

**Documentation of statistics for  
Recipients of subsidy for private day-care 2021**

## **1 Introduction**

The statistics illustrates the number of persons who chooses private day-care or care for their own child. These statistics are comparable from 2004 and onwards.

## **2 Statistical presentation**

The statistics is an annual inventory for the 3. of October of the number of children and the number of families receiving subsidies for private day-care or for care of their own children. The statistics are grouped by municipalities

### **2.1 Data description**

The statistics illustrates private day-care (§ 80 and § 86) for children and families in Danish Municipalities. The statistics is measured on October 3. every year.

### **2.2 Classification system**

The statistics is divided into Municipalities, type of grants and the number of families and children.

### **2.3 Sector coverage**

Child care sector

### **2.4 Statistical concepts and definitions**

§ 80 in the day-care act: Description only available in Danish.

§ 86 in the day-care act: Description only available in Danish.

### **2.5 Statistical unit**

Children and families.

### **2.6 Statistical population**

Recipients of subsidy for private day-care (§80 in Dagtilbudsloven) or day-care for own children (§86 in Dagtilbudsloven). Parent taking care of their children without subsidy from the municipality is not part of this statistics.

### **2.7 Reference area**

Denmark with the exception of Greenland and the Faroe Islands.

## **2.8 Time coverage**

The statistics cover the time span from 2008 and until to today.

## **2.9 Base period**

Not relevant for these statistics.

## **2.10 Unit of measure**

The statistical unit is numbers of families or children.

## **2.11 Reference period**

The reference date is October 3 of the current year

## **2.12 Frequency of dissemination**

The statistics is published yearly.

## **2.13 Legal acts and other agreements**

The Act on Statistics Denmark (Lov om Danmarks Statistik), Sections 6 and 8.

## **2.14 Cost and burden**

Automatic reporting of the electronic registrations comes from the municipalities' administrative systems. Therefore the response burden to the Municipalities are minimal.

A few municipalities report the data manually.

## **2.15 Comment**

Additional information about the statistics can be found here: [emneside](#)

## **3 Statistical processing**

Data is received through electronic reporting from all Municipalities. If the information is assessed to be incorrect, Statistics Denmark contacts the Municipalities and assures the data through a dialogue with the Municipalities.

### **3.1 Source data**

Data is collected on forms filled in by the municipalities.

### **3.2 Frequency of data collection**

The statistics are based on information gathered once a year.

### **3.3 Data collection**

The majority of data is collected by system to system reporting. However, there are a few municipalities that report manually. In cooperation with system suppliers, Statistics Denmark has established requirements for reporting content etc.

### **3.4 Data validation**

When data is received by Statistics Denmark, it is subjected to several error checks. The validation range from micro- and macro checks, overlapping data and structural checks. Data is validated through a dialogue with Municipalities.

### **3.5 Data compilation**

When Statistics Denmark receives the data several kinds of data treatment is carried out. Records are transformed to a standardized format. Overlapping records will be adjusted, and if children are in day care in another municipality than their home, it will be assigned a new municipality code.

### **3.6 Adjustment**

No further corrections are carried out besides those described in 3.4 and 3.5.

## **4 Relevance**

The statistics is relevant for Ministries, Municipalities and professional organizations. They use it as a foundation for analysis and reports etc.

### **4.1 User Needs**

The primary users of the statistics is the Ministries, Municipalities, professional organizations, companies and scientists.

### **4.2 User Satisfaction**

On the basis of feedback from the users, Statistics Denmark are from 2020 publishing information about private daycare on CPR (Micro) level. This information is published on the Division for Research Service.

### **4.3 Data completeness rate**

Not relevant.

## **5 Accuracy and reliability**

The primary uncertainty related to the statistics comes from typing errors made by reporters in the Municipalities.

### **5.1 Overall accuracy**

The reliability of the educational information is considered to be high. The information in the statistics is obtained from the institutions' administrative registers and goes through error check procedures in connection with the annual data collections.

The primary uncertainty related to the statistics comes from typing errors in the reporting from Municipalities.

### **5.2 Sampling error**

Not relevant for these statistics.

### **5.3 Non-sampling error**

A source of uncertainty is the reporting errors from Municipalities. In rare cases a child will be double counted or deleted due to poorly registration of their personal registration code (CPR) which may affect an overlap check.

