KEY FIGURES FOR TRANSPORT 2011





Preface

Statistics Denmark - in collaboration with the Danish Ministry of Transport hereby issues *Key figures for transport 2011*. Correspondent publications have been published since 1998.

The aim of the publication is to provide a summary description of the structure and development of the conveyance of goods and passengers using tables and figures. As a general rule, the reference period is the 3 most recent years and one year 10 years back.

Key figures for transport 2011 contains 19 pages with tables and figures and a text section at the end of the publication, including definitions, remarks and sources used for each table.

Key figures for transport 2011 are accessible from the web sites of Statistics Denmark www.dst.dk and the Ministry of Transport www.trm.dk.

Further information may for some areas be obtained from the publication *Statistical News* appearing in the series *Transport*, Statbank Denmark www.statistikbanken.dk and in *Definitions for Transport Statistics*.

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Key figures for transport 2011

Published by Statistics Denmark June 2012

Internet version ISBN 978-87-501-1835-0 ISSN 1601-1112

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Symbols

0

- $\left\{\begin{array}{c} 0\\ 0,0 \end{array}\right\}$ Less than half the final digit shown
- Category not applicable
- .. Available information not conclusive or withheld owing to nondisclosure practice
- ... Data not available
- Nil
- Break in a series, which means that data above the line are not fully comparable with data below the line

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1.	The	infrastructure	on	1 January
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	2001	2009	2010	2011
	-	km		
Road network length, total	71 664	73 331	73 574	74 171
Motorways	978	1 128	1 130	1 1 30
Dual carriageways	306	379	379	381
Other roads	70 380	71 824	72 065	72 661
Rail network length, total	2 787	2 667	2 667	2 667
Of which: electrified	624	642	642	642
private railways	514	514	514	514
		no		
Stations and halts	554	547	548	545
Seaports	129	114	116	113
Airports	24	23	23	23

Road network length. 1 January



2. Investments in infrastructure

	2000	2008	2009	2010
	-	— 2000-prices, DKK	mio	
Road network	3 388	5 056	3 999	5 045
Rail network	1 385	1 391	1 522	1 580
New investments	956	199	205	347
Reinvestments	360	1 157	1 286	1 167
Other investments	69	35	31	66
Private railways	97	157	21	6
Seaports	424	771	701	
Constructions	277	671	528	
Buildings	147	100	174	
Airports	880	103	469	
Great Belt Link	29	42	56	47
Øresund Link	566	7	4	5
Copenhagen Metro	2 126	302	325	450





	2000	2008	2009	2010
	-	no		
Stock on 31 December				
Private cars, total Of which: in households in industries	1 854 060 1 699 719 131 510	2 099 090 1 941 978 157 112	2 120 322 1 965 124 155 198	2 163 676 1 994 745 168 931
Petrol-powered cars Diesel-powered cars Electric-powered cars Others	1 747 961 105 836 238 25	1 715 006 383 921 140 23	1 686 330 433 743 219 30	1 661 702 501 653 296 25
Taxis	6 059	5 643	5 533	5 316
Under 800 kg unladen weight 801-1,200 kg unladen weight Over 1,200 kg unladen weight	275 846 1 273 805 293 603	128 376 1 180 647 789 823	126 792 1 157 766 835 374	127 362 1 144 552 891 238
Average age, years	8.2	9.1	9.3	9.4
Buses and coaches, total Buses in scheduled services Coaches and other buses	13 968 4 660 9 308	14 452 5 467 8 986	14 509 5 637 8 872	14 496 5 873 8 623
Caravans	108 924	140 366	142 354	142 764
Motorcycles	73 695	143 546	147 373	148 766
45-Mopeds	64 615	61 224	57 866	54 842
Registrations of new vehicles				
Private cars Of which: in households in industries	113 633 72 579 39 444	150 663 92 847 57 816	112 249 61 892 50 357	153 612 74 860 78 752
Buses and coaches Motorcycles	735 3 300	929 6 690	963 3 743	852 2 639

