	-230	919	2 960
Brædstrup	347	79	203	47	398	113	209	-4	14	95
Børkop	455	89	269	19	496	172	285	-22	11	64
Egtved	558	130	339	29	594	183	357	-6	21	15
Fredericia	2 510	417	1 481	111	2 569	963	1 354	52	-33	377
Gedved	392	94	235	24	409	115	234	7	-1	33
Give	576	146	329	32	606	182	328	3	44	89
Hedensted	609	152	347	39	647	196	409	1	-2	64
Horsens	2 767	488	1 738	151	2 995	991	1 587	-76	201	676
Jelling	263	60	161	35	290	92	148	9	-12	92
Juelsminde	587	123	346	17	610	200	376	-6	34	0
Kolding	3 086	601	1 746	276	3 399	1 216	1 851	-39	90	704
Lunderskov	211	54	116	17	249	78	139	-21	28	35
Nørre Snede	301	61	193	25	315	91	178	11	4	24
Tørring-Uldum	505	121	300	15	530	161	303	-10	9	63
Vamdrup	336	77	204	18	352	116	180	1	27	36
Vejle	2 748	497	1 635	168	3 045	1 108	1 591	-130	484	593
Ringkøbing County, total	11 636	2 384	7 028	606	12 398	3 951	7 008	-156	770	2 403
Avlum-Haderup	263	50	167	5	273	75	162	-6	35	4
Brande	376	79	222	17	406	117	223	-13	50	73
Egvad	399	88	232	34	417	119	217	16	12	76
Herning	2 672	555	1 591	151	2 845	987	1 664	-21	102	629
Holmsland	227	45	117	5	255	91	168	-23	52	35
Holstebro	1 757	324	1 167	110	1 925	567	1 098	-58	121	692
Ikast	978	176	599	44	1 035	344	572	-12	32	165
Lemvig	769	172	467	28	813	249	444	-16	36	188
Ringkøbing	755	155	436	55	805	270	446	5	91	54
Skjern	540	97	313	15	563	201	309	-8	80	56
Struer	765	170	457	35	800	243	487	-1	25	197
Thyborøn-Harboør	231	46	124	4	235	83	134	0	15	29
Thyholm	158	31	96	2	166	54	84	-6	9	49
Trehøje	377	97	223	19	391	120	225	5	31	5
Ulfborg-Vemb	290	60	174	13	303	85	165	0	13	60
Videbæk	471	112	282	14	495	145	271	-9	19	46
Vinderup	335	67	200	49	387	114	183	-3	29	34
Åskov	273	60	161	6	284	87	156	-6	18	11

Table 418 (continued) **Accounts of municipalities 2002**

	Expenditure (gross)				Revenue			Expenditure revenue = financial changes (net revenue)	Balance sheet items at end of year	
	Current items		Capital items total	Total ²	Of which		Liquid funds		Long- tem liabilities	
	Total	Of which			Current and capital items	Taxes				
		Education and culture	Social and health services							
DKK mio.										
Århus County, total	32 120	5 803	18 996	2 021	34 355	12 979	17 634	-213	1 542	4 787
Ebeltoft	667	123	406	35	713	232	413	-11	15	81
Galten	422	104	250	52	474	132	280	0	19	112
Gjern	313	73	183	16	334	105	193	-5	23	26
Grenå	946	175	556	52	997	388	493	1	26	120
Hadsten	455	113	269	80	517	152	295	18	14	91
Hammel	433	97	262	40	463	155	280	10	-8	117
Hinnerup	464	136	249	43	511	171	321	-3	17	66
Hørning	322	75	187	11	331	95	219	2	-4	36
Langå	348	81	205	22	408	103	216	-37	25	113
Mariager	354	76	212	10	354	112	195	10	-2	54
Midtdjurs	328	77	202	30	354	97	185	3	-5	73
Nørhald	375	77	231	11	384	116	204	3	5	42
Nr. Djurs	337	73	212	16	358	103	185	-6	3	100
Odder	825	184	514	63	888	269	542	0	9	106
Purhus	338	85	197	11	357	94	210	-8	21	42
Randers	3 163	540	2 105	150	3 371	1 194	1 665	-57	34	664
Rosenholm	423	107	244	31	462	130	263	-8	27	93
Rougsø	386	76	249	21	411	134	182	-4	-19	130
Ry	426	113	241	51	473	133	290	4	31	141
Rønde	271	63	164	25	299	87	183	-4	25	56
Samsø	213	34	121	8	217	75	101	4	8	56
Silkeborg	2 557	496	1 475	188	2 705	1 016	1 511	41	152	421
Skanderborg	882	212	552	114	1 016	328	572	-21	50	128
Sønderhald	321	73	198	27	356	94	214	-8	35	58
Them	287	71	160	9	296	88	178	-1	23	35
Århus	16 264	2 469	9 352	905	17 306	7 376	8 244	-136	1 018	1 826
Viborg County, total	9 838	2 042	6 067	643	10 473	3 305	5 690	7	502	1 527
Bjerringbro	550	131	324	80	593	166	351	37	6	130
Fjends	297	73	172	24	324	89	169	-3	9	21
Hanstholm	269	49	160	41	322	115	150	-12	23	62
Hvorslev	260	54	156	24	277	75	156	7	35	54
Karup	271	51	173	6	278	76	156	-1	16	56
Kjellerup	531	118	334	20	567	170	307	-16	50	99
Morsø	967	180	617	86	1 013	330	528	40	39	72
Møldrup	301	64	187	26	318	101	176	10	28	58
Sallingsund	242	59	135	7	259	71	154	-9	33	27
Skive	1 251	246	783	40	1 328	476	727	-37	-8	234
Spøttrup	315	75	179	13	331	99	170	-2	17	5
Sundsøre	270	57	146	5	272	77	149	3	15	23
Sydthy	474	96	296	33	508	146	259	-1	14	104
Thisted	1 283	276	777	78	1 369	461	706	-10	120	227
Tjele	337	72	210	18	352	108	189	2	30	15

Table 418

Accounts of municipalities 2002

	Expenditure (gross)			Capital items total	Revenue			Expenditure - revenue = financial changes (net revenue)	Balance sheet items at end of year	
	Current items		Total ²		Of which		Liquid funds		Long-term liabilities	
	Total	Of which			Current and capital items	Taxes				
										Education and culture	Social and health services
DKK mio.										
Viborg County (continued)										
Viborg	1 904	376	1 224	138	2 042	649	1 188	-1	71	297
Ålestrup	316	65	194	4	320	96	155	0	4	43
North Jutland County, total	23 371	4 462	13 583	1 360	24 913	9 070	12 624	-183	317	3 686
Arden	349	79	214	16	370	111	183	-6	-3	80
Brovst	374	86	225	20	425	130	206	-31	45	81
Brønderslev	957	178	545	53	1 023	375	469	-13	62	217
Dronninglund	643	127	408	14	674	211	364	-18	2	50
Farsø	369	76	232	58	396	144	194	31	14	50
Fjerritslev	366	79	225	25	380	121	193	11	19	24
Frederikshavn	1 710	274	967	53	1 839	719	877	-76	63	347
Hadsund	439	89	271	21	470	138	261	-9	25	54
Hals	449	104	259	26	485	144	282	-9	34	27
Hirtshals	621	139	365	26	655	210	320	-9	-2	210
Hjørring	1 637	327	1 023	113	1 768	638	874	-19	-33	241
Hobro	754	141	487	50	788	296	372	17	-7	102
Læsø	132	18	63	6	138	55	60	0	3	46
Løgstør	495	93	317	21	516	172	250	0	4	57
Løkken-Vrå	390	71	250	17	407	132	204	0	36	65
Nibe	331	63	206	19	356	110	196	-6	12	71
Nørager	236	46	150	11	257	76	124	-9	15	106
Pandrup	483	88	291	13	508	161	290	-12	-1	76
Sejlfod	366	83	220	55	404	117	203	17	12	58
Sindal	403	83	254	33	455	146	195	-19	8	45
Skagen	606	110	323	41	651	224	351	-5	17	201
Skørping	412	95	241	32	431	126	257	13	-14	52
Støvring	484	129	273	23	520	148	331	-13	0	91
Sæby	773	135	472	33	818	275	414	-13	34	101
Åbybro	428	101	251	26	454	132	279	0	8	73
Ålborg	8 619	1 523	4 724	495	9 140	3 763	4 563	-25	-33	1 034
Års	545	125	327	60	585	196	312	20	-3	127

Table 419

Personal taxation. Summary table

	2002	2003	2004
Personal relief per person	DKK		
Ordinary personal relief	34 400	35 600	36 800
Single under 18 years	25 600	26 500	27 300
Basic allowance			
Basic allow. for coll. income tax, mean limit	191 200	198 000	216 800
Basic allow. for coll. income tax, upper limit	285 200	295 300	304 800
Maximum contribution to capital pension	37 600	38 900	40 100
Limit for inclusion of under-paid tax	15 100	15 600	16 100
Tax allowance per kilometre ¹	1.58/0.79	1.60/0.80	1.62/0.81
Limit value for property-value tax	3 040 000	3 040 000	3 040 000
Tax rate for State	per cent		
Lower limit for income tax	5.5	5.5	5.5
Mean limit for income tax	6.0	6.0	6.0
Upper limit for income tax	15.0	15.0	15.0
Labour market contributions	8	8	8
Special pension-scheme savings	1	1	1
Average municipal tax rates	22.1	22.2	22.2
Average county tax rates	11.9	11.9	11.9
Average local government tax rates	32.6	32.6	32.6
Average church tax rates	0.86	0.86	0.86
Calculation percent for property-value tax ²	1.0/3.0	1.0/3.0	1.0/3.0
Tax ceilings			
»Tilted« tax ceiling	59.0	59.0	59.0

¹ For the part of the journey between 25 and 100 km, and the part over 100 km respectively. There is no allowance for the first 24 km. ² For the part up to the limit and the part over the limit respectively.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/15

Table 420

Taxpayers, income and tax

	2001	2002*
	———— persons in thousands ————	
Taxable population		
Danish population, end of year	5 368	5 384
Of whom subject to assessment	4 612	4 624
	———— DKK mio. ————	
Advance assessed incomes		
+Personal income	790 189	824 674
A-income ¹	821 386	857 406
Other personal income	-31 197	-32 732
+Capital income	-46 705	-47 160
+Income deductions	32 688	35 697
+Taxable income	710 796	741 817
Provisional taxes		
+Total	287 561	293 771
A-tax	257 542	264 642
B-tax	15 616	16 247
Share tax	2 801	2 464
Voluntary payments	11 867	10 697
Section 55 refunds	-265	-279
Underpaid tax from previous years, etc.		
+Underpaid tax from previous years	3 813	3 737
+Retained profits paid	1 487	1 573
Finally assessed incomes		
+Taxable income (gross)	731 495	752 622
+Income tax relief	142 432	146 618
+Net taxable income	589 063	606 004
Final taxes		
+Total	280 398	284 417
+Central government tax (State tax)	66 486	64 023
Ordinary income tax, lower limit	40 208	38 198
Additional income tax, intermediate limit	12 428	11 647
Additional income tax, upper limit	13 741	14 108
+Church tax	4 275	4 441
+County tax	60 554	62 591
+Municipal tax	130 298	134 587
+Corporation tax	3 431	3 089
+Share tax	5 851	5 528
+Imputed income from owner-occupied dwelling	9 503	10 158
Labour market contributions	54 938	56 354
Special pension-scheme savings	6 788	6 940
Results of final assessment		
Tax overpayment minus underpayment	4 837	7 190
Tax overpayment	12 770	14 495
Tax underpayment	7 933	7 305
Tax overpayment after set-offs minus underpayment		
after set-offs (incl. interest, etc.)	4 213	7 412
Tax overpayment, etc. for refunding	12 930	14 762
Tax underpayment, etc. for collection	8 717	7 350
For collection with provisional tax	4 236	3 988
For collection separately	4 481	3 362

¹ Excluding labour market contributions.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/15

Table 421 (continued)

Local government taxation

		Municipal tax rate for personal taxation (excl. county tax)		Local government tax rate for personal taxation (municipal plus county tax)		Church tax rate ¹		Budgeted municipal income tax revenue (incl. share of seamen's income tax)			Municipal land tax rate ²	
		2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	increase	2003	2004
		per cent		per cent		per cent		DKK mio.		per cent	per mille	
	All Denmark³	22.2	22.2	32.6	32.6	0.86	0.86	143 943	147 348	2.4	15.51	15.56
101	Copenhagen	32.2	32.1	32.2	32.1	0.78	0.76	20 668	21 096	2.1	34.00	34.00
147	Frederiksberg	31.2	31.2	31.2	31.2	0.44	0.45	4 789	4 845	1.2	27.00	27.00
400	Bornholm	33.6	33.6	33.6	33.6	0.93	0.93	1 468	1 491	1.6	33.65	33.65
	All Denmark excl. Copenhagen, Frederiksberg and Bornholm	20.8	20.8	32.5	32.7	0.88	0.88	118 486	119 915	1.2	13.24	13.54
	Copenhagen County	20.1	20.1	31.8	31.8	0.61	0.61	18 821	19 041	1.2	12.74	12.79
165	Albertslund	20.6	20.6	32.3	32.3	0.71	0.71	724	730	0.8	24.00	24.00
151	Ballerup	21.1	21.1	32.8	32.8	0.65	0.67	1 304	1 311	0.6	18.00	18.00
153	Brøndby	20.0	20.0	31.7	31.7	0.77	0.77	816	832	1.9	9.00	9.00
155	Dragør	20.9	20.9	32.6	32.6	0.60	0.60	433	442	1.9	15.90	15.90
157	Gentofte	19.5	19.5	31.2	31.2	0.42	0.42	3 011	3 077	2.2	6.00	6.00
159	Gladsaxe	20.4	20.3	32.1	32.0	0.73	0.73	1 685	1 721	2.2	13.00	13.00
161	Glostrup	19.9	19.9	31.6	31.6	0.60	0.60	555	560	1.0	15.00	15.00
163	Herlev	19.9	19.9	31.6	31.6	0.73	0.73	691	703	1.8	11.40	11.40
167	Hvidovre	21.4	21.4	33.1	33.1	0.69	0.69	1 298	1 314	1.3	20.00	20.00
169	Høje Taastrup	20.3	20.6	32.0	32.3	0.80	0.80	1 170	1 209	3.3	15.00	15.00
183	Ishøj	20.4	20.9	32.1	32.6	0.80	0.80	483	497	2.9	15.00	15.00
171	Ledøje-Smørum	20.9	20.9	32.6	32.6	0.60	0.60	329	337	2.4	10.20	10.20
173	Lyngby-Taarbæk	19.9	19.9	31.6	31.6	0.52	0.55	1 829	1 843	0.7	8.30	8.30
175	Rødovre	21.0	21.0	32.7	32.7	0.68	0.68	970	982	1.2	20.80	20.80
181	Søllerød	18.6	18.4	30.3	30.1	0.48	0.51	1 480	1 411	-4.6	12.10	12.50
185	Tårnby	19.3	19.3	31.0	31.0	0.58	0.58	997	1 020	2.3	14.00	14.00
187	Vallensbæk	20.9	20.9	32.6	32.6	0.49	0.49	381	384	0.9	14.00	14.00
189	Værløse	20.5	20.5	32.2	32.2	0.60	0.60	664	667	0.5	11.00	11.00
	Frederiksborg County	20.5	20.5	32.1	32.1	0.69	0.68	11 202	11 208	0.0	14.18	14.42
201	Allerød	20.6	20.6	32.2	32.2	0.58	0.58	787	777	-1.4	18.00	16.00
205	Birkerød	19.6	19.5	31.2	31.1	0.41	0.40	777	799	2.9	8.50	8.50
207	Farum	22.8	22.8	34.4	34.4	0.68	0.68	682	686	0.5	18.00	18.00
208	Fredensborg-Humlebæk	20.1	20.1	31.7	31.7	0.54	0.54	627	642	2.4	9.50	9.50
209	Frederikssund	20.8	20.8	32.4	32.4	0.85	0.85	505	501	-0.8	14.00	14.00
211	Frederiksværk	21.6	21.6	33.2	33.2	0.85	0.85	490	500	2.1	24.00	24.00
213	Græsted-Gilleleje	19.9	19.9	31.5	31.5	0.82	0.82	500	519	3.7	18.80	18.80
215	Helsingø	19.8	19.6	31.4	31.2	0.85	0.85	487	485	-0.5	20.00	20.00
217	Helsingør	20.9	20.9	32.5	32.5	0.78	0.78	1 723	1 672	-3.0	17.50	17.50
219	Hillerød	21.1	21.0	32.7	32.6	0.66	0.66	1 129	1 121	-0.7	6.50	9.80
221	Hundested	21.7	21.7	33.3	33.3	0.77	0.77	239	244	1.7	23.00	23.00
223	Hørsholm	18.5	18.5	30.1	30.1	0.52	0.52	1 036	1 006	-2.9	8.00	8.00
225	Jægerspris	21.3	21.3	32.9	32.9	0.95	0.95	242	248	2.6	21.50	21.50
227	Karlebo	20.3	20.3	31.9	31.9	0.55	0.55	580	573	-1.1	9.00	9.00
229	Skibby	21.0	21.0	32.6	32.6	1.11	1.11	161	173	7.5	22.00	22.00
231	Skævinge	20.6	20.6	32.2	32.2	0.88	0.88	145	150	3.1	11.00	11.00
233	Slangerup	20.9	20.9	32.5	32.5	0.80	0.77	254	261	2.5	10.00	10.00
235	Stenløse	21.3	21.3	32.9	32.9	0.70	0.70	416	427	2.6	20.00	20.00
237	Ølstykke	20.7	20.7	32.3	32.3	0.70	0.70	421	425	1.0	10.00	10.00
	Roskilde County	19.9	19.9	31.4	31.4	0.85	0.85	6 347	6 395	0.8	9.43	9.92
251	Bramsnæs	20.9	20.9	32.4	32.4	0.97	0.97	241	243	0.7	18.00	18.00
253	Greve	19.1	19.1	30.6	30.6	0.73	0.73	1 280	1 303	1.8	6.00	6.00
255	Gundsø	19.9	19.9	31.4	31.4	0.70	0.70	425	423	-0.5	9.00	9.00
257	Hvalsø	21.0	21.0	32.5	32.5	0.90	0.90	210	210	0.3	18.00	17.00

¹ Church tax as a percentage of the tax-base for those subject to church tax. ² The county land tax rate amounted to 0.1 per cent in all counties in 2003 and 2004. ³ As county tax is not paid in Copenhagen, Frederiksberg and Bornholm, the difference between the average local government tax rate and the average local government and county tax rate is less than the average county tax rate.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/pskat

Table 421 (continued)

Local government taxation

	Municipal tax rate for personal taxation (excl. county tax)		Local government tax rate for personal taxation (municipal plus county tax)		Church tax rate ¹		Budgeted municipal income tax revenue (incl. share of seamen's income tax)			Municipal land tax rate ²		
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	increase	2003	2004	
	per cent						DKK mio.	per cent		per mille		
Roskilde County (continued)												
259	Køge	20.8	20.7	32.3	32.2	0.90	0.90	1 000	999	-0.1	7.30	7.30
261	Lejre	17.9	17.9	29.4	29.4	0.97	0.97	227	230	1.3	10.00	10.00
263	Ramsø	19.7	19.7	31.2	31.2	0.93	0.94	236	236	-0.0	18.00	18.00
265	Roskilde	20.4	20.4	31.9	31.9	0.87	0.87	1 557	1 553	-0.3	12.00	12.00
267	Skovbo	19.7	19.7	31.2	31.2	0.80	0.80	351	361	2.8	6.00	6.00
269	Solrød	19.4	19.4	30.9	30.9	0.92	0.92	556	569	2.3	6.00	10.00
271	Vallø	19.9	19.9	31.4	31.4	1.00	1.00	264	269	1.7	11.50	11.50
West Zealand County												
		21.4	21.4	33.8	33.8	0.98	0.98	7 209	7 300	1.3	17.25	17.29
301	Bjergsted	21.3	21.3	33.7	33.7	1.20	1.20	172	174	1.3	24.00	24.00
303	Dianalund	22.0	22.0	34.4	34.4	0.85	0.85	164	168	2.2	14.00	14.00
305	Dragsholm	22.5	22.5	34.9	34.9	0.85	0.85	316	318	0.4	24.00	24.00
307	Fuglebjerg	21.8	22.5	34.2	34.9	1.20	1.20	142	150	5.6	15.00	15.00
309	Gørlev	21.0	21.0	33.4	33.4	1.10	1.10	136	145	6.4	24.00	24.00
311	Hashøj	21.6	21.6	34.0	34.0	1.25	1.25	154	156	1.1	13.50	13.50
313	Haslev	22.1	22.1	34.5	34.5	0.93	0.93	364	369	1.2	16.00	16.00
315	Holbæk	20.5	20.5	32.9	32.9	0.95	0.95	867	872	0.6	12.50	12.50
317	Hvidebæk	22.2	22.2	34.6	34.6	1.15	1.15	131	130	-0.9	15.00	15.00
319	Høng	20.5	20.5	32.9	32.9	1.00	1.00	180	184	2.0	10.00	10.00
321	Jernløse	21.4	21.4	33.8	33.8	1.10	1.10	137	138	0.9	12.00	12.00
323	Kalundborg	20.2	20.2	32.6	32.6	0.88	0.88	490	498	1.5	22.00	22.00
325	Korsør	21.9	21.9	34.3	34.3	0.80	0.80	473	480	1.4	19.50	19.50
327	Nykøbing-Rørvig	21.9	21.7	34.3	34.1	1.05	1.05	194	206	6.1	24.00	24.00
329	Ringsted	21.5	21.5	33.9	33.9	1.00	1.00	759	767	1.1	12.20	12.20
331	Skælskør	21.9	21.9	34.3	34.3	1.18	1.21	276	281	1.7	19.00	19.00
333	Slagelse	20.7	20.7	33.1	33.1	0.90	0.90	863	866	0.4	15.00	15.00
335	Sorø	21.7	21.7	34.1	34.1	1.00	1.00	396	401	1.2	16.00	16.00
337	Stenlille	21.8	21.8	34.2	34.2	0.83	0.83	127	129	1.3	13.00	13.00
339	Svinninge	21.9	21.9	34.3	34.3	1.07	1.07	154	152	-1.5	16.40	16.40
341	Tornved	23.2	23.2	35.6	35.6	1.08	1.08	216	217	0.4	16.00	16.00
343	Trundholm	22.5	22.5	34.9	34.9	1.10	1.10	263	264	0.3	24.00	24.00
345	Tølløse	21.3	21.3	33.7	33.7	0.93	0.93	233	237	1.5	16.00	16.00
Storstrøm County												
		21.0	21.0	33.5	33.5	1.09	1.09	5 907	5 969	1.0	16.63	16.63
351	Fakse	21.7	21.7	34.2	34.2	1.25	1.25	297	299	0.7	19.00	18.50
353	Fladså	20.5	20.5	33.0	33.0	1.15	1.15	170	170	0.1	10.00	10.00
355	Holeby	22.2	22.2	34.7	34.7	1.35	1.25	92	94	2.1	21.00	21.00
357	Holmegaard	21.7	21.7	34.2	34.2	0.80	0.80	173	174	0.4	12.00	12.00
359	Højreby	21.9	21.9	34.4	34.4	1.25	1.25	86	88	1.6	24.00	24.00
361	Langebæk	20.8	20.8	33.3	33.3	0.90	0.90	131	133	1.6	14.00	14.00
363	Maribo	21.2	21.2	33.7	33.7	1.32	1.33	251	251	0.1	21.50	21.50
365	Møn	21.5	21.5	34.0	34.0	1.24	1.24	249	254	2.1	21.00	21.00
367	Nakskov	22.9	22.9	35.4	35.4	1.05	1.05	343	352	2.7	24.00	24.00
369	Nykøbing Falster	20.3	20.3	32.8	32.8	0.99	1.03	552	568	2.8	17.00	17.00
371	Nysted	21.2	21.2	33.7	33.7	1.30	1.30	120	119	-0.9	14.00	14.00
373	Næstved	20.1	20.1	32.6	32.6	0.97	0.97	1 108	1 118	0.8	12.00	12.00
375	Nørre Alslev	21.3	21.3	33.8	33.8	1.25	1.30	198	201	1.3	10.00	10.00
377	Præstø	20.8	20.8	33.3	33.3	1.17	1.17	167	168	0.8	16.00	16.00
379	Ravnsborg	22.5	22.5	35.0	35.0	1.20	1.20	122	124	1.6	22.50	22.50
381	Rudbjerg	21.2	21.2	33.7	33.7	1.20	1.25	80	79	-1.1	22.00	22.00
383	Rødby	22.9	22.9	35.4	35.4	1.19	1.19	154	152	-1.5	24.00	24.00
385	Rønnede	22.0	22.0	34.5	34.5	1.35	1.46	182	184	1.5	12.00	12.00
387	Sakskøbing	20.8	20.8	33.3	33.3	1.34	1.34	193	198	2.6	20.00	20.00
389	Stevns	21.7	21.7	34.2	34.2	1.25	1.22	273	269	-1.2	13.00	13.00
391	Stubbekøbing	21.3	21.3	33.8	33.8	1.20	1.25	148	148	-0.3	12.50	12.50

Table 421 (continued)

Local government taxation

	Municipal tax rate for personal taxation (excl. county tax)		Local government tax rate for personal taxation (municipal plus county tax)		Church tax rate ¹		Budgeted municipal income tax revenue (incl. share of seamen's income tax)			Municipal land tax rate ²		
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	increase	2003	2004	
	per cent						DKK mio.	per cent		per mille		
Storstrøm County (continued)												
393	Suså	21.1	21.1	33.6	33.6	1.15	1.15	190	190	0.2	14.00	14.00
395	Sydfalster	17.9	17.9	30.4	30.4	0.85	0.80	140	139	-0.7	22.30	22.30
397	Vordingborg	20.8	20.8	33.3	33.3	0.80	0.80	488	497	1.9	19.00	19.00
	Funen County	21.4	21.5	33.8	33.9	0.91	0.91	10 947	11 103	1.4	12.28	12.34
421	Assens	20.7	20.7	33.1	33.1	1.20	1.20	234	233	-0.3	6.00	6.00
423	Bogense	22.1	22.1	34.5	34.5	1.15	1.16	142	142	0.0	19.50	18.50
425	Broby	21.8	21.8	34.2	34.2	1.10	1.10	146	143	-2.4	15.00	15.00
427	Egebjerg	22.2	22.2	34.6	34.6	1.25	1.25	190	195	2.5	6.00	6.00
429	Ejby	21.4	21.4	33.8	33.8	1.25	1.25	219	220	0.6	12.00	12.00
431	Faaborg	21.8	21.8	34.2	34.2	0.95	0.98	398	399	0.2	12.50	12.50
433	Glamsbjerg	21.5	21.5	33.9	33.9	1.15	1.15	132	133	0.6	14.00	14.00
435	Gudme	22.0	22.0	34.4	34.4	1.30	1.35	133	134	1.3	6.00	6.00
437	Haarby	21.2	21.2	33.6	33.6	0.90	0.90	112	114	1.5	8.00	8.00
439	Kerteminde	20.9	20.9	33.3	33.3	1.34	1.33	267	268	0.4	19.00	19.00
441	Langeskov	20.9	20.9	33.3	33.3	0.90	0.90	140	141	1.0	10.00	10.00
443	Marstal	20.8	20.8	33.2	33.2	1.15	1.15	63	64	2.2	10.00	10.00
445	Midelfart	20.3	20.3	32.7	32.7	0.75	0.75	492	506	3.0	12.00	12.00
447	Munkebo	21.6	21.6	34.0	34.0	0.58	0.58	135	137	1.7	12.00	12.00
449	Nyborg	22.2	23.2	34.6	35.6	1.10	1.10	451	484	7.2	16.00	16.00
451	Nørre Aaby	21.2	21.2	33.6	33.6	1.21	1.21	119	124	3.6	6.00	6.00
461	Odense	21.3	21.3	33.7	33.7	0.68	0.68	4 368	4 419	1.2	12.40	12.40
471	Otterup	21.4	21.4	33.8	33.8	1.25	1.15	238	239	0.5	12.00	12.00
473	Ringe	21.6	21.8	34.0	34.2	1.25	1.25	248	257	3.8	7.00	9.00
475	Rudkøbing	22.9	22.9	35.3	35.3	1.21	1.21	155	155	0.3	13.80	13.80
477	Ryslinge	22.1	22.1	34.5	34.5	0.90	0.95	159	160	1.0	8.50	8.50
479	Svendborg	21.9	21.9	34.3	34.3	0.97	0.97	986	1 004	1.8	13.00	13.00
481	Sydlangeland	22.2	22.2	34.6	34.6	1.10	1.10	89	87	-2.1	12.00	14.00
483	Søndersø	21.3	21.3	33.7	33.7	1.00	1.00	264	260	-1.8	15.00	15.00
485	Tommerup	21.6	21.6	34.0	34.0	0.80	0.80	178	180	1.1	10.00	10.00
487	Tranekær	22.5	22.5	34.9	34.9	1.40	1.40	73	74	1.3	14.00	14.00
489	Ullerslev	21.6	21.6	34.0	34.0	1.10	1.07	115	113	-2.2	17.00	17.00
491	Vissenbjerg	22.4	22.4	34.8	34.8	0.90	0.87	145	147	1.3	15.00	15.00
493	Ærøskøbing	21.5	22.5	33.9	34.9	1.40	1.40	83	88	6.6	12.00	12.00
495	Ørbæk	21.6	21.6	34.0	34.0	1.20	1.20	144	145	0.4	10.00	10.00
497	Årslev	20.6	20.6	33.0	33.0	1.04	1.00	210	212	1.2	10.00	10.00
499	Aarup	21.2	21.2	33.6	33.6	1.21	1.21	120	126	4.5	12.00	12.00
	South Jutland County	20.7	20.8	32.7	32.8	0.99	0.99	5 823	5 879	1.0	8.50	8.58
501	Augustenborg	22.4	22.4	34.4	34.4	1.07	1.07	158	161	2.0	10.00	10.00
503	Bov	21.1	21.1	33.1	33.1	0.90	0.90	272	259	-4.8	6.00	6.00
505	Bredebro	20.4	20.4	32.4	32.4	1.31	1.31	80	80	0.3	10.00	10.00
507	Broager	20.4	21.0	32.4	33.0	1.00	1.00	137	144	5.1	10.00	12.00
509	Christiansfeld	21.2	21.2	33.2	33.2	1.28	1.28	213	210	-1.6	11.00	11.00
511	Gram	22.1	22.1	34.1	34.1	1.00	1.00	111	111	0.4	9.00	9.00
513	Gråsten	19.9	19.9	31.9	31.9	1.08	1.08	161	167	3.5	7.00	7.00
515	Haderslev	22.3	22.3	34.3	34.3	0.92	0.92	816	819	0.4	10.00	10.00
517	Højer	21.6	21.6	33.6	33.6	1.50	1.40	62	62	-0.2	11.00	11.00
519	Lundholt	21.8	21.8	33.8	33.8	0.99	0.99	132	139	4.7	9.00	9.00
521	Løgumkloster	20.3	20.3	32.3	32.3	1.30	1.30	147	149	1.5	6.00	6.00
523	Nordborg	20.4	20.4	32.4	32.4	0.86	0.89	318	320	0.8	10.00	10.00
525	Nørre Rangstrup	21.8	21.8	33.8	33.8	1.12	1.12	206	209	1.4	6.00	6.00
527	Rødding	20.7	20.7	32.7	32.7	1.15	1.15	237	237	-0.1	6.00	6.00
529	Rødekro	18.8	18.8	30.8	30.8	0.99	0.99	221	222	0.5	10.00	10.00
531	Skærbæk	19.7	19.7	31.7	31.7	1.20	1.20	169	164	-3.4	14.00	14.00

Table 421 (continued)

Local government taxation

	Municipal tax rate for personal taxation (excl. county tax)		Local government tax rate for personal taxation (municipal plus county tax)		Church tax rate ¹		Budgeted municipal income tax revenue (incl. share of seamen's income tax)			Municipal land tax rate ²		
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	increase	2003	2004	
	per cent						DKK mio.		per cent	per mille		
South Jutland County (continued)												
533	Sundeved	20.6	20.6	32.6	32.6	0.95	0.95	123	122	-1.0	7.00	7.00
535	Sydals	20.8	20.8	32.8	32.8	1.00	0.95	159	163	2.1	15.00	15.00
537	Sønderborg	19.9	19.9	31.9	31.9	0.84	0.87	696	720	3.5	6.00	6.00
539	Tinglev	20.4	21.0	32.4	33.0	1.15	1.15	204	214	4.5	8.00	9.00
541	Tønder	19.9	20.4	31.9	32.4	1.00	1.00	292	295	1.1	6.00	6.00
543	Vojens	20.9	20.9	32.9	32.9	0.96	0.96	362	368	1.5	10.00	10.00
545	Aabenraa	20.4	20.4	32.4	32.4	0.86	0.85	548	547	-0.2	6.00	6.00
	Ribe County	20.7	20.7	32.7	32.7	0.86	0.87	5 185	5 192	0.1	13.33	13.39
551	Billund	18.2	18.9	30.2	30.9	0.70	0.70	207	220	6.4	6.00	6.00
553	Blåbjerg	21.0	21.0	33.0	33.0	1.35	1.35	138	139	0.6	20.00	20.00
555	Blåvandshuk	20.0	20.0	32.0	32.0	1.10	1.10	95	97	2.3	21.00	21.00
557	Bramming	20.4	20.4	32.4	32.4	1.04	1.03	282	284	0.7	8.00	8.00
559	Brørup	20.6	20.6	32.6	32.6	0.92	0.92	138	138	-0.2	8.00	8.00
561	Esbjerg	21.2	21.2	33.2	33.2	0.65	0.65	2 051	2 031	-1.0	17.00	17.00
563	Fanø	18.5	18.5	30.5	30.5	1.30	1.20	69	68	-1.1	24.00	24.00
565	Grindsted	20.7	20.7	32.7	32.7	0.96	0.96	387	390	0.7	9.00	9.00
567	Helle	21.0	21.0	33.0	33.0	1.30	1.25	180	181	0.6	8.00	8.00
569	Holsted	20.9	20.9	32.9	32.9	1.30	1.30	140	140	0.0	8.00	8.00
571	Ribe	20.8	20.8	32.8	32.8	1.15	1.15	422	415	-1.6	12.00	12.00
573	Varde	20.1	20.1	32.1	32.1	0.80	0.80	456	461	1.2	6.00	6.00
575	Vejen	21.0	21.0	33.0	33.0	0.92	0.90	379	382	0.8	8.00	8.00
577	Ølgod	20.4	20.4	32.4	32.4	0.85	0.95	242	247	2.0	8.00	8.00
	Vejle County	20.6	20.6	32.0	32.0	0.93	0.93	8 432	8 553	1.4	12.92	12.95
601	Brædstrup	20.8	20.9	32.2	32.3	1.14	1.14	197	202	2.3	6.00	8.00
603	Børkop	20.5	20.5	31.9	31.9	0.85	0.85	268	272	1.8	10.00	10.00
605	Egtved	20.1	20.1	31.5	31.5	0.95	0.95	334	343	2.5	6.00	6.00
607	Fredericia	20.7	20.7	32.1	32.1	0.85	0.85	1 171	1 204	2.8	16.00	16.00
609	Gedved	20.4	20.4	31.8	31.8	1.10	1.10	222	223	0.6	6.00	6.00
611	Give	21.5	21.5	32.9	32.9	1.20	1.18	315	317	0.5	8.00	8.00
613	Hedensted	19.8	19.8	31.2	31.2	1.04	1.00	385	392	1.8	6.00	6.00
615	Horsens	21.6	21.6	33.0	33.0	0.78	0.78	1 414	1 429	1.0	14.70	14.70
617	Jelling	22.6	22.5	34.0	33.9	1.17	1.17	137	136	-0.8	14.00	14.00
619	Juelsminde	18.9	18.9	30.3	30.3	1.25	1.22	339	342	0.8	8.00	8.00
621	Kolding	21.5	21.5	32.9	32.9	0.88	0.88	1 624	1 645	1.3	10.00	10.00
623	Lunderskov	21.7	21.7	33.1	33.1	0.97	1.04	129	127	-1.7	6.00	6.00
625	Nørre Snede	21.6	21.6	33.0	33.0	1.08	1.08	160	158	-0.7	9.00	9.00
627	Tørring-Uldum	21.3	21.3	32.7	32.7	1.18	1.18	278	281	1.3	10.00	10.00
629	Vamdrup	21.6	21.6	33.0	33.0	1.00	1.00	163	163	0.2	8.00	8.00
631	Vejle	18.6	18.6	30.0	30.0	0.89	0.88	1 296	1 319	1.7	24.00	24.00
	Ringkøbing County	20.7	20.7	32.7	32.7	1.02	1.03	6 370	6 556	2.9	10.60	10.50
651	Aulum-Haderup	21.2	21.2	33.2	33.2	1.05	1.10	146	147	0.3	9.00	9.00
653	Brande	19.9	19.9	31.9	31.9	1.04	1.02	187	207	10.5	6.00	6.00
655	Egvad	21.2	21.2	33.2	33.2	1.20	1.20	207	212	2.3	10.00	10.00
657	Herning	20.8	20.8	32.8	32.8	0.96	0.96	1 460	1 494	2.3	11.70	11.70
659	Holmsland	17.0	16.5	29.0	28.5	1.00	1.00	105	109	3.4	21.00	20.00
661	Holstebro	21.5	21.5	33.5	33.5	0.95	0.95	1 015	1 051	3.5	9.00	9.00
663	Ikast	20.8	20.8	32.8	32.8	0.89	0.89	530	538	1.6	6.00	6.00
665	Lemvig	20.9	20.9	32.9	32.9	1.22	1.22	418	422	1.0	12.00	12.00
667	Ringkøbing	19.9	19.9	31.9	31.9	1.15	1.15	411	448	9.0	9.00	9.00
669	Skjern	20.2	20.2	32.2	32.2	0.95	0.95	291	295	1.3	6.00	6.00
671	Struer	20.9	20.9	32.9	32.9	1.06	1.06	451	455	0.9	12.00	12.00
673	Thyborøn-Harboøre	20.3	20.3	32.3	32.3	0.95	1.15	112	112	-0.2	20.00	20.00

Table 421 (continued)

Local government taxation

	Municipal tax rate for personal taxation (excl. county tax)		Local government tax rate for personal taxation (municipal plus county tax)		Church tax rate ¹		Budgeted municipal income tax revenue (incl. share of seamen's income tax)			Municipal land tax rate ²		
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	increase	2003	2004	
	per cent						DKK mio.		per cent	per mille		
Ringkøbing County (continued)												
675	Thyholm	21.4	21.4	33.4	33.4	1.35	1.35	87	84	-3.2	8.00	8.00
677	Trehøje	19.8	19.8	31.8	31.8	1.00	1.00	211	208	-1.6	6.00	6.00
679	Ulfborg-Vemb	20.6	20.6	32.6	32.6	1.25	1.25	146	175	20.1	15.00	15.00
681	Videbæk	21.2	21.2	33.2	33.2	1.00	1.00	270	275	1.8	6.00	6.00
683	Vinderup	20.7	20.7	32.7	32.7	1.15	1.15	170	172	1.0	11.00	11.00
685	Åskov	20.7	20.7	32.7	32.7	1.10	1.10	153	153	0.3	6.00	6.00
	Århus County	20.9	20.9	32.5	32.5	0.86	0.86	15 538	15 796	1.7	15.41	15.47
701	Ebeltoft	19.5	19.4	31.1	31.0	1.16	1.16	331	331	0.0	22.70	24.00
703	Galten	20.9	20.9	32.5	32.5	1.00	1.00	248	255	3.0	15.00	15.00
705	Gjern	21.0	21.0	32.6	32.6	1.10	1.10	174	178	2.4	13.00	13.00
707	Grenaa	21.0	21.5	32.6	33.1	0.87	0.87	427	441	3.3	18.50	20.50
709	Hadsten	20.9	20.9	32.5	32.5	1.05	1.05	274	275	0.5	11.00	11.00
711	Hammel	21.1	21.1	32.7	32.7	1.17	1.17	247	250	0.9	15.00	15.00
713	Hinnerup	20.9	20.9	32.5	32.5	0.89	0.89	289	294	1.8	12.00	12.00
715	Hørning	20.7	20.7	32.3	32.3	1.07	1.07	205	210	2.4	8.00	8.00
717	Langå	22.2	22.2	33.8	33.8	1.15	1.15	198	199	0.9	13.00	13.00
719	Mariager	21.9	21.9	33.5	33.5	1.20	1.20	188	193	2.5	10.00	10.00
721	Midtdjurs	21.7	21.5	33.3	33.1	1.05	1.05	171	169	-1.1	18.00	18.00
723	Nørhald	22.2	22.2	33.8	33.8	1.25	1.25	193	193	0.1	11.00	11.00
725	Nørre Djurs	21.9	21.9	33.5	33.5	1.25	1.25	164	168	2.3	24.00	24.00
727	Odder	20.1	20.1	31.7	31.7	1.00	1.00	470	480	2.2	13.50	13.50
729	Purhus	21.5	21.5	33.1	33.1	1.12	1.13	193	192	-0.5	14.00	14.00
731	Randers	21.6	21.6	33.2	33.2	0.75	0.75	1 496	1 521	1.7	22.00	22.00
733	Rosenholm	21.3	21.3	32.9	32.9	0.93	0.93	238	238	-0.4	20.00	20.00
735	Rougsø	22.3	22.0	33.9	33.6	1.20	1.18	181	175	-3.1	14.00	14.00
737	Ry	20.8	20.8	32.4	32.4	0.90	0.90	258	264	2.0	15.00	15.00
739	Rønde	21.3	21.3	32.9	32.9	0.93	0.93	164	167	2.0	19.00	19.00
741	Samsø	22.5	22.5	34.1	34.1	1.50	1.50	96	101	5.1	21.00	21.00
743	Silkeborg	20.5	20.5	32.1	32.1	0.90	0.90	1 348	1 374	1.9	18.00	17.50
745	Skanderborg	19.6	19.6	31.2	31.2	0.70	0.70	525	536	2.0	6.80	6.80
747	Sønderhald	21.3	21.3	32.9	32.9	1.00	1.00	200	203	1.7	7.00	7.00
749	Them	21.5	21.5	33.1	33.1	0.90	0.90	160	162	0.8	12.00	12.00
751	Århus	20.7	20.7	32.3	32.3	0.74	0.74	7 101	7 230	1.8	14.60	14.60
	Viborg County	21.0	21.0	33.5	33.5	1.07	1.08	5 269	5 419	2.9	11.63	11.59
761	Bjerringbro	20.9	20.9	33.4	33.4	0.90	0.90	324	331	2.2	10.00	10.00
763	Fjends	20.7	20.7	33.2	33.2	1.10	1.25	163	162	-0.1	10.00	10.00
765	Hanstholm	20.8	20.8	33.3	33.3	1.20	1.20	132	142	7.5	13.00	13.00
767	Hvorslev	20.9	20.9	33.4	33.4	1.05	1.05	146	153	4.7	10.00	10.00
769	Karup	21.2	21.2	33.7	33.7	0.55	0.55	154	152	-0.8	8.00	8.00
771	Kjellerup	20.6	20.6	33.1	33.1	1.14	1.14	297	298	0.6	9.00	9.00
773	Morsø	20.8	20.8	33.3	33.3	1.22	1.22	489	501	2.6	13.00	13.00
775	Møldrup	20.2	20.2	32.7	32.7	1.10	1.10	160	160	-0.0	8.50	8.50
777	Sallingsund	20.8	20.8	33.3	33.3	1.10	1.10	139	201	45.1	10.00	10.00
779	Skive	21.2	21.2	33.7	33.7	0.90	0.90	673	677	0.7	10.00	10.00
781	Spøttrup	20.5	20.5	33.0	33.0	1.15	1.15	154	163	5.7	14.00	14.00
783	Sundsøre	21.2	21.2	33.7	33.7	1.25	1.25	138	142	2.8	12.00	12.00
785	Sydthy	21.4	21.4	33.9	33.9	1.47	1.47	241	242	0.3	12.00	12.00
787	Thisted	20.9	20.9	33.4	33.4	1.20	1.20	656	656	-0.0	10.00	10.00
789	Tjele	21.0	20.9	33.5	33.4	1.20	1.20	178	182	2.1	6.00	6.00
791	Viborg	21.1	21.1	33.6	33.6	0.95	0.95	1 075	1 104	2.7	16.00	16.00
793	Aalestrup	21.4	21.4	33.9	33.9	1.20	1.20	151	152	0.7	8.00	8.00

Table 421

Local government taxation

	Municipal tax rate for personal taxation (excl. county tax)		Local government tax rate for personal taxation (municipal plus county tax)		Church tax rate ¹		Budgeted municipal income tax revenue (incl. share of seamen's income tax)			Municipal land tax rate ²	
	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	2003	2004	increase	2003	2004
	per cent						DKK mio.	per cent		per mille	
North Jutland County	21.4	21.4	33.4	33.4	1.04	1.04	11 436	11 506	0.6	15.57	15.64
801 Arden	21.5	21.5	33.5	33.5	1.30	1.30	174	179	2.8	14.00	14.00
803 Brovst	22.5	22.3	34.5	34.3	1.22	1.22	188	185	-1.6	12.00	12.00
805 Brønderslev	21.6	21.6	33.6	33.6	1.11	1.11	446	437	-2.1	15.00	15.00
807 Dronninglund	21.7	21.7	33.7	33.7	1.05	1.05	344	346	0.7	12.00	12.00
809 Farsø	22.1	22.0	34.1	34.0	1.25	1.20	181	180	-0.5	14.00	14.00
811 Fjerritslev	22.0	22.0	34.0	34.0	1.30	1.35	183	185	1.4	10.00	10.00
813 Frederikshavn	21.6	21.6	33.6	33.6	0.97	1.00	777	782	0.6	14.00	14.00
815 Hadsund	20.2	20.6	32.2	32.6	1.10	1.10	232	237	1.8	18.00	18.00
817 Hals	20.9	20.9	32.9	32.9	1.01	1.01	250	248	-0.7	19.00	19.00
819 Hirtshals	20.8	20.8	32.8	32.8	1.20	1.20	304	324	6.5	16.80	16.80
821 Hjørring	21.6	21.6	33.6	33.6	1.00	1.00	803	818	1.9	13.00	13.00
823 Hobro	20.5	20.5	32.5	32.5	1.00	1.00	338	340	0.6	15.00	15.00
825 Læsø	22.4	22.4	34.4	34.4	1.20	1.20	50	50	-0.8	24.00	24.00
827 Løgstør	22.5	22.5	34.5	34.5	1.25	1.15	236	241	2.1	13.00	13.00
829 Løkken-Vrå	21.6	21.6	33.6	33.6	1.34	1.34	188	190	1.2	16.80	16.80
831 Nibe	21.4	21.4	33.4	33.4	1.23	1.23	186	189	1.6	11.00	11.00
833 Nørager	22.0	22.0	34.0	34.0	1.24	1.22	119	122	2.2	13.00	13.00
835 Pandrup	20.8	20.8	32.8	32.8	1.15	1.15	242	241	-0.2	18.90	18.90
837 Sejlfjord	21.4	21.2	33.4	33.2	1.16	1.18	190	195	2.6	13.00	17.25
839 Sindal	20.9	20.9	32.9	32.9	1.20	1.20	187	192	2.5	8.00	8.00
841 Skagen	21.5	21.5	33.5	33.5	1.00	1.00	292	297	1.9	24.00	24.00
843 Skørping	21.4	21.4	33.4	33.4	1.40	1.40	238	238	-0.1	17.50	17.50
845 Støvring	20.4	20.4	32.4	32.4	1.10	1.10	297	295	-0.6	12.00	12.00
847 Sæby	21.1	21.1	33.1	33.1	1.15	1.15	383	394	3.0	14.00	14.00
849 Aabybro	21.0	21.0	33.0	33.0	1.08	1.08	260	262	1.0	12.00	12.00
851 Aalborg	21.4	21.4	33.4	33.4	0.90	0.90	4 055	4 038	-0.4	17.00	17.00
861 Aars	21.4	21.9	33.4	33.9	1.15	1.15	292	299	2.5	8.00	8.00