### **5.4 Quality management**

Statistics Denmark follows the recommendations on organisation and management of quality given in the Code of Practice for European Statistics (CoP) and the implementation guidelines given in the Quality Assurance Framework of the European Statistical System (QAF). A Working Group on Quality and a central quality assurance function have been established to continuously carry through control of products and processes.

### **5.5 Quality assurance**

Statistics Denmark follows the principles in the Code of Practice for European Statistics (CoP) and uses the Quality Assurance Framework of the European Statistical System (QAF) for the implementation of the principles. This involves continuous decentralized and central control of products and processes based on documentation following international standards. The central quality assurance function reports to the Working Group on Quality. Reports include suggestions for improvement that are assessed, decided and subsequently implemented.

### **5.6 Quality assessment**

The data is gathered through a dialogue with Municipalities. Therefore, the quality of the data is considered high.

### **5.7 Data revision - policy**

Statistics Denmark revises published figures in accordance with the [Revision Policy for Statistics Denmark](#). The common procedures and principles of the Revision Policy are for some statistics supplemented by a specific revision practice.

### **5.8 Data revision practice**

Revisions of data does is usually not necessary. However, should Statistics Denmark discover errors, a revision will be carried out.

## **6 Timeliness and punctuality**

The statistics is published around five months after the reference period. The statistics is published with no delays.

### **6.1 Timeliness and time lag - final results**

The statistics is published around five months after the reference period.

### **6.2 Punctuality**

Publishing of the statistics takes place in march every year. The statistics are normally published without delay.

## **7 Comparability**

There is comparable data for the number of children receiving subsidies from 2004 until today. The statistics can be found in the Statbank in the tables PAS2 and PAS22.

### **7.1 Comparability - geographical**

Statistics Denmark is unaware of other similar international statistics.

### **7.2 Comparability over time**

Numbers on children who receives subsidy in relation to private daycare before 2008 can be found in table [PAS2](#).

### **7.3 Coherence - cross domain**

Statistics Denmark is publishing statistics on the number of children, employees and the ration between children and employees in day-care facilities. These can be found in the tables BOERN1, BOERN2 and BOERN3 or here [BOERN](#). Tariffs on day care can be found here: [RES88](#). Statistics Denmark also produce a similar statistics on children and employees in leisure facilities. They can be found here: [BOERN5](#)

#### **7.4 Coherence - internal**

Not relevant for these statistics.

### **8 Accessibility and clarity**

These statistics are published in the Statistikbanken under [Children and staff](#) in the table [DAGTIL4](#).

#### **8.1 Release calendar**

The publication date appears in the release calendar. The date is confirmed in the weeks before.

#### **8.2 Release calendar access**

The Release Calendar can be accessed on our English website: [Release Calendar](#).

#### **8.3 User access**

Statistics are always published at 8:00 a.m. at the day announced in the release calendar. No one outside of Statistics Denmark can access the statistics before they are published.

#### **8.4 News release**

The statistics is not published with as a News (Nyt) in Statistics Denmark

#### **8.5 Publications**

The statistics is not part of any publications from Statistics Denmark

#### **8.6 On-line database**

The statistics are published in the StatBank under the subject in the table:

- [DAGTIL4](#): Recipients of subsidy by region, type of grants and affected

#### **8.7 Micro-data access**

You can gain access to the Micro-data of this statistics by contacting the division of research. [Data for research](#).

#### **8.8 Other**

The statistics is available for servicetasks against payment on DST Consulting [Customized solutions](#).

#### **8.9 Confidentiality - policy**

[Data Confidentiality Policy](#) at Statistics Denmark.

### **8.10 Confidentiality - data treatment**

Not relevant for these statistics.

### **8.11 Documentation on methodology**

There is no separate document for these statistics.

### **8.12 Quality documentation**

Results from the quality evaluation of products and selected processes are available in detail for each statistics and in summary reports for the Working Group on Quality.

## **9 Contact**

The administrative placement of these statistics is in the division of Population and Education. The person responsible is Bjarne Mann, tlf. 39 17 37 58, e-mail: msg@dst.dk

### **9.1 Contact organisation**

Statistics Denmark

### **9.2 Contact organisation unit**

Population and Education, Social Statistics

### **9.3 Contact name**

Bjarne Mann

### **9.4 Contact person function**

Responsible for the statistics

### **9.5 Contact mail address**

Sejrøgade 11, 2100 Copenhagen

### **9.6 Contact email address**

bmn@dst.dk

### **9.7 Contact phone number**

+45 39 17 37 58



## **9.8 Contact fax number**

N/A