3. Private cars, buses and motorcycles

Stock on private cars



Registrations of new private cars



4. Goods motor vehicles

	2000	2008	2009	2010
		no		
Stock on 31 December				
Vans, total Under 2,000 kg gross weight 2,001-3,500 kg gross weight	323 782 64 625 259 157	481 887 83 358 398 529	462 359 79 190 383 169	441 455 79 214 362 241
Road tractors	11 256	14 887	13 202	12 891
Lorries, total 3,501-6,000 kg gross weight 6,001-12,000 kg gross weight Over 12,000 kg gross weight	38 220 4 899 7 564 25 411	34 629 2 832 8 370 23 427	32 300 2 568 7 910 21 822	30 820 2 340 7 610 20 870
Trailers over 5,000 kg gross weight	12 975	12 482	12 040	11 739
Semi-trailers	23 594	38 847	36 214	35 200
Registrations of new vehicles				
Vans Under 2,000 kg gross weight 2,001-3,500 kg gross weight	31 451 1 098 30 353	33 659 6 405 27 254	15 213 3 015 12 198	16 270 3 488 12 782
Lorries, including road tractors Road tractors	4 786 2 150	6 716 3 053	3 261 1 290	2 752 1 252

Stock on vans by gross weight



Stock on lorries by gross weight



5. Rolling stock of railways

	2001	2009	2010	2011
-		no		
Stock on 1 January				
Train sets	478	548	610	641
Diesel train sets	267	326	327	342
Electric train sets	211	222	283	299
Of which: Metropolitan S-trains	158	120	120	120
Copenhagen Metro	-	34	34	34
Locomotives	215	136	138	131
Passenger carriages in sets	1 465	1 603	1 820	2 059
Diesel train sets	636	775	809	1 000
Electric train sets	829	828	1 011	1 059
Of which: Metropolitan S-trains	626	478	478	478
Copenhagen Metro	-	102	102	102
Passenger carriages, singles	288	202	172	112
-		——— thousand seat	s	
Seats in train sets	90.6	107.5	116.9	124.9
Diesel train sets	36.8	49.2	45.1	48.2
Electric train sets	53.8	58.4	71.8	76.7
Of which: Metropolitan S-trains	41.8	39.6	39.6	39.6
Copenhagen Metro	-	3.3	3.3	3.3
Seats in passenger carriages	20.4	16.9	16.5	10.8

Seats in passenger trains



6. Danish ships over 20 GT on 1 January

	2001	2009	2010	2011
		no		
Danish ships, total	1 797	1 742	1 773	1 768
Tankers	95	123	145	166
Container ships	87	91	92	97
Other dry cargo ships	469	305	290	280
Passenger ships / ferries	129	107	113	113
Fishing vessels	714	651	633	589
Other	303	465	500	523
		thousand G	Т ———	
Tonnage, total	6 472	10 325	11 084	11 844
Tankers	1 543	2 859	3 563	3 964
Container ships	3 177	5 876	6 018	6 481
Other dry cargo ships	991	813	649	572
Passenger ships / ferries	436	444	491	444
Fishing vessels	132	128	123	113
Other	191	205	239	269

Danish ships by use



Danish ships by use and tonnage



Road traffic, total Private cars Taxis Motorcycles	44 365	—— mio. vehicle-l	(m			
Private cars Taxis Motorcycles	44 365					
Taxis Motorcycles		49 883	49 090	48 160		
Motorcycles	31 223	33 404	33 236	32 974		
,	536	508	505	490		
	371	450	436	444		
45-mopeds	107	87	83	78		
Vans	6 462	9 361	9 1 7 0	8 807		
Lorries	1 438	1 295	1 121	1 129		
Road tractors	709	1 1 3 2	979	1 004		
Buses in scheduled services	349	364	372	381		
Coaches and other buses	250	242	238	233		
Bicycles / mopeds	2 920	3 040	2 950	2 620		
	mio. train-km					
Railway traffic, total	68.3	81.8	81.7	83.1		
Metropolitan S-trains	14.4	15.3	15.5	14.7		
Other passenger transport by rail	40.6	49.9	49.3	50.3		
Carriage of goods by rail	5.8	3.1	3.2	3.7		
Copenhagen Metro	-	5.0	5.1	4.8		
Private railways	7.5	8.5	8.6	9.6		
		thousand ca	lls ———			
Seaport calls, total	561	553	541	520		
Ferries, domestic lines	436	450	448	440		
Ferries, international lines	95	76	71	59		
Cargo vessels	30	26	22	21		
Air traffic, total	382	364	330	344		
Domestic air traffic	86	97	93	98		
International air traffic	296	267	237	246		