Table 422

Taxation of corporations 2002

	Size of tax levied (size groups; total) ¹							
	Under DKK 100 000.		DKK 100 000-1 mio.		Over DKK 1 mio.		Total	
	Number of companies	Amount in DKK mio.	Number of companies	Amount in DKK mio.	Number of companies	Amount in DKK mio.	Number of companies	Amount in DKK mio.
Total	30 066	953	17 500	5 363	3 143	30 537	50 709	36 854
Agriculture, fishing, and quarrying	479	16	388	129	58	3 800	925	3 945
Manufacturing	2 090	79	2 024	672	600	5 224	4 714	5 976
Manufacturing of food, beverages, and tobacco	132	5	105	33	65	465	302	502
Manufacturing of textile, wearing apparel, and leather	109	5	90	31	30	94	229	129
Manufacturing of wood products, printing and publishing	500	18	351	107	72	238	923	363
Manufacturing of chemicals, plastic products, etc.	136	5	155	58	64	2 806	355	2 868
Manufacturing of other non-metallic mineral products, etc.	69	2	67	23	32	210	168	236
Manufacturing of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	979	38	1 115	370	300	1 217	2 394	1 625
Manufacturing of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	165	6	141	51	37	196	343	253
Electricity, gas and water supply	40	1	26	11	13	866	79	877
Construction	3 050	116	2 074	570	127	253	5 251	940
Wholesale and retail trade, hotels and restaurants	6 017	215	4 402	1 419	801	3 056	11 220	4 690
Transport, storage and communication	692	34	699	218	118	3 227	1 779	3 479
Financial intermediation, etc., business activities	10 387	317	5 315	1 628	1 120	12 859	16 822	14 804
Financial intermediation and insurance, etc.	1 841	54	843	280	344	7 365	3 028	7 700
Real estate and renting activities	3 360	95	1 446	444	263	1 153	5 069	1 692
Business activities, etc.	5 186	168	3 026	904	513	4 342	8 725	5 413
Public and personal services	1 646	60	1 111	267	47	151	2 804	478
Not known	5 395	117	1 461	449	259	1 100	7 115	1 666

¹ Including all supplements, reductions and allowances.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/15

Table 423

Customs and excise duties

	2001	2002	2003
	DKK mio.		
Customs and import duties	2 411	2 139	2 158
Value added tax	142 819	130 234	132 203
Duty on wage and salary costs	3 839	3 591	3 589
Duties on motor vehicles	21 290	24 251	22 779
Weight duty	7 406	7 943	8 017
Registration duty	12 358	14 487	12 839
Duty on third-party liability insurance	1 526	1 821	1 923
Taxes on energy products	35 112	35 963	36 514
Petrol	10 151	10 432	10 420
Certain petroleum products	7 029	7 141	7 444
Electricity	7 734	8 241	8 310
Coal	1 401	1 508	1 739
Natural gas	3 845	3 794	3 597
CO ₂	4 844	4 728	4 809
Sulphur	108	119	195
Pollution taxes	2 745	2 864	2 600
Certain retail containers ¹	875	971	951
Insecticides, herbicides, etc.	359	371	398
Waste	1 069	1 090	916
CFC	44	58	56
Chlorinated solvents	1	1	1
Nickel/cadmium batteries	20	21	14
Effluent charges	284	265	187
Nitrogen	28	27	26
Specific growth stimulants	0	0	0
PVC and phthalates	65	60	51
Duties on spirits, wine and beer	4 325	4 304	4 141
Spirits	1 666	1 699	1 516
Wine	1 188	1 167	1 159
Beer	1 471	1 438	1 466
Duties on non-alcoholic beverages	1 032	1 043	948
Coffee	275	271	261
Tea	9	9	8
Mineral water	749	763	679
Duties on chocolate, sugar confection., etc.	1 509	1 494	1 504
Chocolate, sugar confectionary	1 337	1 320	1 326
Ice-cream	172	174	178
Duties on tobacco	7 586	7 735	7 727
Cigarettes, smoking tobacco, etc.	7 453	7 613	7 608
Cigars, cheroots and cigarillos	68	66	63
Cigarette paper	65	56	56
Other duties	2 541	3 041	3 095
Electric bulbs, etc.	203	214	208
Raw materials	168	157	154
Piped water	1 414	1 432	1 416
Insurance of pleasure boats	69	69	76
Casinos	189	181	164
Passenger duty	481	512	464
Slot machines	54	484	606
Other duties	-37	-8	7
Customs and excise duties, total	225 207	216 659	217 258
European Union	-2 170	-1 604	-1 619

¹ Amount is inclusive of taxes on disposable tableware.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/15

Table 424

Public sector 2002*

	General government sector	Quasi public corporations	Public corporations	The public sector
DKK mio.				
Production account				
Output	383 025	42 199	90 562	515 785
Intermediate consumption	116 702	27 770	36 494	180 965
Gross value added	266 323	14 429	54 068	334 820
Consumption of fixed capital	26 707	4 183	10 656	41 546
Net value added	239 616	10 246	43 412	293 274
Generation of income account				
Gross value added	266 323	14 429	54 068	334 820
Taxes less subsidies on production	662	289	-954	-3
Taxes on production	662	289	-	951
Production subsidies	-	-	954	954
GDP at factor cost	265 661	14 140	55 022	334 823
Compensation of employees	238 954	6 785	22 994	268 733
Gross operating surplus	26 707	7 355	32 028	66 090
Consumption of fixed capital	26 707	4 183	10 656	41 546
Net operating surplus	-	3 172	21 372	24 544
Allocation of primary income account				
Gross operating surplus	26 707	7 355	32 028	66 090
Interest and dividends	40 608	1 005	22 611	64 224
Taxes on production and imports	237 987	-	-	237 987
Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	399 912	-	-	399 912
Actual contributions to social benefits	23 428	-	3 439	26 867
Imputed contributions to social benefits	13 279	-	-	13 279
International cooperation	1 394	-	-	1 394
Other current transfers	9 320	3 754	-515	12 559
Gross primary income	752 636	12 114	57 562	822 313
Interest and dividends	50 185	7 523	20 896	78 604
Subsidies	30 292	434	-	30 727
Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	-	-	2 720	2 720
Social contributions	238 624	41	1 867	240 532
International cooperation	22 123	9	-	22 132
Other current transfers	13 261	3	-	13 264
Gross total expenditure	354 485	8 011	25 483	387 978
Gross disposable income	398 152	4 103	32 080	434 334
Consumption of fixed capital	26 707	4 183	10 656	41 546
Net disposable income	371 445	-81	21 424	392 788
Redistribution of income account				
Gross disposable income	398 152	4 103	32 080	434 334
Adj. for the change in net equity of households and pension funds, consumption expenditure	358 509	-	-	358 509
Change in households net worth	-	-	1 642	1 642
Gross saving	39 643	4 103	30 438	74 183
Consumption of fixed capital	26 707	4 183	10 656	41 546
Net saving	12 936	-81	19 782	32 637
Capital account				
Gross saving	39 643	4 103	30 438	74 183
Capital taxes	2 538	-	-	2 538
Other capital transfers	8 463	585	-	9 048
Total gross saving and capital transfers	50 643	4 688	30 438	85 769
Gross fixed capital formation	23 937	8 975	15 552	48 465
Changes in stocks	33	-3	-	31
Acquisitions of land and rights, net	-183	-1 451	268	-1 365
Investment subsidies	5 853	-	-	5 853
Other capital transfers	-	94	-	94
Of which, public sub-sector	-	44	-	44
Net lending/borrowing	21 002	-2 928	14 618	32 693

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/off14

Table 425

Expenditure and revenue of general government

	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio.			
Current outlays, total	661 008	689 634	712 832	737 290
Consumption expenditure	323 350	343 273	358 509	369 247
Real interest, etc.	55 191	53 311	50 023	48 100
Subsidies	28 191	28 647	30 292	30 984
Other current transfers	254 276	264 402	274 007	288 959
Current revenue, total	715 003	749 808	752 636	774 857
Income on wealth, earned income, etc.	77 094	82 696	81 362	85 680
Taxes on production and import	219 845	229 388	237 987	240 283
Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	379 807	396 808	399 912	416 401
Social security contributions	29 396	29 358	22 660	23 487
Other current transfers	8 862	10 557	10 714	9 006
Capital outlays, total	28 484	29 417	29 641	28 177
Non-financial capital accumulation	21 300	22 839	23 788	22 419
Capital transfers	7 184	6 577	5 853	5 758
Capital revenue, total	6 969	6 767	11 001	7 271
Capital taxes	2 861	2 701	2 538	2 716
Other capital transfers	4 108	4 066	8 463	4 555
Current surplus (gross saving)	53 996	60 174	39 805	37 567
Overall surplus (net lending)	32 481	37 525	21 164	16 661

 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/15

Table 426

Expenditure and revenue of general government 2003*

	Central government	Social security funds	Local government	General government ¹
	DKK mio.			
Current outlays, total	468 579	70 271	437 913	737 290
Consumption expenditure	101 528	3 761	263 958	369 247
Real interest, etc.	45 651	5	2 444	48 100
Subsidies	25 028	-	5 956	30 984
Other current transfers	296 372	66 505	165 555	288 959
Current revenue, total	484 984	86 708	442 639	774 857
Income on wealth, earned income, etc.	42 209	16 025	27 447	85 680
Taxes on production and import	223 625	-	16 657	240 283
Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	195 266	-	221 135	416 401
Social security contributions	59	23 428	-	23 487
Other current transfers	23 825	47 255	177 400	9 006
Capital outlays, total	11 844	885	15 496	28 177
Non-financial capital accumulation	7 462	9	14 948	22 419
Capital transfers	4 382	876	548	5 758
Capital revenue, total	5 569	-	1 750	7 271
Capital taxes	2 716	-	-	2 716
Other capital transfers	2 853	-	1 750	4 555
Current surplus (gross saving)	16 405	16 437	4 726	37 567
Overall surplus (net lending)	10 130	15 552	-9 020	16 661

¹ Consolidated, i.e. excluding internal general government transfers.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/15

Table 427

Expenditure and revenue of general government

	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio.			
Central government¹				
Current outlays	430 047	442 945	454 093	468 579
Capital outlays	14 483	13 659	12 429	11 844
Current revenue	452 889	467 828	471 320	484 984
Capital revenue	5 197	4 887	8 967	5 569
Current surplus	22 842	24 883	17 227	16 405
Overall surplus ²	13 555	16 111	13 764	10 130
Social security funds				
Current outlays	60 718	58 764	61 248	70 271
Capital outlays	458	624	914	885
Current revenue	80 465	81 448	75 578	86 708
Capital revenue	-	-	-	-
Current surplus	19 747	22 684	14 330	16 437
Overall surplus ²	19 289	22 060	13 416	15 552
Local governments, total¹				
Current outlays	378 937	400 279	419 022	437 913
Capital outlays	13 755	15 272	16 373	15 496
Current revenue	390 344	412 886	427 270	442 639
Capital revenue	1 985	2 019	2 110	1 750
Current surplus	11 407	12 607	8 247	4 726
Overall surplus ²	-363	-646	-6 016	-9 020
Of which:				
Counties				
Current outlays	89 433	95 475	99 402	103 860
Capital outlays	3 681	4 590	4 265	3 748
Current revenue	91 810	98 523	102 072	102 799
Capital revenue	256	194	118	62
Current surplus	2 377	3 048	2 670	-1 061
Overall surplus ²	-1 048	-1 348	-1 477	-4 747
Municipalities				
Current outlays	299 407	316 126	331 630	346 988
Capital outlays	10 080	10 686	12 111	11 748
Current revenue	308 437	325 685	337 207	352 775
Capital revenue	1 734	1 828	1 995	1 688
Current surplus	9 030	9 559	5 577	5 787
Overall surplus ²	685	701	4 538	-4 273

¹ Consolidated, i.e. excluding internal general-government transfers. ² Current and capital surplus = change in net debt.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/15

Table 428

Expenditure of general government sector, by type of transaction

	2001*	2002*	2003*	2004 ¹
	DKK mio.			
Total outlays	719 050	742 473	765 467	786 692
Current outlays, total	689 634	712 832	737 290	756 178
Final consumption expenditure, total	343 273	358 509	369 247	381 736
Compensation of employees	229 060	238 954	246 901	256 339
+ Consumption of fixed capital	26 290	26 707	27 063	27 427
+ Intermediate consumption	111 387	117 364	120 455	120 563
+ Social transfers in kind	17 428	19 099	19 341	20 473
+ Sales of goods and services	40 893	43 615	44 513	43 067
Income transfers, total	346 361	354 322	368 043	374 442
Interest, etc.	53 311	50 023	48 100	45 180
+ Subsidies	28 647	30 292	30 984	30 828
To public quasi-corporations	10 116	9 863	10 921	10 727
To other corporations	18 531	20 429	20 064	20 101
+ Other income transfers	264 402	274 007	288 959	298 434
To other levels of government				
To households	229 573	238 624	252 784	261 651
To NPIHs ¹	5 134	4 625	5 433	4 844
To the rest of the world (a-d)	29 695	30 759	30 742	31 939
a. To the Faeroe Islands, net	1 113	788	754	749
b. To Greenland, net	3 212	3 291	3 415	3 348
c. To the EU	11 167	13 450	13 085	14 173
d. To others	14 203	13 230	13 488	13 668
Capital outlays, total	29 417	29 641	28 177	30 515
Non-financial capital accumulation, total	22 839	23 788	22 419	24 676
Acquisition of new fixed assets	25 145	24 201	22 938	24 900
+ Acquisition of buildings, and other existing investments, net	-342	-264	-542	-275
+ Changes in inventories	11	33	0	1
+ Acquisition of land and intangible assets, net	-1 975	-183	24	50
Capital transfers, total	6 577	5 853	5 758	5 839
Investment grants and capital transfers	6 577	5 853	5 758	5 839
To public quasi-corporations	670	54	330	328
To other enterprises	3 802	3 433	3 137	2 782
To other levels of government				
To households	1 904	2 191	2 110	2 549
To NPIHs ²	139	112	120	129
To the rest of the world (a-d)	62	62	60	50
a. To the Faeroe Islands, net	0	1	1	0
b. To Greenland, net	34	36	32	22
c. To the EU	-	-	-	-
d. To others	27	26	27	28

¹ Budget figures. ² To non-profit institutions (households).

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/off16

Table 429

Revenue of general government sector, by type of transaction

	2001*	2002*	2003*	2004 ¹
	DKK mio.			
Current plus capital revenue	756 575	763 637	782 128	801 726
Current revenue, total	749 808	752 636	774 857	794 208
Gross operating surplus	26 290	26 707	27 063	27 427
Withdrawals of income from quasi-corporations	6 112	6 594	6 289	5 797
Interest	34 449	31 462	35 306	31 004
Rents	2 485	2 552	2 716	4 426
Taxes on production and imports	229 388	237 987	240 283	249 428
Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	397 808	399 912	416 401	428 382
Compulsory social security contributions	29 358	22 660	23 487	23 955
Voluntary social contributions	734	768	719	623
Imputed social contributions	12 626	13 979	13 587	14 144
Other income transfers	10 557	10 714	9 006	9 023
From other levels of government	•	•	•	•
From domestic private sector	8 509	9 320	7 739	7 873
From the rest of the world	2 047	1 394	1 267	1 149
From EU institutions	1 953	1 323	1 188	1 082
From others	94	72	80	67
Capital revenue, total	6 767	11 001	7 271	7 518
Capital taxes	2 701	2 538	2 716	2 850
Other capital transfers	4 066	8 463	4 555	4 668
From other levels of government	•	•	•	•
From domestic private sector	3 677	5 993	3 578	3 269
From the rest of the world	389	2 470	977	1 400
From EU institutions	389	2 470	977	1 400
From others	-	-	-	-
Current surplus (gross saving)	60 174	39 804	37 567	38 030
Overall surplus (net lending)²	37 525	21 164	16 661	15 034

¹ Budget figures. ² Current and capital surplus = change in net debt.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/off16

Table 430

Expenditure of general government sector, by function

Expenditure	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio.			
Total	689 492	719 050	742 473	765 467
1. Public services	88 276	93 493	96 947	100 184
General public services	56 086	58 681	61 404	64 028
General administration	23 169	24 547	25 792	28 279
External affairs	30 397	31 750	32 851	33 010
Other	2 520	2 385	2 761	2 740
Defence etc.	20 508	21 995	22 440	22 450
Law and order and safety	11 682	12 817	13 103	13 706
2. Social conditions	491 559	521 438	542 116	565 622
Education	100 036	107 491	110 515	114 394
Primary education	41 458	45 332	47 576	49 750
Secondary education	17 520	18 053	18 014	19 278
Institutions of higher education	22 090	25 136	25 652	26 272
Adult education	15 393	14 994	16 272	16 415
Subsidiary services	621	679	725	636
General administration	2 864	3 258	2 226	1 995
Other	90	39	51	48
Health	66 680	71 548	75 890	79 575
Hospitals etc.	49 103	52 427	55 510	58 579
Individual health services	16 250	17 503	18 989	19 427
General administration	985	1 082	1 204	1 154
Other	342	536	188	415
Social security and welfare services	291 423	306 620	319 695	335 486
Social security assistance	202 212	210 160	218 064	232 989
Welfare services	78 882	85 370	90 114	90 579
General administration	10 226	10 965	11 380	11 858
Other	103	125	138	60
Housing and community amenities	12 377	12 970	13 127	13 591
Housing	7 407	7 167	7 265	7 482
Community development	2 032	2 824	2 641	2 717
Sanitary services ¹	2 666	2 609	2 762	2 951
Other	272	370	460	441
Religious, recreational and cultural services	21 043	22 809	22 888	22 577
Religious services	5 520	6 118	6 209	6 175
Recreational services	6 984	7 520	7 552	7 292
Cultural services	8 215	8 868	8 849	8 810
Other services	324	303	278	300
3. Economic services	53 487	50 035	50 509	51 074
Energy supplies	2 977	2 395	2 092	1 683
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	4 292	3 937	3 748	3 992
Mining and quarrying, manufacturing and construction	1 856	2 083	1 336	1 266
Communications	24 998	24 255	24 197	25 541
Roads and transportation	14 939	13 347	13 844	14 473
Inland and coastal waterways	519	129	413	540
Public transport	9 510	10 722	9 917	10 506
Other	30	56	22	22
Commerce and industrial development	19 363	17 364	19 136	18 591
Commerce etc.	2 277	624	2 340	2 115
General industrial development	17 049	16 686	16 767	16 397
Other	37	54	29	79
4. Other functions	56 171	54 084	52 901	48 586
Expenditure by unclassified functions	56 171	54 084	52 901	48 586

¹ Taxes on waste water have been calculated net.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/off19

Table 431

Expenditure of general government and its sub-sectors, by function, 2003*

Expenditure	Central govern- ment	Social security funds	Counties	Munici- palities	Transfers within general govern- ment sector	General govern- ment sector
DKK mio.						
Total	480 423	71 156	107 609	358 736	252 457	765 467
1. Public services	79 570	-	3 239	17 505	129	100 184
General public services	45 075	-	3 231	15 850	128	64 028
General administration	9 377	-	3 170	15 769	37	28 279
External affairs	33 008	-	-	23	21	33 010
Other	2 689	-	62	58	69	2 740
Defence etc.	22 450	-	-	-	-	22 450
Law and order and safety	12 044	-	8	1 655	1	13 706
2. Social conditions	277 518	68 623	97 529	324 091	202 140	565 622
Education	56 712	-	9 414	55 541	7 273	114 394
Primary education	5 901	-	1 966	45 363	3 480	49 750
Secondary education	12 117	-	6 514	1 068	422	19 278
Institutions of higher education	25 878	-	477	11	94	26 272
Adult education	12 108	-	33	7 531	3 256	16 415
Subsidiary services	131	-	164	360	19	636
General administration	529	-	260	1 208	2	1 995
Other	48	-	-	-	-	48
Health	3 449	-	70 444	14 012	8 330	79 575
Hospitals etc.	2 153	-	55 755	8 848	8 177	58 579
Individual health services	212	-	14 191	5 156	133	19 427
General administration	685	-	470	-	1	1 154
Other	399	-	28	8	20	415
Social security and welfare services	198 945	68 623	15 999	237 663	185 745	335 486
Social security assistance	193 538	64 848	1 569	153 293	180 260	232 989
Welfare services	4 739	-	13 640	77 674	5 474	90 579
General administration	609	3 775	789	6 696	11	11 858
Other	60	-	-	-	-	60
Housing and community amenities etc.	8 122	-	830	4 785	146	13 591
Housing	6 177	-	2	1 381	78	7 482
Community development	230	-	-	2 488	1	2 717
Sanitary services ¹	1 356	-	781	880	67	2 951
Other	360	-	46	35	-	441
Religious, recreational and cultural services	10 290	-	842	12 090	646	22 577
Religious services	6 012	-	-	172	10	6 175
Recreational services	1 406	-	132	5 762	8	7 292
Cultural services	2 571	-	711	6 156	628	8 810
Other	300	-	-	-	-	300
3. Economic services	34 698	-	6 082	14 070	3 775	51 074
Energy supplies	1 711	-	-	-	28	1 683
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	3 992	-	-	-	-	3 992
Mining and quarrying, manufacturing and construction	1 014	-	27	238	13	1 266
Communications	12 239	-	4 320	9 026	44	25 541
Roads and transport	3 506	-	2 887	8 089	9	14 473
Inland and coastal waterways	539	-	1	-	-	540
Public transport	8 172	-	1 433	937	35	10 506
Other	22	-	-	-	-	22
Commerce and industrial development	15 741	-	1 734	4 806	3 690	18 591
Commerce etc.	1 557	-	102	460	5	2 115
General industrial development	14 105	-	1 632	4 345	3 685	16 397
Other	79	-	-	-	-	79
4. Other functions	88 637	2 533	758	3 070	46 412	48 586

Expenditure by unclassified functions

88 637 2 533 758 3 070 46 412 48 586

¹ Taxes on waste water have been calculated net.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/15

Table 432

Subsidies

	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio.			
Subsidies, total	36 873	37 529	38 994	40 103
Analysed by recipients:				
Subsidies to quasi public corporations	8 898	10 116	9 863	10 921
Subsidies to other enterprises	18 598	18 275	20 138	19 631
Subsidies to EU schemes	9 378	9 138	8 993	9 551
Analysed by kind and scheme:				
1. Subsidies on products, total	18 551	18 869	18 441	20 196
a. EU schemes, total	7 762	7 236	7 087	7 957
Of which:				
Export subsidy schemes	2 783	1 999	2 191	1 795
Other EU schemes	4 980	5 237	4 896	6 163
b. Danish schemes, total	10 789	11 633	11 354	12 239
Of which:				
The Danish State Railways	5 833	6 597	6 164	7 008
Local government buses, etc.	1 046	1 485	1 524	1 427
2. Other subsidies on production, total	18 322	18 660	20 552	19 907
a. EU schemes, total	1 615	1 902	1 905	1 594
b. Danish schemes, total	16 707	16 758	18 647	18 313
Of which:				
Interest subsidies	4 873	5 413	5 994	5 904
Other private enterprises	5 040	5 693	7 074	7 262
Analysed by source of finance:				
a. EU schemes, total	9 378	9 138	8 993	9 551
b. EU share of EU schemes, total	8 682	8 882	8 701	9 119
c. Danish share of EU schemes, total	696	256	291	432
d. Danish schemes, total	27 496	28 391	30 001	30 552
e. Financed by Denmark, total	28 191	28 647	30 292	30 984

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/15

Table 433

Current transfers to households from the general government sector

	2000	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio.			
Current transfers, total	221 234	229 573	238 623	252 784
Social benefits other than social transfers in kind	205 362	213 541	222 401	237 222
Civil servants' pensions	14 552	15 353	16 111	16 691
Special pension schemes	3 403	3 701	4 038	4 340
Old-age and early-retirement pensions	85 147	88 464	90 875	94 671
Early-retirement pay	21 378	21 848	22 855	24 745
Unemployment benefit	17 490	17 254	17 854	22 225
Cash benefits under Social Asst. Act	16 933	17 676	18 082	18 607
Gross rehabilitation benefit	4 210	4 806	4 813	4 767
Sickness and maternity benefit	13 108	14 270	15 662	18 888
Child and youth allowances	3 326	3 456	3 639	3 769
Sabbatical leave, child care	1 884	1 816	1 659	575
Family allowance	10 830	11 283	11 770	12 243
Housing subsidies	8 644	8 864	9 223	9 477
Other transfers	4 458	4 749	5 822	6 224
Other current transfers, total	15 872	16 032	16 222	15 562
Education grants	8 223	8 842	9 351	9 824
Sabbatical leave, education	892	494	11	0
Other	6 757	6 696	6 861	5 738

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/15

Table 434 (continued)

Total taxation

	2001*	2002*	2003*
	DKK mio.		
Total taxation	661 699	665 287	685 124
National accounts distribution:			
Danish schemes			
Taxes on production and imports	229 388	237 987	240 283
Current taxes on income, wealth etc.	397 808	399 912	416 401
Social contributions	29 358	22 660	23 487
Capital taxes	2 701	2 538	2 716
EU schemes			
Taxes on production and imports	2 443	2 190	2 238
Distribution by type of tax:			
Income taxes, total	392 010	393 702	410 189
Personal income tax	349 369	353 645	364 102
State income tax	76 818	72 687	74 802
County income tax	60 554	62 532	64 370
Municipality income tax	130 524	134 272	138 214
Church tax	4 275	4 440	4 568
Special contribution to labour market funds	59 275	61 125	62 942
Tax on imp. income from owner-occupied dwelling	9 503	10 151	10 250
Other personal income taxes	8 421	8 438	8 957
Corporation tax	41 640	38 906	39 900
Real interest tax	903	1 063	6 100
Property release and surrender tax	97	89	86
Compulsory fees, total	115	114	112
Compulsory contrib. to social-security schemes	29 358	22 660	23 487
Social contributions from employees	24 965	18 147	18 561
Social contributions from employers	4 393	4 513	4 926
Other labour market contributions	3 438	3 342	2 901
Labour market contributions from employers	3 438	3 342	2 901
Taxes on wealth, real property, etc.	24 762	26 077	27 243
Inheritance tax and gift tax	2 701	2 538	2 716
Motor vehicle weight duty	7 406	7 943	8 017
Taxes on real property	14 656	15 596	16 510
Taxes on goods and services	211 882	219 261	221 048
VAT	128 550	132 484	135 349
Tax on wage totals	3 939	3 573	3 594
Customs and import duties	2 261	1 971	2 019
Taxes on specific goods	67 591	70 536	68 391
Vehicle registration duty	12 288	14 566	12 681
Energy taxes	35 507	35 789	36 482
Pollution duties	2 724	2 886	2 594
Tobacco duties	7 582	7 735	7 795
Duties on beer, wine and spirits	4 316	4 264	3 993
Other taxes on specific goods	5 172	5 295	4 845
Taxes on specific transactions	4 964	5 480	6 216
Stamp duty	4 896	5 438	6 171
Other taxes on specific transactions	68	42	45
Taxes on specific services	4 433	5 090	5 344
Turnover tax on football pools etc.	944	916	884
Tax on insurance of vehicles and leisure craft	1 572	1 879	2 042
Other taxes on specific services	1 917	2 295	2 418
Other duties	144	126	134
Other production taxes	133	131	145

Table 434

Total taxation

	2001 [*]	2002 [*]	2003 [*]
	DKK mio.		
Distribution by receiving sub-sector			
Central government	406 892	410 861	421 666
Social security funds	29 341	22 591	23 428
Counties	68 196	70 713	72 755
Municipalities	154 826	158 932	165 038
Supranational authorities (EU)	2 443	2 190	2 238
	per cent		
Tax incidence¹, total	49.9	48.9	49.1
Taxes on production and imports	17.5	17.7	17.4
Current taxes on income, wealth, etc.	30.0	29.4	29.8
Compulsory contribution to social security	2.2	1.7	1.7
Taxes on capital	0.2	0.2	0.2

¹ Taxes and duties in percentage of gross domestic product.


 For further information visit www.statbank.dk/off12

Table 435

Danish official aid to developing countries

	2001	2002	2003
	DKK thousand		
Total official aid	11 403 600	10 621 810	10 453 190
Bilateral aid, total	6 439 600	5 876 420	5 789 930
Projects and project aid			
Africa	2 592 600	2 311 950	2 167 960
Asia	995 600	878 780	1 107 030
Latin America	370 100	384 510	341 330
Special project aid	177 300	194 840	136 320
Grants through NGOs	985 300	892 920	866 330
Transitional assistance to the western Balkans	197 300	140 080	68 760
Aid to regional areas and localities	•	•	75 860
Personnel	596 200	483 500	492 050
Debt relief	•	160 570	110 260
Various credit facilities	249 800	165 420	83 690
Other bilateral activities	195 800	180 470	240 350
Human rights and democratising	79 600	83 400	99 980
Multilateral aid, total	4 320 200	4 087 300	4 056 000
United Nations Development Programme	525 600	439 930	448 460
United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF)	213 700	191 230	192 890
United Nations Population and Health Programme	383 000	294 450	302 740
United Nations Agricultural and Food Programme	277 800	234 700	227 130
Global environmental programmes	119 500	136 920	145 210
Other United Nations aid programmes	246 800	246 490	245 310
World Bank Group	560 400	523 740	471 990
Regional banks	52 300	34 140	47 870
Regional and other funds	249 000	470 350	333 010
EU development aid	118 800	231 480	348 280
Multilateral regional aid and temporary aid	182 800	173 030	162 270
International development studies	97 800	80 760	79 250
Various multilateral contributions	137 400	100 330	115 740
Humanitarian organizations	259 000	227 130	240 840
Extraordinary humanitarian contributions and International Humanitarian Emergency	851 500	557 900	566 470
Thematic multilateral aid	44 900	144 730	128 520
Current expenditure	627 200	650 300	600 000
Purchases of real property ¹	16 600	7 790	7 270

¹ Budget receipts and outlays for 2003.

Source: Danish Ministry of Foreign Affairs, DANIDA.

Table 436

Bilateral official aid to developing countries 2003

	Programme and project aid	Other grants, aid ¹	Total ²		Programme and project aid	Other grants, aid ¹	Total ²
	DKK mio.				DKK mio.		
Total	3 897.25	1 026.39	5 789.93	East Timor	-	0.58	0.58
Africa, total	2 294.75	329.70	2 946.23	Gaza Strip	24.06	7.67	38.30
Africa	8.65	8.39	20.45	Georgia	-	-	1.41
Africa south of Sahara	7.82	1.20	10.26	India	117.14	8.58	153.17
Algeria	-	0.20	0.20	Indonesia	0.02	9.96	18.05
Angola	-	-1.12	10.60	Iran	-	3.43	3.43
Benin	131.50	9.50	141.00	Iraq	6.56	7.09	13.65
Botswana	-	1.00	1.00	Jordan	-	0.13	0.13
Burkina Faso	174.98	4.76	179.84	Kazakhstan	-	-	0.98
Cameroon	-	64.88	64.88	Kyrgyzstan	-	-2.88	0.36
Central African Republic	-	-	0.06	Laos	-	0.73	7.27
Congo, The Republic	-	-	-0.01	Lebanon	-	0.09	0.09
East Africa	-	3.79	7.17	Maldives	-	0.92	0.92
Egypt	112.84	86.08	199.92	Middle East	3.97	1.50	6.79
Eritrea	63.10	2.51	75.37	Mongolia	-	0.12	13.65
Ethiopia	-	-	19.51	Nepal	223.67	25.21	263.36
Gambia	0.46	-	0.87	North Korea	-	0.08	0.08
Ghana	324.80	19.78	371.59	Oceania	-	-	-0.01
Guinea-Bissau	-	1.00	1.00	Pakistan	-	-	2.64
Kenya	91.07	16.55	114.07	Philippines	-	3.89	18.35
Lesotho	-	0.82	0.82	Solomon Islands	-	-	0.32
Liberia	-	-	1.66	South East Asia	0.49	-	0.49
Madagascar	-	-	-0.02	Sri Lanka	12.49	3.90	16.39
Malawi	1.67	0.58	25.48	Syria	-	0.09	0.09
Mali	-	-	0.33	Thailand	-	-10.93	-12.37
Mozambique	334.29	33.84	413.91	Viet Nam	337.74	57.87	409.46
Namibia	-	-	3.92	Yemen	-	0.40	0.40
Niger	41.24	2.22	52.31	Latin America. total	344.00	50.72	524.21
Nigeria	-	-	0.68	Bolivia	157.88	13.21	188.60
Rwanda	-	-	11.71	Brazil	-	0.01	0.01
SADCC	16.00	-	20.07	The Caribbean Islands	-	-	0.25
Sahel	-	2.02	2.02	Central America	13.04	2.01	34.10
Senegal	-	-	8.72	Chile	-	0.00	0.18
Sierra Leone	-	-	1.53	Columbia	-	0.98	0.98
Somalia	8.58	0.09	8.97	Dominican Rep.	-	-	3.35
South African Republic	57.64	2.06	68.69	Ecuador	-	11.39	16.47
Southern Africa	-	2.40	11.90	El Salvador	0.07	-	7.18
Sudan	-	0.02	8.63	Guatemala	0.00	2.43	29.22
Swaziland	-	-	0.08	Haiti	-	-	0.01
Tanzania	479.54	33.48	532.59	Honduras	-0.01	5.94	25.17
Togo	-	-	2.08	Latin America	-	1.17	2.26
Uganda	270.67	20.39	349.49	Mexico	-	0.33	0.33
West Africa	6.92	0.05	6.97	Nicaragua	173.03	11.97	210.70
Zambia	158.06	12.75	182.51	Panama	-	-	1.66
Zimbabwe	4.96	0.46	13.45	Peru	-	0.45	3.09
Asia, total	1 152.65	190.93	1 534.02	South America	-	0.83	0.66
Afghanistan	84.67	2.13	117.80	The Balkans. total	68.76	28.26	98.93
Armenia	-	-	2.69	Albania	12.08	1.64	13.69
ASEAN countries	0.50	-	0.50	Bosnia-Herzegovina	-	0.47	0.47
ASEM countries	-	-0.12	-0.12	Kosovo	42.87	2.58	45.45
Asia	0.80	1.58	3.72	Macedonia	14.90	-	16.84
Bangladesh	255.28	22.83	297.74	Serbia-Montenegro	-1.09	22.19	21.10
Bhutan	85.25	12.84	98.09	Other former	-	-	-
Burma	-	3.81	10.44	rep. of Yugoslavia	-	1.39	1.39
Cambodia	-0.01	3.40	19.14	Not broken down			
China	-	26.04	26.04	by country³	37.09	426.78	686.53

Note. The negative amounts given in the table relate to projects, where the extent of co-operation on bilateral assistance is insignificant, implying that aid is not paid every year to the country concerned. In connection with finalizing these projects, there are amounts that have not been spent and which are to be repaid, and consequently appear as negative amounts.

¹ Other bilateral assistance includes personnel service, various credit facilities, research, projects in Denmark, IFU-activities, information activities, Human Rights, and democratization, etc. ² The Total sum includes programme and project aid, other grants aid, and grants through NGOs ³ Assistance not broken down by country includes costs of interregional issues, costs of posting volunteers, research assistance, projects in Denmark, etc.

Source: Danish Ministry of Foreign Affairs, *Department of International Development Co-operation (DANIDA)*

Table 460**Meteorological conditions on the Faroe Islands 2003**

Thorshavn	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	All year
Mean temperature (Celsius)													
Normal (1961-1990)	3.4	3.6	3.8	5.0	7.0	9.1	10.3	10.5	9.1	7.4	4.6	3.7	6.5
Highest meantemperature 2003	10.6	10.0	10.8	18.3	13.0	14.4	17.1	18.1	15.3	11.9	14.3	10.8	9.7
Lowest meantemperature 2003	-4.7	-3.5	-0.4	1.1	2.0	7.5	8.2	8.0	1.8	0.6	-1.0	-3.5	5.7
Precipitation, mm.													
Normal (1961-1990)	133	95	132	88	70	61	70	83	128	155	127	142	1 284
2003	213	83	145	44	121	93	83	58	94	65	148	126	1 271
Bright sunshine, hours													
Normal (1961-1990)	14	36	71	107	124	125	111	97	79	48	20	7	840
2003	21	35	71	105	115	69	100	115	102	79	31	15	857

Source: Danish Meteorological Institute.

Table 461

Area, population and administrative division of the Faroe Islands

	1977	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
	number					
Total	41 969	44 806	45 412	46 196	46 996	47 704
Klaksvík region	5 016	5 030	5 123	5 229	5 220	5 247
Rest af Norðuroyggjar	649	685	691	714	720	746
Nordlig del af Eysturoy	1 486	1 561	1 564	1 577	1 599	1 608
Sydlig del af Eysturoy	7 522	8 319	8 434	8 652	8 806	8 978
Tórshavn region	13 185	16 096	16 474	16 791	18 071	18 420
Rest af Streymoy region	3 788	4 020	4 088	4 173	3 285	3 313
Vága region	2 814	2 611	2 615	2 648	2 737	2 803
Sandoy region	1 706	1 476	1 449	1 448	1 494	1 455
Suðuroy	5 803	5 008	4 974	4 964	5 064	5 134
	per cent					
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Klaksvík region	12.0	11.2	11.3	11.3	11.1	11.0
Rest af Norðuroyggjar	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6
Nordlig del af Eysturoy	3.5	3.5	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4
Sydlig del af Eysturoy	17.9	18.6	18.6	18.7	18.7	18.8
Tórshavn region	31.4	35.9	36.3	36.3	38.5	38.6
Rest af Streymoy region	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	7.0	6.9
Vága region	6.7	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.8	5.9
Sandoy region	4.1	3.3	3.2	3.1	3.2	3.1
Suðuroy	13.8	11.2	11.0	10.7	10.8	10.8

Note. The Faroe Islands are between 62° 24' and 61° 20' north 6° 15' and 7° 41' west. 17 islands are inhabited, of which the largest are Strømø (373 km²), Østerø (286 km²), Vågø (178 km²), Suderø (166 km²) and Sandø (112 km²). Mapping in 1955 calculated the length of coastline of the Faroe Islands at 1,117.0 km.

Source: Statistics Faroe Islands.

Table 462

Population by sex, age and marital status in the Faroe Islands 2002

	Never married		Married		Divorced and separated		Widows and widowers		Total ¹		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Total
Total	14 277	10 988	9 252	9 206	748	787	474	1 972	24 751	22 953	47 704
0-19 years	7 525	7 098	-	2	-	-	-	-	7 525	7 100	14 625
20-29 years	2 940	1 937	334	623	6	14	-	-	3 280	2 574	5 854
30-39 years	1 792	1 048	1 722	1 969	77	101	4	9	3 595	3 127	6 722
40-49 years	904	464	2 174	2 298	200	215	10	44	3 288	3 021	6 309
50-59 years	570	193	2 206	2 096	260	269	35	118	3 071	2 676	5 747
60-69 years	286	73	1 504	1 277	146	121	77	301	2 013	1 772	3 785
70-79 years	175	89	957	751	54	50	156	727	1 342	1 617	2 959
80 years +	85	86	355	190	5	17	192	773	637	1 066	1 703

¹ Incl. persons with unknown marital status.

Source: Statistics Faroe Islands.

Table 463

Fertility quotients in the Faroe Islands

	Age-related fertility quotients							Total fertility rate
	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-34 years	35-39 years	40-44 years	45-49 years	
1990	37.9	146.6	176.3	120.2	63.3	15.1	0.0	2 712
1991	26.6	148.3	164.1	124.6	50.9	7.9	0.0	2 612
1992	33.2	128.1	162.5	115.0	56.3	9.7	0.0	2 524
1993	34.0	132.6	162.1	116.3	49.2	12.4	0.0	2 533
1994	31.1	122.6	162.1	101.5	49.3	12.1	0.0	2 394
1995	17.1	98.3	170.2	128.8	52.3	11.3	2.2	2 401
1996	17.1	124.2	187.4	123.9	53.1	11.4	0.0	2 585
1997	19.0	107.5	160.8	128.6	71.9	10.7	0.7	2 496
1998	25.0	97.9	143.6	131.2	50.1	13.3	0.0	2 306
1999	17.1	95.5	160.7	133.8	48.4	9.5	0.7	2 329
2000	18.3	114.9	177.6	127.8	66.8	10.6	0.0	2 581
2001	13.6	117.8	147.4	115.6	57.7	8.5	0.0	2 303
2002	15.1	107.9	163.1	142.0	64.9	14.8	0.0	2 540

Note. Age-related fertility rates, which up until and including 1980 have been calculated as the total average of each five-year age group, are calculated as the simple average of rates for each one-year age group of women of child-bearing age from 1981 onward. Thus the effects of changes from year to year in the age distribution of women within each five-year interval are eliminated. However, calculations of fertility rates in 1981 based on these two methods indicate that results only differ slightly.

Source: Statistics Faroe Islands.

Table 464

Elections to the Lagting of the Faroe Islands

	November 1990		July 1994		April 1998		April 2002	
	Votes cast	Seats in Parliament	Votes cast	Seats in Parliament	Votes cast	Seats in Parliament	Votes cast	Seats in Parliament
Parties	28 420	32	25 561	32	27 682	32	30 556	32
Conservative Party	6 234	7	4 093	6	5 886	8	6 352	7
Unionist's Party	5 367	6	5 986	8	4 995	6	7 954	8
Social Democratic Party	7 805	10	3 917	5	6 063	7	6 378	7
Home Rule Party	2 489	3	1 437	2	2 116	2	1 351	1
Republican Party	4 178	4	3 507	4	6 584	8	7 229	8
Christian Peoples Party	1 681	2	1 606	2	698	-	-	-
Socialist Separatist's Party	666	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
The Faroese Party	-	-	616	-	-	-	-	-
The Centre Party	-	-	1 491	2	1 125	1	1 292	1
Workers Movement	-	-	2 421	3	215	-	-	-
Freedom Movement	-	-	487	-	-	-	-	-
Electoral turnout (per cent)	87.5	•	82.5	•	88.2	•	91.6	•

Note. Elections are held in accordance with the Lagting Act no. 49 of 20 July 1978 regarding elections to the Lagting of the Faroe Islands. 27 seats in the Lagting are divided between 7 constituencies. These seats are allocated by elections in a multi-member constituency, and they may be supplemented by 1-5 supplementary seats if representation of the parties in the multi-member constituency does not reflect the overall distribution of seats in the Lagting obtained by the election. The right to vote and age-qualification for elections is 18 years.

Source: Statistics Faroe Islands.

Table 465

Number of pupils in primary/secondary schools in Faroe Islands

	Number of students 2001/2002			Number of students 2002/2003		
	Boys	Girls	Total	Boys	Girls	Total
Basic schools total	3 833	3 765	7 598	3 870	3 828	7 698
Pre schools	17	21	38	18	27	45
Special classes	10	3	13	11	1	12
1th year	360	341	701	378	356	734
2th year	360	377	737	363	356	719
3th year	376	411	787	361	384	745
4th year	397	401	798	383	410	793
5th year	475	409	884	400	406	806
6th year	434	394	828	472	420	892
7th year	388	405	793	425	396	821
8th year	379	365	744	392	406	798
9th year	342	371	713	381	374	755
10th year	295	267	562	286	292	578

Source: Statistics Faroe Islands.

Table 466

Consumer price index for the Faroe Islands

	1 January	1 April	1 July	1 October
	----- 1983=100 -----			
1995	153.8	155.7	157.8	157.9
1996	157.8	158.5	160.1	164.2
1997	163.1	162.9	163.9	168.5
1998	168.6	170.3	172.4	176.2
1999	176.4	179.9	183.1	184.2
2000	183.9	186.7	188.7	193.8
2001	198.0	197.1	...	...
	----- April 2001=100 -----			
2001	...	100.0	100.5	100.0
2002	99.3	99.6	100.5	100.7
2003	101.0	101.9	102.0	101.5
2004	101.5	101.5	...	...

Note. Calculation of the price index is based on the Lagting Price Indices Act. no. 30 of 21 May 1975, as amended by the Lagting Act no. 29 of 28 March 1983. The index is calculated every first day of the month in every quarter. Up until and including January 1993 calculation of the index is excl. taxes and duties. From April 1993 calculation of the index includes taxes and duties. There has been no seasonal adjustment of prices.

Source: Statistics Faroe Islands.

Table 467

Faroeese fishing

	1990	1995	2001
	thousand tons		
Catch of fish			
Catch, total	268	288	525
Fish for human consumption	158	146	162
Cod	30	44	39
Haddock	13	8	16
Coal fish	64	30	46
Red fish	11	14	14
Shrimps	10	9	16
Other fish	30	41	31
Herring and mackerel	17	90	59
Fish not for human consumption	93	51	301
	per cent		
Catch of fish by fishing area			
Total	100	100	100
Near Faroe Islands	58	53	48
Near Island	11	3	15
Norwegian territory	3	12	8
EU-territory	18	12	15
Barents Sea (Norwegian/Russian)	3	10	4
Other fishing areas	7	10	10

Source: Statistics Faroe Islands.

Table 468

Registered Faroese ships of at least 20 GRT

	2000	2001	2002
	number		
Total	185	186	189
Steel trawlers total	75	75	76
Salt fish trawlers	4	4	4
Wet fish trawlers	53	52	56
Other trawlers	18	19	16
Other steel vessels total	47	47	50
Long liners	19	18	18
Purse seiners	12	12	13
Freezing ships	4	5	4
Other	12	12	15
Liners/trawlers	63	64	63
	GT		
Tonnage total	67 344	69 549	68 499
Steel trawlers total	39 260	39 746	37 915
Salt fish trawlers	4 719	4 719	4 719
Wet fish trawlers	16 859	16 519	17 760
Other trawlers	17 682	18 508	15 436
Other steel vessels total	25 006	26 649	27 462
Long liners	4 345	4 072	4 072
Purse seiners	15 781	17 280	18 190
Freezing ships	1 538	1 955	1 706
Other	3 342	3 342	3 494
Liners/trawlers	3 078	3 154	3 122

Source: Statistics Faroe Islands.

Table 469

External trade of the Faroe Islands, by country

	Imports		Exports	
	2001	2002	2001	2002
	DKK mio.			
Country of origin/destination				
Total	4 158	3 896	4 281	4 107
EU countries, total	2 394	2 472	3 387	3 291
Denmark	1 226	1 225	1 097	843
Sweden	248	252	45	49
Finland	35	49	2	15
France, Monaco	121	134	425	337
Belgium, Luxembourg	35	31	28	26
Netherlands	66	71	34	47
Germany	330	295	324	285
Italy	65	68	138	175
United Kingdom	179	181	762	1 002
Ireland	25	48	1	2
Greece	2	3	13	19
Portugal	22	23	2	9
Spain	31	84	508	480
Austria	8	9	6	4
Non EU countries, total	1 765	1 424	894	816
Iceland	268	180	53	45
Norway	963	728	366	265
Switzerland	14	19	11	8
Russian Federation	49	41	4	28
United States	109	46	121	116
Canada	3	6	90	82
Greenland	2	1	58	4
Japan	100	89	107	171
Other countries	257	316	82	98

Source: Statistics Faroe Islands.

Table 470

Exports from the Faroe Islands, by commodity groups and country of destination 2002

	Denmark	Norway	Sweden	Iceland	EU countries	Non EU countries	Total
	DKK thousands						
Exports, total	842 658	264 692	49 261	44 950	3 290 860	816 462	4 107 322
Fish, chilled and frozen	117 463	164 851	5 205	9 166	698 845	224 809	923 654
Of which chilled	105 864	161 503	4 109	7 825	616 053	180 331	796 384
Of which frozen	11 599	3 348	1 096	1 341	82 792	44 478	127 270
Fish fillets, chilled and frozen	119 922	29 936	29 978	2 341	924 326	223 438	1 147 764
Of which cod, frozen	7 686	-	8 743	7	244 787	38 746	283 533
Of which haddock, frozen	1 675	-	409	112	107 320	64 085	171 405
Fish, salted	80 772	7 525	5 160	4 627	604 516	64 897	669 412
Of which cod	61 568	-	-	673	341 120	1 334	342 453
Shellfish and molluscs	134 943	-	347	1 102	245 428	10 950	256 379
Of which prawns	131 255	-	-	809	224 079	10 358	234 437
Salmon and trout	301 002	18 069	6 943	12 287	556 004	182 709	738 714
Of which salmon	284 286	17 949	6 943	7 227	536 239	72 196	608 436
Fisk, processed	1 524	4 981	1 612	591	60 340	31 747	92 087
Industrial fish	22 318	8 886	-	12 305	23 791	21 244	45 035
Fish offal	14 054	403	-	272	15 874	3 373	19 247
Fish meal and fish oil	48 175	29 643	-	675	157 658	40 227	197 886
Fishing vessels	-	-	-	-	-	4 750	4 750
Other vessels	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fishing equipment	284	-	-	127	443	4 697	5 141
Other products	2 200	399	15	1 460	3 631	3 615	7 247

Source: Statistics Faroe Islands.

Table 471

Imports into the Faroe Islands, by end-use

	2001	2002
	DKK mio.	
Imports, total	4 158	3 896
Intermediate goods for agriculture and horticulture	368	276
Intermediate goods for construction	343	383
Intermediate goods for other industries	729	739
Fuels, lubricants, and electric current	489	410
Machinery and other capital equipment	590	411
Transport equipment	459	417
Of which ships and aircraft	220	174
Intermediate goods for household consumption	1 014	1 101
Goods n.e.s.	49	56
Total goods, excl. fish and salt	4 041	3 793
Fish and salt	117	103

Note. The classifications above are based on the international BEC (Broad Economic Categories).

Source: Statistics Faroe Islands.

Table 472

Imports into the Faroe Islands, by commodity groups and countries of origin 2002

	Denmark	Norway	Sweden	Iceland	EU countries	Non EU countries	All countries
	DKK thousands						
Imports, total	1 225 219	727 680	252 037	179 938	2 472 380	1 423 910	3 896 290
Intermediate goods for agriculture and horticulture	40 747	214 682	1 428	759	53 258	222 560	275 818
Intermediate goods for construction	194 675	41 254	48 861	6 377	311 007	72 386	383 393
Intermediate goods for other industries	262 560	54 857	40 631	33 691	576 266	162 933	739 199
Fuels, lubricants, and electric current	17 899	342 393	41 142	-	67 350	342 937	410 288
Machinery and other capital equipment	113 762	21 723	41 180	22 815	299 950	110 567	410 516
Transport equipment	18 877	8 024	31 360	68 770	242 389	174 333	416 724
Of which ships and aircraft	602	6 330	1 831	67 757	59 745	114 551	174 297
Intermediate goods for household consumption	539 137	32 216	44 960	34 434	831 653	269 670	1 101 324
Goods n.e.s.	31 704	3 402	1 151	448	45 763	10 024	55 787
Total goods, excl. fish and salt	1 219 361	718 554	250 715	167 292	2 427 636	1 365 411	3 793 047
Fish and salt	5 858	9 126	1 322	12 646	44 744	58 499	103 244

Note. The classifications above are based on the international BEC (Broad Economic Categories).

Source: Statistics Faroe Islands.

Table 473

The Faroese balance of payments

	1999	2000	2001
	DKK millions		
Current accounts	1 189	1 122	1 235
Merchandise import	- 3 176	- 4 163	- 4 158
Merchandise export	3 297	3 857	4 281
Interest income	346	419	400
Interest expenditure	- 306	- 289	- 250
Foreign transfers	1 159	1 199	1 220
Unregistered items	- 131	99	- 258
Capital account excl. value change	- 1 189	- 1 122	- 1 235
Central government	- 172	- 170	- 132
Central government corporations	- 596	- 92	- 163
Local government incl. corporations	- 77	- 148	- 4
Financial corporations	- 85	411	- 365
Export corporations	40	- 10	- 33
Other private corporations	- 331	- 1 019	- 417
Total	- 1 220	- 1 028	- 1 113
Value change	- 1 189	- 1 122	- 1 235

Source: Statistics Faroe Islands.

Table 474

Public accounts for the Faroe Islands

	Accounts 2002	Accounts 2003*
DKK thousands		
Revenue, total	3 772 927	3 658 315
Income taxes	1 675 351	1 580 704
Customs, excise and production duties	1 239 232	1 274 009
Interest, dividends	138 953	71 731
Share of net profit of Danmarks Nationalbank	32 184	21 000
Transfers from the Danish Government	629 327	629 780
Other revenue	57 880	81 091
Expenditure, total	3 582 271	3 632 080
of which investment	240 263	261 881
The "Lagting"	31 017	31 044
Central government	39 588	28 888
Financial matters	218 649	200 353
Fishing, shipping etc.	146 749	150 679
Economic services	376 111	333 753
Education and research, culture	633 447	665 022
Health and social welfare	1 663 847	0
Quarrying	23 712	27 747
Autonomy affairs	13 708	0
Family and health welfare	0	515 843
Social welfare	0	1 212 794
Legal matters	0	16 366
Interest paid and other expenditure	195 180	187 710
Overall surplus	190 656	26 235

Source: Landskassens Regnskab 2002 and 2003.

Table 475

Meteorological conditions in Greenland 2003

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	All year
Tasiilaq													
Mean temperature (Celsius)													
Normel (1961-1990)	-7.5	-7.7	-8.1	-4.0	0.7	4.2	6.4	6.0	3.0	-0.9	-4.8	-7.3	-1.7
2003	-4.3	-12.8	-3.6	-0.6	1.8	6.0	8.9	8.9	5.7	2.3	-1.6	-6.3	...
Precipitation, mm.													
Normel (1961-1990)	120	99	98	75	63	51	47	64	78	83	99	102	984
2003	100	115	137	109	77	15	6	20	25	95	5	57	761
Cloud cover, per cent													
Normel (1961-1990)	71	71	66	68	69	69	62	64	64	72	71	67	68
2003	78	84	72	77	66	69	54	59	67	73	75	69	70
Asiaat													
Mean temperature (Celsius)													
Normel (1961-1990)	-13.4	-15.6	-16.2	-9.6	-1.8	2.7	5.7	5.3	2.3	-2.3	-6.0	-9.9	-4.9
2003	-5.9	-2.6	-9.7	-6.9	0.0	5.8	6.6	7.1	4.2	1.0	-4.6	-6.3	...
Precipitation, mm.													
Normel (1961-1990)	16	16	18	20	18	24	27	34	37	29	37	26	304
2003	27	18	20	22	43	4	37	63	97	27	22	39	419
Cloud cover, per cent													
Normel (1961-1990)	62	58	56	62	70	69	69	68	68	68	70	68	66
2003	63	79	63	84	75	52	65	74	76	60	65	75	69

Source: Danish Meteorological Institute.

Table 476

Population in municipalities of Greenland 2004

Per 1 January	Total population			Persons born in Greenland			Persons born outside Greenland		
	Total	Men	Woman	Total	Men	Woman	Total	Men	Woman
Greenland, total	56 854	30 335	26 519	50 096	25 682	24 414	6 758	4 653	2 105
West Greenland	52 148	27 798	24 350	45 922	23 539	22 383	6 226	4 259	1 967
Nanortalik/Nanortalik	2 429	1 292	1 137	2 303	1 204	1 099	126	88	38
Qaqortoq/Julianehåb	3 460	1 807	1 653	3 084	1 561	1 523	376	246	130
Narsaq/Narsaq	2 033	1 087	946	1 863	955	908	170	132	38
Ivittuut/Ivittuut ¹	183	139	44	17	12	5	166	127	39
Paamiut/Frederikshåb	2 011	1 053	958	1 894	977	917	117	76	41
Nuuk/Godthåb	14 715	7 856	6 859	11 396	5 657	5 739	3 319	2 199	1 120
Maniitsoq/Sukkertoppen	3 634	1 948	1 686	3 397	1 786	1 611	237	162	75
Sisimiut/Holsteinsborg	5 978	3 229	2 749	5 297	2 713	2 584	681	516	165
Kangaatsiaq/Kangaatsiaq	1 515	781	734	1 480	757	723	35	24	11
Aasiaat/Egedesminde	3 349	1 790	1 559	3 106	1 628	1 478	243	162	81
Qasigiannuit/Christianshåb	1 427	750	677	1 369	712	657	58	38	20
Ilulissat/Jakobshavn	4 924	2 597	2 327	4 459	2 274	2 185	465	323	142
Qeqertarsuaq/Godhavn	1 042	547	495	995	519	476	47	28	19
Uummannaq/Uummannaq	2 541	1 342	1 199	2 446	1 277	1 169	95	65	30
Upernavik/Upernavik	2 907	1 580	1 327	2 816	1 507	1 309	91	73	18
North Greenland	859	462	397	813	432	381	46	30	16
Qaanaaq/Thule	859	462	397	813	432	381	46	30	16
East Greenland	3 578	1 858	1 720	3 296	1 669	1 627	282	189	93
Ammassalik/Tasiilaq	3 038	1 564	1 474	2 812	1 416	1 396	226	148	78
Illoqqortoormiut/Scoresbysund	540	294	246	484	253	231	56	41	15
Outside municipal divisions	269	217	52	65	42	23	204	175	29

Note. The southern-most point of Greenland is latitude 59°46' north (Cape Farewell), the northern-most point is latitude 83°39' north (Cape Morris Jessup), the eastern-most point 11°39' west (the North North East Circle (Nordostrundingen)) and the western-most point 73°08' west (Cape Alexander). The total area of Greenland is 2,175,600 km², of which the coast comprises 296,900 km², the coastal islands 44,800 km² and the ice cap 1,833,900 km². The area not covered by ice comprises 341,700 km². The thickness of the ice cap at Eismitte is estimated to be 2,700 m.

¹ Excl. The naval station Grønnedal, which is outside municipal divisions.

Source: Statistics Greenland.

Table 477

Population in Greenland, by sex, age and marital status 2004

	Males					Females					Total
	Single	Married incl. separated	Widowed	Divorced	Total	Single	Married incl. separated	Widowed	Divorced	Total	
Per 1 january											
Population											
Total	20 209	7 861	619	1 646	30 335	16 157	7 582	1 383	1 397	26 519	56 854
0- 4 years	2 231	-	-	-	2 231	2 173	-	-	-	2 173	4 404
5- 9 years	2 479	-	-	-	2 479	2 398	-	-	-	2 398	4 877
10-14 years	2 674	-	-	-	2 674	2 583	-	-	-	2 583	5 257
15-19 years	2 151	3	-	-	2 154	2 102	8	-	-	2 110	4 264
20-24 years	1 922	49	-	2	1 973	1 702	156	-	7	1 865	3 838
25-29 years	1 510	267	-	23	1 800	1 064	437	3	56	1 560	3 360
30-34 years	1 437	609	2	99	2 147	904	762	14	122	1 802	3 949
35-39 years	1 813	1 166	10	235	3 224	1 116	1 352	35	269	2 772	5 996
40-44 years	1 418	1 284	16	286	3 004	810	1 319	55	253	2 437	5 441
45-49 years	977	1 141	24	286	2 428	532	1 043	67	186	1 828	4 256
50-54 years	654	930	39	208	1 831	302	836	72	167	1 377	3 208
55-59 years	475	904	71	244	1 694	157	648	138	134	1 077	2 771
60-64 years	253	716	86	155	1 210	128	467	193	111	899	2 109
65-69 years	133	412	113	55	713	70	267	224	50	611	1 324
70 years +	82	380	258	53	773	116	287	582	42	1 027	1 800
Persons born in Greenland											
Total	17 911	6 075	554	1 142	25 682	15 084	6 757	1 349	1 224	24 414	50 096
0- 4 years	2 130	-	-	-	2 130	2 068	-	-	-	2 068	4 198
5- 9 years	2 348	-	-	-	2 348	2 280	-	-	-	2 280	4 628
10-14 years	2 570	-	-	-	2 570	2 477	-	-	-	2 477	5 047
15-19 years	2 061	3	-	-	2 064	2 009	8	-	-	2 017	4 081
20-24 years	1 774	39	-	2	1 815	1 593	149	-	7	1 749	3 564
25-29 years	1 188	202	-	22	1 412	876	371	3	48	1 298	2 710
30-34 years	1 089	458	2	88	1 637	774	627	14	114	1 529	3 166
35-39 years	1 524	971	10	207	2 712	1 045	1 221	34	252	2 552	5 264
40-44 years	1 202	1 018	12	230	2 462	765	1 217	53	238	2 273	4 735
45-49 years	802	905	20	203	1 930	477	917	63	156	1 613	3 543
50-54 years	512	698	33	132	1 375	273	722	68	134	1 197	2 572
55-59 years	338	567	56	116	1 077	145	553	128	97	923	2 000
60-64 years	191	513	70	72	846	122	431	188	90	831	1 677
65-69 years	105	353	105	35	598	68	258	219	48	593	1 191
70 years +	77	348	246	35	706	112	283	579	40	1 014	1 720

Source: Statistics Greenland.

Table 478

Births and deaths in Greenland

	Live births			Stillbirths	Deaths			Per thousand inhabitants		
	Males	Females	Total	Total	Males	Females	Total	Live births	Still-births	Deaths
1990	630	627	1 257	8	293	175	468	22.6	0.10	8.4
1991	612	580	1 192	11	266	174	440	21.4	0.20	7.9
1992	586	614	1 200	...	264	182	446	21.6	•	8.0
1993	627	553	1 180	5	236	200	436	21.4	0.10	7.9
1994	577	579	1 156	5	258	184	442	20.7	0.10	7.9
1995	564	556	1 120	8	280	207	487	20.1	0.14	8.7
1996	539	527	1 066	4	256	191	447	19.0	0.07	8.0
1997	551	549	1 100	4	258	234	492	19.6	0.07	8.7
1998	514	472	986	3	274	194	468	17.6	0.05	8.3
1999	472	475	947	11	281	201	482	16.9	0.20	8.6
2000	451	434	885	3	256	202	458	15.7	0.05	8.1
2001	468	469	937	4	259	179	438	16.6	0.07	7.8
2002	476	464	940	8	255	180	435	16.7	0.14	7.7

Source: Statistics Greenland.

Table 479

Fertility and reproduction rates for Greenland

	Live births per thousand women in each age group							Total fertility rate	Gross reproduction rate	Net reproduction rate ¹
	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-34 years	35-39 years	40-44 years	45-49 years			
1990	75.9	165.0	131.0	77.4	39.6	7.4	-	2 482	1 217	1 132
1991	91.9	163.7	118.1	79.3	37.7	7.0	0.9	2 493	1 174	1 114
1992	94.9	164.7	129.0	85.4	34.4	6.5	-	2 576	1 293	1 236
1993	99.3	173.6	137.4	74.9	37.6	5.5	-	2 641	1 203	1 147
1994	86.3	157.2	138.2	77.6	41.9	9.2	-	2 551	1 280	1 110
1995	76.0	171.1	134.0	91.1	36.9	10.9	-	2 599	1 257	1 192
1996	84.3	165.5	129.5	84.9	36.0	8.5	-	2 543	1 231	1 168
1997	52.8	192.3	119.2	95.4	49.4	15.6	-	2 624	1 258	1 199
1998	50.2	169.9	112.9	79.2	62.7	15.0	4.1	2 470	1 146	1 076
1999	43.3	167.0	122.9	89.5	49.0	13.8	1.5	2 434	1 174	1 100
2000	63.1	157.1	130.1	71.6	37.1	8.1	0.7	2 339	1 132	1 100
2001	63.1	170.1	132.5	79.1	39.7	10.1	0.7	2 476	1 227	1 161
2002	54.9	176.4	147.2	77.5	38.3	10.8	0.0	2 525	1 229	1 163

¹ The net production rate indicates the number of live girls 1,000 women in the child-bearing age (15 years to 49 years) would give birth to in the course of a five-year period if 1) from the age of 0 years, the death rate for the 1,000 women corresponds to the five-year death rate, and 2) the women in each age group give birth to exactly the same number of children as is listed in the five-year fertility rate.

Source: Statistics Greenland.

Table 480

Life tables. Greenland

	Males			Females			Males			Females		
	Survivors ¹	Death rate for age group ²	Average life expectancy ^{1,3}	Survivors ¹	Death rate for age group ²	Average life expectancy ^{1,3}	Survivors ¹	Death rate for age group ²	Average life expectancy ^{1,3}	Survivors ¹	Death rate for age group ²	Average life expectancy ^{1,3}
1994-1998							1998-2002					
0- 1 år	10 000	216	62,5	10 000	259	68,0	10 000	197	63,3	10 000	168	69,0
1- 5 år	9 784	4	62,9	9 741	6	68,8	9 803	12	63,6	9 832	4	69,2
5-10 år	9 736	4	59,2	9 714	4	65,0	9 752	8	59,9	9 822	6	65,3
10-15 år	9 697	10	54,4	9 698	2	60,1	9 719	6	55,1	9 805	4	60,4
15-20 år	9 631	37	49,8	9 670	18	55,3	9 638	25	50,5	9 770	12	55,6
20-25 år	9 356	59	46,2	9 587	6	50,7	9 376	69	46,9	9 676	17	51,1
25-30 år	9 087	54	42,5	9 514	16	46,1	9 136	36	43,0	9 589	17	46,5
30-35 år	8 850	35	38,5	9 458	17	41,3	8 933	37	39,0	9 490	25	42,0
35-40 år	8 665	39	34,3	9 388	21	36,6	8 751	34	34,7	9 410	19	37,3
40-45 år	8 484	44	30,0	9 275	42	32,0	8 592	39	30,3	9 319	32	32,7
45-50 år	8 272	38	25,7	9 104	32	27,6	8 376	68	26,0	9 162	44	28,2
50-55 år	8 075	88	21,2	8 893	63	23,2	8 110	73	21,8	8 866	95	24,0
55-60 år	7 624	117	17,3	8 521	152	19,1	7 717	136	17,8	8 478	124	20,0
60-65 år	7 003	230	13,6	7 790	183	15,6	6 999	299	14,3	7 957	167	16,2
65-70 år	5 971	407	10,5	6 920	289	12,3	6 001	396	11,3	6 937	318	13,1
70-75 år	4 586	735	7,9	5 672	569	9,4	4 769	745	8,5	5 835	373	10,2
75-80 år	2 909	1 149	6,0	4 053	801	7,1	3 145	971	6,7	4 471	755	7,4
80-85 år	1 438	1 322	4,7	2 409	943	5,3	1 703	1 069	5,4	2 606	1 331	5,9
85 år +	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

¹ Refers to the lowest age. For example 46.9 years indicates the average life expectancy for a 20 year-old male in the mortality table 1998-2002. ² The figures indicate (per 10,000) the frequency of death between the two birthdays which are listed in the first column. ³ Average life time of a number of contemporaries who die according to the mortality table.

Source: Statistics Greenland.

Table 481

Elections to the Greenland Parliament

	16 February 1999		3 December 2002	
	Votes	Seats in Parliament	Votes	Seats in Parliament
Parties total	28 078	31	28 378	31
Womens Party	•	•	686	-
Unionist Party	7 100	8	5 780	7
The Demokrats	•	•	4 558	5
Independence Party	6 217	7	7 244	8
Candidate alliances	3 453	4	1 510	1
Center Party	9 899	11	8 151	10
Single Candidate Per Rosing-Petersen	1 409	1	449	-
Electoral turnout (per cent)	76	•	75	•

Source: Greenland Home Rule.

Table 482

Elections to local councils in Greenland 3 April 2001

	Votes cast					Electo- rate, total	Valid	Invalid (votes)	Other (votes)	Votes cast, total	Electoral turnout per cent
	Unionist Party	Indepen- dence Party	Center Party	Candi- date alliances	Single Candi- date						
Total	6 146	5 110	11 864	2 573	210	37 785	25 010	270	279	25 559	68
Nanortalik/Nanortalik	232	274	728	-	-	1 684	1 234	14	11	1 259	74
Qaqortoq/Julianehåb	196	584	807	94	37	2 389	1 718	18	18	1 754	73
Narsaq/Narsaq	379	207	477	-	56	1 480	1 119	9	14	1 142	77
Ivittuut/Ivittuut	-	-	-	91	16	137	107	1	-	108	78
Paamiut/Frederikshåb	192	465	317	-	74	1 303	948	12	10	970	74
Nuuk/Godthåb	1 265	1 062	2 384	596	-	9 805	5 307	118	71	5 496	56
Maniitsoq/Sukkertoppen	827	174	741	-	-	2 531	1 742	11	20	1 773	70
Sisimiut/Holsteinsborg	523	587	1 350	118	-	3 979	2 578	16	37	2 631	66
Kangaatsiaq/Kangaatsiaq	262	200	223	-	-	895	685	1	11	697	77
Aasiaat/Egedesminde	600	720	244	88	-	2 423	1 652	18	14	1 684	69
Qasigiannuit/Christianshåb	132	93	223	356	-	1 035	804	9	6	819	79
Ilulissat/Jacobshavn	293	-	874	1 119	-	3 168	2 286	22	19	2 327	73
Qeqertarsuaq/Godhavn	179	108	52	-	13	709	550	0	6	556	78
Uummannaq/Uummannaq	-	180	997	-	-	1 791	1 177	9	10	1 196	66
Upernavik/Upernavik	404	195	488	-	14	1 781	1 101	10	11	1 122	62
Qaanaaq/Thule	138	85	158	56	-	545	446	2	6	454	83
Ammassalik/Ammassalik	472	117	616	55	-	1 806	1 260	-	14	1 274	70
Illoqqortoormiut/Scoresbysund	52	59	185	-	-	324	296	-	1	297	91

Source: Kanukoka, the association of local authorities in Greenland.

Table 483**Schools in Greenland**

	2000/ 2001	2001/ 2002	2002/ 2003
Schools, total	86	87	87
Pupils and students, total	11 315	11 368	11 350
Teachers, total	1 114	1 191	1 222
Greenlandic teachers, total	888	944	961
Pre-school teachers	95	109	114
Teachers	454	487	528
Temporarily engaged teachers	339	348	319
Danish teachers, total	226	247	361
Pre-school teachers	4	1	4
Teachers	198	214	219
Temporarily engaged teachers	24	32	38
Directors of education	4	4	3
Of whom Danish	2	2	2
Directors, deputy directors of education	74	64	67
Of whom Danish	26	27	28

Source: Statistiscs Greenland.

Table 484

Consumer price index and wage regulating price index for Greenland 2003

	Weight	1995	2003	
		July	January	July
Consumer price index, total	100	100	113.8	115.1
Food	26.15	100	120.4	120.0
Beverages	8.47	100	107.6	108.7
Tobacco	5.40	100	122.3	122.3
Clothing and footwear	4.07	100	104.7	104.3
Gross rent (housing)	13.62	100	112.9	120.9
Fuel and power	8.73	100	107.4	106.1
Furniture, household equipment, etc.	4.61	100	115.2	115.8
Medicine, pharm. goods	0.11	100	103.8	105.5
Transportation	6.60	100	127.8	130.3
Communication	3.02	100	44.0	40.6
Hunting, fishing, etc.	0.52	100	104.7	107.3
Entertainment, recreation, etc.	9.10	100	113.8	116.7
Miscellaneous goods and services	9.60	100	120.2	121.6
Wage regulating price index, total				
January 1975 = 100		363.4	408.6	413.9
January 1984 = 100		147.2	165.4	167.6
July 1995 = 100		100.0	112.4	113.9

Note. From 1 January 1996 a new weighting system for consumer and regulation prices has been used. The data foundation for the new weighting is based on data for 1992, 1993 and 1994. The price level was therefore set at July 1995 = 100.
Source: Statistics Greenland.

Table 485

External trade of Greenland, by country

	Imports		Exports	
	2001	2002	2001	2002
	DKK thousands			
Countries of origin/destination				
Total	2 692 617	3 095 058	2 232 766	2 389 263
Denmark	1 776 598	2 179 369	1 885 174	2 101 425
Netherlands	123	250	516	-
Germany	2 303	1 786	15 956	31 607
United Kingdom	1 256	110	12 446	41 557
Iceland	23 186	18 997	18 079	28 843
Norway	388 240	239 275	58 500	21 253
Sweden	2 050	1 199	-	55
Finland	1 408	547	-	-
United States	2 645	2 318	129 599	87 632
Canada	18 046	10 788	-	28 610
Thailand	-	19	28 156	4 981
Japan	1 515	800	78 515	31 017
Other countries	475 246	639 603	5 825	12 281

Table 486**Imports into Greenland, by SITC division and country 2002**

SITC	Denmark	Germany	Norway	United States	Japan	Sweden	United Kingdom	Other countries	Total
	DKK mio.								
Imports, total	2 179	2	239	2	1	1	0	670	3 095
Food, live animals	311	0	-	0	-	-	-	68	379
Beverages and tobacco	83	-	-	-	-	-	-	17	100
Raw materials, inedible (except fuels)	43	0	-	-	-	0	-	10	53
Mineral fuels and lubricants, etc.	92	-	234	-	-	-	-	30	355
Animal and vegetable oils, fats and wax	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	1
Chemicals and chemical products	105	1	0	0	-	0	-	16	123
Manufactured products, mainly semi-manufactured products	384	0	1	0	-	0	-	102	487
Machinery and transport equipment	532	0	4	1	1	0	0	284	822
Manufactured products	297	1	1	1	0	0	0	141	440
Miscellaneous articles and transactions	332	0	0	0	-	0	0	2	334

Table 487**Imports into Greenland, by end-use (broad economic categories)**

	2001	2002
	DKK mio	
Imports, total	2 693	3 095
Intermediate goods for agriculture	23	24
Intermediate goods for construction industry	219	423
Intermediate goods for other industries	446	560
Fuels, lubricants and electric current	410	356
Machinery and other capital equipment	172	189
Transport equipment	225	223
Of which ships and aircraft	196	196
Of which private cars	30	26
Goods for household consumption	854	983
Goods not elsewhere specified	343	337

Table 488

Exports from Greenland, by SITC division and country 2002

SITC no.	Denmark	United Kingdom	United States	Japan	Other countries	Total
	DKK thousands					
Export, total	2 101 425	41 557	87 632	31 017	127 632	2 389 263
034.15 Herrings, sardines, sardinella, brislings or sprats, fresh or chilled (excl. livers and roes)	-	-	-	-	4 428	4 428
034.18 Other fish, fresh or chilled (excl. livers and roe)	4 049	-	-	-	24 353	28 402
034.22 Flat fish, frozen	99 287	186	-	-	128	99 601
034.25 Cod, frozen	22 819	355	-	-	2 748	25 922
034.28 Other fish, frozen	23 701	361	-	-	7 693	31 754
034.40 Fish fillets, frozen	252 425	32 379	234	-	2 541	287 578
034.55 Fish meat (other than fillets), frozen	5 996	-	-	-	-	5 996
035.21 Cod, salted but not dried or smoked	8 588	-	-	-	-	8 588
035.30 Fish, smoked, (including fillets)	37 689	-	-	-	-	37 689
035.40 Fish liver and roes, dried, smoked, salted or in brine	1 032	-	-	-	29 221	30 253
036.11 Shrimps, frozen	786 548	8 276	711	29 086	5 105	829 726
036.19 Crustaceans, frozen	131 213	-	85 120	1 931	-	218 264
036.39 Molluscs and aquatic invertebrates frozen, dried, salted (or in brine)	41 867	-	-	-	-	41 867
037.21 Crustaceans, preserved n.e.s.	550 309	-	154	-	-	530 463
212.26 Fur skins of seal, whale, with or without head, tail, paws	7 073	-	-	-	0	7 074
792.15 Helicopters of an unladen weight exceeding 2.000 kg	1 394	-	-	-	28 385	29 779
792.30 Airplanes and other aircraft, mechanically propelled (except helicopters), of an unladen weight exceeding 2.000 kg but not 15.000 kg	-	-	-	-	20 000	20 000
792.97 Other parts of aircraft and associated equipment of group 792	3 378	-	-	-	-	3 378
793.24 Fishing vessels; factory ships and other vessels for processing or preserving fishery products	5 804	-	-	-	-	5 804
848.31 Clothing articles of fur skin	4 329	-	-	-	-	4 329
896.40 Postage or revenue, stamp-postmarks, first day covers, postal stationary	8 038	-	-	-	-	8 038
Other goods	125 886	-	1 413	-	3 030	130 330

Table 489

Gross domestic product etc., Greenland

	2000	2001	2002*
	DKK mio.		
Compensation of employees ¹	6 896	7 098	7 312
Gross operating surplus ²	1 664	1 911	1 856
Gross domestic product at factor costs	8 560	9 009	9 169
Indirect taxes	687	672	655
Subsidies	614	640	646
Gross domestic product at market prices	8 633	9 040	9 178
Salary transfers, net	200	242	242
Gross national income	8 433	8 799	8 936
Expenditure of Danish Government	3 302	3 393	3 474
Of which general grants	2 725	2 793	2 877
Gross disposable national income	11 735	12 192	12 410
Gen. government final consumption expenditure	4 525	4 762	5 092
Gross national savings	940	1 138	745
Growth rate of GDP at 1981 prices	7.1	1.3	-1.5
Gross national income per capita in DKK	153 647	160 306	162 122
Consumer price index	214	221	228
	number		
Mean population	56 185	56 394	56 609

Note. Figures regarding points 4, 9, 11 and 12 are consolidated from public finances. Figures for subsidies have been changed from previous tables due to the reorganisation of public finance statistics.

¹ Calculated on the basis of income statistics. ² Calculated on the basis of tax statistics, accounts of companies owned by the Home Rule and an estimate for housing use.

Source: Statistics Greenland.

Table 490

Expenditure of Greenland public sector, by type of transaction

	2000	2001	2002
	— mio. DKK —		
Current and capital expenditure, total	6 776	7 069	7 453
Consumption expenditure	4 525	4 762	5 092
Of which compensation of employees	2 488	2 678	2 766
Current transfers	1 696	1 749	1 764
Of which subsidies to enterprises	614	640	646
Of which to households	955	974	962
Capital expenditure	554	559	598
Of which acquisition of new fixed assets	332	361	460
Of which investment grants	155	128	120
Current plus capital revenue, total	7 161	7 648	7 453
Gross residual revenue	317	328	344
Withdrawals of income from public quasi-corporations	60	70	111
Interest and dividends	291	475	251
Income from land and rights, etc.	0	0	0
Taxes on production and imports	687	672	655
Current taxes on income and wealth	2 166	2 335	2 404
Other current transfers	3 640	3 769	3 836
Of which from EU institutions	285	321	320
Of which general grants from the Danish state	2 830	2 897	2 972
Of which refund, state sector	525	549	543
Capital revenue	386	579	147
Overall surplus (net lending)	392	386	579

Source: Statistics Greenland.

Table 491**Expenditure of Greenland local governments, by function**

	2000	2001	2002
	— mio. DKK —		
Expenditure, total	6 776	7 069	7 453
General public service	1 165	1 219	1 261
General administration	734	770	800
Defence etc.	260	261	255
Public order and safety	170	188	206
Social conditions	4 117	4 414	4 645
Education	1 091	1 215	1 283
Health services	792	844	849
Social security and welfare services	1 634	1 703	1 734
Housing conditions	351	375	440
Religious, recreational and cultural services	250	277	339
Economic services	1 161	1 089	1 185
Energy supply	110	89	109
Fisheries, hunting, agriculture, etc.	167	98	215
Mining, industrial development and construction.	243	245	232
Traffic and communications	303	298	283
Commerce, tourism and general economic development	339	360	346
Other functions	332	347	364
Expenditure by unclassified functions	332	347	364

Source: Statistics Greenland.

Table 492

Central government net expenditure in relation to Greenland

	2000	2001	2002
	DKK mio.		
Expenditure, total	3 371	3 463	3 533
General grants	2 725	2 793	2 877
Other transfers	105	104	95
Other central government expenditure	541	566	561
Prime Minister's Department	8	8	9
Chief Administrative Officer	8	8	9
Ministry of Transport	38	43	46
Ministry of Justice	140	156	169
The Judiciary	35	37	38
Prisons and probation administration	24	26	31
Police	81	93	100
Ministry of Defence	268	269	263
Sirius patrol	17	18	19
Airfield	4	4	5
Greenland Command	42	42	51
Fisheries inspectorate	197	198	180
Inspectorate of Waters	8	8	9
Ministry of Environment and Energy	58	57	40
Administration of raw materials	-	-	-
Geological Survey of Denmark and Greenland	33	32	31
Greenland Environment Research Institute	6	3	9
Research projects	4	-	-
Environmental aid	15	22	-
Other ministries	13	16	16
Consumption of fixed capital	16	16	17

Source: Statistics Greenland.

International statistics

1. International statistics

International statistics since 1898

Ever since 1898 Statistical Yearbook has had a chapter on international statistics. Several of the statistics from back are still shown today. This goes for instance for “Area and populations in states and territories” and “Stock of ships”. Since some statistics have gone i.e. “The emigration to the USA”, while others have come “The EMU-depth”. The selection of tables are meant to represent continuity as well as actuality.

Harmonisation

The development within the last 100 years has furthermore increased the need for international statistics regarding each country and therefore also comparisons between these countries. Direct use of national statistics, i.e. each country's own statistics, for comparison between these countries, is not always possible as calculation methods often vary from country to country. To ensure such comparability, international organisations go to great lengths to harmonise statistical terms (including establishing common nomenclatures) and calculation methods.

Harmonisation can be anything from a set of guidelines (recommendations) to more direct requirements made of the statistical analyses which member countries submit to the relevant organisation.

Organisations which publish statistics

The most central organisations which publish statistics (which are also included as sources in the section ‘International tables’ in the Statistical Yearbook) are:

Eurostat (Statistical Office of the European Union)

OECD (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development)

UN (United Nations) - *including:*

- **ECE** (Economic Commission for Europe)

- **FAO** (Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations)

- **ILO** (International Labour Organisation)

- **IMF** (International Monetary Fund)

- **UNESCO** (United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization)

- **WHO** (World Health Organization).

- **World Bank**

International comparable statistics are published as printed statistical publications, as CD-ROMs and in databases, which can be accessed via links from the website of the organisations which publish statistics.

Statistics Denmark's Library and Information

Statistics Denmark's Library and Information, which is the central reference library for descriptive statistics, houses Denmark's largest collection of international statistics.

International statistics

The collection is constantly expanding and supplemented with the newest material from the organisations which publish statistics. In addition to the large number of printed publications and CD-ROMs, the Library also provides access to a great many international databases as well as the Internet. The Library is open to the public.

Table 493

Emissions of SO_x

	1985	1990	1995	1998
	thousand tons			
Denmark	339	181	149	75
Finland	382	260	97	89
France	1 473	1 269	926	837
Germany	...	5 321	1 994	899
Hungary	1 404	1 010	705	592
Iceland	8	8	8	8
Ireland	141	183	161	176
Italy	1 963	1 719	1 262	1 039
Netherlands	254	202	142	107
Norway	98	53	34	30
Poland	4 300	3 210	2 376	1 897
Portugal	199	359	366	375
Spain	2 494	2 136	1 776	1 592
Sweden	266	136	90	83
Switzerland	76	43	34	28
United Kingdom	3 750	3 754	2 348	1 567

Source: OECD, Environmental Data, Compendium. 2002

Table 494

Consumption of pesticides

	1985	1990	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	
	Tons in 1985		indices 1985=100									
Belgium	8 748	100	117	119	118	113	125	119	102	108	105	114
Denmark	6 863	100	82	67	60	57	70	53	54	53	42	41
Finland	1 964	100	104	72	64	66	54	48	52	60	58	59
France	98 027	100	100	86	94	91	86	100	112	111	123	97
Greece ¹	7 346	...	...	117	117	136	116	134	123	156	...	...
Netherlands	21 002	100	90	76	56	53	52	49	50	51	49	46
Ireland ²	1 812	...	96	107	120	119	125	96	128	...	...	...
Italy	166 839	100	115	102	103	95	99	99	100	...	...	...
Norway	1 529	100	77	51	50	56	61	46	49	62	52	25
Poland ¹	14 479	...	52	47	47	51	48	65	66	60	58	61
Portugal ³	15 966	...	...	38	56	60	74	78	80	90	...	...
Switzerland ²	2 456	...	93	82	79	78	74	71	67	64	62	...
Spain ¹	39 134	...	101	81	75	80	71	85	87	90	...	...
United Kingdom	40 801	100	88	78	79	83	83	87	87	87	87	81
Sweden	3 660	100	64	41	40	54	33	42	44	45	46	...
Germany ⁴	33 485	...	...	100	86	89	103	105	103	116	106	95
Hungary	26 316	100	94	50	39	36	29	26	20	24	22	21
Canada	39 259	100	87	...	...	74	...	...	...	...	...	...
United States	355 163	100	93	94	90	100	98	103	100	...	...	...
Japan	83 056	100	82	78	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Turkey	36 662	100	93	81	88	79	91	99	92	...	...	...
Australia ⁴	119 654	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	...

¹ 1986=100. ² 1988=100. ³ 1984=100. ⁴ 1992=100.

Source: OECD, Environmental Data, Compendium 2002

Table 495

Production of electricity in selected countries

	Total production			By hydropower			By nuclear power		
	1990	1995	2000	1990	1995	2000	1990	1995	2000
	GWh								
All world	11 773 825	13 385 548	15 614 134	2 208 698	2 553 271	2 722 272	1 980 104	2 330 245	2 546 710
EU countries¹	2 176 549	2 331 564	2 636 785	278 366	306 816	347 775	726 059	810 266	865 126
Nordic countries	352 941	377 260	414 707	209 504	207 102	242 254	87 341	89 151	79 781
Belgium	70 846	74 459	83 899	897	1 223	1 699	42 722	41 356	48 157
Bulgaria	42 141	41 789	40 924	1 878	2 314	3 230	14 665	17 261	18 178
Denmark	25 758	38 204	43 619	27	30	29	...	...	...
Finland	54 377	63 896	73 466	10 859	12 925	14 660	19 216	19 216	22 479
France	420 126	493 794	546 707	58 322	75 922	71 816	313 651	377 231	415 162
Greece	35 001	41 599	49 296	1 997	3 782	4 111	...	...	...
Netherlands	71 866	80 832	92 110	120	88	142	3 502	4 018	3 926
Belarus	...	24 918	26 095	...	20	20	...	...	...
Ireland	14 515	17 933	23 750	983	968	1 182	...	...	...
Iceland	4 511	4 981	7 067	4 204	4 682	6 356	...	...	...
Italy	216 891	242 738	276 639	35 079	41 907	50 900	...	...	...
Yugoslavia	...	37 176	31 894	...	11 220	12 054	...	...	...
Croatia	...	8 863	10 702	...	5 265	5 892	...	...	...
Lithuania	...	13 898	11 424	...	751	643	...	11 822	8 419
Luxembourg	1 377	1 181	1 228	823	835	862	...	...	...
Norway	121 848	123 136	143 040	121 382	122 436	142 223	...	...	...
Poland	136 311	139 006	145 183	3 313	3 865	4 151	...	...	...
Portugal	28 500	33 261	47 459	9 303	8 454	11 715	...	...	...
Romania	64 307	59 266	51 937	10 978	16 693	14 778	...	...	5 456
Russian Federation	...	860 027	877 766	...	177 256	165 375	...	99 532	130 715
Switzerland	55 796	63 080	68 722	30 982	35 954	39 601	23 636	24 895	26 446
Slovakia	...	26 306	31 993	...	5 226	5 117	...	11 437	17 103
Slovenia	...	12 648	13 527	...	3 240	3 834	...	4 779	4 761
Soviet Union (former)	1 764 612	...	...	233 000	...	...	212 000	...	...
Spain	151 759	167 132	224 737	26 184	24 569	31 807	54 286	55 455	62 206
United Kingdom	318 970	335 860	376 619	7 056	6 390	7 804	65 747	88 964	85 063
Sweden	146 447	147 043	147 515	73 032	67 029	78 986	68 125	69 935	57 302
Czech Republic	...	60 847	73 466	...	2 274	2 868	...	12 230	13 590
Czechoslovakia (former)	86 627	...	...	3 959	...	...	24 620	...	...
Turkey	57 544	86 247	114 355	23 148	35 541	30 879	...	...	...
Germany	569 702	537 045	580 358	21 192	24 217	28 162	158 810	154 091	170 831
Ukraine	...	194 318	171 445	...	10 150	11 450	...	70 823	77 341
Hungary	28 411	34 017	34 991	178	164	178	13 731	14 026	13 980
Austria	50 414	56 587	69 483	32 492	38 477	43 900	...	...	...
South Africa ²	166 655	192 189	213 577	774	759	5 529	4 000	11 301	13 010
Argentina	50 907	67 085	89 014	18 133	26 986	28 841	7 281	7 066	6 177
Brazil	222 820	275 601	349 153	206 708	253 905	304 691	2 237	2 519	6 046
Canada	482 025	559 981	590 134	296 919	336 034	358 413	72 886	97 844	72 798
Mexico	122 448	152 548	228 873	23 543	29 255	33 133	2 937	5 409	8 221
United States	3 011 749	3 582 114	4 128 513	286 099	337 856	275 140	576 971	713 806	753 893
Hong Kong	28 938	27 916	31 329	...	...	...	...	...	...
Israel	20 722	30 388	42 916	3	25	13	...	...	...
India	289 439	418 043	542 345	71 656	72 596	74 430	6 141	7 982	16 793
Japan	857 273	989 880	1 091 499	95 836	91 216	96 817	202 272	291 254	322 049
China ³	621 200	1 007 726	1 355 600	126 720	190 577	222 414	...	12 833	16 737
Saudi Arabia	46 666	99 833	126 441	...	...	...	...	...	...
Singapore	15 618	22 057	316 665	...	...	...	...	...	...
Korea, Rep. of	118 738	205 102	295 156	6 361	5 478	5 610	52 887	67 029	108 964
Australia	155 077	173 384	208 422	16 240	16 240	17 137	...	...	...
New Zealand	30 158	35 387	39 010	21 944	27 259	24 620	...	...	...

Note. Data includes public and private power stations.

¹ EU Member States as at 1.1. 2000. ² Includes the Republic of South Africa, Botswana, Lesotho, Namibia and Swaziland. ³ Excl. Taiwan.

Source: United Nations, *Energy Statistics Yearbook*.

Table 496

Consumption of electricity in selected countries per capita

	1993	2000		1993	2000
	kWh			kWh	
Africa	509	524	Algeria	678	808
Asia	1 007	1 288	Egypt	811	1 192
Europe	5 613	5 168	Ethiopia ⁴	25	28
North and Central America	8 814	10 388	Morocco	427	544
Oceania	7 402	8 362	Nigeria	141	137
			South Africa ⁵	3 856	4 311
Belgium	7 167	8 608	Tanzania	70	74
Bulgaria	4 438	4 567	Tunesia	754	1 040
Denmark	6 935	8 298			
Estonia	7 072	5 540	Canada	17 356	18 030
Finland	13 588	16 588	Mexico	1 522	2 368
France ¹	7 116	8 099	United States	12 273	14 684
Greece	3 781	4 925			
Netherlands	5 715	6 999	Argentina	1 888	2 437
Ireland	4 664	6 297	Australia	9 361	10 880
Iceland	17 973	25 149	Bangladesh	86	113
Italy ²	4 588	5 554	Bolivia	348	475
Yugoslavia	3 277	3 366	Brazil	1 828	2 345
Latvia	2 462	2 434	Chile	1 743	2 713
Lithuania	3 037	2 729	Colombia	1 176	1 039
Luxembourg	12 957	15 940	Philippines	401	593
Norway	26 091	27 595	India	398	543
Poland	3 421	3 592	Indonesia ⁶	307	473
Portugal	3 190	4 835	Iraq	1 365	1 330
Romania	2 498	2 284	Iran	1 171	1 827
Russian Federation	6 294	5 937	Israel	4 958	6 864
Switzerland ³	7 622	8 504	Japan	7 282	8 603
Slovakia	4 979	5 425	Kazakhstan	5 295	3 666
Slovenia	5 337	6 140	China	719	1 057
Spain	4 021	5 807	Malaysia	1 850	2 977
United Kingdom	5 844	6 573	New Zealand	9 560	10 183
Sweden	16 508	17 154	Pakistan	378	478
Czech Republic	5 520	6 176	Paraguay	728	1 116
Germany	6 520	7 113	Peru	646	776
Ukraine	4 396	3 381	Korea, Republic of	3 707	6 243
Hungary	3 452	3 834	Thailand	1 167	1 674
Austria	6 571	8 408	Turkey	1 245	1 803
			Venezuela	3 399	3 525
			Viet Nam	153	342

¹ Includes Monaco. ² Includes San Marino. ³ Includes Liechtenstein. ⁴ Includes Eritrea. ⁵ Includes Botswana, Lesotho, ⁶ Includes East Timor, Namibia and Swaziland.