7. Traffic: Roads, railways, seaports and airports

Road traffic



Rail traffic



8. Passenger transport

	2000	2008	2009	2010	
		—— mio. passeng	er-km		
Passenger transport in DK	74 262	78 917	78 193	77 359	
Cars	57 206	61 229	60 742	59 900	
Motorcycles. incl. 45-mopeds	570	649	628	633	
Buses in scheduled services	2 867	2 850	2 850	2 850	
Coaches and other buses	4 552	4 100	4 088	4 115	
Bicycles/mopeds	2 920	3 040	2 950	2 620	
Metropolitan S-trains	1 182	1 084	1 097	1 108	
Copenhagen Metro	-	195	215	239	
Other trains	4 355	5 196	5 055	5 240	
Ferries	247	202	187	184	
Aeroplanes	363	372	381	470	
-		thousand passengers			
Road transport across Great Belt	13 272	20 306	20 105	19 357	
Road transport across Øresund	4 694	14 666	14 829	14 574	
Ferries, total	41 511	36 415	33 579	32 281	
Domestic ferries, total	10 308	9 952	9 574	9 374	
International ferries, total	31 203	26 463	24 005	22 907	
Trains, total	165 700	226 250	233 029	238 447	
Metropolitan S-trains	91 700	91 111	92 146	92 995	
Copenhagen Metro	-	46 500	49 800	52 500	
Other trains	74 000	88 639	91 083	92 952	
Scheduled/charter air traffic	11 072	13 063	12 063	13 336	
Scheduled traffic, domestic	1 854	1 803	1 839	2 285	
Scheduled traffic, international	7 852	9 815	8 917	9 708	
Charter traffic	1 365	1 446	1 306	1 342	

Passengers at Danish airports



Passenger transport performance by private car, scheduled bus and train



	2000	2008	2009	2010
		—— mio. ton	ines —	
Total Transport for hire or reward Transport for own account	206.9 159.4 47.5	179.2 144.6 34.6	137.8 107.5 30.4	156.7 125.0 31.8
Agricultural, forestry and fishing products Food products, bevarages, tobaco and animal fodder Coal, oil and chemical products Metal ores, gravel, salt, manufactured construction materials Other manufactured goods and other goods	···· ··· ···	22.6 25.6 14.6 77.2 39.3	19.2 21.7 9.4 53.8 33.7	23.7 24.8 10.4 59.5 38.4
		—— mio. tonn	e-km	
Total Transport for hire or reward Transport for own account Agricultural, forestry and fishing products Food products, bevarages, tobaco and animal fodder Coal, oil and chemical products	11 000 8 926 2 074 	10 718 8 839 1 879 1 597 2 152 936	10 002 8 074 1 928 1 409 2 079 820	10 573 8 720 1 853 1 715 2 248 753
Metal ores, gravel, salt, manufactured construction materials Other manufactured goods and other goods		3 011 3 023	2 597 3 097	2 429 3 428
		per ce	nt ———	
Use of capacity by national laden journeys, total For hire or reward For own account	48 50 42	44 44 44	45 45 43	46 47 44
Use of capacity by inter- national laden journeys, total From Denmark To Denmark	63 63 63	59 58 62	51 51 52	56 54 58

9. National transport of goods by Danish road vehicles over 6 tonnes of gross vehicle weight

National road transport of goods



National goods transport performance on road, by commodity category 2010



	2000	2008	2009	2010
-			tonnes ———	
By Danish vehicles	16 897	14 306	11 504	8 951
To Denmark	7 215	6 159	4 548	2 849
Agricultural, forestry and fishing products Food products, bevarages, tobaco and animal fodder Coal, oil and chemical products Metal ores, gravel, salt, manufactured construction materials	···· ··· ···	438 579 450 548	351 603 283 625	327 411 213 282
Other manufactured goodsand other goods		4 145	2 686	1 617
From Denmark	8 402	6 739	5 247	4 044
Agricultural, forestry and fishing products Food products, bevarages, tobaco and animal fodder Coal, oil and chemical products Metal ores, gravel, salt, manufactured construction materials Other manufactured goodsand other goods	···· ··· ···	634 928 283 745 4 149	500 875 287 734 2 854	534 617 146 593 2 154
Third-country transport Cabotage	616 665	353 1 055	462 1 248	769 1 289
By foreign vehicles to or from Denmark	9 078	18 848	17 688	17 208
-		—— mio. tonr	ie-km ———	;
Total To Denmark From Denmark	13 021 5 739 6 426	8 762 3 981 4 266	6 874 2 828 3 403	4 445 1 469 2 033
Third-country transport Cabotage	606 251	260 254	386 257	634 310
By foreign vehicles to or from Denmark	6 912	13 651	12 716	12 721