Source: United Nations, *Energy Statistics Yearbook*.

Table 497 (continued)

Area and population in states and territories

	Area by use			Population				
	Total area	Of which:		Latest population census		Estimated figures 2000	Population per km ²	Population in urban areas
		Land area	Water area	Year	Number			
km ²	per cent		thousands		per cent			
Europe	4 892 430	96,6	3,4	...	...	...	...	...
Albania	28 748	95,3	4,7	2001	3 087	3 130	107	58
Andorra	468	100,0	-	31-12-00	66	66	141	95
Belgium	30 528	99,2	0,8	01-01-99	10 213	10 250	336	97
Bosnia and Herzegovina	51 129	100,0	-	31-03-91	4 377	3 980	88	41
Bulgaria	110 994	99,7	0,3	2001	7 974	7 950	76	69
Denmark excl. the Faroe Islands and	43 098	98,5	1,5	01-01-03	5 384	5 330	125	85
Estonia	45 227	93,7	6,3	2000	1 370	1 370	30	69
Finland excl. Åland	336 618	90,1	9,9	31-12-01	5 169	5 144	17	61
France ¹	549 090	99,7	0,3	1999	58 520	58 740	108	75
Faroe Islands	1 399	100,0	0	01-03-03	48	44	32	32
Gibraltar (only civilian pop.)	6	100,0	-	2000	27	29	4 159	100
Greece	131 957	97,7	2,3	01-01-98	10 516	10 610	80	60
Guernsey	63	100,0	-	2001	60	59	902	...
Netherlands	41 526	81,6	18,4	01-01-02	16 146	15 860	468	89
Belarus	207 600	99,9	0,1	31-01-99	10 045	10 000	48	71
Ireland	70 273	98,0	2,0	2002	3 917	3 710	52	59
Iceland	103 000	97,3	2,7	01-12-02	288	279	3	92
Italy	301 308	97,6	2,4	01-01-01	57 844	57 680	192	67
Jersey	116	99,8	0,2	2001	87	89	750	...
Yugoslavia ²	102 173	99,8	0,2	2001	10 652	10 630	104	52
Croatia	56 542	98,9	1,1	2001	4 437	4 650	78	57
Latvia	64 600	96,1	3,9	01-01-96	2 480	2 420	38	69
Liechtenstein	160	100,0	0	01-01-97	31	33	195	23
Lithuania	65 300	99,4	0,6	01-01-01	3 484	3 700	53	67
Luxembourg	2 586	100,0	-	15-02-01	440	436	170	91
Malta	316	100,0	-	31-12-00	383	390	1 203	90
Isle of Man	572	...	...	2001	76	72	134	73
Moldova	33 700	...	...	31-01-94	4 353	4 300	129	46
Monaco	2	...	...	2000	32	32	21 477	100
Northern Ireland	14 135	...	...	2001	1 685	1 663	122	...
Norway	323 758	94,6	5,4	01-01-03	4 552	4 480	14	74
Poland	312 685	97,4	2,6	2001	38 632	38 640	124	64
Portugal ³	91 905	99,5	0,5	01-01-01	10 318	10 010	107	63
Romania	236 391	96,6	3,4	01-01-02	21 698	22 400	91	56
Russian Federation	17 075 400	...	...	01-01-98	147 100	145 490	9	77
San Marino	61	100,0	-	01-01-00	27	27	440	90
Switzerland	41 284	95,8	4,2	31-12-01	7 261	7 290	172	68
Slovakia	49 039	98,1	1,9	2001	5 379	5 400	110	57
Slovenia	20 273	99,4	0,6	30-06-02	1 996	1 990	98	50
Spain ⁴	504 750	98,7	1,3	2001	40 847	39 500	80	77
United Kingdom	243 073	98,7	1,3	01-07-02	59 001	58 790	243	89
Svalbard	61 229	...	...	01-01-99	2	3	0	...
Sweden	449 964	91,3	8,7	28-02-03	8 944	8 870	20	83
Macedonia	25 713	...	...	20-06-94	1 945	2 030	79	62
Czech Republic	78 864	98,0	2,0	01-01-01	10 293	10 280	131	75
Germany	357 022	97,8	2,2	31-12-02	82 537	82 020	231	87

Anm. Latest population census can contain estimated population. Population pr. Km² and population in urban areas can concern other years than them in others columns.

¹ Excl. territories overseas. ² From dec. 1992 Serbia and Montenegro (incl. Odina and Kosovo) ³ Incl. The Azores and Madeira. ⁴ Incl. Balearic Islands, the Canary Islands and Spanish North Africa.

Source: The Statesman's Yearbook 2004. Additional source: United Nations: *Demographic Yearbook*. (United Nations: *World Population Data Sheet*. Eurostat: *Demographic Statistics*). Populations Division of the United Nations Secretariat, World Urbanization Prospects; The 1999 Revision.

Table 497 (continued)

Area and population in states and territories

	Area by use			Population				
	Total area	Of which:		Latest population census		Estimated figures 2000	Population per km ²	Population in urban areas
		Land area	Water area	Year	Number			
km ²	per cent		thousands				per cent	
Ukraine	603 700	96,0	4,0	01-01-01	48 416	49 570	80	67
Hungary	93 036	99,3	0,7	01-02-01	10 197	10 040	110	64
Holy See	0	...	...	01-01-93	1	1	2 273	...
Austria	83 858	98,7	1,3	2001	8 065	8 080	96	65
Åland	1 527	...	...	31-12-01	27	27	17	...
Africa	30 311 690	97,8	2,2	...	...	...	...	...
Algeria	2 381 741	100,0	-	25-06-98	29 277	30 300	12	60
Angola	1 246 700	100,0	-	1995	11 500	13 130	9	34
Benin	112 622	98,2	1,8	1996	5 710	6 170	51	42
Botswana	581 730	97,4	2,6	21-08-91	1 327	1 540	3	50
Burkina Faso	274 122	99,9	0,1	1996	10 313	11 540	38	18
Burundi	27 834	92,3	7,7	1996	5 356	6 360	192	9
Cameroon	475 440	97,9	2,1	1996	14 262	14 880	30	48
Central African Republic	622 436	100,0	-	1996	3 274	3 720	5	41
Comoros	1 862	100,0	-	1996	569	706	306	33
Congo Demogrctatic Republic (Zaire)	2 344 885	96,7	3,3	1997	47 440	50 950	20	30
Congo Republic of	341 821	99,9	0,1	1997	2 769	3 020	8	62
Djibouti	23 200	99,9	0,1	1995	601	632	26	83
Egypt	997 739	99,4	0,6	1997	61 404	67 880	59	45
Cote d'Ivoire	320 783	98,6	1,4	1996	14 760	16 010	46	46
Eritrea	93 679	...	...	1995	3 434	3 660	28	18
Ethiopia	1 104 300	90,6	9,4	1994	49 218	62 910	51	17
Gabon	267 667	95,9	4,1	1997	1 190	1 230	4	80
Gambia	10 689	80,6	19,4	1995	1 087	1 300	102	32
Ghana	238 537	95,4	4,6	2000	18 800	18 800	79	37
Guinea	245 857	99,9	0,1	31-12-96	7 164	8 150	29	32
Guinea-Bissau	36 125	77,9	22,1	1997	1 179	1 200	33	23
Cape Verde	4 033	100,0	-	2000	435	434	108	60
Kenya	582 646	98,1	1,9	1999	28 687	30 670	55	32
Lesotho	30 355	100,0	-	1996	1 968	2 040	64	27
Liberia	99 067	86,5	13,5	1997	2 602	2 910	26	45
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	1 775 500	100,0	-	2000	5 290	5 290	3	87
Madagascar	587 041	99,1	0,9	1997	14 062	15 970	24	29
Malawi	118 484	79,4	20,6	1998	9 934	11 310	84	24
Mali	1 248 574	98,4	1,6	1998	9 790	11 350	8	29
Morocco	458 730	99,9	0,1	1995	28 300	29 880	62	55
Mauritania	1 030 700	100,0	-	2000	2 548	2 670	2	56
Mauritius	2 040	99,5	0,5	2000	1 179	1 180	576	41
Mayotte	376	...	...	2002	160	157	426	...
Mozambique	799 380	97,8	2,2	01-08-97	16 099	18 290	20	39
Namibia	824 269	99,9	0,1	1996	1 677	1 760	2	30
Niger	1 186 408	100,0	-	1997	9 389	10 800	8	20
Nigeria	923 773	98,6	1,4	1997	107 115	113 860	116	44
Réunion	2 507	99,6	0,4	01-01-01	728	800	291	32
Rwanda	26 338	93,7	6,3	1996	5 100	7 610	194	6
Sao Tome and Principe	1 001	100,0	0	1997	148	149	148	45
Saint Helena	122	100,0	0	1998	5	7	53	63
Senegal	196 190	97,9	2,1	1996	9 090	9 420	40	53
Seychelles	455	100,0	-	1997	83	82	166	64

Table 497 (continued)

Area and population in states and territories

	Area by use			Population				
	Total area	Of which:		Latest population census		Estimated figures 2000	Population per km ²	Population in urban areas
		Land area	Water area	Year	Number			
km ²	per cent		thousands				per cent	
Sierra Leone	73 326	99,8	0,2	1995	4 509	4 410	62	36
Somalia	637 657	98,4	1,6	1998	8 206	8 780	13	26
Sudan	2 505 815	94,8	5,2	2000	29 820	29 900	12	35
Swaziland	17 400	99,1	0,9	1997	912	925	52	26
South Africa	1 219 090	100,0	-	30-06-01	44 561	43 700	31	55
Tanzania	945 037	93,5	6,5	1997	29 461	35 120	31	32
Chad	1 284 000	98,1	1,9	1996	6 977	7 890	5	24
Togo	56 785	95,8	4,2	1997	4 320	4 530	76	32
Tunesia	154 530	94,5	5,5	1999	9 457	9 500	61	65
Uganda	241 547	81,7	18,2	2002	24 749	22 210	90	16
Western Sahara	266 769	...	...	02-09-94	164	230	1	95
Zambia	752 614	98,8	1,2	1997	9 350	9 870	12	40
Zimbabwe	390 759	99,0	1,0	1995	11 475	12 630	29	35
Equatorial Guinea	28 051	100,0	-	1997	443	457	16	46
America	40 222 460	96,7	3,3	...	...	...	...	...
Virgin Islands (U.S.) ¹	346	100,0	-	2000	109	105	313	45
Anguilla	155	...	...	2001	12	12	75	11
Antigua and Barbuda	442	...	...	2002	66	67	153	36
Argentina ²	2 780 400	98,4	1,6	15-05-91	32 616	37 030	13	90
Aruba	180	...	...	2000	91	88	506	...
Bahamas	13 939	100,0	...	2000	304	304	20	88
Barbados	430	100,0	-	2000	269	269	625	49
Belize	22 965	99,3	0,7	2000	240	240	10	54
Bermuda	53	100,0	0	2000	62	63	1 165	100
Bolivia	1 098 581	98,7	1,3	2000	8 329	8 330	8	64
Brazil ³	8 514 215	99,5	0,5	2000	169 799	166 800	20	81
Virgin Islands (British)	130	100,0	0	2000	20	20	126	56
Canada	9 984 670	91,1	8,9	2001	30 007	30 760	3	80
Cayman Islands	260	100,0	-	2001	41	41	135	...
Chile ²	756 096	99,0	1,0	2002	15 773	15 210	21	86
Colombia	1 141 815	91,2	8,8	24-10-93	33 110	42 300	29	74
Costa Rica	51 100	99,9	0,1	2000	3 810	3 810	71	59
Cuba	110 860	99,1	0,9	1998	11 100	11 200	100	77
Dominica	748	...	...	2001	72	72	96	70
Dominican Republic	48 671	99,3	0,7	1996	8 089	8 370	169	64
Ecuador ⁴	275 830	97,6	2,4	1996	11 698	12 650	42	64
El Salvador	21 041	98,8	1,2	1996	5 790	6 280	275	46
Falkland Islands ⁵	12 200	100,0	0	2001	2	3	0	84
French Guiana	85 534	97,9	2,1	1999	157	173	2	76
Grenada	344	...	...	2001	101	100	293	37
Greenland ⁶	2 166 086	100,0	-	01-01-02	57	56	0	81
Guadeloupe	1 705	98,8	1,2	1999	422	425	246	99
Guatemala	108 889	99,6	0,4	31-07-96	11 278	11 400	107	39
Guyana	214 969	91,6	8,4	1997	750	761	4	38
Haiti	27 750	99,3	0,7	1996	7 300	8 140	263	35
Honduras	112 492	99,8	0,2	1997	5 751	6 420	51	52
Jamaica	11 425	98,5	1,5	1995	2 500	2 580	219	56
Martinique	1 128	96,4	3,6	1999	381	384	338	93

¹ Incl. Military units in the area. ² Excl. Antarctica. ³ Excl. jungle Indians. ⁴ Excl. nomad Indians. ⁵ Excl. South Georgia (3.760 km² with 500 inhabitants in 1964). ⁶ The area not covered by ice comprises 410.449 km² corresponding to a population density of 0.2.

Table 497 (continued)

Area and population in states and territories

	Area by use			Population				
	Total area	Of which:		Latest population census		Estimated figures 2000	Population per km ²	Population in urban areas
		Land area	Water area	Year	Number			
km ²	per cent		thousands				per cent	
Mexico	1 967 375	97,5	2,5	2000	97 362	97 360	49	74
Montserrat ¹	102	...	...	2002	4	4	...	...
Netherlands Antilles	800	100,0	-	2000	215	215	259	69
Nicaragua	130 671	92,9	7,1	1995	4 357	5 070	33	58
Panama	75 517	98,6	1,4	2000	2 839	2 840	38	49
Paraguay	406 752	97,7	2,3	2002	5 880	5 500	14	55
Peru ²	1 285 216	99,6	0,4	1998	24 801	25 660	19	72
Puerto Rico	8 875	99,6	0,4	2000	3 809	3 808	429	94
Saint Kitts and Nevis ³	269	...	...	1997	44	45	166	34
Saint Lucia	617	...	...	12-05-91	133	156	216	37
Saint Pierre and Miquelon	242	95,8	4,2	1999	6	7	28	...
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines	389	...	...	1996	115	118	296	52
Surinam	163 820	95,5	4,5	1995	407	436	3	74
Trinidad and Tobago	5 124	100,0	-	1999	1 285	1 290	250	74
Turks and Caicos Islands	497	100,0	-	2000	19	19	32	44
United States	9 826 629	93,2	6,8	2002	288 369	281 420	31	75
Uruguay	176 215	98,5	1,5	22-05-96	3 164	3 340	18	91
Venezuela ²	916 490	96,7	3,3	1997	21 800	24 170	24	87
Asia	27 567 950	97,2	2,8	...	...	...	...	...
Afghanistan ⁴	652 090	100,0	0	2001	26 800	21 770	31	20
Armenia	29 743	94,6	5,4	2001	3 802	3 800	128	67
Azerbaijan	86 600	100,0	-	1999	7 953	8 040	92	57
Bahrain	707	100,0	-	1996	599	640	850	92
Bangladesh	148 393	90,4	9,6	2001	129 247	137 440	845	23
Bhutan	46 500	100,0	-	1997	1 870	2 090	40	7
Brunei Darussalam	5 765	91,3	8,7	1996	300	328	52	72
Cambodia	181 035	97,5	2,5	1998	11 438	13 100	54	22
Cyprus	9 251	99,9	0,1	2000	759	759	82	70
Philippines	300 000	99,4	0,6	2000	76 498	75 650	255	58
United Arab Emirates	83 657	100,0	-	31-12-95	2 377	2 610	28	86
Georgia	69 700	...	...	1997	5 316	5 260	76	60
Hong Kong	1 091	92,5	7,5	2001	6 708	6 806	6 237	100
India ⁵	3 166 414	90,4	9,6	2001	1 027 015	1 008 900	324	28
Indonesia (incl. East Timor)	1 917 525	95,1	4,9	1995	194 700	212 090	102	40
Iraq	438 317	99,8	0,2	17-10-97	22 018	22 950	50	76
Iran, Islamic Republic of	1 629 918	99,3	0,7	25-10-96	60 055	63 660	36	61
Israel ⁶	21 946	97,9	2,1	1997	5 530	6 040	252	91
Gaza Strip ⁷	370	100,0	-	09-12-97	1 022	1 163	2 808	94
West Bank ⁷	5 651	100,0	-	09-12-97	1 873	2 012	333	...
Japan (incl. Ryukyu Islands)	377 802	99,7	0,3	01-10-00	126 926	126 920	336	79
Jordan ⁸	91 860	99,7	0,3	1997	4 600	5 230	45	73
Kazakhstan	2 724 900	98,3	1,7	1999	14 953	16 170	6	56
China	9 571 300	97,2	2,8	1998	1 248 100	1 275 100	143	32
Kyrgyzstan	199 900	96,6	3,4	1999	4 823	4 920	24	34
Kuwait	17 818	100,0	0	20-04-95	1 576	2 190	88	97
Lao PDR.	236 800	97,5	2,5	01-03-96	4 581	5 280	19	23
Lebanon ⁹	10 452	98,4	1,6	1991	2 840	3 500	265	89
Macau	21	100,0	-	31-12-99	437	422	19 387	99
Malaysia	329 758	99,6	0,4	2000	23 270	22 220	71	57

¹ Volcanic eruption population in metropolis moved. ² Excl. Jungle Indians. ³ Formerly St Christopher. ⁴ About 4 mio. exile is in foreign countries. ⁵ Excl. Areas occupied by China in Jammu and Kashmir. ⁶ Incl. East Jerusalem. etc. ⁷ 3,3 mio. Palestinian lives in other countries. ⁸ Incl. 722.687 Palestinian refugees (31 May 1967). ⁹ Excl. Palestinian refugees in camps.

Table 497

Area and population in states and territories

	Area by use			Population				
	Total area	Of which:		Latest population census		Estimated figures 2000	Population per km ²	Population per urban
		Land area	Water area	Year	Number			
	km ²	per cent		thousands				per cent
Maldives	298	100,0	-	2000	270	270	906	26
Mongolia	1 565 008	100,0	-	2000	2 373	2 370	2	57
Myanmar	676 577	97,2	2,8	1996	45 920	47 750	68	27
Nepal	147 181	97,2	2,8	2001	23 151	23 040	157	11
Korea, DPR.	122 762	99,9	0,1	31-12-93	21 213	22 170	173	81
Oman	309 500	100,0	-	1999	2 325	2 540	8	82
Pakistan ¹	796 095	96,8	3,2	1998	130 580	141 260	168	36
Qatar	11 437	100,0	-	1997	522	565	46	92
Saudi Arabia	2 240 000	100,0	-	1995	17 880	20 350	8	85
Singapore	682	98,4	1,6	2001	4 131	4 018	6 055	100
Sri Lanka	65 610	98,5	1,5	1997	18 721	18 920	285	23
Korea, Republic of	99 538	99,5	0,5	01-11-00	46 136	46 130	464	46
Syria ²	185 180	99,2	0,8	1997	14 920	16 190	81	54
Tajikistan	143 100	98,3	1,7	2000	6 127	6 130	43	26
Taiwan	36 188	100,0	-	2001	22 406	21 577	619	...
Thailand	513 115	99,6	0,4	2000	60 617	60 610	118	21
Turkmenistan	448 100	96,3	3,7	1995	4 483	4 740	10	45
Turkey	780 580	99,3	0,7	2000	67 845	66 670	81	74
Uzbekistan	447 400	92,6	7,4	1997	23 468	24 890	52	37
Viet Nam	332 338	98,1	1,9	1999	76 325	78 140	230	20
Yemen	555 000	100,0	-	16-12-94	14 832	18 350	21	24
East Timor ³	17 222	...	...	1999	920	983	53	...
Oceania	8 564 380	99,1	0,9	...	...	...	...	...
American Samoa	200	100,0	-	2000	57	65	238	50
Australia	7 692 300	100,0	-	2001	18 972	19 140	2	85
Cocos Islands	14	100,0	-	1994	1	1	...	...
Cook Islands (excl. Niue)	235	100,0	-	01-12-96	19	20	76	59
Fiji	18 333	100,0	-	1996	775	814	42	51
French Polynesia	4 167	91,5	8,5	03-09-96	220	220	53	56
Guam	541	100,0	-	2000	155	157	286	38
Kiribati	717	100,0	-	2000	85	87	118	36
Marshall Islands	181	100,0	-	1999	50	52	281	69
Micronesia	702	...	...	1997	127	133	181	28
Nauru	21	...	...	1997	10	11	488	100
New Zealand	270 534	99,1	0,9	06-03-01	3 821	3 800	14	85
Niue	258	100,0	-	2001	2	2	7	71
Norfolk Island	34	100,0	-	1996	1	2	51	...
New Caledonia	464	100,0	-	2000	69	72	...	54
Northern Mariane Islands	18 575	98,4	1,6	16-04-96	197	200	10	60
Palau	1 632	31,1	68,9	2000	19	19	38	72
Papua New Guinea	462 840	97,8	2,2	1994	4 070	4 810	9	17
Pitcairn	5	...	...	2001	0	...	...	...
Solomon Islands	28 370	96,9	3,1	1997	426	447	15	19
Tokelau Islands	12	100,0	-	1996	2	2	126	...
Tonga	748	96,0	4,0	31-10-96	97	100	130	41
Tuvalu	26	100,0	-	2000	11	11	415	47
Vanuatu	12 190	100,0	-	1999	187	192	15	20
Western Samoa	2 831	99,6	0,4	03-11-91	161	159	59	21
Wallis and Futuna	240	100,0	-	1996	14	15	55	...
Antarctica	15 500 000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

¹ Excl. Jammu and Kashmir. ² Incl. 193.000 Palestinian refugees (1 July 1977). ³ Separate from Indonesia.

Table 498 (continued) Population of major cities 1987-2004

	Population			Population			Population	
	Borough municipalities	Cities with suburbs		Borough municipalities	Cities with suburbs		Borough municipalities	Cities with suburbs
	— thousands —			— thousands —			— thousands —	
EUROPE			Faroe Islands 1999			Liechtenstein 1999		
			THORSHAVN	16	...	VADUZ	5	...
Albania 2001			Gibraltar 2000			Lithuania 2002		
TIRANA	343	523	GIBRALTAR	27	...	Kaunas	377	...
						VILNIUS	573	...
Andorra 1999			Greece 1991			Luxembourg 2001		
ANDORRA LA VELLA	25	...	ATHENS	772	3 112 ³	LUXEMBOURG	77	125 ⁸
			Thessaloniki	384	768 ¹			
Belgium 2001			Netherlands 2000			Malta 2000		
Antwerp	446	...	Amsterdam ⁴	731	1 003	VALLETTA	7	90
BRUSSELS	134	964	HAAG ⁵	441	...			
			Rotterdam	593	990	Man 2001		
Bosnia and Herzegovina 1997			Belarus 1999			DOUGLAS	25	...
SARAJEVO	360	522 ¹	MINSK	1 729	...	Moldova 1999		
						CHRISINAU	655	...
Bulgaria 2001			Ireland 2002			Monaco 2000		
Plovdiv	341	...	DUBLIN	495	953	MONACO	32	...
SOFIA	1 096	...						
Varna	315	...	Iceland 2001			Northern Ireland 2001		
			REYKJAVIK	112	172 ⁶	BELFAST	277	...
Denmark 2004			Italy 2000			Norway 2001		
COPENHAGEN ²	502	1 823	Bari	332	...	OSLO	509	981
			Bologna	380	...			
Estonia 2000			Catania	336	...	Poland 1999		
TALLINN	408	...	Florence	375	...	Bydgoszcz	387	...
			Genoa	632	...	Gdansk	459	...
Finland 2000			Milan	1 302	3 753 ⁷	Katowice	346	...
HELSINGFORS	555	956	Naples	1 000	3 012 ¹	Krakow	741	...
			Palermo	679	...	Lódz	811	1 041 ¹
France 1999			ROME	2 656	3 810 ⁷	Lublin	356	...
Bordeaux	219	754	Torino	901	1 294 ¹	Poznan	578	...
Douai-Lens	...	519				Szczeicin	417	...
Grenoble	156	419	Jersey 2001			WARSAW	1 618	2 418 ⁸
Lille	191	1 001	ST. HELIER	28	...	Wroclaw	638	...
Lyon	453	1 349						
Marseille	807	1 350	Yugoslavia 1995			Portugal 1997		
Metz	127	323	BELGRADE	1 204	1 819	LISBON	563	3 754 ⁸
Nancy	106	331				Porto	273	1 615 ¹
Nantes	278	545	Croatia 1999					
Nice	346	889	ZAGREB	1 047	...	Romania 2002		
PARIS	2 148	9 645				BUCHAREST	...	1 922
Rouen	109	390	Latvia 1998			Clui-Napoca	318	...
Strasbourg	267	427	RIGA	806	908			
Toulon	166	520						
Toulouse	398	761						
Valenciennex	42	357						

Note. Cities with suburbs comprise borough municipalities and surrounding municipalities which are densely populated or that part of surrounding municipalities which adjoin the borough municipality. Cities with a population of more than 300,000 have been included in the table for Europe, however, with regard to Russia, the Ukraine and Belarus, only cities with a population of at least 1 million have been included. Only cities with a population of at least 1 million have been included for the rest of the world. In addition, capital cities have been included and are highlighted by capital letters.

¹ 1995. ² Cities with suburbs make up the Greater Copenhagen Region. ³ 2000. ⁴ Capital. ⁵ Government city. ⁶ 1999. ⁷ 1998. ⁸ 1997.

Source: UN: *The Statesman's Yearbook. Demographic Yearbook 2004. (The Europe World Yearbook 2003. Der Fisher Weltalmanach. Britannica Book of the Year).*

Table 498 (continued) Population of major cities 1987-2004

	Population			Population			Population	
	Borough municipalities	Cities with suburbs		Borough municipalities	Cities with suburbs		Borough municipalities	Cities with suburbs
	— thousands —			— thousands —			— thousands —	
Constanta	310	...	Dudley	305	...	Ukraine 2001		
Craiova	303	...	Edinburgh	448	...	Dnipropetrovsk	1 064	...
Iasi	322	...	Glasgow	578	911	Donetsk	1 016	...
Timisoara	318	...	Kirkless	388	...	Kharkiv	1 470	...
			Leeds	716	...	KYIV	2 602	...
Russian Federation 1999			Liverpool	439	1 409	Odessa	1 029	...
Chelyabinsk	1 083 ¹	...	LONDON	7 172	12 224 ⁷			
Kazan	1 101 ¹	...	Manchester	393	2 482	Hungary 1999		
MOSKVA	8 300	15 142 ¹	Newcastle upon Tyne	189 ⁷	1 116	BUDAPEST	1 852	2 430 ⁹
Nizhii Novgorod ²	1 350	1 398 ³	Sheffield	513	...			
Novosibirsk	1 400	...	South Lanarkshire	302	...	Holy See 1997		
Omsk	1 150	1 785 ³	Wakefield	315	...	VATICAN	1	...
Perm	1 010 ¹	1 040 ³	Wigan	302	...			
Rostov-na-Donu	1 013 ¹	...	Wirral	312	...	Austria 2000		
Samara ⁴	1 160	1 215 ³				WIEN	1 608	...
St. Petersburg	4 660	4 694	Sweden 2000					
Ufa	1 091 ¹	1 098 ³	Gothenburg	472	797	AFRICA		
Yekaterinburg ⁵	1 260	...	STOCKHOLM	756	1 662			
						Algeria 1998		
San Marino 2000						ALGIER	1 520	2 562
SAN MARINO	4	...	Macedonia 1994					
			SKOPIJE	485	541	Angola 1999		
Switzerland 2001						LUANDA	2 550	...
BERN	123	319 ¹	Czech Republic 2000					
Zürich	341	943 ¹	Brno	379	...	Benin 1995		
			Ostrava	319	...	Cotonou	716 ¹⁰	...
Slovak Republic 1999			PRAGUE	1 178	...	PORTO-NOVO	194	...
BRATISLAVA	460	...						
			Turkey, see Asia			Botswana 1998		
Slovenia 2002						GABORONE	193	...
LJUBLJANA	254	...	Germany 2002					
			BERLIN	3 382	5 079	Burkina Faso 1999		
Spain 2001			Bielefeld	322	...	OUAGADOUGOU	1 026	...
Barcelona	1 527	2 819 ³	Bochum	391	...			
Bilbao	354	...	Bonn	302	...	Burundi 1999		
Cordoba	315	...	Bremen	539	...	BUJUMBURA	321	...
Las Palmas (Canarias)	371	...	Dortmund	589	...			
MADRID	3 017	4 072 ⁶	Dresden	478	...	Cameroun 1999		
Malaga	536	...	Duisburg	515	...	Douala	1320	...
Murcia	378	...	Düsseldorf	569	3 031 ³	YAOUNDE	1120	...
Palma (Mallorca)	358	...	Essen	595	6 541 ⁶			
Sevilla	704	...	Frankfurt am Main	647	3 606 ³	Central African Republik 1999		
Valencia	762	...	Hamburg	1 715	2 624 ³	BANGUI	622	...
Valladolid	319	...	Hannover	515	...			
Zaragoza	620	...	Köln	963	2 984 ³	Comorerne 1999		
			Leipzig	493	...	MORONI	44	...
United Kingdom 2001			Mannheim	307	...			
Birmingham	976	...	München	1 210	1 803 ⁸	Congo democratique Republic (Zaire) 1999		
Bristol	405 ¹	...	Nürnberg	488	...	KINSHASA	4 885	...
Cardiff	305	...	Stuttgart	584	2 601 ⁸			
Coventry	301	...	Wuppertal	366	...			

¹ 1996. ² Former Gjorki. ³ 1995. ⁴ Former Kuibyshev. ⁵ Former Sverdlovsk. ⁶ 2000. ⁷ 1991. ⁸ 1998. ⁹ 1990. ¹⁰ 1999.

Table 498 (continued) Population of major cities 1987-2004

	Population			Population			Population	
	Borough municipalities	Cities with suburbs		Borough municipalities	Cities with suburbs		Borough municipalities	Cities with suburbs
	— thousands —			— thousands —			— thousands —	
Congo Republic 1999			Malawi 1998			FREETOWN	822	...
BRAZZAVILLE	1 187	...	Blantyre	2 000	...			
			LILONGWE	1 000	...	Somalia 1999		
Djibouti 1999						MOGADISHU	1 162	...
DJIBOUTI	523	...	Mali 1999					
			BAMAKO	1 083	...	St. Helena 1998		
Egypt 1998						JAMESTOWN	1	...
Alexandria	3 485	...	Morocco 1999					
CAIRO	7 109	14 872 ¹	Casablanca	3 448	3 541 ³	Sudan 1999		
Giza	2 326	...	RABAT	...	1 293 ⁴	KHARTOUM	2 628	3 413 ⁴
Côte d' Ivory 1999			Mauritania 1999			Swaziland 1999		
ABIDJAN	3 199	...	NOUAKCHOTT	...	881	MBABANE	73	...
Eritrea 1999			Mauritius 1999			South Africa 2000		
ASMARA	514	...	PORT LOUIS	172	...	Durban	1 993	2 554
Ethiopia 1999			Mayotte 2002			Johannesburg	2 027	4 075
ADDIS ABABA	2 534	2 639	MAMOUDZOU ³	45	...	Kapstadt	1 118	2 522
						Port Elisabeth	775	1 328
Gabon 1999			Mozambique 2000			PRETORIA	692	1 412
LIBREVILLE	523	...	MAPUTO	1 019	2 867 ²	Tanzania 1995		
Gambia 1999			Namibia 1997			Dar-es-Salaam	1 747	2 545 ²
BANJUL	...	229	WINDHOEK	202	...	DODOMA ⁵	189 ⁴	...
Ghana 1995			Niger 1999			Tabora	1 600 ¹	...
ACCRA	1 070	1 904 ²	NIAMEY	731	...	Chad 1999		
Guinea 1993			Nigeria 1995			N'DJAMENA	998	...
CONAKRY	1 091	1 764 ²	ABUJA	339	...	Togo 1999		
Guinea-Bissau 1999			Ibanda	1 365	...	LOMÉ	790	...
BISSAU	274	...	Lagos	1 484	12 763 ²	Tunisia 1999		
Cape Verde 1999			Reunion 1999			TUNIS	691	1 860
PRAIA	76	...	SAINT-DENIS	132	207 ⁴	Uganda 2002		
Kenya 1999			Rwanda 1999			KAMPALA	1 209	...
NAIROBI	2 205	...	KIGALI	369	...	Western Sahara 1999		
Lesotho 1999			Sao Tome and Principe 1997			EL AAIUN	169	...
MASERU	373	...	SAO TOMÉ	50	...	Zambia 1995		
Liberia 1999			Senegal 1994			LUSAKA	921	1 577 ¹
MONROVIA	479	1 026 ¹	DAKAR	785	2 079 ³	Zimbabwe 1995		
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya 1995			Seychelles 1999			HARARE	1 410	1686 ¹
TRIPOLI	591	1 773 ²	Victoria	28	41	Equatorial Guinea 1995		
Madagascar 1993			Sierra Leone 1999			MALABO	30	...
ANTANANARIVO	676	1 432 ²				AMERICA		

¹ 1996. ² 1999. ³ 2000. ⁴ 1995. ⁵ New government city

Table 498 (continued) Population of major cities 1987-2004

	Population			Population			Population	
	Borough municipalities	Cities with suburbs		Borough municipalities	Cities with suburbs		Borough municipalities	Cities with suburbs
	— thousands —			— thousands —			— thousands —	
Vigin Islands (U.S.) 2000			Montreal	1 040	3 426	Guatemala 1999		
CHARLOTTE AMALIE	11	...	OTTAWA	774	1 064	GUATEMALA CITY	1 015	3 119
			Toronto	2 481	4 682			
Anguilla 2001			Vancouver	546	1 987	Guyana 1999		
THE VALLEY	1	...				GEORGETOWN	275	...
			Cayman Islands 1996					
Antigua and Barbuda 1999			GEORGETOWN	21	...	Haiti 1996		
ST. JOHN'S	25	...				PORT-AU-PRINCE	884	1 699 ⁴
			Chile 2002			Honduras 1999		
Argentina 2000			SANTIAGO	4 887	5 642	TEGUCIGALPA	919	995
BUENOS AIRES	3 047	14 215						
Cordoba	1 294 ¹	...	Colombia 1999			Jamaica 1991		
Rosario	908 ²	1 155	Barranquilla	1 226	1 329 ⁴	KINGSTON	104	655 ³
			BOGOTA	6 276	8 376			
Aruba 1998			Cali	2 111	2 064 ⁴	Martinique 1999		
ORANJESTAD	29	...	Medellin	1 958	3 291 ¹	FORT-DE-FRANCE	94	...
Bahamas 2000			Costa Rica 2000			Mexico 2000		
NASSAU	...	212	SAN JOSÉ	346	1 315	Ecatepec de Morelos	1 622	...
						Guadalajara	1 646	3 462 ¹
Barbados 1999			Cuba 1999			Juarez	1 187	...
BRIDGETOWN	...	133	HAVANNA	2 242	2 892 ⁵	Leon	1 021	1 174 ¹
						MEXICO BY	8 591	18 131
Belize 1998			Dominica 1999			Monterrey	1 111	3 022 ¹
BELMOPAN	7	...	ROSEAU	24	...	Netzahualcoyōti	1 225	...
						Puebla de Zaragoza	1 271	1 562
Bermuda 2000			Dominican Republic 1999			Tijuana	1 149	...
HAMILTON	1	...	Santiago de los Caballeros	1 289	...	Montserrat 1998		
			SANTO DOMINGO	1 610	3 523	PLYMOUTH ⁶	0	...
Bolivia 2000						Netherlands Antilles 1999		
LA PAZ	1 004	1 480	Ecuador 1998			WILLEMSTAD	...	123
Santa Cruz	1 034	...	Guayaquil	2 205	...			
			QUITO	1 574 ⁶	...	Nicaragua 1999		
Brazil 2000						MANAGUA	930	1 094 ¹
Belém	1 281	1 486 ³	El Salvador 1992					
Belo Horizonte	2 239	3 803 ³	SAN SALVADOR	423	1 522	Panama 1995		
BRASILIA	2 051	...				PANAMA BY	658	1 173 ⁷
Curitiba	1 587	2 425 ³	Falkland Islands 2001					
Fortaleza	2 141	2 583 ³	STANLEY	2	...	Paraguay 1999		
Goiania	1 093	...				ASUNCIÓN	558	1 224
Guarulhos	1 073	...	French Guiana 1999					
Manaus	1 406	...	CAYENNE	51	...	Peru 1998		
Porto Alegre	1 361	3 247 ³				LIMA	6 465	7 195
Recife	1 423	3 088 ³	Grenada 2001					
Rio de Janeiro	5 858	10 197	ST. GEORGE'S	...	36	Puerto Rico 1999		
Salvador	2 443	2 709 ³				SAN JUAN	440	1 381
Sao Paulo	10 434	16 583	Greenland 2000					
			NUUK/GODTHÅB	13	...	St. Kitts and Nevis 1991⁸		
Virgin Islands (Br.) 2000						BASSETERRE	12	...
ROAD TOWN	8	...	Guadeloupe 1999					
			BASSE-TERRE	12	...			
Canada 2001								

¹ 1995. ² 1991. ³ 1996. ⁴ 1999. ⁵ 1993. ⁶ Evacuation of population due to volcano eruption. ⁷ 2000. ⁸ Former Saint Christopher and Nevis.

Table 498 (continued) Population of major cities 1987-2004

	Population			Population			Population	
	Borough municipalities	Cities with suburbs		Borough municipalities	Cities with suburbs		Borough municipalities	Cities with suburbs
	— thousands —			— thousands —			— thousands —	
Saint Lucia 1998			Minneapolis	383	2 969	Brunei 1999		
CASTRIES	22	57 ¹	Nashville-Davidson	570	1 231	BANDAR SERI BEGAWAN	85	...
			New Orleans	485	1 338			
Saint Pierre and Miquelon 1999			New York	8 008	21 200	Cambodia 1999		
ST. PIERRE	6	...	Norfolk	234	1 570	PHNOM PENH	938	...
			Oklahoma City	506	1 083			
Saint Vincent and Grenadines 1999			Orlando	186	1 645	Cyprus 2000		
KINGSTOWN	...	28	Philadelphia	1 518	6 188	NICOSIA	199	...
			Pittsburgh	335	2 359			
Surinam 1995			Phoenix	1 321	3 252	Philippines 2000		
PARAMARIBO	112	294 ²	Portland	529	2 265	Davao	1 147	...
			Providence	174	1 189	Kalookan	1 233	...
Trinidad and Tobago 1999			Raleigh	276	1 188	MANILA	1 673	10 546
PORT-OF-SPAIN	53	497 ³	Rochester	220	1 098	Quezon City	2 160	...
			Sacramento	407	1 797			
Turks and Caicos Islands 1990			Saint Louis	348	2 604	United Arab Emirates 1997		
GRAND TYRK ⁴	4	...	Salt Lake City	182	1 334	ABU DHABI	1 101	...
			San Antonio	1 145	1 592			
Uruguay 1999			San Diego	1 223	2 814	Georgia 1999		
MONTEVIDEO	1 237	1 788 ⁵	San Francisco	777	7 039	TBILISI	1 310	...
			Seattle	563	3 555			
			Tampa	303	2 396	Hong Kong 2001		
			WASHINGTON	572	7 608	Hongkong	...	6 708
			West Palm Beach	...	1 131			
United States 2000			Venezuela 2000			India 2001		
Atlanta	416	4 112	CARACAS	1 976	3 673 ⁵	Ahmedabad	3 515	4 519
Austin	657	1 250	Maracaibo	1 764	1 975	Bangalore	4 292	5 687
Boston	589	5 819	Valencia	1 339	1 462 ⁶	Bombay (Mumbai)	11 914	16 368
Buffalo	293	1 170				Calcutta (Kolkata)	4 580	13 217
Charlotte	541	1 499	ASIA			Delhi	9 817	12 791
Chicago	2 896	9 157	Afghanistan 1999			Hyderabad	3 450	5 534
Cincinnati	331	1 979	KABUL	...	2 450	Jaipur	2 324	...
Cleveland	478	2 946				Kanpur	2 532	2 690
Colombus	711	1 540	Armenia 2000			Lucknow	2 207	2 266
Dallas	1 189	5 222	JEREVAN	1 250	...	Madras (Chennai)	4 216	6 425
Denver	555	2 582				Nagpur	2 051	2 122
Detroit	951	5 456	Azerbaijan 1999			NEW DELHI	301 ⁸	...
Grand Rapids	198	1 088	BAKU	1 788	1 870	Poona	2 540	3 756
Greensboro	224	1 252				Surat	2 434	2 811
Hartford	122	1 183	Bahrain 1999			Indonesia 1997		
Houston	1 954	4 670	MANAMA	162	...	Bandung	5 920 ¹	...
Indianapolis	792	1 608				Bogor	5 000	...
Jacksonville	736	1 100	Bangladesh 1991			JAKARTA	10 620 ⁴	11 018 ⁷
Kansas City	442	1 776	Chittagong	1 392	6 193 ⁵	Malang	3 170	...
Las Vegas	478	1 563	DHAKA	3 613	12 137 ⁷	Semarang	2 220	...
Los Angeles	3 695	16 374				Surabaya	2 800	...
Louisville	256	1 026	Bhutan Darussalam 1999			Iraq 1999		
Memphis	650	1 136	THIMPHU	28	...	BAGDAD	4 689	5 348 ⁹
Miami	362	3 876						
Milwaukee	597	1 690						

¹ 1999. ² 1997. ³ 1990. ⁴ Former Corkburn. ⁵ 1996. ⁶ 1995. ⁷ 2000. ⁸ 1991. ⁹ 1987.

Table 498 (continued) Population of major cities 1987-2004

	Population			Population			Population	
	Borough municipalities	Cities with suburbs		Borough municipalities	Cities with suburbs		Borough municipalities	Cities with suburbs
	— thousands —			— thousands —			— thousands —	
Irbel	1 743 ¹	...	Datong	1 220	...	Xi'an	2 990	...
Iran 1996			Fushun	1 400	...	Xiantao	1 480	...
Esfahan	1 266	...	Fuzhou	1 400	...	Xiaoshan	1 120	...
Mashhad	1 887	...	Guangzhou	3 910	...	Xinghua	1 530	...
Shiraz	1 053	...	Guiyang	2 050	...	Xintai	1 310	...
Tabriz	1 191	...	Handan	1 880	...	Xuzhou	1 300	...
TEHERAN	6 935 ²	10 344	Hangzhou	1 620	...	Yancheng	1 450	...
Israel 1998			Harbin	2 960	...	Yantai	1 320	...
JERUSALEM	622	...	Hefei	1 170	...	Yantai	1 320	...
Tel Aviv-Jaffa	349	2 181 ¹	Heze	1 390	...	Yixing	1 090	...
Gaza Stripe Jericho-area 1997			Huaian	1 170	...	Yiyang	1 190	...
GAZA CITY	354	1 060 ³	Huainan	1 290	...	Yongzhou	1 020	...
Japan 2000			Huzhou	1 050	...	Yueyang	1 140	...
Fukuoka	1 341	...	Jilin	1 380	...	Yulin	1 440	...
Hiroshima	1 126	...	Jinan	2 480	...	Yuzhou	1 120	...
Kawasaki	1 250	...	Jingmen	1 080	...	Zaoyang	1 040	...
Kitakyushu	1 011	2 721 ¹	Jinxi	1 930	...	Zaozhuang	1 920	...
Kobe	1 494	...	Kumming	1 660	...	Zhanjiang	1 200	...
Kyoto	1 468	...	Lanzhou	1 670	...	Zhengzhou	1 900	...
Nagoya	2 171	7 008 ²	Leshou	1 100	...	Zibo	2 580	...
Osaka	2 599	16 918 ²	Linyi	2 080	...	Zigong	1 020	...
Sapporo	1 822	...	Liuan	1 640	...	Yongzhou	1 020	...
Sendai	1 008	...	Liupanshui	1 930	...	Kyrgyzstan 1999		
TOKYO	8 134	26 360	Luoyang	1 320	...	BISJKEK	619	...
Yokohama	3 427	...	Nanchang	1 470	...	Kuwait 1998		
Jordan 1999			Nanjing	2 670	...	KUWAIT CITY	306	1 190 ³
AMMAN	1 378	1 810 ³	Nanning	1 230	...	Lao, Pdr. 1995		
Kazakhstan 1997			Neijiang	1 340	...	VIENTIANE	178	640 ²
Almatij	1 129	...	Ningbo	1 160	...	Lebanon 1998		
ASTANA ⁴	313	...	Pingxiang	1 440	...	BEIRUT	1 500	2 055 ³
China 1999			Qingdao	2 210	...	Macau 1999		
Anshan	1 450	...	Qiqihar	1 420	...	MACAU	437	...
Baotou	1 270	...	Shanghai	12 910	14 570 ⁵	Malaysia 2000		
BEIJING (Peking)	10 820	12 400 ⁵	Shantou	1 020	...	KUALA LUMPUR	1407	...
Chande	1 270	...	Shenyang	4 740	...	Maldives 1999		
Changchun	2 600	...	Shijianzhuang	1 480	...	MALE	72	...
Changsha	1 540	...	Sugian	1 120	...	Mongolia 2000		
Chengdu	3 120	10 036	Suining	1 340	...	ULAN BATOR	760	...
Chifeng	1 040	...	Suzhou	1 020	...	Myanmar 1999		
Chongqing	4 070	30 420	Taian	1 460	...	RANGOON (YANGON)	4 101	5 037 ⁶
Daging	1 030	...	Taiyuan	2 320	...			
Dalian	2 550	...	Tangshan	1 570	...			
			Tianjin	8 970	9 530 ⁵			
			Tianmen	1 620	...			
			Tianshui	1 110	...			
			Urumqi	1 280	...			
			Wanxian	1 570	...			
			Weifang	1 220	...			
			Wuhan	4 450	...			
			Wuxi	1 070	...			

¹ 1995. ² 1999. ³ 2000. ⁴ Akmla new capital 1997 change of name to Astana June the 10. 1998. ⁵ 1997. ⁶ 1994.

Table 498 (continued) Population of major cities 1987-2004

	Population			Population			Population	
	Borough municipalities	Cities with suburbs		Borough municipalities	Cities with suburbs		Borough municipalities	Cities with suburbs
	— thousands —			— thousands —			— thousands —	
Nepal 2001 KATMANDU	672	1 150 ¹	Thailand 1999 BANGKOK	7 133	9 242 ⁶	AGAÑA	1	...
Korea, Drp. 1999 PYONGYANG	3 136	...	Turkmenistan 1999 ASHGABAT ⁷	525	...	Kiribati 1990 BARIKI	2	29 ⁴
Oman 1993 MUSCAT	52	635 ²	Turkey 2000 Adana	1 133	...	Marshall Islands 1999 MAJURO Atoll	33	...
Pakistan 1998 Faisalabad (Lyallaur)	1 977	...	ANKARA	3 203	...	Micronesia 2000 Palikir	8	...
Gujranwala	1 125	...	Bursa	1 184	...	Nauru 1983 Yaren	1	...
Hyderabad	1 151	...	Istanbul	8 832	...	New Zealand 2001 Auckland	382	1 075
ISLAMABAD	791	...	Izmir	2 250	...	WELLINGTON	158 ⁴	340
Karachi	9 269	...	Uzbekistan 1999 TASJKENT	2 143	4 357 ³	Niue 1991 ALOFI	1	...
Lahore	5 063	...	Viet Nam 1999 HANOI	456	1 615 ³	Northern Mariana Islands 2000 CHALAN KANOVA (Saipan)	9	...
Rawalpindi	1 406	...	Haiphong	1 089	2 194 ³	New Caledonia 1996 NOUMEA	76	...
Qatar 1999 DOHA	391	...	Ho Chi Minh City	4 549	4 615 ⁸	Palau 1996 KOROR	12	...
Saudi Arabia 1999 Jeddah	1 490	...	Yemen 1999 SANAA	1 231	1 303 ⁸	Papua New Guinea 1999 PORT MORESBY	293	...
RIYADH	3 180	...	East Timor 2000 DILI	48	180	Solomon Islands 1999 HONIARA	50	68
Singapore 2000 SINGAPORE	4 018	...	OCEANIA			Tonga 1999 NUKUALOFA	37	...
Sri Lanka 1999 COLOMBO	690	2 062 ³	Samoa 1999 PAGO PAGO	14	...	Tuvalu 2000 FONGAFALE	4	...
Korea, Rep. of 2000 Inchon (Incheon)	2 475	...	Australia 2000 Adelaide	1 096	...	Vanuatu 1999 VILA	26	...
Kwangju (Gwangju)	1 353	...	Brisbane	1 627	...	Western Samoa 1999 APIA	38	...
Pusan (Busan)	3 663	...	CANBERRA	310	...	Wallis and Futuna 1996 MATA-UTU	1	...
SEOUL	9 895	21 906	Melbourne	3 466	...			
Taegu (Daegu)	2 481	...	Perth	1 381	...			
Taejon (Daejeon)	1 368	...	Sydney	4 086	...			
Ulsan	1 014	...	Cook Islands 2000 Rarotonga	12	...			
Syria 1999 Aleppo	1 840 ⁴	...	Fiji 1999 SUVA	77 ⁴	167			
DAMASKUS	2 270	2 584 ⁴	French Polynesia 1996 PAPEETE	26	79			
Tajikistan 1999 DUSJANBÉ	523	664 ⁵	Guam 1990					
Taiwan 1999 Kaohsiung	1 480	...						
TAIPEI	2 690	...						

¹ 1991. ² 1999. ³ 1994. ⁴ 1996. ⁵ 1995. ⁶ 1998. ⁷ Former Asjkhhabad. ⁸ 2000.

Table 499

Population, birth and mortality rates for continents

	Estimated mid-year population figures				Increase in population p.a.	Live births p.a. as % of mean population	Deaths p.a. as % of mean population	Deaths in the 1 st year as % of total live births	Life expectancy		Dependents ¹
	1970	1980	1990	2000					Men	Women	
	millions				per cent	per thousand		per thousand		per cent	
World	3 691	4 430	5 255	6 057	1.4	22	9	55	65	69	37
Europe	657	693	722	727	0.0	10	11	8	70	78	32
Eastern Europe	276	295	311	304	-0.4	9	13	13	63	74	31
Northern Europe	87	90	92	95	0.2	12	11	5	75	80	35
Southern Europe	127	138	143	145	0.2	10	10	6	75	81	33
Western Europe	166	170	176	183	0.2	11	10	4	75	82	33
Africa	356	467	619	794	2.4	39	14	88	51	53	45
Eastern Africa	108	143	193	250	2.7	43	18	102	43	45	48
Middle Africa	40	52	71	95	2.6	46	16	104	46	49	47
Northern Africa	86	111	143	174	1.9	28	8	51	65	68	41
Southern Africa	26	33	41	50	1.6	28	12	59	51	52	40
Western Africa	97	128	171	224	2.7	42	15	88	50	51	48
Northern America	232	255	283	314	1.0	14	8	7	75	80	34
Of which:											
Canada	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	77	82	31
United States	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	74	80	34
Latin America	285	361	440	519	1.6	23	6	29	68	74	38
Caribbean	25	29	34	38	1.1	21	8	38	67	71	36
Central America	68	90	111	135	1.8	26	5	27	71	76	40
South America	192	242	295	346	1.6	24	7	30	67	74	37
Asia	2 142	2 631	3 164	3 672	1.4	22	8	54	66	69	36
Eastern Asia	987	1 178	1 350	1 481	0.8	16	7	29	70	74	30
South-central Asia	783	982	1 225	1 481	1.8	28	9	69	62	63	41
South-eastern Asia	286	358	440	522	1.6	24	7	41	66	70	36
Western Asia	86	113	149	188	2.3	29	7	47	66	70	41
Oceania	19	23	26	31	1.4	18	8	25	72	77	35
Australia, New Zealand	15	18	20	23	1.1	14	8	5	77	82	33
Melanesia	3	4	5	7	2.3	33	9	...	...	...	...
Micronesia	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	2.2	31	5	...	...	...	...
Polynesia	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	1.1	25	5	...	...	...	...

¹ 0-14-years and 65-years or more in percentage of total population.

Source: United Nations: *Demographic Yearbook, 2000* (columns 1-7). United Nations: *World Population Data Sheet, 2003* (columns 8-11).

Table 500

Population, birth and death rates in selected countries 2000

	Estimated population figures 1 July 2000	Per thousand inhabitants		Deaths in 1st year as % of total live births	Depen- dents ¹	Life expectancy				
		Live births	Deaths			Year	Males		Females	
							0 year	65 years	0 year	65 years
	1 000	per thousand			per cent					
Belgium	10 249	11	10	5.0	35	1999	74.4	15.4	80.8	19.4
Bulgaria	7 949	8	14	13.8	32	1995-99	67.1	12.3	74.3	15.0
Denmark	5 337	12	11	4.9	34	2001-02	74.7	15.3	79.2	18.2
Estonia	1 369	9	14	9.0	33	1997	64.8	12.6	76.0	16.9
Finland	5 176	11	9	3.2	33	1999	73.8	15.1	81.0	19.2
France	58 892	13	9	4.2	35	1998	74.7	15.5	80.7	19.2
Greece	10 008	9	9	5.9	33	1998	75.3	16.2	80.5	18.7
Netherlands	15 864	13	9	5.4	33	1999	75.3	15.1	80.5	19.1
Ireland	5 787	15	8	5.8	32	1999	73.9	14.2	79.1	17.7
Iceland	281	14	6	2.7	35	1999	72.8	16.9	81.5	19.2
Italy	57 762	9	10	4.8	33	1995	74.6	15.5	81.0	19.4
Latvia	2 432	9	14	11.0	32	1999	64.9	11.3	76.2	17.8
Lithuania	3 696	9	12	8.0	33	1999	67.1	13.6	77.4	17.8
Luxembourg	436	12	8	5.9	33	1999	74.7	15.3	81.2	19.5
Norway	4 493	12	10	3.9	35	1999	75.6	15.6	81.1	19.5
Poland	38 646	10	9	7.7	31	1999	68.8	13.3	88.5	17.1
Portugal	10 008	11	10	5.0	32	1999	72.0	14.3	79.1	17.8
Romania	22 435	10	12	18.4	32	1996-98	65.5	12.7	73.3	15.3
Russia	145 491	10	16	15.0	31	1999	59.9	11.1	72.4	15.0
Switzerland	7 170	10	8	4.9	33	1999	76.8	16.8	82.5	19.9
Slovakia	5 400	10	10	6.2	30	1999	69.0	12.9	77.0	16.4
Slovenia	1 988	9	9	9.2	30	1998-99	71.4	13.8	78.8	17.6
Spain	39 466	10	9	3.5	32	1996-97	74.7	16.1	81.9	20.0
United Kingdom	59 501	11	10	5.4	35	1999	75.0	15.3	79.8	18.5
Sweden	8 872	11	11	3.7	35	1999	77.1	16.4	81.9	19.9
Czech Republic	10 273	9	11	4.1	30	1999	71.4	13.6	78.1	16.9
Germany	82 017	9	10	4.3	32	1999	74.8	15.5	80.7	19.2
Hungary	10 024	10	13	2.2	31	1999	66.3	12.1	75.1	15.8
Austria	8 110	9	9	4.8	32	1999	75.1	15.8	81.0	19.4
South Africa	43 686	23	14	57.0	39	2000-05	46.6	...	48.3	...
Argentina	37 032	19	8	16.6	40	1990-92	68.4	13.5	75.6	17.3
Brazil	167 724	20	7	33.0	36	1998	64.4	12.6	72.0	15.5
Canada	30 750	11	7	5.3	31	1992	74.6	15.7	80.9	19.9
Mexico	97 015	29	5	25.0	38	2000-05	70.4	...	76.4	...
United States	283 230	14	9	6.9	34	1998	73.8	16.0	79.5	19.2
Hong Kong	6 797	7	5	2.6	27	1999	77.2	16.8	82.4	20.2
Israel	6 040	21	6	5.3	38	1998	76.1	16.6	80.6	18.9
India	1 002 142	25	8	66.0	40	1992-96	62.3	...	62.9	13.9
Japan	126 867	9	8	3.0	33	1999	77.1	17.0	84.0	21.9
China	1 275 133	13	6	32.0	29	1993-96	75.1	15.3	80.0	18.6
Saudi Arabia	20 346	35	6	25.0	46	2000-05	71.1	...	73.7	...
Singapore	4 131	11	4	2.5	28	2000	76.0	15.7	80.0	18.1
Korea, Rep. of	47 275	12	5	8.0	29	1991	68.8	13.2	76.0	16.9
Turkey	65 293	22	7	39.0	35	2000-05	68.0	...	75.2	...
Australia	19 157	13	7	5.1	33	1997-99	76.2	16.6	81.8	20.2
New Zealand	3 831	14	7	5.3	34	1997-99	75.2	16.1	80.4	19.5

¹ 0-14 year-olds and 65 year-olds and above as percentage of the total population.

Source: United Nations: *Demographic Yearbook, 2000*. United Nations: *World Population Data Sheet, 2003* (columns 2-5).

Table 501

Live births per thousand women

	Year	Live births per thousand women by age							Total fertility rate per woman 2000
		15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-34 years	35-39 years	40-44 years	45-49 years	
Belgium	1992	11.9	75.1	140.8	77.2	23.0	3.6	0.2	1.6
Bulgaria	1997	45.1	85.2	56.9	22.4	7.3	1.6	0.1	1.2
Denmark	2003	6.2	45.7	124.7	121.0	46.7	7.5	0.3	1.7
Estonia	1997	29.4	85.3	75.8	38.1	15.4	3.9	0.1	1.3
Finland	1998	9.2	59.5	116.9	100.3	44.1	8.8	0.5	1.7
France	1993	7.9	60.6	127.3	90.7	36.2	7.6	0.5	1.9
Greece	1998	11.8	53.2	89.6	71.9	26.4	4.9	0.5	1.2
Netherlands	1998	6.3	38.6	108.7	123.7	44.3	5.9	0.2	1.7
Ireland	1999	19.9	48.3	94.5	132.1	69.8	13.0	0.6	2.0
Iceland	1998	24.5	88.5	131.1	104.5	49.9	10.8	0.2	1.9
Italy	1995	6.8	36.5	80.6	75.7	32.2	6.2	0.3	1.2
Latvia	1999	18.7	79.2	73.3	39.2	16.4	4.0	0.2	1.2
Lithuania	1999	25.5	95.7	81.2	44.9	17.7	4.2	0.2	1.2
Luxembourg	1998	9.7	63.3	112.6	104.7	39.4	6.0	0.2	1.7
Norway	1999	11.7	68.3	129.2	110.3	44.2	7.0	0.2	1.7
Poland	1999	17.5	85.6	92.8	51.1	21.1	4.9	0.2	1.3
Portugal	1997	21.3	61.7	97.8	77.1	29.1	5.6	0.4	1.5
Romania	1998	40.9	96.9	77.6	36.3	11.7	2.8	0.2	1.2
Russia	1999	29.3	92.6	64.9	32.5	11.2	2.2	0.1	1.3
Switzerland	1998	5.6	47.9	106.8	96.8	36.1	5.7	0.2	1.4
Slovakia	1999	25.6	90.5	89.9	42.4	15.3	2.8	0.1	1.2
Slovenia	1999	7.9	60.8	97.8	55.3	17.5	2.9	0.2	1.2
Spain	1997	7.9	25.0	73.4	89.7	35.3	5.6	0.3	1.2
United Kingdom	1999	30.7	72.4	98.9	89.0	39.5	7.6	0.4	1.6
Sweden	1999	4.9	41.8	99.5	96.3	46.9	9.5	0.4	1.6
Czech Republic	1999	15.7	73.4	83.7	39.6	12.9	2.0	0.1	1.2
Germany	1997	9.6	54.7	90.2	80.2	31.3	5.4	0.3	1.3
Hungary	1999	24.3	72.4	90.4	51.1	17.5	3.1	0.1	1.3
Austria	1999	13.1	66.8	91.7	62.8	24.4	4.9	0.2	1.3
South Africa	1995-2000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.8
Argentina	1995	63.7	128.9	136.0	107.0	57.7	17.6	1.8	2.5
Brazil	1996	59.9	101.7	86.4	54.3	27.3	9.1	1.5	2.2
Canada	1997	20.2	64.0	103.8	84.4	32.5	5.2	0.2	1.5
Mexico	1995	85.2	172.1	166.1	123.7	70.9	26.6	7.6	2.8
United States	1998	52.1	111.2	115.9	87.4	37.4	7.3	0.4	2.0
Hong Kong	1999	4.9	27.0	53.9	53.4	24.7	4.0	0.2	0.9
Israel	1999	17.5	118.5	186.9	158.7	84.7	20.2	1.6	2.9
India	1995-2000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3.1
Japan	1999	4.9	38.3	97.9	90.1	29.7	3.5	0.1	1.3
China	1995-2000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.7
Saudi Arabia	1995-2000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5.7
Singapore	2000	9.2	43.3	113.4	113.6	45.4	7.8	0.2	1.4
Korea, Rep. of	1999	3.1	48.0	154.9	73.0	15.1	2.2	0.2	1.3
Turkey	1997	50.0	173.6	144.9	73.3	36.1	15.5	3.4	2.5
Australia	1998	18.5	60.0	111.2	107.2	45.7	8.0	0.3	1.7
New Zealand	2000	28.8	78.4	115.6	115.5	53.4	10.2	0.4	1.9

Source: United Nations: *Demographic Yearbook. 2000*. United Nations: *World Population Data Sheet, 2003* (Col. 8).

Table 502

Deaths¹ per 100,000 men, by selected causes of death 1997

	Infectious diseases	Cancer	Circulatory diseases	Diseases of respiratory system	Diseases of digestive system	Accidents and poisoning			Total
						Total	Of which:		
							Road traffic accidents	Suicide and self-inflicted injury	
Belgium ²	8.1	228.5	247.6	80.5	29.9	79.5	26.5	27.1	772.1
Bulgaria ³	12.2	159.8	726.7	60.9	42.0	81.9	13.9	21.7	1 201.3
Denmark ⁴	9.9	204.4	277.9	66.8	33.3	63.7	13.5	20.2	795.9
Estonia ³	20.6	235.0	601.1	50.9	46.6	239.0	32.4	52.7	1 294.3
Finland ⁴	7.3	170.2	329.4	71.7	33.0	101.5	10.9	34.7	791.8
France ⁴	8.5	213.4	178.5	48.3	34.5	77.0	18.6	24.5	671.7
Greece	4.8	166.9	277.1	33.2	17.0	57.2	31.0	5.3	632.4
Netherlands	7.9	206.8	246.7	72.7	21.9	35.7	9.9	12.0	695.0
Ireland ⁴	3.9	195.7	352.7	114.8	21.5	57.4	17.7	19.1	828.7
Iceland ⁵	7.3	152.4	282.8	58.3	9.8	72.9	11.8	16.4	633.6
Italy ⁵	3.7	199.1	247.6	45.5	34.0	49.9	19.7	9.8	672.9
Latvia ³	29.1	219.2	640.8	46.0	40.7	243.1	43.0	54.4	1 348.9
Lithuania	22.1	219.2	512.6	56.4	34.3	232.7	29.8	73.2	1 152.8
Luxembourg	4.5	188.3	263.6	57.1	33.1	69.1	21.1	25.9	714.4
Norway ⁵	5.6	172.3	295.8	66.9	18.6	55.4	9.5	17.5	711.4
Poland ⁴	8.4	228.4	505.3	46.8	37.2	104.0	26.4	22.8	1 088.5
Portugal ³	13.6	185.7	299.7	84.2	44.3	69.8	28.3	7.1	888.5
Romania ³	20.0	169.3	644.2	84.8	78.6	104.3	17.3	19.4	1 172.6
Russia	34.2	226.4	722.4	93.7	45.8	286.3	27.3	61.5	1 530.4
Switzerland	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Slovakia ⁵	4.0	249.2	541.2	75.7	56.3	98.7	22.4	22.6	1 093.6
Slovenia	4.4	234.2	322.5	83.9	52.9	116.4	26.5	43.1	907.8
Spain ⁵	8.9	200.9	216.3	73.2	39.4	54.4	20.7	10.5	698.4
United Kingdom	4.8	185.4	282.5	102.1	25.1	38.2	9.0	10.1	705.2
Sweden ⁴	4.9	144.8	279.9	46.7	19.5	47.9	6.9	16.9	614.1
Czech Republic ³	2.6	250.9	461.5	39.7	39.8	81.7	9.1	22.2	926.6
Germany	6.0	191.6	307.5	48.6	38.7	51.4	15.2	18.3	732.8
Hungary ³	8.5	309.3	564.6	51.7	115.6	122.9	19.5	44.0	1 250.2
Austria ³	2.8	180.6	323.1	33.5	36.5	63.9	14.8	25.6	693.1
South Africa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Argentina ⁴	33.6	179.7	376.7	89.1	45.1	82.7	16.9	10.6	966.9
Brazil ⁵	36.6	132.1	324.4	121.9	51.7	147.9	42.0	9.3	1 052.8
Canada	5.2	176.0	220.5	58.4	21.3	54.7	12.9	18.1	634.1
Mexico	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
United States	10.6	175.6	270.8	66.0	25.1	75.7	20.9	17.5	722.5
Hong Kong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Israel ⁴	9.8	148.3	216.8	38.1	20.6	47.2	13.1	8.5	608.0
India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Japan	11.4	178.7	158.8	76.4	23.8	55.3	12.6	20.5	556.4
China	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Saudi Arabia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Singapore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Korea, Rep. of	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Turkey	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Australia ⁵	5.6	178.4	246.5	50.7	18.6	52.0	14.5	18.1	640.8
New Zealand ⁴	4.0	184.7	282.1	75.7	17.0	65.3	20.3	23.0	706.0

¹ The numbers have been converted into standard mortality rates, i.e. frequency of death for a population with a given age distribution. Standard mortality rates are calculated by the WHO based on a European standard population. With regard to Denmark, calculations are based on the age distribution of the Danish population.

² 1994. ³ 1998. ⁴ 1996. ⁵ 1995.

Source: WHO: *World Health Statistics Annual, 1997-99, (online edition)*.

Table 503

Deaths¹ per 100,000 women, by selected causes of death 1997

	Infectious diseases	Cancer	Circulatory diseases	Diseases of respiratory system	Diseases of digestive system	Accidents and poisoning			Total
						Total	Of which:		
							Road traffic accidents	Suicide and self-inflicted injury	
Belgium ²	5.4	118.9	155.8	27.0	19.5	32.1	8.2	9.1	437.1
Bulgaria ³	4.6	93.3	501.9	28.8	12.8	23.3	4.2	7.5	753.6
Denmark ⁴	4.2	154.5	162.0	48.2	21.1	28.6	4.6	7.5	515.9
Estonia ³	3.7	114.1	357.2	16.2	20.5	55.1	8.1	8.2	637.5
Finland ⁴	3.9	94.5	179.6	30.1	16.7	31.2	3.6	9.4	424.6
France ⁴	4.9	96.8	100.8	21.8	18.0	31.6	6.5	8.3	345.2
Greece	3.5	89.7	210.4	21.3	9.0	16.5	9.0	0.8	413.8
Netherlands	4.7	124.4	140.7	32.1	16.8	17.2	3.7	5.6	421.5
Ireland ⁴	3.1	133.1	209.5	72.7	17.0	17.5	5.3	3.4	511.8
Iceland ⁵	3.1	132.0	151.2	61.6	12.0	35.8	6.8	3.3	442.2
Italy ⁵	2.1	105.1	162.0	16.5	18.4	19.1	5.4	2.8	388.0
Latvia ³	7.8	114.6	377.2	11.9	21.5	59.0	11.3	10.0	681.9
Lithuania	4.8	106.5	331.9	16.0	16.2	51.3	9.2	12.3	572.7
Luxembourg	2.1	123.3	166.6	25.3	22.4	23.7	7.0	8.5	424.5
Norway ⁵	4.6	117.1	158.7	40.3	12.0	21.2	3.7	5.7	414.3
Poland ⁴	3.2	121.4	311.3	18.4	18.0	27.7	6.9	4.0	601.9
Portugal ³	5.9	95.9	207.5	37.4	18.5	20.7	7.0	1.8	504.4
Romania ³	6.3	100.1	467.8	44.2	36.6	31.4	6.0	3.6	732.4
Russia	6.8	108.3	445.6	27.1	20.5	69.1	9.1	10.1	767.3
Switzerland	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Slovakia ⁵	2.0	117.0	349.7	43.4	21.1	29.4	6.4	4.1	613.3
Slovenia	2.2	125.0	199.9	36.4	27.4	34.1	5.9	9.4	492.7
Spain ⁵	5.2	91.5	146.3	26.2	18.8	16.2	6.0	2.8	378.9
United Kingdom	3.5	130.0	168.6	66.4	19.4	14.7	2.9	2.8	458.6
Sweden ⁴	3.3	108.1	158.6	27.2	11.9	20.3	3.0	6.9	383.7
Czech Republic ³	1.3	136.5	300.8	17.4	18.6	29.4	2.4	5.0	541.6
Germany	3.9	116.0	192.7	19.7	20.6	18.9	4.8	5.8	430.1
Hungary ³	2.7	157.8	349.3	22.2	43.2	40.5	5.4	10.6	670.2
Austria ³	1.7	107.8	208.0	14.8	18.3	20.3	4.8	7.0	408.9
South Africa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Argentina ⁴	22.2	111.9	220.8	44.7	21.2	24.0	4.6	2.9	551.8
Brazil ⁵	23.4	87.6	236.2	72.5	24.5	31.3	11.2	2.3	643.0
Canada	3.8	118.1	131.4	31.6	14.1	21.1	5.8	4.6	391.2
Mexico	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
United States	8.1	121.1	172.2	42.4	16.3	26.9	10.0	4.0	462.8
Hong Kong	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Israel ⁴	8.6	120.8	155.4	27.7	14.3	19.5	5.1	2.5	439.1
India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Japan	6.0	87.1	96.4	32.9	10.9	22.1	4.3	8.5	295.1
China	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Saudi Arabia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Singapore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Korea, Rep. of	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Turkey	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Australia ⁵	3.3	111.1	156.6	26.1	12.1	19.5	6.1	4.7	391.7
New Zealand ⁴	3.5	139.0	172.8	48.1	12.7	23.8	8.2	5.9	462.1

¹ The numbers have been converted into standard mortality rates, i.e. frequency of death for a population with a given age distribution. Standard mortality rates are calculated by the WHO based on a European standard population. With regard to Denmark, calculations are based on the age distribution of the Danish population. ² 1994. ³ 1998. ⁴ 1996. ⁵ 1995.

Source: WHO: *World Health Statistics Annual, 1997-99, (online edition)*.

Table 504

Education in selected OECD countries 2001

	School expectancy (in years)				Population by highest level of education completed (25-64 years old)				
	Primary and lower- secondary school	Upper- secondary education	Higher education	Total	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	Total
	number of years				per cent				
OECD total¹	9.4	3.8	2.6	15.8	27	24	21	15	23
Belgium	9.3	6.1	2.8	18.2	38	29	24	18	28
Denmark	9.6	3.9	2.6	16.1	28	29	28	21	27
Finland	9.1	4.6	4.2	17.9	38	37	29	23	32
France	9.5	3.3	2.6	15.4	35	23	19	14	23
Greece	9.0	3.1	3.1	15.2	24	21	16	9	17
Netherlands	10.5	3.4	2.5	16.4	26	24	23	18	23
Ireland	10.8	2.9	2.5	16.2	48	37	29	21	36
Iceland	9.9	4.8	2.4	17.1	27	29	25	15	25
Italy	8.2	4.5	2.4	15.1	12	11	10	6	10
Luxembourg	9.1	3.7	...	...	23	17	16	13	18
Norway	9.9	4.1	3.1	17.1	38	31	28	21	31
Poland	8.0	4.4	2.9	15.3	15	11	11	10	12
Portugal	10.8	2.9	2.5	16.2	14	10	7	5	9
Switzerland	9.7	5.3	3.2	18.2	26	29	24	21	26
Spain	10.9	2.4	3.0	16.3	36	25	16	10	24
United Kingdom	8.9	7.4	2.6	18.9	30	27	26	19	26
Sweden	9.7	5.3	3.2	18.2	37	33	31	25	32
Czech Republic	9.1	3.8	1.6	14.5	11	13	11	9	11
Germany	10.1	3.5	2.1	15.7	22	26	25	20	23
Hungary	8.1	4.5	2.2	14.8	15	15	14	12	14
Austria	8.2	4.3	2.4	14.9	14	16	15	11	14
Canada	8.8	4.1	2.8	15.7	50	43	40	30	41
Mexico	9.5	1.4	1.1	12.0	18	17	12	7	15
United States	9.5	3.1	3.5	16.1	39	38	40	31	37
Japan	9.1	3.0	...	...	47	44	28	15	34
Korea. Rep. of	8.9	2.8	3.9	15.6	40	26	13	9	24
Turkey	8.0	2.1	1.2	11.3	10	8	9	6	9
Australia	11.9	4.9	3.1	19.9	34	29	29	21	29
New Zealand	10.1	4.4	3.2	17.7	29	31	32	24	29

¹ Average percentage for all OECD countries by highest level of education completed by population

Source: OECD. Education at a Glance. OECD indicators.

Table 505

Illiterate in selected countries 2000

	Men	Women	Total		Men	Women	Total
	per cent				per cent		
Albania	7.9	23.0	15.3	Guinea-Bissau	45.9	76.5	61.6
Bulgaria	1.0	2.1	1.6	Cameroun	20.9	36.3	28.7
Spain	1.5	3.2	2.4	Kap Verde	15.5	34.3	26.2
Italy	1.1	2.0	1.6	Kenya	11.1	24.0	17.6
Greece	1.5	4.1	2.8	Central African Republic	40.3	65.1	53.3
Croatia	0.7	2.7	1.7	Comoros	36.8	51.3	44.1
				Congo, Democratic			
Malta	8.7	7.3	8.0	Republic of the	26.9	49.8	38.6
Portugal	5.3	10.1	7.8	Liberia	29.8	63.2	46.5
Romania	1.0	2.7	1.9	Madagascar	26.4	40.3	33.5
				Malawi	25.5	53.5	39.9
Bangladesh	50.6	69.8	60.0	Mali	64.2	84.0	74.4
Philippines	4.9	5.2	5.1	Morocco	38.2	63.9	51.2
Indonesia	8.2	18.1	13.2	Mauritania	49.3	69.9	59.8
India	31.6	54.6	42.8	Mozambique	40.0	71.3	56.0
Iraq	45.1	76.7	60.7	Niger	76.2	91.5	84.0
Iran, Islamic Republic of	17.0	31.1	24.0	Nigeria	27.8	43.9	36.0
Yemen	32.5	74.7	53.6	Côte d'Ivoire	40.5	62.8	51.4
Cambodia	19.8	42.8	32.0	Rwanda	26.4	39.6	33.2
China	7.9	22.1	14.8	Zambia	14.8	28.5	21.8
Korea, Republic of	0.9	3.6	2.2	Senegal	52.7	72.3	62.6
Lao People's Democratic				Sudan	30.8	53.8	42.3
Republic	23.8	46.6	35.2	Tanzania	16.1	33.5	25.0
Malaysia	8.6	16.6	12.6	Togo	27.7	57.5	42.9
Myanmar	11.1	19.5	15.3	Chad	48.4	66.0	57.4
Nepal	40.6	76.0	58.3	Tunesia	18.6	39.4	29.0
Oman	19.9	38.4	28.3	Uganda	22.5	43.2	33.0
Pakistan	42.6	72.1	56.8	Zimbabwe	7.2	15.4	11.3
Saudi Arabia	17.0	33.1	23.8				
Sri Lanka	5.6	11.0	8.4	Guatemala	24.0	38.9	31.5
Syrian Arab Republic	11.7	39.6	25.6	Haiti	48.0	52.2	50.2
Thailand	2.9	6.1	4.5	Honduras	25.1	25.0	25.0
Turkey	6.6	23.5	15.0	Cuba	3.2	3.4	3.3
Viet Nam	5.5	9.3	7.5	Mexico	6.7	10.9	8.8
				Nicaragua	33.8	33.3	33.5
Algeria	23.7	43.0	33.3	Argentina	3.2	3.2	3.2
Benin	47.9	76.4	62.6	Brazil	13.0	13.2	13.1
Burkina Faso	66.1	85.9	76.1	Chile	4.1	4.4	4.2
Burundi	43.9	59.6	52.0	Ecuador	6.8	10.1	8.4
Djibouti	24.4	45.6	35.4	Colombia	8.4	8.4	8.4
Egypt	33.4	56.2	44.7	Peru	5.3	14.8	10.1
Eritrea	32.7	55.5	44.3	Venezuela	7.0	8.0	7.5
South Africa	14.0	15.4	14.8				
Etiopia	52.9	69.0	60.9	Papua New Guinea	29.4	43.2	36.1
Gambia	56.3	70.3	63.4				
Ghana	19.7	36.8	28.4				

Note: The number of illiterate adults expressed as a percentage of the total adult population aged 15 years and above. A person is considered illiterate if he/she can't read and write with understanding a simple statement related to his/her daily life.

Source: www.uis.unesco.org

Table 506

Newspaper, books, libraries and cinema

	Daily newspapers 2000			Books published 1999		Public libraries 1999			Cinema admissions 1999	
	Number	Circulation		Number of titles	Number of titles per 1 000 capita	Number of administrative units, total	Stock		Total	per capita
		Total	per 1 000 capita				Total	per capita		
	thousands					thousands			mio.	
Belgium	30 ¹	1 625	161	13 913 ¹	1.37	860 ⁴	30 531 ⁴	3.00	21.9	2.4
Bulgaria	52 ³	936	116	4 971	0.61	4 044	52 671	0.64	1.9	0.2
Denmark	33	1 507	283	14 455	2.71	245 ⁸	30 761 ⁸	5.75	10.9	2.1
Estonia	15 ¹	255	274	3 265	2.31	597	10 777	7.63	0.9	0.6
Finland	55	2 304	445	13 173	2.55	436	36 925	7.12	7.0	1.4
France	117 ¹	12 700	218	39 083	0.66	1 620 ⁴	89 766 ⁴	1.53	155.4	2.6
Greece	160 ⁷	1 600	153	4 067 ⁴	0.38	672 ⁴	9 088 ⁴	0.87	13.0	2.0
Netherlands	38 ¹	4 753	305	34 067 ⁵	2.20	579 ⁴	41 489 ⁴	2.68	18.6	1.2
Ireland	6 ¹	543	149	...	...	32 ²	10 838 ²	2.89	12.4	3.3
Iceland	3 ³	93	336	1 796 ²	6.44	149	2 081	7.46	1.5	5.5
Italy	78 ¹	5 960	104	32 365	0.56	84 ⁴	41 474 ⁴	0.72	104.9	1.8
Latvia	26	327	135	2 178	0.90	1 000 ²	15 344 ²	6.31	1.3	0.6
Lithuania	22	108	29	4 097	1.11	61	22 666	6.13	1.8	0.5
Luxembourg	5 ¹	135	328	681 ⁶	1.61	2 ⁴	528 ⁴	1.25	1.3	3.0
Norway	81	2 545	569	4 985	1.12	435	20 788	4.66	11.4	2.6
Poland	42	3 928	102	19 192	0.50	9 046	135 379	3.50	27.5	0.7
Portugal	31 ⁴	316	32	2 186 ²	0.22	304	8 965	0.90	15.2	1.5
Romania	69 ⁶	6 809	298	7 874	0.35	2 919	48 895	2.18	4.2	0.2
Russian Federation	285 ¹	15 517	105	36 237 ¹	0.25	48 560	716 337	4.92	19.1	0.1
Switzerland	81 ³	2 676	373	18 273	2.56	44 ⁴	27 970 ⁴	3.96	15.4	2.2
Slovakia	16	705	131	3 153	0.58	2 696	18 819	3.49	3.0	0.6
Slovenia	5	335	169	3 450	1.73	60	6 797	3.42	2.0	1.0
Spain	87	4 003	100	59 174	1.50	4 519 ²	38 203 ²	0.97	131.3	3.3
United Kingdom	99 ¹	19 332	331	110 965 ²	1.89	208	121 752	2.07	139.5	2.4
Sweden	90	3 627	410	12 547 ²	1.42	289	44 102	4.98	15.8	1.8
Czech Republic	21 ¹	2 620	254	12 551	1.22	6 076	53 985	5.25	8.4	0.8
Germany	397 ²	25 000	305	78 042 ²	0.95	10 261 ²	113 257 ²	1.38	149.0	1.8
Hungary	33 ²	4 688	465	10 352	0.94	2 586	46 356	4.60	13.4	1.3
Austria	17 ¹	2 382	296	8 056 ¹	0.99	973 ²	9 342 ²	1.14	15.0	1.9
South Africa	17 ¹	1 288	34	5 418 ⁷	0.13	670 ⁵	...	...	...	...
Argentina	181 ¹	4 320	123	11 991 ²	0.33	1 545 ⁷	13 496 ⁷	0.41	32.5 ²	0.9
Brazil	372 ²	7 163	43	21 689 ²	0.13	2 739 ⁷	...	...	80.0 ⁸	0.5
Canada	107 ¹	4 718	158	22 941	0.75	2 739	75 033	2.46	112.8 ²	3.7
Mexico	311	9 251	94	6 952 ²	0.07	5 313	27 112	0.28	120.0	1.2
United States	1 520 ¹	56 990	212	68 175 ¹	0.25	...	...	...	1 421.0 ⁸	5.0
Hong Kong	52 ¹	5 000	786	...	...	...	...	...	28.0 ⁷	4.5
Israel	34 ¹	1 650	288	1 969 ²	0.32	...	...	...	10.0 ⁶	1.9
India	5 221 ²	59 023	60	14 085 ²	0.01	...	...	...	2 860.0 ²	2.9
Japan	122 ¹	72 705	578	56 221 ¹	0.45	2 585	...	...	145.0	1.1
China	44 ¹	48 000	42	100 951 ⁶	0.09	2 600 ¹	336 858 ¹	0.27	140 ¹	0.1
Saudi Arabia	13 ¹	1 105	59	3 780 ⁴	0.19	80	1 883	0.04	...	...
Singapore	8 ¹	1 095	324	...	...	...	...	...	17.0 ⁴	5.0
Korea, Rep. of	62 ¹	17 700	394	30 487 ¹	0.68	304 ¹	13 020 ¹	0.29	54.7	1.2
Turkey	542	...	...	2 920	0.05	1 292	12 488	0.19	31.5 ²	0.5
Australia	65 ¹	5 370	297	10 835 ⁶	0.61	497 ⁶	27 000 ⁶	1.51	80.0 ²	4.3
New Zealand	28	1 369	362	5 405	1.42	...	...	...	16.8	4.5

¹ 1996. ² 1998. ³ 1999. ⁴ 1997. ⁵ 1993. ⁶ 1994. ⁷ 1995. ⁸ 2000.

Source: UNESCO

Table 507

Employment 2002

	Labour force	Employed persons	Employed men	Employed women
	thousand persons			
OECD countries	533 182	502 007	288 051	213 953
EU countries	175 238	163 027	92 998	70 027
Nordic countries	12 357	11 795	6 188	5 607
Austria	3 965	3 836	2 139	1 697
Belgium	4 379	4 070	2 339	1 731
Bulgaria	3 357	2 801	1 469	1 331
Czech Republic	5 082	4 765	2 700	2 065
Denmark	2 832	2 715	1 449	1 266
Estonia	632	586	298	288
Finland	2 613	2 393	1 249	1 144
France	26 523	23 942	13 103	10 839
Germany	39 597	36 536	20 336	16 200
Greece ¹	4 258	3 815	2 360	1 455
Hungary	4 102	3 871	2 113	1 758
Iceland ⁴	155	157	83	74
Ireland ¹	1 749	1 717	1 014	703
Italy ⁴	23 307	21 922	13 685	8 236
Latvia	1 095	989	505	484
Lithuania	1 608	1 406	708	698
Luxembourg ¹	188	185	111	74
Netherlands ¹	8 171	7 865	4 460	3 405
Norway	2 336	2 286	1 210	1 076
Poland	16 875	13 782	7 529	6 253
Portugal	5 064	5 115	2 805	2 310
Romania ⁴	11 447	9 234	5 032	4 203
Russian Federation ³	69 731	60 408	31 524	28 884
Slovakia	2 617	2 127	1 157	970
Slovenia	959	922	500	423
Spain	18 237	16 258	10 147	6 111
Sweden	4 421	4 244	2 197	2 047
Switzerland	3 980	3 959	2 169	1 790
United Kingdom	29 934	28 415	15 605	12 810
South Africa	...	...	...	...
Argentina ⁴	9 710	8 016	4 654	3 363
Brazil ¹	83 243	75 458	44 748	30 711
Canada	16 690	15 412	8 262	7 150
Mexico	41 086	40 302	26 383	13 919
United States ⁴	141 815	136 485	72 903	63 582
China ¹	737 060	737 400	...	...
Hong Kong	3 488	3 232	1 799	1 433
India ¹	...	27 789	22 840	4 949
Israel	2 547	2 284	1 238	1 046
Japan ⁴	67 520	63 300	37 360	25 940
Korea, Republic of ²	21 951	21 061	12 353	8 707
Saudi Arabia	...	...	...	...
Singapore	2 129	2 017	1 137	880
Turkey	22 019	20 286	14 614	5 671
Australia	9 791	9 311	5 192	4 120
New Zealand ⁴	1 926	1 877	1 025	852

Note. Figures for EU countries cover 15-64 year-olds, while the age limit for other countries in the rule is 15+. Furthermore, employment is calculated differently in individual countries, according to whether enterprise surveys are used or official estimates, or interview-based surveys. Most countries (including the EU countries) use harmonized interview-based surveys, however. Therefore as employment is calculated differently in different countries, care should be taken in comparing countries. The different methods of calculation can also mean that the labour force for an individual country can vary from the sum of the countries employed and unemployed persons.

¹ 2001. ² 2000. ³ 1999. ⁴ Labour force are 2001 and employed persons are 2002.

Source: ILO, *Yearbook of Labour Statistics 2003*. Eurostat, *New Cronos database*.

Table 508

Unemployment 2002

	Unemployed persons	Unemployment rates	Unemployed men	Unemployed women
	thousand persons	per cent	thousand persons	
OECD countries	35 521	6,2	19 624	15 942
EU countries	13 596	7,5	6 933	6 709
Nordic countries	646	5,2	345	301
Austria	116	4,0	92	69
Belgium	332	7,5	168	164
Bulgaria	599	17,6	329	270
Czech Republic	374	7,3	169	205
Denmark	134	4,7	66	68
Estonia	48	5,9	...	...
Finland	237	9,1	123	114
France	2 341	8,9	1 123	1 219
Germany	3 486	8,7	1 982	1 504
Greece ¹	445	10,2	175	270
Hungary	239	5,8	138	101
Iceland	5	3,3	3	2
Ireland ¹	65	3,7	40	26
Italy	2 163	9,0	1 016	1 147
Latvia	135	12,0	75	60
Lithuania	224	13,8	121	103
Luxembourg	6	3,0	3	3
Netherlands ¹	220	2,7	101	119
Norway	94	3,9	52	41
Poland	3 431	19,9	1 779	1 652
Portugal	272	5,1	122	150
Romania	845	8,4	494	351
Russian Federation ²	9 323	13,4	4 966	4 357
Slovakia	487	18,5	264	223
Slovenia	58	5,9	30	28
Spain	2 083	11,4	888	1 195
Sweden	176	4,0	101	76
Switzerland	120	2,9	63	57
United Kingdom	1 519	5,1	934	586
South Africa ³	310	5,4	208	102
Argentina	1 956	19,6	1 175	781
Brazil ¹	7 785	9,4	3 643	4 142
Canada	1 278	7,7	728	550
Mexico	784	1,9	505	279
United States	8 378	5,8	4 597	3 781
China	7 700	4,0	...	...
Hong Kong	256	7,3	165	91
India	41 171	...	30 521	10 650
Israel	262	10,3	138	124
Japan	3 590	5,4	2 190	1 400
Korea, Republic of	...	...	...	...
Saudi Arabia	...	...	...	...
Singapore	111	5,2	65	46
Turkey	2 412	10,6	1 787	625
Australia	631	6,3	362	269
New Zealand	102	5,2	55	48

Note. Unemployment is calculated differently in individual countries, according to whether enterprise surveys are used or official estimates, or interview-based surveys. Most countries (including the EU countries) use harmonized interview-based surveys, however. Therefore as employment is calculated differently in different countries, care should be taken in comparing countries. The different methods of calculation can also mean that the labour force for an individual country can vary from the sum of the countries employed and unemployed persons.

¹ 2001. ² 1999. ³ 1997.

Source: ILO, *Yearbook of Labour Statistics 2003*. Eurostat, *New Cronos database*.

Table 509

Consumer prices

	Growth in consumer prices, in per cent	
	2001	2002
Austria	2.7	1.8
Belgium	2.5	1.6
Bulgaria	7.4	5.8
Czech Republic	4.7	1.8
Denmark	2.4	2.4
Estonia	5.7	3.6
Finland	2.6	1.7
France	1.6	1.9
Germany	2.5	1.3
Greece	3.4	3.6
Hungary	9.1	5.3
Iceland	6.4	5.2
Ireland	4.9	4.7
Italy	2.8	2.5
Latvia	2.5	2.0
Lithuania	1.2	0.3
Luxembourg	2.7	2.1
Netherlands	4.5	3.5
Norway	3.0	1.3
Poland	5.5	1.9
Portugal	4.4	3.5
Romania	34.5	22.5
Russian Federation	21.5	15.8
Slovakia	7.3	3.3
Slovenia	8.4	7.5
Spain	3.6	3.1
Sweden	2.4	2.2
Switzerland	1.0	0.6
United Kingdom	1.8	1.6
South Africa	5.7	9.2
Argentina	-1.1	25.9
Brazil	6.9	8.4
Canada	2.5	2.2
Mexico	6.4	5.0
United States	2.8	1.6
China	0.3	-0.8
Hong Kong	-1.6	-3.0
India	3.7	4.4
Israel	1.1	5.6
Japan	-0.7	-0.9
Korea, Rep. of	4.1	2.8
Saudi Arabia	-0.5	-0.5
Singapore	1.0	-0.4
Turkey	54.4	45.0
Australia	4.4	3.0
New Zealand	2.6	2.7

Source: IMF. International Financial Statistics. Homepages from various national offices of statistics.

Table 510

Comparison of GDP per capita and price level 2002*

	GDP per capita converted with exchange rate	GDP per capita converted with purchasing power parity	Price level for the final consumption by households	Price level for food and non-alcoholic beverages
	EU-15 = 100			
EU-15	100	100	100	100
Belgium,	105	107	99	100
Denmark	142	112	131	130
Germany	106	100	104	100
Greece	54	71	80	84
Spain	71	86	82	83
France	103	105	100	108
Ireland	138	125	118	114
Italy	90	98	95	99
Luxembourg	209	189	100	107
Holland	114	111	102	97
Austria	113	111	102	101
Portugal	52	71	74	84
Finland	112	102	123	114
Sweden	119	105	117	115
United Kingdom	116	107	108	106
Iceland	131	109	131	155
Norway	186	136	145	160
Switzerland	165	117	144	153
EU-25 ¹	88	91	96	95
ACC ²	25	47	56	60
Bulgaria	9	26	40	54
Cyprus	63	77	83	97
Czech Republic	32	62	53	57
Estonia	21	40	56	71
Hungary	28	53	55	65
Lithuania	18	39	51	60
Latvia	16	35	50	66
Malta	46	69	72	81
Poland	22	42	57	57
Romania	9	27	39	52
Slovenia	49	69	73	86
Slovak Republic	20	47	44	53
Turkey	11	25	49	63
USA	160	137	113	
Japan	138	101	152	
Canada	103	118		
Australia	89	106		

Note. The figures are provisional. Final figures are available in December 2004. Figures are calculated at current prices and current purchasing power parities.

¹ EU-25 comprises the 25 EU Member States from 1 May 2004. ² ACC comprises the countries joining the EU from May 2004: Czech Republic, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, Slovak Republic, Slovenia and Cyprus.

Source: Eurostat: New Cronos database.