10. International transport of goods by road vehicles over 6 tonnes of gross vehicle weight

International goods transport performance and goods transport by Danish vehicles



	2000	2008	2009	2010		
	mio. tonne-km					
Goods carried by train	2 057	1 867	1 698	2 240		
National traffic	488	122	123	167		
To Denmark	425	268	176	143		
From Denmark	274	90	64	64		
In transit	870	1 387	1 335	1 866		
	thousand tonnes					
Goods transport by train	7 874	7 140	6 116	8 100		
National traffic	2 049	512	480	737		
To Denmark	1 995	1 477	955	908		
From Denmark	1 252	596	440	470		
In transit	2 578	4 555	4 241	5 985		
Goods carried by cargo ship	64 933	69 877	60 380	57 156		
National traffic	9 072	13 596	10 656	9 897		
To Denmark	30 984	34 451	28 893	26 681		
From Denmark	24 876	21 830	20 831	20 578		
Goods carried by ferry	20 480	21 554	18 531	19 371		
National traffic	3 737	4 538	4 007	3 841		
International traffic	16 743	17 016	14 525	15 530		
Goods carried by aircraft	132	202	160	151		
National traffic	9	7	6	4		
International traffic	123	195	155	147		

Ship

11. Goods transport by train, ship and aircraft



Train

Danish Iorry

Foreign

lorry

Goods transport performance in mio. tonne-km. National traffic 2010



12. Road traffic accidents

	2000	2008	2009	2010	
	no				
Accidents causing casualty	7 346	5 020	4 174	3 498	
Casualties, total	9 590	6 329	5 250	4 408	
Motorists	5 210	3 381	2 812	2 395	
Motorcyclists	675	457	417	322	
Moped riders	1 010	878	656	504	
Cyclists	1 750	1 058	871	714	
Pedestrians	945	555	494	473	
Of which fatal, total	498	406	303	255	
Motorists	270	223	184	151	
Motorcyclists	36	43	30	24	
Moped riders	35	28	12	10	
Cyclists	58	54	25	26	
Pedestrians	99	58	52	44	
Alcohol accidents	1 272	824	680	530	
Casualties	1 696	1 012	861	671	
Of which fatal	110	93	75	64	
Accidents involving heavy					
motor vehicles	490	297	192	189	
Casualties	608	373	229	216	
Of which fatal	98	62	37	37	



Traffic fatalities

	2000	2008	2009	2010	
Consumer price index, total	100.0	118.1	119.7	122.4	
Transport, total	100	124	121	125	
Bus and train transport	100	138	141	145	
Air transport	100	113	107	97	
Sea transport National International	100 100 100	131 150 129	144 154 143	157 155 158	
Taxis	100	141	144	144	
Vehicle purchases	100	112	111	110	
Maintenance of private cars	100	131	135	138	
Petrol	100	129	119	134	
	current prices, DKK mio				
Revenue from taxes Weight excise duty Registration taxes Third party insurance duty Other transport taxes Petrol taxes Taxes on some oil products	40 423 6 930 13 850 1 327 1 555 10 004 6 757	50 025 9 805 19 099 1 976 1 312 8 898 8 934	42 631 9 827 11 856 1 898 1 380 8 700 8 970	43 469 10 019 13 523 1 854 1 421 8 029 8 623	
Of which diesel for road transport		8 734	8 672	8 523	