Table 511 (continued)

Output of selected world commodities by the ten largest producer countries

	2002	2003		2001	2002
	thousand tons			thousand tons	
Wheat					
World production	572 666	557 308	Corn	614 234	602 027
China	90 290	86 100	United States	241 485	228 696
India	71 814	69 320	China	114 254	124 166
United States	44 062	63 590 ¹	Brasil	41 439	35 479
Russian Federation	50 609	34 030	Mexico	20 134	19 000 ¹
France	38 934	30 705	France	16 476	16 000
Ukraine	20 556	...	Argentina	15 365	14 700
Germany	20 817	19 296	India	13 510	12 000 ¹
Turkey	19 500	19 000	Italy	10 513	11 600 ¹
Pakistan	18 227	19 210	Indonesia	9 165	9 277
United Kingdom	16 053	14 288	South Africa	8 040 ¹	9 123 ¹
Denmark	4 059	4 699	Denmark	...	...
Rye					
World production	20 919	16 157	Rice	595 267	579 476
Russian Federation	7 139	4 155 ¹	China	179 304	177 589
Poland	3 831	3 225 ¹	India	136 581	123 000 ²
Germany	3 666	2 276	Indonesia	50 096	48 654
Ukraine	1 511	1 671 ¹	Bangladesh	38 500 ¹	39 000 ¹
Belarus	1 511 ¹	1 387 ¹	Viet Nam	31 970	31 319 ¹
Armenia	636	600	Thailand	26 954	27 000 ¹
Tajikistan	100	600	Burma	20 600 ¹	21 200 ²
South Africa	700	550	Phillippines	12 955	12 685
China	580 ²	510 ²	Japan	11 320	11 264 ¹
Denmark	230	175 ¹	Brasil	10 195	10 489
Barley					
World production	135 661	139 735	Rubber	6 828	6 767
Russian Federation	18 739	17 946 ¹	Thailand	2 357 ¹	2 357 ²
Canada	7 489	12 327	Indonesia	1 650 ²	1 600 ²
Germany	10 928	10 666	India	630	630 ²
France	10 988	9 967	Malaysia	547	535 ²
Ukraine	10 364	6 800 ¹	China	490 ²	490 ²
Spain	8 333	8 698	Viet Nam	301	301 ²
Turkey	8 300	8 000 ¹	Liberia	135 ²	135 ²
United Kingdom	6 192	6 620	Nigeria	115 ²	115 ²
United States	4 933	6 011	Côte d'Ivoire	108 ²	108 ²
Denmark	4 068	4 136 ¹	Sri Lanka	86	87 ²
Oats					
World production	25 451	26 182	Denmark	...	...
Russian Federation	5 700	5 177 ¹			
Canada	2 911	3 691			
United States	1 722	2 100			
Finland	1 508	1 350			
Poland	1 487	1 188 ¹			
Australia	725	1 434			
Sweden	1 181	990 ¹			
Ukraine	943	1 043 ¹			
Germany	1 016	1 188			
Spain	916	873			
Denmark	276	205 ¹			

Note. Some important producer countries may have been omitted due to incomplete data.

¹ Unofficial figures. ² FAO estimate.

Source: www.fao.org/waicent/portal/statistics_en.asp. UN, Unctad Commodity Yearbook 1995. FAO, Production Yearbook 1997. FAO, Forest products 2000. International Road Federation, World Road Statistics 1993-1997. Institute of Shipping Economics and Logistics, *Yearbook 2001*. International Rubber Study Group, September 2002, *Rubber Statistical Bulletin*.

Table 511 (continued)

Output of selected world commodities by the ten largest producer countries

	2002	2003		2002	2003
	thousand tons			thousand tons	
Potatoes			Mutton and lamb		
World production	311 360	311 416	World production	7 728	7 734
China	66 573 ¹	66 813 ¹	China	1 680	1 695 ²
Russian Federation	32 871	35 900	Korea, Dem People's Rep	975	990
India	24 082	24 000 ²	Slovenia	930	930
United States	20 856	20 822	Lithuania	800	900
Ukraine	16 620	17 606	Rwanda	780	780
Poland	15 524	13 493 ²	Haiti	770	775
Germany	11 492	10 170	Falkland Is (Malvinas)	774	774 ²
Belarus	7 421	8 500 ²	Mozambique	768	768 ¹
Netherlands	7 363	6 399 ¹	Guinea-Bissau	720	725 ¹
France	6 877	6 400 ¹	Gabon	690	690 ²
Denmark	1 504	1 530 ²	Denmark	2	2
Raw sugar			Chicken		
World production	145 306	147 934	World production	64 006	65 157
Brasil	23 810 ¹	24 780 ¹	United States	14 872	15 003
India	20 475	22 100	China	9 377 ¹	9 771 ²
China	11 754 ¹	11 117 ¹	Brasil	7 040	7 180 ¹
United States	7 608	7 994 ²	Mexico	2 076	2 135
Thailand	5 947	7 286	India	1 260	1 440
Australia	4 987	5 371	Thailand	1 320 ¹	1 320 ¹
Mexico	4 872 ¹	4 928 ¹	United Kingdom	1 255	1 250 ²
France	5 139 ¹	4 350 ¹	Japan	1 229	1 218 ¹
Germany	4 380 ¹	4 158 ¹	France	1 148	1 130 ²
Pakistan	3 507	4 004 ¹	Spain	1 020 ¹	1 020
Denmark	566	584 ¹	Denmark	199	205 ²
Beef and veal			Cheese		
World production	58 135	58 742	World production	17 198	16 985
United States	12 427	12 226	United States	4 239 ²	4 221 ²
Brasil	7 136	7 385 ¹	France	1 783	1 773
China	5 480 ¹	5 619 ¹	Germany	1 672	1 672 ²
Argentina	2 700 ¹	2 800 ¹	Italy	1 134	1 099
Australia	2 028	2 073	Zambia	771	771 ²
Russian Federation	1 957	2 075 ¹	Netherlands	642 ²	642 ²
France	1 640	1 650	Poland	520	520
India	1 462 ²	1 490 ²	Oman	514	514 ²
Mexico	1 451	1 452	Russian Federation	433	435 ²
Germany	1 316	1 320	Egypt	498	198
Denmark	153	154 ¹	Denmark	320	320 ²
Pig meat			Butter		
World production	94 178	95 779	World production	7 926	7 998
China	44 366	45 567 ¹	India	2 400 ¹	2 500 ¹
United States	8 930	8 931	Botswana	998 ²	998 ²
Germany	4 123	4 123	Luxembourg	864 ²	864 ²
Spain	3 152	3 200	Turkmenistan	800	850
France	2 346	2 350	Mauritania	811	811 ²
Brasil	2 100	2 145 ²	Albania	762	762
Poland	2 023	2 050 ²	Eritrea	702	702 ¹
Canada	1 854	1 910 ²	Bolivia	600	600 ²
Denmark	1 759	1 760 ¹	Mongolia	600	600 ¹
Viet Nam	1 654	1 795 ¹	Sri Lanka	600	600
			Denmark	49	49 ²

¹ Unofficial figures. ² FAO estimate.

Table 511 (continued)

Output of selected world commodities by the ten largest producer countries

	2002	2003		2002	2003
	thousand tons			thousand tons	
Sugar beet			Wine		
World production	255 628	238 281	World production	26 943	26 889
France	33 450	29 316	France	5 201	4 732
Germany	26 794	26 794 ²	Italy	4 430	4 681 ²
United States	25 145	27 764	Spain	3 641	3 951
Ukraine	14 453	13 340	United States	2 540 ²	2 350 ²
Turkey	16 396	13 355 ¹	Australia	1 220 ²	1 255 ²
Russian Federation	15 665	17 500 ¹	Argentina	1 215 ¹	1 215 ²
Poland	13 434	10 900 ¹	China	1 080 ²	1 080 ²
China	12 820	13 000	Germany	1 018	1 016
Italy	12 726	8 300 ²	South Africa	761	761
United Kingdom	9 435	8 851	Portugal	779 ¹	680 ²
Denmark	3 385	3 150 ²	Denmark	...	...
Cow milk, fresh			Beer		
World production	506 467	507 384	World production	134 140	136 389
United States	77 248	78 155 ²	China	24 341 ²	26 300 ²
India	35 300 ¹	36 500 ²	United States	23 512 ²	23 400 ²
Russian Federation	33 100 ¹	32 800 ¹	Germany	10 090 ²	10 090 ²
Germany	28 012	28 012	Brasil	6 900 ²	6 900 ²
France	25 197	24 800 ¹	Russian Federation	7 002	7 200 ²
Brasil	22 635 ¹	23 315 ¹	Mexico	6 050 ²	6 200 ²
United Kingdom	14 899	15 054	United Kingdom	5 500 ²	5 500 ²
New Zealand	14 078	14 200	Japan	4 366	4 366
Ukraine	14 142	13 600 ¹	Poland	2 688	2 700 ¹
China	13 356	13 333 ²	Spain	2 550	2 500 ²
Denmark	4 590	4 590 ²	Denmark	815 ²	815 ²
Tea			Newsprint		
World production	3 141	3 203	World production	39 431	38 665
Ecuador	815	983	Canada	9 221	8 376
India	847 ¹	885 ²	United States	6 668	5 771
China	763	770 ²	Japan	3 419	3 464
Zambia	650	650	Sweden	2 542	2 463
Madagascar	600	600	Germany	1 806	2 046
Guatemala	440	440	China	1 529 ¹	2 029 ¹
Réunion	370	370	Russian Federation	1 694	1 732
Sri Lanka	310	310	Korea, Republic of	1 770	1 585
Kenya	287	290	Finland	1 394	1 296
Seychelles	231	231	United Kingdom	1 100	1 090
Denmark	...	...	Denmark	...	...
Coffee			Fish, frozen		
World production	7 667	7 176	World production	16 088	16 140
Brasil	2 494	1 191	China	4 035	4 432
Colombia	697	702	Japan	2 641	2 281
Viet Nam	689	674 ¹	Russia	1 521	1 675
Indonesia	623 ¹	623 ¹	Norway	1 124	1 097
Mozambique	600	600	South Korea	982	978
Dominica	370	380	USA	1 211	1 308
India	317 ¹	317 ¹	Thailand	507	503
Mexico	313	311	Spain	313	306
Cambodia	300	300	United Kingdom	229	306
Trinidad and Tobago	243	243	Argentina	233	236
Denmark	...	...	Denmark	62	76

¹ Unofficial figures. ² FAO estimate.

Table 511 (continued) **Output of selected world commodities by the ten largest producer countries**

	2000	2001		2000	2001
	thousand carats			thousand tons	
Diamonds			Cotton		
World production	64 220	70 117	World production	16 650	17 415
Botswana	19 368	20 100	China	6 570	7 607
Russian Federation	11 600	11 600	Pakistan	1 669	1 721
Australia	12 014	10 700	United States	1 895	1 617
Dem. rep. of Congo	3 500	9 100	Turkey	542	557
Angola	5 400	4 653	Brasil	509	481
South Africa	4 300	4 470	Korea, Republic of	294	304
Canada	2 435	3 716	Russian Federation	272	296
Namibia	1 520	1 490	Italy	254	249
Ghana	878	1 092	Japan	159	140
Brazil	1 000	1 000	Egypt	164	...
Denmark	...	...	Denmark ²	2	1
	thousand tons			thousands	
Petrol			Watches		
World production	825 013	839 362	World production	827 980	740 315
United States	339 281	344 908	Japan	554 130	515 302
Japan	39 389	40 709	Kina	214 307	184 316
China	35 060	35 010	Hong-Kong	28 729	16 774
United Kingdom	28 260	29 392	Indien	8 704	9 179
Canada	28 353	28 578	Sydkorea	7 112	6 152
Germany	25 354	26 222	Indonesia	2 667	2 852
Russian Federation	27 178	25 923	Tyskland	1 617	1 323
Italy	21 384	21 239	Spanien	...	46
France	18 894	19 717	Poland	77	41
Venezuela	17 476	19 438	Ukraine	1	22
Denmark	2 343	2 176	Danmark	7 ⁵	3 ⁵
	thousands			millions	
Cement			Televisions		
World production	1 717 443	1 797 198	World production⁷	92 743	92 046
China	597 000	661 040	China	39 360	40 937
India	99 227	106 491	Korea, Republic of	10 054	9 321
United States	87 846	88 900	Turkey	8 789	8 025
Japan	81 097	76 550	Poland	6 287	7 502
Korea, Republic of	51 417	53 062	Brasil	6 078	5 463
Brasil	39 559	38 735	Japan	2 383	1 659
Germany	38 088	38 689	Italy	1 350	1 208
Italy	38 302	36 965	Argentina	1 556	...
Turkey	36 238	30 124	Russian Federation	1 094	1 002
Thailand	25 499	27 913	Slovakia	431	594
Denmark	2 639	2 678	Denmark	95 ⁵	89 ⁵
	thousands			millions	
Passenger cars			Cigarettes		
World production	33 838	35 017	World production	5 472 402	5 555 583
Japan	8 056	8 100	United States	679 700 ⁷	611 929 ⁸
United States	6 614 ¹	...	Russian Federation	333 953	355 632
Spain	2 468 ^{2,3}	2 473	Brasil	169 000 ⁶	...
Korea, Republic of	1 577 ³	2 158	Korea, Republic of	94 531	94 116
United Kingdom	1 709	...	Poland	83 800	81 697
Italy	1 379 ⁴	1 384	Turkey	76 613	77 160
Mexico	947	988	India	75 085	60 577
Russian Federation	840	954	Spain	74 799	...
Poland	592	647	Mexico	56 383	56 057
India	393 ⁴	577	Ukraine	58 774	69 731
Denmark	...	...	Denmark ⁴	12 392	11 749

¹ 1994. ² Sales. ³ Incl. assembly. ⁴ Excl. output for the Armed Forces. ⁵ Sales. ⁶ 1992. ⁷ 1998. ⁸ 1999.

Table 512

Transport by road and rail

	Road transport 1999				Rail transport 1999				
	Road network length	Road network length per thousand km ²	Goods motor vehicles	Transport performance	Rail network length	Rail network length per thousand km ²	Locomotives	Passenger kilometres	Ton-kilometres
	km		thousands	mio. tonkm	km		number	mio.	
OECD countries	14 609 160	3 569	139 110	...	...	...	...	...	...
EU countries	3 672 080	2 291	20 063	1 112 071	152 041	835	...	290 873	231 688
Nordic countries	392 698	261	1 366	...	...	...	...	...	...
Belgium	147 121	482	487	17 487 ¹	3 472	114	939	7 354	7 392
Bulgaria	37 612	34	230	168	4 290	39	714	3 819	5 297
Denmark	71 591	166	298	11 087	2 324	54	208 ¹	5 113	1 938
Estonia	49 480	109	81	3 929	968	21	119	236 ¹	7 020
Finland	77 900	23	294	26 500	5 836	17	639	3 415	9 753
France	984 348	178	5 530	245 400 ¹	31 735	58	5 006	66 298	53 438
Greece	117 000	89	1 024	13 909	2 299	17	356 ¹	1 552 ¹	310 ¹
Netherlands	116 500	281	684	32 700	2 808	68	330 ¹	14 879 ¹	3 778 ¹
Ireland	92 500	132	189	5 900 ¹	1 919	27	110	1 458	466 ¹
Iceland	12 682	12	18	...	...	...	...	...	...
Italy	479 688	159	3 639	219 800 ¹	16 108	53	3 195	40 971	21 549
Latvia	57 961	90	90	4 161	2 413	37	270	984	12 210
Lithuania	73 650	113	87	7 740	1 905	29	286	745	7 849
Luxembourg	5 179	200	18	400 ¹	274	106	79 ¹	300 ¹	625 ¹
Norway	91 469	28	403	12 796	4 179	13	185	2 674	2 456
Poland	371 729	119	1 683	70 452	22 891	73	4 148	21 518	55 076
Portugal	68 732	75	1 080 ¹	14 200 ¹	2 814	31	249	4 380	2 179
Romania	73 435	31	410	13 456	10 981	46	3 362	12 304	14 679
Russian Federation	525 210	3	4 388	130	86 031	5	10 483 ¹	141 042	1 204 547
Switzerland	71 115	172	274	20 487	2 902	70	1 380 ¹	12 485 ¹	8 738 ¹
Slovakia	17 734	36	158	8 474	3 665	75	1 248	2 968	9 859
Slovenia	38 260	189	71	3 440	1 206	59	187	623	2 571
Spain	663 795	131	3 393 ¹	98 145	12 319	24	928	18 143	11 465
United Kingdom	139 056	31	354	32 761	9 884	22	607	7 434	14 399
Sweden	127 732	162	268	36 964	9 444	120	2 851	6 957	16 713
Czech Republic	230 735	65	2 466	226 982	37 525	105	7 449	72 822	70 948
Germany	371 913	153	290	150 700	16 984	70	...	38 757	18 409
Hungary	188 203	202	324	13	7 652	82	1 161	9 514	7 728
Austria	106 022	126	319	16 100 ¹	5 740	68	1 181	7 997	15 039
South Africa	362 099	30	1 905	...	...	...	...	...	...
Argentina	215 471	8	1 453 ¹	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brazil	1 726 854	20	4 971	...	...	...	...	...	...
Canada	901 903	9	3 626 ¹	76 694 ¹	73 360 ¹	7 ¹	3 180 ¹	1 458 ¹	299 508 ¹
Mexico	329 532	17	4 640	197 958	...	...	...	...	...
United States	6 304 193	67	81 614	1 534 430 ²	159 983	17	20 256	8 576	2 092 957
Hong Kong	1 831	168	116	...	...	...	...	...	...
Israel	16 121	77	292	...	663	31	53	529	1 128
India	3 319 644	105	2 529 ¹	958	...	...	...	...	...
Japan	1 161 894	308	20 326	307 149	...	...	...	...	...
China	1 351 691	14	6 770	582 430	...	...	...	...	...
Saudi Arabia	151 470	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Singapore	3 066	473	129 754	...	...	...	...	...	...
Korea, Rep. of	86 990	88	2 314	74 504 ²	...	...	...	...	...
Turkey	385 960	50	1 072	150 974	8 682	11	704 ¹	6 160 ¹	8 376 ¹
Australia	811 603	11	2 113	...	...	...	...	...	...
New Zealand	92 075	34	371	...	...	...	...	...	...

¹ 1998. ² 1997.

Source: International Road Federation: World Road Statistics 2003. UN: Annual Bulletin of Transport Statistics for Europe and North America 2001.

Table 513

Stock of ships 2002

	Stock of ships					
	Total stock of ships			Total stock of ships		
	Of which:		Of which:		Of which:	
	Tankers	Container ships	Tankers	Container ships	Tankers	Container ships
	number		thousand GT			
Whole world	89 010	11 127	2 918	585 583	196 118	72 873
OECD countries	34 572	3 876	711	149 740	53 601	21 686
EU countries	11 973	1 372	518	83 435	29 038	16 830
Nordic countries	4 358	562	81	34 508	14 477	3 957
Belgium	188	6	-	187	5	-
Bulgaria	165	15	5	889	122	56
Denmark ¹	887	97	75	7 403	2 123	3 885
Estonia	181	8	-	357	9	-
Finland	283	17	1	1 545	315	10
France	707	27	-	1 541	562	-
Greece	1 548	421	42	28 783	15 419	1 740
Netherlands	1 316	69	48	5 664	510	1 393
Ireland	220	-	1	280	-	5
Iceland	318	2	-	187	1	-
Italy	1 486	271	29	9 596	2 689	961
Latvia	158	6	-	89	4	-
Lithuania	184	5	-	435	7	-
Luxembourg	73	39	8	1 494	1 132	90
Norway	2 299	361	5	22 195	11 636	62
Poland	383	11	-	586	9	-
Portugal	449	39	5	1 100	507	26
Romania	237	12	-	622	65	-
Russian Federation	4 943	384	21	10 380	1 593	259
Switzerland	24	1	1	559	4	28
Slovakia	1	-	-	7	-	-
Slovenia	11	-	-	2	-	-
Spain	1 568	41	17	2 371	789	123
United Kingdom	1 814	223	98	13 718	4 387	3 247
Sweden	571	85	-	3 178	404	-
Czech Republic	-	-	-	-	-	-
Germany	857	37	194	6 546	196	5 349
Hungary	1	-	-	4	-	-
Austria	6	-	-	30	-	-
Liberia	1 535	548	340	50 400	24 316	9 658
South Africa	196	3	1	144	3	27
Argentina	481	9	-	423	51	-
Bahamas	1 348	251	83	35 798	15 868	2 292
Brazil	476	70	7	3 449	1 519	160
Canada	902	28	2	2 798	445	15
Mexico	658	42	-	937	571	-
Panama	6 247	1 282	546	124 729	36 479	16 266
United States	6 080	89	85	10 371	2 675	3 197
Hong Kong	766	116	79	16 164	2 767	2 286
Israel	50	4	18	765	1	753
India	1 010	123	8	6 142	2 996	116
Japan	7 458	1 424	21	13 918	6 121	594
China	3 326	578	124	17 316	2 783	1 757
Saudi Arabia	280	41	4	1 472	809	149
Singapore	1 768	518	175	21 148	9 820	3 782
Korea, Rep. of	2 532	358	46	7 050	1 203	665
Turkey	1 147	172	32	5 659	856	289
Australia	624	13	1	1 861	994	7
New Zealand	173	3	-	180	50	-

Note. Only merchant ships over 100 GT are included. ¹ Incl. Greenland.

Source: Lloyd's Register. World Fleet Statistics 2002.

Table 514

Exports by commodity group 2002

SITC –section/ division	All food items	Agricultural raw materials	Fuels	Ores (minerals) and metals	Manufact- ured goods	Of which				Total value
						Chemical products	Other manufac- tured goods	Machinery and transport equipment	Miscel- laneous goods, n.e.s.	
	0 + 1 + 22 + 4	2 ÷ (22 + 27 + 28)	3	27 + 28 + 68	5 - 8 (÷ 68)	5	6 + 8 (÷ 68)	7	9	
	per cent									USD mio.
Belgium ¹	9,1	1,3	4,1	2,6	78,6	19,0	29,0	30,7	4,3	190 309
Bulgaria ²	9,8	2,7	11,7	12,7	56,8	10,0	37,2	9,6	6,4	4 822
Denmark	19,5	2,6	6,4	1,1	66,1	11,9	25,1	29,2	4,3	55 676
Estonia	11,8	8,7	5,3	2,1	72,1	5,5	39,1	27,5	0,0	4 336
Finland	1,9	6,2	3,4	2,9	84,8	6,7	34,5	43,5	0,8	44 518
France	11,2	0,9	2,5	1,7	81,4	14,9	22,8	43,6	2,2	304 893
Greece ¹	23,8	3,2	11,1	8,9	51,1	8,6	31,0	11,4	1,9	10 303
Netherlands ¹	16,3	3,4	8,0	2,1	70,0	15,9	19,6	34,4	0,3	169 480
Ireland	7,2	0,4	0,4	0,5	87,7	41,8	10,8	35,1	3,7	88 483
Iceland	64,4	0,9	0,4	19,4	14,0	3,7	5,9	4,4	0,9	2 229
Italy	6,7	0,7	1,8	1,3	87,9	10,0	40,5	37,4	1,6	251 003
Latvia	10,1	25,1	1,5	5,6	57,5	5,8	43,6	8,0	0,3	2 284
Lithuania ¹	12,3	4,3	23,2	1,8	58,2	7,3	31,0	19,9	0,3	4 583
Luxembourg ¹	6,6	0,5	0,1	4,8	86,0	5,5	50,9	29,7	2,0	8 387
Norway	6,6	0,8	60,6	6,1	21,5	3,0	6,8	11,7	4,5	59 575
Poland	7,5	1,4	5,1	4,0	81,9	6,0	38,2	37,8	0,0	40 254
Portugal ¹	7,0	2,6	1,9	1,8	86,4	5,2	45,5	35,7	0,4	24 448
Romania	3,1	3,3	7,9	4,2	81,0	4,6	55,2	21,2	0,5	13 876
Russian Federation	2,2	3,6	55,5	7,5	21,8	4,6	11,0	6,2	9,5	100 364
Switzerland	2,5	0,5	0,3	3,8	92,6	33,3	32,3	27,0	0,3	87 876
Slovakia	3,6	1,9	6,1	3,1	85,2	6,8	38,9	39,5	0,2	14 365
Slovenia	3,7	1,3	1,1	3,8	90,0	12,0	40,9	37,0	0,3	10 357
Spain ¹	14,6	1,2	2,9	2,2	77,4	9,7	26,7	41,0	1,7	116 149
United Kingdom	5,3	0,5	7,8	2,0	79,0	13,6	21,5	43,9	5,4	288 647
Sweden	3,3	4,9	3,0	2,5	81,0	10,5	28,8	41,7	5,5	80 957
Czech Republic	3,5	1,7	2,9	1,6	90,1	5,5	35,2	49,5	0,2	38 196
Germany	4,2	0,8	1,4	2,2	85,7	11,8	22,0	52,0	5,5	611 153
Hungary	7,3	0,9	1,5	1,9	86,3	6,1	21,7	58,6	2,1	34 337
Austria	5,6	2,3	2,5	2,3	82,2	7,5	33,4	41,3	5,1	67 409
South Africa	10,6	3,6	12,4	11,3	61,9	9,3	29,9	22,8	0,2	23 064
Argentina ¹	44,2	1,3	17,1	3,1	32,7	7,6	12,8	12,4	1,6	26 610
Brazil ¹	27,5	4,1	3,6	8,6	53,6	5,4	21,5	26,7	2,6	58 223
Canada	7,4	5,5	12,6	4,4	62,8	5,9	18,9	38,1	7,2	252 418
Mexico	5,0	0,6	8,9	1,2	84,3	3,4	21,9	59,0	0,1	160 670
United States	8,1	2,4	1,9	1,9	81,0	12,2	19,9	48,9	4,6	629 566
Hong Kong	1,9	0,3	0,7	1,5	86,6	3,6	65,8	17,2	8,8	18 328
Israel	4,2	1,0	0,4	1,3	93,0	13,1	51,1	28,7	0,2	29 511
India ¹	13,1	1,1	5,0	3,2	74,7	10,7	55,5	8,6	2,9	44 307
Japan	0,5	0,5	0,4	1,3	92,9	7,7	18,1	67,1	4,3	416 715
China	5,0	0,8	2,6	1,6	89,9	4,6	46,3	39,0	0,2	325 596
Saudi Arabia ¹	0,6	0,1	90,0	0,2	9,1	7,1	1,6	0,4	0,0	72 216
Singapore	2,3	0,4	7,8	1,1	84,4	9,2	11,7	63,5	4,1	125 177
Korea, Rep. of	1,5	0,9	4,1	1,3	91,6	8,2	21,9	61,4	0,6	160 855
Turkey	10,1	0,8	1,9	2,0	83,8	3,6	56,2	23,9	1,4	35 762
Australia	20,4	5,4	20,7	18,2	24,2	4,1	8,2	11,9	11,1	65 175
New Zealand ¹	49,0	12,7	2,2	4,3	27,5	8,0	12,1	7,5	4,3	13 270

Note. The classification is based on SITC rev. 2

¹ For the year 2001. ² For the year 2000.

Source: UN, *UNCTAD Handbook of Statistics 2003*.

Table 515

Import value of selected countries, by country

	Year	Import to									
		Denmark	Finland	Iceland	Norway	Sweden	Belgium, Luxem- bourg	France	Nether- lands	Italy	Portugal
		G	G	S	G	G	S	S	S	S	S
USD mio.											
Import from:											
Imports, total ²	2001	43 422	32 108	2 253	32 955	63 477	189 835	300 688	194 890	236 086	39 415
	2002	47 704	33 627	2 275	34 892	66 106	207 560	308 298	193 579	244 178	38 308
Denmark	2001	•	1 172	196	2 341	4 735	834	2 627	1 674	1 653	226
	2002	•	1 386	194	2 758	5 655	900	2 816	1 877	1 675	251
Finland	2001	1 186	•	38	1 138	3 200	1 142	2 035	1 803	1 529	172
	2002	1 256	•	39	1 152	3 344	1 139	2 111	1 957	1 540	212
Iceland	2001	167	16	•	110	25	35	70	300	11	109
	2002	110	19	•	98	28	49	88	349	15	79
Norway	2001	2 018	1 017	178	•	5 342	1 951	5 838	2 381	943	744
	2002	2 266	1 055	183	•	5 242	1 515	5 134	2 564	1 930	450
Sweden	2001	5 285	3 321	131	5 025	•	4 186	4 055	3 934	3 093	430
	2002	5 899	3 643	135	5 353	•	4 326	4 178	4 309	3 265	451
Belgium, Luxembourg	2001	1 562	780	45	645	2 376	•	31 419	18 560	10 921	1 250
	2002	1 836	811	43	730	2 625	•	32 121	21 646	11 341	1 252
France	2001	2 572	1 462	72	1 698	3 917	25 368	•	11 341	25 954	3 904
	2002	2 921	1 422	71	1 632	3 451	26 969	•	12 074	27 478	3 927
Netherlands	2001	3 090	1 186	150	1 418	4 146	30 831	23 175	•	14 355	1 842
	2002	3 328	1 239	138	1 631	4 312	31 423	23 049	•	14 259	1 736
Italy	2001	1 938	1 143	70	1 096	1 926	7 792	28 379	5 570	•	2 550
	2002	2 071	1 207	68	1 344	2 121	8 035	28 968	6 082	•	2 505
Portugal	2001	292	152	13	184	316	1 785	5 493	1 032	1 112	•
	2002	296	148	11	186	322	1 614	4 315	1 107	1 254	•
Spain	2001	697	597	44	442	941	3 546	21 045	4 335	9 763	10 048
	2002	802	482	42	523	1 017	3 762	22 133	4 403	11 146	10 780
Germany	2001	9 686	4 685	277	4 167	10 600	31 662	61 466	35 987	41 313	5 278
	2002	10 824	4 853	243	4 566	11 825	36 938	63 642	39 053	43 208	5 749
United Kingdom	2001	3 363	2 092	171	2 515	5 172	14 204	25 438	15 034	11 823	1 913
	2002	4 311	1 902	170	2 513	5 492	14 872	24 026	15 035	12 170	2 009
Poland	2001	921	287	19	351	969	1 073	1 735	1 400	1 969	256
	2002	938	282	15	466	1 219	1 219	1 995	1 530	2 265	354
Switzerland	2001	569	415	32	427	907	1 721	9 243	2 138	8 648	364
	2002	555	381	25	455	922	1 651	8 550	2 279	9 232	350
Austria	2001	486	370	14	286	658	1 329	3 270	1 381	5 629	225
	2002	554	421	12	308	735	1 203	3 647	1 411	6 581	265
South Africa	2001	116	48	2	59	89	1 021	838	1 125	1 810	107
	2002	92	42	2	69	88	1 036	768	1 133	1 910	117
Canada	2001	260	162	23	872	255	1 388	1 900	1 134	1 390	90
	2002	229	128	18	723	259	1 049	2 095	1 375	1 163	77
United States	2001	1 960	1 372	260	2 197	3 439	13 027	24 174	20 666	11 465	1 424
	2002	1 910	1 240	247	2 102	3 166	13 119	22 277	19 812	11 819	834
India	2001	192	61	13	97	202	1 518	1 151	892	1 492	160
	2002	210	60	27	105	202	1 674	1 200	953	1 493	184
Japan	2001	626	997	75	1 005	1 431	5 244	6 562	9 338	5 618	727
	2002	660	952	71	1 066	1 495	6 263	6 314	8 804	5 009	683
Hong Kong	2001	224	83	7	109	769	765	470	1 384	353	26
	2002	221	64	8	124	781	1 038	412	1 412	403	22
Australia	2001	57	224	64	104	140	503	707	979	1 364	32
	2002	71	215	66	45	216	587	793	783	1 230	52

Note. The figures cover c.i.f., unless otherwise stated. G=General trade. S=Special trade.

¹ F.o.b. ² Including imports from countries not listed in the table.

Import to													
Spain	Germany	United Kingdom	Poland	Switzerland	Austria	South Africa ¹	Canada ¹	United States	India	Japan	Hong Kong	Australia ¹	
S	S	G	S	S	S	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	
USD mio.													
153 607	485 967	320 973	50 275	77 070	70 448	25 042	221 748	1 179 177	50 392	349 089	201 076	60 690	
163 501	491 904	335 438	55 113	79 119	72 849	26 658	221 981	1 202 357	56 517	337 194	207 644	69 551	
923	8 162	3 400	881	674	412	101	524	3 524	155	2 115	397	290	
1 174	8 381	3 826	955	711	402	114	655	3 346	148	2 169	424	410	
1 050	5 679	4 030	849	628	635	240	443	3 530	216	875	389	390	
1 061	5 120	3 980	857	635	577	221	448	3 607	200	1 035	459	364	
45	332	431	25	41	3	6	38	246	1	108	...	3	
55	426	467	54	30	3	4	34	310	1	103	1	3	
668	10 296	8 460	491	175	45	26	2 208	5 472	53	1 037	123	117	
648	10 319	8 332	673	185	42	28	2 504	6 075	71	1 071	114	133	
1 683	8 171	6 217	1 351	881	892	272	1 103	9 128	394	2 195	478	795	
1 858	8 321	6 198	1 458	959	973	281	1 184	9 552	699	2 037	361	948	
5 074	27 124	15 808	1 439	2 639	2 001	601	704	10 708	2 978	1 524	1 375	434	
5 537	26 828	17 306	1 606	2 606	2 144	607	941	10 384	4 236	1 529	1 467	544	
24 254	46 260	24 939	3 425	8 625	2842	1 061	3 591	30 984	1 077	6 183	3 096	1 338	
26 232	46 067	26 253	3 845	8 350	2 871	1 324	3 734	29 031	1 173	6 534	1 959	1 768	
6 634	41 470	19 962	1 786	4 533	3 404	746	905	9 954	540	1 867	1 396	527	
7 376	39 690	21 215	1 935	4 268	3 467	778	935	10 308	559	1 798	1 378	652	
11 964	31 938	13 008	4 150	7 891	5 010	961	2 612	29 954	1 017	5 388	2 836	1 778	
13 266	31 317	14 783	4 615	8 607	5 166	951	2 739	25 419	1 079	5 432	2 475	2 064	
3 793	4 892	2 103	161	310	176	53	174	1 620	16	140	66	89	
4 597	4 734	2 307	203	300	189	57	160	1 740	17	144	64	120	
•	13 986	9 186	1 284	1 479	802	295	565	5 582	220	1 295	429	388	
•	14 590	11 030	1 459	1 691	1 159	332	652	6 063	280	1 129	422	497	
22 774	•	37 918	12 046	25 328	32 418	3 959	5 149	60 492	2 272	12 391	4 278	3 450	
25 528	•	43 373	13 402	26 221	33 249	4 119	5 278	63 884	2 472	12 437	4 237	3 998	
9 998	34 223	•	2 093	4 847	1 801	2 228	7 424	42 367	2 824	6 002	3 717	3 249	
9 936	31 504	•	2 142	4 052	1 865	2 416	6 202	41 825	2 913	5 395	3 344	3 182	
616	12 002	1 717	•	239	813	20	191	1 023	104	92	19	24	
681	13 208	1 939	•	303	853	35	199	1 172	38	82	24	47	
2 177	18 026	6 985	667	•	3 508	303	917	9 975	427	3 283	2 623	663	
2 454	18 496	7 433	731	•	3 739	324	978	9 785	453	3 302	2 912	692	
1 608	18 584	2 470	983	3 010	•	312	576	4 113	152	899	340	261	
1 844	19 669	3 212	1 056	3 384	•	298	618	3 939	210	917	564	362	
745	2 931	4 241	80	377	174	•	292	4 588	955	2 797	435	446	
880	2 976	4 208	85	398	183	•	312	4 183	432	2 912	452	527	
564	2 977	5 455	169	301	308	122	•	220 138	408	7 752	1 184	904	
564	2 753	5 544	160	290	257	158	•	213 954	395	7 153	1 055	961	
5 990	40 710	45 056	1 716	5 646	2 867	2 962	141 095	•	4 141	63 713	13 486	11 154	
5 653	37 549	39 899	1 818	5 521	2 719	2 525	139 063	•	4 508	58 589	11 822	12 749	
770	2 240	2 714	157	347	113	335	745	10 291	•	2 212	2 296	409	
885	2 357	2 809	183	331	107	363	846	12 450	•	2 090	2 499	511	
3 062	20 251	13 502	987	2 009	944	1 496	9 534	129 708	2 134	•	22 705	7 878	
3 166	17 840	12 734	1 039	1 680	870	1 558	9 817	124 633	2 056	•	23 477	8 580	
222	2 146	8 611	46	403	299	463	794	10 074	1 322	1 459	•	736	
233	2 080	8 686	42	529	66	401	636	9 775	1 588	1 419	•	722	
394	1 111	2 646	39	102	41	672	1 027	6 811	1 367	14 385	1 625	•	
446	1 157	2 665	27	97	38	709	1 087	6 824	1 489	13 986	1 614	•	

Source: Direction of Trade. A supplement to International Financial Statistics (International Monetary Fund, International Bank for Reconstruction and Development).

Table 516

Terms of trade and quantum indices in external trade

	Terms of trade		Quantum index			
	2001	2002	Exports		Imports	
			2001	2002	2001	2002
1995 = 100						
Denmark	99	99	132	140	125	133
Finland	88	85	...	...	...	...
France	96	97	148	188	147	154
Greece	107	108	...	...	...	...
Netherlands	99	94	139	142	139	130
Ireland	99	101	229	228	187	183
Italy	102	104	119	118	133	135
Latvia	...	...	173	191	...	...
Norway	157	154	134	136	147	151
Poland	95	97	195	211	214	229
Switzerland	104	106	129	131	134	132
Spain	99	102	...	...	...	...
United Kingdom	104	107	140	136	164	160
Sweden	89	87	145	149	137	135
Germany	95	97	...	...	...	...
Hungary	95	96	253	268	239	251
Brazil	88	97	136	147	105	102
Canada	103	100	150	145	158	151
United States	99	101	131	126	160	167
Hong Kong	102	103	125	136	120	130
Israel	106	106	164	166	131	132
India	91	...	...	...	...	...
Japan	95	95	112	121	121	123
Singapore	92	91	133	140	111	...
Korea, Rep. of	69	69	218	248	133	149
Australia	105	...	150	...	150	...
New Zealand	106	101	123	130	123	134

Source: IMF, International Financial Statistics.

Table 517

Current account of the balance of payments for selected countries 2002

	Exports fob	Imports fob	Goods, net	Services, net	Income, net	Current transfers, net	Current account, total, net	Current account as a percentage of gross domestic product	Net foreign liabilities at end of year
	USD mio.						per cent	USD mio.	
Belgium	168 126	-160 731	7 395	1 336	6 842	-4 369	11 204	4.6	105 372
Bulgaria	5 692	-7 287	-1 594	594	-228	550	-679	-4.4	...
Denmark	55 258	-47 641	7 617	2 128	-3 452	-2 800	3 493	2.0	-34 030
Estonia	3 517	-4 621	-1 104	488	-331	145	-802	-12.3	-4 410
Finland	44 856	-31 713	13 143	-1 748	-542	-648	10 205	7.8	-54 086
France	305 620	-296 630	8 990	17 790	12 820	-13 860	25 740	1.8	191 180
Greece	9 868	-31 320	-21 452	9 546	-1 957	3 458	-10 405	-7.8	-83 482
Netherlands	206 887	-186 943	19 944	-1 179	-2 441	-6 209	10 116	2.4	-129 600
Ireland	85 830	-50 931	34 898	-12 115	-24 514	805	-925	-0.8	-29 872
Iceland	2 229	-2 095	134	16	-140	13	23	0.3	...
Italy	253 680	-237 150	16 530	-3 290	-14 540	-5 440	-6 740	-0.6	-76 690
Latvia	2 576	-4 020	-1 444	544	-7	259	-647	-7.7	-4 032
Lithuania	6 028	-7 343	-1 315	549	-183	229	-721	-5.2	-5 148
Luxembourg	9 609	-11 772	-2 163	6 749	-2 268	-683	1 636	7.8	...
Norway	60 064	-35 693	24 371	2 697	465	-2 385	25 148	13.2	...
Poland	46 742	-53 991	-7 249	849	-1 887	3 280	-5 007	-2.6	-72 526
Portugal	27 009	-39 124	-12 115	3 122	-3 135	3 315	-8 813	-7.2	-61 475
Romania	13 876	-16 487	-2 611	9	-459	1 536	-1 525	-3.3	-12 401
Russian Federation	107 247	-60 966	46 281	-9 069	-6 117	-5	31 091	9.0	44 586
Switzerland	100 475	-94 043	6 432	12 272	11 485	-4 179	26 011	9.7	431 850
Slovakia ²	11 896	-12 791	-895	436	-355	120	-694	-3.5	-4 279
Slovenia	10 473	-10 716	-243	556	-71	133	375	1.7	-1 470
Spain	125 795	-158 893	-33 098	24 870	-9 890	2 176	-15 942	-2.4	-178 943
United Kingdom	279 330	-332 380	-53 050	21 210	31 260	-13 830	-14 410	-0.9	-40 980
Sweden	81 538	-66 069	15 469	-75	-1 908	-2 863	10 624	4.4	...
Czech Republic	38 480	-40 720	-2 240	644	-3 800	912	-4 485	-6.5	-13 500
Germany	615 020	-492 840	122 180	-44 480	-6 000	-25 110	46 590	0.2	230 130
Ukraine	18 669	-17 959	710	1 147	-604	1 921	3 174	...	-20 209
Hungary	34 792	-36 911	-2 119	614	-1 586	447	-2 644	-4.0	-41 843
Austria	73 667	-70 096	3 572	700	-2 082	-1 615	575	0.3	...
Bangladesh	6 078	-7 714	-1 636	-584	-281	3 242	742	1.6	...
China	325 651	-281 484	44 167	-6 783	-14 945	12 984	35 422	2.9	...
India	52 743	-65 159	-12 416	6 168	-3 886	14 790	4 656	...	-68 769
Indonesia	58 773	-35 652	23 121	-10 543	-6 880	1 751	7 450	...	...
Iran ² , Islamic Republic	28 345	-15 207	13 138	-914	-200	621	12 645	3.8	...
Israel	27 653	-31 212	-3 560	-617	-3 599	6 549	-1 226	-1.2	-26 009
Japan	395 580	-301 750	93 830	-42 230	65 770	-4 920	112 450	2.8	1 462 170
Pakistan	9 792	-10 406	-614	230	-2 190	6 445	3 871	6.2	...
Philippines	34 383	-33 975	408	-1 264	4 550	503	4 197	5.4	...
Saudi-Arabia	71 679	-29 642	42 037	-14 461	95	-15 975	11 696	6.2	...
Singapore	128 374	-109 825	18 549	2 403	-1 145	-1 105	18 704	21.5	45 052
Korea, Republic of	162 554	-148 374	14 180	-7 460	451	-1 079	6 092	1.3	...
Turkey	39 818	-48 130	-8 312	7 883	-4 549	3 496	-1 482	-0.8	-101 050
Egypt	7 118	-12 879	-5 762	2 691	-267	3 960	622	...	...
Etiopia	480	-1 455	-975	2	-23	845	-150	...	...
Nigeria ¹	12 876	-8 588	4 288	-2 496	-2 578	1 292	506	1.4	...
South Africa	31 085	-26 713	4 372	-835	-2 691	-556	290	0.3	...
Canada	264 078	-227 240	36 838	-5 286	-17 514	870	14 909	2.0	-116 465
United States	685 380	-1 164 760	-479 380	61 340	-3 970	-58 850	-480 860	-4.6	-2 605 160
Mexico	160 763	-168 679	-7 916	-4 920	-11 436	10 252	-14 020	-2.2	-249 263
Australia	65 099	-70 503	-5 404	-681	-11 733	-64	-17 882	-4.5	-238 167
New Zealand	14 517	-14 015	502	353	-3 181	57	-2 269	-3.9	-53 211
Argentina	25 709	-8 470	17 239	-1 596	-6 465	413	9 592	9.4	-40 375
Brazil	60 362	-47 219	13 143	-5 038	-18 191	2 390	-7 696	-1.7	-228 684

Note. The positive figures are receipts (net receipts), and the negative figures are expenditures (net expenditures).

¹ 1999, ² 2000.

Source: IMF: Balance of Payments Statistics, Yearbook 2003. IMF: International Financial Statistics, Yearbook 2003.

Table 518

Gross domestic product

	Gross domestic product at current prices 2003 ¹	Growth in GDP at constant prices				
		1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
	currency units in billions	per cent				
Belgium	266	2.0	3.2	3.8	0.6	0.7
Bulgaria	34 813	3.9	2.3	5.4	4.1	4.8
Denmark	1 391	2.5	2.6	2.8	1.6	1.0
Estonia	116	4.6	-0.6	7.3	6.5	6.0
Finland	143	5.0	3.4	5.1	1.1	2.3
France	1 548	3.4	3.2	3.8	2.1	1.2
Greece	153	3.4	3.4	4.4	4.0	3.9
Netherlands	453	4.3	4.0	3.5	1.2	0.2
Ireland	133	8.6	11.3	10.1	6.2	6.9
Iceland	818	5.7	5.4	6.5	3.0	-0.6
Italy	1 301	1.8	1.7	3.0	1.8	0.4
Latvia	6	4.8	2.8	6.8	7.9	6.1
Lithuania	54	7.3	-1.8	4.0	6.5	6.8
Luxembourg	23	6.9	7.8	9.1	1.2	1.3
Norway	1 570	2.6	2.1	2.8	2.7	1.4
Poland	812	4.8	4.1	4.0	1.0	1.4
Portugal	133	4.6	3.8	3.4	1.7	0.4
Romania	1 819 576	-4.8	-1.2	2.1	5.7	4.9
Russian Federation	10 863 ²	-5.1	5.6	9.0	...	...
Switzerland	438	2.4	1.5	3.2	0.9	0.2
Slovakia	1 196	4.2	1.5	2.0	3.8	4.4
Slovenia	5 729	3.7	5.9	4.1	2.9	2.9
Spain	743	4.3	4.2	4.2	2.8	2.0
United Kingdom	1 100	3.1	2.8	3.8	2.1	1.7
Sweden	2 440	3.6	4.6	4.3	0.9	2.1
Czech Republic	2 410	-1.0	0.5	3.3	3.1	2.0
Germany	2 129	2.0	2.0	2.9	0.8	0.2
Hungary	18 261	4.9	4.2	5.2	3.8	3.5
Austria	223	3.9	2.7	3.4	0.8	1.4
South Africa	1 099 ²	0.8	2.0	3.5	2.8	3.0
Argentina	313 ²	3.9	-3.4	-0.8	-4.4	-10.9
Brazil	1 321 ²	0.2	0.8	0.8	10.4	...
Canada	1 155	3.6	4.5	4.8	2.8	3.3
Mexico	6 153 ²	5.0	3.6	6.6	-0.2	0.7
United States	10 986	4.2	4.4	3.7	0.5	2.2
Hong Kong	1 271 ²	-5.7	3.4	10.2	0.7	2.2
Israel	487 ²	3.0	2.6	7.4	-0.9	-1.0
India	22 961 ³	6.0	7.1	4.0	5.5	...
Japan	499 908	-1.1	0.1	2.8	0.4	-0.4
China	10 240 ²	7.8	7.1	8.0	...	...
Saudi Arabia	706 ²	2.8	-0.8	4.9	1.3	1.0
Singapore	156 ²	-0.1	6.9	10.3	-2.0	...
Korea, Rep. of	596 381 ²	-6.7	10.9	9.3	3.1	6.3
Turkey	364 734 947	3.1	-4.7	7.4	-7.5	7.8
Australia	771	5.3	4.5	2.8	2.7	3.8
New Zealand	126 ²	-0.4	4.1	2.0	4.3	...

¹ National currency. ² 2002 figures. ³ 2001 figures.

Source: Eurostat: *New cronos-database*. IMF, *International Financial Statistics* 2003.

Table 519

Gross domestic product, imports and end-use 2002

	Gross domestic product in USD per capita	Percentage of GDP				
		Private consumption expenditure	General government consumption expenditure	Gross capital formation	Imports of goods and services	Exports of goods and services
per cent						
Belgium	23 801	54.4	22.3	19.8	80.2	83.9
Bulgaria	2 154	69.4	18.0	18.1	59.7	53.1
Denmark	32 208	47.2	26.4	20.6	38.7	44.3
Estonia	4 804	57.3	19.7	28.5	89.3	80.0
Finland	25 418	50.9	21.7	19.0	30.3	38.7
France	23 489	54.8	23.9	19.5	25.0	27.1
Greece	12 208	67.1	15.7	23.9	27.7	20.9
Netherlands	26 043	49.9	24.5	20.7	57.5	62.6
Ireland	31 291	45.1	15.1	22.1	75.0	93.7
Iceland	29 721	43.2	16.0	18.8	37.7	39.7
Italy	20 539	60.1	19.0	19.8	26.0	27.0
Latvia	3 612	62.7	19.4	26.4	56.1	45.5
Lithuania	4 000	63.4	20.1	20.7	59.7	54.0
Luxembourg	47 461	42.8	18.0	22.5	128.7	146.1
Norway	42 232	44.7	22.1	17.7	27.4	41.2
Poland	5 002	66.5	18.0	19.0	33.0	29.7
Portugal	11 820	60.9	21.1	24.6	37.6	30.3
Romania	2 109	67.1	15.6	21.1	41.2	35.5
Russian Federation	2 372	51.2	16.9	17.9	23.8	34.3
Switzerland	37 522	62.9	11.7	20.6	36.9	44.2
Slovakia	4 511	58.7	20.1	27.4	78.9	71.8
Slovenia	11 064	54.6	20.6	22.6	56.5	57.9
Spain	16 236	58.2	17.8	25.2	29.9	28.4
United Kingdom	26 487	66.3	20.1	16.3	29.2	26.2
Sweden	27 149	48.7	28.1	16.7	37.5	44.0
Czech Republic	7 243	52.2	22.3	25.9	63.7	61.5
Germany	24 199	58.6	19.2	18.6	31.6	35.9
Hungary	6 411	53.8	23.1	23.0	67.6	65.4
Austria	25 636	56.8	18.6	22.1	50.6	52.8
South Africa	2 841	62.1	19.2	15.1	30.5	34.0
Argentina	2 483	61.7	12.2	12.0	12.5	27.7
Brazil	2 122	59.3	19.3	18.7	13.6	15.8
Canada	23 461	56.8	19.0	19.6	36.7	41.1
Mexico	5 851	70.0	11.8	18.9	29.2	27.2
United States	36 312	70.5	15.2	3.4	13.7	9.6
Hong Kong	23 351	55.8	10.3	23.9	140.8	150.6
Israel	16 306	58.5	31.0	17.8	46.2	36.9
India ¹	443	65.0	12.8	21.7	...	...
Japan	31 310	57.1	17.7	24.2	9.9	11.2
China ¹	847	46.6	13.2	37.3	...	2.2 ²
Saudi Arabia	8 014	37.0	25.7	18.4	23.0	40.8
Singapore ¹	20 037	42.6	12.0	29.5	...	21.9 ²
Korea, Rep. of	10 600	60.2	10.6	26.7	38.6	40.0
Turkey	2 600	...	14.0	16.7	30.5	28.8
Australia	20 246	60.2	18.0	23.3	22.1	20.6
New Zealand	70 576	59.1	18.3	19.2	31.9	34.0

¹ 2001. ² Net figures.

Source Eurostat: New cronos-database. IMF, International Financial Statistics 2003.

Table 520

Gross value added by activity

	Year	Agriculture, horticulture, forestry and fishing	Mining and quarrying, manufacturing, electricity, gas and water supply	Construction	Wholesale and retail trade; hotels, restaurants, transport, post and telecommunications	Finance and business activities	Public and personal services
per cent							
Belgium	2002	1.2	21.2	4.9	20.2	27.9	24.6
Bulgaria	2001	0.1	7.8	4.6	34.0	20.9	36.6
Denmark	2002	2.4	20.5	5.0	21.2	24.3	26.6
Estonia	2002	5.4	22.8	6.6	31.5	15.8	18.0
Finland	2002	3.5	25.7	5.4	22.3	21.5	21.6
France	2002	2.6	19.3	4.9	19.0	30.5	23.7
Greece	2002	7.0	14.2	8.1	28.2	21.3	21.1
Netherlands	2002	2.5	18.9	5.9	22.1	26.5	24.2
Ireland	2001	3.4	32.2	7.6	17.1	24.2	15.5
Iceland	2002	14.4	13.8	8.1	21.7	0.0	35.8
Italy	2002	2.6	22.1	5.0	23.7	27.0	19.7
Latvia	2002	4.7	18.6	6.1	35.7	15.7	19.2
Lithuania	2002	7.1	24.1	6.4	33.1	10.8	18.5
Luxembourg	2002	0.6	10.8	5.9	20.8	46.0	15.9
Norway	2002	1.7	32.3	4.5	20.5	18.9	22.2
Poland	2002	3.1	23.5	6.5	30.0	16.1	20.8
Portugal	2002	3.6	20.1	7.4	23.9	18.4	26.7
Romania	2002	13.0	32.1	5.5	49.4	0.0	0.0
Russian Federation	2001	7.0	29.7	8.2	33.0	9.7	30.3
Slovakia	2002	3.0	29.6	5.6	21.2	20.0	20.6
Slovenia	2002	3.0	29.6	5.6	21.2	20.0	20.6
Spain	2002	3.2	19.3	9.2	27.9	19.9	20.4
United Kingdom	2002	0.9	19.9	6.0	23.2	27.5	22.5
Sweden	2002	1.8	23.1	4.4	19.7	24.2	26.8
Czech Republic	2002	3.1	30.2	6.4	27.5	17.7	15.2
Germany	2002	1.1	24.3	4.5	18.0	30.4	21.7
Hungary	2002	3.7	25.2	5.6	21.6	20.7	23.3
Austria	2002	2.3	23.1	7.4	23.8	23.6	19.9
South Africa	2001	3.5	28.6	2.9	23.1	19.8	19.4
Argentina	2001	5.0	20.8	4.7	25.8	23.0	32.0
Brazil	2001	8.4	29.1	8.5	13.1	22.8	14.4
Canada	1999	2.5	26.1	5.2	21.0	25.6	27.8
Mexico	2000	4.0	22.6	5.0	32.2	12.0	41.4
United States	2001	1.5	18.8	5.1	26.3	32.6	34.2
Hong Kong	2001	0.1	7.8	4.6	34.0	20.9	36.6
Israel	2001	1.7	18.5	4.9	17.6	30.4	28.7
India	2000	24.9	20.8	6.1	21.1	12.5	21.8
Japan	2000	1.3	24.5	7.1	...	18.6	29.1
China	2001	0.8	1.0	0.0	41.9	22.5	49.8
Saudi Arabia	2001	5.1	45.0	6.2	11.5	11.2	10.4
Singapore	2001	0.0	24.0	5.8	28.8	29.4	24.7
Korea, Rep. of	2001	4.3	33.5	8.3	18.8	19.0	23.8
Turkey	2002	11.5	24.5	4.0	34.1	12.0	14.0
Australia	2001	3.8	19.5	6.2	21.7	28.8	29.3
New Zealand	1998	6.7	20.1	4.3	23.1	28.0	28.4

Source: Eurostat: NewCronos. UN: National Accounts, 2001. Statistical Yearbook 2003 Iceland. China Statistical Yearbook 2003.

Table 521

EMU-debt

	2002	2003	2002	2003
	millions Euro		per cent of GDP	
Belgium	275 142	269 469	105,8	100,5
Germany	1 283 600	1 365 900	60,8	64,2
Greece	148 023	157 092	104,7	102,4
Spain	379 918	377 527	54,6	50,8
France	895 200	980 000	58,6	63,0
Ireland	41 798	43 229	32,3	32,0
Italy	1 360 684	1 381 574	108,0	106,2
Luxembourg	1 274	1 139	5,7	4,9
Netherlands	234 005	248 801	52,6	54,8
Austria	145 319	145 468	66,6	65,0
Portugal	75 066	78 430	58,1	59,4
Finland	59 599	64 902	42,6	45,3
Euro-zone	4 899 628	5 113 531	69,2	70,4
Denmark	86 580	84 016	47,2	45,0
Sweden	134 204	139 404	52,6	51,8
United Kingdom	616 137	623 115	38,5	39,8
EU15	5 736 549	5 960 066	62,5	64,0
Czech Republic	22 052	29 362	28,9	37,6
Estonia	395	429	5,7	5,8
Cyprus	7 260	8 221	67,1	72,2
Latvia	1 314	1 346	15,5	15,6
Lithuania	3 357	3 473	22,8	21,9
Hungary	40 570	41 842	57,1	59,0
Malta	2 655	3 038	61,7	72,0
Poland	79 738	78 988	41,2	45,4
Slovenia	6 418	6 538	27,8	27,1
Slovakia	11 470	12 439	43,3	42,8
EU25	5 911 778	6 145 740	61,5	63,0

Source: Eurostat

Table 522

EMU-deficit (-) / surplus (+)

	2002	2003	2002	2003
	millions Euro		per cent of GDP	
Belgium	+ 171	+ 509	+ 0,1	+ 0,2
Germany	- 74 300	- 82 100	- 3,5	- 3,9
Greece	- 2 026	- 2 646	- 1,4	- 1,7
Spain	- 314	+ 2 574	+ 0,0	+ 0,3
France	- 49 500	- 63 157	- 3,2	- 4,1
Ireland	- 258	+ 280	- 0,2	+ 0,2
Italy	- 28 403	- 31 832	- 2,3	- 2,4
Luxembourg	+ 608	- 33	+ 2,7	- 0,1
Netherlands	- 8 537	- 13 528	- 1,9	- 3,0
Austria	- 492	- 2 553	- 0,2	- 1,1
Portugal	- 3 470	- 3 701	- 2,7	- 2,8
Finland	+ 5 947	+ 3 256	+ 4,3	+ 2,3
Euro-zone	- 160 575	- 192 930	- 2,3	- 2,7
Denmark	+ 3 051	+ 2 745	+ 1,7	+ 1,5
Sweden	- 66	+ 1 940	- 0,0	+ 0,7
United Kingdom	- 25 895	- 50 554	- 1,6	- 3,2
EU15	- 183 484	- 238 800	- 2,0	- 2,6
Czech Republic	- 5 021	- 10 316	- 6,4	- 12,9
Estonia	+ 121	+ 194	+ 1,8	+ 2,6
Cyprus	- 494	- 715	- 4,6	- 6,3
Latvia	- 245	- 166	- 2,7	- 1,8
Lithuania	- 212	- 269	- 1,4	- 1,7
Hungary	- 6 377	- 4 350	- 9,3	- 5,9
Malta	- 252	- 413	- 5,7	- 9,7
Poland	- 7 355	- 7 599	- 3,6	- 4,1
Slovenia	- 455	- 444	- 1,9	- 1,8
Slovakia	- 1 478	- 1 029	- 5,7	- 3,6
EU25	- 205 253	- 263 908	- 2,1	- 2,7

Source: Eurostat

Table 523

Government bond yields

	2001	2002
	per cent p.a.	
Belgium	5.13	4.96
Bulgaria	6.70	6.75
Denmark	4.74	4.58
Estonia	...	...
Finland	5.04	4.98
France	5.05	4.93
Greece	5.30	5.12
Netherlands	5.17	5.00
Ireland	...	...
Iceland	5.33	5.23
Italy	5.19	5.03
Latvia	...	...
Lithuania	...	...
Luxembourg	...	...
Norway	6.31	6.33
Poland	...	...
Portugal	...	...
Romania	...	...
Russia	...	...
Switzerland	3.56	2.40
Slovakia	8.06	6.91
Slovenia	...	...
Spain	4.87	4.62
United Kingdom	4.78	4.83
Sweden	...	...
Czech Republic	4.62	2.68
Germany	4.70	4.61
Hungary	...	...
Austria	...	...
South Africa	11.41	11.50
Argentina	...	...
Brazil	...	...
Canada	5.78	5.66
Mexico	...	...
United States	5.02	4.61
Hong Kong	...	...
Israel	...	...
India	...	...
Japan	1.33	...
China	...	...
Saudi Arabia	...	...
Singapore	...	...
Korea, Republic of	6.66	6.47
Turkey	...	...
Australia	5.64	5.82
New Zealand	6.12	6.28

Note. The figures are the annual average.

Source: IMF, *International Financial Statistics*.

For further information visit www.statbank.dk/mpk100

Industrial Classification (NACE/DB03)

NACE: Nomenclature generale des Activitiés économique dans les Communautés Européennes, prepared by the EU in 1970.

DB03: Danish Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities 2003.

On 9 October 1990 the EU passed a regulation which made it obligatory for all EU member states to introduce a new statistical classification of economic activities in the European Communities - NACE rev. 1 - a revised version of NACE from 1970. In 2002, NACE was again revised and NACE rev. 1.1 has been the official industrial classification in all EU member states as from 2003.

DB03 is based on NACE rev. 1.1. The first 4 digits correspond to NACE rev. 1.1, whereas the 2 last digits are Danish sub-groupings.

DB93 was the Danish Industrial Classification from 1993 to 2002. Before 1993, "Danmarks Statistik's DSE77" was the Danish Industrial Classification. It was a sub-grouping of the UN's industrial classification ISIC (International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities).

DB93 and DB03 are more detailed than DSE77 as DB03 comprises 825 industries, compared with 579 in DSE77. The reasons for this are partly that NACE rev. 1.1 comprises more groups than ISIC, partly that it was intended to reflect the Danish industrial structure in the best possible way.

A complete list of DB03 is given in the publication *Dansk Branchekode 2003*, prepared by Statistics Denmark 2002. A comparison with DSE77 is given in the publication *Dansk Branchekode 1993 – 1st edition*, prepared by Statistics Denmark 1992.

Below, 4 standard groupings are shown, with 9, 27, 53 and 111 groups, respectively. These groups form the basis of using DB03 in statistics published by Danmarks Statistik.

The 4 standard groupings reflect an increasing aggregation of detail in the classifications. The code structure is linked to the codes in DB03. The 9-digit grouping uses 1-digit serial numbers, whereas the 27-grouping comprises 4 digits, 53-grouping 5 digits and 111-grouping 6 digits.

	9-grouping			
1	Agriculture, fishing, quarrying	14009		Extr. of gravel and clay etc.
2	Manufacturing	15009		Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco
3	Electricity, gas and water supply	17009		Mfr. of textiles and leather
4	Construction	20000		Mfr. of wood and wood products
5	Ws. and retail trade; hotels, restaurants	21009		Mfr. of paper prod.; printing and publish.
6	Transport, post and telecommunications	23000		Mfr. of refined petroleum products etc.
7	Finance and business activities	24000		Mfr. of chemicals
8	Public and personal services	25000		Mfr. of rubber and plastic products
9	Activity not stated	26000		Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products
		27009		Mfr. and processing of basic metals
		29000		Mfr. of machinery and equipment
	27-grouping	30009		Mfr. of electronic equipment
0109	Agriculture, horticulture and forestry	30009		Mfr. of transport equipment
0500	Fishing	35009		Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.
1009	Mining and quarrying	36000		Electricity, gas and water supply
1509	Mfr. of food, beverages and tobacco	40009		Construction
1709	Mfr. of textiles and leather	45000		Sale and repair of motor vehicles, sale of auto. fuel
2009	Mfr. of wood products, printing and publ.	50000		Wholesale except of motor vehicles
2309	Mfr. of chemicals, plastic products	51000		Re. trade of food
2600	Mfr. of other non-metallic mineral products	52109		Department stores
2709	Mfr. of basic metals and fabr. metal prod.	52299		Re. sale of phar. goods, cosmetic art.
3600	Mfr. of furniture; manufacturing n.e.c.	52300		Re. sale of clothing, footwear
4009	Electricity, gas and water supply	52419		Other retail sale, repair work
4500	Construction	52449		Hotels and restaurants
5000	Sale and rep. of motor vehicles, sale of auto. fuel	55000		Land transport and transport via pipelines
5100	Wholesale except of motor vehicles	60000		Water transport
5200	Re. trade and repair work exc. of m. vehic.	61000		Air transport
5500	Hotels and restaurants	62000		Supporting transport activities
6009	Transport	63000		Post and telecommunications
6400	Post and telecommunications	64000		Finance
6509	Finance and insurance	65000		Insurance
7009	Letting and sale of real estate	66000		Activities auxiliary to finance
7209	Business activities	67000		Real estate activities
7500	Public administration	70000		Renting of transport equipment and machinery
8000	Education	71000		Computer and related activities
8519	Human health activities	72000		Research and development
8539	Social institutions etc.	73000		Consultancy etc. and cleaning activities etc.
9009	Associations, culture and refuse disposal	74000		Public administration
9800	Activity not stated	75000		Education
		80000		Human health activities
		85109		Social institutions for children
	53-grouping	85319		Social institutions for adults
01109	Agriculture	85329		Refuse disposal and similar activities
01129	Market gardening	90000		Activities of membership organizations
01400	Machine pools and landscape gardening	91000		Recreational, cultural, sporting activities
02000	Forestry	92000		Other service activities
05000	Fishing	93009		Activity not stated
11000	Extr. of oil and natural gas	98000		

Industrial Classification (NACE/DB03)

111-grouping	
011009	Agriculture
011209	Market gardening
014000	Machine pools and landscape gardening
020000	Forestry
050000	Fishing
110000	Extr. of oil and natural gas
140009	Extr. of gravel, clay etc.
151000	Production etc. of meat and meat products
155000	Mfr. of dairy products
158120	Baker's shops
158909	Mfr. of other food products
159000	Mfr. of beverages
160000	Mfr. of tobacco products
170000	Mfr. of textiles
180000	Mfr. of wearing apparel
190000	Mfr. of leather and footwear
200000	Mfr. of wood and wood products
210000	Mfr. of pulp, paper and paper products
221200	Publishing of newspapers
221309	Publishing activities, excluding newspapers
222009	Printing activities
230000	Mfr. of refined petroleum products etc.
241009	Mfr. of chemical raw materials
243009	Mfr. of paints and soap
244000	Mfr. of pharmaceuticals
250000	Mfr. of rubber and plastic products
261009	Mfr. of glass and ceramic goods
263009	Mfr. of tiles, bricks, cement and concrete
270000	Mfr. of basic metals
281009	Mfr. of building materials of metal
286009	Mfr. of various metal products
291000	Mfr. of marine engines, compressors
292000	Mfr. of ovens and cold-storage plants
293000	Mfr. of agricultural machinery
294009	Mfr. of machinery for industries
297000	Mfr. of domestic appliances
300009	Mfr. of computers and electric motors
320000	Mfr. of radio and communication equipment
330000	Mfr. of medical and optical instruments
351000	Building of ships and boats
352009	Mfr. of transport equipment, excl. ships
361000	Mfr. of furniture
365009	Mfr. of toys and jewellery
401000	Production and distribution of electricity
402000	Manufacture and distribution of gas
403000	Steam and hot water supply
410000	Collection and distribution of water
452109	General contractors
452510	Bricklaying
453100	Install. of electrical wiring and fittings
453300	Plumbing
454200	Joinery installation
454400	Painting and glazing
454509	Other construction works
501009	Sale of motor vehicles and motorcycles
502000	Maintenance and repair of motor vehicles
505000	Retail sale of automotive fuel
512000	Ws. of grain and animal feeds
513000	Ws. of food, beverages and tobacco
514000	Ws. of textiles and household goods
515300	Ws. of wood and construction materials
515709	Ws. of other raw mat. and semimanufactures
516000	Ws. of machinery, equipment and supplies
517009	Other wholesale trade
521100	Re. sale of food in non-specialized stores
522000	Re. sale of food in specialized stores
522909	Department stores
523000	Re. sale of phar. goods and cosmetic art
524109	Re. sale of clothing and footwear
524409	Re. sale of furniture and household appliances
524709	Re. sale in other specialized stores
527000	Repair of household goods
551009	Hotels
553009	Restaurants
601009	Transport via railways and buses
602209	Taxi operation and coach services
602409	Freight transport by road and via pipelines
610000	Water transport
620000	Air transport
630000	Supporting transport activities
640000	Post and telecommunications
651000	Financial institutions
652000	Mortgage credit institutions
660000	Insurance
670000	Activities auxiliary to finance
702000	Letting of own property
703009	Real estate agents
710000	Renting of transport equipment and machinery
720000	Computer and related activities
730000	Research and development
741100	Legal activities
741200	Accounting, book-keeping and auditing
742009	Consulting engineers and architects
744000	Advertising
747000	Building-cleaning activities
748009	Other business activities
751100	General public service activities
751209	Administration of public sectors
752000	Defence, police and administration of justice
801000	Primary education
802000	Secondary education
803000	Higher education
804000	Adult and other education
851100	Hospital activities
851209	Medical, dental and veterinary activities
853109	Social institutions for children
853209	Social institutions for adults
900000	Refuse disposal and similar activities
910000	Activities of membership organizations
920000	Recreational, cultural and sporting activities
930009	Other service activities
980000	Activity not stated

Conversion table for Danish and foreign measures and weights

	Metric system	Old Danish system	English American system
1. Length	1 cm	0.382344 tommer ¹	0.39370 inch ²
	2.615446 »	1 »	1.02970 »
	2.5400 »	0,9712 »	1 »
	1 m	1.593100 alen ¹	1.09361 yard ²
	0.627707 »	1 »	0.68647 »
	0.91440 »	1.45673 »	1 »
	1 km	0.132758 mil ³	0.62137 mile ²
	7.532484 »	1 »	4.68046 »
	1.6093 »	0.2136 »	1 »
	2. Area	1 m ² ⁴	2.537968 sq. alen	10.7639 sq. feet^{5}
0.394016 »		1 »	4.2411 »
0.092903 »		0.235785 »	1 sq. foot
1 ha ⁴		1.812834 td. ld. ⁶	2.471 acre ⁵
0.551623 »		1 » »	1.363 »
0.4047 »		0.7337 » »	1 »
1 km ² ⁴		0.017625 sq. mil ⁷	0.38610 sq. mile ⁵
56.738315 »		1 »	21.9066 » »
2.5900 »		0.045649 »	1 » »
3. Volume		1 l	1.035068 pot ⁸	0.2200 Eng. gallon^{9}
	4.545963 »	4.705381 »	0.264179 Am. »
	3.785332 »	3.918076 »	1 Eng. »
	1 m ³	32.34571 cu. fod ¹⁰	1 Am. »
	0.030916 »	1 »	35.31 Eng. cu. feet ^{11, 12}
	0.028317 »	0.915933 »	1.09 » » »
	1 hl	0.718798 td. ^{13, 14}	1 » » foot
			2.75 Eng. bushel ¹⁵
			2.8378 Am. » ¹⁶
			3.83 Eng. »
	1.391212 »	1 »	3.9480 Am. »
	0.3637 »	0.2614 1	1 Eng. »
	0.352383 »	0.253292 »	1 Am. »
	1.58757 »	1.141142 »	1 Am. barrel ¹⁷
	4. Weight	1 kg ¹⁸	2 pund ¹⁹	2.2046 ln.^{20}
0.453592 »		0.907185 »	1 lb. (=16 ounces)
0.02835 »		0.05670 »	1 ounce
0.37324 »		0.74648 »	1 troy lb. (=12 troy ounces) ²¹
0.0311 »		0.0622 »	1 troy ounce ²¹
			1.968413 Eng. cwt. ²⁰
100 kg ¹⁸		2 centner ¹⁹	2.20462 central ²⁰
50.80 »		1.016 »	1 Eng. cwt
45.359243 »		0.907185 »	1 central
			0.9842 long ton ²⁰
1 tonne (=1000		20 centner	1.102311 short ton ²⁰
1 016 Kg		20.32 »	1 long ton
907.1849 »		18.1437 »	1 short ton

Length: ¹ 1 favn = 1,883121 m (1 favn = 3 alen, 1 alen = 2 fod, 1 fod = 12 tommer, 1 tomme = 12 linier). ² 1 mile = 1760 yards (1 yard = 1 foot = 12 inches, 1 inch = 10 lines). 1 fathom = 2 yards. ³ 1 Danish mile = 12.000 alen = 1.0149 geographic miles = 0.704700 Swedish miles = 0.753200 new Norwegian miles. 1 geographic mile = 0.9853 Danish miles = 7.4221 km. 1 knot (speed) = 1 nautical mile per hour. 1 nautical mile = 10 cables = 1.852 km.

Area: ⁴ 1 km² = 100 hct (1 hct = 100 are, 1 are = 100 m²). ⁵ 1 sq. mile = 640 acres (1 acre = 4 840 sq. yards, 1 sq. yard = 9 sq. feet). ⁶ 1 tønne land = 14.000 sq. alen (1 tønne land = 8 skæpper, 1 skæppe = 4 fjerdingkar, 1 fjerdingkar = 3 album). ⁷ 1 Danish sq. mile = 10.285^{3/7} tdr. land. 1 geographic sq. mile = 9986.54 td. land = 55.088 km².

Volume: ⁸ 1 pot = 4 pægle = 0.966120 l. ⁹ 1 gallon = 4 quarts (1 quart = 2 pints, 1 pint = 4 gills). ¹⁰ 1 favn firewood = 72 cubic feet = 22.25940 m³. ¹¹ 1 register tonne = 100 cubic feet = 2.8317 m³. Gross (net) register tonne (g.r.t., NRT) is the cubic content of all a ship's compartments measured in register tonnes. Net register ton (n.r.t., NRT) is the same cubic content ÷ room for personnel, navigation and engine room. ¹² 1 cubic yard = 27 cubic feet (1 cubic foot = 1.728 cubic inches). 1 cord = 128 cubic feet, 1 standard = 165 cubic feet. ¹³ 1 tønne grain = 8 skæpper (1 skæppe = 4 fjerdingkar, 1 fjerdingkar = 2 ottingkar). 1 tønne ale = 136 potter = 1.313923 hl; 1 fad ale = 9.275 hl = 24 anker (1 anker = 40 potter). 1 coal tønne (approx. 130 kg) = 176 potter = 1.700371 hl. 1 tar tønne = 120 potter = 1.159344 hl. 1 tønne herring = 112 potter = 1.082054 hl. ¹⁴ 1 td. wheat is considered to correspond to 106.5 kg rye 98.5 kg 2-rowed barley 92.0 kg oats 70.0 kg buckwheat 85.0 kg, peas and other pulse 112.5 kg potatoes 100.0 kg, carrots and turnips 80.0 kg and 1 td. mangold and swedes 90.0 kg. 1 td. butter = 3 dritler = 112 kg. ¹⁵ 1 Eng. quarter = 8 Eng. bushels (1 Eng. bushel = 8 Eng. gallons). ¹⁶ 1 Am. quarter = 8 Am. bushels. ¹⁷ Measures used in the oil industry (barrel = tønne).

Weight: ¹⁸ 1 quintal = 100 kg. ¹⁹ 1 pound = 100 kvint (1 kvint = 10 ort). 1 lispound = 16 pounds. 1 centner = 100 pound. ²⁰ 1 long ton (l.t.) = 20 Eng. hundredweights (cwt) (1 cwt = 112 pounds (lbs)). 1 short ton (sh.t.) = 20 centals (Eng. measure) = 20 Am. hundredweights (1 cental = 100 pounds). ²¹ English system of measurement used to weigh gold and silver.

Definitions and glossary

Acquisition of buildings, net	Denotes acquisition of properties where the existing buildings constitute the main element, less similar sales.
Acquisition of land and intangible assets, net	Comprises acquisition of properties where land constitutes the main element, less similar sales. This concept also includes the costs of permanent acquisition of various intangible assets (copyrights, etc.).
Active substances	Denotes the contents of active substances in individual pesticides, herbicides, or fungicides, i.e. without fillers, water, etc. The quantities of active substances vary with each product (from approximately 10 per cent to approximately 80 per cent of the marketed product).
Added value	The added value is calculated as net turnover less consumption of goods.
Adult education and supplementary education	Comprises adult education and supplementary education after completion of basic school. The objective of such activity is to obtain or maintain competencies.
Advance payment of normal child support	Comprises payments made by the municipality of residence in cases where child support payable by fathers of children born outside of wedlock or child support payable by separated and divorced spouses to the other party have not been paid on the date due.
Agricultural holding	Farms or horticultural holdings. A technical economic unit comprising an area with buildings, machinery and livestock which is regarded by the owner of the agricultural holding as belonging to the same farm. Leased areas are included under the holding, while areas leased out are included under the holding which has leased the area.
Agricultural sector	Comprises agriculture, horticulture, fur farming, hunting, and bee keeping.
AIDS	Acquired Immuno-Deficiency Syndrome is the end stage of the HIV infection. At this stage, the human immune systems will operate so poorly that a large number of diseases may afflict the patient. International criteria on diseases which define AIDS. Cf. HIV.
Air quality	A measurement for the concentrations of various contaminants in air. Pure air contains 78 per cent nitrogen, 21 per cent oxygen, and 1 per cent inert gases, etc.
Alcohol licence	An enterprise with an alcohol licence is licensed to sell alcoholic beverages to its customers.
All-year assessment	Calculated assessment of the total number of taxable days, divided by 365.
Annual adjustments	Annual adjustments to the latest general valuation of real property which take into account price trends during the intervening period.
Appeals and complaints	A ruling made at the first instance may be brought before a higher court, i.e. the High Court or the Supreme Court, for a new ruling.
Area	In housing statistics, "area" comprises the total floor area of all floors of a building, measured to the outer surface of the outer wall, as well as habitable attic areas. Basement areas are not included.
Assets	Accounting term used to designate application of capital in accounts, i.e. the value of property, operating resources, and amounts receivable. The opposite of liabilities
Assistance under the Act on active social policies	Comprises assistance in accordance with the Act on active social policies and the Danish Social Assistance Act in the form of cash benefits, e.g. maintenance assistance or education assistance (rehabilitation benefits) for families or individuals who, due to social circumstances, find themselves in financial need without any opportunities for assistance under other legislation.

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ATP - labour-market supplementary pension scheme	ATP is a compulsory pension scheme for employees within the 16-66 year age bracket with at least 10 hours of work a week..
Auxiliary unit	A separately located local unit which produces ancillary materials or services to the enterprises serviced by this unit.
Average number of participants	For AMFORA, the average number of participants for any given period is calculated as the sum of the degrees of participation within the group.
Average number of unemployed	This concept is frequently used within unemployment statistics (CRAM). The average number of unemployed persons illustrates the number of full-time unemployed persons in a given period. This is calculated by adding up the degrees of unemployment of all unemployed persons.
Average turnover	Is defined as the total taxable turnover per registered unit for units which have been operational throughout the entire year.
Banks	Comprise Danish banks with a working capital (equity capital, capital base, and deposits) of DKK 250 million or more.
Basic prices	Are defined for domestic production as the price ex works excluding product taxes, net. For imports, basic prices are defined as the CIF value plus customs duties. Value added may also be defined at basic prices. (cf. Value added).
Basic school	Comprises grades 1 to 10. Grades 1-9 are compulsory. Grades 8-10 may also be completed at continuation schools.
BEC	Classification by Broad Economic Categories, prepared by the UN.
Benefits during sickness or in connection with childbirth	Benefits which provide security in the event of loss of income due to sickness, injury, childbirth, or adoption. This scheme comprises all employed persons who reside in Denmark and are subject to Danish taxation. The scheme provides statutory security for employees as of the first day of absence as well as voluntary security for self-employed persons after two weeks of absence. The statistics only address the cases where local authorities pay benefits. In the event of sickness, private employers are normally required to pay benefits to employees during the first two weeks of absence, whereas public-sector employees are required to pay benefits during the entire period of absence.
Births	Live births + stillborn.
Bonds	Since the Danish Securities Centre was established in 1979, bonds no longer exist as physical entities. Market prices of bonds are set every day on the Copenhagen Stock Exchange and are issued in series by the central government, mortgage-credit institutions, other bond-issuing institutions, or enterprises.
Books and pamphlets	Non-periodical printed publications which are made accessible to the public; books are defined as publications which comprise 49 pages or more, whereas pamphlets comprise 5-48 pages (excluding covers).
Building permits issued	Authorisation to commence building, issued by municipal building authorities.
Building, concept of	A "building" means a cohesive structure, mainly constructed from uniform materials and usually comprising the same number of floors throughout.
Building, main use of	This corresponds to the actual use of the building. Where several types of use apply, the usage which occupies the greatest floor area is registered.
Buildings started	Physical initiation of construction. For commercial buildings for agriculture, etc., "buildings started" denotes the time of notification of construction work.
Business unit	A legal entity which carries out one or more types of financial activity at one or more local units (enterprises).
Business unit	A local financial unit.
Business units	Enterprises which are registered in the Danish custom authorities' register of units which

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registered for VAT settlement	are liable to pay value-added tax (VAT).
Capacity utilisation, hotels, etc.	Beds, i.e. the number of occupied beds compared to the total number of beds.
Capital accumulation	<p>Within public-finance statistics, capital accumulation comprises actual capital activities in the general government sector. Capital accumulation is calculated as follows:</p> <p>Fixed new assets</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">+ Acquisition of existing buildings, net= Gross fixed capital formation+ Increase in stocks, net+ Acquisition of land and intangible assets, net= Non-financial capital accumulation <p><i>Fixed new assets + acquisition of buildings (net)</i></p> <p><i>= Gross fixed capital formation</i></p> <p><i>Gross fixed capital formation + increase in stock (net) + acquisition of land and intangible assets (net)</i></p> <p>= Capital accumulation</p>
Capital formation	Acquisitions less sales of real property, operating machinery, and stock-in-trade.
Capital formation, net	Additions less disposals of capital (fixed) assets, i.e. real property (land, buildings, etc.) and means of operation (machines, vehicles, furniture, equipment, etc.). Additions are calculated at purchase prices before depreciation and other adjustments and comprise bought as well as leased assets. Disposals are calculated at sales prices.
Capital income	<p>Comprises interest, yield on securities, and calculated rental value of owner-occupied dwellings.</p> <p>Capital income includes interest on loans granted to non-residents, yields on shares in foreign companies, and profits made by Danish enterprises abroad. Costs include interest on loans raised abroad, yields on Danish shares owned by non-residents, and profits made by foreign companies at branches, etc., in Denmark.</p> <p>Within income statistics, capital income comprises net income from interest, including income from interest generated by self-employment, yields on shares, profits from sales of certain capital goods, and calculated rental value of owner-occupied dwellings.</p>
Capital income to and from abroad	Primarily comprises interest on all loans taken out abroad by Danish individuals, companies, and public-sector institutions, as well as yields from Danish companies to foreign parent companies, shareholders, etc. Similarly, interest receivable and yields from abroad constitute income to Danish lenders, parent companies, etc.
Capital transfers	Affect the capital of either the granter or recipient. Examples include plant and investment subsidies, certain damages, writedowns of loans, and similar payments. Such capital transfers are normally non-recurrent in nature.
Capital transfers to and from abroad	Comprises non-recurrent unilateral transactions between countries other than Denmark and the Danish public sector, Danish private enterprises, or Danish residents. Such transfers may be investment subsidies to or from EU institutions, inheritances, etc.
Car at disposal	A family has a car at its disposal when one or more family members own one or more passenger cars, and/or one or more family members own one or more vans without being associated with a commercial enterprise, and/or one or more family members has a company car at their disposal.
Cash price	Comprises the cash down payment on a property plus the market (bond) price of the mortgages.
Cash value	At the 17 th general valuation on 1 April 1981, the principle of cash value was introduced as the valuation method. At the instigation of the Danish tax authorities, the mortgage values were converted to cash values. At the 20 th general valuation on 1 January 1996. these

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were converted to cash values. At the 20th general valuation on 1 January 1996, these valuations have been carried out directly at cash levels. (Construction and dwellings)

Charges	Suspicion of a criminal offence, laid down by the police.
Charges withdrawn	To refrain from bringing a charge against a person, e.g. where the case is considered negligible, brought against young persons, etc.
Chattels	Also known as "movables": Movable possessions, e.g. furniture and machines.
Child and youth allowance	Subsidy paid regardless of income as ordinary and extra child and youth allowance to single breadwinners with children under the age of 18. Special child and youth allowances are paid to orphans, children of pensioners, children of widows/widowers, and children born out of wedlock where no-one has been designated as contributor.
Civil administration of justice	Comprises legal action in cases which do not involve violations of the Danish Penal Code or special legislation, i.e. civil action in connection with e.g. enforcement proceedings, matrimonial proceedings, and paternity proceedings.
Commuting to and from work	A person is considered to be a commuter when s/he does not work and live in the same municipality.
Confirming	Confirming means that a financing company pays the debtor's (i.e. their client's) bills.
Consumer price index	The consumer price index is calculated on the basis of the actual retail prices paid by consumers for goods and services which form part of private consumption. The weights are compiled on the basis of the grouping of private consumption in Denmark used in national accounts in conjunction with information from the Household Budget Survey (HBS). From January 2003 the weights are based on figures from the national account and the HBS for the year 1999. From January 2000 to December 2002, the weights were based on figures for the year 1996. From January 2001 the classification of household goods and services is based on the international classification COICOP (Classification of Individual Consumption by Purpose).
Consumer price index 1900 = 100	Until 1963, these indices have been based on statistics from the calculation of the retail price indices, less direct taxes, membership fees, etc. When these expense items are left out, the price basis for the indices from before 1964 is close to the principles applied to the consumer price index from 1964 onwards. The weights used for calculation of the retail price indices were based on living expenditure for wage-earning and salaried employee families according to the periodic HBS, while the weights used in the consumer price index from 1964 onwards have been based on total private consumption. These discrepancies of index construction have been ignored in the linking of indices in 1964, as experience shows that such variations are not significant.
Consumer-paid magazines	Periodical publications with informative and entertaining contents, published once a week or less, which are primarily aimed at families/family members. Funded by sales and advertising.
Consumption	<p>The consumption survey calculates consumption as the total expenditure of private households on goods and services which are purchased to satisfy needs.</p> <p>Calculation of expenditure on owner-occupied housing presents certain problems. For the purposes of the consumption survey, attempts have been made to solve this problem by calculating an approximate rent. This calculation is based on available statistics on rent in a corresponding rented dwelling, i.e. of a rented dwelling of the same size and age, situated in the same area and with the same amenities.</p> <p>The grouping of consumption is mainly in accordance with the principles used in the national accounts and is based on the European national-accounts system - ENS95. This system groups goods and services by their purpose.</p> <p>In its most detailed form, the consumption survey comprises approximately 1,200 individual types of consumption, each of which is identified by an eight-digit code. This code system facilitates immediate aggregation at various levels by eliminating the last digits. The Statistical Yearbook publishes these statistics at two- or four-digit levels, while</p>

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	<p>the Statistiske Efterretninger publish more detailed statistics on foods. Even more detailed statistics are available as special services.</p>
Consumption of fixed capital	<p>Is a measurement (at re-purchase prices) of the physical and technical deterioration of fixed assets.</p>
Co-operative bank	<p>A local bank which receives deposits from and grants credit/loans to its members.</p>
Co-operative society	<p>Also known as co-operative company, this is an association which has been established with the purpose of providing its members with goods or other necessities or of processing and selling members' products. Profits are usually distributed in equal shares corresponding to the participants' turnover with the society.</p>
Copenhagen metropolitan area, the	<p>Greater Copenhagen and, for the period 1 January 1970-1979, the following 18 municipalities: Albertslund, Ballerup, Brøndby, Dragør, Gladsaxe, Glostrup, Herlev, Hvidovre, Høje Taastrup, Lyngby-Taarbæk, Rødovre, Søllerød, Tårnby, Vallensbæk, Værløse, Birkerød, Farum, and Hørsholm. As of 1 January 1980, this area comprised another 7 municipalities: Ledøje-Smørum, Ishøj, Allerød, Fredensborg-Humlebæk, Karlebo, Greve, and Solrød. As of 1 January 1999, the following municipalities are no longer included in the Copenhagen metropolitan area: Ballerup, Dragør, Høje Taastrup, Ishøj, Ledøje Smørum, Søllerød, Værløse, Allerød, Birkerød, Farum, Fredensborg-Humlebæk, Hørsholm, Karlebo, Greve, and Solrød. These municipalities are now designated as urban/rural areas in accordance with the same principles which are applied to other Danish municipalities.</p>
Couples	<p>In family statistics, two adult persons living at the same address form a couple if they are either married to one another or have entered into a registered partnership, or if they have children together without being married to one another. The statistics also include couples living together who are unmarried and have no children together, if there are no other adult persons at the same address living with them, the two persons are of opposite sex and are not siblings and they have an age difference of 15 years or less. Young persons down to the age of 16 may be part of a cohabiting couple.</p>
Court of First Instance	<p>Comprises the first ruling in cases brought before the district court and High Court, including the Maritime and Commercial Court.</p>
Crime rates	<p>In the survey of crimes and national origin, the age-related crime rates of various ancestry groups (immigrants, descendants or Danish) are compiled as index numbers, where 100 indicates the national average (i.e. numeric values over 100 indicate that the rate is above average). Furthermore, the crime rates are age-standardised implying that adjustments have been made so that the age distribution is not similar for the various ancestry groups.</p>
Criminal offences against the Penal Code	<p>Comprises sexual offences, crimes of violence, offences against property, and other offences, including crimes against the State, perjury, selling narcotics, etc.</p>
Current assets	<p>Stocks, liquid holdings, outstanding amounts from sales, and easily realisable securities which are not intended for permanent ownership.</p>
Current transfers	<p>This category is used in statistics of public finances. They affect current disposable incomes. Current transfers mainly comprise transfers to households, which are divided into social transfers such as old-age pensions, early-retirement pensions, civil-servant pensions, unemployment benefits, cash benefits, sickness benefits, child allowances, etc., as well as rent subsidies. They also include other transfer incomes such as student grants, etc.</p>
Current transfers to and from abroad	<p>Include private cross-border donations and gifts as well as aid to developing countries. They also include transfers between Denmark and the institutions of the EU; i.e. income includes subsidies for Danish agriculture, while expenditure includes Denmark's contribution to the EU budget.</p>
Custody	<p>Deprivation of liberty in accordance with an order of court with a view to ensuring the presence of a person charged with a criminal offence.</p>

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Danish Broadcasting Corporation, the	An independent public institution with »public service« obligations. Its finances are based on license fees.
Danish Mortgage Bank, the	State institution which takes out state-backed loans abroad, etc.
Degree of participation	A degree of participation is calculated for all measures within labour-market policies. This is done on the basis of a registered start date, a known or scheduled end date, and information on the number of hours per weeks involved in the relevant measure. The degree of participation is calculated as the ratio between the number of days in which a person participates in the relevant scheme and the total number of days multiplied by the ratio between the weekly number of hours involved in the scheme and the potential number of hours per week.
Degree of unemployment and average degree of unemployment	<p>Within the unemployment statistics (CRAM), a degree of unemployment is calculated for each person who has experienced unemployment during the period. For <i>insured</i> persons, the degree of unemployment is calculated by comparing the number of hours of unemployment to the number of insured hours during the week. If a person is insured (against unemployment) for 37 hours a week and that person is unemployed for 19 hours, s/he will have a degree of unemployment of 0.514; if the same person had been insured for 26 hours a week, the degree of unemployment would be 0.731. A person with a degree of unemployment of 1 is fully unemployed, i.e. that person has been unemployed for the number of hours for which s/he is insured during a given period. For <i>non-insured persons</i>, the degree of unemployment is calculated on the bases of whether they were unemployed at the middle of the week. If they are unemployed at this time, their degree of unemployment will be set at 1, otherwise it will be set at 0.</p> <p>An average degree of unemployment is calculated on the basis of individual degrees of unemployment. The average degree of unemployment illustrates the average duration of a period of unemployment. The average degree of unemployment is calculated by adding up the degrees of unemployment for the relevant period and dividing this sum by the number of persons who have experienced unemployment during this period.</p>
Descendant	A descendant is a person who is born in Denmark to parents (or parent where no information is available on the second parent) who are not Danish citizens born in Denmark. Where no information is available on either parent and the person in question is a foreign citizen, such a person is also considered to be a descendant.
Detached one-family house	Known as a "parcelhus" in Danish, this denotes a detached one-family house with is mainly or exclusively used as a dwelling, and which usually comprises only one dwelling.
Discount rate	Rate of interest which is calculated as a deduction in per cent upon sale or redemption of a claim. Danmarks Nationalbank's official discount rate: the basic rate of interest of the DN, which serves as the basis for stipulating interest rates for all outstanding accounts with banks.
District papers	Periodical publications with limited, yet varied contents which are distributed to households free of charge. Their revenues are based on advertising.
Dwelling	One or more rooms mainly used for habitation which have their own access point and are situated in a permanent building.
Distribution of task/burden	<p>On the basis of the distribution of general government administration and services between central government, municipalities, and social funds, shows how tasks and the financial burden are distributed between sub sectors.</p> <p>Distribution of tasks within the public sector examines which sector or authority is directly responsible for carrying out a task, whether this is a service or a transfer to citizens. In many cases, the costs of the task may be fully or partly refunded by other public authorities. The distribution of burden shows how the final financial burden is distributed between the various sub sectors.</p>
Early-retirement pension	Social pension benefit which may be granted to persons aged 18-66 years upon application. This type of pension may be granted in cases of permanent reduction in the