13. Consumer prices and indirect taxes

Prices

4,5 4,0 3,5 2,5 2,0 1,5 1,0 0,5 0,0

DKK per litre

Indirect tax rates. 1 January

	2000	2008	2009	2010	
-					
Energy consumption of road transport					
Consumption of motor petrol	2 708	2 269	2 182	2 032	
Consumption of diesel oil	1 792	2 605	2 466	2 585	
-		PJ			
Energy consumption of					
national transport, total	166.6	182.6	174.2	173.5	
Road transport	153.7	168.4	160.6	160.6	
Rail transport	4.3	4.6	4.5	4.7	
Sea transport	6.9	8.1	7.5	6.5	
Air transport	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.6	
-	(µg/m3)				
NO ₂ (Nitrogen dioxide)					
Copenhagen (city centre)	42	45	43	39	
Aarhus (city centre)		41	41	39	
Odense (city centre)	31	29	31	32	
Aalborg (city centre)	35	40	41	39	
Particles					
Copenhagen (city centre)	47	30	29	29	
Aarhus (city centre)		27	25	25	
Odense (city centre)	49	31	27	26	
Aalborg (city centre)	51				

14. Energy consumption of the transport activities and NO₂ and particles in the air

Consumption of motor petrol and diesel oil



	1998	2006	2007	2008	
	employees				
Transport sector, total		138 152	137 761	124 236	
Road transport		74 913	75 122	66 898	
Scheduled bus services		13 300	13 381	12 845	
Tourist coach services		4 818	4 914	4 320	
Taxi operation		12 696	12 618	10 659	
Haulage contractors		38 965	38 921	34 235	
Furniture removers		1 891	1 874	1 595	
Auxiliary land transport activities		3 243	3 414	3 244	
Rail transport		8 441	8 257	9 527	
Air transport		12 531	13 268	11 666	
Sea transport		17 429	15 307	13 428	
Shipping companies		11 929	9 783	7 415	
Ferry services		3 050	3 063	3 682	
Other sea transport		135	163	273	
Auxiliary sea transport activities		2 315	2 298	2 058	
Cargo handling,					
storage and warehousing		3 579	3 749	3 523	
Travel agency activities		6 455	6 770	5 619	
Other transport activities		14 804	15 288	13 575	
_	no				
Workplaces, total		13 382	13 415	12 633	

15. Employment in the transport sector at the end of October

Number of employees and workplaces, by main groups in the transport sector. 2008



18

	2000	2008	2009	2010	
	- no				
Firms With permit for goods transport With permit for bus transport	6 664 970	6 256 728	5 972 793	5 693 734	
Permits For goods transport For bus transport	35 343 9 504	41 071 10 344	38 586 11 318	37 761 11 347	

16. Permits for national goods transport and bus transport

17. Gross value added in the transport sector

	2000	2008	2009	2010		
	DKK mio					
Current prices All sectors Transport sector	1 110 898 66 253	1 486 431 83 165	1 423 386 61 421	1 498 381 88 553		
2000 prices All sectors Transport sector	1 110 898 66 253	1 227 087 63 435	1 169 778 56 323	1 187 652 63 053		

Gross value added at constant prices



18. Definitions, remarks and sources

1. Infrastructure

The road network comprises main roads, county roads and municipal roads. Paths and private joint roads are excluded. After the restructuring of the administrative regions as from 2007 the new municipalities have taken over the responsibilities for the earlier locally oriented county roads, while the state has taken over the administration of the other primary roads of the former counties. The number of motorways in 2009 includes 12 km falling under county roads and 41 km from the Oresound-motorway and the Great Belt Link. Source: *The Danish Road Directorate*.

The rail network comprises the length of all railway sections falling under the Danish National Railways Agency and the private railways. Source: *The Danish National Railway Agency, private railways and the Copenhagen Metro*.

Railway stations are compiled as railway line stops. The railway stations of the Private Railways are excluded. Source: *Danish State Railway* and *private railways*.

Seaports comprise all commercial ports and ferry berths outside the actual commercial ports. Source: *Statistics Denmark*.

Airports comprise public airports that are manned. Source: *Danish Transport Authority*.

2. Investments in infrastructure

Investments in the road network cover capital costs. Source: *The Danish Road Directorate*.

The data on investments in rail network are reported by *The Danish National Railway Agency* and *railways with own network*. The Danish National Railway Agency has changed the breakdown of the investments by type. The change is carried back to 1996. Other investments cover vehicles, ICT, etc.

Investments in the Great Belt Link, the Oresound Link and the Copenhagen Metro cover capital costs, including own work performed, but exclusive of financing expenses. Only the Danish share of 50 pct. in the Oresound Link is included. Source: *Great Belt A/S*, *Oresound A/S and the Copenhagen Metro*.

Investments in seaports cover capital costs of all enterprises engaged in commercial ports and marinas. Source: *Statistics Denmark*.

Investments in airports cover all capital investments of enterprises engaged in airport activities. Source: *Statistics Denmark*.

3. Private cars, buses and motorcycles

Private cars are designed for transport of 9 passengers and under, including the driver. Buses are designed for transport of 10 passengers and over, including the driver.

Up to and including 2002 a small number of private cars could not be divided according to households and industries. The number corresponds to the difference between total of private cars and the sum of cars in households and industries.

Unladen weight is unstated for a small number of passenger cars in 2007.

Tourist coaches are buses that are only used for non-scheduled services, including buses used by associations and societies.

Motorcycles comprise two-wheeled motor vehicles with a stroke volume larger than 50 cm³. Furthermore, 3-wheeled motor vehicles under 400 kg of total permissible weight are included.

45-mopeds are mopeds with a maximum permissible speed of 45 km/h.

Source: Statistics Denmark.

4. Goods motor vehicles

Vans are motor vehicles with a gross vehicle weight not exceeding 3,500 kg. They are mainly designed for transport of goods.

Lorries are motor vehicles over 3,500 kg, mainly designed for transport of goods. Road tractors are especially designed for driving with semi-trailers, i.e. vehicles without a front axle.

Source: Statistics Denmark.

5. Rolling stock

Locomotives are railway vehicles with an engine power of at least 110 KW, designed for pulling/pushing railway wagons. In this context, multiple train units are not regarded as locomotives.

Self-propelled train sets consist of two or more permanent connected passenger carriages.

From 2000, the number of seats includes tip-up seats in all types of *Danish State Railway* trains, contrary to only in S-trains in previous years.

Source: Danish State Railway and the other rail transport operators.

6. Danish ships

Danish ships comprise ships over 20 GT, which are registered with the Danish Shipping Register or DIS, Danish International Shipping Register. GT indicates the gross tonnage of a ship. The gross tonnage is based on the measurements of a ship. Its capacity is ascertained by measuring all covered spaces in cubic feet.

Source: Statistics Denmark.

7. Traffic: Roads, railways, seaports and airports

For the years 2001 to 2004, the statistics on traffic performance by cars are compiled on the basis of data collected by taking readings of car mileage recorders in connection with the periodic compulsory MOT tests. For the years 2005-2009 traffic performance is projected by means of the development in the stocks of motor vehicles, Road Directorate's traffic index and Statistics Denmark's statistics on goods transport. For taxis and buses, the level of traffic performance is, roughly estimated, kept constant over the period. For motor-cycles, mopeds and bicycles, the number of km performed has been estimated on the basis of the 1998 survey of transport patterns, the development in the number of vehicles and *the Danish Road Directorate's* traffic index.

Train-kilometres exclude shunting work and transport of empty wagons. Source: *Danish State Railway* and *other railway operators*.

Until 1996 the statistics on freight ships calls at Danish ports were compiled by and from 1997 by *Statistics Denmark* on the basis of data reported by Danish ports. The statistics on ferry services are compiled by *Statistics Denmark* on the basis of data reported by shipping companies.

Air traffic is compiled by *The Danish Civil Aviation Administration*. Takeoffs by scheduled flights, charter flights and taxi flights are included.

8. Passenger transport

Transport of passengers by road is usually arrived at by multiplying traffic performance for a specific motor vehicle category with a related average load factor. In 2008 passenger cars and vans < 2 ton accounted for an average load factor of 1.47.

The development in the load factors for the various bus types is subject to wide margins of uncertainty. Consequently, passenger transport performance for the years 2005-2009 is kept constant with the level in 2004. Source: *The Danish Road Directorate*.

Passenger-kilometres are a measurement of the transport performance. One passenger-km corresponds to one person transported one kilometre.

Data on passenger-kilometres by train are reported by the Danish State Railway and other railway operators.

As from 1 January 2007, Lille Nord has been transferred to Lokalbanen A/S. Road transport across Great Belt includes passengers by private cars and buses. The statistics are compiled based on traffic data delivered by *Great Belt A/S*.

Road transport across Øresund includes passengers by private cars and buses. Source: Øresundsbro Konsortiet A/S.

The shipping companies report data on ferry passengers to *Statistics Denmark*.