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pension	ability to work due to physical or mental disability (health-specific early retirement) or in cases where it is necessary to permanently secure the livelihood of a person for social and financial reasons (needs-specific early retirement). The criteria used in awarding such benefits and the monthly amounts paid vary with the various types of benefit: high, medium, standard, and increased standard early-retirement pension or disability benefit.
Earnings	Earnings, when used as a collective term for wages and salaries, comprise all employee income pertaining to their employment, including wages/salaries, sickness benefits paid by the employer, holiday payments, and contributions to pension schemes made by both employers and employees. See also <i>Compensation</i> .
Economic services	This main group covers public activities pertaining to general government control and regulation of businesses with the objective of creating more effective use of society resources. This main group comprises activities such as promotion of financial development, impact on regional balance sheets, job creation, and the creation of better opportunities for businesses.
ECU	(European Currency Unit), a currency unit within the EMS, is used as a currency between the central banks of the European Union and as a unit of account in the short-term and medium-term aid within the EU. The value of the ECU against non-EU currencies is determined as a weighed average of the bilateral currency-exchange rates of individual EU countries against the relevant currencies. The reserves of ECU held by Danmarks Nationalbank correspond to deposits of 20 per cent of the Danish gold reserves with the EMF. As of 1 January 1999, the ECU was renamed as the Euro (EUR).
Effective krone rate	The index for the effective krone rate is a geometric weighting of the changes in the currencies of 25 of Denmark's most important trading partners. This weighting is currently based on the 1995 trade in manufacturing goods.
Effective interest rate of	Comprises direct interest and the average drawing bonus. Direct interest is calculated by multiplying the nominal interest by 100 and dividing this figure by the bid price of the relevant security.
Elections	Elections to the European Parliament are held once every five years; the last election held took place on 10 June 1999. Elections to the Folketing are held at least once every four years; the last elections held took place on 21 September 1994 and 11 March 1998. Elections to county councils and municipality councils are held once every four years in November; the last election held took place in November 1997. Elections to local church councils are held once every four years amongst members of the Danish National Church; the last election held took place in November 1996.
Electronic commerce	Sales or purchases based on orders submitted through the Internet. In certain contexts, electronic commerce also includes orders submitted via other computer-based networks, e.g. by means of EDI (Electronic Data Interchange).
EMEP area, the	The EMEP area covers Europe and its marine areas.
Emission	Emission or discharge of contaminants in solid, liquid, or gaseous state.
Employed	Employed persons comprise employees, self-employed persons, and assisting spouses. In order to be classified as employed, a person must work, i.e. carry out work against some form of payment for at least one hour during the reference period. Moreover, persons who are temporarily absent during the reference period (due to sickness, holiday, leave, etc.) will be considered to be employed. Employees must be permanently associated with an employer in order for them to be considered temporarily absent.
Employee	A person with employment who receives wages or salaries.
Employees' Wage Guarantee Fund, the	This constitutes a statutory guarantee for employee claims as regards wages, holiday benefits, etc., in the event that their employer becomes bankrupt, their workplace ceases operations, etc.
Employment exchange	Labour exchange under the auspices of the Danish State is carried out by the Public

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	Employment Service offices. The employment exchange carried out by Public Employment Service offices comprises part of the total employment exchange within the labour market. No statistics are available on the local-authority employment exchange, which was introduced in 1990.
Energy and resource taxes	Taxes, duties, etc., on electricity, gas, petrol, natural gas, and certain oil products. Also taxes on coal, coke, etc.
Environmental taxes	Comprises taxes and duties on waste, CO ₂ , SO ₂ , packaging, disposable cutlery, CFC, pesticides, herbicides, fungicides, raw materials, water supplies, NiCd batteries, and chlorinated solvents.
Equity capital	Owner's share of the capital. Calculated as total assets less total provisions and debt.
Expectation of life	The average number of years that a person of a given age can expect to live, assuming that age-specific mortality levels remain constant (i.e. the rates observed for the period under review). Thus, there are figures for mean life expectancy for each age.
Export value	Value FOB Danish port or free delivered border station.
Exports of goods and services	Comprises all goods (new and used) which, against payment or for free, take permanent leave of Danish financial territory for destinations outside Denmark, as well as all services supplied by Danish units to foreign units.
Factoring	"Factoring" denotes that a financing company offers loans secured on the debtors of the loan taker.
Family	One or more persons who live at the same address and who have specific relations to each other. A family may consist of a single person, a couple, or of a child under 18 years of age not living at home. Children under 18 living at home are regarded as part of their parent's families. See also Singles.
Family allowance	Benefit paid regardless of income to all families with children under the age of 18 as a fixed amount per child.
Family income	In income statistics, family income comprises the sum of primary income, transfer income, capital income (cf. these), and certain foreign types of income which cannot immediately be included in the scope of these three types of income.
Feed unit (FU)	A calculation unit based on the feed value. For example, one feed unit equals the feed value of 0.97 kg wheat, 1.00 kg rye, 0.98 kg Triticale, 1.05 kg barley, 1.26 kg oats, 0.92 kg pulses, or 0.61 kg rape. 1 FU for straw is 5.5 kg for wheat, oats and Triticale, 5 kg for barley and 7.5 kg for rye. The calculation for green fodder and root crops is based on the dry-matter content.
Fertility	Total: The number of children that would be born alive to 1,000 women during the reproductive period of their lives (the 15-49 age bracket) if 1) all of the 1,000 women lived to be 50 years old, and 2) all these women gave birth to the exact number of children specified in a given year's fertility rates within each age group.
Films	Films shown in cinemas (long films) have a length of more than 1,600 metres of 35 mm. film (approximately one hour of film). Films of less than 1,600 metres in length are normally defined as short films (often documentaries).
Finance loans	Loans raised abroad, normally in a foreign currency, with a maturity of at least one year.
Financial intermediation services indirectly measured (FISIM)	Are calculated as the difference between bank interest receipts, etc., and bank interest payments (i.e. the interest margin). In accordance with international recommendations, this amount is subtracted from the sum of the gross value added by activity, with a view to incorporating the interest margin in production values within financial activities without having to carry out an estimated breakdown of the amount by intermediate consumption (raw materials and auxiliary materials) within corporations.
Financial transactions	Financial transactions within the balance of payments occur when e.g. the Danish central government, municipalities, or private enterprises take out loans abroad or when Danish securities are sold abroad. In both cases, this entails a deterioration of the external balance and a corresponding increase in foreign-currency reserves. This also applies when loans raised in Denmark by non-residents are repaid. Conversely, the granting of loans to non-

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	residents and instalments paid on loans obtained abroad will improve the external balance while effecting a corresponding reduction in foreign-currency reserves.
First-time registrations of road motor vehicles	New motor vehicles which are registered for the first time. This does not include imported used motor vehicles which are registered for the first time in Denmark
Fixed assets	The part of total assets which are designated for permanent ownership or use by the company.
Fixed capital formation	Comprises expenditure on construction of new buildings (including dwellings) and civil engineering projects, purchases of transport equipment, machines, software, furnishings, etc. Also included are increases in farm stocks.
Foreign exchange reserves	Denmark's foreign-exchange reserves are Danmarks Nationalbank's holdings of liquid assets which can be used for foreign payments. The foreign-exchange reserves comprise the Danmarks Nationalbank gold reserves, claims against the IMF (SDR), claims against the European Central Bank, reserve position in the IMF, and net claims against other countries.
Freight service	Ships calling at Danish ports to discharge or load cargoes, including rock-fishing vessels. Rocks, etc., collected in the ocean are included in domestic cargo discharges.
Full-time employed persons	Shows the total amount of work measured as full work years. Employed persons who work part-time or who have only had employment for a part of the year are included at the relevant fraction. This is calculated on the basis of contributions made to the labour-market supplementary pension scheme (ATP), as these contributions vary according to the working hours put in.
Functional distribution of expenditure	The functional distribution of expenditure elucidates the purpose and objectives of public expenditure, i.e. how the public purse is spent. The statistics on general government utilise three main groups: principal public services, social and health services, and economic services. Expenditure which is not distributed according to function includes interest expenditure and other expenditure pertaining to debts within general government.
Fungicides	Chemicals used to combat fungal infections.
General government	General government comprises those authorities and institutions whose main function is to produce non-market public services and/or to carry out redistribution of the income of society. The demarcation of general government must be seen in relation to publicly-owned enterprises; these two in conjunction constitute the total public sector.
General social statistics	Total annual calculations regarding recipients of transfer payments. This may involve <i>temporary benefits</i> , i.e. unemployment benefits, sickness benefits, maternity benefits, cash benefits, rehabilitation, leave benefits, activation, etc., or <i>permanent benefits</i> , i.e. old-age pension, early retirement pension/pay, etc. Calculations distinguish between <i>benefits experienced</i> , which are the types of benefits received by a single person during a year, and <i>principal benefits</i> , which constitute the dominant type of benefit (in terms of duration) received during a year
General trade	Account which, in principle, comprises all imported and exported goods.
Gold reserves	Danmarks Nationalbank's gold reserves are valued on the basis of the latest official quotation in London («gold fixing»).
Goods	Within balance-of-payments statistics, both imports and exports of goods are calculated FOB, which means that deductions are made to the import statistics CIF given on foreign trade in order to adjust these statistics for added freight costs from sea transport. Foreign-trade statistics are also adjusted for items involving the Faeroe islands and Greenland, as well as for a number of minor items.
Goods loaded	Cargoes which have been loaded onto a ship at a port.
Goods transport	One tonne carried one kilometre - measured in ton-kilometres.

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Goods unloaded	Cargoes unloaded from a ship at a port.
Government bonds	Bonds issued in Denmark by the Danish central government.
Greater Copenhagen Region	The municipalities of Copenhagen, Frederiksberg, and Gentofte.
Gross domestic income at market prices	Is calculated by deducting capital income and expenses for compensation of employees (net) outside of Denmark from the gross domestic product at market prices.
Gross domestic product at market prices	On the basis of production is production at market price less production consumption at purchase price. It can also be calculated on the basis of income as compensation to employees plus profit from production and miscellaneous income plus production taxes, net. Finally, it can be calculated on the basis of utilisation as the sum of all utilisation at purchase price less imports of goods CIF and services.
Gross energy consumption	The quantity of energy products left after conversion at refineries and prior to conversion at utility works (electricity, gas, and district heating plants).
Gross factor income	Equals the gross domestic product at factor prices. This is calculated by deducting other production taxes (net) from the gross value added at basic prices.
Gross freight	Income from freight generated by own or chartered ships.
Gross margin	Gross profit as a percentage of turnover.
Gross national disposable income at market prices	Is calculated by subtracting current transfers, etc. (net) to EU institutions and other countries from the gross domestic income at market prices.
Gross operating surplus and mixed income	Is calculated as gross value added at basic prices less other production taxes, net, and compensation of employees. Deduction of consumption of fixed real capital, will give the net productoin surplus and mixed income which is used as compensation for the selfemployed in their own enterprise, and as interest payments on foreign capital, etc.
Gross operating surplus, general government	Is the part of the gross factor income which falls to the public sector itself. As the output of the public sector is calculated on the basis of costs, the gross operating surplus will correspond to consumption of fixed real capital, also known as provisions or reinvestment.
Gross profit	Is calculated as turnover less intermediate consumption less expenditure on wages, salaries and subcontractors.
Gross saving	Corresponds to gross national disposable income at market prices less private and government consumption. Gross saving is thus equal to gross capital formation + capital transfers, net, and net lending.
Gross tonnage	GT: is an abstract measurement which expresses the capacity of all the covered spaces of a ship This measurement has now replaced the Gross Registered Tonnage (GRT).
Gross value added at basic prices	Is equal to the gross domestic product at basic prices and is measured for each industry as output at basic prices less intermediate consumption at purchase prices and thus also equals the sum of other taxes on production, net, compensation of employees and gross operating surplus and mixed income. For society as a whole, gross value added can also be measured as gross domestic product at market prices less taxes on products, net.
Hectare	1 hectare equals 10,000 m ² , i.e. 100 hectares equal 1 km ² .
Herbicides	Weed killers, used to combat unwanted plant growth in crop farming.
HIV	Human immunodeficiency virus is a virus which attacks the body's immune system. A person infected with HIV will form antibodies against this virus and is designated as "HIV positive". See <i>AIDS</i> .

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Holiday and business trips	Danes' holiday and business trips with at least one night spent away from home. This describes Danish travel patterns, age distribution, size of travel parties, organisation of the trip, and total expenditure on the trip.
Hotel	Enterprises which offer additional services, such as food for overnight guests. This group includes hotels, motels, inns, holiday centres, etc., which offer overnight accommodation to travellers.
Household consumption	Comprises Danish households' expenditure on goods and services in Denmark and abroad. When subtracting consumption by Danish residents abroad (expenditure on tourism, etc.) and adding consumption by non-residents in Denmark (income from tourism, etc.), the figure arrived at is "final consumption of households on Danish territory".
Households	Within the consumption study, "households" comprises persons who live together and who share financial arrangements. Lodgers, etc., constitute their own households.
IMF	The International Monetary Fund. The IMF reserves are calculated as the difference between the assets and liabilities of Denmark's Nationalbank as regards the IMF, i.e. the difference between the amounts paid by Denmark to the IMF and the IMF's holdings in DKK.
Immigrant	An immigrant is a person born abroad to parents (or a parent, where no information is available on both) who are foreign nationals or were born outside Denmark. Where no information is available on either parent, and the person in question is born abroad, said person will also be regarded as an immigrant.
Import value	CIF value at Danish port or border.
Imports of goods and services	Comprises all goods (new and used) which, against payment or for free, gain permanent access to Danish financial territory from destinations outside Denmark, as well as all services supplied by foreign units to Danish units.
Imprisonment	Deprivation of liberty, for life or for a period of time, ranging from 30 days to 16 years.
Imputed contributions to social security schemes	Are estimated contributions paid by civil servants, etc. These contributions correspond to the value of earned entitlement to retirement pensions which is added to their salaries. In practice, this contribution is calculated as the pensions paid by current pension schemes.
Income	In the national accounts, income equals the gross domestic product at factor prices. This is calculated by subtracting other production taxes (net) from the gross value added at basic prices.
Income at market prices	In the national accounts, this is obtained by subtracting capital income and expenditure on compensation of employees (net) abroad from the gross domestic product at market prices.
Income from land and intangible assets	Includes rent/leasehold fees, concession fees, etc.
Increase (new students admitted)	Within educational statistics, "increase" denotes the number of persons who, during a given period (1 October to 30 September of the following year) enrol for education. A student who changes from one type of education to another type within the same group of education is not included in increase statistics.
Increases / reductions in stocks	In public-finance statistics, this concept primarily denotes purchases of goods for intervention stocks and strategic stocks, less sales of such stocks.
Increases in stocks	In the national-accounts statistics, this comprises increases in stocks of raw materials and finished goods at production enterprises, wholesale and retail stocks, and increases in the stock of a number of goods on which special information is available, especially stocks, etc., within agriculture and EU intervention stocks in Denmark.
Index adjustment	For mortgage bonds/mortgage-credit bonds, this is carried out by adjusting the outstanding debt on the basis of the semi-annual changes in prices (in per cent) calculated on the basis of the net retail price index published by Statistics Denmark.

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Industry	Grouping of employed persons by industry is carried out in accordance with Dansk Branchekode 1993 (DB93), which is based on definitions and groupings used in the 1990 EU industry-grouping code (NACE, rev. 1).
Industry grouping	Is based on DB93, which is the classification generally used by Statistics Denmark.
Industry unit	A group of enterprises within the same industry, owned by a single business unit.
Infant mortality	Number of deaths amongst the 0-1 age group per 1,000 live births.
Insecticides	Chemicals used to combat insects; used in crop farming.
Interest and dividends, etc.	In public-finances statistics, this concept comprises actual nominal rate of interest as well as dividends, etc., less any losses.
Interest income	Within income statistics, "interest income" comprises both private and commercial interest income. The consumption survey includes private interest income only.
Interest payments, etc.	In public-finances statistics, this concept comprises actual, nominal, or face interest, e.g. distributed losses on issue prices and expenditure on rental of land and intangible assets. Losses on issue prices are entered (depreciated) as loans are serviced.
Intermediate consumption	Is calculated as the value of goods and services used in production. Within general government statistics, intermediate consumption is defined as purchase of goods and services for current consumption, including expenditure on rent of premises, etc., insurance premiums, and indirect taxes and duties paid by the public sector itself. Moreover, part of the purchases of durable goods for the armed forces (weapon systems) is still considered to be intermediate consumption.
Intermediate consumption	Consumption pertaining to turnover in the form of raw materials, energy products, etc., as well as direct costs pertaining to such purchases, e.g. customs and freight.
Intermediate consumption, etc.	Consumption of goods as well as expenditure on wages/salaries and subcontractors.
IT businesses	IT businesses comprise enterprises/business units which supply products and services within electronics, IT, software, telecommunications, and other areas which are primarily based on information technologies. IT businesses can be divided into four sub-groups, i.e. IT manufacturing, IT wholesale, telecommunications, and IT consultancy services. These groups may, in turn, be divided into a total of 35 individual industries, of which 16 are found within manufacturing, 9 within wholesale, 1 within telecommunications, and 9 within consultancy services.
Joule	Energy unit (GJ=10 ⁹ joule).
Labour-market status	Labour-market associations are calculated in accordance with ILO definitions. More detailed descriptions of this method are available in Arbejdsmarked 1998:21 (Statistiske Efterretninger). The survey of labour-market associations is carried out in week 48 prior to the population survey of 1 January. The labour-market status is determined by initially separating the group of unemployed persons, then separating persons who receive education, early-retirement benefits, pension benefits, transitional-benefit claimants, and persons on leave. All of these persons are classified as being outside the workforce. The remaining group are those who are employed. This method has been modified, so that persons who are receiving education are separated first and placed in the "student" group, regardless of their labour-market status.
Land value	Valuation of land pertaining to a property.
Leasing	"Leasing" means that a leasing company buys a leasing asset upon agreement with the future user of that asset. This asset is then leased - or rented - to the user.
Less developed	Less developed countries comprise all countries which are not defined as more developed

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countries	countries.
Liabilities	Accounting concept which illustrates how the total capital (assets) is financed. The liability known as "equity capital" constitutes a residual between the other liabilities and assets.
Limited company (A/S)	Is a commercial company where all capital investors (shareholders) are liable for their investment only.
Limited partnership	An enterprise in which one or more general partners are liable for all debts and obligations of the enterprise as in a normal partnership, while the other participants (limited partners) are only liable for a specific amount.
Line service traffic	Denotes maritime traffic carried out by means of fixed routes and regular, scheduled round trips.
Listed bonds in circulation	The value of outstanding bonds (including Treasury notes, Treasury bills, and CMO bonds) which are listed on the Copenhagen Stock Exchange and registered with the Danish Securities Centre.
Live birth	A child delivered with clear signs of life (i.e. breathing, screaming, or crying) regardless of the duration of pregnancy.
Long-cycle higher education	Long-cycle higher education involves more than four years of theoretical training (e.g. solicitors, doctors, and engineers). This type of education is largely theoretical in nature.
Market activity	Is carried out by units with the objective of producing goods and services to be sold in the market or for own use or consumption, usually with a view to achieving profits.
Market prices	Correspond to buyers' prices. In the Danish National Accounts, this concept is only used for total figures (e.g. the gross domestic product at market prices).
Market value	For the net addition of listed bonds, market value is calculated as the gross addition at market price less drawings at par (nominal value) and other disposals at market prices.
Marriage quotient	Number of marriages per 1,000 residents.
Maximum equalisation percentage	Denotes the percentage of total incomes which must be transferred from income recipients with incomes greater than average to income recipients with incomes lower than average in order to achieve completely even distribution.
Mean population	The average number of persons within a specific group (e.g. married women aged 20–24 years) present within the Danish population during a specific period. As of 1989, this equals the population on 1 July (for Denmark and Greenland). For the Faeroe Islands, the previous calculation method is used, i.e. the average of the population numbers at the beginning and end of the year.
Median, the	Within income distribution statistics, the median is the income amount which constitutes the middle value, so that half of all those receiving income have incomes which are less than this amount, while the other half have incomes greater than this amount.
Medium-cycle higher education	Medium-cycle higher education entails 2-4 years of training (e.g. school teachers, nurses, etc.). This type of education is mainly theoretical in nature.
Migration surplus	Net immigration: Immigration less emigration.
Money stock	The money stock comprises notes and coins in circulation outside the banking sector plus demand deposits, deposits subject to notice of withdrawal, and time deposits made in banks by private households, local authorities, and non-financial enterprises.
More developed countries	More developed countries comprise all European countries excluding Turkey, Cyprus, Azerbaijan, Uzbekistan, Kazakhstan, Turkmenistan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Georgia, and Armenia. This group also includes the USA, Canada, Japan, Australia, and New Zealand.
Mortality	Signifies the frequency (out of 100,000) of deaths during one year from one birthday to the next. Used in life tables.
Mortality rates	Summary: Number of deaths per 1,000 inhabitants.

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	By age: Number of deaths within a given age bracket per 1,000 persons within the relevant age bracket.
Mortgage	Loan on mortgage/security on real property.
Mortgage deed	A document which stipulates the size and terms of loans against a mortgage in real property.
Mortgage deed registered to the mortgagor	Is a mortgage deed issued by the mortgage holder to himself with a view to pledging it as security for a loan.
Mortgage deed registered to the seller	A mortgage deed with the seller as creditor and the buyer of real property as debtor.
Mortgage-credit bonds	Bonds issued by the mortgage-credit institutions: BRF-Kredit A/S (BRF), Danske Kredit Realkreditaktieselskab (DK), Landsbankernes Reallånefond (LRF), Nykredit A/S (N), Realkredit Danmark A/S (D), TOTALKREDIT Realkreditfond (TK), Unikredit Realkreditaktieselskab (UK), FIH Realkredit (FIH), and Dansk Landbrugs Realkreditfond (DLR).
Multi-family building/multi-storey building	Normally a building with two or more flats (rented or owner-occupied) which serve as dwellings.
Municipalities and counties	Denmark is divided into 275 municipalities, with 273 of these constituting part of 14 separate counties. Copenhagen and Frederiksberg are not included in the normal division by county. Christiansø is not included in the general division of municipalities and is administered by the Ministry of Defence instead.
Mutual insurance companies	Associations of the insured.
National Church, the	According to the Danish constitution, the National Church is the evangelical-Lutheran protestant church. Membership is achieved through baptism.
National health insurance schemes	Schemes which ensure that all Danish residents have access to treatment and health-services, regardless of health, age, and income. Regardless of income, those insured can choose between Group 1, which features free treatment by specified doctors, and Group 2, which offers treatment by doctors outside of the group specified in Group 1 at reduced fees.
Naturalisation	Acquisition of Danish citizenship.
Net price index	The net price index is calculated on the basis of the prices paid by consumers for goods and services which form part of private consumption, less indirect taxes and duties and including price subsidies. The weights used are based on the classification of private consumption in Denmark used in the national accounts, used in conjunction with information from the Household Budget Survey (HBS). From January 2003 the weights are based on figures from the national account and the HBS for the year 1999. From January 2000 to December 2002, the weights were based on figures for the year 1996. From January 2001 the classification of household goods and services is based on the international classification COICOP (Classification of Individual Consumption by Purpose). The calculation is fixed by statute in Act no. 438 of 13 June 1990, with amendments under Section 15 of Act no. 1056 of 23 December 1998, cf. Statutory Order no. 76 of 3 February 1999.
New buildings completed	Buildings which have been authorised for use, temporarily authorised for use, or where the completion of the building has been ascertained regardless of any authorisation for use.
NH₄	NH ₄ is the chemical designation for ammonium. Ammonium is created in various ways, e.g. when farmers spread liquid manure, which contains ammonia, on their land. Ammonium is dispersed and transported by the wind, and the nitrogen contents of ammonium contribute to acidification processes.

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Nitrate	Nitrate is a type of nutritive salt which contributes to algae growth and acidification in the aquatic environment.
Nitric oxides	Compounds of nitrogen and oxygen (NO and NO ₂) created through incineration processes. Nitric oxides are dangerous to health at high concentrations, and in the atmosphere may be converted into nitric acid, which increases the acidity of precipitation and contributes to algae growth.
Non-market activity	Such activity is characterised by being carried out by the public sector, by organisations and associations, or by private households with a view to »own« consumption.
Non-western countries	Non-western countries comprise all countries which are not defined as western countries.
Normal working hours	Normal working hours denote the usual weekly working hours, including any normal overtime.
NOx	NOx is a designation for nitric oxides, which are chemical compounds between a nitrogen atom and one or more oxygen atoms. Nitric oxides are spread by the wind and contribute to acidification of the environment.
Occupational accident	A sudden incident or case of poisoning at the workplace which causes the person involved in the accident to be unable to work for at least one more day than the day of the accident.
Occupational disorder	Any disease which is, or is assumed to be, caused by impacts from the working environment.
Official prices for regulation of farm rents	Called "kapitelstakster" in Danish, this concept denotes average producer prices generated from sales of barley and wheat from the onset of harvesting to the end of December of the harvest year. These official prices are calculated by Statistics Denmark in accordance with Act No. 592 of 12 December 1984, and are mainly used in connection with tenancy contracts.
Old-age pension	A social-security pension for all persons over the age of 66 who meet specific requirements on Danish citizenship and period of residence.
Ordinary free trade	Property sales except from family sales, forced sales, etc.
Other current transfers	Come from other domestic sectors, the EU, and other countries.
Other current transfers to and from abroad	Comprise unilateral transactions between other countries and general government institutions, companies, or individuals with Denmark as their country of residence. A few items which are treated as exports/imports of services in balance-of-payments statistics are also included in this group.
Other owner	Comprises state institutions, local-authority institutions, and associations.
Other services	Within the balance of payments, this denotes a series of transactions which involve a duration of time, such as transport by land and air, insurance, and licenses.
Owner	Within business statistics, "owners" comprise liable owners whose main activity/employment concerns the enterprise owned by them. This category includes assisting spouses.
Partnership	A firm with two or more participants who have entered into an agreement on operating a business together. The participants - partners - are fully liable to the company's creditors.
Passenger kilometre	Unit of transport, i.e. one person carried one kilometre.
Passenger-transport work	Is measured in passenger kilometres.
Personal income	Comprises the sum of earned and transfer income as well as certain types of foreign income which cannot be included in these two types of income.
Persons without employment	See <i>Unemployed</i> .
Pesticides	Chemical products used to combat undesirable biological activity, such as insects, weeds, and fungi.

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Population increase	Birth surplus or natural growth (number of live births less the number of deaths) + net migration (immigration less emigration).
Price adjustments, securities	Changes in the value of shares, mortgage-credit bonds, and mortgage bonds due to changes in interest rates since the last adjustments.
Price relationship	The relationship between two prices. This is used to elucidate changes in the relationship between the price of a product and means of production which are important to the production of this product.
Primary income	Comprises salaries, wages, etc., including contributions to pension schemes administered by employers and net profits from self-employment. Business interest payable and interest expenditure is not included in the calculation of profits from enterprises, which is one of the reasons why it is not possible to carry out direct comparisons between the primary incomes of self-employed persons and employees.
Principal public services	In principle, this main group consists of activities which are public by nature, i.e. activities which cannot be carried out by private individuals or enterprises. It includes the legislative branch, local authorities, local and general enforcement agencies, general financial policies and agencies pertaining thereto, general public personnel policies, centralised purchasing and sales, international relations, police activity, and defence activity. All of these activities must be considered indispensable to any organised society.
Private course organisers	Comprises course activity within the private sector, e.g. private training enterprises, employee and employer organisations, administration schools and a number of independent institutions.
Private consumption expenditure	Comprises the sum of final consumption expenditure of households and consumption within the group "Associations, organisations, etc." which comprises the final use of non-market production in private consumption-oriented, non-profit institutions.
Private limited company (ApS)	Is a commercial company where all capital investors (shareholders) are liable for their investment only.
Probation and prisons	The Department for Prisons and Probation is in charge of operating open and closed institutions, prisons, etc.
Production taxes	Comprises taxes/duties on products and other production taxes. The main elements of the latter group are property taxes and weight duties on motor vehicles which are used in production.
Property value	Up until 1996, the value of real property (land and buildings) was normally determined by means of valuations carried out every four years and annual adjustments. As of 1998, values are determined by means of annual adjustments. The property value comprises land value and building value.
Provisions	Liabilities, the size or date of maturity are not known with certainty, e.g. deferred taxes and pension liabilities.
Public consumption expenditure	Within public finances, this constitutes an expenditure item and is obtained in the following way: $\text{Compensation of employees} + \text{consumption of fixed capital}$ $= \text{Gross domestic product at factor cost}$ $\text{Gross domestic product at factor cost} + \text{intermediate consumption} = \text{production}$ $\text{Production} + \text{social benefits in kind} - \text{sales of goods and services}$ $= \text{Public consumption expenditure}$ <p>Public consumption expenditure (or consumption) comprises actual operating activities carried out within the general-government sector. More than half of total public consumption expenditure can be broken down by specific recipients: persons or households. The remainder constitutes collective public consumption.</p>

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Public course organisers	Comprise state-subsidised public institutions for adult and supplementary education.
Public expenditure on culture	Public expenditure on culture comprises net current expenditure under the Ministry of Cultural Affairs and the allocation of funds generated by the Danish Football Pools Company for cultural purposes. This concept also comprises net current expenditure on culture at local authorities and counties.
Public libraries	According to the Library Act, all municipalities are under an obligation to maintain - alone or jointly - a public library where books and other materials are made available to adults and children free of charge.
Public roads	Roads which fall within the auspices of local authorities, county authorities, or the Danish Road Directorate.
Pure nutrients	Fertiliser consumption: contents of nitrogen (N), phosphorus (P), and potassium (K) in various types of fertiliser.
Quantity index	The quantity index illustrates the quantitative changes in imports and exports
Quartile (lower and upper)	The lower quartile of an income breakdown is the amount which separates income recipients in two groups: one group numbering 25 per cent of the total group with incomes lower than the quartile, and a group numbering 75 per cent of the total group with incomes greater than this lower quartile. Conversely, the upper quartile separates the total group of income recipients into one group numbering 75 per cent with incomes lower than the upper quartile and one group numbering 25 per cent with incomes greater than this upper quartile.
Quartile breakdown	When income recipients have been divided in accordance with income sizes, the proportion of total income accounted for by each quarter group of all income recipients is calculated.
Quotients	Quotients within population statistics: <i>Age specific:</i> Number of live births per year born to mothers within a given age group per 1,000 women within the relevant age group. The quotients within the five-year age groups are calculated as simple averages of the quotients for individual one-year age groups of women within the reproductive age bracket (15-49 years), thus removing the effects of shifts from year to year in the age distribution of women within individual five-year groups. <i>General:</i> Number of live births per 1,000 women within their reproductive period, i.e. aged 15-49 years. <i>Summary:</i> Number of live births per 1,000 residents.
Raw material price index	Is a sub-index of the wholesale-price index which illustrates trends in prices relating to imported, unprocessed raw materials and fuels.
Real property	Independently registered property, consisting of land and buildings.
Real-property valuation	In accordance with Act No. 179 of 23 June 1956 on valuation of Danish real property, the 20th general real-property valuation was carried out on 1 January 1996, while the 21st general valuation was carried out on 1 January 1998. The main regulation of this Act stipulates that such valuation shall extend to all real property in Denmark.
Recognised religious denominations	Religious denominations which are outside of the National Church, but whose religious ceremonies have legal validity, as well as religious denominations outside of the National Church which have legal authority to conduct marriage ceremonies.
Recycling	"Recycling" comprises reuse of waste in its original form and waste recovery; e.g. recycling of used bottles after rinsing and cleansing.
Refugees	Persons who have been granted residence permits in accordance with the regulations under the Aliens Act which pertain to refugees. This group also includes persons who have been granted a residence permit for humanitarian reasons.

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Regional archives	The National Archives receives materials from the central offices of the central government, while the four regional archives receives materials from local offices as well as from local government.
Registered ships	Privately or publicly owned ships of at least 20 GT, except ships owned by the naval forces.
Registered partnership	Registered partnership denotes marriage-like relations between two persons of the same sex.
Reinsurance company	A company in which insurance companies can spread the risks involved in their insurance company by reinsuring their insurance contracts.
Rent	The amount which may be legally claimed from tenants. Rent does not include heating contributions, just as any rent subsidies have not been deducted.
Rent subsidies	Denote subsidies for housing expenses which may be granted upon application, depending on household composition, income, and housing. Rent subsidies may be granted to tenants in leased accommodation and to communal dwellings where the tenant is not a pensioner, whereas pensioners' rent subsidies may be granted to recipients of social pension benefits who live in leased accommodation, co-operative dwellings, owner-occupied dwellings, or communal dwellings.
Reported violations	A violation which has been reported to the police or which has come to the knowledge of the police in other ways.
Reproduction rate	Net: the number of daughters that would be born alive to 1,000 women during the reproduction period of their lives (ages 15-49) if they were to give birth and die in accordance with given levels of fertility and mortality.
Research libraries	All libraries which are mainly financed through public-sector funding and which are not public libraries or school libraries, nor associated with the public-library sector.
Residential or commercial units	A residential unit or a commercial unit within a building is defined as a room or several interconnected rooms with other, associated rooms which are used as a residence or for commercial purposes, possibly for both. A separate access point is required: from street level, through a garden, or via common hallways or stairs. It is vital that the unit in question can be considered an independent address in accordance with the above requirements on independent access.
Salaried employees	Employees with a fixed monthly salary.
Sales of goods and services	Invoiced sales of goods and services manufactured, processed, or assembled by the relevant enterprise, as well as goods which the enterprise has let others manufacture from materials supplied by them.
Sales of own products	Invoiced sales of goods manufactured, processed, or assembled by the relevant enterprise, as well as goods which the enterprise has let others manufacture from materials supplied by them.
SDR	Special Drawing Rights within the IMF. SDRs constitute an international method of payment and can be used for payments internally between central banks and between central banks and the IMF.
Sea transport	A category within statistics on the balance of payments. Earnings from sea transport are partly from Danish shipping companies' ships engaged in international transport, less carriage of merchandise from foreign countries to Denmark, and partly disbursements in Denmark by foreign carriers, e.g. port disbursements, shipbrokers, etc. Expenditure on sea transport includes Danish shipping agencies' expenditure at foreign ports and expenditure on sea transport/freight on imports carried by foreign shipping companies.
Share-price index	Is used to assess general trends within the share market. The share-price index shows value changes in capital placed in a share portfolio which reflects the overall composition of listed shares.
Short-cycle higher education	This type of education (e.g. building technician, bilingual secretary with one language, police officer) involves two years of education after upper-secondary school education. It may involve practical training.

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	may involve practical training.
Simple detention	Also known as lenient imprisonment: deprivation of liberty for a period of 7 days to 6 months. Persons serving a sentence of simple detention have special rights in comparison to those serving a sentence of imprisonment.
Single-family houses	Comprise farmhouses and detached, undetached, or semi-detached one-family houses.
Singles	<p>An adult person who does not form part of a couple. An adult is a person aged 18 or over, or a person who has a child, is married, or who forms part of a cohabiting couple. See Couples.</p> <p>The family tables used in income statistics also include children who do not live with their parents and who were 15 years or more at the end of the year in the "singles" group.</p>
SITC	Standard International Trade Classification, prepared by the UN.
SO₂	See <i>Sulphur dioxide</i>
Social and health services	This main group comprises various services aimed at individuals and offered to households and private individuals. Social and health services include education, national health services, social security, various welfare services, housing and local environments, and cultural, recreational, and religious services.
Social assistance for children and youths	Social assistance under the Social Services Act for children and young people in special-needs families. This includes relocation of the child with or without consent from its parents as well as certain preventive measures
Social benefits in kind	This concept includes health-insurance services and aids which the general government sector purchases on the market and allocates to households in the form of full or partial payment to market producers for supplying specific products to households.
Socio-economic status	Breakdown of the population in accordance with labour-market attachment, i.e. classification into the following categories: self-employed, assisting spouses, employees, unemployed persons, persons temporarily outside the labour force (leave from unemployment and various labour-market measures which do not involve wages), retirement, pensioners, and others outside the labour force (cash-benefit claimants who are not available to the labour market, students, children, young adults, etc.). Employees may be allocated into sub-groups in accordance with skill levels. These skill levels may have been obtained through formal education or through training and hands-on practice.
Special legislation, offences against	Offences which do not fall within the scope of the Danish Penal Code, e.g. offences against the Road Traffic Act, the Euphoricants Act, the Firearms Act, and legislation on taxation.
Standard contribution margin	The standard contribution margin of an activity equals the standard production value less the standard size of the variable costs/expenditure directly linked to this activity.
State-subsidised theatres	In addition to the Royal Theatre and the regional theatres, this group comprises the theatres which are subsidised by the Danish Theatrical Council in accordance with the Act on theatrical enterprises.
Stillborn	A child delivered without clear signs of life (i.e. without breathing, screaming, or crying) after the 28th week of pregnancy.
Subsidies	Comprise all current transfers from the public sector to enterprises which carry out production for the market. The total subsidies are distributed to quasi-government operations and private enterprises. These subsidies are divided into product subsidies, i.e. subsidies which are awarded in proportion with the goods produced, and other production subsidies. It should be mentioned that compensation for operating losses in quasi-government corporations are classified as product subsidies.
Suckling cows	Cows which are normally not used for milk production, but which are used for suckling calves instead. Cows kept for suckling are used when breeding cattle for meat production.
Sulphur dioxide	Is a toxic gas created as a by-product from incineration of e.g. coal and oil. Sulphur dioxide is spread by the wind and contributes to acidification of the environment.
Supplementary	Is granted to employees and self-employed persons aged 60-66 years where certain

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pension	conditions on period of residence in Denmark and working conditions are met. Working hours must be reduced to 12-30 hours per week. Supplementary pensions are calculated on the basis of daily-benefit rates and cannot exceed 82 per cent of the income lost as a result of the reduction in working hours.
Supply	Manufacturing sales of own production plus imports minus exports.
Suspended dust particles	Denotes particles which are capable of remaining suspended in air. In certain situations, suspended dust particles are defined as particles with diameters of less than 10µm. In other cases, such particles are defined as particles created/collected in connection with specific procedures and may include particles larger than 10µm.
Suspended imprisonment	Is a conviction whereby a person is not imprisoned unless the person in question within a period of probation commits new criminal offences or violates terms stipulated by the court.
Taxation assessment	An "estimate" is a taxation unit where one person constitutes one estimate and one person, whereas a married couple constitutes one estimate and two persons. The reason that married couples constitute only one estimate is that married couples are subject to joint taxation in Greenland; i.e. married couples file only one income tax return. The taxable income is calculated as the annual income, i.e. the total number of taxable days divided by 365.
Taxes and duties	In the statistics on public finances, taxes and duties are defined as compulsory transfers to the central government without any link between payment and acquisition of services. In the general statistics, taxes and duties may be broken down by type of tax and national account group. Placing taxes and duties in different parts of the national accounts constitutes an attempt to illustrate the manner in which different taxes and duties affect the national economy. Taxes and duties are divided into production and import taxes, current income and property taxes, capital taxes, fines, compulsory fees, and compulsory contributions to social-security schemes. When classifying taxes and duties according to type, only the tax base is taken into account.
Terms of trade	Are the ratio of the index of unit values for exports to the index of unit values for imports, expressed in per cent.
Time charter	Income from rental of ships.
Tonnage	Denotes ship capacity. One measurement used for tonnage is the gross tonnage.
Tonne kilometres	Unit of transport; i.e. one tonne of goods carried one kilometre.
Total income	The data featured in the consumption survey is obtained through comparisons of various sources of data. As a result, it has been possible to present broader income concepts in this survey than those featured in the general income statistics based on registered information. Thus, the total income statistics of the consumption survey also include income from moonlighting, various winnings, etc. Any enterprise expenditure has been deducted from the incomes of self-employed persons.
Trade balance	The value of exports less the value of imports
Trade journals	Periodical publications mainly aimed at target groups with common interests in terms of industry or finances, etc. These publications are funded by membership fees, subscriptions, and possibly advertising.
Trade unions	Associations of employees and unemployed persons who share the same profession/education and/or the same type of work. The objective of these associations is to promote their members' common interests. Most employees' vocational organisations are members of a main organisation (e.g. LO - the Danish Federation of Trade Unions, FTF - the Danish Confederation of Salaried and Civil Servants' Organisations, or AC - the Danish Confederation of Professional Associations), while a minor number of employee organisations are independent from the main organisations.
Traffic accidents	Accidents occurring on a public road, square, etc., in connection with traffic where at least one of the parties involved in the accident was driving a vehicle.

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	one of the parties involved in the accident was driving a vehicle.
	As regards casualties, traffic-accident statistics include all deaths caused by traffic accidents which occur within 30 days of the accident. The statistics on injuries include all other persons injured in traffic accidents according to police information
Traffic performance	Number of kilometres travelled
Train kilometres	Unit of transport, i.e. one train transported one kilometre.
Tramp trade	Denotes maritime traffic with ships which are not used for line service
Transfer income	Includes cash benefits under the Act on active social policies, etc., unemployment benefits, sickness benefits, public pension benefits, early retirement benefits, leave benefits, student grants, etc. Income in the form of interest is not included in the scope of transfer income.
Transit/transfer air traffic	Denotes intermediate landings. Transit indicates that the journey continues on the same plane. Transfer indicates a change of aircraft.
Travel	Within statistics on the balance of payments, "travel" denotes earnings from non-residents travelling or staying in Denmark, and costs from Danish residents travelling or staying abroad, as well as income and expenditure from cross-border shopping.
Treasury bills	Securities issued by the central government with a maturity of 3 or 6 months. Treasury bills have no nominal interest rate; however, the effective interest rate is calculated as the difference between the price at the time of purchase and the principal amount. Treasury bills are mainly sold to banks.
Treasury notes	Central-government securities with a maturity of less than two years.
Turnover	Income generated from sales of products and services which concern the main activities of an enterprise. Turnover has been calculated less any discounts and does not include taxes, etc., which are directly associated with sales. This concept also includes work which has been carried out at one's own expense and booked as assets, e.g. construction of own machines.
Turnover, etc.	Turnover and other income from operation.
TV 2	TV 2 comprises mainly autonomous institutions which broadcast national and regional television programmes. TV 2 is subject to »public service« obligations. In addition to the national TV 2/Danmark, TV 2 also comprises 8 regional TV stations. TV 2 is funded by income from commercials and TV licence funds.
Type of farming	Within agricultural statistics, the production systems of farms are characterised by the proportions of various types of farming within the total standard contribution margin of the relevant farm.
Type of ownership	Enterprises with limited liability, etc.: limited company (A/S), private limited company (ApS), limited partnership (AmbA). Enterprises with unlimited liability: sole proprietorships, other types of partnerships. Other owners include the State, local authorities, funds, associations, and independent institutions.
Unclassified functions, expenditure by	Within public finances, this main group mainly includes interest payments and other costs related to general government debt. Payment of interest on debt is a sign that previous expenditure has been financed by taking out loans, rather than by means of current taxes. Such expenditure is not connected to current activities, and thus cannot be classified as belonging within any one particular function.
Unemployed	<p>A person is classified as being unemployed if, during the reference period, they do not have a job but are available to the labour market and are actively looking for employment. The statistics of registered unemployed (CRAM) are, as far as possible, prepared in accordance with this definition.</p> <p>Within CRAM, individual unemployment is calculated on the basis of the number of hours of unemployment during the week, whereas the number of unemployed persons within</p>

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	<p>RAS is calculated as those persons who were fully unemployed during the last week of November according to CRAM. The concepts "persons having experienced unemployment" and "average number of unemployed" are examples of some of the central concepts used.</p>
Unemployment insurance fund	<p>An association, recognised by the Danish State, of wage-earning/salaried employees or of self-employed persons who have formed an association with the purpose of securing financial aid in the event of unemployment. In order to be state-authorised, such funds must meet a number of requirements; e.g., since 1 January 1985 such funds must have at least 5,000 members, a fact which has entailed a number of mergers of smaller funds, etc.</p>
Unemployment rates in per cent	<p>Unemployment rates in per cent are calculated for the group of persons who are members of an unemployment insurance fund and for the total group of registered unemployed persons, i.e. unemployed insured persons plus unemployed uninsured persons. Both calculations are carried out for the 16-66 age bracket and do not include persons receiving early-retirement benefits or transitional benefits.</p> <p>The unemployment rate in per cent for registered unemployed persons is calculated by comparing the average number of unemployed persons to the workforce (RAS).</p> <p>The unemployment rate in per cent for insured persons is calculated by dividing the average number of unemployed insured persons at the end of the period with the number of insured persons at the end of the period.</p>
Unit-value index, the	<p>Indicates changes in the price of imported and exported goods.</p>
Urban area	<p>An urban area comprises at least 200 inhabitants in a built-up area with distances of no more than 200 m between houses unless such distances are caused by public areas/facilities, sports venues, business facilities, etc.</p>
User	<p>Within agricultural statistics, the "user" of an agricultural holding denotes the person in whose name and at whose expense the relevant holding is run.</p>
Value	<p>Value is calculated for each commodity classification as invoiced sales ex factory, excluding VAT.</p>
Vehicle kilometre	<p>One vehicle moved one kilometre.</p>
Vehicle stock	<p>Comprises all vehicles which bear number plates (active vehicles) at the time of calculation.</p>
Vocational education and training	<p>Vocational education and training comprises education at business schools, technical schools, agricultural schools, maritime schools, and social and health schools. This type of education constitutes a mixture of practical training at workplaces and school training.</p>
Voluntary contribution to social security schemes	<p>Signifies contributions which entitle contributors to receive public social security benefits. The voluntary aspect denotes that these contributions fall outside the scope of taxation. Voluntary schemes include contributions to voluntary unemployment insurance, etc., and voluntary contributions to the labour-market supplementary pension scheme (ATP). Such contributions are mainly made by self-employed individuals who have joined this scheme of their own volition.</p>
Wage and salary costs (aggregate)	<p>Comprises the total annual costs of wages and salaries to all employees at a workplace as well as any payments made to capital-pension schemes administered by employers. This amount includes holiday compensations, but does not include pension contributions or contributions to the labour-market supplementary pensions scheme (ATP).</p>
Waste paper	<p>Collected, partially cleaned, and processed used paper.</p>
Water supply	<p>A water-supply unit comprises one or more water works, one or more borings, and a supply network. General water supplies are units which supply water to at least ten households.</p>
Water works	<p>Water works denote water-processing facilities with containers for pure water. The raw-water supply can originate from one or more borings.</p>
Western countries	<p>Western countries comprise EU countries, the new EU countries (Cyprus, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, Slovakia, Slovenia, Czech Republic, Hungary).</p>

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	Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, Slovakia, Slovenia, Czech Republic, Hungary), Iceland, Norway, Andorra, Liechtenstein, Monaco, San Marino, Switzerland, the Vatican State, Canada and USA.
Wholesale-price index, the	This index indicates trends in producer and importer sales prices, excluding VAT and domestic excise duties, but including customs and import duties. The weights used is the total value of production and imports at the base year including customs duty, but excluding VAT and domestic excise duties.
Withdrawal of income from quasi corporations	Are calculated for quasi-public corporations which are entered into the public accounts but which are not incorporated into the general government sector, e.g. port authorities and the Danish Financial Supervisory Authority. Calculations of profits include depreciation as operating expenditure. The share accounted for by the central government in the profits of Danmarks Nationalbank is also included.
Work force	The sum of employed and unemployed persons.
Work function	Indicates a person's area of work.
Work scope	For persons with unemployment insurance, the scope of work is calculated on the basis of their insurance category. This is to say that full-time insured persons are considered to work full-time, and part-time insured persons are considered to work part-time. For persons without insurance, the scope of work is calculated on the basis of the ATP contributions paid and their length of employment.
Work stoppage	The most common types of work stoppages are strikes and lockouts. The statistics do not differentiate between legal disputes and disputes between different interests, nor between work stoppage in accordance with or in defiance of agreements entered into
Worker	Employed male and female workers as well as working masters who normally take an active part in manual labour. This group comprises skilled labour, apprentices, EU apprentices, and unskilled labour.
Workplaces and jobs, end of November	The number of workplaces at the end of November is calculated as the workplaces with which jobs are registered at this time. Jobs comprise employees (salaried or wage-earning) as well as self-employed persons and assisting spouses.

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