Air traffic covers departing passengers by scheduled flights and charter flights. Passengers in transit and in transfer are included. Source: *Danish Transport Authority*.

9. National transport of goods by lorries

The statistics cover transport by Danish lorries over 6 tonnes gross vehicle weight. Transport between the places of loading and unloading, both places situated in Denmark, is included.

Tonne-km is a measurement of the transport performance. One tonne-km corresponds to one ton of goods carried one kilometre.

The capacity is compiled as the transport performance possible of the journeys made. It is adjusted for voluminous goods.

Source: Statistics Denmark.

10. International transport of goods by Danish lorries

The statistics cover transport by Danish lorries over 6 tonnes gross vehicle weight. Transport between Denmark and abroad, transport between 2 foreign countries (third-country transport) and transport in one foreign country (cabotage) are included.

Source: Statistics Denmark.

11. Goods transport by train, ship and aircraft

Goods transport by train comprises transport on the Danish rail network. Tonne-km of the private railways are added to national transport, whereas goods carried by the private railways are assumed to fall under the Danish State Railways. Goods in transit include goods transported by foreign railway operators. Source: *Danish State Railway, DB Schenker and other railway operators.*

Statistics on sea transport are compiled by *Statistics Denmark* on the basis of data reported by ports and shipping companies.

Goods transport by aircraft covers loaded and unloaded goods at airports. Source: *Danish Transport Authority*.

12. Road traffic accidents

Traffic accidents on public road etc. are accidents with at least one driving unit involved. The statistics cover road traffic accidents causing casualties and for which a police report has been prepared.

Motorists include persons by modes n. e. s. and by modes not stated. Motorcyclists cover 45-moped riders. Road traffic accidents of 45moped riders casualties were estimated at 148, 88 and 93, respectively in 2007, 2008 and 2009. Alcohol accidents are accidents involving at least one person influenced by alcohol. Accidents involving heavy vehicles are accidents where one of the parties involved is a lorry with trailer or a lorry over 3,500 kg.

Source: Statistics Denmark.

13. Consumer prices and indirect taxes

The consumer price index shows the trends of the Danish consumer prices, including indirect taxes and VAT.

The revenues from the taxes on petrol and some oil products are totals irrespective of the purpose of application. Practically all the revenue from petrol stem from road transport, whereas the revenue from some oil products stem from a number of applications. Taxes on diesel to road transport account for most of the revenue. Other taxes comprise third party insurance, duty on yachts, taxes on tyres and on air passengers.

Source: Statistics Denmark and Danish Ministry of Taxation.

14. Energy consumption of the transport activities and NO₂ and particles in the air

The consumption of energy for road transport is calculated from the domistic sale of fuel adjusted for cross-border trade – positive contribution for petrol, negative for diesel – and the consumption in off road transportation. The energy consumption is measured in the unit petajoule, where 1 petajoule = 10^{15} joule.

Particles in the air consist of substances such as aluminium, silicon, sulphur, chlorine, potassium and lead. The concentration of NO₂ and the particles are measured in the unit $\mu g/m^3$, where one is μg one millionth of a gram.

The consumption of energy for domestic transportation is excl. the consumption of the armed forces and excl. off road transportation.

Source: Statistics Denmark.

15. Employment in the transport sector

The statistics cover full- and part-time employees working at workplaces in the transport sector. From 2002 a new and improved compiling method has been applied. Therefore the statistics from 2002 is not directly comparable with the data from previous years.

Source: Statistics Denmark.

16. Permits for national goods transport and bus transport

Undertakings, engaged in the occupation of road haulage operator by means of vehicles with a total weight exceeding 3.5 tonnes, must be in possession of a permit. October 1st 1999 the weight limit was lowered from 6 tonnes total weight to 3.5 tonnes.

The Road Safety and Transport Agency registrates information concerning the road haulage operators on the basis of applications for permits for national road transport of goods.

Undertakings, operating passenger transport services by busses registrated in Denmark and equipped to carry more than nine persons including the driver must be in possession of a permit.

The Road Safety and Transport Agency registrates information concerning the road passenger transport operators on the basis of applications for permits for national road transport of goods.

Source: Danish Transport Authority.

17. Gross value added in the transport sector

The gross value added is the output value less intermediate consumption in the production process, excluding deductions in the consumption of fixed capital (depreciations)

Source: Statistics Denmark.